

Focióir Saeóilse asus Déarla,



AN IRISH-ENGLISH DICTIONARY

Being a Thesaurus of the Words, Phrases and Idioms of the Modern Irish Language, with Explanations in English.

COMPILED AND EDITED BY

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COUNCIL'S PREFACE.

THIS Dictionary of the modern Irish language, with explanations in English, is the outcome of a project conceived a few years ago by the members of the Council of the Irish Texts Society. On the initiation of Mr. G. A. Greene, M.A., then Vice-Chairman of the Council, they decided to compile, with the assistance of Irish speakers and scholars throughout Ireland and Great Britain, and under the direction of competent Editors, a small Irish-English Pocket Dictionary for the use of students of the modern tongue. As a foundation for this work, about 12,000 words were collected from existing glossaries, from the spoken language and from modern writings, and sorted into slip form. The Editors who were asked to carry out the task of editing his material, Father O'Leary and Mr. David Comyn and, at a later stage, Mr. John MacNeill, found themelves, through the pressure of other work, unable to fulfil their intention, and the help of Father Dinneen was eventually secured.

found it necessary to make many alterations on the slips handed to him, involving labour which would not have been incurred had he been appointed in the first instance. Indeed, Father Dinneen has so amended and expanded the fragmentary materials submitted to him, that the present work may be regarded as practically his creation, and the Council gladly acknowledges its

indebtedness to him for his severe and patriotic labours in bringing the work to a satisfactory conclusion.

The members of the Council wish to add their own sincere thanks to those of the Editor to all those gentlemen who have assisted the undertaking, either by reading proofs, or by the compilation of lists of local words, or by personal assistance rendered in different ways to the Editor. The names of those who have given financial aid will be found at the end of the volume. These marks of kindness and interest in the work have been of the greatest service, and have afforded much encouragement both to the Council and to the Editor.

Signed on behalf of the Council,

DOUGLAS HYDE, LL.D., President. DANIEL MESCAL, Chairman. ELEANOR HULL, Hon. Secretary.

EDITOR'S PREFACE.



THE study of the Modern Irish Language, which has received such an impetus in recent years, has been greatly hampered by the want of a convenient lexicon. Nothing but the urgent necessity that existed for such a lexicon could have induced me to abandon more congenial studies and devote my energies to the development and completion of the work so laudably undertaken by the Council of the Irish Texts Society. As I proceeded with the revision of the material supplied me the work grew imperceptibly under my hands. In preparing the work, I went through the whole of Peter O'Connell's MS. Dictionary, and also, though more rapidly, through the MS. Dictionary compiled by O'Naughton. The Gaelic Journal and the principal modern published texts were also laid under contribution, as well as several lists of words received from various parts of the country. Not the least valuable part of the work is what I was able to remember from the days of my childhood, the rich vocabulary employed by my father and mother and the inhabitants of my native Sliabh Luachra, the snatches of song, of story, of proverb, the allusions and rhymes and exclamations which mingled with their conversation, as well as the precise and accurate use of phrase and idiom which distinguished them.

In spite of many defects, it is claimed for this work that it contains a larger number of words used in the living Irish language and in the more modern written compositions than any Irish Dictionary yet published; that it gives the various words fuller grammatical treatment; that it explains them more in detail and with greater precision and accuracy; that it gives a fuller account of local usage and pronunciation; that it treats more fully the more important words which form the basis of the main idioms that constitute the core of the language; that it gives a greater number of peculiarly poetical expressions; a fuller list of technical words and a more copious supply of examples drawn from the living speech of the people; that it has a more abundant list of references to modern standard works; that it deals more exhaustively and with fuller illustration with the various particles whose uses and functions are calculated to puzzle the student. It is claimed that the book gives a fairly accurate explanation in English of the main stream of words, idioms and forms that constitute the Modern Irish Language. Absolute completeness, either in the list of words or in the idioms, is not claimed, the time and space limits and other circumstances affecting the production of the work rendering such completeness impossible. In the insertion of compound words, which form an important factor in the language, space had to be economized.

It is obvious that in an unsettled language like Irish, which has not been cultivated to any extent since the use of print became general, many orthographical difficulties present themselves to the lexicographer. Complete uniformity of spelling is certainly a great desideratum. Indeed, it is impossible to conceive a flourishing literature in an age of printing like the present without a uniform orthography of some kind.

The science of grammar becomes a mockery where there is not some show of uniformity in the written forms of the words, and students of the language are disheartened by an unsettled and ever varying orthography. The circumstance that the language has been growing apace, as all languages grow, for the last couple of hundred years, without in many parts of the country the check of a written or printed literature, has resulted in its forming itself into two or three more or less clearly defined dialects which differ from one another in several points. The Irish spoken in the Extreme North of Ireland differs from that spoken in Munster, and that spoken in Connaught differs from both. The Irish of South Connaught approaches that of Munster, while that of North Connaught resembles that of Ulster. As regards the orthography employed, perhaps the only item that will seem somewhat radical is the uniform use of rc, rp, rz, in preference to rz, rb, ro, respectively, but especially the use of rc for rs. On this point it may be observed that these sets of letter-combinations in general follow the same law, and that it is desirable to adopt a uniform system. In our books and dictionaries there is great confusion between the combinations re and rs, and the time seemed to have come for writing uniformly one or the other. The question was, which should be selected. The selection of rc is only the natural lexicographical evolution. O'Naughton, the author of our earliest modern dictionary (finished 1727), writes re for the most part, and devotes only a few pages to words beginning with rs. O'Brien (1767) states in his dictionary that re and rs are absolutely identical, and that words spelled with re will not be repeated under rs. O'Reilly made much

the same observation, while Peter O'Connell (1826), whose work is most laborious, systematic, and comprehensive, writes rc in every case. Of the living authorities who were consulted on this question opinion was divided. I may mention that Dr. Standish Hayes O'Grady, Professor Strachan, and Dr. Joyce, approved of the exclusive use of rc, while Father Peter O'Leary, Mr. Bergin, Mr. Lloyd, and others, favoured rs. There can be no question, of course, that rs is far more common in modern manuscripts, and up to a recent date at least was more common in books. As regards the sound of the language used at the present day opinion also differs, some maintaining that the sound after r is 5, and others that it is c. I think that the sound is in many cases rc, and in most other cases approaches nearer to re than to rs. It seems to me that in words like rcéat, rcéim, rcitting, where re is followed by a slender vowel, the r is more affected than the c, the r becomes rh rather than c 5. This rh sound of r, I believe, makes many think that a 5-sound and not a c-sound is heard. In words like rcoit, to my ear at least, the sound is c. With regard to plural forms like paircioe, which some now write pairci, and pracaide, which they write pratai, only the longer form is given in these pages. That form is given as being the best established, though it is undoubtedly cumbrous and awkward to a degree. Both forms would have been given except that it seemed a needless waste of space to do so, and hence the exclusion of the shorter form is not to be regarded as prejudicing its claims. There can be no doubt that the tendency will always be in the direction of retrenching unsounded letters, and making the spelling square with the pronunciation. But the

process must be gradual and, as it were, imperceptible. The dipthong éa has been used throughout instead of eu. I have followed Peter O'Connell in writing -roeacc or -aroeacc as the termination of abstract nouns, thus chomaroeacc, not chomurgeacc, though the verb is written chomurgim.

The diphthong eo and not eo is written throughout except in a few cases, and triphthongs are not in general accented. The diphthong ea is used in preference to in unaccented syllables, thus Eineann not Einionn. It has been found convenient for lexicographical order to observe the caot te caot law even in compounds, though there are some instances of departure from it. But it should be noted that the observance of this law is not intended to prejudice the pronunciation. Words like tert-reeat, tert-ceann are largely but not universally pronounced as if written teat-reeat and teat-ceann; thus we say peir-béalac and not pear-béalac, etc. Though many hints regarding the pronunciation of words are scattered through the book, it was found impossible to treat the pronunciation of each word in a systematic manner, without unduly enlarging the work.

The more important verbals are given a separate heading; sometimes they have uses distinct from those of the corresponding verbs. The verbs are given under their first singular indicative, as this arrangement is generally adopted in modern vocabularies. The unsettled state of orthography of the language often necessitated the repetition of the same word under different forms, and recourse was had to phonetic spelling when the origin or etymology of the word was uncertain.

An effort has been made, as far as the limits of the

work permitted, to give examples of the principal idioms that involve the prepositions and other important words, but it is obvious that there are many idioms depending on the collocation of words which can be learned only by practice.

The treatment of local words, some of which are of very doubtful genuineness, was a matter of some anxiety. In some parts of the country certain English words have got an extraordinary twist, and in the mouths of Irish speakers pass for genuine Irish words. Moreover, words that are really Irish are sometimes very much corrupted locally, and the corrupted forms are of doubtful advantage to a lexicon. The local use of words, however, when properly ascertained, is of great assistance in determining their origin and meaning.

A word may be said about modern loan words. They are practically all taken immediately from the English, though many are loan words even in English. Some have been introduced with scarcely any change of pronunciation, but with a somewhat altered or extended meaning. Thus preimein is from schemer, but is used in a peculiar way in Irish; popt is from sort, but not identical in use with the English word. Many English words get an Irish terminal form as epica from crook, and the termination -ait of the verbal noun is often added to English verbs—as termoeait, tending, and the like. Of forms like these, some have got a footing in the language, while others, as the one just quoted, must be regarded as barbarous.

With regard to the general question of the insertion of loan words in a dictionary or their use in the spoken and written language, it is to be said that words that

are established in the written language, being used by good authors, or words in everyday conversational use, should find a place in a dictionary, from whatever source they may be derived. The lexicographer may deplore the introduction of loan words, but he is bound to recognise their existence. Of course, words not well established or not widely used, have not the same claim to recognition. In the following pages I have in general given those loan words which have a footing in the spoken or written language, especially when they have acquired a new shade of meaning. In writing the language, words only recently borrowed and for which there are Irish equivalents, should be sparingly used. It is otherwise with words that have already a life of a couple of hundred years in the language. Every tongue borrows from other tongues, and it is a sign of health and vigour when a language can assimilate a crop of foreign words and reduce them to subjection by the rigorous application of its own syntax and of its own inflexional forms.

Want of space prevented my treating of the derivation of the bulk of the words in the dictionary, or of tracing their relationship to words in kindred tongues. It need scarcely be stated here that modern Irish is substantially the same language as Scotch Gaelic and as Manx, that it bears to the Welsh and Breton languages a kinship similar to that which exists between modern English and modern German, that it is a development of a language which was cognate to the earlier forms of the great family of languages spoken and written in modern Europe, that though its vocabulary has been considerably influenced by Latin within historic times, and by English within the last three centuries, it has preserved

its own syntax and its own characteristic inflexional system practically untampered with even to this day. Its syntactical and inflexional systems have, indeed, been subject to a development similar to the development which takes place in the successive stages of every living and cultivated speech, but neither its syntax nor its inflexional system has been influenced to any great extent by neighbour tongues.

I owe a debt of gratitude to my friend, Mr. John J. O'Kelly, for the tireless energy which he devoted to the work from the outset. His extensive knowledge of the living language rendered his co-operation particularly valuable.

My friend, Mr. J. H. Lloyd, looked over all the MS. and read the proofs carefully, and the work owes much to his extensive knowledge of local forms and his critical acumen.

The following gentlemen, all of whom are well skilled in the living language, kindly looked over the proofs and noted local usages, etc.:—Messrs. John J. O'Kelly, P. O'Shea (Glengarriff), P. J. O'Shea ("Conán Maol"), J. C. Ward (Killybegs), J. Craig, J. Rogers (Barrow-in-Furness), T. Concannon, R. A. Foley, M. Breathnach. Messrs. J. J. Doyle and M. O'Malley looked over a portion of the proofs. Special mention should be made of Mr. Richard Foley's keen interest in the work from the beginning, and of the zeal with which he sought out and recorded local usages.

Among those who helped by supplying lists of words I may mention Rev. M. M'Grath, St. Mary's, Rathmines; Messrs. D. O'Callaghan (Aran), O'Donnell (Newport), O'Doherty (Cruit Island), R. A. Foley, John J. O'Kelly, J. C. Ward (Killybegs), Séamus O'Kelly,

(Belfast), M. O'Brien (Ballyvourney), D. D. Murphy (Valentia), T. Hayes, P. O'Daly.* Dr. J. P. Henry also took a great interest in the work all through its progress, and furnished useful lists of local words.

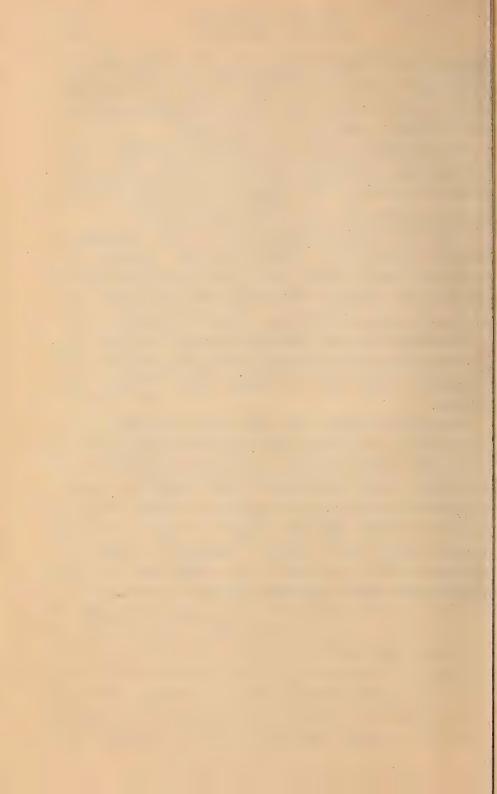
To Miss Eleanor Hull, Hon. Sec. of the Irish Texts Society, who took a keen personal interest in the work from the beginning, I am indebted for much sympathetic encouragement and many useful suggestions.

I wish to record my appreciation of the kindness I received from Mr. J. J. MacSweeney and assistants of the Royal Irish Academy, Mr. Lyster and assistants of the National Library of Ireland, Mr. De Burgh, Mr. Hall and assistants of Trinity College Library.

The labour of seeing the work through the press was considerably lightened by the intelligence and efficiency displayed by the staff of Messrs. Sealy, Bryers and Walker.

Although this work was laid on my shoulders quite unexpectedly, it is curious to recall that the production of an Irish Dictionary was one of the dreams of my boyhood. If the realization of that dream be not as splendid as the original conception, it is some compensation to reflect that the work, in spite of many imperfections, will be useful to thousands of students, and will help on the work of cultivating the rich and vigorous, but sadly neglected, language of the Gael.

pádrais ua duinnin



LIST OF THE PRINCIPAL ABBREVIATIONS USED.

•

a., adj.—adjective.

A.—Anglo-Irish (implying that the word is of English origin).

ad.-adverb.

A. McC.—Art Mac Cooey, an Armagh poet of the 18th century.

Arm.—Armagh.

B.—The Barony (the tract so called in East Cork adjoining Youghal).

Bar.-Barbarous.

C .- Coney's Irish-English Dictionary.

Cav.—Cavan.

cf.—compare.

Cear. O'D.—Cearbhall O'Daly.

C. M.—Cuint an meadon Oroce.

coll., collect.—collective,

comp. -comparative. Con.—Connaught.

Condon-Patrick Condon, a nineteenth century Cork poet.

d .-- dative.

Der.—Derry.
Don.—Donegal.

Donl.—Donlevy's Irish Catechism.

D. R.—Donnchadh Ruadh Mac Con Mara.

E.—East (as in East Kerry, East Ulster, etc.).

E. M .- East Munster.

E. U .- East Ulster.

E. R.-Eoghan Ruadh O'Sullivan.

f.—feminine.

Fer.—Pierce Ferriter. Glengar.—Glengarriffe.

Ferm.—Fermanagh.

F. F.—Forus Feasa ar Eirinn, by Keating.

3 f. of An.-3 Fragments of Annals.

g.—genitive.

genly.—generally.
G. J.—The Gaelic Journal.

gsf.—genitive singular feminine.

id.—idem, the same.

intr.—intransitive.

Kea .- Keating.

Ker.—Kerry. Kilk.—Kilkenny.

L.—Leinster.

McCur. Dic .- McCurtin's English Irish Dictionary.

M'D.—Seaghán Clárach MacDomhnaill.

Mea. - Meath.

Mid. Ir. - Middle Irish.

Mon. - Monaghan.

nom.—nominative.

P.—Parish.

O'Br.—O'Brien's Irish-English Dictionary.

O'Con.—John O'Connell (Irish Poet).

O'D.—Geoffrey O'Donoghue.

Oidhe Ch. U.—Oidhe Chlainne Uisneach.

Om.—Omeath.

O'N.—O'Naughton's MS. Irish-English Dictionary (T.C.D.).

O'R.—O'Reilly's Irish-English Dictionary (recent edition).

O'Ra.—Egan O'Rahilly.

p.a.—participial adjective.

perh.—perhaps.

pl.—plural.

P. O'C.—Peter O'Connell's MS. Irish-English Dictionary (T.C.D.).

P. O'Dor.—Peter O'Dornin, an eighteenth century poet.

pr., prn.—pronoun.
prep.—preposition.
pron.—pronounced.
pronom.—pronominal.
Raft.—Raftery.
s.—singular.

N. Con. - North Connaught.

Sc. G.—Scotch Gaelic.
somet.—sometimes
sp. l.—spoken language.

Sup.—Supplement to O'Reilly's Dictionary.

Tadg. O'Con. Bil. Gram.—Tadhg O'Connellan's Bilingual Grammar.

T. G.—Tadhg Gaedleach O'Sullivan.
T. S.—Keating's "Three Shafts of Death."

Tor. D. agus G.—Toraidheacht Dhiarmada, agus Ghrainne.

U.—Ulster.

Wat.—Waterford.
W. M.—West Munster.

Y. B. L.—Yellow Book of Lecan,

v. tr.—verb transitive.

After nouns, the genitive singular and nominative plural are given; after verbs (which are given in the 1st person singular, indicative mood), the verbal is given; after adjectives, the dative singular feminine, which is also in general the same as the comparative and superlative, is given; many adjectives, from the nature of the case, are not used in the comparative or superlative, but are nevertheless declined in the positive degree; after compound nouns, in most cases, the genitive and plural are not given when they are identical with those of the terminal simple nouns.

The general rule followed in setting down the inflectional termination after the words is to repeat the last letter of the invariable portion of the word, thus bμοπητόιμ, -όμα, -όμμιὸς, signifies that the genitive case of bμοπητόιμ is bμοπητόιμα, and its nominative plural is bμοπητόιμιὸς; where, however, the inflexional termination is purely an addition to the noun, the last letter is generally not repeated, thus ruaż, -a, signifies that ruaża is the genitive case of ruaż.

roctóir zaevitze azus béarta.

Δ

A (Ailm), the first letter of the Modern Irish Alphabet.

a, interj., prefixed to voc. case, often slurred over in pronunciation; sometimes its place is supplied by an apostrophe, sometimes it is simply omitted.

A, weakened form of the prep. and verbal prefix oo (or oe), as α δίτ ομm=00 (ve) δίτ ομm, wanting to me; out a baile = out oo'n (or oo) baile, going home; a ctoz=oo (oe) ctoz or oon (oen) ctos, of the clock, o'clock; ríot a cun=ríot oo cun, to sow seed.

A, sometimes separated from verbs of which it is etymologically a part, as a tá=atá, a dein=

avein.

A, particle used before numerals when they do not qualify nouns, as a haon, one, the number one;

a cúis, five.

A, colloquially prefixed as a kind of helping particle to some words and phrases, as a coroce for coioce, a mam for mam, a beit for beit (as well as for oo beit); a lán, a great many; a beaz nó a món, little or much.

A, prep. (a variety and development of prep. 1, and used in preference to 1 in all modern MSS. At present 1 is more in favour in printed Irish, though a represents the sound more closely. In the earlier MSS. A is used instead of 1 before consonants followed by broad vowels), in, into. See 1.

a

A, prep., out of; no change in consonants, prefixes h to vowels, becomes ar before article, rel. prn. and poss. adj. Cpds. sram, out of me; arat, arao, -thee; ar,-him, it; airti,-her, it; arainn, -us; araib, -you; ar-Ta,-them. Instead of a, ar is now in common use as simple

prep. See ar, prep.

A. relative particle, aspirating, arising from the weakening of verbal prefixes, and only recently introduced into literature, as 'nuain a tainiz a = 'nuain táinis a., when a. came. The rel. prn. in nom. or acc. case does not require any equivalent in Irish, but this particle is often used where the rel. would occur.

A, rel. prn., eclipses, but becomes an before past tenses, aspirating in active, and causing no change in consonants but prefixing h to vowels in passive voice. (1) All who, all which, all whom, all that; (2) after prep., whom, which.

 Δ , poss. a. (1) her, its (f.) prefixes h- to vowels; (2) his, its (m), aspirates; (3) their, eclipses, prefixes n- to vowel.

A, weakened colloquial form of art. and interrog. part. an between consonants; and of prep. as before consonants of verbal noun used participially; also of o's or as a in such phrases as an reap a (50) bruain a mac bar the man whose son died.

A! interj., ah! oh! an exclamation of surprise or disgust. A! mo thuas tú, oh! I pity you.

Ab, dep. form of verb 17, joined to preceding particle; munab, Συηλο, πάηλο. In opt. often shortened to λ before consonants, as Συηλο γελέτ το τεάμη το δειμίοι πράμλο, may we be seven times better to morrow.

Aba, g. abann, d. abann, npl. aibne, gpl. abann (somet. n. abann, g. abanne or aibne), f.,

a river, a stream.

Abac, -ais, m., the entrails of any

beast (=10natan).

Abac, -ai \dot{z} , pl. id., m., a dwarf, a

pigmy, a sprite, an elf.

Abac, -aiţ, pl. id., m., a ferret, a little terrier, a sort of cur used for baiting ferrets in their dens. (P. O'C.)

Abao, m., a trepanning or ensuring; a kind of purse-net

used in fishing. (Ker.) Abaite, ad., home, towards home,

homewards.

Abailt, indec. f., an orchard (Don.).

Abainn, see aba.

Abain, imper., of aveinim, which see.

Abaiμτ, -baμτa, f., speech, articulation; politeness; a sentence.

Abaro (also arbro), -oe, a., ripe, mature; quick-witted (of persons).

Abaroeact, -a, f., ripeness, matu-

rity.

Abaizim, vl. aibiuzāo; v. tr., I cause to ripen, bring to maturity, cause; if é σ'abaiz mo σέαμα, it is it that caused my tears; if é σ'abaiz chéim azur cheao im żaob, it is it that caused a gnawing and a pain in my side; v. int., I ripen, come to maturity; σ'abaiz an μασαριαίτο, his eye-sight came to maturity, his vision returned to him.

Aball, see uball.

aball-żont, see uball-żont.

Abatta, α., able (with an) (A.). We do not say (except in Don.) rean ábatta, an able man, but τά γε άbatta an ε σέαπαπ, he is able to do it.

Abattact, -a, f., ability (A.) (rare).

Abantup, -uip, m., success; an adventure. (A.)

Abaμ, -aiμ, m. (obaμ), a marsh; clay or peat used for manure; met., a difficulty; abaμ na ξcapatt, the puddle of the horses (Der.); ouine o'ṛάξάιt 'ṛan abaμ, to leave a person in a fix; τά mé i n-abaμ (obaμ), I am in a bog, in a difficulty.

Abap,-aιp, m., a mercenary soldier; a fierce, violent man. See

amar.)

Αθαγταμ, see απαγταμ. Αθαγτμας, see απαγτμας.

Abb, -bao, -baoa, m., an abbot.
Abb-matann, -tan, -antheaca and

-άιτρε, f., the Mother-Abbess. Αυτοίο, -e (Αύυτοίο), f., ironical

joking, scolding; pleading a case. Διοίτοε (Διοισίος), g. id.; pl., -τοισέ, m.; an advocate, a pleader; Διοίτοελο, id.

Abcóroroeact (Aobcóroeact), -a, f., disputation, pleading, scold-

ing.

Aboaine, gen. id., f., an abbotship.

Abrozar (1 brozar), close by, near to; a brozur oam, near me. See rozar.

Ablac, -ais, pl. -aise and ablaca, m., a careass, a corpse, carrion.

Abtann, -ainne, -anna, f., a wafer, altar-bread; Abtann Coippiξce, the Consecrated Host.

Δΰός, -ό1ζε, -όζα, f., a sudden jump or bounce. See α ο ΰός.

 Δ 665, -615e, -65 α , f., a falsehood (Don.).

Ablóin, -όμα, -όιμι be, m., one who is continually grumbling; a buffoon; a fool who affects being a wise man.

Abna, -ao, -aroe, f., an eye-lid.

See pabpa.

аbµа, -аo, -аoe, f., а роет, а

saying.

Aδηλιγελέ, -γιζε, -γελέλ, f., a carder or spinner of wool; mnά αδηλιγιζε, women carders or spinners (also απηλιγελέ).

Abhaireac, -rize, a., given to wool-carding or spinning; mná abhaireaca, women carders or spinners (also amhaireac).

abhán, -áin, m., April. See Aib-

peán.

Abμάn, m., song. Technically, a poem in modern vowel assonance, as distinct from σάn, a poem in the old syllabic metres. See amμάn.

Δομάπας, -a, f., song, songmaking. See amμάπτας, am-

nánaroeact.)

Abhar, -air, pl. id., m., a ready

answer.

Δθραγ, -αιγ, pl. id., m., a yarn, the product of the hand; mná αδηαιγ, women spinners or carders.

Δυγάη, -á1η, m., trench, a hollow. Δυγοτότο, -e, f., absolution, forgiveness (also αγροτότο).

Abreat, -ait, pl. id., m., an apostle (also apreat, appat).

Abreatos, a., apostolic.

Abú, interj., to victory! perh. abbrev. for 30 buaio. Used in battle-cries, as Chom abú! Lám Θεαμ3 abú!

Abur (1 brur), on this side, in this life, this world, as opposed to the next. (Opposed to

tall.)

Aċ! interj., a deprecatory exclamation, no! Aċ ni't, ah, no! Aċ, Ai'òé! exclamation of wonder.

Ac, the general pron. of the *prep*. and *conj*. Act, and sometimes the written form of the same. See Act.

Aca, prep. pr. 3 pl., at them, etc.

See az, prep.

Aċa˙o, -ai˙o, m., a field, land, a plain: Ireland is called Δċa˙o Διμτ, etc.

Acame, g, id., pl. -10e, m., a

handy implement (Don.). See acan and acna.

Acaipim, -apao, v. tr., I moor, I anchor.

Acair, -e, -i oe, and -eaca. f., a slur, a curse, poison.

Acaipeac, -piże, a., venomous, rancorous, malicious (also aicipeac).

Acairtean. See acartóin.

Acaointeac, -tize a., querulous, complaining. See éazcaointeac.

Acap, -aip, m., a tool, an instrument, etc.; profit, loan or use of a thing. See acra.

Acap, -aip, m., an extent of space, or time, distance, space, room;

a journey.

Acan-pott, m., a place for mooring, a road for ships. (Ker.)
Acantruioe, m., a port, a harbour.

(Ker.)

Acapui \dot{z} te, moored, anchored. (Ker). (p. a., as from v. acapui \dot{z} tim).

ατατάη (ατατάη). See ατημιτάη. Αταττόιη, -όηα, -όιηιτό, m., an

axle

Acruinn, -e; pl. id., f., capability, faculty, means, wealth, abundance, vigour, power, endurance (of heat, etc.); (also eacmains, acmuinn).

Acruinneac, -nige, a., capable, energetic, wealthy, able, powerful; báo acruinneac, a seaworthy boat.

Acruinneac, -ıż, -ıże, m., a person

of large means.

Acrumneacz, -a, f., ability, capacity, power.

Actao, -luiste, m., act of fishing. (Ker.)

Actaroe, a., soft, smooth, free in motion; generous.

Actaroe, g. id., softness, gentleness, smoothness.

Actaroeact, -a, f., act of fishing.

Actaroeact, -a,, f., mildness, gentleness.

Acmuinn. See Acruinn.

Acmurán, g., -ám, pl. id., m., reproach, reproof, a nickname, a bitter taunt; acmurán oo carao tiom, to taunt me with something mean (pron. in M., armucán and aracán).

Achiuránac, -aize, a., censorious,

abusive, reproachful.

Acmuránaim, -ao, v. tr., I abuse, censure, rebuke.

Acmuránuioe, g. id., m., a censor.

Aco. See Aca.

Acha, g. id., pl. -10e, m., an acre. Acha, g.id., m., use, service, a tool or useful instrument, the use or loan of a thing, profit; also civility, an obligation received or conferred; ball acha, a useful implement (M_{\cdot}) .

Achac, -aise, a., convenient, useful, obliging, civil; also acanac.

achac, hungry. See ochac.

Achann, g., -ainn (pron. acanann) entanglement, contention, strife, a knot, an encumbrance, hence furniture, baggage; 1 n-a., at cross purposes; 1 n-a. 1 n-a céile, at strife with one another; 1 n-a. 'rna bliadancaib, advanced in years (also written eachann, which see).

Acjiannac, -aije, a., knotty, entangled, quarrelsome. See esc-

nannac.

Acpannaım, -ao, v. tr., I entangle.

Acraor, indec. m., excise.

Act, conj., but; prep., but, except, with accus.; before 50 or verbal noun locution, provided that; act muna, unless; act amáin, except, save only; act zan, provided that not; zan Acc, with only, having only; in archaic usage, act ceana, however; act zé, even though (comp. with am, amac); generally or exclusively pron. Ac.

Act, -a, pl. actanna, m., a law, an act, a contract or convention; a term or condition; an na hactaib rin, on these terms or conditions; an act, striving

to (U.).

Actac, -size, a., pertaining to

law, deeds, etc.

Actaim, -ao, v. tr., I enact, I

impose a condition, I make terms.

Actbeas (act beas), conj., almost, but, except.

Acteana (act ceana), conj., however.

Action (aicrion), g. id., m., action, a great feat (A.); cum action vo véanam, to do a great deed.

Actha, see eactha.

Acthann, acthannac. See esctnann, eacthannac.

Acturato, -uite, m., act of ordaining, decreeing (also actat).

Actuizim, -użao, v. tr., I enact,

decree, ordain.

Ao=10, in thy; before verbal nouns = 000 or asao (as 00), as ao molao=ooo molao or azao molao (az oo molao),

praising thee.

Ao, Mid. Ir. conjunctive prefix, sometimes used for oo as an integral prefix of certain verbs, as ao-beinim for oo-beinim, 40-cluinim for vo-cluinim. av-cí for vo-cí.

 $\Delta\dot{o}$, $\dot{a}\dot{\varsigma}$; g., $\dot{a}\dot{o}$, $\dot{a}\dot{o}$, \dot{o} , \dot{o} , $\dot{a}\dot{\varsigma}$ m., luck, fate; gs., $\acute{a}1\acute{o}$, $\acute{a}1\acute{\varsigma}$, often as a, as spáin áis, a fateful

hate.

Aò-, atò-, an intensitive prefix, as αουατήμη, very terrible; αοmolaim, I extol; aiomillim, I destroy utterly.

Abancín, g.id., pl.-roe, m., a little horn or point; a lapwing.

Abat, -ait, pl. id., m., a fleshhook.

Abatt, -aitt, m., sin, corruption, adultery, concupiscence; heat in some animals, especially dogs; cf., tá an zaöan rá aöall.

Abaltán, -áin, pl. id., m., a deaf

person; a dolt.

Adalthardeact, -a, f., adultery. Adalthannac, -ais, -aise, m., an adulterer.

Adalthannar, -air, m., adultery. Abalthuibe, g. id., pl. -bte, m., an adulterer.

Adam; g. Adam; Adam; often Avam, -aim.

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Adamant, -aint, m., adamant. áoamait, -mta, a., fortunate lucky (also ázamait).

Aomaim, vl. Aomail, v. tr., I confess, I admit. See somuitim.

Aoann, -ainn, pl. id., m., an oven,

a pan. See oizeann.

Abann, -ainn, pl. id., m., a rushlight; the plant called colt's

Abanta, p. a., kindled, lighted

Abantac, -aite, a., inflammable, apt to kindle.

Abantact, -a, f., aptness to kindle

or light.

Adan Lura, m., ground ivy (also

adan talman).

Adapc, -aipce, pl. -aipceanna and -aipceaca, f., a horn, a point, a peak; adanc riadais, a hunter's horn.

Abancac, -aise, a., horny, having points or peaks; gabled.

Adaptacán, -áin, pl. id., m., a cuckold; one having many corns on the foot-soles.

Abapcamait, -mts, a., horny, abounding in points or horns.

Δολητάη, -áin, pl. id. m., a small horn, a point, a small pinnacle. Abanc ceois, f., a fog-horn.

Adapcóz, -ó1ze, -óza, f., a cor-

Adapt, -aipt, pl. id., m., a bolster or pillow; the edge of the sea at high water.

Abar, -air, m., prosperity (also

ásar).

Δόληταμ, -Διμ, pl.id., m., a halter. Aoba, -ao, pl. aoba and aobaoa, f., an instrument (of music, etc.); a fort, a house; 1 n-aobaoaib ceoil amáin, in instruments of music alone (Kea).

 $\Delta \ddot{o}\ddot{b}$ acói \ddot{o} eac, $-\ddot{o}$ i $\ddot{\varsigma}$, $-\ddot{o}$ i $\ddot{\varsigma}$ e, m., an advocate, a pleader, a disputant.

See abcóroe.

Aobact, -a, f., mirth, pleasure, pastime; the áöbact, in irony; as aireal 'r as áöbacc, playing pranks and jokes; jibing, joking, merriment.

Aobat, -aite, α ., great, immense,

Aobalmón, -óine, a., prodigious, vast, enormous.

Ασθαότας, - Διζε (άθαςτας), α.,

jocose, merry.

Aobaileac, -lize, a., meddlesome; ir an-aobaiteac páiroe tú, you are a meddlesome child; ná bí cóm haöbaileac roin, do not meddle so (Con.).

Aöbailliöe, g. id., f., meddling (as a child); bí an aobaittioe ann plam, he was ever troublesome; má bíonn cú az abbail-Live Leip an cuipne pin cuicrio ré agur burrean é, if you meddle with that spinningwheel it will fall and be broken

(Con.).

Aoban, -ain, pl. id., m., cause, reason; matter, stuff, material; subject matter to be shaped Aoban bnóz, the into form. materials for making shoes; άοδαμ γαζαιμε, a person disposed for and preparing for the priesthood; áöban raom, an apprentice to a mason, etc.; number, quantity; tá áöban mait aca ann, there is a good many of them (M.); means, wealth, providence; tá mo cúppa zan áöbap, my career is improvident. Aoban, in the sense "stuff," etc., is pron. (in M. at least) Aoban, but in sense "number, quantity," it is pron. áöban; perhaps they are different words.

δοδη αιό ε α ἐτ, - α., f., the qualityin a youth which indicates what he is to be in mature age. (P. O'C.)

Δοδός, -ό13e, -ό3α, f., a long running jump; (in athletics) the

long leap.

ασόμας, - αις, m., a piece of woollen cloth manufactured from the raw material; yarn; cf., ní oo'n aobjiar an céao rnáite; ας ιαμμαιό αύθμαις αμ pocán. See abnar.

Ασθηματόιη, -όημα, -όιηιτόe, m., a carder of wool. See abnar.

Aocim, I see. See vo-cim.

Aoconnanc, see ao-cim and oo-

Abeinim, v. tr., irreg. (see paradigms), I say, utter, tell; with acc. of object and te with dat. of person addressed; aveinim an méro reo teat, I tell this much to you; also, with dep. clause with 50, nac, or ná; aveinim 30 bruit, a. ná ruit, or nac bruit; also with infinitive (rare).

Aoruan, -aine, α ., very cold.

Aorust, -a, m., detestation, abomination.

Abrustman, -sine, a., horrible, detestable. See aouacman.

Λοτυατήματος, -a, f., an abomination.

Aotacao, -aicte, m., burial; digging, delving; aotacán, -áin, id. See aonacao.

Aotacaim, vl. aotacao and aotacan, v. tr., I inter; I dig. delve. See aonacaim.

Aolacánac, -ais, -aise, m., & grave-digger, an undertaker.

Aomao, -a10, m., timber, wood; fig. matter, stuff, like áöban; aomao ceanzailte vá céile, a raft. (Aomao in Con, and U.)

Aomáit, -áta, f., act of confessing, admitting; acknowledgment, confession; receipt for payment; teaban aomáta, a receipt book. See somuisim.

aomanac, -aize, a., lucky, fortunate.

Aomanaise, g. id., f., chance, luck, fortune; an aomanaize an Domain (nó an traosait), by the luckiest chance imaginable.

Admotad, -tra, m., act of praising; laudation.

Abmolaim, -ab, v. tr., I praise highly, extol.

Aomuizim, v.n. aomáil, v. tr., I confess, admit, acknowledge.

Aonacao, -naicte, m., act of burial; sepulchre. See aolacao. Aonacáil, -ála, f., act of burial; sepulture.

Aonaclac, -ais, -aise, m., a gravedigger.

Adnacaim, -acad, v. tr., I bury; I dig, delve.

Aonao, g. aoanta, m., act of kindling, inflaming.

Aonaim, -ao, v. tr., I enkindle, inflame.

Aonáine, g. id., f., deep shame;confusion; villainy.

Aonao, abanta, m., adoration, worship, reverence; véite avanta, gods of worship ($Ke\alpha$.).

Δόηλιζτοοιη, -οηλ, -οιηιόe, m., an adorer, a worshipper.

Δόμαιm, -μαό, v. tr., I adore, venerate, reverence.

Δοματόιμ, -όμα, -όιμι όe, m., an adorer, a worshipper.

Aocuaio (a ocuaio), from the north; 500t aoc., north wind. See cuato.

Aouadain, -e, a., strange; nac aouadain an rcéal é! what a strange story! (Con.)

Aouazman, -aine, a., very awful, terrific. See aoruatinan.

Advantar, -air, m., loneliness; n-Aouantar an trléibe = in the loneliness of the mountain; bi uaisnear 7 aduantar ain = he was very lonely (Con.).

Aoubaint, pf. tense of aceinim. See aveihim.

Aoużao, -uiżce, m., act of kindling, inflaming; that with which a fire is kindled, as flint, a match, a spark, etc.; a. na cemeso, what kindles a fire. See raoužao.

Aouizim, -użao, v. tr., I kindle, light up (as a fire). See raouis-

Ae, g. id., pl. ae \dot{o} anna, m. and f., the liver; fig., the heart.

Λεόληλό, -λίζε, α., airy, weird, haunted; pleasant, fond of pleasure. Also aepac.

Aen, one. See aon.

Aen, g. sein, m., the air; as imteact le haen an traogail, wandering aimlessly about, leading a purposeless, improvident life (also written Δοη, Δεόλη, Δοόλη.)

Aeμόλ, α., aerial, airy; na beamain λeμόλ, the demons of

the air (Kea).

Aenoactac, -aiţe, a., airy, buoyant.

Aepeos, -013e, 03a, f., an aerial

being, a fairy.

Aemioeact, -a, f., walking for pleasure or health; an entertainment in the open.

Aepim, vl. aepeao, v. tr., I air, ven-

tilate (also Aenizim.

A5, prep., [in pronom. combinations, agam, agat, aige (mas.), aice (aici), azainn, azaib, aca, somet, a vowel is added before poss. pron., as ange ban, and in pl. esp. before words beginning with cons, as tá ré aise ('se) Seasán, John has it; with relat. '5a] at, with, by, of place, at, near (after verbs of rest and the subs. verb); as an noonar, at the door; as an oceinio, at the fire; of a cause, ni tuisim rocal as ston na habann, I do not hear a word on account of the noise of the river; used partitively, 5ac oume aca, every one of them; used to denote possession, with the subst. verb, tá ciall, airizeao, 7c., aize, he has sense, money, etc.; after verbs of leaving, retaining, etc., in the same sense, consaid asac réin é, keep it in your own possession; as reo ('reo) roittins ouic, here is a shilling (for you) Seagán ro againn-ne, our John. To denote a habitual mental state towards one (an), cá znám agam one, I hate you. ruatman as O1a, hateful before God; with vls., corresponding to pr. part. in English, as rap, growing; τά τέ ας α ('ζα) τα τα ό (as well as vá tactav), he is being choked; with vl. to express a while clause, as buatao aniak τό, while he was coming from the west; denotes the agent of actions going on or finished, τά γέ γςηίοθτα αζαπ, I have written it; cao τά αζατ τά γςηίοθαὸ? what are you writing? It denotes purpose, cuait γέ αζ τάπαὸ, he went to shoot; man τί αιζε, as he had, as he was; man (a) γιαιθ αιζε, "where he had," where he was; but man (a) γιαιθ γέ, where he was; and man τί γέ, as he was.

 $\dot{\Delta}\dot{\varsigma}$, g., $\dot{\alpha}\dot{\varsigma}$ and $\dot{\alpha}\dot{\varsigma}a$, m, valour, success, battle, triumph, luck,

good-luck. See áo.

Aza, g. id., m., respite, leisure, interval of time; ni't aza azam ann, I have no leisure to do it.

Aξa, aξá, compounded of aξ. at, etc., and a, poss. prn., his, her, its, their.

Azait, prep. pr., 2 pl., at or with ye, emph., -re. See az, prep.

 $\Delta \dot{z}$ arò, g. $\alpha \dot{z}$ and $\alpha \dot{z}$ aròe, pl. id., f., the face; an azaro, opposite, over against, in front of; forward, with g. or poss. prn.; out an azaro, to progress; 1 n-azaro, against, before, with g. or poss. prn.; cup i n-azaio, to oppose, to stake, to remind; out 1 n-azaro, to go against; ub i n-azaio an tae, an egg for each day; te h-azaro, for, for the purpose of, or use of, with g. or poss. prn.; ażaio oo tab-Aipt ap, to face towards, fix attention on; reward, retribution (with qualifying adj., otc, mait), ip mait an azaio ope é, you well deserve it, etc. (but see οι ὑε αὑ); te haξαιὑ, towards, in preparation for, against; te h. an żeimpio, in preparation for the winter: an m'azaio amac, right in front of me, before my eyes; 1 n-azaro an critota vo tomainn mo téine, I used to plunge my shirt in the flowing stream (C. M.); cionnouisear 'n-an n-asaio, (who) offend against us.

Ażaró-prost, g. and pl., arżėerioit. m., a mask worn on the face; the word is often used by the English-speaking Irish, and is pronounced high fiddle or eye fiddle.

Azamioeact, -a, f., act of dis-

puting (Con.)

Azainn, prep. pr., 1 pl., at or with us; emph. -ne. See as, prep.

Azaint, -anta, f., revenge, retribution, arraignment.

azatt. See azattam.

Azattaim, -am, v. tr. and intr., I dispute, hold a dialogue with.

 Δz attam, -ttma, d.,-aim, f., a discourse, a dialogue, a disputation, act of discoursing, disputing.

Azam, prep. pr., 1 s., at or with me, emph. -ra. See as, prep.

Azano, -aino, m., a haggard, a hay or corn yard (A.).

Azan, -ain, m., revenge, retribution (also aznao). See azaint.

Azaptać, -aiże, a., revengeful, vindictive, litigious.

 Δ ζαμτας, - Δ 1 $\dot{\varsigma}$, pl.id., m., a spindleshank. (W. Ker.)

Δζαμτόιμ, -όμα, -όιμι όe, m., a pleader. See aznatóin.

Azar, prep. pr., at thee, to or with thee; emph. asac-ra. See A5, prep.

Agnar. See aignear.

Ažnurėe, g. id., pl., -ėte, m., a pleader, an expostulator, a disputant.

Azó, m., doubt, suspicion, error (M.); an obstacle, a saving clause (W. Ker). See 56.

 Δz ó10, -e, -e&\(\delta \), an objection

(Con.).

Aznac, -ais, -aise, m., a pleader, a pretender, a claimant; as a., vindictive, revengeful (also

azanac and azantac).

Aznam, -nao, v. tr., with acc. of direct object and an of person; I retribute, revenge, dispute, challenge; náp azparo Ora ope é rin, may God not give thee retribution for that; again vo viosaltar ann anoir,

avenged on him now. See

Aznatón, -óna, -ónnioe, m., a reprover, a claimant, a pleader.

Azurin (dimin. of Azur, and), g. id., pl., -roe, m., a small addition; an exaggeration; an

appendix to a book.

Azur (often reduced to a'r, ar, 1r, r, and by the Scotch to 'ur), conj. and, but, etc.; often introducing a circumstantial clause, while, seeing that, although, notwithstanding; an amtaro a mearrá zo n-ótrainn é rin azur mo bean mant, do you think I would drink that seeing that my wife is lying dead? Tá ré cuzainn azur oeabao ain, he is coming towards us in haste; used in co-relation with com, as; as . . . as; coolann capall com mait agur coolann rean, a horse sleeps just as a man sleeps (i.e., a horse sleeps no less than a man); after 10nann, the same as; after omeao, just as much as: an oinead agur reointing (with neg.), not as much as a farthing; after amlaro, namely, that is; ir amlaio a bi ré azur caipin an a ceann, this was his state, namely, he had a cap on his head; ranção azur ráilte, I will stay with pleasure, certainly I will stay; bliadain ir (azur) tá i now, this day twelvementh (past); te ruit agur zo breicreao ré é, in the hope that he may see it; raoi páo azur 30, because; man nouil agur 30, in hopes that.

Aibe, interj., ave! hail!

Aibéit, -e, a., quick, sudden; 30 ha., adv., quickly, suddenly, soon; $\dot{\tau}$ áini $\dot{\tau}$ ré ir $\dot{\tau}$ eac $\dot{\tau}$ o haibéil 'na 'oiaio $\dot{\tau}$ in = immediately after that, he came

Aibéir, -e, pl. id. and -eaca, f., the deep sea; an abyss; great

boasting.

Aibéir, -e, f., a slovenly person

(Aran).

áibéir, -e, f., pleasure, gladness, drollery; tá áibéir onm, I am glad or pleased (pron. áitbéir or Διρέιρ in Ker.); γτωιςίη Διδέιρ, a laughing-stock (W. Ker.).

Διθήτειμ, -τμε, f., the alphabet.

áibéireac, -rije, a., droll, humorous; reckless, indifferent, absurd, extravagant.

Aibío, -e, pl. -e and -esca, f., habit, costume, the dress of a religious; behaviour, moral

habit.

Aibio, see abaio.

Aibte, g. id., pl. -eaca, f., a flying

spark of fire.

Anoteoz, -015e, -05A, f., a piece of burning fuel, a burning sod of turf; oóijeao 'na haibteoij í, she was burned to a cinder (Don.); a snow-flake.

Aibneac, -niže, a., abounding in

Arbneán, -áin, m., the month of April; pron. Abnán in M.,

Arbneán in Con, and U.

Aice, g. id., f., immediate vicinity, proximity; 1 n-a aice, close by him; 1 n-aice an baile, near the village; 1 n-aice tiom, 1 m' aice, beside me; also i n-aice roam, near me (M.); 1 n-aice te máis, beside the Mague; ar aice an cize, from the vicinity of the house; 1 n-aice na Scoiltre, beside the woods; capatt aice, a horse led by one's side; ir rouur ruineao 1 n-aice na mine, it is easy to bake when one has meal at hand.

Aiceact (ait-ceact), -a, f., a lesson; guidance. See ceact.

Aiceapt, see aiceact.

A1c1, prep. pr., 3 s. f., with or at

her. See as, prep.

Aicío, -e., -eaca, f., sickness, disease, esp. contagious disease; aicío cinocannacta, the ague.

Aicíveac, -vize, α ., diseased, unfortunate.

Aicíveac, -viz, -vize, m., a sick person.

Aicittioe, a., skilful, cautious, dexterous.

Aicillioeacc, -a, f., skill, dexterity.

Aicionta, indec. a., natural as

opposed to artificial.

 $\Delta 1c1r$, -e, f., peevishness, badmindedness.

Aicireac, -rize, a., peevish.

Aicme, g.id., pl.-eaca, f., a sort or kind, a class, a race, a tribe.

Aiche, g. Aicionta, f., nature; a race or tribe (a form of Aicme).

Aichio, see Aichio.

A10-, intensive prefix; very ex-

ceedingly. See so-.

 Δ_1 obeit, -e, g and pl (also Δ_1 obte), a., vast, terrible; as subs., vastness; an increase; beagán áiobéile oo cun leir, to exaggerate a little.

Aiobéileac, -lize, a., very great, wondrous; bragging, boasting.

Aiobéileact, -a, f., a boasting, wonder; hugeness, enormity.

Διόθειμγεοιμ, -ομα, -οιμιόε, m., an adversary; the devil; a wicked person (used in pl. in this sense); pron. Ainreoin.

Aiobeippeoipeact, -a, f., wicked-

ness, devilry.

Aröbéir, -e, f., the ocean, an abyss.

See aibéir.

Aröbre, g. id., f., vastness, bulk, size, form, figure, apparition. See carobre.

Arobreac, -rize, a., vast, dreadful. Arobreact, -a, f., vastness, huge-

Aroean, m., chipping of the skin, due to cold wind, etc. See oisean.

Aionear. See aisnear.

Aropeamact, -a, f., refusal (Don.). Airinim, - η c (aicbinim), v. tr., I blame, reproach, revenge.

Airpeann, -pinn, pl. id., m., the Mass (Lat. offerendum); cf.

Welsh offraid.

(10)āIL

Airteannac, -aite, a., belonging to the Mass; as subs., a Massman, a beadsman (P, O'C).

Airpic (Arpaic), -e, f., Africa.

Δίζ, α., valiant, victorious, fateful (prop. g.s. of &\(\decti\), valour, fate); cf., Orcan áis, the valorous Oscar.

Aize, a form of az, very common in Ker., and also in Om. and Don.; tá ainzead aize Seagán, John has money.

Aize, prep. pr., 3s. m., with or by him, or it. See as, prep.

A1zeac, -515, m., a sea-sounder (Ker.).

Aizealaim, -lao, v. tr., I vex, torment.

A15éan, -éine, f., the ocean, the deep, an abyss; oub-aizéan na rainize, the bottomless depths of the sea.

Aizéanac, -aize, a., deep, full; belonging to the ocean.

Aizéanta, a., oceanic; mountainous (of waves).

Aizeanta, indec. a., intellectual; spirited; thoughtful; pensive; greedy, with gusto (Aran).

 Δ_{15} eantac, - Δ_{15} e, α ., intellectual; spirited; thoughtful; cheerful, hearty; light, airy; lightheaded, idiotic (Der.). aizeanta.

AIZEANTACT, -A, f., sagacity, intel-

lectuality, spirit.

Aigne, -geanta, pl. id. (also g.A15n10), m., the heart, the mind; intention, desire (nom. also aizneao).

 Δ_{15} neam (Δ_{15} nead), -nim, m., gaiety, liveliness; cá aigneam món ann, he is very lively (Don).

See aigne.

Aigneán, -áin, m., ivy; aigneán catman, ground ivy. (In Ker. pron. with accent on first

syllable.

Aignear, -nir, m., trouble, contention, argument; conversation (Ker.); as cup aisnip aip, picking a quarrel with him.; 3an aisnear to cun an mnaoi an cise, not to trouble the woman of the house; cf., "Aignear an peacaig teir an mbar"-Title of Poem.

 $\Delta_1 t$, f., pleasure, desire; in phr. ir áit tiom é, I wish it, etc.; chéao oo b'áil leat ann? what did you want there? etc.; cao oob' ail lear oe? what do you want it for?

Altö, -e, -eaca, f., a flock.

Ailbin, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a small flock; cf., ailbin caonac, a small flock of sheep; see veilbin and eilbín.

Aitce, pl., immovable rocks (Ker), $\Delta 11c_{10}$, -e, -10e, f., a strand-stone used in seine-fishing (Ker).

Ailéan, -éin, m., a loft, garret, a gallery.

Aiteir=teir, adv., as well, also (lit., with it).

Ailjear, -a, m., great pleasure or

Aitzeapac, -aize, a., full of desire, eager, zealous.

āitim, v. tr., I pray, beseech.

 Δ_1 lim, -e, f., alum.

Ailim, I nurse, etc. See oilim.

Ailt, -e, pl. id., and ailtopeaca (Aran), f., a cliff, a rock; cf., an Aitt, the "Naul," co. Dublin (also raill, f., bapp na raille, the top of the cliff).

Aill-bruacac, -aize, a., having

steep or rocky brinks.

Litte, g. id., f., beauty (also Little). Aitteact, -a, f., beauty, loveliness (also áitneact).

ailleadóin, -óna, -óinide, m., a cliff-climber.

Ailleagán, -áin, pl. id., m., a toy, gewgaw, frippery; áilleazán inntheac, a merry-go-round (somet. ailleacán).

Ailleazána $c\tau$, -a, f., idling, loll-

ing about (Mayo).

Aitteán, -áin, pl. id., m., darling,

a doll, a plaything.

A111e05, -015e, -05a, f., a swallow (so pron. in Omeath) (also áinteos and rámteos).

Aillisim, -iusao, v. tr., I beautify,

adorn.

all

aittittiú! aititiú! interj., good gracious! strange! wonderful!

Aillir, -tlre, -reaca, f., a cancer, gangrene, an abscess, a spreading sore; byson sittre, a drop observed to fall upon the tombs of certain tyrants, so called from its cankerous corroding what it falls upon (O'Br.); mo braon ailtre, my corroding drop (in the sense of a powerful means of destroying tyrants) (Fer.).

Aittre, g. id., pl. -sca, f., a fairy, any diminutive creature, a chafer, worm: cf., "ní tużs ομη αιτίγεαζα αιαμός πά τά."

Ailtreac, -rize, a., negligent, list-

less.

Aillrijim, -iużao, v. tr., I neglect. Ailm, -e, f., the palm tree; also the fir tree; somet. the elm tree; the name of the letter "A"; Tomnac na hailme, Palm Sunday (also failm, pailm, palm, etc.).

Ailmeos, -015e, -05a, f., the elm

or fir; dimin. of aitm.

Ailne, g. id., f., beauty; also comp. of alaınn. See aille.

Ailneact. See ailleact.

Allp, -e, pl. alpa, allpeaca, f., a protuberance, a huge lump, a high mountain; a stout person; a bite, a mouthful; a bite of a vicious dog or horse.

Allpin, g. id., pl. -roe a knob, a stout-headed stick; cleat allpin, a stout-headed stick.

Ailteoih, -oha, -oihibe, m., one who plays pranks, an "arch" fellow, a frivolous person.

Aim- (am-), neg. pref., un-, in-, dis-, not.

Aimceant, -cinte, a., unjust,

wrong.

Aimoeoin, f., unwillingness; oá a., in spite of him; 1 n-a. na caoroe, in spite of the tide; aimoeoin is often used as conj. $(=51\circ)$ in Don.

Aimoeonac, -aize, a., unwilling,

reluctant.

 $\Delta i \dot{m} \dot{r} e o i t$, $-o t \Delta$, f., raw meat, proud or inflamed flesh.

 Δ_{1} m10, -e, -10e, f., a foolish woman.

See amaio.

Aimiléip, -e, f., misfortune; cuicim i zcoppac na haimiléire, to fall into the paths of misfortune.

Aiminear. See amnar.

Aimtear, -a, m., disadvantage, loss; an unhappy or evil course of life (opposed to tear); tá ré as out an a a., he is leading a foolish or vicious life; véançaio ré a aimtear, he will work mischief for himself.

 α imtearac, - α i, foolish, im-

prudent.

Aimtearc, -teirce, a., lazy, slothful, indolent.

Aimteirce, g. id., f., laziness, slothfulness, sluggishness.

Aimleirceact, -a, f., laziness,

sloth, sluggishness.

Aimteirceamail, -mts, a., indolent, reluctant, slothful, lazy.

Aimneant, -nipt, m., weakness.

Aimneantman, -aine, a., infirm, weak.

Aimpear, -pip, m., error, mistake,

doubt. See ampar.

Aimitéro, -e, a., disordered, disquieted, entangled, disturbed; rearam aimnéio an tuais, standing in a troubled way on a

hatchet (O'D.).

Aimpéroe, g. id., f., unevenness (of road, etc.), entanglement (of cord, thread, etc.); the defiles or fastnesses of a place; otúcaimpéroe na coille, the fastnesses of the wood; atá an rnáice i n-aimhéice, the thread is entangled; an ceann as out 1 n-aimpéroe, the memory failing.

Aimpeo, indec. f. (Mayo) = Aim-

néroe, entanglement.

Λιπριαμ, -μέιμε, f., disobedience, mismanagement, opposition.

Aimpianac, -aize, a., disobedient, rebellious.

Aimpiapita, a., undisciplined, disobedient.

Aimpiro, -e, a., unfruitful, barren, sterile.

Aimmioct, -a, pl. id., m., disguise, concealment, ambush (from mioct, shape, form, and am).

Aimpean, -pine, pl. -peana, f., time, era, period, duration, season, weather; caitin aimpine, a servant girl; an a. (also i n-a.), at service; aimpean an τρίοι
τιιη αζυγ απ κοζπαιη, the seed-time and the harvest-time. Aimpeanoa, indec. a., temporal.

Ampiţim, -iuţao, v. tr., I aim, direct, attack; I strike, hit the mark; I recognise at a distance (aim with the eye); I find out, discover; I tempt, allure, incite, fascinate, bewitch.

Aimpiużań, -piżte, pl. id., m., act of aiming and hitting, directing; act of finding; in pl., attack, temptation.

Ann- (an-), neg. prefix, un-, in-, not; intensive prefix, very.

Ambeant, -beinte, -beanta, f., an evil deed.

Ambéapac, -aiże, a., ill-bred, unmannerly.

Ainbrearac, ainbriorac, -aiξe, α., ignorant, without knowledge.

Ambreot, -ota, f., proud flesh.

Ambrine, g. id., m., a stranger.
Ambrior, -reara, m., ignorance,
want of knowledge.

Ambriopać, -aiże, ignorant, wanting knowledge.

Ambteann, -teinne, f., a spring tide. See ambteinne.

Ambtenne, g. id., f., a spring tide, a storm (Ker.).

Ainceaμτ, -ciμτ, m., injustice, wrong.

Ainceant, -cinte, a., unjust, wrong.

Amcear, -cir, m., doubt, uncertainty.

Ancearac, -aiże, a., doubtful,

Ainceipt, -e, -eanna, f., doubt, dilemma.

Aincialloa, indec. a., senseless, without reason, as a beast (also ainscialloa).

American, -oim, m., unbelief,

infidelity.

Aincheiomeac, -miξe, α., unbelieving.

Ancheromeac, -miz, -mize, m., an infidel, an unbeliever.

Ain-ċμionna, a., very aged; also, imprudent.

Amchiortamail, -mla, a., unchristian, irreligious.

Amėpioptamtaėt, -a, f., antichristianism, irreligion.

Amoesito, -a, a., uncertain.

Annoeir, -e, a., untidy, awkward, distressful, afflicted, inconvenient.

Amoeire, gen. id., pl. -rioe, f., affliction, calamity; inconvenience, awkwardness.

Annoeireoiti, -otta, -oitive (aingeeireoiti), m., an unfortunate person or thing, a wretch; dim. ainoeireoitiín is common.

Ainveoin. See aimveoin.

Amoiaoa, indec. a., ungodly, impious.

Amoraoac, -arje, a., ungodly, profane, impious.

Amoiaoact, -a, f., impiety, godlessness.

Amoiożatzać, -aiże, a., not given to revenge, forgiving.

Amoiúro, -e, f., obduracy, impenitence.

Amoiúioeac, -oiże, a., impenitent.

Amoteażcać, -arże, a., unlawful, illegal, unfair, irregular; also amotiżcać.

Amoliże (amoliżeaó), -żió, -żće, m., unlawfulness, injustice.

amotiţċeaċ, -ċiţe, α., unlawful, illegal, ex lex.

Amoliščeać, -čiz, -čiže, m., a lawless person, an outlaw.

Anne, g. id., f., delight, pleasure, agility, melody.

Anneam, g. annme, pl. id., m., a blemish; also annim and annim.

Ainear, -a, pl. id., m., pleasure. See

Ainearac, -aize, a., pleasurable, agreeable.

Améarcaró, -e, a., inactive.

Amérreact, -a, f., inefficacy, inefficiency.

Amérreactac, -aize, a., ineffec-

tual.

Ameisteamanta (éiseam, crying, beseeching), a., inexorable (E. R.).

Ameolac, -aiże, a., ignorant, without knowledge; as subst., one ignorant of the road, etc.

Ameolact, -a, f., ignorance, want

of knowledge.

Ameotar, -air, m., ignorance, rudeness.

Ameotzać, -aiże, a., ignorant, wanting in knowledge.

Ameolzaireac, -rije, -a, a., ignorant, without knowledge (also ameolzarac).

Amreoit, -ota, f., proud flesh; gross flesh. See ambreoit.

Ainfin. See ainnin.

Ampior, -peara, m., ignorance, want of knowledge. See ainbrior.

Ampiopac, a., ignorant. See am-

briopać.

Ampheasantac, -aite, a., discordant; unanswerable, unaccountable; coimceacc A111freazantac, discordant cord (Kea.).

Amzceir, -e, pl. id., f., anguish,

adversity, malice.

Amzceireoin, see amoeireoin.

Ainzeat, -31t, pl. id. and ainzte, m., an angel; a burnt-out cinder taken from the fire, sometimes given in their hands as a protection to children going out at night is called ainseat, as it is supposed to represent an angel.

Ainseall, m., great regard; a strong desire or affection; a

bond, a mortgage.

Ain-jean, -a, m., great love. Amgroe, a wicked, furious,

envious

Ainsin, -e, f. See ainnin. Amstroe, indec. a., angelical.

Aingníom, g. - a and - żním, pl. id. - \dot{z} níompa and - \dot{z} níomanta, m., an evil deed.

 α_1 nianmantat, - α_1 , of evil consequences, ill-fated.

Annahrma, g. id., pl., -1oe, m.,evil consequence.

α1η1αηγηματας, -α1ζe, α. (see above), having evil consequences.

Annicim, vl., -ceso and anacal, I protect, defend (against, an, ó); cleanse, purify, restore to health.

Ainicteoin, -ona, -oinite, m., a protector.

Ainim. See aineam.

unkindness. Δ_1 n10cc, - Δ , m., cruelty, oppression.

Amoctac, -aize, a., unkind, cruel, inhospitable, oppressive, tyrannical.

Ainiomėubaio, -e, a., unfit, unbecoming.

Amír, -e, f., anise, caraway; amír riadain, wild anise.

Ainte, g. id., pl. -troe, f., a swallow, a swift; dim. áinteos. (O'B. gives áinte=asquirrel.)

Ainteanac, -ai \dot{z} , -ai \dot{z} e, m., persecutor.

Ainleanaim, -namain, v. tr., I persecute.

Ainlear, -a. See aimlear.

Ainteoz, -015e, -05a, f., the little bar in a lock in which the barrel of the key fits (Aran).

Ainteos, -015e, -05a, f., a night hawk, a swallow; a weed of the nettle kind.

Ainm, g. Ainme, Anma, Anmann, pl. anmanna (older form), ainmme and ainmneaca, m., a name; reputation; oume oo jlaooac ar a ainm, to call one by an abusive name; "Cóin Anmann," title of an ancient book (Kea.).

Ainm-clán, -áin, pl. id., and

-paca, m., a catalogue.

Anmeac, -mije, a., maimed, blemished.

Annhear, -a and -ta, m., disre-

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Ammeapapoa, indec. a., unmeasured, immoderate, intemperate.

Annie apapoact, -a, f., immoderateness, excess, intemperance.

Anmerrneac, -niż and -niże, m. and f., rashness, hesitancy, weakness, state of discouragement (m. in M.).

Anmeon, a., busy (Clare).

Anmian, -méine, pl. -a, and -ta, dpl. anmianaib (Kea.), f., lust, concupiscence, passion; ainmianta na colna, the concupiscence of the flesh.

Anmianac, -aiże, a., passionate,

lustful, sensual.

Anninioe, g. id., pl. anninate and anninote, m., a brute, an animal.

Anninioeac, -oiże, a., brutish, beastly.

Anmioeact, -a, f., brutality.

Anmin, -e, a., rough, passionate. Anmine, g. id., f., roughness, coarseness, passionateness.

Annmneac, -niże, α ., famous, illustrious.

Annmeamail, -mla, a., famous. Annmitim, -iutao, v. tr., I name, assign.

Ainmniste, p. a., named, speci-

fied; 30 ha., namely.

Annmiugao, -ige, m., act of naming, denomination, dedication.

Ainnin (ainnean), -nine, pl. id., f., a maiden; ir i 'na hainnin όις, while she was a young maiden.

Ampeact (Amproct), -a, pl. id.,

m., evil plight.

Amphactanac, -aiże, a., necessitous, poor, miserable.

Amphactanar, -air, m., extreme danger, great misery or necessity.

Ampioctac, -aiże, a., pitiable.

See proct.

Ampeian, -cine, pl. -ceanna, f., a large knife; fury, extravagance; a furious or wild person.

Ampeianac, -aiże, a., furious, extravagant.

Ampeianta, indecl. a., furious, extravaçant.

Ampreciated, g. -entire and -eatica, f., hatred.

Ampreciate, m. and f., excessive love.

Ampeancac, -aite, a., unloving, merciless, cruel.

Ampearcam, -e, a., troublous, uneasy, uncomfortable.

Amppionaro, -e, -roe, f., an evil spirit; the devil.

Amphianta, a., unbridled, debauched.

Amphiantact, -a., f., libertinism, debauchery, unbridled passion.

Annteann, -einne, a., very violent, oppressive, severe; braced up, very stiff, very stout.

Amcear, -a, m., great heat, inflam-

mation, wrath.

Ainteapac, -aiţe, a., hot, feverish. Ainteapaioe, indec. a., sultry,

warm (of weather).

Ainteaptac, -ai ξ , pl.id., m., a false witness; "ainteaptac bhéa ξ ," a base asserter of lies (Kea.); "innipin préal ainteaptac po bí puatiman pó" (id.).

Ainteartac, -aije, a., falsely

testified.

Amerićespins, g. id., pl., -roe, m., a tyrant, an oppressor.

Aintigeannact, -a, f., tyranny, oppression.

Aspce, g. id., f., maturity (from abaso, ripe).

Aipio, see abaio.

Δηη, prep., on, upon, etc.; more generally written (Δη, which see.

Ait, prep. pr., m., upon him or it.

See an, prep.

Ainc, -e, f., greed, voracity; zéanainc (O'Ra.); want, hardship (Don.).

Aipc, in phr., jeall ré na huipc ir na haipc oam, he promised me the world and all.

Ainc, -e, -eaca, f., a chest, a coffer;

an ark.

Aime, in various meanings, as a lizard, etc. See eane and ame.

Airceapat, -ait, pl. id., m., a

prophecy.

Aspearat, -ast, pl. id., m., anarticle, doctrine, instruction; ας léin-3010 3ac ainceadail, stealing away every article (E. R.).

- Δ_1 $\dot{\Sigma}$ e, α ., greedy, Atticearac, selfish.

Aincearac, -ais, pl. id., m., agreedy or distressed person.

Aincín, g. id., -iòe, m., a stunted

little pig. See eanc.

Amerinoeac, -ois, m., a mast (Ker.).

See aincinneac.

Aincinneac, m., a church officer; steward of church lands; in English, "Herenach." Hence mac an Amcinnis = Mac Inerney.

Airciopaim, -ao., v. intr., I com-

plain, expostulate.

Aincir (pron. Ainit), f., a pledge; a meeting; out oá aincir, to go to meet him; cuaro ré 1 n-a Aincir, he went to meet him; oo cuin ré aincir onta, he sent to meet them (pron. aircir in Don.).

Ainc Luacha. See eanc Luacha. Aipro, -e, f., point of compass, direction, quarter, region; cf., 1 n-áino ulao (Kea.), attentention, vigilance, notice, dignity, happiness, order, improvement: 5lacaro intinn áipo ip péim (E.R.); cf., san bail san áino; ní't áino asam ain, I do not like it at all (Don.).

Aimo-ceann, -cinn, pl. id., m., a superior, a ruler, a general.

Aipo-ceannar, -air, m_{\bullet} , governorship, high-chieftainship.

Aipro-céim, -e, -eanna, m., lofty position, dignity, nobility.

Aijio-céimeac, -mize, a., stately, dignified, with a strutting gait, eminent.

Aipo-céimneact, -a, f. dignity,

majesty.

-a, m., head rent, Aipro-cior, tribute; sway, oppression.

Διμοε, g. id., f., height; ι n-Διμοε,

anáinoe, on high; cor i n-áinve, in a gallop; bots i n-áinve nó cán i n-áintoe, upturned, having one's "back to the field"; éinze i n-áinoe, pride, vanity, putting on airs like an upstart; reimm i n-áimoe, farm to be let, or untilled; 1 n-áipoe a cinn'r a jota, with head erect and with a loud voice; tá a ainm i n-áinoe, he is much talked of. See AOINTOE.

Ainoe, Ainoean, m., characteristic attribute, sign, symptom; "an Alproeanaib" (Kea.). See AIN-

bean and aipibeact.

Aiproeatt, -oitt, m., care, watchfulness; bíoo áinoeall an an scapall asar, keep an eye on the horse.

Δηνοεαίτας, -Διζε, a., watchful, sharp; ní řaca mé oume mam ní b'áinoeattaite, bí a rúit ir 'cuil' ait aite, I never saw a more watchful person, his eye was everywhere (Con.).

Aipoean, -oin, -a, m., a characteristic, a quality; cuanarzbáit oo tabaint an ainoeanaib coilíneac, to give an account of the characteristics of the colonists (Kea., F. F.).

Διρο-eaptam, -aim, m., a high

patron. See eaplam.

Апро-еарьоз, -buis, pl. id., m., an archbishop.

 Δ iητο-earbozóiτοελcτ, g. and pl., -a, f., archbishopric.

Aipro-earbuizeact, -a, f., an archbishopric.

Áipo-peaomannac, -aiz, -aize, m., a chief butler, a high steward, a chief officer.

Aipro-zeon, -oine, -oince, f., the full cry of the hounds; a loud noise, a scream; the howling of a tempest.

Aipo-innme, g. id., f., great wealth,

high estate, eminence.

Aino-innmeac, -miże, a., eminent; of great wealth.

Aipro-incinn, -e, f., elevation of mind, pride, arrogance.

Aipro-incinneac, -nite, a., highspirited, proud, arrogant.

āino-leaba, g.-leapta, pl.-leapaca or -leabtaca, f., a royal couch. See teaba.

Aino-téim, -e, f., a lofty leap, a

bounce, a jump.

 Δ_{11} roleoz, -015e, -05a, f., a fling, a bounce, a jerk; a stroke in swimming. See áinteoz.

āinoteosac, -aise, α ., flighty;

high-minded.

Airo-mear, m., fame, great esteem. δ_{1} no-mianzur, -uir, m., ambition; high-aspiring desire.

Aino-neact, -a, pl. id., m., supreme

law, a synod.

Aipro-peann, -a, pl. id., f., a great star; in pl., the great stars, the

planets.

Aipro-péim, -e, pl. -eanna, and -eaca, f., proud progress, high state, munificence, supreme sway; o'á bruil i n-áipo-péim, who are in high station.

áino-néimeac, -mize, a., notable,

famous, of great sway.

 Δ ιητο-ηί, -ηίος, -ηίς τe, m., a high king; an over-king.

διητο-ηίοζαζτ, -α, f., supreme monarchy; empire.

Aipro-piosos, indec. a., archical.

Aimo-prinine, g. id., pl.-price, m., a chief ruler.

διητο-γτιμμαό, -μέα, <math>π.,government.

διμο-τηιατ, -a, pl. id., m., a supreme lord; a high chief.

 $\tilde{\alpha}$ ηνο-τηιατας, -αιζε, α ., pertaining

to a high chief.

Aipe, g. id., f., care, heed, attention; aime oo tabaint oo, to take care; as cabaine aine oam, giving heed to me, attending to me; tabain aine ouit réin, mind yourself; aine cuzac (ont), look out! cao (caroé) tá an c'aine, what are you about?

Aine, g. -neac, d. -niz, pl. -niz, gpl.-neac, m., a nobleman; one privileged; aineac, id.; bó-aine,

m., a man rich in cattle.

Aine, g. id., pl. -nice, f., a fishing weir (Ker.).

Aineac, - $ni\dot{z}$, pl. id., m., a noble;Ainis uaill, great nobles (Kea.,

Aineac, -nize, a., heedful, attentive, careful, watchful, cau-

tions.

Aspeacar, -asr, m., act of caring, attending to; the office of herdsman; pastoral life; tuz ré aineacar ('naicear) mait d'à żnó, he paid great attention to his business.

Alleactáil, -ála, pl. id., f., feel-

ing, perception.

Aipeactaint, -e., f., act of hearing, perceiving. See Ainisim.

Aineasoa, indec. a., distinguished,

illustrious.

Aineam, -nime and -nim, pl. -nime, m., act of counting, computing; taking account of a number, the sum total; the science of computation, arithmetic; ní riu é áineam, it is not worth taking into consideration.

Aipeamac, -ais, -aise, m., an accountant, a numerator.

Aineamact, -a., f., numbering, counting.

Ainean, - $\mu_1\mu_1$, m., a bay or harbour; a confine, district; food; pleasure. See othean.

Ainze, g. id., pl. -nize and -nżesos, f., a herd (of cattle); cf., rionn-ainże, a milch-herd

(S. G., p. 105).

A1113eao, -310, m., silver, money; αιηξελο ρόγτα, marriage fee; ainzeao ríor, ready money; αιηζεαο ημαό, copper money; quicksilver; annsead beo, ainzear na himeanta, the stakes (at play); ainseau zeal, silver money; aipzeao buide, gold money; $g_{8.}$, α_{11} α_{50} , as $\alpha_{.}$, tám n-ainsio, a silver hand (Kea.).

Ainseavamait, - \dot{m} ta, a., rich,

moneyed.

Διησελο Ιυλόμλ, -310 Ιυλόμλ, m., meadow-sweet.

Διηξελο-rháite, m., silver thread

(P. O'C.)

Δημζεαη, -ζιη, m., a bridle rein; a symptom (see Δημόε); a pang, pain; Δημζεαπα απ βάιρ, death throes.

Ainsim, vl., angain, v. tr., I spoil, plunder, harass; το haingti an chioc teo, they harassed the country (Kea.); cf., ρύταμ τη ριτέαμ τη μέαδα το λίηςτε (P. F.) Διηςτε, p. α., despoiled.

A1115 teac, -tij, tije, m., a plun-

derer, a wretch.

Λης τέοιμ, -ομα, -οιμιόε, m., a plunderer.

Aipicip, see aipicip (often aipicip

and anyeir in Don.).

Aιμισελέτ (αμαισελέτ), -a, f., a token, a sign; a good appearance; ni't a. mait aμ an tó, or ni't an tá i n-a., the day does not promise well; ni't an bόταμ i n-a. riubat αιμ, the road is not fit to walk on (Aran).

Δητιζελό, - $\dot{\varsigma}$ ι $\dot{\varsigma}$, - $\dot{\varsigma}$ ι $\dot{\varsigma}$ e, m., a watchman, a sentry, a caretaker.

Aιμιζιm, vl. Αιμιυζαό and Αιμeacταιπτ, v. tr., I feel, perceive, hear, notice, heed; πίση αιμιζεαγ αση πίσ ζυμ ρηεαδ γέ
cuζαm, he came suddenly upon me (I perceived or felt nothing till he sprang upon me); in U., in general, is not used in sense of hear; in Omeath it means: I think, conceive.

Ainiste. See Ainite.

Ainisteoip, -opa, -oipiroe, m., an observer.

Aiμimteoiμ, -ομα, -οιμιόε, m., a calculator, an accountant.

Aipirce, dialect form of Aipirce,

certain (U.).

Διμιτε (Διμιτε), α., definite, certain, special, particular; peancurioe ο'Διμιτε, a certain historian (Kea.); πο h Διμιτε, particularly (Kea.), at any rate; as subs., bi pe ι n-Διμιτε ο ώιπη, it was in store for us, it was our fate (Ker.); ι n-Διμιτε, engaged.
Διμιά, interj., "aroo!" really!

ah, indeed! (anú in Don.). See ana.

Διμιυζαό, g. Διμιζές, m., notice,

perception.

Ainte, g. id., f, council, consultation; in modern Irish, only in compound comainte.

Ainte, g. id., pl.-eaca, f., a loan, a

borrowing.

Antteacaó, cta, m., act of lending; a loan, usury, extravagant gain on money.

Aipteacaim, -ao, v. tr., I lend.

Ainteacan, -ain, m., an equivalent, a loan; an iaract no an ainteacan, on loan or for an equivalent (to be given in return).

Alpheactac, -tait, -taite, m., a

lender, a borrower.

Ainteactac, -aite, a., ready or

willing to lend.

Ainteos, -015e, -05a, f., a fling, a toss; a high flight; a project.

Διητεοχας, -αιζε (Διητεοχας) α., enterprising, adventurous.

Aintižim, -iužao, v. tr., I lend. Ainm,- e, f., weapons (collectively).

Aifim, -e, f., a place, as Aifim coitte;
Aifim A bruit = Áit A bruit, the
place in which.

Ainm-chior, -cheara, m., an armour belt. See chior.

Δημήσος, -ήιζε, α., numerous. Δημήσος, g. id., f., veneration, respect (Kea). See οιμήσοι.

Ainmin, vl. Aineam, v. tr., I count, reckon, consider, record; ní μιά ιαο σ'αιμεαm, they are not worth considering. (ξέ Διμπιο and ní Διμπεαπη occur in Kea., F. F.)

Aipminneac, -niże, a., reverend, respected. See oipmioneac.

Aimmine, g. id., f., briskness, nimbleness.

Aiμmleann, -linne, f., an armoury.
Aiμm-neaμτ, -niμτ, m., strength
of weapons.

Áinne, g. id., pl. -niöe, g. pl. -neaö,f., a sloe, a sloe-tree (ánna,Don.).

Aiµne, g. id., f., watching late at night. See aiµnean.

Ainne, pl. of ana, a kidney.

Ainneál, m., a friendly night visit, opposed to cuaino, a day

visit (Don.).

άιμπεάη, -áin, night work, i.e., work done after the natural day is ended; sitting up late at night; as σέαπαπ άιμπεάιη, working at night, sitting up late; as άιμπεάη ιγτοισές, sitting up late at night; as άιμπεάη πα hοισές, sitting up late; áιμπεάι in Don.: te cunsπαπ απ άιμπεάιt, by means of sitting up late.

Ainneánac, -aiţe, a., keeping night-vigil; sitting up late at

night.

Ainnéir, -e, f., cattle, chattel, stock; furniture, goods, effects

(upnair, Don.).

āijineoz, -013e, -03a, f., a sloe-

tree; dim. of ainne.

Aiμre, g. id., pl. -μτόe, f., an arch; an arcade; a vault; ré áiμre mo cuiμp, in my heart (Condon). Aiμτeazat, -ait, pl. id., an article.

Aintinneat, -niţe, a., angry, peevish, particular, exact.

Aintéine, g. id., f., an artery.

Air, -e, f., a hill, a fort; marshy ground; a waggon; a recess, a place; any part of the person.

 Δ_{1} r, -e, f., a verge, a side, back; used in dative te hair in phr., te hair, an air, and with poss. pr., te na hair, etc.; te hair na Siuine, beside the Suir; tem' air, beside me; te hair an rooman, beside the door (in M. pron. in such a phr., teaitir, acc. on first syllable); tan Air, an air, backwards; o'iompuis ré can n-air, he returned; vo 3ab Spenren né' air, Spenser took in hand (Kea., F. F.); żabar nem air, I undertook (Kea., F. F..); az zabáil ceannair Eineann he a air, assuming the supreme government of Ireland (Kea., F. F.).

Διγ, .1. beoin, consent, will; Δη

Air nó aμ éizean, nolens volens, willingly or unwillingly.

Air, -e, f., the middle prominent wicker-layer of a basket; what is convenient or can be held by the hand; anything useful or convenient. See Aire.

Διγ, dependence, reliance; ιγ Διγι Δτά m'άιγ, it is on him I rely.

Air-, prefix, implying repetition;

re-, again, back.

Airce, g. id., pl. -croe, f., a gift, a present; advantage; an airce, 1 n-airce, for nothing, gratis, as a free gift; also 1 n-airce, with no advantage, uselessly; often 1 n-aircio (-15) (Ker.).

Airceao, -cce, m., hand-picking of vermin, etc., from clothes, etc.

Aıp-céimnizim, -iużao, v. intr., I retire, withdraw.

Aircim, -ceao, I hand-pick vermin, etc.; I explore with the hand.

Aire, g. id., pl. -riòe, f., a useful article; a convenience; what is one's own, as opposed to what is borrowed; ir reapp aire na rhathat 'na iapate na oiallaice, the straddle that one owns is better than the saddle that one borrows.

Aireact, -a, f., convenience, utility. Air-éadac, -ait, m., shrouding for the dead (also tairéadac).

Aireas, -ris, -riste and -reasta, pl. id., m., act of vomiting; restitution; repayment; recovery; restoration; a ferr (Ker).

Aireagaim, vl. aireag, v. tr., I give back, restore, I vomit,

puke.

Aireatbaim, -bao, v. tr., I regain possession of.

Aireamait, -mta, a., convenient, handy, useful; kind, obliging,

ready to lend.

Aireamtact, -a, f., kindness, obligingness; convenience, accommodation; fondness to accommodate; utility.

Air-éinge, g. id., f., resurrection. Air-éingim, -μge, v. intr., I rise

again.

Διρ-ζαιμm, -e, f., recalling, abrogation.

Διρ- $\dot{\varsigma}$ Lao $\dot{\circ}$ am, - $\dot{\circ}$ ac, v. tr., I re-

call.

Airim, v. intr., I return, used only in 3 pr. s., Aireann ré, he returns.

Air103, Air103aim. See aireas,

aireazaim.

Airiuzao, -iżce, m., alleviation.

Airling, -e, pl. -te, and -ioe, f., a dream, a vision, an apparition, a poetical description of an apparition.

Airlingim, -iużao, v. tr., I dream;

(constr. with 50).

Aiplingteac (aiplingeac), -tiţ, -tiţe, m., a dreamer, a visionary.

Airlingteat (airlingeat), a., visionary, dreaming, dreamy.

Airnéall, -éill, m., fatigue, fainting.

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Airnéallac, -aize, a., subject to fainting or swooning.

Airnéidim, v. tr., -dead, I relate, tell. See rairnéidim, etc.

Airnéir, -e, f., an account, evidence, testimony. See rairnéir.

Airnéirim, vl., Airnéir, v. tr., I reveal, tell, give evidence of. See

rairnéirim.

Airte, g. id., pl. -τιόe, m., a poem, a satire, any composition; treatment (as to diet, etc.); το ποςΑίγτε, bad treatment, state, condition.

Airceac, in, into (with motion).

See 17 Teac.

Airceac, -ciże, a., droll, witty, ingenious, crafty, odd, strange; crazy.

Airteacán, -áin, m., sports, games,

jests; drollery.

Airteacar, -air, m., oddity, queerness, drollery, humour.

Airteact, -a, f., waggishness,

drollery, pranks.

Airceamlact, -a, f., drollery, queerness, jocoseness, a tendency to oddity.

Airτesh, -τιη, pl. id., and -τηεαόλ, m., a journey, a round-about

way, a useless tour; cuinear a. onm réin, I made a useless or unnecessary circuit, took a round-about way, made a journey in vain; 1 n-aircean, in vain, ex., bi a cuaino i n-aircean aise, he had his pains for nothing; ní aircean oam out ann, it is no out of the way journey for me to go there, I'll get the worth of my trouble; TIS 1 mbéal bótain ní haircean é act cómzan, a house on the roadside, it is no roundabout journey, but the contrary, to visit it; raotan 1 n-airtean, labour in vain.

Airteoir, -ora, -oirioe, m., a jester, a buffoon, a stage-actor.

Δητοεοιμελότ, -a, f., jesting, playing pranks, acting.

Airti, prep. pr., 3 s. f., out of or

from her. See ar, prep.

Airtive, g. id., pl. -vee, m., an artist, a poet, a painter, a wag, a jester.

Airtioeac, -oige and -tige, a., strange, odd (Don.). See Air-

Teac

Aircióeacc, -a, f., playing pranks, stage-acting; also, acting the impostor.

Airtijeat, -a, f., oddity, drollery;

odd.

Aητιζτεοιη, -οηα, -οιηιόε, m., a jester, a player; a cheat. See Αιητεοιη.

Airtipeac, - μ iże, α ., able to walk;

removable.

Διγτηιζιm, -ιυζαό, v. tr. and intr., I alter; translate; change residence, remove, flit; I travel, march, journey.

Airchingaó, -igte, pl. id., m., a journeying, removing, change of abode, flitting; a political change, a revolution; trans-

lation.

Ait, -e, a., pleasant, comical, queer, droll, strange, objectionable, undesirable; if ait an raożal é, it is a funny world; vob'

AIT tiom roin, I'd like that (ironical) (in this phr. are is pron. Ait, and it may be a dif-

ferent word). See Ail.

Air, -e, pl. -eaca and -eanna, f., a place, locality; ir mait an áit 50 nabair, well said, well observed (of a witty repartee), lit., you were in a good position. Ait, -ce, pl. id., f., a kiln, an emi-

Ait- (at-), prefix, (1) reiterative, re-; (2) intensive, very; (3) negative, in-, un-, dis-, not.

āitbé (aitré, aitmear), ebb-tide. Δ_1 \dot{c} \dot

tide (aitbear, id.).

Aitbean -bin, m., reproach, blame; A A. rin, the blame for that.

Διτθεληλό, -λιζε, a., blaming, reproaching, censuring.

aitbeapaim, -ao, v. tr., I blame, reproach, censure.

āitbéit, -e, a., addicted to exaggeration. See áröbéit.

Aicteo, a., revived, resuscitated. Aitbeobab, -beoibte, m., act of resuscitating - (Aitbeoocain(t),

Aicbeodaim, -beodad, -beoduzad, and -beobacam, v. tr., I restore to life.

Διτόθοους Δό. See Διτόθοο Δό. Διτθεοουιζιm, -υζαο, v. tr., I restore to life, I renovate.

Aitbireac, -riz, m., a second im-

provement, a second setting in of growth (in a youth, etc.). Δ_1 \dot{c} \dot{b} \dot{b} \dot{c} \dot{b} \dot{c} \dot

year, the New Year, next year (used adverbially); 1 3comain na haitbliaona, for next year.

Aitoneit, -bheite (-beapta in Ker., etc.), act of regenerating, of giving second birth to; an n-a a., on his being born again. Aitburn, -bureao, v. tr., I break

Aitceannac, -nuite, m., repurchase, exchange, barter.

Aiticeo, -ois, m., obscurity, blame, contradiction.

Aitcim, v. tr., I beg, ask, beseech.

Aitcimeac, -mis, pl. id., m., a peti-

Aitché, f., the light mould put to growing plants, as potato stalks.

Aitcheiream, -oim, m., apostacy. Aitoéanam, -anta, m., act of making over again.

Aitoeimnitim, -iutao, v. tr., I reassure, reassert, I point out

Aitoinzeao, -zte, m., act of repacking (as fish, etc.) (Ker.).

Aicoinsim, -nseao, v. tr., I repack (as fish) (Ker.).

aiteac. See atac.

Aitéaothom, - juime, a., very light, airy, nimble. Aireal, -cil, m., juniper.

Aireall, -cill, m., gladness, joy; cessation (from rain). See atal.

 Δ_{1} ceam, $-\tau_{1}$ m, m, act of persuading, convincing, arguing; persuasion; convincing argument, evidence, proof; ní't aon áiceam te rázait ain=there is no proof to be found against him.

 $\Delta 1 \tau e a \dot{m} a 1 t, -\dot{m} t a, \alpha, local.$

Aiceann, -cinn, m., furze, gorse; aiteann Jaeoeatac, a light species of furze that grows in tufts; aireann Jalloa nó rnanncac, the coarser kind of furze with lighter blossom; arceann murpe, a kind of wild palm (the word is fem. in Con. and Uls.; gen. - Tinne).

Aiteanta, p.a., known, acquainted, recognised, familiar, free,

sociable.

Aiteantac, -aite, a., apt to know, free, familiar, sociable.

 Δ_1 teantact, -a, f., advice, counsel, recommendation.

Aiteantar, -air, m., an acquaintance; precept, injunction, counsel; oume aiteantair, an acquaintance; a luct aitean-Tair, all who know him; cf., ir reaph beagan oo'n zaoir ná mónán vo'n aiteantar (Con. prov.).

Aiteappac, -ais, m., another; a change, an alternative; a. céite,

another spouse; also acappac, which see, and acappuzao, as cá acappuzao reent anorrange, he has a different story now to tell, he is confronted by an altered set of circumstances.

Aivear, -vir, m., repose, comfort, pleasure, pleasantry, fun; finne mé rin riio aivear, I did that

for fun (Omeath).

 $\Delta i \dot{c} e \Delta r$, $-\dot{c} i r$, m., triumph.

Aiteapac, -aije, a., valorous,

victorious, successful.

Aitearc, -tirc, m., virtue; advice, admonition; a lecture, speech; abridgment (nom. sometimes Aitirc).

Aiteapcaim, -a \dot{o} , v. tr., I deliver (as a lecture); I speak, warn,

admonish, preach.

Anteapract, -a, f., rehearsing; an

appeal.

Aitéinise, g id. and -uiste, f., resurrection.

See Airéinise and eiréinise.

Aιτέιμζιm, -έιμζε, v. intr., I reascend, I rise again.

Διτεοιμ, -ομα, -οιμιόε, m., an argu-

mentative man, a pleader.
Διτήμισται, -Διι m., act of rediscussing, reporting, re-narrating, quoting; a reply, a retort.

Διτζέλη, -έιμε, α., very sharp.

Aιτζεάμη, -ζιομμα, α., very short, compendious; as subst., a brief space; a short cut, a near way.

Aitzeappa, g. id., m. and f., an abridgment, a short way, short

cut.

Aitigeappaoóip, -ópa, -óppioe, m., an abbreviator, an abridger.

Διτζελμητόιμ, -όμλ, -όιμιτος, m., an abbreviator, an abridger.

Aitżein, -e, f., symbol, type; a counterpart, a similar one; also regeneration; aitżein aμ γεαιτικέλ, the very picture of old Michael; aitżein βάσμαιζ, one exactly like Patrick.

Ait-jeineamain, -mna, f., regener-

ation.

Aitteinim, vl aittein, v. tr., I regenerate.

Aitteinte, p. a., regenerate.

Διτξίομμα, το ha. (pron. το haισιομμα), soon, shortly (Der. Om.). See Διτξελμμα.

Λιτζιομμας, - α , - α , handy,

compendious.

Aiτιο, -e, -ιοe, f., an asp, a wild beast; a peevish person; a creature, person; ξας αιτιο αξαιπη. each one of us.

Aitio, -e, f., with neg., nothing; ní riú aitioe é, or ní riú aitio

é, it is worthless.

Aiτiōe, g. id., f., a haunt, a place of resort, habit, custom; cf., το δειτ αμι αιτιόε αιζε, to resort to him, to frequent his house; σ'αιτιόε το σέαπαπ σ'ά στιζτίδ, to make their houses a place of your resort (Kea., F. F.).

Aitioin, g. id., pl. -ioe, m., a venomous little creature, dim.

of aitio.

dwell; v. tr., I build, locate.

Aιτιζιm, vn., Aιτελm, pf. Διτιm or Aιτιζ, I argue, persuade, give evidence, prove, v. intr., with dep. clause; p'Aιτιm (p'Aιτιζ) γέ ομπ χυμ . . . he persuaded me that . . .

Aιτιζτεοιμ, -ομα, -οιμιτέε, m., an inhabitant, a resident.

Aitin, for aitne, knowledge. See

Aitin, -e, f., the liver.

Aitinne (ait-teine), g. id., pl. -neata, f., a coal of fire, a fire-brand; a slow fire, as opposed to

The AD-teine; charcoal.

Aitip, -e, -ive, f. (g., aitipte, sometimes), reproach, shame, contumely, disgrace; mo naine ip m'aitip é, I am ashamed and feel disgraced at it; a sharp censure, a snub; vo bain pé aitip apam, he snubbed me; ip cúip aitipe cuţainn é, it is a cause of reproach to us; nom. also paitip.

Aitireat, -riže, a., shameful, abusive, censorious.

Aitipeat, -ris, pl. -rise, m., an abusive person.

Aitiritim, -iutao, v. tr., I abuse, defame.

Aitirim, -iużao, v. tr., I abuse, defame. See aitiritim.

Aitipiujao, -ijte, m., abuse, defamation, act of abusing.

Aiciużao, -iżce, m., act of dwelling, habitation.

Aitle, after; in phr. a h-aitle rin, after that; ar a haitle and ar a haitle rin, afterwards; a haitle na laoide rin, after that poem (obs.).

Aitleagaim, -ao, v. tr., I refine,

melt down.

Aitlearuitim, -utao, v. tr., I improve, correct, reform.

Aitléitim, vl., -léiteao and -léizeam, v. tr., I quote, repeat, rehearse.

Aittionao, -nta, m., act of refilling, reinforcement, recruiting.

Aitlionaim, -ao, v. tr., I fill again, replenish.

Aitméata, g. id., m., regret, compunction.

Aitméalat, -aite, a., sorrowful. Aitméaltar, -tair, m., regret.

Aitmeile, g. id., f., regret, affliction, pity. See aitméala.

Aitne, g. id., pl. Aiteants, gpl. aitnead and aiteants, f., a commandment.

Airne, g. id., f., recognition, acquaintance with, knowledge; tá sitne azam an, I know (recognise), am acquainted with.

Aitnio, -e, f., recognition, know-ledge, as a., known; ní ha. ouic mé, you know me not (the form aitnio is somet. found); buacaillide aichide dó, young men of his acquaintance.

Aitnio, -e, a., known, recognised.

See Aichio.

Aitnizim, vl. aitin, aitine, aitniužao, f. aitneotao, imper. Aitin, v. tr., I know, recognise, distinguish, discern.

Aitnim, vl., Aitin, v. tr., I command, enjoin, direct, bid, order; maji o'aitin oíob zan, where he commanded them not, etc. (also $\Delta i\dot{\tau}inim)$ (Kea., F. F.).

Aitnim, vl,, Aitin and Aitint, v. tr., I know, recognise, under-

stand.

Aithe, g. id., f., a beast of the cow kind (ox, bull, cow, etc.); also aine.

áicheab, -eib, -eaba, m., a dwelling, an abode, a residence (somet. \acute{a}_{1} \text{reab}, -e1\text{be}, f.).

Aitheabac, -ai \dot{z} , pl. id., m., an inhabitant; as a., habitable.

διτηε α δα ό, - δτα, m., act ofdwelling; tucc á., inhabitants. Aitheabaim, -ao, v. intr., I dwell,

inhabit.

Aitheac, -1115e, a., penitent, sorry.

Aitheatar, -air, m., repentance,

compunction, regret.

Aitneamail, -mla, a., paternal; like one's father; also atramait; ip atpamait an mac é, he is a son that is like or takes after his father (Oroeao Cloinne huirnis).

Aitheamtact, -a, f., fatherliness, paternal kindness; also atham-

tače.

Aithite, g. id., f., penitence, penance; compunction.

Aithige, g. id., f., an abdicated or forfeited kingdom (P. O'C.).

Aichigeac, -515, pl. id., m., a penitent, a devotee.

Aithiozao, -sta, m., act of dethroning.

Aichiożaim, -ao, v. tr., I dethrone, depose (a king).

Διτριγ, -e, f., act of imitating, mimicking, relating, reciting; as véanam a. ap, mimicking, imitating.

Aithireac, - μ i, pl. id., m., a

story-teller, a mimic.

Aithireac, -rize, a., mimicking, tale-telling.

Aitpirim, vl. aitpir, v. tr., I tell, narrate, report, repeat, recite; imitate, copy, mimic, ridicule (with an).

reciter, mimicker.

Aitreeathac, -haite, -haca, f., a vomit.

Aitronioneoin, -ona, -oinioe, m., a transcriber, a copyist; one who re-writes or re-casts a book.

Aitropiobao, -bia, m., act of transcribing, a transcript.

Διτρομίοθασόιμ, -όμα, -όιμισe, m., a transcriber, a copyist, a scribe.

Aitreniobaim, -ao, v. tr., I transcribe; write over again.

Aitriottáin, -ána, f., reconcilia-

Aitríteat, -tije, a., reconciled.

Aitineabao, -bia, m., re-plough-

āt, g. áit, pl. id. also átthaca, m., a brood, progeny, the young of any animal.

ala, g. id., m., in phr. ní paib ré ata na huaine teir, he had it done in the twinkling of an eye (Con.).

Ala (eala), g. id., pl. -aroe, m., a

trout (Ker.).

Ata, g. id., pl. -aroe, m., craft, skill. See eata.

Ala, a swan. See eals.

Alabáμο, - άιμο, pl. id., m., anything out of proportion, as a small zaprún hurling with a very tall man's camán (W. Ker.). Alac nám, a set or bank of oars.

álaö, -aiö, pl. id., m., a wound; spite, ill-feeling; bí á. azam terr, I had a spite against him; a grab; tus ré á. onm, he made a grab at me (Mayo).

Alaonac, -aize, a., crafty, comi-

cal. See estaonsc. Alaim. See ailim.

Alainn, gsf., Ailne and Aille, a., beautiful, handsome, lovely.

Alba, g. -ban, d. -bain, j., Scot-

Albanac, -ais, pl. id., m., a Scotchman; a Presbyterian or Protestant (U., pron. Alabnac). Albanac, -aiże, a., Scottish.

Aleit (ale), i leit (leit, dat. of teat, a side, etc.), aside, on this side, here; can a teit, come hither; cozan a teic cusam, a word with you in secret; to this side, to this time; ó join ale (a teit), from that day to this, from that time forward.

Alza, indec. a., noble; init alza, the noble island, i.e., Ireland (genly. 1mir ealsa, somet. 1mir Éilse); an thear ainm inir ealsa, .1. oileán uaral, the third name, Inis Ealga, i.e., the noble island ($Kea., \bar{F}. F.$). See eatsa.

Alzact, -a, f., nobility.

all = oll, a., (prefix) great.

All, g. aitt, pl. id., also -topaca, a rock.

Att, a., strange, alien; another.

All, yonder, beyond; foreign; anall (a n-all), hither, from beyond; tan anall, come hither. See tall.

Alla, allao, g. id., pl. allaroe, m., a hall (also halla).

Atta, God, Allah (P. F.).

Allabain (atlabain), -banta, f., an echo.

Alla-ċú, g.-ċon, d.-ċon, f., an alien hound, a foreigner; in pl., often the English.

Allaö, -aiö, pl. id., m., fame,renown; a present.

Allasan, -ain, m., true and distinet pronunciation, fluency of speech and proper accent.

Attaible, g. id., f., deafness resulting from great noise; deaf-

Allait, -e, -ioe, f., a term of opprobium applied to a heavy, ungainly woman.

Allaoine, g. id., f., deafness, hardness of hearing. See allalbhe.

all-buadac, -aije, a., triumphant, victorious over all.

Alleup, -uip, m., transposition; alleun na brocal, transposition of the words.

Allphairp, pl. - rrite, m., a scold, a barge, a rough fellow (pron. with termination like Eng. -atch, as in batch) (M.).

Alltion, -onta, m., gibber-

ish, jargon, gasconade. Allmónos, a., gigantic.

Allimunac, -ais, pl. id., m., a foreign pirate, a foreigner.

Allmunos, a., foreign, piratical;

exotic, outlandish.

Allmunoact, -a, f., barbarity; the state of being foreign or outlandish.

Allóo, -ó10, m., distance (of time); 'ran aimrifi i n-allóo, in the olden time.

Allt, Allt, m., cliff, side of glen; brook (chiefly in Scotland, as

Aille a' bonnaic).

Allta, a., wild, uncouth, fierce, savage; beataroesc allta, a brute beast; magnao allea, a

Alltact, -a, f., amazement; wild-

ness, savageness.

Alltán, -áin, pl. id., m., a fierce, wild man; a dull, stupid fellow: a fool.

Altrap, -aip, m., you side (of the country), the wilder parts; opposed to ceanntan, the nearer parts.

wildness, allear, -417, m.,

savagery.

alluntar, -sir, m., allowance,

dole, share (Aran).

Allur, -uir, m., sweat, perspiration; cuban alluir, a foam of sweat; as cup alluir (often with oe or o1), perspiring.

álmac, -aiz, m., a brood, a clutch, a sept or tribe; man átmac zéaona, like a clutch of geese.

Almpain, -aine, -ana, f., alms.

ator (= ar tor), prep., in respectof, owing to; a tor a brostuma, in consideration of their learning (Kea., F. F.).

Alpan, -pta, m., act of devouring in hig mouthfuls, swallowing

voraciously.

alpaim, -ao, v. tr., I devour, eat

up in large mouthfuls; alpao na noeaman ont (Váit ve Danna); alparo an rpóöla, they devour meat (Condon).

Alpanne, g. id., pl. -price, m., a glutton, a devourer; a grabber

of land (Aran).

Alpżail, -e, f., answering a person gruffly, scolding vehemently. See alpao.

Alp tuacha (also eanc tuacha, al luacha, aspe luacha), a

newt, a lizard.

Alpurac, -aize, a., free, bold.

 $\Delta t\tau$, g. $\Delta t\tau$, pl. id., m., a joint, the ankle, a knuckle of the finger; a division, a portion; a knot in timber; a section or chapter of a book; in-alt na huaine rin, at that very time; 1 n-alc an ionaro rin, at that very place; att be maibe, a piece of a stick; 1 n-alt a céile, in proper order, in coherence, coherently (Don.); tá ré 1 n-alt m'reicring, he is in a condition to see me; a Caros, ná tataín Tónna 'r zan é a n-att bun n-azattma, Tadhg, revile not Torna, who is not in a position to reply to you (1. O Cléinis, apud O'Br.); a mountain, a ravine, a gulph (Om.); a glen, esp. if wooded (Der.); tabain na haite oá, give him the knuckles, box him (Mayo); a written article (recent).

Alt-an-chorde, g. allt-, m., disease like a heart-burn, water-

Altán, -áin, pl. id., m., a step or height; a small division; a razor; a paragraph; dim. of alt; altán rceine, a strong, sharp knife (Ker.).

Altóin, y. -óna, -óine, -ónac, pl. -óine and -óna, f., an altar.

Altha, -an, -ana, f., a nourisher, a nurse, a foster father; bean altha, banaltha, a nurse.

Althamaim, -ao, v. tr., I nurse,

I foster.

Althanar, -air, pl. id., m., a

nursing; fosterage; altman-ACT, id.

Althom, -a, pl. id., m., a nursing; fosterage; atam althoma, a foster father.

Atružao, -uižte, pl. id., m., thanks, thanksgiving, genuslection, salutation; saying grace at meals.

Alcuitim, -użao, v. tr., I thank, salute, adore; az alcuzao bío, saying grace after meals.

Atuinn. See átainn.

Am, neg. prefix, in-, un-, not; also

intensive prefix.

ām, conj., verily, indeed; even; also; but, however; see ámac; vo buailrinn ám (nó ámac) ní munbrinn, I would strike, but would not kill.

Am, g. ama, pl. amanna, amannos, m., time, occasion; one's turn; more definite in its application than aimrean; 1 n-am, in time; an t-am, when; am an bit, any time, whenever; am eite, another time; rá'n am roin, at that time; o'aon am, on purpose; in-am'r i ochác or in-am τμάιτ, in good (early) time; but an-τράτ, an unsuitable time.

Am, a_1 me, a_2 , raw, uncooked.

Ama, g. id., pl. -aroe, f., the hames of a horse-collar; a yoke, slavery; bí an rhatan 'r an ama amoeir a noócáin, the straddle and the hames were awkward indeed; rá'n ama, in slavery; (m. in U.).

ámac (ámtac), conj., verily, in-

deed, however.

Amac, ad., out, outside (with motion); amac terr, out with him; ó roin amac, from that time forth; rior amac, down into the country, far down; amuis 'r amac, out and out.

Amao, -410, -41010e, m., a madman, a simpleton. See amaio. Amaoán, -áin, pl. id., m., a fool. amavánač, -aiże, a., foolish, silly.

Amadánact, (amadántact), -a,

f., folly.

Amadánta, indec. a., foolish, simple, childish.

Amaro, -e, pl. -roe, f., a fool, a foolish woman; an apparition, a ghost (Kea.); nom. Aimio.

Amaroeac, -orje, α ., mad, frantic; idiotic.

Amaroeact, -a, f., foolishness, derangement.

amait, a., like, as, like; amait azur, a. man, as if, as though.

Amaill, -le, f., act of sporting, diverting oneself with; a strata-

gem ($Ke\alpha$.)

Amáin, adv., only, alone, merely; act a., except, only; son tá a., one day, on a certain day; riú amáin, even; aon... amáin, one only; don nío dinám ir eao é, it comes to the same thing.

Aniaip, -e, α ., musical.

Amainreac, -rize, α ., distrustful, suspicious, doubtful.

amal, -ail, pl. id., a simpleton; amat zan čiatt, a senseless idiot (Fer.) (same as samat)

Amalac, -aize, a., curled (of the hair).

Amaltar, -air, pl. id., m., sorrow, grief, vexation.

Amanaptan (amanatan, M.) = um an oincean, ad. of time, on the day after to-morrow; lá 1 n-ointean, id. See ontean, also bá-

Amantan, -ain, m., chance, fortune, luck, good luck, success,

a wind-fall.

Aman, -ain, m, music, speech.

Amánac (1 mbánac, 1 mbánneac), ad. of time, on to-morrow. See bánac.

Amajiaz, -a1z, m., mustard.

imapaic, -e, f., scurvy grass, cochlearia.

Amajic, -aijic, pl. id., m., sight, vision, seeing, a representation, a scene; a. an tae, dawn (M.). (In Don. amajic is used commonly for the sight of the eyes, in M. nabanc is the usual word;

can faicim aon amanc, I can't see a stime-U.).

Amagic, -aijic, m., act of searching for, looking for (Don.); act of pointing out (the way) (M.)

Amajicac, -aize, a., interesting, pleasant to survey or meditate

on; fond.

amagicaim, vl. amagic, v. tr., I see, look at; keep; in Om. also I watch, judge, search for.

Amarctann, -ainne, -anna, f., a theatre, a place for shows or

exhibitions.

Amajijián, -áin, m., oppression, distress, misfortune; 5:011a an amannáin, the unfortunate fel-

low (D, R).

amar, -air, pl. amra and amranna, m., a mercenary soldier, a recruit; a wild, ungovernable man, a madman; a beast, a glutton, a monster.

amar, -air, pl. id., m., a hitting, marking, a home stroke; an at-

tack; a guess.

amár (1 mbár?), inter. of surprise and incredulity; amáp ní pažan a baite, surely you will not go home! (M.).

Amarac, -aize, a., witless, stupid; passionate, impulsive, wild, un-

governable, gluttonous.

Amarán, -áin, pl. id., m., a stupid,

dull man; a greenhorn.

Δmaróz, -όιze, -όza, f., a little bitch; a little barker; a foolish or fierce woman.

Amarcan, -ain, m., a dog's bark

(amarchac, id.).

amartuuitim, -utat and amarτρικό, v. intr., I bark (as a dog). ambanac, ad. of time, on to-mor-

row. See banac.

ambara (im bara), inter., by my hand, really! truly! a form of

asseveration. Sec bar.

Amearc, a mearc, 1 mearc, comp. prep., among, amongst, amid, between, with gen. or poss. prn.; 1 n-a mearc, among them; 1 mearc usrat, among nobles (Kea., F. F.).

Amén, amen (the word is pron. aimion in M.).

Ampoppian, -ain, m., oppression,

distress. See amanijan.

Amzan, -ain (pron. amnzan), m., inconvenience, disadvantage, affliction; hunger, an unsatisfied want.

Amzanac, -aiże (pron. amnznac), a., inconvenienced, hungry, craving for food.

Amzanaim, -ao, v. tr., I vex, afflict, trouble.

Amitan, -aine, a., impure. Amtabain, -anta, f., bad delivery in speaking, stammering.

Amlabancac, -aice, a., stammering, mute, dumb; s.m. (g. -ais, pl. id.), a stammerer, a stutterer.

Amilaro, s. m. and a., thus, so, the same; amtaro pin, in that manner; amlaro azur, as if; Suprab (50 mb') amtaro ourt. may it be so to you, the same to you; ip amtaio oo bi an rcéal, this was the state of the case: cá ré a., it is as you say; 17 a. oo cuih m'acaih riop one, my father sent for you (where ip a. is not translated); oin ir amtaro o' forttrisear sunab amlaro vo zarpití ua Domnaitt, for it is thus it describes that the way in which O'Donnell was proclaimed (Kea., F. F.); vá méro . . . ip amlaro ip luza, the more . . . the less; ní't vá méro . . . nac amilaro ir tuža, the more . . . the less; amtaro rin, accordingly (Kea., F. F.); often in apodosis to 1 n-a 10nao: ex., azur 1 n-a 10nao rain 17 amtaro vo cuipir vo bean ing an luac-Ain cum beit az éipteact liom.

amlat (=10mlor?), m.; ruain ré amlat món, it suffered much from exposure to inclement weather (of hay, etc.) (Con.).

amtóz, -óize, óza, f., a female

fool, a witless person.

Amtón, -óna, -ónnoe, m., a fool, an idiot, a boor; a fool who imagines himself wise. abloin.

Amtuao, -a, m., tribulation, distress; m'amtuao! alas!

Amnáine, g. id., f., shamelessness, immodesty.

Amnániesc, -mize, a., shameless, immodest.

amός, -όιςe, -όςa, f., a bound, a

leap. See abbos.

Ampall, -aill, m., voracity, greed, hunger; tá an-ampall Aiji, he is very voracious; oo renib an zonca azur vo léiz vo'n ampall (Váit ve Vappa). See amplao.

Amplac, -aiże, a., greedy, covet-

ous, voracious.

amplacán, -áin, pl. id, m., a

glutton; a grabber.

Amplao, -aio, m., voracity, great hunger; cant, amplac Jup ainc, thirst, greed and voracity.

Amplamail, -mla, a., voracious. Ampla, a., good, great, noble;

prosperous, lucky.

Ampa, g. id., m., a poem, an elegy, lamentation, as, ampa Columnitte.

Anipar, -pair, pl. id., and -pairioe, m., doubt, suspicion, anxiety, distrust; zan ampar, doubtless.

Amparac, -aiże, a., suspicious, doubtful. Also ampaireac.

Ampac, - α 15e, α ., hitting, striking. Ampán, -áin, pl. id., m., a cur

dog.

Amproaoroeac, -orige, α ., careless, untidy; nac ampeacioeac a Šléapair tú réin, how carelessly, untidily you dressed.

Ampcannac, -ais, m., grey dawn. Amuoa, astray; léizean amuoa, to let (it) go to loss, be lost; oul amuoa, to go astray, be

lost. See muos.

Amuis, ad., out, outside, without (without movement); teat a., in addition to; teat-ip-muis, learmuis, outside; caob amuis, outside; cá puo amuis asam, I am a creditor; tá riao amuis

te céite, they are not en speaking terms; an c-ainm ip bpectta amuit, the finest name of all; bi re amuit ain 50, it was said of him that, etc.

Amuillio, g. id., pl. -roe, f., a trifle, a trick, amusement.

an- (aspirates), neg. prefix un-, in-, not-; prefixed to nouns often it signifies bad or evil; cf. use of an in words like anitaitear and anoune, which see.

An, intens. prefix very, when prefixed to adjectives, as tá an lá an-boz, the day is very soft; great, when prefixed to substantives, as bí an-lá azainn, we had a great day (pron. and very

generally).

An, def. art., gsf. na, pl. na (aspirates nom. sing. f. and m. sing. gen., eclipses g. pl.); the, sometimes also not translated into English, as an bár, death in general; ip uaizneac an puo an bár, death is a lonesome thing; but ruain ré bár, he died; talam na héijieann, the land of Ireland. An is often used in close combination with preps., especially those ending with a vowel, as oo'n or oon, 1 pan, 'pan or pan, 1 pna or 'p na, o'n or on, zup an, teip an, oo na or oor na.

An, interr. part., whether? sign of interrogation (eclipses): before past tense becomes an in reg. verbs, and aspirates.

án, a., noble; pure, pleasant;

elegant.

āna, g. id., f., nobility, pros-

perity.

anabaro, a., immature, unripe; also, very ripe (an, intens. prefix, meaning very).

Anac, -ais, pl. -aise, m., a path, a road, a pass; often in place

names. See eanac.

anacail, -cla, f., quiet, rest; protection; act of guarding, defending. See anacat.

Anacain, g. -e and -cna, f., harm,

damage, calamity; a. vo véanam an . . . to do harm to; "ni't mait 'ran reancur nuain bior an anacain véanta," "there is no use in talking when harm is done" (the word is accented in second syllable.—M.).

Anacain, -cha, pl. id., f., affliction, calamity, distress (of mind or body), inconvenience; cf. 1 n-anacain choice 'zur bhón, in distress of heart and in sorrow

(Cosan Cóin, a song).

Anacat, -ait, m., act of protecting, deliverance; mercy, quarter, safety.

Anactaim, -cait and -cat, v. tr., I protect, safeguard. See ainicim.

Anacha, g. id., f., distress, misery. See anacam.

Anachać, -aiże, a., miserable, wretched, awkward.

Anáo, -áio, m., misfortune.

Anartóro, -e, -roe, f., a fish with a large cloven breast (Ker.).

Anażaió (1 n-ażaió), against, before, with hostile intent; with g. or with poss. prn. before ażaió. See ażaió.

Anagapp, -app, m., corrupted matter, organic matter in a very advanced state of decay.

Anaice te, i n-aice te, near,

beside. See aice.

Anaiceao, -cte, pl. id., m., a purification.

Anaicim, -ceaò, imper., -aic, v. tr., I save, protect, purify. See ainicim.

Anaim, I wait, remain, etc. See

Anáiμo, -e, f., an unsettled state, perversion, disorder.

Anáipoe (1 n-áipoe), on high, up, above. See áipoe.

Anaipt, -e, -eaca, f., coarse, homespun linen, canvas.

Anaite (prop. anpao), g. id., a storm, an atmospheric disturbance, fear, terror, consternation, the result of terror, as fast breathing, wild looks, etc., a state of terror.

Anaicnio, a., unknown.

Anát, -áite, -átac, and -áta, f. (somet. m. in Don.), the breath, breathing; as cappains na hanátac, taking one's time, going slowly (drawing one's breath), also, drawing the last breath, dying.

Anátac, -aiże, f., a chronicle,

annals. See annáta.

An-all, a., very great, vast, tremendous.

anatt, ad., hither, to this side, over in this direction, (to) here, thenceforward; anonn'r anatt, backwards and forwards, hither and thither, here and there.

Anallóo (1 n-allóo), adv., of yore, of the olden time. See

allóo.

Anátuża, -uiże, m., breathing; in grammar, the aspiration of a letter.

Anátuiţim, -uţaö, and -átaö, v. intr., I breathe; I aspirate (in

grammar).

Anam, g. anma, anama, pl. (anama?), anmanna, f., but nom. is usually m., soul, life; vigour, activity; 1r tuacman an τ-anam, life is precious; as μιτ te n-' anam, running for the bare life; 1 mbáph an anama, id. (Mayo); 1 στάπαιρτε an anama, id. (M.).

An-am, m., indec., an unseasonable time, non-season; 1 n-am azur 1 n-an-am, in season and out of

season.

Anamain, -mna, v. n.f., act of re-

maining. See ranamain.

Anamamait, -mta, a., lively, vigorous (the word may be applied to a beast as well as to a man).

anam-caipoear, -oir, m., friend-

ship.

Anam-capta, -captao, -captoe, m. and f., a soul-friend, a confessor.

An-A016, -e, f., discomfort, distress.

An-Aoibe, g. id., f., discomfort,

distress, unpleasantness; sorbesct, id.

Anaoibinn, -bne, a_{i} , unpleasant, unhappy, calamitous.

Anaorta, a., not aged, young; also, very old.

An-ápraio -e, a., not aged, young; also, very old, ancient.

Anarcam, -e, a., rough, coarse, uncouth.

anba, a., prodigious, great, terrible.

anbár, -áir, pl. id., m., a sudden, violent death.

anbrainne, g. id., f., weakness, exhaustion; anorann, -ainne, id.

Antrior, g. -reara and -rir, m., ignorance; want of knowledge; tuce an ambreara, all the ignorant (O'Gall.).

anbriopac, -aiże, a., ignorant,

without knowledge.

anblarao, -rca, m., great taste, over-liking (Kea.) (also blairear).

anbreat, -eite, f., an unjust sen-

tence, a condemnation.

anbhoro, -noroe, f., captivity, great tyranny, slavery; dire distress.

Anbruit, -e, m., soup, broth (pron. anainte in nom. and gen.).

Anbuaine, g. : d., f., unsteadiness, dismay.

Anbuaineac, -nize, α ., full of care (P. O'C.).

anbuan, -aine, a., unsteady.

Ancáineao, g. -ni \dot{g} te, -nte, m., blasphemy, slander, reviling.

Ancainnt, -e, pl. -eaca, f., a rail-

ing, a reviling.

Ancaine, g. id., pl. -proe, f., an anchor; a wooden tub, an "anker."

Ancaine, g. id., pl. -proe, m., a hermit, an anchorite.

Ancaiceam, m., ill-use of time, etc. See caiteani.

Ancar, -air, m., a bad case, trouble.

An-claon, -aoine, a., very much addicted to, very perverse.

Anconos, indec. a., of or belonging

to a mastiff, wolf-dog, etc.; brave, valiant.

anconoact, -a, f., the audacity of a mastiff; bravery, valour.

Anchoroe, g. id., m., malevolence; thé old agur thé anchoide, through malice and an evil disposition (Kea., F. F.).

Anchotac, -aite, a., ugly, mis-

shapen.

Anchut, -chots, m., deformity.

Ancú. See oncú.

Ancuro, -cooa, f., an excessive part or share; rather much; a great many, with gen.

Ancumta, a., deformed.

An-cupam, -aim, m., excessive care, solicitude.

Anoaro! anoaor! interj., really! (M.).

A noé, also 1 noé, adv., yester-

day. See ois.

A noisio (i noisio), adv., after, behind (of place); tá mé a notato mo cior o'ioc, I have just paid my rent (Con.); a notato a céite, after each other, one after another. See o1a10.

An-oiosaltac, -aise, a., very

revengeful.

Anoin (inoin), adv., to-day. See ois and inoiu.

Anoócar, - a_{1} r, m_{1} , presumption. An-voinceact, -a, f., the darkness

of nightfall.

Anonoblar, -air, pl. id., m., excessive squandering.

An-ouaspeear, -cir, pl. id., m., great sorrow, discontent, disagreeableness.

Anount, -e, f., avidity, inordinate desire.

Anoune, g. id., pl. -baoine, m., a wicked man (the σ is silent in U.)

Ané, anéi (a noé, i noé), yesterday. See oia.

An eaö, is it? forsooth!

Anrac. See anravac.

Angao, -aio, m., storm, a tempest, a disturbance in the elements; tear, terror (pron. anaite, which see); le hançao nzaoite, by a storm (Kea., F. F.).

Anrabac, -baije and -raije, a., stormy; overflowing; terrible.

Anrlac, -a15, -a15e, m., a sea

monster (Ker.).

Anflait, -ata, pl. id., m., a tyrant, an usurper; "an t-anflait Tuingéir" (Kea.).

Anglaiteat, (-tlatac), •€15e

(-taite), a., tyrannical.

Antlaitear, -tip, -teara, m., tyranny; dominion, predominance.

anrocain (anacain), -e, f., harm,

damage, calamity.

Anrolláin, -e, a., unwholesome. An-rolláin, -e, a., very whole-

some.

Anfortann, -ainn, m., violence,

oppression, onslaught.

Anza, g. id., pl. -zaca, f., a net; a notch in wood (also eans, -a).

anżábao, m., what is unnecessary; b'anżábao oóib é, it was needless for them. Sábab.

anscame, f., an anchor. See an-

cathe.

anstair, -e, f., milk and water; any diluted or inferior liquor; A. té, bad or ill-made tea (also eanstair).

anglair, -e, -ioe, f., the cat-fish

(Ker.).

Anian, ad., from the west, eastwards (with motion), from behind, from a position of lying down in bed to a position of sitting up; vo ruiv ré anian 'ran teabaro, he sat up in bed; up, over (U. and Mea.); ex., 'nuain Δ σ'amainc ré anian 'ré onuio mé nao rian, when he looked over I moved back from him; tá máta anian ain, he has a bag on his back.

Anior, (with motion) from below, up, upwards; up to the point at which the speaker is supposed

to be.

Aniu, a n-1uò, aniuż (inoiu), to-

day. See oia.

An-laránta, indec. a., very passionate, violent, impulsive.

An-lút jámeac, -m je, a., overjoyed.

An-machar, -air, m., excessive

desire, lust.

Anmain, -e, -amna (anamain, pan- α main), f., act of remaining, delaying. See ranmain.

Animian, -méine, -mianta, f., concupiscence, lust, sensuality.

Anmianac, -aiże, a., sensual, lustful, fond of dainties.

Ann, pronoun comp. with 1, "in it," there, used to express existence with acám; acá Oia ann, God exists, there is a God; ir breat an aimpean atá ann, this is fine weather we have; annyo, here; annyoin, annyuo, there; ir ann baoib, it is your custom; annyain, emphatic.

Annáta, g., -aċ, annals; pl., also annátai and annátaca (Kea.)

Annam, g. id., m. (adj. used as noun), a rare occasion; 54c annam, every rare occasion; 17 annam bíor tláit, seldom are they downcast (Kea.).

Annam, seldom, rare; an nuo ir annam ir ionzantač, seldom seen is wonderful; ir annam Tomnac, there is scarce a Sun-

Annamact, -a, f., rareness, scar-

city, fewness of times.

Annta, g. id., pl. -aroe and -aoa, m., a haunch, the leg, a leg (of

mutton).

Anntann, -ainn, m., sauce, condiment, pickles; applied to fish, meat, etc., taken with bread; ir mait an t-annlann an t-ocpar, hunger is a good sauce; trac ime uairte o'anntann, a measure of butter upon it for condiment (Kea., F. F.).

Annópac, -aiże, a., unusual.

annorman, -aipe, a., out of the common.

Annuact, -a, f., the highest degree of poetry next to the ollamh; great grief, fit of crying.

Annya, irreg. comp. of 10nmuin, a., dear, fond; ir annra teir. he prefers; an bean in annua tiom rein, the woman I love best (Fer.)

annra, g. id., f., affection. See

annract.

Annract, -a, f., affection, love; a darling; annract mná, a darling woman.

Annycian, -pcine, -pceana, f., a

wild, desperate man.

Annrin, annroin, pr. ad., in that; then, there, thereupon.

Annro, pr. ad., here; in this.

Anocc, ad., to-night.

anoin (with motion), from the east, westward, towards where the speaker is supposed to stand.

Anoir, ad., now; anoir beag, anoir vineac, just now; 'reav anoir, 'read anoir ir odis, well

indeed! very well!

anonn, ad., thither, to that side, over yonder, beyond, in that direction; anonn 'r anall, backwards and forwards, hither and thither; anonn 'ran oroce, late at night; nior ruice anonn 'ra' teaban, further on in the book (Con.); tá ir ria anonn 'ná an lá moiu, at a later date than to-day, in the remote future.

Anoposioesct, -s, f., inordinateness; want of restraint or moderation.

Anonousao, -uiste, m., absence

of order. Anopouisce, p.a., unrestrained,

immoderate. Angrao, -aro, pl. id., m., a warrior,

hero; a champion.

Annait, -e, f., linon (Mayo, C. S., vol. II., p. 354). See anaipt. Annat, g. id., m., misfortune,

decrease, ill-luck. See onoc-11AC.

Anno (annoż), g. id., and -noiż, m., persecution, misery, distress, hardship; severe weather.

Annosac, -aise, a., miserable, wretched, distressing.

Annoisteac, -tise, a., miserable, wretched.

Anramtact, -a, f-, incomparability.

Anrarta, a., unsatisfying, displeased.

Anjártact, -a, f., uneasiness, dissatisfaction,

Anreuice, pl., immovable rocks (Ker.).

Anrmact, -a, m., tyranny.

Anjocain, a., uncomfortable, unsteady (Kea.).

Anróż, -óiż, m., misery, destitu-

Anrožač, - a_1 že, a_2 miserable, wretched, uncomfortable.

Anrusac, -aise, α., cheerless. An z-, def. art., the form used before m. nouns beginning with vowel in nom. and acc., as tá an c-ainsead an an sclan; before gen. of m. nouns beginning with r, as cis an crasaine; also before f. nouns beginning with r in nom. and acc. : vo rníom ré an criac.

An can, when? an can ro, now;

an can roin, then.

Antlár, -áir, pl. id., m., merriment, amusement; greed; trouble, vexation.

antlápac, -ais, pl. id., a facetious, merry fellow; a greedy

person.

Antoil, -oile, also -ola, f., excessive desire, self-will, pleasure, evil disposition.

Antoileac, -lije, wilful, stub-

born.

Antoiteamait, -mta, a., wilful, obstinate; lustful, sensual.

Antoilim, v. tr., I lust after.

Antoircteac, -tite, a., extreme; boctact a., extreme poverty (Kea.); unawares, unexpected (P. O'C.).

Anthát, -A, m., an unseasonable time; 1 n-a., at an unseasonable time, too late, untimely; in phr. 1 n-am 1r 1 n-anthát, in season and out of season.

Anthátac, -aize, a., untimely, unseasonable.

Anthátamail, -mla, a., just in

time, very timely; also untimely.

Anthom, -nume, a., very heavy, oppressive, grievous.

Anthom, -nume, f., sorrow, op-

pression.

Anτιμιο, -e, f., home-made linen; used in making coarse sheets; τά γέ ċoṁ teatan te απτιμιο παοι ξεέαο, he is as proud as a quilt of 960 threads (Con.). See απαιμε.

Antuaro, -e, f., Antioch. (In folk-

tales, somet. Ancost, -e.)

An-uaban, -ain, m., great pride. An-uaibneac, -niże, a., very proud. An-uaitt, f., inordinate pride.

An-uaill (an-uall), -e, f., a great shout.

An uain, anuain (usually 'nuain or nuain), conj., when; because, since.

Annairte, g. id., f., baseness, ignobleness; also great nobility.

Anualpleact, -a, f., baseness, ignobleness; lowness of station.

Anuar, ad., down, downwards, from above (with motion); with an, resting on; an z-éaoac azá ain, the clothes he wears; an z-éaoac azá anuar ain, the bed-clothes that cover him; oo cáiniz ré anuar rice púnz, he lowered his demand by twenty pounds; az out ruar ir anuar teaz, contending with you on terms of equality; caivé an ruar ir anuar a bí azaz teir, why did you give him tit for tat? ní cuinrinn mé réin ruar ir anuar téi, I wouldn't place myself on an equality with her.

Anuarat, -uairte, a., ignoble;

also very noble.

An-uatbárac, -aiţe, a., terrible, dreadful, awful.

anumta, g. id., f., disobedience.

Anumlact, -a, f., disobedience; unwillingness.

Anuparo, ad., last year; during last year; in the course of last

year; pron. anulpio, M. Aob, g. aoibe, f., cheerfulness.

Aoboa, indec. α., comely, beautiful; cheerful, pleasant.

Λοδόλος, -A, pleasantness; de-

light; beauty.

Δοό, -a, m., a man's name, Hugh. Δοόαζάη, -áin, m., a man's name, as Δοόαζάη μα Βαταιlle.

Accounting, m. (little Aodh, Hugh),

Hughdie.

Aούλητε, Αοζλητε, g. id., pl. -ηελύλ, -ηιύε and -ηιύε, a herd, a pastor, a guard.

 α 03610eac (α 3610eac), -013e, α .,

quarrelsome (E. R.).

Ao1, g. id., f., respect, honour; science, literature, poetry.

Aoibe, g. id., f., civility, kindness; neatness, elegance; pleasantness. See Aob.

Aoıbeat, -bit, pl. id., m., fire, a spark of fire; ná réio aoibeat gan raougaö, do not blow a spark that is not kindled.

Anibeatt, f., the bean sidhe of the Daleassians, who was supposed to dwell at Carraiglea (cf., Anibeatt na Cappaise Léire).

Aoibill, -e, a., pleasant, merry,

joyous.

Antitl, -e, f., act of frisking

(Don.).

Aoibinn, -bne, a., delightful, pleasant, beautiful; 17 Aoibinn oó, it is well for him.

Anitneat, -nite, a., glad, happy. Anitnear, -neara and -nir, m., delight, delightfulness, joy, pleasure, gladness; landscape beauty; joy from external objects, as distinct from átar, joy from internal considerations.

Another, m., act of amusing oneself; as of 17 as anther, drinking and amusing themselves (E. R.).

A010e. See ioe.

Aoiöe, g. id., pl. -eaöa, m., a guest, a traveller, a stranger; dpl., ΔοιöeΔολιδ (Kea.) (also Δοιξε).

Δοι ο e a c τ , - a, f., hospitality, entertainment; τε a c αοι ο e a c τ a

sol

401 a tavern, a house of entertain-

Aoroeactac, -arte, a., hospitable; pertaining to a guest (Aoroeac, id.).

Aoroeactact, -a, f., hospitality, entertainment for travellers.

Aoise, g. id., pl. Aoisioe, dpl.

 $\Delta 01510eacc$, - Δ , f.; see $\Delta 010eacc$. Aoit-cnear, -cnir, m., a fair white

skin.

Aoıl-cheir, -e, pl. -roe, f., a fair

Aoiteac, g. Aoitis, m., dung, manure; a dunghill; cann soitis, a dung-heap; Aoteac eatlais, farm-yard manure.

A0117eoz, -015e, -054, f., a caterpillar (nom. also att-

reoz).

Aoin-, in comp. = aon (often written éin-), one; aoinneac, any one; aoin-rean, any man, one

Aoin-ciall, -céille, f., agreement

of judgment.

Aoin-viceall; -cill, m., one continuous effort.

Aoine, g. id. and Aoineac, pl. -nce, f., Friday; fasting, abstinence; Osa haosne, on Friday; Céao-Aoin(e) f., Wednesday; Oianoaoin, f., Thursday; Oiapoaoin Oearsabáta, Ascension Thursday; some an Céaroa, Good Friday.

Aoinfeact (éinfeact), m., one time, once; in phr., 1 n-somreact, together; 1 n-aoinreact

te, together with.

Aoinfean, -fin, m., one man, a sole man; compac aoinfin, single combat, duel; son reap, any man, with neg., no man. $(Ke\alpha.)$

Aoin-żein, -e, f., the only Be-

gotten.

Aoin-incinn (éin-incinn), -ne, f., one mindedness, one mind.

Aoinne, g. id., m., any one, any person (also éinne).

Aoinneac (éinneac), m., anybody, any one.

Aoinnío (éinnío) -neice, m., anything, at all; with neg., nothing. Δοιη-γτιύμτόιη, -όμα, -όιμισe, m.,

sole director.

Aoin-tizear, -zir, m., a living under one roof, a dwelling together, cohabitation.

Aoin-creinc, -creince, f., special

love.

Aoipoe, g. id., f., height, stature: σά ασιμσε, howsoever high.

Aoine, q. id., pl. -proe, m., a satirist.

Aoijim, -peao, v. tr., I satirize,

abuse. See sonaim.

Aoir, -e, pl. id., f., ago, era, century, an age; o'aoir, of age (so many years old); ciall le coir na haoire, sense with age; ní tazann ciall poim aoir, sense does not come before age.

Aoiceoo, m., the crisis in fever (corruption of raotužao.)

Act, g. Acit, pl. Acta, m., lime; a very bright colour.

Aolao, -laa, m., act of growing

pale or white.

Aotam, -ao, v. tr., I lime, whitewash, plaster, intr., I grow pale. Aot-bylat, -byluit, pl. id., m., a

lime-white cloth, canvas.

Aot-bhuz, -bhuiz, pl. id., m., alime-white mansion, a fair dwelling.

Act-copp, -cuipp, pl. id., m., a lime-white body, a fair body.

Act-chob, -choib and -chuib, pl. id., -choba and -chobaca, m., a lime-white fair hand (from fingers to wrist).

Aol-chotac, -aize, α ., of limewhite appearance, of beautiful form; as subs., a beautiful

person.

Actos, indec. a., lime-white, fair, beautiful; whitewashed, limewashed.

Aot-oat, -a, pl., -tanna, m., lime-

Aol-zonao, -nica, m., act of limeburning.

Aot-torcao, -cta, m., act of lime-burning, kiln-drying.

Aolmac (aolbac), -aize, a., limewhite, beautiful.

Aolman, -anne, a., lime-white, fair, beautiful; containing lime. Aol-píob, -píbe, f., a lime-white throat.

Aoluizim, -użażo, v. tr., I whitewash, plaster. See aolaim.

Aomaim, -aò, v. tr., I bend, incline, attract.

Aon (in comp. Aon-, Aon-), one, a single one, only, the only (often with amain); the one, the same, any; at all, with neg. no, none, not any: aon ip pice, aon ap ricio, twenty-one; aon ouine, aon neac, any one, anybody; with neg., no one, nobody; son eite, another; aon tá amáin, one day, once upon a time; son te, together with; son nio, anything; with neg., nothing; aon uain, aon uain amáin, once, once upon a time; an aon, together; man aon, along with, together with; sac son, every one. Aon is sometimes accented, and forms one word with the following nouns, as: bioman apaon ap aon-rcoit, we both attended the same school; comnac aon-rip, single combat; but it is not accented in phrases like ní haon maicear ouic beic as cainne, there is no use in your talk; ní't azam act aon reitting amáin, I have but a single shilling, and should then be regarded as a separate word. The accentuation of son takes place when emphasis is to be laid on the singleness, unity, or identity of the idea conveyed by the following word; thus, ni't aon bhis leir an brocal rain, that word has no meaning; but aoin-bhis ir ead atá leir an oá rocat, both words have one and the same meaning. In the first of these two sentences aon is not emphasised, and should

not form one word with bpis. If the word amain follow in the sentence it sometimes takes the emphasis off aon. Aon was in the 16th century, and is in modern times, often written éan, and in compounds aon becomes éin. An objection to these forms is this, that frequently in poetry aon has to be pronounced aoin (with broad n), which is a recognised sound of ao in Con. and U.; but the spelling éan does not lend itself to that sound.

Aonać, -aiż, pl. -aiże and aoncaiże, g. pl. aoncać, m., a fair; an assembly; a meeting; a hostile gathering; Aonać Caitceann, the fair of Tailte (Kea.).

Aon-abancac, -aiże, a., one-horned; unicorn.

Aonaiżeact, -a, f., attendance at fairs.

Aonain (prop. gs. of aonan), a., alone, lonely.

Aonah, -aih, m., singleness; one person alone; im aonah, I alone, by myself; io aonah, you alone, by yourself, etc. (gs., aonah, used commonly as adj., peah aonaih, one or a single man).

Aonapac, -aige, a., lonely, alone. Aonapan, -ain, pl. id., m., a solitary person, one alone by himself.

Aonapánac, -aiçe, a., alone, solitary, destitute.

Aonapánta, indec. a., alone, solitary.

Aonapoa, indec. a., solitary, single, lonely.

Aonapoace, -a, f., loneliness, singularity.

Aon-batt, -batt and -boitt, m., one spot; an a., 1 n-a., in one place together; ni't ré 1 n-a., it is nowhere.

Δοη-δάμη, -άιμη, pl. id.; m., unique supremacy.

Aon-cáp, -áip, m., sole cause, etc. See cáp.

Aon-coill, f., one wood, a continuous wood.

Aon-copp, -cuipp, m., singleness, earnestness; te ha. σίοξηαις, with earnestness of zeal (Ε. R.)

Aon-corac, -aije, a., one-legged,

single-footed.

Aon-cú, g. -con, pl. -con, dpl. -conato, f., a chief hound (said of a prince), sometimes in a disparaging sense.

Aonoa (Aonta), a., simple, singular, particular, unmixed, single, unmarried, inviolate; pórta 17 Aonoa, married and single.

Aonoact, -a, f., unity, agreement. Aon-oat, -oata, m., the same colour.

Aonoatac, -aije, a., of one colour.

Aon-véas, num. eleven.

Aonouine (Aoinne and éinne), g. id., m., one person, any one; with

neg. no one, nobody.

Aon-reap, -rip, pl. id., m., chief man or husband; any man, one man, gen. used as a.; compac aom-rip, single combat.

Aon-reiom, f., a single united effort; v'a., of set purpose.

Aon-rocat, -ait, m., one word; agreement; bíoman an a., we were in agreement.

Aon-form, -furme, f., unifor-

mitv.

Aon-jealt, -jeilt, m., a very

mad person.

Aon-żnó, in phr., o'aon żnó bíor, "on purpose" I was, I meant it for a deliberate joke (pron. o'ao-żnó); o'aon żnó cużac a bíor, I was only joking at your expense.

Aonzur, -a, m., Angus.

Aon-żuż, -żoża, m., one voice; in n-a. te, in unison with; o'aon-żuż, unanimously.

Aon-láitheacar, -air, m., associa-

tion, constant presence.

child; the Only Begotten Son.

Aon-leannán, -áin, pl. id., m., chief or only love.

Aon-mac, -mic, m, with art., the only Son of God.

Aonmao, ord. of aon, one, used in

composite numerals; aonmao oéas, eleventh; aonmao appicio, twenty-first.

Aonman, -aine, α ., lonely.

Aonnac, -aize, a., lonely. See aonapac.

Aonpacánac, -aite, a., desolate,

lonely.

Aonpacánact, -a, f., solitude, desolation.

Aonhaic, -aca, m., one person, a person alone or without help; τά mé 'm' aonhaic, I am alone or helpless (Con.).

Aonpanac, -aize, a., lonely. See

aonapánac.

Aonta, indec. a., single, untouched, etc. See Aonta.

Aontac, -aite, a., willing, of one mind.

Aontact, -a, f., unity, agreement. Aontao, -tca, m., consent, suffrage, willingness; license, permission; celibacy. See Aonta.

Aontaoac, -aige (aontac), a., willing, of one mind, agreeable.

Aon-taob, -taoibe and -taoib, m. and f., the same side; o'aon-taoib, together.

Aontap, -aip, m., consent, willingness.

Aon-toit, g. -oite and -ota, f., agreement, one mind.

Aon-τοιγς, -τοιγςe, f., one common purpose; o'aon-τοιγς, of set purpose, deliberately. See τοιγς. Aonτυζάο, -τυιζές, m., act of

assenting; consent, agreement.
Annuiţim, -uţaō, v. intr., I
assent to, consent, agree (with
te or aḥ); or without prep.:

no aontuiţ Saōb a manbaō,
Sadhbh consented to its being
killed (Tor. D. agus G.).

Aon-cuizrinc, -e, f., the same mind or understanding.

Aontuite, p. a., united, agreed; of one purpose.

Aonzuiţteat, -tiţe, a., willing, voluntary.

Aontuma, g. id., f., continence (Kea.).

Aon-tupar, -air, m., one single

journey; in-a., ad., purposely, of set purpose.

Aon-uaim, o'aon-uaim, of one report, at one time, all together.

Aon waip, adv., once, one time; aon waip amain, once, once upon a time; aon waip, at any time; aon waip ip mait teat, whenever you like.

Aon-úim: 1 n-a-, purposely, of set purpose (Con., spelling phonetic).

See son-usim.

Aoη, Aoη, pl. id., m., a lampoon, a personal attack in prose or verse; a satire, a curse.

Λομας (Δεμελς), -Διζε, α., airy;

beautiful; light, gay.

Δομας, -Διζε, α., satirical, sarcastic.

Aoμao, -μτα, m., act of reviling, abusing, satirizing.

Λομαιόε, g. id., pl. -αιότε, m., a herdsman, a guard.

Δομαιm, -αό, v. tr., I satirise, I curse, I abuse, revile.

Aομρ, -a, pl. id., m., an aim; cus ré aομρ aιμ, he took aim at it (Der.); = οιόιμρ of Scotch Gaelic.

Aor, g. Aora, pl. id., m., people, folk;generation; people of the same profession or craft; age, old age (poet.); aor léitinn, students; an c-aor os, the youthful generation; aor vána, poets; aor Spáda, lovers; aor céipoe, artists; aor cumainn, dear friends; aor reanma, playing and singing folk; aor anuarat, an ignoble race (Kea., F. F.); dor reanma na Sclainreac, harpers (id.); upmóp sops reanma na héineann, the greater part of the singing folk of Ireland (id.). Aor occurs also in tribal or territorial names, as Aor Théine (Co. Limerick), Aor Thi maise (same county).

Aorac, -aise, a., old, ancient (this word occurs in some versions of

Kea., F. F.).

Aoránac, -aiz, pl. id., m., a young person.

Αογήαμ, - α , aged; " α , α b' α or α in α in - α or α who were not old in years ($O'R\alpha$.).

Aορτα, p. a., old, aged, worn-out. Aοριιζιm, -uζαό, v. intr., I grow old, I arrive at a given age; ό ο'αοριιζιρ blιαόλιπ, since you were a year old; ό σ'αοριιζιρ

Apa, g. id., pl., -paroe and -panna

ruar, since you grew up.

and -paoa, m., an ape.

Aραιρ, -e, -10e, f., a likeness, representation, mimicry, or mocking.

Apμún, -úin, pl. id., m., an apron.

See naphún (A.)

Aproat, -ait, pl. id., m., an apostle (also appat).

Apuro, apurs. See abaro.

Apuroeact, -a, f., ripeness, maturity, ripening, fruit. See abaroeact.

Δη, g., Δη, m., tillage, ploughing, husbandry.

Δη, pos. pr., our (eclipses); emph. Δη...ne.

λη, g., λιμ, m., slaughter, plague, misery; the slain; gs., λιμ (used as adj.) ηλιγρίη λιμ, a miserable wretch.

 $\Delta n = \delta_{1}n$, conj., because, for.

An (A no), rel. prn. (aspirates), used in past tense for A, who, which, whom, that, all who, all which, etc.; An maint γé, all whom he killed; in-An or n-An, in which; A5 An, by which.

An, defect. v., he says, said, quoth, they say, etc. (quoting the exact words), an ré, he says (Kea.); in sp. l., anra Comár, says Thomas; anra mire, said I; anr' an ní, said the king.

An, interr. particle = an no (aspirates), used in past tense for an,

whether? if?

Aμ (Διμ), prep. [in pronoun combinations oμm, ομπ, Διμ (m.), υιμές or υιμέι (f.), ομαιπη (emph. poet. όιμπε), ομαίδ, ομέα (ομπα)], on, upon, used with or without article to express various adverbial relations:—of time:

an majoin, in the morning; an uainib, at times; of place: an muin nó an cín, on land or at sea; of mode (with vbs.): an bailtechit, tremblingly (shaking in all the limbs); an teatao, open; an chocao, hanging; an riubat, walking; similarly before nouns, as, cun an cámoe, to put off for a time; an comaince, in the care of; of cause: an méro a thocar, by reason of his great cleverness; an an áöban rain, for that reason; after verbs of motion and verbs like cup, cabange, oéanam, zabáit, and verbs of feeding on, praying to, appealing to, complaining, threatening, hindering, refusing, etc.: nusar ain, I seized him; rittim ain, I return to him (it); riteao an an ocatam, to drop on the ground; after cun it governs words like easta, aisnear, Thoro, cuing, rior, cupam, etc., as, as cup cupaim ain, giving him something in change; after oéanam it governs words like raine, leizear, zuide, τρός αιμε, παζτημώ, τροώ αδ, tor, as, véan thócaine onm, have mercy on me; after cabaine it governs words like amur, cáin, ainm, etc., cao é an ainm a cuz ré onc? by what name did he call you? after Sabáit, very frequently used to denote passion, emotion felt by a person; tá easta onm, I fear; tá earbaio ain, ho is in want; similarly it is used to express favours conferred on, knowledge about, hatred of, power over, etc.; in such uses as and an are often co-relative; tá mear azam aiji, I esteem him; tá ainsead asam ont, you owe me money; Thois agam ain, I am a foot taller than he is, etc. phrases like an ruo (ruaro), throughout; an raio, an leicear, an aomoe, in length, in

breadth, in height, etc.; for, in respect of: ní révoin é ránuzao an bneattact, it is unsurpassed in (or as regards) beauty; a peculiar use: 5ac ruan-pont an áilleact 'r an binnear, each lulling melody the loveliest and the sweetest (O'Ra.); among: cá ré an na reanaib ir reánn, he is one of (among) the best men; for the sake of: an a ron rain, for that reason; an ron Oé, for God's sake; it denotes sometimes opposition, infliction of pain, etc., after subst. verb and words like cun, as, atá mo choice as cup opm, my heart is paining me, I ache at heart; ατά ré αζ cup opm, he is prevailing over me; cao τά ομτ? what ails you? cáim an mo teiceso, I am "on the run," trying to escape being caught; an mo comeáo, hiding from my pursuers; bead ré ain é oéanam, he would have to do it; beab ré ain aize é béanam, 'twould take him all his time to do it; an beazán calman, with but little land; tá an raojat as teact an reabar, the world is improving [an bheir (Wat.)]; ní't ré an rożnam, he is un-well; an batt, by-and-by, presently; somet. an an mball, on the spot, immediately; an uainib, at times; an uainib, by turns (Kea.); an ocuir (ocur), at first; an topac, first, leading.

Aμ, prep., used for 14μ, after (eclipses, but aspirates in Con. sp. l.); used before present participles; aμ υτελέτ α βαιτε όόιδ, after they had come home, when they had come; αμ πουτ α ἀσοταό όόιδ, when they had gone to sleep. Δμ (14μ) with pres. part. corresponds to the pluperfect tense. See 14μ and 4μ (prep.), to, for.

Δηα, interj., but, now, really, then, truly; used at the beginning of a clause in an expostulatory or deprecating sense, and largely employed by speakers of English: "Have you recovered?" "Ara not at all!" It is often preceded by a Oia, and the whole contracted to beans (yerrah), and in Kerry gen. pron. oeanú and a dia anú (ana in M. and U. is generally anú or ainiú; Anú in Don.).

Apa, g.id., pl. apanna and aparôe; gpl. anann, m., a page, a lackey; a charioteer; the agent of an action, one given to a certain line of action, as and na bpos,

atia an oit, 7c.

Ana, f., the loin; a oume na n-ánann, friend of my heart (this word has the first syllable long in sp. l.).

Δηαċ, - Διζ, m., a fishing weir

(Ker.).

Apac, -ais, m., security, guarantee; help; hope, opportunity, chance; 1 n-ápac, in reliance on; ιαρη άμας αμ, have recourse to; ni'l aon anac aize ain, he has no help for it; cia nacar 1 n-ápac ráilte an rcéil vo rchíobao, who can be relied on to write the generosity of the story (M'D.); ní paid ápac AIZE ACT, he could not avoid, etc. (Kea., F. F.).

Apacar, -air, m., might, power,

insurance.

Apao, a., strong, brave, noble; in compound, an apao-mac, the Divine Son. (Is it the same as á40?)

Apadain, -ona, pl. id., in pl.

reins, a bridle.

Apadain uitc, abuse, conceit, severe treatment (P. O'C.).

Apaonac, -aije, a., suffering; long-suffering (pron. rao-4., apaoinac).

Apaonact, -a, f., suffering; rav-

A., long-suffering.

Apaicir, the pronunciation of the word sincip in Con. and U. See Atticit.

Aparoe, g. id., m., the lower tie

or cross-stay in house roofing (Don.).

ARO

Anaile, another, each other: 7 An-

aile, et cetera.

Apan, apain, pl. id., m., bread, loaf; subsistence, employment; apán zpeavaille, griddle bread; anán chuitneacta, wheaten bread; anán plúin, flour bread. Apánac, - α 15e, α ., alimentary.

Anann, intelligence, perception; Jan meabain, Jan anann (C.S.,

vol. II., page 322).

ananna, pl. of ana, the loins. See ána.

Apaoin, anein, last night.

Apaon = ap aon, together, both, each (of two).

Anar, fairy-thorn (Don.).

Ant = an ba, was he? was this?

Αμβαμ, -Διμ, m., corn (growing or before it is threshed); generally

pron. Anún in M.

Anc, g. sinc, pl. id., m. (also f.), a chest, a coffer; the last little pig of a litter, a dwarf, a lizard, a diminutive creature of any kind. See Ainc.

Apicaingeal, -311, -31e, m., an

archangel.

Anceana, ad., in general; henceforth; besides; likewise. ceana.

Anc Luacha, g. id., f., an eft, a newt, a lizard; atp tuacha, id.; atusėμα, g. id., pl. -röe, f., a lizard (Galway); ear tuacha, a lizard (W. Ker.) See eanc Luacha.

Ancha, g. id., pl. -aroe, f., an

eclipse.

Ancú, -con, -com, m. and f., a

chained or fierce dog.

Ano, gsf. Ainoe and soinoe, a., high, tall, loud, noble, mighty; ór áμο, on high, openly, aloud, publicly; áno-con, authority.

āμo, high, etc. (often placed before noun to intensify meaning); bí ápo-tá azann, we had a splendid day; δί άμο-ζηεληη azur áno-jot ann, there was much sport and weeping there. (In deibhidhe the scansion is always ano, i.e., short in quantity.)

Apo-aizeanta, indec. a., high-

minded.

āno-aizneao, -nio, m., a lofty mind.

αητοά**ι**α**ċ**, -αιζε (?), α., attentive,

watchful (Con.).

Δητοάη, -άιη, pl. id., m., a height,a hill, hillock; a bench, a pulpit,

a stage, a terrace.

Apo-sobsine, g. id., pl., -proe, m., chief steward; head pastor.

Ano-atam, g. -atam, pl. -atmaca, m., a patriarch; an né zac ánoαταμ σίου, on the age of every patriarch of them (Kea., F. F.).

άμο- \ddot{o} μειτελ \dot{m} , g. - \ddot{o} μειτ \dot{m} , m., arch-judge, chief judge.

Δητο-υμπαό, - Διό, pl. id., m., a high stock, a noble race.

Δητο-ἀατάνη, -ἀατημά, <math>f, a metro-

polis, a great city.

āpo-comainte, g. id., pl., -eaca, f., a supreme council or parliament; an excellent advice.

Δητο-cup, -uip, m., chief rent,

tribute or impost.

Δητο- $\dot{\mathbf{r}}$ eaμ, - $\dot{\mathbf{r}}$ ιμ, pl. id., m., a noble man, a very good man; similarly mi-ream.

δρο- $\dot{\mathbf{p}}$ lait, g.-ata, pl. id, m., a

chief lord.

Apro-Flancear, g. -tir, pl. id., m., chieftainship, chief rule.

Δησ-ἐμιι, -ἐοιλ, <math>pl. -ἐοιληπα, f., noble blood or race.

Apro-Sainm, -apma and -ainme, f., a high calling.

Ano-Saoir, -e, -eaca, f., a liberal

άρο-ζαοιριμε, g.id., pl. -μιόε, m., a professor of the liberal arts, a master of arts.

Apo-żlópać, -aiże, a., loudmouthed, having a high voice.

Apro-jot, -juit (g. -jotaca in Con.), m., loud weeping. ano-ζuż, -oża, m, a loud voice. Ano-1actac, -aize, f., loud crying. Ano-mas, g. -maise, -mais, and -maża, pl. -maża, m. and f., a noble plain.

ápo-mas ráil, a poet. name for Ireland.

Δητο-maite, m., pl,, principal

chiefs, high chiefs. Ano-maon, -oin, m., chief steward.

Apo-maonact, -a, f., chief stewardship.

Apo-miangur, -uir, m., ambition. Δητο-món, -όιμε, α., very great, very tall.

āno-nór, -óir, -óra, gpl. -nórann, m., a high, aristocratic fashion.

Apo-oipeactar, -air, pl. id., m.,a chief convention or assembly.

apro-ottam, g. -aim and -man, pl. id., and -amain, m., a chief professor, a doctor; ápo-ottam Éineann pe pilioeact, chief professor of poetry in Erin (Kea., F. F.).

Apo-ollamantact, -a, pl. id., f., the office of chief professor or

doctor.

apoopar, -air, m., the lintel of a door. See páproopar.

 Δ ηνο-ρησιηη, f., high diet (Mayo). Δηνο-μεληπ, -μεληπλ, pl. id., f., ahigh star, a planet.

Δητο-γαζαητ, -αιητ, pl. id., m., a ·

high-priest.

Ano-root, -e, -eanna, f., a college, a high school, an academy.

āpo-pcot, -a, pl. -anna, m., a noble race.

Απο- rui σε ασόιμ, - όμα, - όιμι σε, m., a president.

Apo-taoireac, -riz, pl. id., m., achieftain, a colonel.

άμο-τεαζιας, -Διζ, pl. id., m., a great hearth-fire, a forge fire; a large household.

Apo-tizeapna, g. id., pl. -aroe, m., a supreme lord, a sovereign.

Apouzao, -uizte, m., act of exalting, heightening; elevation,

promotion, honour.

Aprouizim, -użao (in Don. somet. άιμοιζιm), v. tr., I magnify, exalt; raise, lift, hoist; ápouis lear é, take it away with you.

ARO

Apouiste, p.a., exalted, honoured. Anéin, ad., last night. See anaoin.

A piérpi (prop. vo piérpi), prep.,

according to.

Anzaim, vl. anzain, v. tr., I rob, plunder (also Aijizim, cf. vo hainsti.—Kea.).

Anzain, -zana and -ainzne, f., act of plundering; plunder,

destruction.

Ansnaim, vl. ansain, v. tr., I rob,

plunder. See ansaim.

Δηςτόιη, -όμα, -όιμι όε, π., α destroyer, a robber, a plunderer. Δηζώιητ, -e, f., act of arguing

(also ansoint).

Aniam, ad., ever, always (of the past), with neg. never (better 111am).

Apir, adv., again (the a is separable); in sp. l. often anirc.

antorcao, -orrete (in M. sp. l., -oircizte), m., act of burning.

Apm, g. Apm, pl. id., and Apma, m., a weapon, an arm, a tool, armour; an army; anm nó oinnéir (Kea.); out 'ran anm, to go into or join the army.

ānmac, - a_1 5, pl. id., m., an army;

slaughter.

Anmac, -aize, a., warlike; armed,

supplied with weapons.

 $\Delta \eta$ -mas, g. - $\Delta 1\dot{\varsigma}$, - $\Delta 1\dot{\varsigma}$ e, and - $\Delta \dot{\varsigma} \Delta_1$ pl. -aza, m. and f., a plain of slaughter, a battlefield; cf., 101140 an áji-mais (Kea.).

Apmáil, -ála, pl. id., f., armour, weapons, an armory, act of arming, also army; blame (U.): ters mé a hapmáit, I let her be blamed.

Anmáilte, g. id., pl., -tióe, m., anarmy (O'R.), armaments.

Apmaim, -ao, v. tr., I arm, I accoutre.

Apmain, -e, pl. id., f., a check, reproof, rebuke, an affront, a chastisement (nom. also apmaine).

Anmaineact, -a, f., a checking or rebuking, act of affronting.

Apmar, -air, m., arms in heraldry (apmuir, f., O'R.); a apmur ir é cannainze an ón-bat, his arms drawn in golden colours (Fer., O'Ra., etc.).

Anm-Stan, -Staine, -Stoine, a., of bright weapons.

Anmlann, -anne, -a, f., an armory. Anmta, p. a., armed.

Apmuisim, -usao, v. tr., I arm, I accoutre.

Apnúrac, - Διζe, α., high-minded, sportive, irresponsible (of children or animals), Aran; also, snug, well-off.

Apónta, indec. a., cross, passionate,

furious (Wat.)

Appact, -a, -aroe, m., a monster,

a spectre.

Appactac, -ai $\dot{\varsigma}$, pl. id., m., a monster, a spectre; a. rean, a spectre-like old man (E. R.).

Annacrac, -aize, α ., mighty, tall, powerful; monster-like, spec-

tral.

Annactar, -air, m., dignity, great-

ness, power.

Δημαότυιόε, g. id., pl. -ότε, m., a half-naked person, a homeless wanderer, as a hare, fox (W.

Ker.).

Annao, -arò, -aròe, m. and f., an article of merchandise; wares; goods; an item; of persons, an individual; ir olc an appao é, he is a bad person; ní mait an eappao an bpéas, a lie is an evil thing; ratann ir ianann όά αμμαό ná Uatann, salt and iron two pieces of goods that do not turn grey See eappao.
Appains, -inse, pl. -inste and

-ınzeaca, f., a dart, a stitch in one's side; convulsions; sharp

pain.

Appa (defect. v. ap), says, said; in sp. l., appa Comár, quoth Thomas, is used for an Tomár of the written l. generally; "appa mire," said I. (See ap, def. verb.)

Apra, a., old, aged, ancient,

antique.

āppac, -ais, pl. id., m., an old man. See apparoesc.

Annaet, -A, f., old age, antiquity;

oá á. é, though ancient he be, i.e., in lineage (E. R.).

Anraideac. See anrac.

Apparoeact, -a, f., old age; inveteracy. See anract.

Δηγαιό \dot{c} eοιμ, -ομα, -οιμι \dot{o} e, m., an antiquary, an antiquarian.

Appanta, indec. a., old; worn-out (of clothes).

Aprnéal, -éil, m. See air-néal. Aprnéalac, -aize. See air-néalac. Ant, g. Aint, m., Art, a personal name; as a., noble, great, generous.

Apruizim, vl. apruize, v. tr., I tell (Innishowen, Der., Omeath, Monaghan, Meath, etc.).

Apt, g. Apt, m., a rock; τ apt-

nams-anc, loadstone.

Δητημό (άτημό), -a1ζ, pl. -a1ζe, m., a vessel of any kind; in Waterford understood only of large ships; in Ker. any vessel, a cup, a saucepan, etc. (also ántac, and in Don., ántanac).

Apchuisim, -usao, v. tr. and intr., I set sail, take ship (Ker.).

Anú. See ana.

Δημη, -μιγ, pl. id., m., a dwellinghouse, a habitation, a room, an apartment.

Apurac, -aiξe, α., habitable, be-

longing to a house.

Ar (A), prep. [in pronoun combinations aram, arat, ar (m.), airte or airti (f.), arainn, araib, area; it sometimes becomes a before consonants and prefixes h to vowels, as a héininn, but retains r before the article in sing. and pl., ar an otalam, ap na channaib; the relative, ar a scumcean; the poss. pr., the indef. pr., the demonst. pr., as ar mo ceann, ar ro, ar sac], from, out of. After transitive verbs and intransitive of motion, to denote the person or thing from which something is taken or which something leaves, falls from, or arises from, depends on, or is caused by, etc. : o'imtix ré ar

an áir, he left the place; cós oo zaoan ar ro, take your dog hence; as cuicim ap a ceile, falling asunder; cup ar reitb, to dispossess; ar 10nao, out of place, dislocated; mé a jlaooac ar m'ainm, to call me by an abusive name; oíot ar rain, pay for that; 5tan ar mo naoanc, leave my sight; of the object of confidence or trust, tá muinizin azam arat, I have confidence in you; of the grounds of proof, ip léin ap a zníomantaib zun-, it is clear from his doings that—; often in a pronom. combin. reflecting subject of the verb with or without réin; bain ré reappao ar réin, he stretched his length; cuin ré tiút ar, he shouted; ar, 3 sing. mas. pron. comb., is often used impersonally, as éiniż ar, give over, cease; as out ar, getting reduced, declining (opposed to AT TEACT CUITE (réin), improving, but we say also as teact cuice réin), but out ar, to escape punishment, etc.; beata oo tabant ap, to lead a life; cao ar é? where is he from, whence is he? adv., ar a haitle. thereafter (obs.); ap po, out of this, hence, from this place; ar rin, out of that, thence.

Ar, prep. pr., out of it, or him. See

ar, prep.

 $\Delta r = 1r$, assertive v., is, are (relative form), often used as the ordinary indic. form; ar eao, it is; ar chusz, 'tis a pity! See ir. $\Delta r = 1r$, sign of sup. degree.

Ar (áir), a jot, an ace; ní ruain ré ár an bit vá bánn, he got no good, no advantage from it (O'G., Aran).

Ar, a'r = azur, and, as. See azur. Ar, g. air, pl. ara and arain, gpl. aran, a shoe, a sandal.

Arao, m., act of anchoring a boat or ship (Ker).

Apaib, out of you, from you. See ar.

Arainn, out of us, from us. See ar. Aram, -rnac, f., mountain vegetation, heather; bedding for cattle. See earain.

asa

Arat, -ait, pl. id., m., an ass.

Aram, prep. pr., 1 s., from or out

of me. See ar, prep.

Araptaroeact, -a, f. (prop. ar-Thotaroeact), magic, divination by herbs, intoxication; tá a. 45 na vaoinit a tíonnr az chuinniużao tuibeanna l'ażaro teiżir, the people who collect herbs for curing purposes practise divination (Aran).

Arapturoe, g. id., pl., -ote, m., aconjurer, a magician

archoluroe).

Arat, prep. pr., 2 s., from or out of thee. See ar, prep.

Arc, g. Airc, m., pride.

Arca, -o, pl. -rote, f., a mountain or bog land producing sedge. See earca.

Arcaro, -e, f., a gift, an offering; 1 n-arcaro, gratis, as a gift (Uls.)

See airce.

Arcat, -ait, pl. id., m., a current, the flowing of the tide; a swollen or high sea; a storm; a desperate attack. See earcal.

Arcall, -aille, f., the armpit; a corner, especially of a field. hence a small territory.

orcall.

Arcape, -aipe, m., wadding for a

Arcú, g. -con, d. -com pl. -com and -coince, m. and f., an eel. See earcu.

Arna, g. -o, pl. -roe and -ca, also arnaroeaca (M.), f., a rib of the body, a lath. See earns.

Arnac, -aize, a., ribbed; ceannarnac, strong-ribbed (usually cinnearnac).

Arrain (arain), m. pl., greaves.

Ar-ruidim, -de, v. intr., I set (as the sun); as ap-puive na Znéme, at sunset.

Arta, prep. pr., 3 pl., from or out

of them.

artal, -ait, pl. id., m., a lath, a

chip, a splinter; a pole used in seine-fishing (Ker.).

Artalużań, -uiżće, m., poling in

seine-fishing (Ker.).

Arteac (1rteac), ad., in, into (of motion, as opposed to artis, within (of rest). See 17715.

Aγτιζ, ad., in, within, inside (state

of rest). See 17715.

Arcoroce (1rc-oroce), ad., at night. Arthánac (airteanánac), -ait, -A15e, m., a traveller, a wayfarer.

Arthotaroeact, -a, f., astrology,

a divining by the stars.

Archoluroe, g. id., pl. -ote, m., a soothsayer, a magician, an astrologer.

Arcuitim. See parcuitim.

At- (Ait-), prefix—(1) reiterative, re-; (2) intensive, very; (3) negative, in-, un-, dis-, not.

 $\Delta \tau$, g. $\Delta_1 \tau$, m., a swelling; a crown. At, g. áta, pl. átanna, m. (sometimes f.—Con.), a ford; an easy vein in a person's character; ní't aon át le rájail ont, there is no gaining a point on you, you are incorrigible.

 $\Delta \dot{c}_{A}$, - \dot{o} , m., a creek (Ker.); buaitear rian cum an acao, I journeyed westwards to the

 $\Delta \tau \land \dot{\varsigma}, - \land \dot{\varsigma}, m., a request, a prayer.$ $\Delta \dot{c} \dot{a} \dot{c}$, - $a_1 \dot{c}$, pl. id., m., a giant;a plebeian; a clown; a stammerer; atac onoic-béanta, a rude impertinent fellow (P.O'C.) See ratac.

Ατάιο, ατάιm, ατάπαοιο, ατάιmre, acaoi, acain, acacan. See

acáim.

Atáim (more generally táim). See parad.; substantive verb, I am, I live, I stay, am found, exist in a particular condition, there is, there exists. This verb is not used as a simple copula like is in the phrase John is a man, a king, etc., we cannot say tá Seaján reap, tá Seaján pí, we must say tá Seaján i n-a řeap, τά Seagán 1 n-a μίζ. The state

or condition which the verb denotes is variously expressed, 1st by adject. or past part., or adverb, as acá ré raiobin, he is rich; atá ré bheolòte, he is sick; atá ré cheacta, he is robbed; táim 30 mait, I am well; tá ré 50 hátainn, it is splendid, he is well (i.e., in the best of health); 2nd, by the use of prepositional clauses formed chiefly with the preps. 1 (A), A11, 1 αη (αη), αζ, τά, τηέ, etc. With 1 it expresses the precise state or condition in which the subject is—tá ré 'n-a cootao, he is asleep; tá ré 'n-a ruite, he is sitting up; tá 'ré i n-a řean, he is a man, has grown to be a man, he is not a mere boy; but ir real é, he is a man essentially, abstracting from changes and developments; tá ré 'n-a rean, seems to imply progress and development or transformation, the result of which it expresses; with ap, in phrases like beit an różnam, to be well; béit an riucao, to be in a boiling state; beit an merrce, to be drunk; with 141 (ap), acáim ap n-a m' coimmear né tatait, I am put in comparison with mud (Kea.); acaim ap n-a m' cup i neimní, I am brought to nought (Kea.); with as it denotes the possessing or having a thing; tá ainzead azam, have money; bíoo oeoc agar, have a drink; with verbal nouns after as it expresses an action just going on; tá ré as cup reaca, it is freezing; tá rí az got, she is crying; with rá, thé, etc.: atá an áit rá uirce, the place is covered with water; atá an coill thé teinio, the wood is on fire; with an, a variety of superlative copulaphrase (?), tá ré an an brile ir reapp 1 n-éipinn, he is the best poet in Ireland.

Atainne, g. id., pl. -nice and

-neaca, f., a red coal, embers; a firebrand. See aicinne.

Aταιη, g. αται, pl. αταια, αιτης, αιτηεαία, gpl. αταιαί, αιτηεαία, gpl. αταιαί, αιτηεαίς, αταιαίς, αιτητιό, m., a father, an ancestor; αταιη πόρι (γεαι-αταιη), grandfather; αταιη céite, αταιη cteamna, father-in-law; αταιη αττησιάς, m., a godfather. (Note.—The gen. αταια is still used in Achill and elsewhere.)

Atain raoiroine, m., a father

confessor.

Atain liat, g. atan liat, m., the mountain sage (salvia verbenaca). Atain-lur, g. atan-lur, m.,

ground ivy.

Atain nime, corrupt for natain

nime, which see.

Atain talman, m., yarrow; milfoil.

Atal, -ait (also aiteat), m., stillness, calmness after a storm, cessation from rain; cheerfulness, pleasantry.

Acán, -áin, m., a garland, a wreath. Acan oa, g. id., f., fatherland,

patrimony, inheritance.

Aταμόλ, α., paternal, patrimonial, hereditary.

Ataptao, g. id., and - ξ aro, m., adoption.

αταμμας, -αιζ, -αιζε, m., a change, fashion; transformation, alteration; άτμας (U.); ní't a á. azam, I have nothing else (= mataiμτ M.).

Aταμμισάο, 7c. See ατμισάο, 7c. Αταγ, - αιγ, m., gladness, joy, pleasure, enjoyment, satisfaction.

Áταγας, -Διζε, α., glad, delightful; victorious, triumphant.

Atarc. See sitearc.

Ατάταμη, -αη, corrupt forms of ατάταμ, 3 sing. indef. of ατάτιη; α. ας τεαότ, some one is coming, etc.

 $Δ\dot{c}$ -δάμμ, -άιμμ, pl.id., m., an after or second crop.

Arbat, defect. v., pf., (he) died

Atbeoduizim. See aitbeoduizim. Atcasnam, -ao, v. tr. and intr., I chew again, I ruminate.

Atcaint, -e, pl. -eaca, f., a renewal of a charter or lease; an entreaty, a petition; act of entreating, requesting; ip zan o'accainc azam ain act é, while it was my constant request of him.

 $\Delta \dot{\tau}$ -caite, α ., worn out (of dress). Atci, old form of vo-ci, he sees; cond. 3s., atcireat; still used

in parts of Ulster.

Atcomain, -e, a., near, approximate; concise, compendious; quick, sudden; 30 ha., suddenly; handy (U.).

Atcomaineact (atcompeact), -a, f., nearness, approximation; handiness (U_{\cdot}) ; 1 n-a. oo púnc,

close on a pound.

Atcomainte, g. id., f., dissension. Atcumato, -ait and -atta, m., a bend, crook; deformation, confusion.

Atcumaim, -mao, v. tr., I deform,

disfigure.

Atcumge, g. id., pl. atcumgioe, f., request, petition, entreaty.

Atcumsim, -se, v. tr. (tr. of the request, with an of the person besought), I beg, entreat, be-

Δċċuinim, -ċun, v. tr., I expel,

reject, send away.

Atcup, -cuip and -cupta, m., act of rejecting; expulsion.

Acciolam, -ciot, v. tr., I repay, refund.

Atrar, -air, m., a new or second growth.

Atruatman, -aine, a., abominable, odious.

Atruatmanact, -a, f., abomination.

atzabáit, -áta, pl. id., f., a reconciling, a resumption, retaking, repossession.

Δτζαιμιο, -e, a,, very short.

Atzant, -ambe, a., very rough. Atzoin, -zona, f., act of rewounding, re-opening (of wounds).

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Atla, -lae, pl. -laete, m., another day, a respite; cun an atlá, to postpone; nán tazaro an c-actá ionac, may you not survive another day, may you not see to-morrow.

Attám, -áime, a., light, ready,

prompt.

Atlán mana, m., the returning tide; the next tide.

Atlaoc, -aois, m., a very old person; an old soldier.

Atlarao, -rea m., a rekindling; an inflammation (of wounds).

Attuaiteat, -tije, a., courageous, lively (Con., somet. pron. atluaiceac).

Atmataine, f., exchange, barter,

swap.

Atmaol, -oile, a., indignant, shameful.

Atmaoltar, -air, m., shame. Atman, -aine, a., swelling.

Atmanbao, -bta, m., act of rekilling, second death.

Atnámeac, - μ ize, α ., modest, demure.

Atnuadad, -nuadta, m., act of renewing.

Δτηάο, - άιο, - άιοτe, m., a repetition, a rehearsal.

Achusao, -uiste, m., a change, a transformation.

Δτηυζα \dot{o} (Δηυζα \dot{o}), m., in phr., athužao a mbahac, after tomorrow; athusao apéin, the night before last; athużao moé, the day before yesterday (anużać in Kerry, einric in South Ulster and Meath; in Don., antusao).

Athuisim, -użao, v. tr. and intr., I change, alter, vary, modify.

Δτημιζτε, p. a., altered, changed. Atráileato, -lte, m., act of repickling fish (Ker.).

Acrmuainim, -neao, v. tr., I think

again on, I reflect on.

Atrmuainiužao, -ište, -nte, m., second thought; act of reconsidering.

) bac

Δτηο cain, he or they fell (obs.). Δττα, p. a., swollen (ατυιζτε, M. id.).

Atthuajac, -jaije, a., compas-

sionate.

Aτυλη, ad., again, a second time. Ατυιηγε (Αττυιηγε), g. id., f., weariness, sorrow, affliction; m'ατυιηγε choice! my sorrow of heart! (also γάττυιηγε).

ατύμησε, g. id., pl. -naete, an attorney (A.). See τυμησε.

b (bert, the birch tree), the second letter of the Modern Irish Alphabet.

b', for ba or buo; zun b'é, that it

was he.

ba, v. irr., was. See 17.

ba, pl. of bó, a cow; cows, kine.
báb, g. báibe, pl. báibeaca, f., a baby; a maiden (poet.); dim.
báibín, a little baby; a maiden.

babac, -bai $\dot{z}e$, a., sweet. babac \dot{z} , -a, f., sweetness.

bábaċτ, -a, f., childishness, innocence.

babánt, -áta, f., the catching of eels by draining water; bobbing.

babaim, -ao, v. tr., I sweeten.

bábán, -áin, pl. id., m., a little baby; a tuft, a tassel, short bits of thread.

bábánac, -aiţe, a., tufted, having tassels, fringed.

bábánza, indec. a., childish, innocent.

baboun. See baoboun.

bablón, -όμα, -όιμιόe, m., a babbler, a prater, gossip.

bábóz, -όιζe, -όζα, f., a little baby; a doll.

bac, -aic, pl. id., m., a stop, an impediment; a prop; a pin, a peg or crook; a thole pin; a joint, a hook.

bac, g. baic, m., a hob (Don.). bac, g. baice, f., a hob (Om.).

bac, -a, m., drunkenness; a rout; a defeat.

bacac, -ais, pl. id. and -aise, m.,

a lame man, a cripple, beggar; dim. bacacán, id.

bacac, -aige, a., lame, halt; defective, imperfect; paoiroin bacac, an imperfect Confession (of the Sacrament).

Dacacao, -aro and -cta, m., act of maining, laming, crippling.

bacao, -cta, m., stoppage, a halting, a hindrance.

bacaròeacz, -a, f., lameness. bacarçe, g. id., f., lameness.

vácáit, -áta, f., act of baking (A.).

bacam, vl. bac and bacao, v. tr. and intr., I hinder, prevent, meddle with; ná bac teir, never mind him, let him alone, pay no heed to him, don't mind that; also, ná bac rain, don't mind that; ná bac é, don't mind it.

bacame, g. id., pl. -moe, m., a drunkard.

Daċaineaċτ, -a, f., constant touching, striking, or kicking; drunkenness.

bacatt, -aitt, p. id., m., a curl, a ringlet; a shepherd's crook, a crozier, a staff; the knob on a stick, etc.

Dacán, -ánn, pl. id., m., a handle; a hinge, a hinge-hook; the threadle of a spade; a pothangers; back stone of fireplace (Om.); the projecting stones to which the rúzán are fastened in thatching (Don.); a hook for gathering sea-weed (Aran).

bacánač, -aiże, a., hooked, bent, crooked.

bacánam, -aō, v. tr., I bend, I make crooked.

bacaμán, -án, m., bog bane (an herb growing in marshy places).

bacant, -ant, m., a carpenter's rule; ni't ontac bacant nonnam ptán, there is not an inch of me by the rule sound.

bacţait, -e, f., lameness; act of

limping.

bacta, -ao, f., the germ, sprout or

bud of any seed or vegetable (Con., P. O'C.). See péac.

bacta, -n, and baicte, pl. -aroe, f., the arms, the space between the arms; the arms as a support; an armful; bi teanb'na bactain, there was a child in her arms; bacta mona, 7c., an armful of turf, etc.; oo cop an oo bactain agat, with your leg in your arms (said of a begging cripple); tan mo bactan, as much as my arms could hold; dim., baictin, a small armful.

bactac, -aiz, -aiz, m., a crowd, a large number of people; b.

món vaoine (Mon.).

bactám, -táime, -táma, f., a disabled hand or arm; a lame-handed person. See tám.

bac-támac, -aige, a., disabled in both hands; paralyzed (also

one-handed).

bactámac, -áiz, pl. id., m., a onehanded person; one disabled in

the hands.

Dactós, -όιςe, -όςa, f., a bud, a sprout, a twist, a curl; τά bactós an σο τeansaro, your tongue is thick (Der.); in Om., bartós, as bartósa na bpnéataroe, the sprouting or budding of the potatoes; in Con., bartós.

bactubna, g. id., m., grog blossoms on the face; literally, drunken

leprosy (C.).

Dacóro, -e, f., act of hopping on

one leg.

bacrtaio, f., bread made of the raw pulp of potatoes, called "stampy" or "boxty" (an English word).

bacuiżim, -użao, v. tr., I cripple, make lame, injure, disable.

bácún (also bazún), -úin, pl. id., m., bacon.

Dácúp -úip, pl. id., m., an oven, a

bakery.

báo, g. báio, pl. id., and somet. báoaióe, m., a boat (one speaks of a báo as γί).

baö, ba, buö. See 17. báöac. See báiöeac.

bάἀαὸ, g. báiτὸte, m., act of drowning, overwhelming, quenching (also báiτὸεαὸ).

bádam, -ad, v. tr., I drown, im-

merse; I quench.

baoán, -áin, pl. id., a tuft of trees,

a shrub; a lock of hair.

Daoánac, -aige, a., tufted, shrubby. Daob, -aiobe, -aoba, f., a royston-crow; a vulture, or other ravenous bird; a scold, a swearer; a female fairy or phantom said to be attached to certain families, and to appear sometimes in the form of scald-crows or royston-crows (P. O'C.); pron. baob.

baobact, -a, f., scolding, croaking

like a raven.

baobóiμeact, -a, f., cursing, swearing, scolding; act of cursing, etc. (pron. baobóiμeact).

baoboún, -ún, pl. id., m., an enclosure, "a bawn," a bulwark; a fenced laneway leading to a house (U.).

Սոόζոιμε, *g. id., m.*, a braggart. Սոόζոιμελότ, -a, *f.*, gasconading,

boasting.

baoóz, -όιze, -όza, f., a heifer, a young cow; rean-b-, an old or worthless cow.

υάσόιη, -όηα, -όιηι $\dot{\sigma}$ e, m., a boat-

man.

Dáoóipeact, -a, f., boating.

báo parone, m., a seine boat (Ker.).

báo reoil, m., sailing boat.

baota (babta), g. id., pl. -10e, m., a bout, a deed, an act, a feat; baota nime, a vile deed; baota reantanna, a spell of rain.

baoun, -un, -nta, m., an enclosure

for cattle. See baöböún.

basante, -anta, m., act of nodding, beckoning, winking, warning, threatening.

basáirτe, g. id., pl. -τιόe, m., bag-

gage, luggage.

bazan, -ain, pl. id., m., a threat, act of threatening; a charge.

bazanać, -aiże (bazanżać), α., warning, threatening.

Daznaim, vl. bazaint, bazan,

v. tr., I wink (the eye), I make a sign to; I threaten; with acc. of direct obj. and an of person threatened; as basains an otisio ain, threatening him with the law; as basains onm, seolding me (Don.).

bazún, -úin, m., bacon. See bácún. báibín, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a little baby; a fair maiden (poet.).

baic, -e, -eaca, f., a twist, a crook; the neck of a bird; the arm; baic a muineit, the hollow of his neck.

baic-béanta, g. id., m., a solecism;

crooked reasoning.

báicéin, -éana, -éinibe, m., a

baker (A.).

δάτο, -é, f., love, friendship, hospitality; leniency; humanity; τά
 δάτο αζαπ teac, I have a feeling of friendship towards you.

bároeac, -οιζε, α., affectionate,

loving, kind.

bároeacτ, -a, f., friendliness, friendship.

δάτὸ ε amail, -mta., a., friendly.
 δάτὸ m (báτὰ m), -ὸ e a ὸ, v. tr., I
 drown, quench, overwhelm. See

báoaim.

bárote, p.a., drowned, inundated with water, quenched, overwhelmed; drenched or drowning (an epithet of the sea).

bároteac, -tize, a., drowning,

overwhelming.

batt, -e, f., success, prosperity; form, effect, issue; ip otc an batt oum é, it is an injury or a loss to me; ip mait an bait oum é, it is good for me; bait ó dia onaib, God speed you! zan bait, void, ineffective (of a sacrament) (Don.); pron. buit in Tyrone.

b'áit (for ba áit), it were pleasing (to me); I should like (with

tiom). See ait.

báil, -e, -eaca, f., a tub.

bailbe, g. id., f., dumbness; stammering.

baitbeact, -a, f., dumbness; stammering.

baile, -e, a., bold, strong.

battc-béimneac, -niże, α., of great blows; batόμ battc-béimneac, Balor of the mighty blows.

bailceac, -ciże, α., strong, power-

ful; as s., a strong man.

baile, g. id., pl. -tce, m., a town,a village, a home; a townland, a place; a farmstead, a homestead; the word enters very largely into place names, as baile an muilinn, Milltown; baile an teintéinis, Ballyferriter; as baile, 'ran mbaile, at home; ar baile, from home; a baile, homewards, home; míte ó baite, a mile away; 1 brao ó baite, far from home, far away; baite món, a town, a city; rnáro-barte, a little town, a village with a street. réadaim a déanam amac cionnur a tiocrao ré cum baile, I cannot make out how it could have come to exist (come to be, come about, come into existence) (M., but similar usage in Mayo).

baileac, -lize, a., careful, frugal, thrifty; prosperous; exact; zo chuinn baileac, entirely, fully.

baileac, ad., rather, very; b. cipim, quite dry (Con.); also scarcely, as bi an puro baileac reactly had the thing done when, etc.; ni b. gup ionann iar, they are not exactly the same (Aran).

baite biaotaiż, lit., the townland of an almoner; a tract of land.

Daile puint, g. id., pl. -tre puint, m., a seaport town; a fortress, a stronghold.

Dailiżim, -iużao, v. tr. and intr., I collect, bring together; bailiż teat, take yourself away, go off; I husband, economise.

ballugao, -ige, m., act of amassing, collecting; husbanding, economising; a gathering, a meeting, a collection, an accretion, a sum (of money).

Daill-cheatac, -aite, having

tremor in the limbs; violently agitated.

bailt-chit, -cheata, m., limb-

tremor, earthquake.

baitte-chit, an baitte-chit, trembling, in a tremor. See baitt-chit.

bailte, g. id., pl.-troe, and in U. and Con., -ttroeanna, m., a bailiff; fig., a scold, a virago.

baitteoz, -013e, -03a, f., a twig, a sprout, a shoot, a sucker.

bailiff.

bailtreeánacz, -a, f., a bulging

out, a swelling out.

Daillréan, -éin, pl. -éin, -éinioe, m., an awkward person; ir ionann le céile an baillréan ir a ziotta (Con.); az véanam baillréin an vuine, humbugging one (Aran).

bailre, -e, -eanna, f., a bulge

(G. J., vol. viii. p. 241).

baitteac, -tiże, a., abounding in

towns and villages.

baitteacar, -air, pl. id., m., planting of trees, founding of colonies.

bain- (ban-), prefix (bean, a woman), makes a noun feminine, as bain-rite, a poetess; bain-tizeanna, a countess, a lady.

Dán-biao, m., white meats, milk, meats, butter, eggs, cheese, etc.

See biao.

baintin, g. id., pl. -nioe, m., a little pig, a young pig (in parts of Donegal pizin is used for a young pig).

bain-céile, g, id., f., a wife, a

female companion.

bain-ctiamain, f., a daughter-inlaw, a mother-in-law.

báin-oeang, -oeinge, a., white and red, pale-red, flesh-coloured.

bainoia, -oé, pl. -oéite, f., a goddess. See oia.

báme, g. id., f., whiteness, fairness.

bain-éaċτ, m., the exploit of a heroine; woman-slaughter.

baineann, -ninne, a., female, feminine.

baineannoa, indec. a., effeminate.
 báineap, -nip, m., whiteness, fairness.

baın-rearimannac, -aıţe, -aca, f., a stewardess, a female house-keeper.

bainfeir. See bainir.

bain-iapla, f., a countess.

bánnioe, g. id., f., fury, rage, mad-

ness; hydrophobia.

Dannim, vl. bain, baint, v. tr., I cut, strip, strike, pluck, lift; with ap, I take from, diminish; with oe, I remove, take away from; with te, I touch, I meddle with; bainim amac, I take possession of, I exact, I eke out.

báinín, g. id., pl.- röe, m., flannel;
 a white body-coat or jacket;
 báinín τίμε, homespun (U.).

bann, -e, -ive, f., a wedding feast; a feast in general; good cheer (also bannen).

barnireamail, -mla, a., belonging

to a wedding; festive.

báin-téar, -éir, -éara, m., spot; a white spot; a white stroke or weal.

Dain-teoman, f., a lioness.

baın-lıaığ, -leağa, pl. id., f., a female physician.

báin-títe, g. id., f., paleness.

bain-meirce, f., semi-intoxication.

banne, g. id., m., milk; b. zéap, sour or skim milk; b. peamap, thick milk; b. cíoc, breast milk; b. ctaban, "bonny clabber."

bainne-bó-báine, f., a cowslip

(M.).

bainne-bó-bleact, g. id., m., a primrose; a cowslip.

bainne-bó-bteactáin, the primrose, the butter-cup, a weed growing among potatoes.

bainne-cíoc-éan, m., hemlock, hen-

bane

bainne gamna, m., honeysuckle. bainne muice, m., sow-thistle.

bain-phionnpa, g. id., f., a princess.

bán-níob, -níbe, f. (a fair lark), a term for a fair lady (sometimes bán-níob).

bampiożan, -żna, -żanta, f., a queen; a noble lady (often

bainpiosain).

Dánneac, -ριζε, -ρεαςα, f., a waste, a sheep-walk; a retired spot; a green; an bánnης ύημ η απομύς το τροπ, on a green sward while the dew lay heavily (C. M.).

bámpeac, -rize, a., retired, deso-

late.

bainréan, -éin, pl. id., m., a manger (Om.). See mainréan.

baint, -e, m., a taking, extracting, plucking, exacting. See bainim. bain-teactaine, f., a female messenger, an ambassadress.

baintéin, -éana, m., dead calm on

sea and land (W. Ker.).

Dainτριαβας, -baiże, -baca (contr. g. bainτριże, and pl. bainτριακά), f., a widow.

baintpeabacar, -air (contr. baintpeacar), m., widowhood.

bain-chéaduide, g. id., pl. -oce, f.,

a shepherdess.

Daipein, g. id., pl. -ioe, m., a ferula; the cross timber bars between rafters (in house-roof-

ing).

Dáipie, g. id., pl. -μιόe, m., a game, a goal, a hurling match; a playing ball; metaph., τά απ b. capta aca, they are beginning to win; τά απ b. az τεαέτ 'πα zcoinne, they are being beaten; cuipio opta απ b., they prevail over them; cút b., a goalkeeper, "a back," a mainstay; i mbéat b., at or in charge of the goal; i táp b., in the centre (Don.), used generally=1 táp boitt (M.); az σύραέτ απ δ., shouting to encourage the players (S. Dall McC.).

bainearo, -éro, pl. id., m., a hat, bonnet, cap, helmet, head-dress;

beamao in Don.

bainżean, -żin, -żeana (also bainżin, -ne, -neaca), m. and f., a cake, a loaf; food.

bampisean breac, "barnbrack," or "barmbrack," the current cake used on Hallow Eve, etc. See

bainin.

δαιμιατι, a latchet, a shoe-string.
δαιμίη, g. id., pl. -röe, m., a mitre.
δαιμίη, -e, f., a cake of bread; food in general. See baιμξεαη.

Daiptinn, a sheet for a bed. See

bpaiclinn.

báintinn, -e, -iòe, f., foam, the sea foam, a high wave.

báinneac, -nige, a., peevish,

morose, angry, fretful.

báiμπεαċ, -niɔ, pl. id., m., a limpet; reaċain τiɔ an τάbaiμπε ne nó ir báiμπiɔ ir beaċa öuiτ, shun the ale-house, or you will have to live on limpets (prov.).

báipp-céimeannac, -aite (baipp-céimneac), a., over-stepping,

superior, exceeding.

baιμμείη, a toe-cap put on a shoo or boot. See baιμμιείη.

báiμη-öealz, -eilze, -ealza, f., a hairpin.

báiμη-ὁελης, -ὁειμςe, α., redtipped (of spears).

baiiiii-oiar, -oéire, -oéireaca, f., the point or top of anything; b. ctaroim, the point of a sword.

báiμη-öíon, -öín, m., a helmet or head-piece.

báiμη-éaσaċ, -aiţ, m., head-dress, head-cloth.

bάιμη-έλοτηση, -τημιπε, α., thoughtless, light, giddy.

báimh-earnac, -aize, -aca, f., the breast plate or breast bone.

Daimirionn, -rinne, -rionna, f., a fair lady (as α., fair-haired).

Dáiμη-ζηίοṁ, -a, pl. id., and -aμτα, m., a work of supererogation.

δάιμμιαζίας, -aiζe, α., having supreme power.

Daippicín, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a toecap, a ferrule for a stick; ap a baippicínioib, on tip-toe.

Dáippléip, g. -e and -eac, f., numbness of the fingers from cold (Aran); bainplioban (W.Ker.).

báippreoz, -013e, -03a, f., the top of the windpipe.

báipreac, -rije, -reaca, f., a brawler; a scold; a shrew.

Dámpeact, -a, f., brawling; a scolding.

Daippeoin, -ona, -oinioe, m., a scold; a water-bailiff.

Daipreoipeact, -a, f., the occupation or business of a waterbailiff (Don.).

báinrize, g. id., f., a scolding, a

brawling.

Dáippizim, -iużao, v. tr., I scold. Dair, -e, f., water, a wash; heavy rain; the forehead (Aran).

Dáirín, g. id., pl. -rôe, m., charger, a basin, a bowl, a little gulf; cf., an Váirín, off the coast of Valentia, Ker.; b. 10nlait, a washing basin.

báirín, g. id., pl. -ioe, m., a weakling, a person of sickly appearance (dim. of bar, death).

Dairleac, -lice, -leacada, f., a flat stone beside a well or stream on which women wash and beetle clothes (O'N.).

Dairteac, $-1i\dot{z}$, $-1i\dot{z}e$, m., a handful of anything; bairteac uirce, as much water as may be taken

in the hand.

Dáipleac, -liže, f., rain (Om., Mon., etc.) = báirceac; lá báirliže, a rainy day; tá ré az báirtis, it is raining (usually of heavy rain).

bairteact, -a, f., palmistry.

Dairce, an epithet of St. John

(the Baptist).

Dáirteac, -tize, f., rain; bhaon bárrziże, a little shower of rain; ní močuišeann cú an báirceac anuar, you do not feel the rain pouring down.

Dairteao, -tio, m., the Sacrament of Baptism, act of baptising; b. uplain, lay baptism; im bairceao, van mo b., common

forms of asservation.

báirteamail, -mla, a., rainy.

Dáircizim, -iuzao (somet. vl., az báirtij), v. intr., I pour (as a shower); in 3 s., it rains (also báirtim).

Daiptim, -teao, v. tr., I baptize; I dip, pour water on; I name,

I nickname.

Dáice, g. id., m., bait, fishing bait: b. pantáin, crab-bait (Tory).

Daitear, -tir, m. (also baitir, -e, -eaca, f.), the crown of the head, the pate; the head.

baitín, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a small stick; a stick used for purposes

of faction-fight.

barcineact, -a, f., the act of beating with a stick; rowdyism, quarrelling.

Daitpiléan, -éin, -éinide, m., a bachelor, an unmarried man; a graduate in a university.

batac, -ais, pl. id., m., a fish called "connor" (Ker.). See battac.

bátac, -a1z, -a1ze, m., a clown, a churl.

bátacamait, -mta, a., clownish, churlish.

batacán, -áin, pl. id., m., a boy, a

youth, a stripling.

balao, -aio, pl. id., m., perfume, savour, odour, smell; the sense of smell (also balaite). bolao.

batb, -aitbe, a., dumb; silent, quiet; stammering; bothered; inharmonious, unmusical.

bato, -aito, pl. id., m., a dumb person.

Dalbact, -a, f., dumbness, stuttering, stammering.

balbán, -áin, pl. id., m., a dumb person, a mute, a stammerer.

batbar, -air, m., dumbness, stammering.

Dalbužao (balbao), -uižte, m., act of silencing, making dumb, or discordant.

balbuisim (balbaim), -użao, v. tr., I make dumb, silence, make discordant; v. intr., 1 grow dumb, become silent.

bate, -aite, m., anything strong and stout; anything stiff and consistent, as parched clay; the hardened surface of the earth; the bar of a harrow; bate reartanna, a heavy shower (Don.).

batc, -aitce, a., strong, mighty,

stout. See bailc.

bálcaeneact, -a, f., walking,

rambling (A.).

batcam, -aò, v. tr., I force, drive, impel; I attack, deal with stoutly. In playing marbles in Ker., oo batc ré means, he put one fist over another to get a more vigorous pitch.

batcaine, g. id., pl. -proe, m., a

strong, stout person.

δατελη, -e, -ιόe, f., a garment, a rag, a clout; pl. baτελητιόe, garments, clothes, usually worthless garments, etc.

batcaireán (botcaireán), -áin, pl. id., m., the rag-weed, rag-wort (usual as an English word

in Fingal).

balcánta, indec. a., stout, firm,

strong.

balcman, -aine, a., strong, stout,

great, large.

batt, g. baitt and boitt, pl. id., m., a limb, a member; a spot, a place; a separate article (of dress, furniture, etc.), as b. éadais, an article of dress; b. untaire, a tool; b. acha, a handy implement; batt eas-Laire, a member of the Church; an b., by-and-bye, presently; an an mball, at once, immediately; used generally for áit in South M.; b. rúis, a black spot, a stain on one's character; b. báro, a hawser; b. corais, the bow of a boat; b. peipio, the stern of a boat (Con. and U.); ball vonain, a mole on the human skin.

batta, g. id., pl. -aroe, a wall, a

rampart (ratta in M.).

Dallac, -aiż, -aiże, m., a speckled fish called the "connor"; this fish is called a "gunner" in the West and in the North (Tory Island).

battaċ,-aiţe,a., speckled, spotted, marked.

battán, -áin, m., a teat, a pap; a cup, a chalice: a natural cup-like hole in a rock; a snail's shell, a husk; a bullock (=buttán); zunab é ruat na néineannac céao-battán σο ταμμαίπς, that the first pap he sucked was hatred of the Irish; τά mé an an b. cúit, I am at the end of my resources (U.).

ballarta, m., ballast (A.).

ball báro, m., a hawser used to tie a seine-boat and followers together (Ker.).

body, a trembling of the body, a tremulousness. See

baill-chic.

ball oópáin, m., a mole on the

human skin (Con.).

batter, m., a wallet; An batter, the name of a well-known Irish air; τά pott an an b., there's a hole in the wallet (ballet, ballad).

ball-zalaμ, -aιμ, m., rheumatism; the gout; a kind of plague.

batt mazaro, g. id., m., a laughing stock, an object of derision.

See ceap mazaro.

batt-narc, m., a ligament that connects the bones in the joints.

ballóς, -όιςe, -όςa, f., a spot or speck; dim. of ball.

battparò, -e, f., limbs, members (collectively).

ballpcaineac, -niże, a., up-roarious, bluff.

battrcóro, -e, -röe, -eaca, f., a spot; a blister; a halyard (Ker.).

ball respec, m., a beauty spot, a love spot.

bálmui $\dot{\bar{\varsigma}}$ im, -lma \dot{o} , v. tr., I embalm (A.).

batram, -a, m., balm; the lips (poet.); ir choiceans a batram, her lips are blood-red (O'Ra.).

balram-żob, -żuib, pl. id., and -żoba, m., a fragrant mouth.

See balram.

bambao, -aio, pl. id., m., an impediment, an obstruction (Don.).

Dambainne, g. id., m.; atá mé 'mo bambainne, I am in a mess, I am puzzled (Con.).

bambujinais, as b., obstructing,

delaying (Don.).

ban- (bain-), prefix, makes noun feminine. See bain.

bán, -áin, pl. -ánta, m., a plain, lea-ground, dry pasture land, river-side pastures; a yard.

bán, -áine, a., white, fair; bald (of the head); pale; waste, untilled; beloved (metaph.); ns. buacaillide bána, the Whiteboys.

banac, -ais, m., tow.

bánao, -nca, pl. id., m., a whitening, bleaching; also a pillaging.

bánaim (bánuizim), -aö, id., v. tr., I whiten, bleach; lay waste, pillage.

banatcha, g. id., pl. -röe, f., a

banatchamacc, -a, f., a nursing, a fosterage.

Danamait, -mts, a., woman-like, modest, feminine, chaste.

banamtacz, -a, f., female bashfulness, modesty.

banán, -áin, -ána, m., a spiritual

being (M.).

Danaom, -aoim, m., a young woman. The word corresponds to macaom, and is used in poetry by McAodhagain and others.

banb, g. bainb, pl. -arbe, m., a young pig; a suckling pig; a

pig in general (poet.).

banba, g. id., and -an, f., an ancient name of Ireland, largely used in poetry; an reireao hainm banba ó bainníosain oo Cuataib De Danann oo bi 'ran schic v'á nsamtí banba, ir í rá bean oo mac Cuill o'an b' ainm oilear eacup, 7c., the sixth name was Banbha, from a queen of the Tuatha De Danann who was in the land, who was called Banbha; it was she was the wife of Mac Cuill, whose proper name was Eathur (Kea., F. F.); "Clán banban," "inir banba," names for Ireland (pron. banba in M.).

banbán, -áin, pl. id., m., a young little pig. (This word is not found in parts of Donegal, where they use pisin instead, e.g., between Creeslough and Kilmacrenan.)

bán-boz, -buize, a., fair and ten-

banc (banca), g. id., m., a bank (for money); a bank of a stream; a

bench, a seat.

Dancán, -áin, pl. id., m., a bank in a field, etc., suitable for sitting on; also pancán; "An Pancán phaoic," a favourite local popular song and air (Om., Mon., etc.).

 \mathfrak{b} an-capa, g. -capa \mathfrak{o} , d. -capa \mathfrak{o} f., a female friend, a wife.

bán-cneir, -e, f., a fair lady.

ban-comappa, -n, -in, f., a female neighbour.

bán-chotac, -aite, a., of a white appearance (of a ghost, etc.).

ban-churcipe, g. id., pl.-proe, f.a female player on the harp.

ban-cú, f., a bitch.

ban-cuirteannac, f., a female piper, a woman that plays on a wind instrument.

banda, indec. a., female; feminine, modest.

Dan-voippeoip, -opa, -oipive, f., a female doorkeeper.

Dán-vonca, indec. a., darkish

บลท-ออกรลอ่, -นารัธe, m., menstruation in females.

Dan-opaoi, f., a druidess. 011401.

Dan-raio, -e, pl. id., f., a prophetess. ban-flait, -lata, pl. id., f., a princess.

Dan-żaircióeać, -ióiż, f., a female

hero or warrior.

Dán-zlap, -aire, a., greenish white. bán-starao, -rta, m., a growing pale.

Dán-żoμm, -uiμme, a., pale blue.

bán-ζομπαό, -mċa, m., a growing wan; pale blue (of the lips).

bann, -ainn, pl. -aioe, a bond, a bill; a belt, a chain, a hinge; a law; a measure (also banna).

banna, g. id., pl. -aroe, m., a censure, a reproach.

banna, g. id., pl. -aroe, m., a com-

pany, a band.

banna, g. id., pl. -aroe, m., a bond, a bill, a promissory note; a bond, a bail security; a diadem. See bann.

bannaċ, -aiţ, -aiţe, m., a fox (O'R.); a cake, a bannock; as α ., active, actual, cunning (O'R.).

bannaroe, pl., the stones forming the cross-bond in a wall (Aran).

Dannaroe (pl. of banna), m., bail, security; bannaroe bnasa, bail for a prisoner.

ban-naom, -naome, pl. id., f., a female saint, a holy woman.

Dann bháigoe, g. id., m., a neckcloth.

bann-ceangat, m., an obligatory bond.

bannoaiţine, g. id., pl. -nioe, m., a disappointed person; ex., o'ṛáς τώ mipe im' bannoaiţine, you left me delayed and disappointed (?) (Clare). Perhaps the same as bambainne.

banntám, -áime, -áma, f., a cubit; a "bandle"; a measure of 21 inches, used for measuring home-

made flannel.

bannóz, -όιζε, -όζα, f., a cake; bannock.

Dannnac, -aiςe, -aca, f., a sheep-fold; a pound or enclosure (pron. bowrach in M., where ow sounds as in how, cf. γcannnach).

bannpaoán, -áin, pl. id., m., a grumbling, a murmuring.

Danntapánac, -aiţe, a., grumbling, murmuring; as subs., a grumbler, a murmurer.

banngcat, a woman (obs.); dim.

bannpealoz.

bannτόιμ, -όμα, -όιμιτος, m., one who binds or pledges; a bonder.

bánόζ, -όιζε -όζα, f., a small enclosed place; a court-yard; a barn.

ban-όζιας, f., a maid-servant, a handmaid; ir uairte banatcra 'ná ban-όζιας, a nurse is higher in the social scale than a maid-servant.

ban-oroe, f., a governess, a female

ზაო- იაკ, - იაკe, - იაკა, *f.*, a virgin, a maiden.

ban-oithe, f., an heiress.

ban-oispeace, -a, f., female heritage.

bán-rúileac, -liże, a., pale-eyed, white-eyed.

banta, g. id., pl.-roe, f., a niece. bantarte, g. id., m., advantage,

convenience. See buπτάιγτε. baπτραέτ, -a, f. (this noun is masc. in Mulconry's copy of Kea., F. F.), (collect.), womenfolk; a company of women; the ladies of a household.

bánuiţim, -uţao, v. tr., I whiten, bleach, devastate, pillage; I stroke gently (Der.).

ολοοόλη, -Διη, pl. id., m., a calf (O'N.).

Daożat, -ait, pl. id. and -tza, m., danger, peril; apprehension; ip baożat oúinn, we fear, we are not safe.

baożalać, -aiże, a., dangerous, perilous, hazardous. ná buait é. 1p baożalaiże oam, do not strike him, there is more danger that he will strike me.

baożtużao, -turże, m., act of

endangering.

baoir, -e, f., folly, indiscretion, rage, madness, concupiscence, lust; an baoir, silly, foolish; b. na hóize, youthful imprudence.

baoirce, g. id., pl. -croe and -ceaca, f., a ray, a flash of light.

Daoirceac, -ciże, a., shining. glittering, bright; baoirceam-ait, -amta, a., id.

baoir-cheioeam, -oim, m., credu-

lity, superstition.

baoir-cheromeac, -miże, a., credulous, superstitious.

baoireac, -riże, a., raging, mad, foolish; lustful, lascivious.

baoireae, -riż, -riże, m., a silly person.

bλοιγελότ, -λ, f., lasciviousness, lust.

baoir-nim, f., venomous folly (T, G).

baoirteat, -tiże, -tiżte, m., a brothel.

baoit. See baot.

Daoit-céittire, a., senseless, foolish.

baoit-cheroeam, m., credulity, superstition.

Daoit-cheromeat, -miże, a., foolishly credulous, superstitious.

baoice, g. id., m., a bait.

baoite, g. id., f., foolishness; insipidity; softness.

ປັດດາວ່-ຮູ້eາກ, a., tenderly fashioned. ປັດດາວ່-ໄອ້າຫ, -ໄອ້າຫອ, -ໄອ້າຫອລາກລ, f., a wild leap.

baoit-téimneat, -nițe, a., proudly prancing, wildly leaping.

baoit-reeinm, -e, f., a wild leap, a bound.

baoit-teanza, f., a vain, silly tongue. See teanza.

baot, -aoit, m., the timber at the end of a spancel.

baor, f., folly. See baoir.

baoγμαό, g. -αιό and -αμέα, m., folly, vanity, madness; "baoγμαό πα mbaoγμαό," "vanity of vanities."

baot, -oite, a., foolish, silly, weak, reckless; soft, tender, simple.

baotán, -áin, pl. id., m., a fool, a simpleton.

baotanta, a., foolish.

baotántact, -a, f., folly, foppery, effeminacy, levity, garrulity.

baot-cainnteac, -tize, a., gar-rulous, noisy.

baoż-carteam, m., prodigality. baoż-cartmeac, -mrze, a., riotous, prodigal.

baot-rocat, -ait, pl. id., m., a light, frivolous word.

baot-foctac, -aige, a., of soft speech.

baot-ζίόιμ, -e, f., empty glory, vanity.

baoċ-ţtóμ, -óιμ, m,, foolish talk, nonsense.

baoτ-ἡίομας, -aiţe, α., addicted to foolish prate.

baotlac, -aiţ, -aiţe, m., a clown. baotlubac, -aiţe, a., of vain tricks.

baot-rúzμao, -zapta, pl. id., m., foolish merriment or joking.

baoċ-uaibpeaċ, -piże, a., foolishly proud, arrogant, haughty.

δαμ, δυμ, pos. pron., your (pl.).
δαμα, the palm of the hand; a barrow; inclination, intention;
δί α δ. φέ, he intended; τά α δαμα φύπ, I intend.

báμaċ, m., to-morrow; 1 mbáμaċ, to-morrow; 4μ maioin 1 mbáμaċ, next morning; tá 4μ n-4 báμaċ, on the morrow (Kea., F. F.); ó 'noiu 30 ocí 1 mbáμaċ, from to-day till to-morrow, from day to day. (The nom. báμaċ is not now used; the first syllable in the oblique cases is pron. mbáii.)

baparoe, g. id., pl. -ote, m., a file, a rasp (W. Ker.).

bapamait, -mta, pl. id., f., opinion, judgment, comparison; το μέιμ bapamta, according to opinion (Kea.); sense, meaning: ca τιος το tion aon bapamait a baint ap, I could derive no meaning from it (Om.); bainear b. ap mo ἡιυδαί, it was suspected that I had some particular design in going there (U.).

baμamtac, -aiξe, α., opinionated, conjectural.

bapánτa (also bapánτa), g. id., m., an authority, a warrant; an bapánτa ατά αιζε, his authority (for a historical statement) (Kea., F. F.); ní bapánτa incherote é, he is not a reliable authority (Kea., F. F.). See bapánτar, which is a more modern form.

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bapánzamait, -mts, a., authentic, warrantable, trustworthy; oo uzoain banantamail, ném according to a trustworthy

author (Kea., F. F.).

Dapánτar, -air, m., a warrant; authority; protection; a mock warrant generally written in poetry, a species of satire common in the eighteenth century. See banánta.

banbanac, -a15, -a15e, m., a

foreigner, a barbarian.

banbanact, -a, f., barbarity, inhumanity, cruelty; obscenity.

Dapbapoa, indec. a., barbarous, inhuman, cruel, obscene; rocat b., a coarse word; an nóp banbanoa úo, that barbarous

custom (Kea., F. F.).

Vánc, -áinc, pl. -ánca and áinc, m. (somet. g., -áince, f.), a ship, a bark, apparently smaller than a tons; in modern Irish chiefly used poetically; 1011 toins, báinc, cupacáin, Je., counting ships, barks, skiffs, etc. (Kea., F. F.

báncac, -aiże, α., abounding in

ships.

Dápcacτ, -a, pl. id., f., embarkation; boating or sailing in a barque.

bánc-bhuizeanman, -maine, α ., illustrious in naval battles

 (T, G_{\cdot})

υάμο, - άιμο, pl. id., m., a poet, a bard.

báno, -áino, pl. id., m., a corporation (O'N.).

υάρολο, -λιζ, pl. id., m., a warden; bápoais ceampuill, churchwardens; as a., poetic, bardic.

bánoact, -a, f., a corporation

town (O'N.).

Dápoace, -a, f., poetry, bardism. Βάμολότ, -A, f,, warding, guardian-

Dánosioesct, -s, f., bardship, the profession of a bard; scolding (also bánoact).

Dápost, -ait, pl. id., m., a drake,

a mallard.

bánoamail, -mla, a., bardic, poetical.

báno-rcolóz, -óιze, f., a rustic poet; comainte na báno-rcotóige oá mac, is the title of a well-known list of proverbs in verse.

θάμμ, g. θάιμμ, pl. id. and -μαιόε, m., the top; an addition; a branch; a crop; profit, advantage; superiority; means; ní't aon nío σά βάμη αζας, you have gained nothing by it; oo bápp člarom, by means of the sword (E. R.); τ an b., exceedingly; μυς τέ báμμ, he excelled; bapparõe, crops; bápp na connice, shellings of corn (Der.); man bánn bonair, as a crowning misfortune (T, G); te banna (=bánn) baoire, through excess of folly (Id.).

υάμη, - άιμη, pl. id., m., a son, a descendant, an offspring, prince; bánn na nížte, offspring

of kings.

bappa, m., surface, scum, corruption, matter oozing from a wound; used in M. like bánn, as reappa is used for reapp; crop, produce. See bánn.

Danna, g. id., pl. -aroe, m., a barrow; bappa táime, a handbarrow; banna nota, a wheel-

barrow. See bana.

banna béit, a shoemaker's apron; dried sheepskin with wool on.

Dannac, -ais, m., top branches of trees; tow; tare or hards of flax or hemp; rnáite bannais, a thread of tow; corrupt matter in honeycombs; bappac tin, hards of flax, tow.

Dappa caphóise, m., a wheel-

barrow.

bappacar, -air, m., a surplus, an overplus.

bappa-cor, a kick (Om.). bapp-cor.

bappact, -a, f., mastery, superior-

Dappactamail, -mla, a., surpassing, bold, brave.

baμμαύ, -μτα, m., act of overcoming, excelling; ní't ream το ταμπτα, ης., you have no superior, etc.

υλημαό, -Διό, m., a hindrance, a

bar.

υαμμα-ζαο, m., a binding-rope on

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bannażłać, -aiż, -aiże, m., tops of branches of trees; refuse, waste matter, chaff (pron. bannaoileaċ).

Dapparoe (pl. of bappa), m., crops, produce; the stalks, leaves, etc., of crops, that appear above the surface.

Dapparoeaca, tops, oe b. a cop, on tip-toe; also crops.

υάμμαι σε ας, -a, f., more than enough, overflowing.

Dappaitin, m., a mitre. See báinín. Dappaitte, báinitte, bainitte, g. id., pl. -tioe, f., a barrel.

Dappairte, g. id., m., the plant called borage.

baμμα-liobaμ, -aiμ, m., numbness of the fingers from cold.

bappamait, -mta, α., genteel, fine, gay; ράσμαις b., Patrick the gay. (The word is still heard in M., and is common in South U., Con., and Om.)

baμμάη, -áin, pl. -ánaiòe, m., a stalk (as of potatoes, etc.) (Aran); thorns laid on the top of a wall; mountain tops; in Ü. a gap, a bite; cuiμ ré baμμάη ionnam, he drove his teeth into my flesh; obstacle, objection, cause, reason (Don.); cf. baμtain.

bappaoileac. See bappaţlac.
bappa ταοίσε, m., high tide; the drift seaweed found at high water; bápp táin, high tide (Con.).

δαρη δυαδαιτι, m., a bugle horn.
 δάρη δυιός, m., a yellow head, yellow hair.

bápp-čaot, -čaoite, a., slender-topped, tapering.

Dánn-car, -carre, α., having ringleted hair; as ε., plaited hair. δάμη-ċor, -oire, f., the end of the foot, toes and instep; buait ré b. oim, he kicked me; buait ré b. rúm, he tripped me up (Mon., etc.).

bapp veatia, g. bapp veatia,

pl. id., m., a rest.

Daμμοόζ, -όιζε, -όςλ, f., a pannier, a hamper, a basket; an osier basket of a hemispherical form, usually used for straining potatoes when boiled. See γειατόζ.

bánn-oonar, m., the top lintel of

a door.

δάμη-ἐμιξίεαċ, -tıţ, m., the refuse of corn, mostly chaff; inferior corn; corn mixed with chaff. See baμμαοιίεαċ and baμμαζίαċ.

báμμ-ξιόμ, -όιμ, m., vociferation,

vanity.

baμμ-żlónac, -aiże, a., vociferous,

loud-voiced, vain.

ὑαμμός, -όιζε, -όζα, f., an embrace, a hold (in wrestling), a tight grip; leverage; a stitch in sickness; the Anglo-Irish word brogue, which means a stiff, grippy way of speaking English, is identical with this word.

δαμμός, -όιζε, -όζα, f., a rod, a twig; a damsel, a maiden;
 δαμμός μυαό, poppy.

baμμόζαιm, -aö, v. tr., I seize, grapple with; embrace.

υρμόιζίη, g. id., pl. -ròe, m., a little girl; a slight hold or grip.

υλημέλ, p. a., hindered.

bάηη-ċuirte, -tiò, -tiòe, m., an accident, a stumble, a fall; oo baineaò báηη-ċuirte ar, ruain ré báηη-ċuirte, he slipped, he stumbled.

δαμμιτόe, g. id., m., an upstart; a haughty aspirant; a proud person; δαμμιτόe átann, a proud queenly woman (Don.).

bájinuizim, -użao, v. tr., I hinder,

check.

bampuing, a., well-to-do, in good circumstances; bhabac, id.

báμμ-úμ, -úιμε, α., fresh, greentipped.

Danitain, -ana, f., a check. a halt.

bas

bántan, -ain, m., harm, damage, injury. See bantain.

b Δημίη, -μίη, pl. id., m., a baron.

υλημηταίτ, -a, f., a barony. bar, g. baire, pl. bara(bor), f., hand,palm of the hand; handbreadth; flat of oar; hurley, etc.; anything flat; a blow, a box; im bara, by my hand, on my word; Speadad nó bualad wringing of hands through grief; bappa barre, a field game played by boys; camán baire, a hurling match (B.).

bár, -áir, m, death; 30 bár, till death; ó aoir 30 bár, during all one's life; bár o'rájail, to die; ruain ré bár, he died; an oo bar, as if your life depended on it, also at the time of your death; 1 proce báir, le h-uce báir, an buille báir, i n-uaoacc báir, at the point of death; met., a skeleton-like or languid person; dim., báirín, id.

bára, g. id., pl. id. -aoa and -aroe,

a base; a basis.

báraim, -aò, v. tr., I slay, I put to death.

báraine, g. id., pl. -piòe, m., an executioner.

báramait, -mta, α ., deadly, mortal, fatal, destructive.

Dáramlacz, -a, f., mortality.

Dápán, -áin, pl. id., m., a slow, languid person.

Darbaine, g. id., pl. -proe,

fencer, a gladiator.

Dar-buailim, -alao, v. tr., I clap

hands, I applaud.

Dar-buatao, -aite, pl. id., m., clapping of hands, applause, praise; buatao bar, wringing of hands through grief, or for applause.

barcaim, -ao, v. tr., I oppress, destroy, check, stop; severely wound; I apprehend or injure

(O'N.).

barcao, -cca, m., oppression, destruction, a check, a severe wounding or injury; barcao 'zur leonao ont, a severe hurt and a sprain on you. barcao is often applied to a severe and practically fatal wounding.

barcaine, g. id., m., a mournful

clapping of hands.

Darcaoo, -2010, -200210e, m., a basket, a hand-basket; barcaoo rizce, a closely-woven wicker basket; barcaoo runneozac, an open-woven wicker basket; barcaro, f. (Don.).

Darcapnac, -aiż, -aiże, m., mentation; crying with clapping of hands; stammering.

barcuište (barcta), p. α., hurt, battered, severely wounded.

Dar-záinoeacar, -air, m., applause or rejoicing by clapping of hands.

bar-żánnonżim, -nużao, v. intr., I applaud by clapping of hands.

bαρ- $\dot{\varsigma}$ μεασαιμ, - $\alpha \dot{o}$, v. tr., Istrike hands through pain; lament for the dead with clapping of hands.

bartac, -ais, -aise, m., a handful,

an armful.

bar-leatan, -leitne, a., having a wide palm; broad-bladed (of an oar); the term is often applied to horses in middle Irish, where probably it means broadflanked.

bar-luat, -aite, a., dexterous, nimble-handed, light-fingered.

Dar-Luatact, -a, f., sleight of hand, dexterity.

Ծáբուձր, -ուրթ, m., mortal, perishable, subject to death, deadly.

Dármanacc, -a, f., mortality, perishableness.

barός, -όιςe, -όςa, f., a slight blow with the hand.

Darta, m., the waist; a bodice (woman's dress).

bartallać, -aiże, a., gay, showy, flashy, impudent.

bartant, -aint, -aintide, m., a bastard; clann barcaino, bastard children (Kea., F. F.).

bárt-cóta, g. id., m., a waisteoat

(nom. also bart-cot).

Dartún, -úin, pl. id., m., a whip made

of green rushes; a poltroon; a blockhead.

báružao, -uižte, m., act of putting to death, slaying.

báruizim, -użao, v. tr., I put to death. See baraim.

bata, g. id., pl. -10e, m., a stick; a handle; dim. baicín.

θάταο, g. θάιττε, m., act of drowning; eclipsing, as of one consonant by another; destruction; quenching; overpowering.

bata earcait, m., a pole to push on a boat.

batailte, g. id., pl. -tibe, m., abundle (of straw, etc.).; also, barat and barait.

Dátaim, -ao, v. tr., I drown, quench, extinguish. See báoaim.

Dataine, g. id., pl. -proe, m., a smiter, a beater.

Dataineact, -a, f., cudgelling, beating with a club.

batatać, -aiże, -aċa, f., a hovel, an ill-constructed building, rick, etc.; b. ziże, b. chuaice, TC.

Datalans, -ainse, f., loss, damage. bátlac, -aiz, -aize, m., an awkward clown, a vagabond; as α ., awkward (also bátac).

bacháil, -ála, f., a beating, chastising; a row, a fight.

bátrtaoo, m., a float or raft on

the sea (P. O'C.).

bé, g. béite, pl. id., a woman, a maiden; a goddess, a fairy (poet.).

béabap, -aip, pl. id., m., beaver; felt; a hat (A.).

beac, -a, -aioe, m., a mushroom; beacán, -áin, id.

beac, -eice, pl. beaca and beic, f., a bee; mo chuar beice, my bees' hoarding (applied to a person as a term of endearment—Fer.); bead zabain, a wasp (the pl. beic is found in Kea., F. F., and in T. G.; ordinary pl. in M., at least, is beaca).

beacac, -aise, a., full of, or abounding in bees.

beacaroe, indec. a., dirty, muddy (Antrim).

Descarpe, g.~id.,~pl.~-proe, m.,~abeehive; also a bee-farmer.

beacán, -áin, pl. id., m., a mushroom; beacán beanac (Don.).

béacán, -áin, pl. id., m., a cloud (Mon.).

beacán, -áin, pl. id., m., a wasp. beacan capailt, m., a horse-fly.

beacánta, indec. a., waspish, stinging, fretful.

beactann, -ainne, -a, f., a place for storing honey or beehives; an apiary.

beactannac, -aite, a., abounding in beehives, stored with honey.

Deacos, -όιςe, -όςa, f., a young bee; a bee; beacos capaill, a wasp; beacos, usual word for bee in Don.

beact, -a, -anna, m., a circle, a ring, compass; meditation; an assurance, a compact (O'N.).

bescr, -eicre, a., perfect, exact, particular, sure, certain, literal; 50 b. perfectly, entirely, for ever.

beactac, -aite, a, round, circu-

lar, globular.

beactaroeact, -a, f., accuracy, particularity, criticism; bain mé b. ar, I criticised it (Tory).

beaccaine, g. id., pl. -proe, m., a

critic (O'N.).

Deaccamail, -amla, α ., authoritative; round, circular.

beact-muinte, p. α ., of accurate knowledge.

θeaċτιιζιm, -ιιζα \dot{o} , v. tr., I certify, assure; I perfect, I complete; I compass, I embrace; I meditate; Î perceive (also beactaim, -aó).

beao, -a, m., bad news, injury;

flattery.

beadarde, a., sweet-mouthed, luxurious, nice, fond of delicacies; fastidious, saucy, impudent, dapper; airling beavaire, a fleeting dream (Der.).

Desosioe, g. id., pl. -oce, m., a

bea

flatterer; a lover of dainties; a childish word for goose.

beadardeact, -a, f., sweetmouthedness, fondness for dainties; sauciness, impertinence.

béaraín, -áin, pl. id., m., a calumniator; calumny.

béavánac, -aize. a., calumnious, slanderous.

béaος ao, -ς τα, m., act of starting, startling. See bίοος ao.

beautian, the prong of a grape, fork, etc. (Om., Der.); recte

beanstán (?).

beas, gsf. bise, comp. tusa, little, small, tiny; ir beas onm é, I despise him; ir beas thom é, I think it too small; ir beas tiom, 7c., I do not stick at, etc.; beas nac, almost; ir beas oume, 7c., few persons, etc.; ní bear oom . . . 5an, 7c., was it not enough that I should . . . not to add, etc.; ir beas ná so mbátran ann mé, I'll almost get drowned there; tá an realitain beat if to beit pérò, the rain is almost over; ní beas tiom S. as pheasha, 7c., I think it sufficient that S. replying, etc. (Kea., F. F.); anoir beas, just now, a moment ago; ní beas pin, "and no more at present" (in old epistolary style); ir beas má, scarcely, hardly; beas is also used as a dim. for persons and things, often in the sense of os: Comár beaz often signifies Thomas the younger.

béasact, -a, f., diligence (?).

beagán, -áin, m., a little; few; followed by gen. takes oe with poss. pron; píoη-beagán, very little, very few.

Deaţán (or beaţán), -ânn, pl. id., m., a sting; beaţán το n bár an ξμάτ, love is a sting till death (Der. and Om.).

beas-céittio, -e, a., of little

sense, half-witted.

beaz-choroeac, -orże, a., fainthearted, timid; mean-spirited. beaz-eaztać, -aiże, a., fearless, courageous, independent.

beaz-luacinan,-aine, a., valueless, contemptible; beaz-luac, id.

beaz-mait, m., a useless person.

beagnac, ad., almost, nearly; beagnac με τμί mile bliadan. almost for three thousand years (Kea., F. F.).

beaz-náipe, f., shamelessness.

beag-náineac, -μiże, α., shameless, brazen.

beaz-raożtać, -tarże, a., short-lived.

beaz-ταιμιθεας, -ιόιζε, α., of small profit, worthless.

beas-tuispe, g. id., f., nonsense,

absurdity.

béat, g. béit and beoit (poet.), pl. béit and beoit, m., the mouth, the lips; the edge of a cutting instrument; an opening or orifice; the entrance to a place; the first beginning; 1 mbéat báine, at or in charge of the goal (Om., U.); 1 mbéal a maiceara, at the beginning of his usefulness; te béat baince, on the point of being cut, fit to cut; an béalaib, in front of, opposite; b. an trluait, people in general, everybody; ó béataib, by word of mouth; teact an béataib, to take precedence of (Kea., F. F.); oubaint ré lem' béal é, he said it before my face, in my presence; béat, in the sense of opening, entrance, approach to a place, is used largely in proper names, as béal reiproe, Belfast; béat inre (the approach to the island), Valentia; béal áta na muice, Swinford; hence, sometimes = isthmus, as in béat an muitéro, Belmullet, etc.; of persons: béal San $\operatorname{rcot}(M.)$, béal San $\operatorname{rarcao}(\operatorname{Con.})$, béal San rcat (U.), one that blabs.

beatać, -aiż, pl. id. and -aiże, m., a road, way, path; a mountain pass; an inlet; a passage; an a beatać, on his way; ar an mbeatac, amiss, wrong; beatac móμ, high-road; " τάς an beatac," clear the way; aμ aon beatac, of the same way of thinking. Deatac has a wider signification than bόταμ; bíonn rconnpa te bόταμ, a bόταμ has fences, a beatac need not have; beatac is used as a common word for road or way in U.; common in place-names: Deatac an "Οοιμίη, Ballaghaderreen; beatac Οιμίη, a steep mountain pass in Iveragh (Ker.); an beatac móμ, a road across Bere Island, Co. Cork.

béatac, -aiçe, α., blubber-lipped. beatac, -aic and -tca, m., grease;

the act of greasing.

béalán, -áin, pl. id., m., a little mouth; a mouthful.

béatbac, -aiże, -ca, f., a bridle bit (also béatmac).

béat-bán, -báine, a., whitemouthed.

béalbán nuao, f., a species of hawk.

béat-cainnteac, -tiże, a., loqua-cious.

béal-ċμάτο, -aio, m., hypocrisy. béal-ċμάτοτεας, -tiţe, α., hypocritical.

béal-rothazao, -aro, m., a rinsing of the mouth; gargling of the throat.

béatzac, -aiçe, a., prating, babbling.

θέαι-ξάιμεας, -μιξε, α., wily, flattering, ironical, falsely complimentary.

béal-ἡμάο, m., dissimulation, false love, flattery.

béatmac, a bridle bit. See béatbac.

béatóz, -όιze, -όza, f., a mouthful, a bite.

béat-oioear, -oir, m., tradition; oral instruction.

θέαι-μάι οτεας, -τιζε, α., talkative, prating; officious, meddling; famous, illustrious (O'Br.).

béat-reacitée, a., open-mouthed, revealing secrets.

béal-reaciteac, a. See béalorealte.

beattaine, g. id., f. (pron. beatt-taine, where eatt is pron. as in ceatt, a church, in M.), the Irish May Festival, the month of May; tá beattaine, the first day of May; mí na beattaine, the month of May; oroce beattaine, May eve; Sean-beattaine, "Old May," that is the month beginning about the 11th of May, the month of May (Old Style); in Om., etc., béattaine; in Don. and Con., beáttaine.

béat-ταιγ, -e (poet. beot-ταιγ), α., soft-lipped, liquid-lipped.

bealużao, -uiżte, pl. id.., m., an anointing, a greasing.

beatuiżim, -użao, v. tr., I anoint, grease.

beatuize, p. a., oily, spruce (E. R.).

béama, g. id., pl. -ide, a beam for weighing (A.).

bean, g. mná, d. mnaoi, pl. mná, gpl. ban, dpl. mnáib, a woman, a wife; bean caointe, g. mná caointe, pl. id., a female mourner; bean tiže, woman of the house, housewife, good wife, housekeeper; bean coimoeac, waiting-woman, waiting-maid; bean uapat, lady; bean pópta, a wife; bean plažatta, a nun.

beanaim. See bainim and buain-

bean cabapta, g. mná cabapta, f., a midwife.

bean cáince, f., a female satirist. bean cíoc, f., a wet nurse.

bean composac, f., a female attendant.

bean-comoeact, -a, pl. id., f., a ladies' association.

bean conzanta, f., a female assistant, a midwife.

bean reara, f., a female fortuneteller.

beangán, -áin, pl. id., m., a bough, a branch; a scion, a graff, the

blade of a fork; beangán tuibe, a herb bud.

beann, -a, pl. id., also g. beinne d. beinn, f., a mountain peak, a peak, a headland, a horn; a point, a crest; a gable, a top, step; a trail or dressskirt; heed, care, attention; dependence; ni'l b. asam onc, I am independent of you, I heed you not; ni't son beann aici ain, (the cow) has no relish for it (her food); certine beanna tiże, four corners of a house; zać beann ve'n chann, every arm of the tree (in pl., the arms of a cross). beann enters largely into place-names; it is applied to high mountain peaks as well as small eminences; cf., beann Julban in Sligo, beann Ano, a townland in Kerry, etc.; nom. also binn or beinn.

beann, f., a horn, etc.; fig., a long ear; cf., apal in peine beanna ain, an ass with a pair of long ears (B.); also, a couplet or half-stanza, whence leat-beann, a line (?).

beanna-bμος, m., a peaked or gabled mansion; beanna-bμιις bμιαιη cιαμτιίτε 'mαρμαιοίδ úιρς', the turreted mansions of Brian overflown with otters (O'Ra.). See bμος.

beannać, -aiţe, a., horned, forked; peaked (as mountains); an τ-Oiteán τηί-beannaċ=Trinacria (Sicily).

beannaċa˙o, -ċτa, pl. id., m., a benediction, a beatitude; act of blessing; ex., Ὁ 1a ο'á beannaċa˙o.

Deannacain, -e, a., abounding in peaks or gables.

beanna-cnoc, m., a peaked hill. See cnoc.

beannact, -a, f., a blessing; beannact teat, good-bye; b. Oé te n-a anam, God rest his soul.

beanna-poc, m., a horned buck. See P. O'C.

Deann-ζαμό, -ζαιμόε, α., roughpeaked.

beann-tan, -aine, a., bright-gabled (of a house).

beannóg, -όιζε, -όζα, f., a coif, a cap, a corner of a woman's cloak. See beannán.

beannόξαċ, -aiţe, crested, towering, high-headed (Co. Wick., P. O'C.).

bean nuao-pórta, g. mná-, pl. id., f., a bride.

beannużaż, -uiżże, m., act of blessing; benediction; saluting, greeting.

beannuiţim, -uţao, v. tr., I bless; intr., with oo, I salute.

beannuite, indec. p. a., blessed, holv.

beannuiţteacτ, -a, f., a blessing; holiness.

beannuiteoip, -opa, -oipioe, m., one who blesses.

bean-μάο, g. -μάιο, pl. -μάιοτe, m., woman's gossip.

bean reota, f., a woman in childbirth.

bean riubait, pl. mná riubait, f., a strolling woman; a woman who begs.

bean tiže, g. mná-, pl. id., f., a housewife, a housekeeper, a landlady; somet. indec. in sp. l., esp. in form bean a' tiže.

bean turmiże, f., a midwife. bean uarat, g. mná uarte, pl. id., f., a gentlewoman, a lady.

bean. See bion.

béan, g. béin, pl. id., m., a bear; a term applied to the English, as béin an ritt, the treacherous bears, etc.

beanac, -aiże, -aca, f., a two-yearold heifer.

beaμιδόιμ, -όμα, -όιμι \dot{o} e, m., a barber (A.).

beambónneacτ, -a, f., the trade of a barber; scolding.

bé αμοός, -όις e, -ός a, f., a crayfish (Ker.).

Déansact, -a, f., diligence.

béanta, g. id., pl. -roe, m., language, speech, dialect; the

English language; b. péinne, the dialect of some old Irish tracts.

béantazain, a dialect, a jargon.

beamna, -nan, -nanoe, f., a gap, a breach, a chasm; b. baoξail, gap of danger; ni bainread an olabat an b. δίοτ, you beat the devil; common in place-names, as beamna Γαοιτε, etc.

beáμπας, -aiţe, a., gapped; hacked; an ἀαταιμ βεάμπας, Cahirbearnagh, a hill and townland in Cork, west of Millstreet.

beánnaö, -aiö, m., a gapping, a biting; a beánnaö ubaitt, by the biting of an apple (O'D.).

beánnaim, -ao, v. tr., I make a gap, make a breach; I bite.

Deaμμαό, -μτα, m., act of shaving, clipping; μειαπ Βεαμμτα, a razor; beαμμαό εαομας, fleecy clouds, portending rain; a ripple on water (Don.).

beaμμαιό, -e, pl. id., f., a slice, a cut; a segment, a shred.

beappaim, -ao, v. tr., I shave,

shear, cut, clip.

beaμμάη, -άιη, pl. id., m., inconvenience, pain, grief, anguish, misery, strife, contention; a small bundle, a sheaf.

beappánac, -aiţe, α., miserable, distressed, distracted, lament-

able

Deappánuroe, g. id., pl. -oτe, a fomentor of strife (O'N.).

beappa-púnτán, m., a bob-tail (W. Ker.)

beannts, p. a., shorn, shaved, cropped, clipped, pinched, pecked at; clean, genteel, neat.

beapprióip, -όμα, -όμμισe, m., a barber, a shaver, a shearer, a clipper; a scold, satirist.

beanntoineact, -a, f., act of scold-

ing, satirising.

béapra, g. id., pl. -ιόe, m., a verse,

a stanza, a poem.

Deapt, -eipte, pl. -a and -eipte, f., an act, a deed; behaviour; a game or trick (at cards), a move in a game, an appointment, a situation; ni véançaro ré an veapç, it will not do; reaoit beapç cape, do not trouble about everything, let some things pass unnoticed.

beant, g. beint and bint, pl. id., m., a bunch or heap (of the hair, etc.); a bundle (of rushes, straw, etc.), chiefly carried on the back or shoulders; dim.

beincin or bincin.

beant, g. beinte, f., gear, apparatus, paraphernalia, chiefly in compounds; e.g., coir-beant, foot-gear, i.e., boots, shoes, etc.; cinn-beant, head-gear, i.e., head-dress, hat, etc.; táim-beant, a muff, a sleeve; coipp-beant, raiment, cloth.

beaptac, -aiçe, a., active, feat-performing; resourceful, cunning;

in clusters (of the hair).

Deaptaroeact, -a, f., trickery; beaptaroeact bárote, submerging or overpowering trickery (T. G.).

beamtaim, -ao, v. tr., I say, I pronounce, as an opinion or judgment; I think, imagine, estimate.

beantaim, -ao, v. tr., I brandish, I threaten, I wield. See beant-

beapταιμε, g. id., pl. -μιόε, m., a brandisher.

beaptużać, -uiżće, m., act of brandishing; act of conceiving; judging; thinking; gathering; tucking up.

ὑελητυιζιπ, -υζαό, v. tr. and intr., I wield, brandish, flourish; gather up; I estimate, think, meditate, conjecture. See beaμ-

caim.

béar, -a, pl. id., m., custom, habit; what is usual; 17 béar, it is the usual thing; μιπης τώ béara ός, you have made a habit of it (Der.); τά mbeat rior το τέατ αξατ, if you knew your place; in pl., manners, politeness.

béarac, -aize, a., good-mannered;

polite, correct, well-behaved, exemplary.

béaramait, -amta, a., exemplary,

polite, well-behaved.

beata, g. -ao, d. -aro, f., life, existence; food; property, estate; the world; Oé oo b., 'ré vo v., welcome, hail; nán ab é oo b. (Muns., nán a oé oo b.), never welcome you! beata na n-éas, death, like the Latin natalis, used of the death of saints.

beataroeat, -oit, pl. id., and -aca, m., an animal, a beast

(also beatac).

béatáil, -ála, f., the process of burning the surface of moorland, dried for the purpose, so as to produce ashes for manuring the under soil; somet. pron. béiceáil (Iver.).

beatamait, -mta, a., brisk, lively, gay, smart, high-spirited, vital.

beatóz, -ó15e, -óza, f., the beech tree (O'C.).

beatužao, -uižte, m., act of keeping alive; nourishing, feeding;

beatuitim, -utato, v. tr., I feed, support, sustain, nourish, edu-

bestuite, p. a., fed, nourished, well-fed, stout, fleshy, fat...

θeaτιιζτεοιμ, -ομα, -οιμισε, m., a feeder, a victualler.

Desturce, g. id., m., whiskey (aqua vitæ).

bé-bruinneall, -nille, -ealla, f., a young woman (poet.).

Déic, -e, pl. -i oe, -eaca, f., uproar, shout, outery.

béiceac, -cije (béicreac), f., act of roaring, shouting; as béicis, shouting.

béiceao, -cte, m., act of screaming,

crying out, yelling. béicine, g. id., pl. -nibe, m., a

roarer, a bawler, a prater. Déscineac, -mize, a., roaring,

noisy, clamorous; béiceac, id. Beioleapóin, -óna, -óinibe, m., a fiddler.

Beioteadoipeact, -a, f, the art of playing the fiddle.

berotin, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a fiddle. beiz-cialloa, indec. a., weakwitted.

beiz-léizinn, α ., of small reading, ill-educated.

béil-binn, -e, a., sweet-mouthed, flattering, melodious.

béit-binneac, -nize, α ., flattering, melodious.

béit-beans, -beinge, α ., redlipped.

béite, g. id., pl. -trõe, m., a meal. θέιλ- $\dot{\varsigma}$ ελημα $\dot{\circ}$, m., cutting the first sod in digging, tillage, etc.

béitin, g. id., pl. -ioe, m., a little

mouth.

béillic, -e, -leaca, f., a large stone; a tombstone; a cavern under a great stone; a limekiln; 17515 1 mbéillic na canmaise, in the cavern under the rock; rá béillic, under a tombstone, buried.

Déil-milip, -milpe, a., mouthed.

béil-neaman, -eine, a., thicklipped.

beite, -e, pl. -ive and -eanna, f., a belt; beite appuin, apron strings.

béilteac, -tize, pl. id., f., a great fire; b. temeso, id. (béiltizesc

is also used).

béim, -e, pl. -eanna, gpl. -eann, f., a blow, a stroke, a cut; a slice in carving; a flaw; a step, a blemish, a stain, a spot; a pace (prop. céim). beatac béime, a mountain pass in Kerry; oitbéim, an offence, an insult; ní't béim iongan ain, he is unscathed.

béim, -e, -i oe, f., a beam, the beam

of a plough.

béim, -e, -eanna, f., a thwart in a boat (Tory); beim beas, the cross piece near the stem into which the heel of the jib-boom fits; béim món, the third thwart in the boat; tarta is also used; Toct is the word used in Ker.

béim-bhireao, -ree, m., a smashing with blows.

Déimeannac, -aige, a., smiting, destructive; effective, vigorous (also béimneac).

Déimim, -meao, v. tr., I cut, I strike at; carve; scarify.

Déimneac, -nize, a., vehement, cutting, violently striking at.

béin, -e., f., compulsion (Mayo); used like iacatt, v'riacaib, etc.

beinéio, -e, f., the Minerva of the Irish.

beinín, g. id., pl. -iôe, m., somet. f., as an beinín, the little woman; dim. of bean.

Deinnio, -e, -iòe, f., a cheeserennet.

Deinnin, g. id., pl. -ioe, m., a pinnacle; dim. of beann.

beinnpe, g. id., pl. -aca, -proe, f., a seat, a bench; a magistrate's seat; dim. beinnpin; beinnpin tuacpa, a tuft of rushes.

Deiplöiżim, -iużao, v. tr. and intr., I boil, seethe.

Deipioiζip, -e, f., an anniversary, a feast, a vigil.

beineatar, -air, m., a birth; one newly born; the "cleaning" or after-birth of animals. See

beinitear.

beinim, vl. bpeit, v. tr. and intr., irreg. (see Paradigms), I bear, bring, carry, I bring take, forth, I carry off as a prize (with buso); with an: nusar αμ γεόμησις σιμ, I seized him by the throat; beinim ain, I lay hold of him; beinim ruar Ann, I overtake him, I seize him violently; with te (in pronoun combination), I take with me; béapao tiom é, I will take it with me; with breat (as object), I pass judgment on (an); ní as bheit bheite ont é, not that I am judging you; lay eggs: tá na ceanca as bheit, the hens are laying; sac lá béapaio opt, every day that will overtake you, i.e, every day of your life; bein ar, be off (Kilk.).

beimitear, -tip, m., a birth; one newly born.

Deiminoeir, -e, -eaca, f., an edge, point, border, as in beimmoeir an claidim.

beiμτ, -e, f., a couple, a pair, two persons; an beiμτ, both; motab beiμτe, arbitration (where two arbitrate).

beinte, p. a., brought forth, born; captured, overtaken; tá beinte

A1η, he is captured.

Deiμτίη, g. id., pl. -ioe, m., a little bundle, a little burden; nom. also biμτίη.

Deintineact, -a, f., carrying of little burdens (O'N.).

beireac. See bireac.

beirt, -e, -eanna, m., a vest (A). beirteamtact, -a, f., bestiality,

beastliness.

beit=beat, condit. of atám. See atám. (Still in use in Co. Mayo.)

beit, -e, f., a birch tree; the second

letter of the Alphabet.

beit, vl. of ατάιm, being, state of being; generally, but not always, having the b aspirated; αμ τί beit, about to be; te beit, in order to be; αμ beit, αμ mbeit, ιαμ mbeit, having been, on being; cum a beit, for the purpose of being, about to be; το beit τυιμγεας, to the point of being weary; το beit τομπτα, to the point of being tired (Kea., T. S.).

beiteamnac. See biteamnac.

Deiteantac, -aiż, m., the Old Testament (also pereainteac, vetus lex).

Deititeat, -tit, pl. id., m., a beast, an animal. See beataiteat.

Déitín, g. id., pl. -ioe, m., burned grass or surface soil; grass withered by frost.

θειτιη, g. -τηε, pl. -τηε, -τηελόλ,

f., a bear. See béan.

Deite (part. nec. of atám), advisable, right, proper; cf.

ní beitte ouit 'zá oéanam. (Almost obs.)

beo, gm. bí, gf. beo, beoite, a.,

alive, living.

beo, g. id. and bí, pl. beoöa, m., a living person; the living; quick-flesh; life; quick-hedge; ταιμηζε ι mbeo, a nail in the quick; τά απ μας γαιπ αζ out ι mbeo ομm, that youth is giving me great trouble; ní πάοὐμτα απ beo 'ná απ μαμθ, life is not more natural than death.

beoċán, -ánn, pl.id., m., a small fire. beo-ċonneat, f., a burning candle; a living witness. See conneat. beo-ċorcnaċ, -aiţe, a., flaying

alive.

Deo-corchaim, -corcaint, v. tr., I flay alive.

beo-ċμuż, -oża, pl. id., m., mortal shape.

beood, a., lively, living, active,

sprightly. Deodact, -a, f., courage, vi

beodact, -a, f., courage, vigour, liveliness.

beoodmant, -mta, a., lively, brisk, zealous, vigorous.

beodamtact, -a, f., liveliness, quickness, activity, vigour.

beoöuižim, užao, v. tr., I animate, invigorate.

Deo-reannam, -ao, v. tr., I flay alive.

beo-zamm, -e, f., quick-sand. beo-zatac, -aze, a., active, vigorous.

beo-sonaim, -soin, v. tr., I wound to the quick.

Deo-ζομαό, -μτα, m., act of burning to the quick.

beo-ioobaiμτ, -aμτa, pl. id., f., a living sacrifice.

beoin, -opac, dat. beopais or beoin, f., beoir, a favourite drink of the Irish; beer; whiskey; also beoil (Don.).

beoin ξuiητ, f., brine, pickle.

beot, -oit, m., the mouth (poet.). See best.

beo-lot, -luit, m., act of wounding to the quick; a severe wound.

beotrán, -áin, pl. id., m., a prattler.

beo-tuait, f, hot embers.

beo-tuaite, g. id., f., liveliness, activity, friskiness.

beo-tuat, -aite, a., quick, active, sprightly.

beoman, -anne, a., pathetic, feeling.

Deo-μασαμς, m., quick-sight, discernment.

beo-μασαμακό, -Διζε, α., quick-sighted, discerning.

beopac, -aiże, a., spruce, bright, dapper, glittering.

beo-γcaμαό, -μċa, m., separation during life; a divorce.

beotamtact, -a, f., liveliness, animation (O'N.).

beo-tollato, -lta, m., act of piercing to the quick.

beo-τομμας, -aiζe, pregnant with live young.

b'ṛéιτιμ, ad. phr., perhaps; somet. in sp. l., b'ṛéαταιμ, b'ṛéαταμ, and mb'ṛéιτιμ (Iver.).

bí, g. m. of beo, alive, living, vigorous; mac oé bí, the Son of the living God.

bí, 2 per. sing. imper. of acaim I am.

bi, 3 s. pf. of ataım, I am. biac, m., membrum virile.

bιαἀαċτ, -a, f., priapismus.
bιαἀ, g. bίἀ, pl. bιαἀα, m., food,
meat-food; a meal, supper;
bιαἀ na maione, breakfast
(g. bίἀ is pron. bίζ in M.).

biadac, -aiże, a., nourishing, nutritive.

Olaoamail, -amla, a., nutritive.

biaomap, -aipe, a., esculent, abounding in food, plentiful.

bιαότα, p. α., fatted, well-fed, stalled.

biaotac, -ait, pl. id., m., a feeder (of the poor), a public victualler, a hospitaller; a generous, hospitable man.

υιαοταόα, -αις, m., hospitality, generosity.

υιαύταύ, -Διύ, -Διύe, m., a bait.

biaotaim, -ao, v. tr., I feed, nourish.

biaotar, -air (biatar), pl. -aioe, m., betony; beet-root; biaotairioe, pl., m., beet-roots.

bιαοτόιη, -όηα, -όιηιο e, m., a public victualler. See bιαοτας.

บ้างจับแร้าm, -แร้งจั, v. tr., I feed; I feed the mind; I entertain (as with thoughts).

biaio, old form of beio, fut. of

acáim, I am.

biait, -e, and béata, pl. -ioe, f., an axe.

b) iappuit, pl., the lumps caused by the chrysalis of the gad-fly in the backs of cattle; pron. vareshill (Con.); γάιδμε in Ker.

biar, rel. fut. of acaim, I am.

bíveac, -τοιζε, α., very small; pron. bλοινελό in Don.

broip, -ope, -opeaca, f., a vice, a serew.

bropeac, -ριζε, α., screw-like, spiral.

 $b_1\dot{\xi}$, -e, f., glue (O'N.).

bisit, a vigil, a watching (Lat.

vigilium, Eng. vigil).

bite, g. id., pl. -troe, m., a mast; a tree, esp. in a fort or beside a holy well; a large tree; a scion, a progenitor, a champion; bite bnón, the handle of a quern (pron. beite in East M.).

Oileamail, -mla, a., tree-like; mast-like; champion-like.

Diteo5, -015e, -05a, f., a leaf, a plant; b. mait, lettuce; b. na n-éan, wood-sorrel; b. γμάισε, a wild plant. (Diteo5 is the usual word in M. for the leaf of a tree, or a page of a book.)

See outtleó5.

Vileozać, -aiže, a., leafy. See

ouilleozac.

bitte, g. id., pl. -tiōe, m., a note, a bill of costs.

billéao, -éio, pl. id., m., a billet; raigoiúμ aμ billéao, a children's game in Con.

billeoz, -015e, -05a, f., a bill, a billet; a bill-hook; bitteoz pórza, a certificate of marriage.

bimbeatóin, -óna, -óinióe, m., a foolish person (Don.)

binb, -e, f., force, venom, fire; fury, wrath (nom. also binib).

Unito, -e, pl. -ioe, f., rennet used in making cheese (nom. also beinnio).

binineac, -nis, m., a corrupt form

of bipineac, which see.

Dinn, -e, f., the number of cattle a grazing farm can maintain; an agistment; ní báμμ binne aμ Ειμιπη μίπη, we are not privileged persons in Ireland. N.B.—
The "báμμ binne" was a privileged beast over and above the agistment. See Siampa (Ό. Ο Γ.).

Dinn, -e, a., sweet (of sound), melodious, harmonious; eloquent; fig., excellent, faultless.

binn, bioinn, imper. irreg. of atáim, I am. Sec atáim.

binn-béatac, -aije, a., sweet-voiced, eloquent.

binn-öμιαταμ, f., a sweet or elegant word.

binn-bniatnat, -aiţe, a., sweet-spoken, eloquent.

binn-ceot, m., melody, sweet music.

Unn-ceotmaμ, -Διμε, α., harmonious, melodious.

binnoeatán, -áin, pl. id., m., a woollen cloth tied round the body of an infant; a binding for the head in sickness and for the dead; binnoeat, id.

Dinne, g. id., f., melody; a judgment, a decree.

Unneac, -niże, a., having flounces (of the hair); peaky.

binnear, -nir, m., melody, sweet-ness, harmoniousness.

Onneos, -015e, 05a, f., a cloth tied around the head, particularly in time of sickness. See binnoeatán.

bınn-poctac, -aize, a, sweet-worded, melodious.

Dinn-ţtópaċ, -aiţe, a., sweet-voiced.

binn-jotac, -aije, a., sweet-

bin

voiced. sweet-toned, having sweet notes.

Dinn-μάσαιm, -μάσ v. tr., I sing or speak melodiously.

binnre, g. id., pl. -rice, m., a bench. See beinnre (A.).

biobla, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a bible; an b. oo tabanto, to swear by the bible; bioblaroe buéize, lying bibles; béanrainn raopao oóbita, lán an bíobta, I would clear myself before them, swearing by the whole Bible (Ulster song).

 $\ddot{\mathbf{b}}$ ιος $\acute{\mathbf{a}}$ ιητος, g. id., pl. -μιτός, m., a

vicar.

bíocum, -uim, pl. id. m., a viscount. 010-ċήμαm, -am, m., anxiety.

bíoo, 3 s. imper. of acáim, I am; is often used for whether; bíoò ré óz nó aorta, whether he be young or old; also with 50, for, although; also for admitting, granted, as bíoo 30 noeazaro, admitting that he went (Kea.).

ΰίο (το δίο), impf., was; το bíoo (who) used to be (had been); nac bíoo, that there was not (Kea.); vá mbíov, if it were, if it had been (Kea.).

bíopán, -áin, pl. id., m., a parasite, a calumniator; calumny, back-

biting. See béaván.

bíodánac, -aize, a., slanderous, tattling. See béadánac.

bioòba, g. -ban, -bao and -baro, pl. -baroe, gpl. -bao, m., an enemy, a robber; a guilty person.

bíoobánac, -aiż, pl. id., m., an enemy, a thief, etc. See biooba. bioobanar, -air, m., enmity, rob-

bery, stealth.

bioos, -a, -anna, m., a start, a fright; a passing fit of illness;

a spell of excitement.

Diooσac, - Διζe, a, sprightly, vigorous; ζίοη bίοοζας, sprightly voice (C. M.); ba bίοοζας márote, whose words were vigorous (C. M.).

Dioσσαό, -στα, m., act of starting; a start, sudden rousing; a

bounce, a leap.

bíoosaim, -ao, v. intr., I start, rouse, startle; become excited. bίο ο ζαιμε, g. id., pl. -μι σ ε, m., a

lively, active person.

bíoosamail, -mla, a., active, lively, frisky.

bioogamtact, -a, f., activity, vivacity, liveliness.

bíoosta, a., lively, active.

bíoostact, -a, f., liveliness, vivacity.

biot, -a, pl. id., f., a viol, a kind of

musical instrument.

biolan, -ain, pl. id., m., watercress. Diolanac, -aiże, f., a spring rising amongst or flowing through watercress; Cnocán na biolan-Aiże, Watergrass Hill (near Cork).

biolanac, -aize, a., abounding in

Diolan Šanoa, garden cress.

biolan zniazáin, cuckoo flower. brotan muine, brooklime.

biolan τηάζα, scurvy grass.

Diolan uirce, watercress, brooklime.

biolnán. See biolan.

bion, g. bin and beans, pl. beans and biopaca, m., a spit, a lance point, a spike; an b. a cinn, standing on his head.

biopać, -aiże, -aca, f., a boat

(Ker.).

υιομας, -Διζε, -ΔςΔ, f., a two-yearold heifer; a spiked muzzle for calves; a kind of wild reed. See beanac.

biopac, -aise, a., pointed.

Οιομαό, -μτα, pl. id., m., a piercing, a stinging.

bioplaire, m., a spearman; as a.,

fond of spears.

biopán, -áin, pl. id., m., a pin, a brooch; a small pointed stake; an injury; spite (= beappán); b. ruain, a magic pin which produced sleep; b. buroe, a yellow brass pin, a trifle; ní riú b. buroe é, it is valueless; ní mó biopián ir é, it is not serious, it is only a trifle (M.); pron. bijieán or bjieán (M.).

υιομάπας, - Διζε, α., thorny, prickly, spiteful, vexatious.

Diopiánac, -aiz, -aize, m., a boy; a rakish person; a pin-cushion.

biopapi. See biolapi.

υιομόλ, indec. a., sharp-pointed.

Diopoact, -a., f., sharp-pointed-ness.

bioprooplar, -oplair, -oppre, m., a flood-gate. O'N. also gives bioproin.

bion fracal, a toothpick.

Dioη-ξα, g. id., pl. -ξαοιτέ, m., a spear, a lance, a sting, a dart; remorse.

biografia, α., perplexing, hob-

bling.

bion sarc (pron. bioparc), m., a

fish used for bait (Ker.).

biopimaioe, g. id., pl. -oroe, m., a long iron rod for searching bogs in quest of bog-oak.

Dionn Sinnificatio, a hare lip (Om.). Dionna, indec. a., watery, marshy, abounding in springs and fountains; hence Birr in King's Co.

υιορμα, g. id., m., water, a stream. υιορμας, -αις, m., bulrushes, reeds; a marsh, a marshy field; υιορμας ταιςεαη, common reed.

bioppharoe, g. id., pl. -orde, f., an

osier, a sapling.

υιομμάπ, υιομμάπας. See beauμάπ. υιομμ-υιιόe, α., of yellow hair.

See bann-burde.

Dιομμυζαό, -uiζċe, m., act of budding, reviving, becoming active. Dιομ-ṛlántup, m., water plantain. Dιομ-ṛμόn, f., a sharp nose, a short nose.

Dιομ-ἡμόπας, -Διζε, α., sharp-nosed, short-nosed.

υιοη-ρύιτελό, -τιζε, α., sharpsighted, quick-witted.

biot, -a, -anna, m., a buoy. biotáille.

Diotáille and biotáilte, g. id., pl.
-live and -áilte, f., whiskey;
spirits; strong drink; biotáille
bμίος maμ, ardent spirits (McD.).
Diotáilte is the nom. sing. in U.

biot-busine, f., continuity, eternity; biot-businesct, -s, id.

bioċ-buan, -aine, α., eternal, everlasting.

bioż-cuimniżim, -iużać, v. tr., I remember continually, I keep in mind.

bioċ-ċúμam, m., continual care, over anxiety.

bιοτ-cúμαπας, -aιζe, α., over anxious, over careful.

biot-oám, -oáim, pl. id., m., a constant or hereditary poet.

biot-ξηάπηα, α., always ugly, very

ugiy.

Եιπίπ, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a small point or pin; a thin piece of bog deal for lighting; a small lighted chip of wood.

binineac, m., bennet, a hardy seashore reed, used for thatch and

mats.

biη-10ηςηλέ, -λίζε, α., having long nails, like spits; sharp-taloned.

 διμμέασ, g. -μέισ, pl. -a, a cap, a hat (beaμασ, Don.). See bάιμμέασ.

bir, a vice (mechanical). See

bireac, -riże, a., screw-curled (of the hair).

Direac, -riz, m. (somet. f.), increase, profit; amendment, improvement, ease, relief (in sickness), convalescence; the crisis in a disease; b. το beit an . . . to improve (in health); b. το 'τάζαιτ, to get relief from pain; btιαταιπ της, a leapyear.

biċ (bioċ), g. beaċa, pl. bioċa, m., the world; being, existence, life; τμέ biċ, for ever; used in neg. or interrog. sentences in such phrases as aμ biċ, any at all; cia aμ biċ, who at all? συιπε 'ran mbioċ, anyone existing (Kea., F. F.); biċ a στυαιμιτες, any tidings of them (with neg. phrase) (M.).

bit- (biot-), prefix, denoting continuance; lasting, constant; bit-beo, everlasting. See biot.

bit-bμίζ, -bμίοζ, f., essence; lasting power or efficiency.

bit-bilizeac, -ziże, a., pertaining to the essence of a thing;

powerful.

bit-cinnte, a., constantly exact, very precise, ever certain; 50 b., most particularly, especially.

Dic-oeoin, f., constant willingness; oom b., ever willingly.

beoin.

bic-oitear, α., ever-faithful; bun mbocc-cana bic-oitear 50 bar, your poor ever-faithful friend till death (Kea., F. F.).

bit-easta, g. id., f., constant fear. biceamanta, a., thievish, roguish, cunning, deceitful; as p. a.

stolen.

biceamnac, -ais, pl. id., m., a thief, rogue, rascal, beggar (applied even to cattle); padding in the sole of a shoe. (Older spelling, bitbinneac.)

bitin, in phr. vá b., vá b. rin, on

that account.

Dit-neimnesc, -nite, a., ever destructive, ever venomous.

biċ-μé, g. id., f., a lifetime; from

birth to death.

bit-piapaim, -ato, v. tr., I constantly attend on or provide for; I constantly govern direct (with an).

Oit-riopparoe, a., everlasting,

always.

blá, m., the white-crested sea.

blabanán, -áin, pl. id., m., a stam-

bláo, q. bláro and blóro, pl. bláotnaca, m., a bit, a fragment; tá ré 'na bláothacaib, it is broken into fragments.

blao, -a, m., renown, fame, repu-

tation.

bladac, -daiże, a., renowned, famous.

bladact, -a, f., the act of breaking into fragments.

Olaoaim, -oao, v. tr., I break into fragments, I pulverize.

bladam, -e, -ide, f., a flame (Don.).

blavaine, g. id., pl. -nive, m., a flatterer, a wheedler.

bladaineact, -a, f., flattery, coax-

bladainim, vl. -aineact and bladan, v. tr., I coax, flatter,

bladan, -ann, m., flattery, coaxing; act of flattering or coaxing; beit as bladan teir, coaxing or flattering him.

blavanac, -aiże, α., coaxing, flat-

tering.

blaom, -a, -anna, m., a flame, a blaze; blaome and bladam (Don.).

blaomaine, g.id., pl.-nioe, m., an uproarious fellow; a boaster, a

braggart.

blaomann, -ainn, m., bragging, boasting; also blazing up, sending forth steam as a fermented hay-stack; empty words.

blaomannac, -aize, a., boasting,

bragging.

blaompac, - a_1 5, pl. id., m., a blaze,a conflagration.

Olaopaim, -opao, v. tr., I coax, I flatter, I appease.

blazóro, -e, -roe, f., a bald pate; also blazao (Don.).

blainpneoz, -013e, -03a, f., a bogberry (Don.).

blaireao, -arta, m., a tasting; a sipping a small portion of any food or drink.

blairim, -reao, v. tr., I taste, sip. blaippéime, g. id., pl. -mioe, f., blasphemy.

blaippineact, -a, f., light tasting, sipping.

Olarran, -e, f., act of tasting.

blancinceacc, -a, f., the prolonged sucking of a sweet, etc. (Ker.).

bláit, -e, a., fair, beautiful, polished, smooth.

blait, -e, a., warm (U.).

bláite, g. id., f., smoothness, sleekness; blaiteact, -a, f., id.

bláiteapat, -tipite, a., smooth, polished.

bláit-flearc, -eirce, pl. -earca, f., a garland, a wreath.

Utártín, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a little flower; a small blossom.

bláit-liaz, f., a pumice-stone; a smooth stone.

Utáit-itíobta, p. a., beautifully or smoothly polished (of a spear, etc.)

blannoan, -ain, pl. id., m., dissimulation, flattery, sycophancy. blaoo, -o10, m., a shout, a loud

cry; f. (Con.) See zlaoo. blaooac, -Aoiote, m., act of crying

out. See zlaodac.

blaobact, -a, f., a loud shouting, bragging.

blaodam, -dac, v. intr., I shout, I boast, I brag.

blaoom, -a, m., a great flame. See blaom.

blaoomannac, -aize, a., shouting, clamorous; fiery.

blaobózac, -aiże, a., clamorous.

blaoopac, -aije, a., clamorous, shouting, noisy.

blaore, -oirce, -a, f., a scale, a shell, an egg-shell; a skull, the head. See plaorc.

blaorcaim, -ao, v. tr., I beat violently, hammer, crush. See

plaorcaim.

blar, -air, pl. id., m., taste, flavour, relish; an accent (in speech); a jot; with neg., nothing; a bad taste; liking, desire; ní't aon blar aise oum, he likes me not; rean-blar, disregard, dislike; ražaim blar an oo cainno, I approve of your sentiments.

blaram, -ao, v. tr., I taste, sip,

test. See blairim.

blarcapnać, -aiże, f., act of smacking the lips.

blar-cumpla, indec. a., sweetscented.

blarta, indec. a., delicious, excellent, tasty, savoury; in good taste; refined, elegant; fluent, glib.

blartact, -a, f., excellence, deliciousness, elegancy; fluency.

blartanar, -air, m., taste, savour,

υλογτός, -όιζε, -όζα, f., a sweetmouthed woman.

blát, g. bláite and bláta, pl. bláta, m. and f., a bloom, blossom, flower-bud; b. na hóize, the bloom of youth; blát burde, dandelion; b. bán na rinne, the white blossom of fairness, an epithet of a pretty girl (Oid Song).

blátac, -aite, a., flowery; beauti-

ful; renowned.

blátac, g. -aiże, bláitce, f., butter-milk.

blátact, -a, f., act of flowering, blossoming, floweriness.

blátabóin, -όμα, -όιμισε, m., a florist.

blátam, -ao, v. tr. and intr., I bloom, I flourish; I adorn.

Olátán, -áin, pl. id., m., a small flower, a bud; also a fry, as salmon fry; a kind of rock-fish.

blát-burbe, indec. a., swarthy. blát-cainnt, -e, f., flowery lan-

guage; idle speech.

Olát-cainnteac, -tite, a., sweettongued, cultured, polished.

blát-caoin, -e, a., smooth-plated, beautiful.

blát-folt, m., beautiful locks of hair. See pott.

blát-jar, -jair, pl. id., and -ra, m., a fair stalk; a blooming scion. See 3Ar.

blátmanneact, -a, f., floweriness, bloom, spruceness, trimness.

Olácman, -aine, a., beautiful, young, flowery, warm, gay.

blát na mbooac, m., red poppy, corn rose, commonly called luipsneac oeaps, the red stalk.

blátnuizim, -użat, v. tr., smoothe, stroke.

blát-01bp13im, -1u3at, v. tr. and intr., I embroider, work in figures or flowers.

blátuižim, -użao, v. tr. and intr., I bloom, I flourish, I blossom, I smoothe, polish, I bedeck, decorate, adorn, strew with flowers.

bleact, -a, f., milk; kine, milch cows; as α ., milky.

bleactac, -aize, -aca, f., a milch

cow.

bleactaim, -ao, v. tr., I coax,

wheedle, entice.

bleactaine, q. id., pl. -nice, m., a person that milks cows; a manager of milk; one who deals in milk; a wheedler, a flatterer; a detective.

bleactán, -áin, pl. id., m., the

asphodel or daffodil.

bleactán buroe, m., a yellow weed growing among potatoes.

bleactar, -air, m., lactation;

milkiness.

bleact-ouantac, -aije, a., poem-

producing.

bleact-rócaván, -áin, pl. id., m., the common sow-thistle (rótannán mín).

bleactman, -anne, a., abounding

in milk; fruitful.

bleacturoe, g. id., pl. -ote, m., a feeder, a supporter.

Uleagaim, -ao, v. tr., I milk (Con. and U.); also blisim.

bleazoan, -ann (bliodan), m., sour

curded milk.

Oléan, -éine, pl. -éincide, in Con. bléantpaca, and in W. Ker. bléantaca, f., the groin; a narrow, low tongue of land; a harbour, a bay (nom. also btéin).

bléanac (bleagnac), -aig, pl. -aige

or -aca, m., a milking.

Oléan-raipping, -e, a., broadloined.

bleatac, -aije, -aca, f., a bag of corn for grinding; a kiln-cast; a large quantity of anything (as of meal, etc.).

bleatac, -aize, a., having power

to grind.

Oleicz-pireán, m., the thistle.

blero, -e, f., impertinence, cajolery, wheedling, flattery, request, petition.

bleroeamail, -mila, a., imperti-

nent, teazing, flattering.

Oleronie, g. id., pl. -price, m., an impertinent fellow, a wheedler.

bleio-miol (bleio, any monstrous beast or fish), m., a whale (Ker.). See miot mon.

bléroreac oeans, m., a mullet.

bléin, -e, -ciòe, the groin; also, a narrow, low tongue of land; a harbour, a bay. See bléan.

blémeac, -níże, f., a white-loined

cow.

bléin-rionn, -rinne, a., having white spots about the loins (of a cow or other animal).

bleiteat, -tit, pl. id., m., a quantity or portion of corn sent to a mill (Con.). See bleatac.

bléiteat, -tis, -a, m., a mullet; b. beauts, a species of red mullet; also bléroceac.

bleiteacán, -ám, pl. id., m., a

glutton.

bléitioeat, in phr. b. teineat, a rousing fire. See béilteac.

bleontuint, -e, f. See bleatac. (bleonculpt is used in W. Ker. in the sense of bleatac, which

is also used.)

Oliadain, g.-dna, pl. -dna, -dana and - \dot{o} anta, gpl. - \dot{o} an, f., a year; 1 mbliaona, this year; b. 50 leit, a year and a half; b. birit, a leap year.

Oliabantac, -aize, α ., yearly; 50 bliadantač, yearly (T, G).

bliaonaniail, -mla, a., yearly; also bliabancamail.

blizeápo, - άιρο, - άροδιότε, m., a blackguard (A.).

blizeápoaroeact, -a, f., blackguardism, rowdyism (A.).

bliocán (blioctán), -áin, pl. id., m., bastard asphodel. See bleaccán.

bliocoman, -aine, a., milk-producing. See bleactman.

bliopán, -áin, pl. id., m., an artichoke.

blob, -a, -anna, m., a full or thick mouth (also ptob)).

bloba, g. id., pl. -soa and -side, m., a bubble; the rise of a blister; a blab (also ploba)

blobac, -aize, a., blistered; having bubbles; thick-lipped (also plobać).

blobaine, g. id., pl. -price, m., a

blubber-lipped person, a stammerer (also plobame).

blobaineact, -a, f., a speaking thickly or unmelodiously.

blobajián, -áin, pl. id., m., a blubber-lipped person, a stutterer; one who speaks thickly or indistinctly.

bloc, g. bluic, pl. id., m., a block. blocame, g. id., pl. -mioe, m., a strong, stout person or thing.

blóö, -όιö, pl. -όöa and -όöτμαċa, m., a bit, a fragment. See bláo. blódad, -odza, m., act of reducing to bits. See bládad.

blódam, vl. blódad, v. tr., I break, destroy (also btáoaim).

blosam, -aim, pl. id., m., a mouthful, a sup, a small portion; blozam bainne, a sup of milk; an easy-going person (Clare). See bolzam.

bloing, -e, pl. -roe and -eaca, f., a bubble (nom. also btoinge).

bloinizean, -zin, pl. id., m., any plant with curled leaves.

Olomizean Zappoa, m., garden spinage.

blorpc, -e, f., a din, a noise. blorc.

blospe-bésm, -e, pl. -eanna, gpl. -eann, f., a united stroke.

blorge-ear, -eara, pl. id., m., a noisy waterfall, cataract.

Olomaine, g. id., pl. -proe, m., a boaster, a vain person.

blomar, $-a_{1}r$, m, ostentation, showing off, vanity.

blomarać, -aiże, a., vain, showy, ostentatious.

blonoz, -015e, f., fat, grease. blonozać, -aiże, a., fat, greasy.

blore, -orre, pl. id., m., light; a clear voice; a noise or explosion (blogge); a congregation.

blopcać, -aiże, a., clear-voiced; boasting; robust, strong; ex-

plosive.

blorcao, g. -aro and -cza, m., a sound, a report, a loud noise; relief from pain; light, radiance; blorcao 'n-a hazaro 'zur roillye 'n-a Zaine, radiance in

her face and light in her laugh

blorcam, -ao, v. tr., I resound, report, sound, explode, blow a horn or trumpet, fire a gun.

blorcame, g. id., pl. -mioe, m., a public crier; a collector; boaster.

blore-maon, -aon, pl. id., m., apublic crier. See blorcame.

btor, m., liquid solidified (as soup). blunnic, -e, f., lard, fat, grease. bluine, g. id., pl. -proe and -peaca, m., a bit, a morsel, a crumb, a fragment. (bluine is common

in M.) See bhuine.

bó, g. id., d. boin, buin, pl. ba, gpl. bó, dpl. buaib, a cow; bó bainne, a milch cow; bó attaro, a wild ox, a buffalo; bó tónm-Λιζ, a springing cow.

bó, interj., boo!

bob, buib, pl. bobanna, m., a trick; "confidence trick"; an act of fraud; buail ré bob onm, he took me in, played me false.

bobailín, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a small knob or tuft, as on a

child's cap.

bóbó! interj., hands off! touch me not! fie! nonsense! (U. in latter meaning).

boc, interj., woe! alas! boc οιατρας, oh, bitter woe $(O'R\alpha.)$, heyday (O'N.); amboc, id.

boc, g. buic, pl. id., m., a he-goat;

a blow. See poc.

bocathe, $g.\ id.,\ pl.\$ -proe, $m.,\ a$ small cake; a striker; a beggar; bocame na mbánta (or pocame na mbánta), a magpie. See pocathe.

bocán, -áin, pl. id., m., a he-goat; bocán zabann, a he-goat. See

pocán.

bocán, -áin, pl. id., m., a hook; the hook on a threshold on which the eye of a door-hinge hangs; a hinge. See bacán.

bocán, in the pl., certain spiritual

beings. See banán. bocánac. See bacánac.

bócna, g. id., f. (somet. m.), the

ocean; somet. applied to human life; mín a' bócna, Meeny-voughna, near Castle Island.

bocóro, -e, -roe, f., a spot, a freckle; the stud or boss of a

shield; also bozóro.

bocóισελċ, -οιże, α., speckled with red; (of animals) dappled (also bozóισελċ); usual in folktales.

bocra, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a box;

also borca.

boct, gsf, boicte, poor, needy; lean, thin, slight; often also used as a noun; also used in the sense of poor, in phrases like an rean boct, poor fellow!

boctaire, a, f., poverty, distress. boctaine, g. id., f., poverty,

calamity, penury.

Doctameact, -a., f., poverty,

meanness of spirit.

boctamear, -nip, m., destitution,

poverty.

boctán, g. -ánn, pl. id., m., a poor person, a pauper; a miser; a miserable-looking person.

οος τιιζιμ, -υζαό, v. tr., I im-

poverish, render poor.

Ooo, g. buro, pl. id., m., the penis; dim. buroin, id.

boosė, -siż, pl. id., m., a clown, a

churl; cod-ling.
booacamant, -mta, a., clownish, churlish.

booacamtact, -a, f., churlishness, boorishness, clownishness.

boose out, a kind of codfish.

booac μιαό, a sea-fish, called the rock cod.

booaicin buroe, m., yellow pollock (Ker.).

bodaine, g. id., pl. -price, m., a churl.

boöaine, g. id., f., deafness; mental confusion; a troublesome person; b. uí Laożaine ont, is a common imprecation in M., origin uncertain.

boodineac, -nis, pl. id., m., a churl; often applied to females, in which case it is declined as a mase. noun, voc., a boodinis.

boodintin, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a minnow, a species of fish.

boöaμ, -aiμe, α., deaf, bothered; confused; annoyed; troubled.

boöanán, -áin, pl. id., m., a sievelike shallow wooden vessel with sheep-skin bottom; a dildurn.

booan-claorote, p. a., struck

dumb.

boolac, -ais, m., membrum virile.

bοσός. See bλοός.

Dopógaċτ, -a, f., rage, fury; condition of a heifer looking for the bull (O'N.).

 δούμαό, -ὁαμτα, m., deafness, stunning, confusion; b. teat, confusion attend you, bother

vou.

υοόμαι (υοόμαιζιπ), -αό, v. tr., I make deaf, I stun, I confuse; ná υοόμαι mé, don't annoy me; ná υί απ' υούμαο, don't bother me.

Doönán (boöanán), -áin, pl. id., m., a deaf person; a person of indifferent hearing; one who speaks with an indistinct voice; cf., boönán zan éirteact (Don. song). See boöanán.

boz, gsf. buize, a., soft, tender, penetrable; agreeable; easily dealt with (of persons); fair, mild, damp (of weather); lukewarm, e.g., uirce boz.

bóża, g. id., pl. id. and -aoa, m., a bow; the bow of a boat; boża

teaca, a rainbow.

bozać, - a_1 ż, - a_1 że, m., a swamp, a quagmire, a bog, a moor.

bozać, -aiże, a., tender, soft.

Dozaó, g. -zta and -aró, m., a moving, a softening, a stirring, a brandishing, a shaking, a steeping, a welling; an zaot az bozaó na zepaot, the wind rocking the branches.

Dozaoán, -ám, pl. id., m., a shaking, a quivering; an unsteady object; a soft, tender

person.

Dozaożait, -e, f., act of constantly stirring or moving about; gesticulation. υοξασόιμ, -όμα, -όιμισe, m., an archer.

Dozapónneacz, -a, f., archery. boża rhair, m., a rainbow.

bożam, -ao, v. tr. and intr., I arch, I bend.

Dozaim, -ao, v. tr. and intr., I move, I stir, I slacken; I brandish, shake, rock, loosen; I steep, soften; boz ont (leat, Don.), move on; an botan oo bozao, to move on, proceed on one's journey; boz víom, let go your hold of me; bos tiom é, push it close to me; an bozao, steeping (in water, etc.); vá bozav az an nzaoit, being rocked by the wind.

υοζάιττε, g. id., pl. -τιόε, m., luggage; one's belongings (bocáirτe, Mayo). Also bazéirτe.

bó zamna, f., a stripper cow. bozán, -áin, pl. id., m., an egg laid without the shell; a delicate or effeminate person; a quagmire (Der.). See bozánac.

bosanac, -ais, -aise, m., a soft

fellow.

bosárac (bosŕárac), -aise, a.,self-complacent.

boża rín', m., a rainbow; a halo.

boz-beinbte, half-boiled.

boz-buinn, -e, -nce, f., a bulrush; scirpus lacustris; a twig, a wicker; nom. also boz-buinne.

υος-connics, p. a., moderately tired.

υος-chοιόελό, -όιζε, α., tenderhearted.

boz-opúreac, -pije, a., effeminate.

ος-rap, -rair, m., soft growth; self-complacency.

boz-żluarpeacz, -a, f., easy movement.

Dozlać, -aiż, m., softness; a marsh; rain, wet weather

Doz-tuacaip, f., bulrushes; a bulrush.

bostur, -uir, m., the ox-tongue herb.

υοζός, -όιζε, -όζα, f., an egg

laid without a shell. See bosán.

υοζόι το ελέ, -τοι ξε, a., chequered or spotted.

boz-om, a., soft and tender; an epithet of banba.

boznać, - α_1 że, f., a boggy place; rainy weather.

bozpao, -aio, m., tenderness, generous or reasonable treatment (opposed to chuaocan); ní bruistioe le boshao ná le chuaotan é, he is not to be gained over by blandishments or by threats.

bóic, -e, f., a projecting part of backstone of hearth in old houses (Om.). See busic.

boicimín, g. id., pl. -roe., a bulrush (nom. also boicimín).

boicín, g. id., pl. -rôe, m., a little buck; fig., a rakish fellow, a cad (also buicín).

boic-léim (boc-), f., a bound, a jump, a leap like that of a buck. boic-léimim, -léimneac, I leap or

bound like a buck, I frisk about. boic-téimneac, -niże, f., act of bounding, skipping leaping, (in M. sp. l., boc-téimpeac and poic-léimpis); tá na samna as poc-téimnis, the calves are

bounding about. boicte, g. id., f., poverty, penury. Dóro, a vow, etc. See móro.

bórocin, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a bodkin (Fer.).

Dóroeacán, -áin, pl. id., m., a bodkin.

bororcín, g. id., pl. -nroe, m., a churl, a boor, a rustic; dim. of boosc.

boiz-béalac, -aiże, a., softmouthed, soft-lipped, witless.

Doig-béalact, -a, f., stammering, stuttering.

boiz-burim, -read, v. intr. and tr., I burst asunder easily; na tionta as bois-burgeat, the countries bursting asunder, gaping, breaking up (T. G.).

boigneán, -áin, m., flummery. boiste, g. id., pl.-troe, m., a bait, 001

an allurement; one says boijce ime, 7c.

boiz-te, -teo, a., luke-warm; of a moderate temperature.

boisteoin, -ona, -oinioe m., an allurer, a coaxer, a wheedler.

boilts, -e, -ioe, f., a sunken or submerged rock near the shore.

boits (buits), -e, f., a great swelling of the sea; the disease of swelling in cattle (pl. of bots).

boits-tiones, p. a., full-bellied;

satisfied with food.

boittín, g. id., pl. -ive, m., a loaf; shop bread, as distinguished from home-made bread; buiteán, buitín and butóz are also found.

boiltreann, -cinne, -a, f., the navel; the very middle of anything (O'N.); b. na bliaona, middle of the year (Der.).

boiltreeannact, -a, f., act of

bulging out (O'N.).

boimbéal, -éil, -éala, m., a rooftree (Clare); the mouth, the brim; tán 50 boimbéal, full to the brim.

boinéao, -éioe, -éaoa, f., a bonnet

(U.). See boinnéit.

Doineann, -ninne, a., feminine.
Doineannac, -aige, -aca, f., a
female; ip puat tiom boineannac iomadac pároteac,
I dislike a proud, garrulous
woman (C. M.).

bóinn, -e, f., the River Boyne; a few small streams are also called

bóinn.

boinnean. See buinnean.

boinnéit, -e, -iòe, f., a bonnet; reinnrio ó hightanor tuct blát-boinnéit, the people of beautiful bonnets will rush from the Highlands (McD.). In sp. l., bonneit.

bonn-teac, -tice, -teaca, f., a sore, hard swelling on the footsole; bonn-buatao, id.

boinnpeoin, -ona, -oinioe, m., a thrower, a flinger.

boint. See bont.

Doinb-bniatnac, -aiξe, α., fierce-spoken, vain-spoken.

boițib-éacz, m., a fierce, wild exploit.

bointb-teaopao, m., act of savagely tearing, hacking.

boijib-neimneac, -niże, a., fierce and vindictive.

boιμċe, g. id., f., a swelling; a growing.

boιμ-cioc, f., a swollen or protuberant breast.

bοιμόμέ, -ὀμιαό, -ὀμιαόαπηα, f., marl; a fat kind of clay; fuller's earth.

θοιη-όμια όα ċ, - ὁαι ἡe, a., bitumi-

nous, marly.

bόιμο-tιος, -teapa, pl. id., and -tiopanna, m., afort on the margin of a river, or of the sea; 50 bόιμο-tιος na bόιnne báine, to the margin-fort of the fair Boyne (Kea.).

Doineann, -nne, -a, f., a large rock; a stony district; a rocky hill (whence Burren in Clare; Daile Doinne, Ballyvourney, etc.).

bóirceamait, -amta, a., brilliant,

flashing, luminous.

bóirceanta, indec. a., flashy, dazzling.

bóircim, -ceao, v. intr., I flash, I shine.

borreoz, -015e, -05a, f., a slight slap with the hand. See barόz.

bóiteat, -tiţe, m., byre, cow-house (Don.).

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boiteatt, -titt, m., pride, haughtiness.
boiteattat, -aige, a., proud,

haughty, furious, passionate. boiteattac, -aiţ, -aiţe, m., a

strong, stout youth.

boiteatlact, -a, f., pride, passion, fury.

Voiteán, -áin, pl. id., m., a small bundle of hay or straw.

bóithín, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a lane, a small road, a "boreen."

Doitpeacán, -áin, pl. id., m., a sturdy young lad, under 18 years of age or so.

bótact, -a, f., an abundance of cows and milk; a stock of kine

and the produce and profit thereof.

botav, g. -aiv and -aivėe, pl. id., m., smell, scent; b. an rcéit, a hint of the story; b. na húijie, the smell in the sick room that presages death (Ker.). botaite and bataite are also used.

bolartín, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a

stout youngster (Con.).

bolaice, g. id., m., a scent, a smell. See bolao.

botaitiţim, -iuţaö, v. tr., I smell, scent.

botamán, -áin, pl.id., m., a horse-mackerel (Mayo).

botán. See buttán.

Dótann, -ainne, -a, f., an ox-stall, a cow-house.

botb, g. buitb. pl. id., m., a kind of caterpillar (P. O'C.).

botcán, -áin, m., a kind of spirits; strong drink. Also butcán.

bots, g. buits, boits, pl. id., m., the belly, womb, stomach; a bag, a pouch, a receptacle, a repertoire; the hold of a ship; a pimple, a bulge; in pl., bellows; the little husks of seeds, as those of flax; atá bots món ctainne aici, she is in advanced pregnancy; b. an trotátain, a miscellany; as péicear na mbots, blowing the bellows (Kea.).

bolzać, -15, -15e, m., a boil, a

blister, a blain.

bolzać, -aiże, f., the small-pox; b. muice, swine-pox; b. na n-éan,chicken-pox(also beilzíneač); b. franncač, the foreign pox.

bolzać, -aiże., a., stout-bellied,

abdominal.

Dolzaván bó, m., a parasite on eattle.

botzaim, -aö, v. tr. and intr., I swell, I blow out, I inflate.

botzaine, g. id., pl. -prioe, m., a blower, a puffer, a bloater, a low-sized, corpulent person.

botzameacc, -a, a blowing, a

puffing, a bloating.

bolzam, -aim, pl. bolzama and bolzaim, m., a sup, a mouthful of drink (in M., bolmac). See blozam.

botsán, -ánn, pl. id., m. (dim. of bots, the belly), a little bag; a pod that contains seed; a pouch; the inner point, the centre; b. béice, a fuzzball; b. uirce, a water-bubble.

bolzán teatain, m., a small leather

pouch; a pair of bellows.

botz-corac, -aiże, a., bandylegged.

botz σελης, m., a small sand-eel. botz-mόη, -mόηρ, a., large-bellied.

botz-raotap, -app, m., asthma, or shortness of breath (botz-raot, id.)

bolz réroce, m., a puff ball.

bots rnámica, m., the swimming bladder of a fish.

botz-rúit, f., a prominent eye. botz-rúiteac, -tiże, a., having prominent eyes; blistered, dimpled.

bolzujće, p. a., puffed up, blistered

botta, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a bowl; a buoy used over fishing-nets. bottóg, -ó1ge, -óga, f., a loaf of

bread; a shell; a skull, the

crown of the head.

bottpcame, g. id., pl. -mroe, m., a herald, a crier at court, a master of ceremonies; a brawler, a boaster, a bully; also bottpame.

bottpcameact, -a, act of scolding, crying, shouting (Om. and Don.).

bottpcainim, -capao, v. intr., I proclaim, I cry aloud.

bottpcapao, -pta, pl. id., m., boasting, brawling, impudence.

botmán, -áin, pl. -áin, m., a horse-mackerel (also botamán).

botóz, -όιζε, -όζα, f., a yearling bullock, an ox.

bótza, g. id., pl. -ròe, m., the bolt of a door.

bottanar, -air, m., a smelling; a scent; a perfume.

bot

boltán burbe, m., ragweed (U.). botonać, -aiże, a., rank, strongscented.

bolenużaó, -uiżte, m., act or power of smelling; metaph., act of carefully investigating.

bolchuißim, -ußaö, v. tr., I smell,

scent, perfume.

bomanac, -ais, -aise, m., a boasting or blustering fellow.

bomanact, -a, f., a habit of

boasting or blustering.

bomanaım, -ao, v. intr., I boast,

I brag.

bóna, g. id., pl. -aroe, a collar; a shirt-collar; an enclosure; a

pound. See póna.

bonn, g. buinn, pl. bonnaioe and buinn, m., the sole of the foot; the foot; the sole of a shoe; the trunk or stump of a tree; te n-a bonn, in pursuit of him, at his heels, cf., te n-a coir; an a bonnaib, on his legs (in lit. and metaph. sense); ruanao bonn, a foot cooling, a resting; teat-bonn, a half-sole; táitheac bonn, quickly, on the spot.

bonn, g. buinn, pl. id., m., a piece of money, a groat, a medal; bonn ainsio, a silver medal; bonn óip, a gold medal; bonn buroe, a yellow medal; bonn nuao, a copper or brass medal; bonn bán, a shilling (Om.).

Donnaro, -e, -roe, f., an ankle-

bonnaroe, g. id., pl. -ote, m., a foot soldier.

bonnaine, g. id., pl. -piòe, m., a footman, a pedestrian, a courier; bonnaine riao-puic ráin (McD.)

bonnaipeact, -a, f., constant posting or running.

Donnán buróe, m., a bittern (also bonnán téana).

Donnánca, indec. a., strong, stout; founded.

bonn-bualao, m., inflammation; a stone-bruise on the foot-sole; Tá bonn-bualao an mo rálaib, my heels are becoming inflamed (V. and Con.); buinn-leac in M. bonn veinio, m., stern seine-rope in fishing (Ker.).

bonn lin, m., a foot-rope used in seine-fishing (Ker.).

Donnóz, -ó1ze, -óza, J., a cake, a bannock; also a leap, a jump.

bonnózac, -aiże, a., bouncing, vigorous.

bonnrac, -aise, -aca, f., a wattle; a javelin; a dart; bonnrac cartín, a "slip" of a girl; b. rlaice, a twig.

bonnrace, -a, f., a skipping, a

jumping, a darting.

bonnruizim, -użao, v. tr. and intr., I pitch, I throw, I jump, I leap, I gambol.

Donncáirce, g. id., pl. -croe and -ceaca, f., profit, advantage.

See buntáirte.

bonn topais, m,, bow seine-rope

(Ker.).

bónac, -aite, a., having crooked feet, or feet turning outward at an awkward angle; bandylegged.

bópac, - a_1 , m, a person with crooked or ill-shaped feet.

θόμας án, -ám, pl. id., m., a person with crooked feet.

bónama, g. bónnme, f., a tribute; a levy, tax, contribution; cf., Dópama Laizean, the Leinster Tribute.

bonb, gsf. buinbe, a., sharp, fierce, haughty, severe; rich, luxurious; of heavy foliage; luscious (as fodder, etc.); ignorant (obs.).

bombact, -a, f., fierceness; haughtiness, severity, luxuriousness (nom. also buipbeact),

bopbar, -air, m., haughtiness. fierceness, severity.

bopb-čutač, -a15, m., fierce wrath; gs. as a., fierce, wrathful.

θόμο, - úιμο, pl. id., m., a table, a board; a plain surface; a border or verge; an bóno, on the table, publicly exhibited; an b. (tuinge), on board a ship; bóno na heanzaide, the larboard; bono na rceaparoe, the starboard.

bóμοαċ, -aıţe, a., liberal at meals; keeping a good table.

bόμο-σελης, -σειηςε, α., redlipped; fringed with red.

bóμο-οιμελμ, -μιμ, pl. id., m., a brink, a margin.

boης, g. -buης, pl. id. and -a, m., a castle; ηί-boης, a royal castle. See bηος and bηυς.

bonzaine, g. id., pl. -nioe, m., a

burgher, a citizen.

υρμ, g. υμημ, pl. υρμη, m., a bunch, a lump; pride, haughtiness (3 f. of An., p. 218).

bopp, a., grand, proud, strong; bopp-rtac, f., a strong rod (3 f.

of An. p. 218).

boμμαċ, -Διζe, α., proud, haughty, noble; buzzing, purring.

boμμας, -Διζ, -Διζε, m., a proud man (also a bladder).

boppacao, g. -aro and -cτa, m., swelling, bloating.

Doppacaim, -ao, v. intr., I swell, am puffed up, am bloated.

boppacar, -air, m., insolence,

bullying; pride.

boppaö, -μέλ, m., a swelling up; act of being puffed up; swelling with pride; buzzing; purring; also bloom, as 1 mboppaò λς up 1 mblάτ na h-όιζε, in the bloom and flower of youth; λζ boppaò 'γ λζ λτ λμ nóγ na ζελτ (M. saying).

boppaim, -ao, v intr., I increase, swell, bloom, become proud,

prosper; buzz; purr.

boppamail, -mla, a., haughty, proud.

boppamtacτ, -a, f., haughtiness, pride.

boppán, -áin, m., anger.

bopp-oualac, -aiζe, a., thick-curled (of the hair).

Dopppaö, -arö, pl. id., m., pride. See Doppaö.

boppradać, -aiże, a., proud, elated, ficrce, angry.

υρη-γάιτ, f., a full eye (O'N). υρη-γάιτελό, -τιζε, a., full-eyed. υρη-τομλό, m., fine fruit, a rich crop.

Doppunţim, -uţao, v. intr., I bloom, swell, increase, grow big, grow proud.

bónta, p. a., parched.

bor. See bar.

borca, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a box; b. rnaoire, snuff-box, a box of snuff; also b. rnaoirín; b. caint, box of a cart. See bocra.

borżáne, g. id., m., acclamation,

rejoicing (O'N.).

bot, g. boite, pl. bota, f., a hut, booth, tent; cell; a cottage; a tabernacle; plan-bot, hunting-booth in the forest; Toipe vá bot (Diar. and G.).; víol-bot, a shop.

botać, -15, -15e, m., a hut. See

bot.

boτac, -aiţe, α., full of booths, tents, huts.

bótáin, g. -ána, -áine, pl. -áinte, f., cattle; spoil, plunder; herd, flock; a cattle spoil.

bótaineact, -a, f., plunder, booty,

prey.

botall, botallac, 7c. See bosteall, 7c.

botán, -áin, pl. id., m., a hut, a hovel, a cabin.

bożánać, -aiże, a., cabin-hunting, idling, going from house to house.

of frequenting the neighbours' houses for the purpose of hearing

old stories, etc. (Ker.).

bόταη, -αιμ, pl. bόιτμε, m., a road, a way, an avenue; a journey; bόταη ιαμαιπη, railroad; ταβαιμ το bόταη οητ, get along, go away; an bόταη πόη, the main road; bόταη bό rınne, the "Milky Way."

bó-τίζ, m., a cow-house. (τίζ is the nom. used in M. for τεάς, a

house, pron. τ_{15}).

boτός, -ό1ζε, -όζα, f., a cottage, a hut, an unfinished building.

boτún, -úin, pl. id., m., a smith's paring knife; an unfledged bird; misfortune; μιπα mé mo b., I ruined myself (also buτún).

bhab, -aib, -a, m., the top, the

summit of anything.

bրαδας, -Διζ, m., gain, profit, advantage; something over (Clare and Con.); e.g., ὁά mite αζυγ bηαδας, two miles and a bit, more than two miles.

brabac, -aise, a., well-to-do; having money saved (Aran).

brabadar, -air, gain, advantage. brac, -aic, pl. id., m., an arm

(Lat. brachium).

δράςα, g. id., pl. -röe, m., a rake, a harrow, an apparatus for combing flax; rá ráit an ö, in slavery.

bhacao, m., corrupt matter in the eyes; the corruption issuing from a boil or sore; the corrupt matter in honey-combs; act of rendering corrupt, putrefying, suppurating.

υμαζαό, -ċτα, m., a malting, fermentation, act of fermentation.

bμάcaö, -cτ΄a, m., a breaking, a harrowing, tormenting.

υμαċασόιμ, -όμα, -όιμισe, m., a maltster.

bracai $\dot{\xi}$ $\dot{\tau}$ e, p. a., embraced, hugged (O'N.)

bnacaim, -ao, v. tr., I malt, ferment.

θηάς aim, -aὑ, v. tr., I harrow, I hack, maul (as an enemy in battle); γίοη-τράς aὑ, constant mauling (A. McC.)

bpacaim, -aò, v. tr., I embrace, I

hug (O'N.)

ὑμάċλιμ, -e, -ιτὸe, f., a "fiddle-fish."

buacán, -áin, m., broth, pottage, stirabout, gruel; fermented matter; b. pérò, gruel.

υριαέζαι, -e, f., croaking like a raven.

bμάcός, -όιςe, -όςa, f., a woman whose eyes are full of white scruff or humour (P. O'C.).

bμαċ-rúileaċ, -liże, a., blear-

eyed.

δηλάτ, -a, m., substance, wealth, juice, pith, sap, anger; rage, a sudden stoppage through anger (O'N.)

bnactac, -aite, a., substantial, juicy.

bpactamait, -mta, a., substantial, pithy, juicy.

bμαċuiżim, -użαö, v. tr., I malt, ferment.

δηλολό, -λιζε, α., given to thieving, dishonest; stolen, obtained unjustly.

bpaoaroeact, -a, f., act of stealing, robbing, plundering.

υμάσάη, -άιη, pl. id., m, a mist (Mayo).

δηλολή, g. -λίη, pl. id., m., a salmon; b. beataö, salmon of life.

θμασάπαċ, -aıże, α., rich in salmon.

δηλοάη γεάμηλ, m., a sturgeon.
 δηλοληπλό, -λιζε, f., a slight fall of rain or snow, hazy weather.

δράσαμγας. See δράσαμπας. δρασξαιτ, -e, f., act of thieving. δρασός, -όιζε, -όζα, f., a sly,

roguish, cheerful girl; a sprat-net. Opaouroe, g. id., pl. -urote, m., a robber, thief, plunderer; a cow or beast of trespassing propensities.

δρασυιζιm, vl. -υζαό and -οζαι,
 v. tr., I steal, rob.

Oparatt, -aitt, m., deceit (O'N.).
Opartainz, -e, f., treachery, betrayal; a common name for many Irish romances.

bμαριαιης eac, -515e, α., treacherous, deceitful.

ὑμάζα, -ῦ, -αιζος, f., the neek, the throat; ταμ ὑμάζαιο, in preference to, instead of; ταμ ὑμάζαιο, in the presence of, just going before, having precedence of; τεαὶτ τά ὑμάζαιο is used like τεαὶτ αμ ὑέαλαιο, to take precedence of (Kea., F. F.); a gorge, a pass (often in place names). ὑμάζαιοεαὸ, -ῦιζε, a., belonging to the neek.

δμάζασζαιί, -e, f., a hint; a slight evidence.

bμάζαιο-ζεαί, -ζιίε, J., a fair lady (lit., white-necked).

briazaire, g. id., pl. -riroe, m., a braggadocio, a boaster, a bully.

bragging. -a, f., boasting, bragging.

buazanta, indec. a., boastful, vaunting.

bpaic, -aca, f., malt.

Djiaičear, -čir, m., pot ale; the refuse of malt; grains used in brewing.

υμάιτίη, g. id., pl. -röe, m., a little harrow; a shed (Aran).

branctip, -e, f., wort of ale. See brancear.

bnaro-1arc, -éirc, m., the needle-fish.

bμαιόteo5, -015e, -05α, f., a small spray or branch (Con.).

υμαιζοελό, -οιζε, α., pertaining to a captive or hostage.

by a idea collar, a bracelet (O'N).

bμαιζοεάη, -áιη, pl. id., m., a captive, a prisoner; a straw noose put round the necks of calves, asses, and other hornless animals, by which they are tied to stakes at night (from υμάζα, the neck, or υμαιζε, a captive).

bpai \dot{z} oeana \dot{c} , -ai \dot{z} , -ai \dot{z} e, m., a

prisoner.

bpaiżoeanar, -air, m., captivity, imprisonment, slavery.

υμαίζε, g. id., pl. -ζοε., m., a captive, prisoner, hostage.

bjiaiżeact, -a, f., imprisonment,

captivity.

ὑμάιζιι (pron. ὑμά-ζιι), f., riches, possessions, as an ὑμιπε ιρ mó
 ὑ. ἀμ ἀn mbaite, the richest man in the village (Aran).

υμαιζιμε, g. id., pl. -ζηιτόε, m., a bag, a budget; an enslaver, one who makes captive (O'N.).

Opailleán, -áin, pl. id., m., a kind of shellfish (Don.); also breatlán.

bpaine, g. id., pl. -nroe, m., a captain, chieftain, leader.

bpameac, -nis, pl. id., m., a leader, a chief, a nobleman; the beginning, the lead, the van; the

prow of a boat or ship; as adj., noble, princely.

δραιπελέ δάιο, -niţ δάιο, pl. id.,
m., a captain of a boat (Ker.).
See bhaine.

υραιη-éan, m., a crow, a raven; a carnivorous bird.

δηαιπ-ἐιαċ, m., a raven. See ριαċ.
δηαιπητε, g. id., pl. -ριὀε, f., a branch; a branch of education; in pl., antics, tricks, freaks; commonly used in modern times, and found in A. McC. (A.).

δηαιρ, f., a bout, a turn (Der.).
δηαιρτέαι, -éιι, -éαιτα, m., a

fable, a romance.

bηαιτε, g. id., f., quickness, lightness, agility;
bηαιτελέτ, -λ, f., id.

Oparreac. See phaireac.

δηάιγτέαο, -é1ο, pl. id., and -é1ο-10e, m., a bracelet; a garland of flowers (Con.).

bysarre, g. id., m., cockle, or wild

mustard.

υραιτ- τε αρτας, - Διζε, α., treacherous.

υμαιτέοιμ, -ομα, -οιμιτόε, m., a betrayer, a spy, a critic, an overseer.

bhairioe, g. id., pl. -ore, m., a loafer; one who loiters around an eating-house, or feast of any kind, in the hope of getting

something (Ker.).

bμαιτιm, vl. bμαιτ or bματ, I judge, think, imagine, expect, observe, notice; I depend on; ní benn ας bμαιτ ομτ, I would not depend on you, i.e., I would seek some other assistance than yours; ας bμαιτ αμ πα comaμπαιαίο, depending on the neighbours, having only the neighbours to fall back on; το δμαιταμ το μαιταμ το μαιταμ

bpaitleoz, -013e, -03a, f., a sheet,

a shroud.

Opartinn, -e, pl. -roe and -eaca, f., a veil; a sheet.

bháit-nim, -e, f., dire ruin.

Opáitheacar, -air, m., brotherhood.

bnáitheamail, -mla, a., brotherly. bnáitneamtact, -a, f., brotherly

affection, attachment.

θμάιτμίη, g. id., pl. -rõe, m., a brother, a little brother. (The termination -in rather implies endearment than littleness in such cases; cf. mátainín, etc.)

bμάιτμίπεας, -niż, pl. id., m., a

bpaitteat, -tiže, a., spying, watching, observing; with an, trusting in, confiding in, depending on.

bpáit-teine, -eao, f., the fire of Doom; bháit-teine irhinn, the

fire of hell.

bramac. See bromac.

bpamaim (bpeamaim), -ao, v. intr., crepitum ventris edere.

bramaine, g. id., pl. -proe, m., a

noisy, blustering fellow.

bpan, -ain, pl. id., m., the fish called bream; the name of one of Fionn Mac Cumhaill's dogs.

bpan, -ain, pl. id., m., chaff; also a raven; an overflowing moun-

tain torrent.

byanaineact, -a, f., act of prowl-

ing for prey.

bpanán, -áin, pl. id., m., a raven;

met., a chief.

branan, -ain, m., a fallow field; the loose surface of a grubbed field (called also cac an azaro in M.); az véanam byanain, turning up the surface of land.

bμαπουδ, -ουιδ, m., chess; a set of chessmen, etc. See brannam. Opanzać, -aiże, a., grinning,

snarling, carping.

Opannam, -aim, m., chess, a chess board, a backgammon table; the game of chess, the chess-mcn, the points or squares on the chess table.

bpannoa, g. id., pl. -10e, brandy

Opannpa, g. id., pl. -oa, m., a pot; a support, prop, stand; a frame against which a cake is placed before the fire to be baked; a tripod or iron rest to set a pot or oven upon; brannha oizinn nó concáin, a pot support; bhannna bnázaro, the collar bone; ir mé an bhannha az an mbáp, while I am in the grip of death (T. G.).

υμαημαό, -Διζe, α., fallow-like. θηλοθλιμε, $g.\ id.,\ pl.$ -μιόε, $m.,\ a$ reckless fellow, a "tear-away"; often applied to a cow, etc.

bhaobaine phúideamail önúireamail, éaomain,

Opuiseantais, meirceamail, leirceamail, léanmain,

Carobris, ambriopais, banbanoa, rppéacar

ruit Ríoż na brtaitear, ir easal lá'n csléibe ouic. (T. G.).

 \mathbf{b} μαοσαμ, -αιμ, m., hardship; πίομ cuin an c-ualac b. an bic ain, the load caused him no trouble (Don.).

Όμλοι, g. id., pl. -te, f., an eye-

brow.

θμαοι-ċeaμτ, -ċιμτε, a., having

well-formed eyebrows.

by soilte, g. id., pl. -troe, f., a crack, a clap, a bounce; by a oitte reantana, a heavy shower of

bnaoin-rtiuc, -rtice, a., dripping wet.

byson, g. bysoin, pl. bysons and bysonts, m., a drop; corrupt matter in a sore; an bytaon anuar, the rain coming through roof, fig., misfortune, wretchedness; byson oiże, a little drink, a drink; in parts of Don., byson oo beoc.

bnaonac, -aise, a., dewy; dropping, rainy, tearful; an ooman byraonać, an bit byraonać, the moist or tearful world; ní readan 'on coman byaonac, I don't know at all, I don't know

"on earth."

Opaonaim, -ao, v. tr and intr., I drop, instil.

bμαοπάη, -án, pl. id., m., a droplet, an icicle; conneal bμαοπán, an icicle.

bnaonarcait, -ata, J., dropping rain (Der.).

bhaor, a gap, etc. See chaor.

υμαορταό, - Διζe, α., yawning,

gaping.

bμας, a lie, fiction; common in compounds, like bμας-rotc, false hair, a wig; bμας-comμας, jousts, tournaments, sham fights.

bnar, bnarac, a., quick, etc. See

phar, pharac.

bharaite, g. id., an untidied lot

of anything (M.).

δηαγαίμε, g. id., pl. -μιόε, m., a sycophant, a flatterer; δηαγαίμε δύιμο, a parasite, a toady.

bηαρ-μάιοτεας, -τιζε, α., swift-

talking, flippant.

bpat, g. bpat, bput, pl. bpat, bput, bput, bpata, bpataca, m., a cloak, a mantle, a garment, a cloth, a banner, a shroud; a covering of any kind, as for a bed.

δράτ, -a, m., judgment, doomsday; 50 δράτ, for ever, till doomsday, with neg., not at all; ar 50 δράτ τειρ, he made off (pron. δράτ.).

ὑμάτ, g. - a and - aiτ, m., spying, betraying, treachery, design, dependence, information; tuct

bhait, traitors.

υμάτας, α., eternal; 30 υμάτας,

for ever.

δηατάς, -αίζ, -αέλ, m., a standard, an ensign; also a robe, a garment (T. G. often).

bpatac, -aiże, a., belonging to a

cloth or covering.

bματαό, -τα, m., act of betraying, spying, etc.

betrayer, a spy, an informer.

bpataim, -ao, v. tr., I clothe, cloak.

δράταιμ, -ταμ, -μάιτμε, m., a kinsman, a cousin, a relative; a monk, a friar; ό n-a δμάιτμιδ, from his kin (Kea., F. F.); τοιμ na coin-

mbpáithib, among the general kinsmen (Kea., F. F.)

bμάταιμ, m., a little bird like the

robin.

υμάταιμ céite, a brother-in-law, also σεαμυμάταιμ céite.

δηάταιμεαṁαιτ, -nita, a., brotherly, brotherlike; also δηάιτηεαṁαιτ.

υράταιμεαπίλας, -a, f., brotherliness; also υμάιτμεαπίλας.

δηάταμόα, α., brotherly, fraternal. δηάταμόας, -a, f., brotherliness, fraternity.

fraternity.

δηατ δρόιη, m., a funeral pall.
δρατ-ἐορερα, a., purple-dressed.
δρατ-ἐραπη, m., a flag-staff (O'N.).
δρατ-ἐαλ, m., the flapping of a sail.

bματιαό (bμοτιαό), -αιό, m., a shout, a growl, an angry command or order; τυιμ γέ bματιαό ομm, he gave me an angry order; τέις γέ bματιαό αγ, he growled angrily (Don.).

δρατ táime, m., a pocket-handkerchief, a towel, a napkin.

briat-long, f., a flag-ship (O'N.). briat-nape, m., a clasp, skewer, bodkin; a fastening for a mantle; a pin, a peg.

υματός, -όιζε, -όζα, f., a rag; the poor bed-clothes carried about by beggars; a snow-flake (Don.).

bματ-μιαό, a., clothed in red garments; an epithet of Banbha.

bpacuiżim, -użaż, v. tr., I cloak, cover.

bhat unlain, m., a carpet.

Opeab, -eibe, -anna, f., a bribe. Opeabac, -aize, a., bribing, gift-

giving. Oneabam, -ao, v. tr., I bribe, give

a gift to.

bρεαδόισεας, -σιζε, α., bribe-

taking.

bneac, gsf. bnice, a., speekled, spotted; b. żtar, having green spots; b. öuö, having dark spots; ζαιαη bneac, measles; ζαιαη bneac, small-pox (Meath and Don.).

breac, g. bric, pl. id., m., a trout;

any fish taken with a hook; breac bán (or zeat), a white trout; breac conn, a brown trout.

breacao, -caa, m., act of making spotted; act of variegating; act of carving; the picking of a mill-stone; act of covering a paper with writing; act of explaining, telling, describing; the breaking (of the day), the dawn (of day).

Dηθασανούη, -όηα, -όητιοθ, m., an engraver, a carver, an embroiderer; one who picks the

stone of a mill.

bμεασαιμ, -αό, v. tr., I speckle, variegate, embroider, carve; I cover a paper with writing; I indite; I tell, explain, publish; bμεασμαν νο άλιτ, I will proclaim your character (Ε. R.); I begin to brighten (as the day); I pick a mill-stone; ní bear im δμεασαν μέτη τειμ, I will not be bothered with it, it is not worth the trouble.

bpeacaine, g. id., pl. -mioe, m., a graver or carver, a graving tool, a quern-picker; a (sorry) angler.

bpeacameact, -a, pl. id., f., engraving, sculpture, embroidery, chequering, carving, the picking of a mill-stone.

δητελεία, -áin, pl. id., m., a cake made of the curds of sour milk and baked on a griddle (Ker.,

P. O'C.).

bueacán, -áin, pl. id., m., a plaid,

chequered stuff.

bμεατάπας, -αιζε, α., dressed in plaid.

bneac-battac, -aiże, brindled, spotted.

bpeacrapt (also bpicreapt, bpicreapta), m., breakfast (A.).

Dμεας
ptiuc,
ptice, a., wet here and there; tá bμεας
ptiuc, a day with occasional showers.

bpeac seat, m., a salmon-trout. bpeaction, -in, -ionta, m., a dragnet (Ker.).

bneac-paoine, g. id., f., half idle time, half-holiday.

δηεας-ἡτάιπτε, g. id., f., middling health, health with spells of illness.

bpeac-roillpijim, -iużao, v. intr.,
I glimmer, shine.

bpeac-rotar, m., the morning or evening twilight.

bμεαċταċ. -aıże, α., mixed, mingled, spotted.

υμελότλιζε, g. id., f., mixture, variety, diversity.

Opeactaine. See bheacaine.

bread and butter, a roll of bread and butter.

bμεαċτημιζιm, -uζαό, v. tr., I variegate, I decorate.

Cheactóιμ, -όμα, -όιμισe, m., an engraver.

υμεαστιαό, -Διό, m., incantation, wizardry; b. υμαοιτε (Kea.).

υμενέτηνιό, -νιόε, f., variety, variegation, chequer-work.

δρεας μίζιπ, - υζαδ, v. tr., I carve, variegate, chequer, embroider; pick, as a mill-stone; I write, indite; I explain, delineate; intr., I begin to shine, or grow clear (as the dawn). See breacaim.

δρέασας, -αιζ, m., act of breaking (as a horse); αζ δρέασας απ απ πδροπας, breaking the horse (Kea. E., S.); (O'R. gives δρέασ-

acaro).

bμεάζ, gsf. bμεάζα, bμεάζα, α., fine, lovely, handsome, beautiful, splendid; good, fair (of hue), serviceable; μ bμεάζ tιοπ, μς., used like μ mait tιοπ; μ bμεάζ an μου το μαίπ, he is fortunate in that matter; tá bμεάζ, fine day (a common form of salutation); bμεάζ is pron. bμέαζ (rather bιμέαζ shortened) in the greater part of Don.

δρέαζ, -έιζε, -έαζα, f., a lie, falsehood, deceit, deception; gs. often used as α.: reancar δρέιζε, a lying history (O'Ra.); αιπτεαρτας δρέαζ, a base, false

witness; also pean bhéige, an object to counterfeit a man, a scarecrow.

δρέαζας, -Διζε, α., lying, mendacious, false, deceitful, cunning;
 neite δρέαζας, lying charges;
 ríot δρέαζας, adulterated seed.

ὑμέαζαὁ, -ζċa, m., act of deceiving, wheedling, coaxing, enticing, diverting, amusing; soothing (as a child).

bρέαζασόιη, -όηα, -όιηισε, m., a liar, a wheedler, a flatterer.

blieazaim, -ao, v. tr., I coax, entice, soothe, flatter, decoy, delude.

bμέαζαιμε, g. id., pl. -μιόε, m., a liar; a flatterer.

bμέαζαιμεαċτ, -a, f., lying, false-hood.

υμέας-αιγτιης, f., a dream or vision.

υμέας-αιρίπςιm, -αιρίπς, v. tr. and intr., I dream; I long or crave ineffectively for.

bμέαζάη, -áin, pl. id., m., a toy, a plaything; an allurement.

bpéaz-cormatact, -a, f., a false similitude, a false resemblance.

δηέας-ċηάδαὁ, -αιὸ, m., hypocrisy.
 δηεάζοα, α., fine, splendid. See
 δηεάζο.

bpéaz-dealb, -a. See bpéiz-dealb.

bμέας παό, - αιό, and - ζαπτα, m., falsehood; coaxing, wheedling.

υμέας παι ό ε α ċ τ, - α, f., coaxing; cajolery; giving the lie to.

δρέας πυζαό, -υιζύε, m,, act of contradicting, persuading, convincing, refuting; ní αο δρέαςnuζαό é, not to belie you; coaxing, wheedling (U.).

υμέας η υιζιπ, -υζαό, v. tr., I convince, persuade, contradict;

coax, wheedle.

bpéaz-ramtact, -a, f., a false resemblance.

bρεάζτας, -a, f., loveliness, fineness.

bpeáżturżim, -użaö, v. tr., I embellish, adorn, beautify.

bpiéazuiżim, -użażo, v. tr., I allure, decoy, solace, comfort.

bpeáż-uptać, -aiże, a., of beautiful

hair (T. G.).

Dreatt, g. breitt or britt, m., a blur, spot, a stain, a mark, a speck; an eye-sore; a slur, shame, blemish, disgrace, reproach, stigma, scandal, infamy; a blunder; dishonour, discredit; a tumour, an imposthume; the knob at the end of one arm of a flail; lubberly lips; any disfigurement or serious defect; τά breatt ορτ, you are in a wretched state; breatt το cur an oune, to plunge a man into misfortune; punne ré breatt oe, he spoiled it.

breatt, g. breitt or britt, m., the glans penis. See breatt

above.

Opeattaċ, -aiże, α., knotty; blubber-lipped; disgraceful, reproachful, rude, audacious.

breattacán, -áin, pl. id., m., a sort of oval shell-fish (Ker.); also biopitacán and bpeitiúcán (W. Cork).

bpeattaine, g. id., pl. -proe, m., a giddy, thoughtless fellow, a poltroon. See pppeattaine and pppeattainin.

bheallán, -áin, pl. id., m., a

chamber-pot, a urinal.

δητε attán, -ánn, pl. id., m., a foolish fellow; a poor wretch; one who talks nonsense; also darnell grass.

breattán buroe, a large shell-fish which buries itself, the "black

top" (Don.).

bpeattóz, -óize, -óza, f., a shellfish. See bpeattacán.

bμeattóz, -όιze, -όza, f., a graceless, awkward woman.

bpeattrún, -úin, pl. id., m., an awkward clown.

δρέαη, -éine, a., fetid, rotten; illodoured; fig., mean, paltry; τάιm δρέαη σίοτ, I am disgusted with you (M.).

bpéan, -éin, -éanta, m., a kind of

fish (Don. and Meath); in Meath a "brime," perhaps pike; van a bruit ve bric ip vo bréantaib, an tóin toċ' bréacmuise (Meath song).

bpéanao, -nca, m., act of rotting,

polluting.

breanc, -einc, pl. id. and -aroe, m., g'l; of a fish (Ker.).

bréan-ctúm, m., the down of birds.

bμέαημα, g. id., pl. -1 ve, m., stubble land dug up with the spade and left fallow. See bμαπαμ.

bpéantai, -aio, m., a bream. See

byan and byéan.

bμέαπταρ, -αιρ, m., offensiveness of smell, rotteness.

Ομέαπτός, -όιζε, -όζα, f., a slattern.

brear, -a, m., a prince; a troop; as α ., great, mighty.

bρεαρ, -a, m., noise, mirth, jollity; as adj., noisy, jovial.

brearac, -aise, a., noisy, loquacious.

bpearaine, g. id. pl. -μιόe, m., a babbler, a flatterer, a lively person.

Ομεαγαιμεαέτ, -α, f., babble, prate. υμεαγαί, -α, t, m., raddle for markking sheep; a mark, a stain; slang for "blood."

bnearatac, -aiże, a., of a dirty

red colour.

breartann, -ainne, -anna, f., a king's court or palace.

bpear-tuat, -tuaite, a., exceed-

ingly swift.

brearnarieact, -a, f., affability, power of conversing agreeably, chattering, prating, babbling.

brearts, indec. a., princely, fine, grand.

bρεαγται ὑεαċτ, -a, f., playing pranks.

δηεαγταιμε, g. id., pl. -μιόε, m., a trickster, a boaster (Aran and Meath).

bμεατταίας, -Διζε, α., boastful

(Aran and Meath).

bμεατ, g. bμειτε, f., judgment, sentence; báp na bμειτε, the death of condemnation. See bμειτ.

bμεατας, -aiζe, α., judicial, critical, judicious, discerning.

Opeatain, g., -aine and -an (both in Kea., F. F.), f., Great Britain; Wales (Con.).

bpeat-aithite, $g.\ id.$, f., a penance, as enjoined in the sacra-

ment of Penance.

bpeat-lá, m., a birth-day.

bμεατηλό, -λιζε, Welsh; as s., a Welshman.

δρεαἐπυζαὸ, -uiζċe, m., act of judging, perceiving, observing, judgment, arbitration, reflection, opinion, examination; adverse opinion, censure; b. το ὑέαπαṁ αη, to examine.

δητελέπιιζιπ, -υζαό, v. tr., and intr. (with Δη), I discern, examine, judge; conceive, design; I behold, watch; δητελέπιιζ Δη,

look at (Con.).

bneatużao. See bneatnużao.

bheic- (pheac-).

b perc-oealbac, -arże, a., of beautiful form.

bueiceall. See pheiceall.

bneicín, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a little trout; also bjucín.

breic-mar, -méire, -miara, f., a beautiful plate, a dish.

Opercheac, -niże, a., speckled, variegated.

bpeicneact, -a, f., speekledness,

spottedness.

bpéro, -e, f., frieze; a cloth of any kind; bpéroín, g. id., pl. -rôe, m., id. (bpéroín is the word usually heard in Con., bpéro and bpéroe in M.; in Don., bpéro, bpéroín, a strip of cloth for swaddling, etc.).

bpéro attur, f., a pocket-hand-

kerchief.

bueirne, g. id., pl. -niõe, f., a hole; also a finger-nail (O'N.).

Uneirneac, -niξe, α., perforated all over (O'N.).

bperpreact, -a, f., act of perforating (O'N.).

buéiz-oeatb, -oeatba, pl. id., m., an idol.

υμέιζ-μιος, -a, pl. id., m., a disguise, a mask, a false appearance.

bpéiz-rcéat, m., a romance or fable.

bheileoz, -013e, -03a, f., whortleberry.

bueillice, g. id., pl. -croe, m., a coxcomb; a lout.

breittín, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a worthless, insignificant person; a coxcomb, a trickster.

breitt-méanac, -aize, a., having lumpy fingers.

bheittice, a., slovenly; bheittice bpeiltree, a slovenly lout (E. R.).

bpeim, -eama, -eamanna, m., crepitus ventris. Also braiom.

bneimneac, -nize, f., actus crepitandi ventro.

bueimnizim, -neac and -iużao, v. intr., crepitum ventris edo.

buéine, g. id., f., a stench; rotten-

Oμέιπελότ, -λ, f., filthiness, nasti-

bpéin-fiactac, -aize, a., foultoothed.

bueir, -e, f. increase, profit; an addition; bpeir ir bliadain, more than a year; bheir mon ir reactmain, a good deal more than a week; as out imbreir, increasing (in pregnancy), growing; reactmain ir bheir, more than a week; bueir somet. = too

bueir, -e, pl. id., f., loss, damage (Con.).

bperg-viot, m., exorbitant in-

Operpeamant, -mta, a., increasing, prospering.

bμειτ, -e, g. also beιμτε and beants, f., act of bearing, carrying, choosing, taking, bringing, being born; birth, descent; in connection with other words: producing, getting, coming, giving, sending, fighting, winning, carrying off, counting; with an: tá bheit agat an pórao, you need not be in a hurry to marry, there is time enough; tá bheit agat ain, (absolutely) you need not go so soon, you have time enough; beingio ré ain, he need not hurry (Don.); as bheit ruar terp, overtaking him; as breit burbeacair, returning thanks; ní paib bpeit azam aip, I had not time to do it; ni't son bheit aize ain, he stands no comparison with him.

Όμειτ, -e, -ιόε, f., a wager, a stake

to be played for.

bpeit, -e, f., judgment, decision, sentence; doom, fate. bneat.

bμειτ-Διτμιζε, f., penance, compunction (nom. also breataithite).

bμειτε, f., judgment, decision, opinion. See bμειτ.

Onesteam, -teaman and -tim, pl. -teamain, m., a judge, a brehon; an arbiter; a lawgiver.

Operceamos, indec. a., judicial,

judge-like.

Operceamnac, -ais, pl. id., m., ajudge; as α ., judicious, judicial, critical.

bueiteamnar, -air, m., the decision of a judge, a judgment; a legal or administrative system; an bpeiceamnar cuaice, the legal system of the country (Kea., F. F.).

breo, g. id., m., fire, flame; phosphorus; fire that proceeds from putrid matter, as old and decayed timber, putrid fish, etc..

bueo-cloc, f., flint.

υμεούλ, a., fiery, flaming, blazing. Opeobab, -orbte, m., act of sickening, enfeebling, crushing.

bneodaim, vl. bneod and bneodad,

p. a. byeoroce, v. tr., I enfeeble, oppress, sicken.

bpeoo-rnuizim, -rnuize, v. tr., I crush and mangle, I excruciate.

bpeoroce, bpeorce, p. a., ailing, sick, oppressed, in anguish. (breorote is the usual word for sick in M., elsewhere zinn is the word. In M. zinn means sore; one says tá mo lám tinn, my hand is sore, but not tá mo lám breorote; in Don., ourne briegiore = one who is in feeble health, or dying a slow death.

bpeoióteact, -a, f., sickness (chiefly in M.), anguish, anxiety.

briadaine, g. id., pl. -nide, m., a

bytaoatheact, -a, f., act of coaxing.

buladan, -ain, m., used for bulatan (a word, etc.), in asservation, as oan mo bhiadan, on my word, in solemn earnest (M.).

briatan, g. bréithe and briatain, pl. briatra and bréitre, gxl. briatan and bréitre, m and f., a word, statement, saying, word of honour, judgment, sentence; im briatan, on my word, really! a precept: ní beatuiteann na bpiacpa na bpáicpe, friars will not live on precepts.

briatarioa, indec. a., verbal,

wordy.

bniatnac, -aize, α., wordy, verbose, talkative; milip-b., sweetspoken.

bpiatpacar, -air, m., verbosity,

talkativeness.

θηίδειη, -έληλ, -έιμι<math>θe, m., abrewer.

OμίδέιμεΔċτ, -Δ, f., brewing.

brice, f., state of being speckled or freckled.

bpice, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a brick, a brick-shaped loaf; brice apáin, a brick-shaped loaf of bread; brice meata, a honeycomb.

bricín, g. id., pl. -nive, m., a freckle.

bnicineac, -nize, a., freekled.

bluc-tist, -téite, a., grizzlyhaired; as subs., a grizzly-haired man.

burne, g, id., pl.-nròe, f., freekledness; buichioe zhéine, freckles (Omeath and Don.).

bríveac, - $01\dot{5}e$, -0eaca, f., a bride,

a maiden.

Opiroeoz, -013e, -03a, f., a small basket, a basket or hamper used for straining potatoes, turnips, etc.; angler's fishing net (also binoeoz).

bμίσεος, -οιςε, -οςa, f., a nymph, a damsel, a virgin; dim. of

bpívesc, a bride.

bμίσεος, -015e, -05a, f., an image of St. Bridget used for domestic ceremonies on the eve of that Saint's festival.

υμίσεος Δ. c., -Δ15, pl. id., m., a bride-

groom.

bμί \dot{z} , g. bμίο \dot{z} and bμί \dot{z} e, pl. bnío \dot{z} a, gpl. bnío \dot{z} , f., power, strength, vigour, force, virtue, efficacy; substance, essence; meaning; σe τρίζ ζο, because; an bhis a moroe, by the virtue of his oath; oá bhíż rin, wherefore; ní haon bhíz ouit, it is useless for you; ní oémm-re act buis beas ded' bulatualb, I have but little regard for what you say (Os. Tale).

bμιζιο, -ζοε, f., Brigid, generally translated Bridget. (In M. bμίζοε is used as nom.)

bμιteιpe, pl., braces.

builtce, g. id., pl. -anna, f., a bungle (O'N.) (also builtre).

builtceact, -a., f., bungling (O'N.).

builte, the clitoris; an awkward person.

brittin, g. id., pl. -roe, m., the clitoris, membrum fæmineum.

builtin, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a driveller, a "blether" (Tyrone). See breattán and breittín.

buillineac, -nize, a., mealymouthed (Mon.).

bunneatt. See bunnneatt.

bynoct, g. byeacta, pl. id., m., an

incantation or spell; a legend cut on the blade of a weapon; a poem or song set to music; an amulet; sorcery; brightness, clearness.

bnioct-raobnac, -aize, a. magic edge.

υμιος τός, -όιςe, -ός a, f., a witch, a sorceress.

θμιοċτ-μάιὑτεΔċ, -τιζε, α., eloquent, of sweet speech, facetious.

bμιοέτ-γεοταό, m., act of wounding, as with charmed weapons.

υμιος τήπιιζτε, p. a., beautifully spun (of words).

bníożać, -aiże, a., efficacious, substantial, capable; vigorous, active; violent, bitter.

bniosameact, -a, f., efficacy, substance.

θηίος-Δηττηιυζαό, -ice, Transubstantiation.

bμίος maineacτ, -a, f., efficacy.

bρίος map, -aipe, a., powerful, vigorous, energetic, effective; often as an epithet of language.

υμιος ún, - ún, pl. id., m., an instrument for hanging dead beeves, etc., in the slaughter-house.

bhiotlán (bheatlán), -ain, pl. id., m., a senseless or stupid person. Omottán ráite, a kind of shell-

fish (Berehaven).

υμιοιιός (υμελιιός), -όιζε, -όζλ, f., an effeminate fellow; a fool (applied to man or woman).

byrottrearne, g. id., pl. -price, m.,

a bully, a busybody.

busonstán na choice, one side or arm of the crane over the fire; b. an tluża, one side of the tongs (Con.).

bpionstóro, -e, -ioe, f., a dream,

a vision (Don.).

by 10051610eac, -015e, a., dreamy, visionary.

bpionstóioim, -oeao, v. tr., I dream.

bytonn, -inn, pl. id., m., a fiction, a lie, a dream, a reverie.

bpionnac, -size, α., lying, flattering; fair, pretty.

υμιοππας, -αιζ, -αιζε, m., a liar, a flatterer.

briorc, -irce, a., crisp, brittle, active, quick, clever; lavish; careless of money.

briorca, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a biscuit.

 \mathfrak{b}_{1110} read, -a10, -a10e, m., the fundament.

bniorcán, -áin, pl. id., m., a kind of succulent root used for food; a biscuit.

bpiorc-cainne, f., chattering,

gossip.

υριογεαμπας, -αιζε, α., crackling,

muttering, stammering.

bpiorcapnac, -aiże, f, what is broken up or shattered, as straw, etc.; b. ruip, broken straw (as for bedding).

bμιογελμηλέ, -λιζε, f., creaking;

A5 b., crepitare ventro.

bniorc-żlónac, -aiże, a., loquacious, given to chattering.

bpiorclac, -aiz, m., anything very brittle.

bμιοrctán, -áin (bμιοrcán), m., silver weed, goose-grass, skirvet, wild tansey.

0μιορ-ċμοιοeaċ, -οιζe, a., broken-

hearted (P. O'.C.).

Opiorcuizim, -uzao (bpiorcaim, -Ao), v.tr., I start, bound, spring; I soften, make brittle.

bpιογς Lópuroe, g. id., pl. -oce, m., a prater, a prattler.

0μιοτας, -αιζε, a., lisping, stammering; chirping.

bpiotacán, -áin, pl. id., m., a stutterer.

Opiocaipe, $g.\ id.,\ pl.$ -proe, $m.,\ a$ lisper, a stammerer.

Opiocaipeacc, -a, f., lisping, stuttering, stammering, chattering.

υμιοταιρ, -e, f., anything British, the British tongue.

by 10 tal, -ail, pl. id., m., a stammer, stutter, impediment (in speech) (Der.).

by to car, $-a_1r$, m, in to pog, a speckled spot or place.

υριοτός, -όιζε, -όζα, f., a British woman.

brirce, g. id., f., crispness, britteness, tenderness, quickness, smartness; brirce acτ, f., id.

Dμιρελό, -τε, m., act of breaking, a breach, a fracture, a wounding, a fraction, a change as in the weather, balance or change in money; bμιρελό cμοιός, a breaking of the heart; b. λπλό, an eruption, a suspension from office; bμιρελό λζυρ beλμηλό ομς, may you undergo wounding and fracture; a defeat; bμιρελό ηλ bóinne, the defeat or battle of the Boyne.

δριγιπ, -γεαὸ, v. tr. and intr., I break, suspend, depose, dismember, disunite, I wound; I win (a battle); το τριγ π. τρί κατα αρτ., N. won three battles over the F.; το το τριγεαό απας, to depose a person, deprive him

of his position.

bրորteac, -tiz, m., a breach, defeat, rout; bրորteac món muize muntenine, the title of an ancient tale.

bμιτε, p. a., broken, routed, suspended, deposed; maioe bμιτε, colloq. for a pair of tongs (Don.).

δρίγτε, g. id., pl. -τιόε, m., breeches, a breeching in harness; b. ζιίπαὰ and b. ζιίπ, knee-breeches; b. γασα, trousers; b. ζεαρμα and b. ζαιμιο, also b. cμοπάιη and b. cotpaċ, knee-breeches (δμίγτιὸε in U.).

Opicineac. See byuiccineac.

δρό, g. δρόη, d. δρότη, pl. δρότητε,
 f., a quern, a handmill; a great wave.

bnot, g. bnuit, pl. -banna, m., a rush, a salt marsh club rush, a blade of grass, etc.; a rush dipped in tallow used as a candle, a number of these plaited together form a tritleán (Con.); a trifle (with neg.); a handful of hay or straw stretched out at full length (M.).

bnoc, g. bnuic, pl. id., m., a badger;

filth, refuse.

bnoc, -nuice, a., grey, speckled.

θρος α., - Διζε, α., clumsy, sodden. θρος α κάη, - Διη, pl. id., m., a clumsy,

sodden person.

δησοκιμε, g. id., pl. -μιόε, m., a badger-hunter, a terrier, a stout, burly little man.

brocair, -e, -ioe, f., a den, a haunt of bad persons, as robbers, etc., a dirty place, thing, or person.

bhocán. See bhacán.

broc-riadac, -aiz, m., badger-hunting.

bhoctae, -ai \dot{z} , pl. -ai \dot{z} e, m., a

badger warren. bpocóz, -ó1ze, -óza, f., an un-

cleanly person.

broc-jotar, -air, m., twilight-See breac-jotar.

bhocuize, p. a., spotted, dirty.

δροο, -a, -anna, f., a goad, a prickle, a sting; a rod, a switch; a mite, a trifle.

δρόο, g. δρόιο, m., delight, joy;pride, arrogance; ατά δρόο

oμm, I am glad.

δρόσας, -αιζε, α., dirty, smeared.
 δρόσας, -αιζε, α., proud, glad, pleased.

bhodao, -ota, m., act of urging,

goading.

bμόσαmail,-mla, α., proud, saucy, arrogant.

bμόταmtacτ, -a, f., pride, arrogance.

υπόυ-ċuμ, -uιμ, m., embroidery; gs., as adj. (Kea.).

θηός, -όιζε, -όζα, f., a shoe, a

"brogue," a sandal.

bμος, -u₁ς, pl. id. and -a., m., a house, a mansion. (This form is very common in M. poetry, and is, no doubt, equivalent to bruż.)

υρόζας, - Διζε, α., shod, having

shoes, like a shoe.

υμόζας, -Διζ, m., a "shuler," a vagabond, a term of abuse (Meath).

bμοζαιτ, -e, -eanna, f., a cow's after-birth; any dirty, soft

(90) bro

thing; a soiled or torn garment; an untidy person (from bros, filth, dirt, rottenness).

bροζάπτα, indec. a., active, lively, brisk, sturdy.

υμός άμο, f., a boot; a high boot, used in fishing.

υμόζυμαιός, g. id., f., the common rush.

υμοζόιο, -e, f., bragget, beer.

bporo, g. bporoe, pl. bporoide, f., captivity, bondage, slavery; need, press, difficulty, hurry; viotram bo na bpuroe, we will sell a cow, of whose price there will be need; in pl., difficulties, wants.

bμότοεας, -οιζε (bμόσας), α., proud, haughty; glad, pleased.

Dητοι το ε κάπαι 1, - τάτλα, α., in a difficulty or hurry; busy; energetic. υποιοι τάτιπ, - τυξού, v. tr., I stir,

excite, stimulate. by $6 \cdot id$, and $6 \cdot id$, $6 \cdot id$, and $6 \cdot id$, $6 \cdot id$.

-é ητι το e, m., an embroiderer. bμότοι πέιμε α c τ, -a, pl. id., em-

broidery.
bhoizeall, -żille, f., a cormorant;

also reaza.

bhoisin, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a little shoe; the part of a spade on which the shoe is pressed (Con.).

broileoz, -013e, -03a, f., whortleberry.

broimeir, -e, f., anger, boldness.

υμοιπη, the breast. See υμύ. υμοιπη-ἀιαμ, α., black-breasted.

breasted.

myself) to excess with food.

broinn-tionta, p. a., having one's belly filled.

δροιπηγελέ, -ριξ, pl. id., m., a stout-stomached, low-sized person; δροιπηγελέλη, id.

δροιπηγεάιt, -áta, f., the act of taking turf out of a trench with a turf-fork; "benching."

bpointreoip, -opa, -oiproe, m., the man who follows the turfdigger and lifts the newly-cut turf out on the bank with a fork (Ker.).

bpoinn-rearcia, p. a., belly-ripped.

υμότητεομαίτ, -a, f., grinding.

δρόιγτε, g. id., pl. -aċa, m., a brooch; thread coiled on a spindle.

bhoit, -e, -eaca, f., a small variety

of plaice (Tory).

bμοιτίζ, -τίζε, -ζτε, m., a slaughtering-house, shambles.

brottac, -ais, -aise, m., the breast, the bosom; a breastwork; an exordium; a preface. (In M. sp. l. often boutac.)

bpollac-zeal, -zile (pron. bpolla-zeal, M.), white-

breasted.

bhotta-rtoc (bhottac-rtoc), -rtuic, m., genuine race or stock.

bromac, $-a_1\dot{z}$, $-a_1\dot{z}e$, m., a colt. bromacán bliaona, m., a castrated colt (Mayo).

bhomaire, g. id., pl. -proe, m., a stout person, a bumptious person.

briomán, -áin, pl. id,. m., a booby,

a boor, a rustic.

bμοmánac, -aiże, α., unpolished, rude.

Opománτα, indec. a., noisy, rude, rustic.

bηοm-υμμαό, m., an over-confident fellow.

bhom-uhhaoar, -air, m., boldness, disobedience, impertinence.

bητοm-υμμασαγας, -aiξe, α., bold, forward, impertinent.

ὑμόn, g. ὑμόιn, m., grief, sorrow; mo ö., my grief! b. oo ὑειτ ձμ..., to grieve; ձξ ὑέαπαἰπ ὑμόιη, lamenting; τά ὑμόη, in grief.

buonn, -a, -aib, gs., npl. and dpl.

of buú, which see.

bμοππαό, -πτα, m., act of bestowing; a gift. pμοππαό in Don.

hunnaro, -aro, m., (?) a gudgeon

bronnaim, -ao, v. tr., I give, bestow, grant (with ap, gov. dat. of person; but oo is used in poetry as well as in sp. l., Con.).

Oponn-láp, -láp, m., exact centre, middle (ceant-lán is more

modern).

buonnman, -aine, a., generous, liberal.

bronnes, p. a., given, bestowed, presented. pronnes in Don.

bnonntac, -aise, a., generous, bestowing, gift-giving.

bnonntacar, -air, m., a free gift. bnonntanar, m., a gift. See bnonn-

 τ_{Ar} . Both forms are used by Kea. bronntar, -air, m., a gift (also byonntanar).

υμοηπτόιμ, -όμα, -όιμισe, m., a

giver, a bestower.

Ομόη-τυιμρε, g. id., f., deep sorrow. bρογεάι, -ála, f., fury, rage; αξ bnorcáit cuca, about to deliver an enraged attack on them (W. Ker.).

bhorcán, -áin, m., a heap of frag-

bnorcan, -ain, m, fragments; a rout; a remnant of an army; bnorcan bioboa, a wicked rabble. See burcan.

bporna, g. id., pl. -10e, m., a faggot, an armful of wood; broken

wood for firing.

bpornać, -aiże, -aċa, a faggot, a chip of wood. See brorns.

Opornuizim, bhornuzao. bμορτιιζιm, bμορτιζαό.

bhortužao, -uižte, m., act of stimulating, inciting, arousing.

Ομογουιζιm, -υζαό, v. tr., I incite, arouse, stimulate; intr., I hurry, make haste; bhorenis ohe, make haste.

bμογτυιζές, p. a., quick in action;

eager, energetic.

Oportuisteat, -tise, a., stimula-

ting, quick in action.

Dropcuiteoin, -ona, -oinioe, m., a prompter, a hastener, an instigator.

bнос, -a, pl. id., m., a mote, a straw, an atom.

υνοτ, -a, m., a cutaneous disease, the itch, an eruption of the skin.

bro \dot{c} , -a, -anna, m., a halo round the moon $(U_{\bullet})_{\bullet}$

bnoτac, -aite, a., scabby, eruptive. bnotac, -aite, α., boiling; uirce bnotac, boiling water.

υμοταιμε, g. id., pl. -μιόε, m., one with much hair or fur on.

bhotaine, g. id., pl. -nite, m., a butcher; a soup or broth seller; a cauldron of soup or broth.

brotatt, -aitt, m., heat, warmth, sultriness; comfort, luxury.

bnotallac, -aite, a., hot, warm, sultry; comfortable, luxurious; in easy circumstances; as subs., a hot-tempered person (Con.).

bnotallacán, -áin, m., great

thirst.

Opotallán, -áin (dim. of bpotall),

m., heat.

brotlac, -ais, pl. id., m., a cooking pit used by butchers, etc., at fairs.

υμοτός. See υμυτός.

bμοτυγ, -uιγ, pl. id., m., a mixture, a medley; Scotch brose.

bμú, g. bhonn, phuinne, phoinne, d. bruinn, broinn, pl. bronns, gpl. byonn, dpl. byonnarb, f., the womb, the belly; the breast, bosom (nom. also bnoinn or buuinn).

υρικό, g. -Διό, pl. -Δόλ, m., a brink, edge, a bank (of river), border,

boundary; a trunk.

Opuacatán, -áin, pl. id., m., a bird called the wagtail; the name 5laróz, -ó1ze, -óza, f., is more usual.

bruacán, -áin, pl. id., m., a border,

a fringe.

bjinacan, -ain, pl. id., m., a miser, a mean sordid person.

bruac-baile, m., a suburb.

υμιλοπόηλ, g. id, m., evening. See tháthóna.

bhuadainim, -anao, I dream.

bhuadan, -ain, pl. id., m., a dream, a reverie.

bpuaona, rushes; b. 51apa, green

υμιαπτός, -όιζε, -όζα, f., a pouch made of sheepskin.

bructur, -uir, m., the fluttering

of birds going to roost.

ὑμάςτ, -úιςτε, -úςτα, f., a belch, a blast, froth; an ejaculation; ὑμάςτ γηεαςταιό, a heavy snowfall.

bμάτας, -Διζ, m., belching, bursting forth, springing as water.

ὑμάἐταὸ, -τὰ, m., act of belching forth or gushing; the sudden appearance of the sun after rain.

υμάτταιπ, -αό, v. intr., I belch, sally, rush out; react toca σο υμάτ ι πειμιπη ι η-αιπριμ βαμτοτόιη, seven lakes burst forth in Ireland in the time of Partholon (Kea., F. F.).

bμάς τ-cup, m., discharge of froth

or foam.

υμάς το οιμειμ, - σομελό, v. intr. and tr., I pour forth, jet forth.

bpúcτζαι, -e, f., act of belching, belching from excessive food, act of bursting forth, springing up (as water), overflowing.

υμάςτόιη, -όμα, -όιμιόe, m., a

belcher.

υμυσας án, -ánn, pl. id., m., an insignificant person, a miser. See

bhuacán.

bριιζ, g. id., and bριιιζ, also bριοζα, pl. bριιζα, m., a large house, a palace; a fort, a fairy mansion, a hillock; frequent in place names; bριιζ Seaζάιη, Broughshane, Co. Antrim; bριιζ κίοζ, Bruree, etc. (In M. bριοζ, bριιζ, bριοζαίδ are often used indiscriminately with bριιζ, 7c.)

bμάζαο, -úiζτε, m., bruising,

crushing.

bṛugarö, g. id., pl. -aröröe, m., a farmer, a yeoman, a husbandman.

δράζαιm (δράιζιm), -αὁ, v. tr., I bruise, break, crush, press, push, I reduce to pulp; imper. δράιζ, v. tr. and intr.; το δράιζ cuize,

he controlled his emotions; το ὅμúιξ τέ ταοι, id.; ὑμúιξ ττεαċ, come in close, press in; ὑμúιξ τοίοτ απαċ απ τομαγ, press the door forward.

Όμαιδό ε οιμι, - ομα, - οιμιό ε, m., a

brewer (also bhíbéih).

δημίτο, -e, -ιὸe, f., a brute, a beast.
 δημίτο-δεατα, f., beastly, fleshy life.

υπώισελό, -σιζε, α., beastly.

υρώι σε áιτ, - áτα, f., smouldering (W. Ker.).

bητίτοε amail, -mila, a., beastly, brutish.

Opuroean, -one, f., a castle, a fortress, a royal residence, a fairy palace (common in place names).

ομυιοεαμπας, -αιζ, m., a bubbling

up, a boiling (Don.).

δριμισιζίπ, -ιυζαό (δρισιζίπ),
 v. tr., I enslave, torture, stab,
 press, urge on, incite.

Dηυιζελη, -ζης, -ζελητλ, f., strife, quarrel; act of quarrelling.

υμιτς eanac, -aiçe, a., quarrelsome (also υμιτς eancac).

θρώιζτε, p. a., bruised, crushed, oppressed.

bμάιςτελέτ, -λ, f., bruising, crush-

ing; choice-t., contrition of heart.

Oμúιζτίη, g.id., m., boiled potatoes made into pulp and mixed with

butter. Όμυιτίη, g. id., pl. -ròe, m., a swal-

low (Con.).

Oμιιm-réan, m., broom, bromus, creeping wheat grass, scutch grass, couch grass; bhuim-réan reazatamait, rye-like broom grass; bhuim-réan boz, soft broom grass; b.rneis, upright broom grass; b. 510bac, hairy broom grass; b. Aimpio, sterile grass; b. macaine, broom field broom grass; b. pioobao, slender wood broom grass; b. rciatánac, winged broom grass; b. Aiteat, gigantic broom grass. (In U. couch grass = réar 5001L.)

Unumoitim, -oeao, v. tr., I smelt, refine; an z-ón 1an n-a bhuinveao, smelted gold.

bruinn-beatb, an image, an effigy,

an idol.

bruinne .i. breatamnar, judgment, sentence, doom; hence bruinne (broinne), the final judgment (P. O'C.); hence the phrase 30 bhuinne an bháta.

till the day of doom.

bruinne (used as nom. form only in M.), g. id., pl. -nroe (bpú, bhuinn), f., the breast, the verge, the brink, limit; ne bruinnib báir, on the point of death; an epithet of St. John the Evangelist. See bnú.

bruinnesc, -niξe, α., pregnant, as subs., f., a mother, a nurse

(also bnuinnceac).

bpunnn-éavac, -vaiz, pl. -vaize

and -oscs, m., an apron.

businneall, -nille, -ealla, f., a fair lady, a beautiful maiden (poet.) (bruinn-seal).

Dhuinne veaus (Ker.), bun veaus

(Sc.), red murrain.

brunnin, -e, m., the knap of cloth. bruince, p. a., fine, refined, smelted.

υμιπητελό, -τιζε, a., pregnant. υμώτης, g. id., pl. -μιός, m., a fragment, a particle; collect., δηώηeac, fragments, bits (in M. sp. l.

bluine).

υμύτηελό, -μιζε, f., fragments, bits, scraps (Kea.). See buunne.

bruir, -e, f., small splinters, shivers, underwood, rushes, etc., left on river banks by the falling flood. See bur.

brunt, -e, f., act of cooking, bak-

ing, seething.

bjunitean, -tin, m., spirit, spunk,

courage (Mayo).

bruitim, vl. bruit, pp. bruitte, v. tr. and intr., I boil, cook, seeth, I melt, refine, liquefy, smelt; intr., I boil, bubble up, spring up (as a liquid). (In M. beintim is generally used instead of buuitim).

bhuitleacán, -áin, m., dry murrain in cattle (Aran).

Όμυιτίη, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a fat paunch (Mayo).

Όμυιτηελό, -niţe, a., hot, glowing from a furnace.

Όμυιτηελό, -nije, -neaca, f., great heat; a batch of roasted potatoes hot from the fire. (In M., brutóz and tuatóz, in Don. phairteal).

Opurineao, -tince, m., heat; act of boiling, melting; act of curing

honev.

bρυιτη - ομα, - οιμιτο e, m., a refiner or smelter of metals.

θρυιτηίη, -neato, v. tr., I cook, boil, melt. See bruitim.

bruitte, p.a., baked, boiled, sodden, refined, liquefied (beipbie, M.).

 \mathfrak{d} ρυιτελό, -τιξε, \mathfrak{a} ., that boils or seethes; apt to boil or seethe; apt to melt or liquefy.

υριιττελότ, -λ, f., sultriness. Όμυιττίπελι, -niξe, f., measles.

brum, m., moroseness; tá b. air. he has a fit of the blues.

Όμυπαιμε, g. id., pl. -μιόε, m., a pedant; a grumbler.

bhúman, -aine, a., big-bellied.

0μώπτός, -όιςe, -όςa, f., an untidy

υμης, -uir, m., dust; broken straw: the lopping off of trees; small fragments; a remnant; vo vein byur, he caused great commotion, got very angry or excited, wept bitterly, etc. (Ker.). See bnurcan.

υμυγαιμε, g. id., pl. -μιτές, m., a trickster; a scamp; one fond of chaffing others, as an attorney;

a busybody (W. Ker.).

υρώγς, -ώιγς, pl. id., m., a clown; a busine bodais, you unmannerly churl.

buurcán, -áin, pl. id., m., a remnant; trash; a mob, a rabble.

bungcap, -aip, m., crumbs of bread; fragments of wood, etc.; a remnant; a rout of an army. See bhorcan (in M. pron. buúrcan).

υμυγοαμπας, -αιζε, α., insignificant, worthless; ας τρεαγοαμπας υμαγοαμπας τυυαμγοακό το το τος τος. (T. G.).

Dρυγελη-ἡτυλς, m., the rabble rout; bηυγελη-ἡτυλς nλ bηυκλλη moine, the rabble rout of Great Britain (Kea., F. F.).

ὑριιἐ, -a, -anna, m., the mass, lump, cast, or charge of glowing metal in the forge or furnace; a wedge or piece of metal redhot from the forge (P. O'C.).

ὑμιτ, -a, -anna, m, heat, warmth; the heat of life; an eruption of the skin owing to an overheat of the body; vigour, wrath, anger; a great wave of the sea (ὑμό).

υριτάς, -αίζε, α., fierce, glowing. υριτά τη, I roast, bake, boil. See

bրաւԵւՠ.

υριτώρη, -Διηθ, α., flery, ardent, furious; cosy, comfortable.

υμιτημιζιπ, -υζαό, v. intr., I seethe, boil, am enraged. See υμιτημιτημα and υμιτημη.

υριιτός, -όιζε, -όζα, f., a batch of potatoes roasted; υριιτίπεος

(Con.).

δράτός, -όιςε, -όςλ, a brutish person, a glutton, a clown (Don.).

buabatt, buabattán, 7c., ragweed. See buaranán, 7c.

buabatt, -aitt, pl. id., m. "buffalo"; a bugle-horn, a clarion.

Duaballóiμ, -óμα, -óiμice, m., a player on the cornet, a trumpet-

er, a horn player.

buac, -aice, -ca, f., also -aic, m., a cap, a pinnacle; a cap of mist on a hill; if e oo buac é, it is your best line of action to pursue, it will "crown" you (M.); if e buac na tipe an bairteac, the rain will "crown" the country, i.e., will do it the greatest good (Aran); maioe buaic the pole in house roofing to which the rafters are affixed.

buac, -aice, f., a bleaching liquor for cleaning yarn or linen.

buacac, -aige, a., high-headed, lofty, towering, proud, buckish, beauish, gay, buxom; luxurious. buacacán, -áin, pl. id., m., a

bleacher.

buacao, -cta, m., act of purifying linen or yarn by means of a pre-

pared liquor.

Duacaitt, -atta, -ioe, m., a boy, a servant-boy, a lad; a servant; a cow-boy, a herd-boy; an unmarried young man; na Duacaittioe Dána, the Whiteboys; buacaitt bó, a cow-herd; buacaitt báine, a jolly fellow.

buacaill aimpipe, m., a servant-

man or cow-boy.

buacailleac, -tiże, a., acting the

part of a herdsman.

buaċaıtteaċτ,-a, f., act of herding cattle, etc. See buaċaıttıċeaċτ.

Duacatttioeact, -a, f., acting as a servant; act of tending cattle, etc.; b. ctiabáin, the minding of children (O'Ra.).

buacaillizim, -veact, v. tr. and intr., I act as a servant, I tend

cattle, etc.

buacaill όζ, m., a full-grown young man; a bachelor.

buacaitt tiże, m., a house leek. buacaim, -ao, v. tr., I cleanse linen or yarn by means of a prepared liquid. See buac.

buacaine, g. id., pl.-proe, m., a tap, a spout, a squirt (from buac).

buacatán, -áin, pl. id., rag-weed; b. buioe, yellow rag-weed. (bótanán is heard in Con.) See buaranán.

Ծսոċոր, -ո՛ւր, *pl. id., m.*, cow-dung. Ծսոċորո՜ր, -ո՜ւր, *pl. id., m.*, dried

cow-dung used for fuel.

buao, -aro, pl. id., m., some virtue which is in a thing (M.). See buaro.

Duaoac, -aige, α., victorious; γaluable, precious, joyous; often an epithet of kings, heroes, etc., as laogaine buaoac, victorious Laoghaire, etc. (also buaioeac).

buabacar, -air, m., victory, triumph.

buadac-leant, m., a joyous, pleasant child (a term for a lady in E. R.). See teant.

buaðactáit, áta, f., gain, success, victory; ruain muio an buaðactáit opta, we defeated them, we obtained the victory (Con.).

ὑναὁαἐταιη, -ana, f., act of winning; cia τά ag ὑναὁαἐταιη anoιρ, who wins now? (in eardplaying, etc.—Ker.). Also ὑναὸ-αἐταιητ.

buaoar, -air, m., triumph, victory. buaocain, -ana, f., act of winning. buao-rocat, -ait, pl. id., m., a qualifying word, an epithet.

buato-roctac, -taite, a., of surpassing language; of efficacious speech.

υμα ο - ξάιμ, -e, - ξάμτα, f., a shout of victory.

δυασυζασό (δυασασό), g. δυαισσε,
m., act of overcoming, prevailing.
δυασυιζιπ, -υζασ, I overcome,

prevail; v. intr., with ap. buar, -arre, -arrive, f., a toad; an

ugly, venomous creature.

buarac, -aiże, a., toad-like, frog-like.

buaract, -a, f., the poison or venom of a toad.

buaranán, -áin, pl. id., m., mugwort

buaranán buróe, m., corn marigold, yellow ox-eye.

buaranán na hearcapán, m., groundsel; ragweed.

buaz, -a1ze, -aza, f., a spigot, a faucet, a plug. See buac.

buazaine. See buaz and buac-

buaic, -e, f., the top or pinnacle; rnaiom buaice, a top knot, the wick of a candle, the crest of a wave, a plug for staunching a leak; an b. a meanman, upon his mind. See buac.

buaicear, -cir, pl. id., m., the wick of a candle, a slender candle, a

taper; a name for a thin awkward person (M.).

Duaicín, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a lappet, a veil

buaicip, -e, -roe, f., the wick of a candle, lamp, etc., a very slender candle (buaicip is the Con. form). See buaiceap.

buaro, -e and -aoa, pl. -aoa, f., victory; conquest; success; virtue, excellence, an attribute; a buoy.

buaroeac, -oize, a, victorious.

See buaoac.

buaroeapica, p. a., troubled, agitated; also buaoapica.

Duai σeapτόιη, -όμα, -όιμισe, m., a disturber.

buaroim, vl., buaoactain, v. tr. and intr., I win, gain, win a victory; defeat (with aη); profit by (with te).

Duardint, -deanta, f., trouble, grief; contention, turmoil; τά mo mac as deanam buardeanta dam, nó as cun buardeanta onm, my son (my concern for my son) is troubling me, making me uneasy.

ὑναιόμεαό, -ὁεαμτα, m., affliction, tribulation, trouble, care, annoyance, anxiety; act of afflicting, troubling, etc.

buaiopeam. See buaiopeao.

Duaioμiżim, I trouble. See buaio-

υωιόμιπ, -μεωή and -μεωό,
 v. tr., I vex, bother, torment,
 trouble.

buaite, g. id., pl. -tre and -treaca, f., a field where cattle are kept for milking; used often in place names, and sometimes as a sobriquet for families, e. g., mainipulation in buaite, Boyle; muinipulation abuaite, a family of the O'Donoghues of Glenflesk.

buaile " or cattle field.

buaitim, -ataò, v. tr. and intr., I strike, beat, smite; I defeat; I start, depart, go, proceed; I clap (hands); I lay down, "clap" (on a table, etc.); I place

close up to; I thresh (corn); b. 1 5ctór, I print; b. 10mam, I strike forward, advance; b. 17ceac, 7c., I come in boldly; buant man reo, come this way; with um, I meet: buant rénomam, I met him; buant rúc, sit down (Con.).

buait-lite, m., the water-lily.

bust = water.

buait-tite bán, m., the water-lily. buaite, p. a., struck, beaten; threshed; situated close to (te, ruar te); placed, settled, fixed (with descriptive ad.); buaite tinn nó breoidte, fallen ill; buaitte irtead im aignead, fixed in my mind.

buaitteac, -tize, a., given to striking (from buaitim); belonging to a cattle field or milking yard (=buaiteac, from

buaile).

buailteacar, -air, m., a place of summer grazing; the process of summer grazing; hire, loan, temporary occupancy.

buaitteán, -áin, pl. id., m., the striking wattle of a flail. buaittín, (Don., Sligo, etc.).

buailteoip, -opa, -oipioe, m., a thresher.

buain, -ana, f., act of reaping, extracting, cutting off, etc. See baining and beanaim; also buaint.

buan- (buan-), lasting, continual. buan-cinneact, -a, f., constant care or attendance.

buain-cior, m., head rent, chief rent.

buaine, g. id., f., durability, power of lasting.

buain-éaz, m., certain death.

buain-zeatzacz, -a, f., lasting or settled madness.

buainim. See beanaim and bainim.

buain-néabao, -bta, m., act of completely or permanently destroying.

buain-péabaim, -ao, v. tr., I torture everlastingly.

buain-reapam, -rta, -raim, m., perseverance, steadiness, stability.

buain-rearmac, -aize, a., persevering, enduring, steady, lasting.

buaine. See buain.

Duainτeοιμ, -ομα, -οιμιόe, m., a hewer; a mower, reaper, a cutter.

buaircín, g. id. pl. -nioe, m., a timber buckle at the end of a rope used for fastening the ends of the rope; a piece of wood put on the horns of a vicious cow.

buairteán, -áin, m., oatmeal kneaded with butter, baked between cabbage leaves under the embers, used formerly by the peasantry on journeys, at distant fairs, as food; cf. Scotch "croudie."

bualact, -a, pl. id., f., a herd of cows. See bólact.

Oualaö, -ailte, m., a striking, a beating, a chastisement, a threshing; a battle; physical percussion, a sort of cure (P. O'C.); b. báijie, a hurling match. See buailim.

buatao bar, m., wringing of hands, or beating them together through grief; also applause.

buatao ctoc, m., a sore on foot (due to striking against stones). buatao croroe, m., palpitation of the heart.

buatao teangan, m., a disease in cows.

υπαίτητά, -Διζε, pl., -Δέλ and -Διζε, f., cowdung (also υπαίτας)

buan, -aine, a., lasting, enduring, long-lived, certain, fixed; ríoμ-b., steadfast, everlasting.

buanavar, -air, m., continuance,

perseverance.

buanaim, vl., buanao, buain, buain, imper. buain, v. tr., I mow, cut, reap; I derive profit or advantage from; specially used of reaping (cognate with bainim, beanaim, which see).

buanar, -air, m., continuity, power of lasting, permanency; buain-

Tear, id.

buan-capa, f., a lasting friend. buan-cuimne, g. id., pl. -aca, f.,

a lasting remembrance, a chronicle.

buan-żáibteat, -tije, a., very dangerous.

buanmar, -air, m., continuance, durability (somet. buanrar).

buanna, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a bondsman or slave; a mercenary

soldier; any soldier.

buannact, -a, f., bondage, slavery; military service; a subsidy; free quartering for soldiers; é oo tabant buannacta oo hengirt, that he gave subsidies to Hengist (Kea., F. F.).

buan-raożalać, -aiże, a., long-

lived.

Duan-toipteac, -tite, a., ever-fruitful.

Duanuroe, g. id., pl. -ote, m., a reaper, a mower, a hewer, a cutter, a digger, a delver; 17 τοι 1 τζ το τράπα παιτ το τράξαι 1 το τραστά του του τραστά του τραστά

Duanuizim, -użażo, v. tr., I continue, prolong, persevere, give

length of life to.

ὑναρ, -αιρ, m., diarrhoa; cf. τά ιαρμαίτ σε ὅναρ οριπ; τά ὑναρ οριπ.

buan, g. buan, collect. m., cattle, kine.

buanac, -aiξe, -aca, f., a spancel used to tie a cow's hind legs while being milked; a trap; ná cum com oeo buanaiţ, do not stir (said fig. of persons); buanac cócaro, the eye of the rope in which the heel of the sprit is held while a boat is sailing (Tory); cumprimio buanac 'na comam, we will lay a trap for him. In Don. buanac is the horn, a spancel is buanpcin.

buanac, -Διζe, α., having cattle;

belonging to cattle.

buanannac, -aiże, a., laxative; suffering from diarrhœa.

buatair, -e, -ioe, f., a boot.

bub, -a, pl. id., m., a roar, a yell; hubbub.

bubáit, -áta, pl. id., f., a roaring, yelling, or bellowing.

bubán, -áin, pl. id., m., a coxcomb. bubánac, -aiţe, a., noisy, foppish.

búc (buʒac), a., free, liberal, kind. búcta, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a wisp or ringlet of hair; a buckle; búctaroe bμός, shoe-buckles.

búctac, -aise, a., buckled; in

ringlets (of the hair).

búclaroeac, .1. búclac, which see.
 búclurām, -uāao and -lao, v. tr.,
 I buckle; I adorn with buckles.

buo, cond. of assertive v. 17, very commonly used for ba, past of 17; answers to affix -ward, -wards, in southwards, etc.; roin buo tuaro, to the north-east (Kea., F. F.); rian buo oear, to the south-west (id.). See 17.

buöéin, boöéin, self (obsolete).
buicéao, -éio, -éaoaiöe, m., a bucket.
bucaio, pl. -iöe (Don.).

buicmín, g. id., pl. -ioe, m., a piece of wood used to fasten a cord that binds a fore-leg and a horn of a cow (Clare). See chob-narc.

buro-bηιατριά, -aiţe, α., gentle of

speech.

buroe, g. id., f., mildness, graciousness, kindness, thanks.

buroe, pl. -aca, a., yellow, tawny; sunburnt, sunny, summerlike; mí buroe, July; tá b. beatcame, bright or sunny May day; tá b. pożmam, a bright or sunny day in harvest; buroe is sometimes used as a strengthening adverb, as my rada buroe uaro é, it is far indeed from it.

Duroeac, -οιζe, a., thankful, grateful, obliged, kindly disposed, pleasing, gentle (to, vo), pleased with (vo=ve); τάιο na vaoine an-buiveac ve'n brόξ-man ro, the people are very satisfied with this harvest; Anglo-Irish, the people are very thankful to this harvest.

burbeacain, -ana, f., jaundice (trat-burde and salan burde, M.).

buroeacán, -áin, pl. id., m. the yolk of an egg. See buroeacán. buroeacán, -áin, m., the yolk of

an egg (in W. Ker. buroeacán). buroeacar, -air, m., thanks, gratitude, thankfulness; zan b. vo, in spite of; a mburoeacar vo tuilleam, to earn their gratitude (in M., sp. l. baooacar).

buioesct, -a, f., gratitude. buroeact, -a, f., yellowness.

Duroeactain, -ana, f., act of turning yellow; act of ripening (of corn).

buroéat, -éit, pl. id., m., a bottle, a water-budget (in Don. buroeat) buroeat buroe, m., a yellow-

hammer (Don.).

burbean, g. -one, pl. id., f., a crowd, multitude, a retinue, a troop, a company; buideantrluaj, a company.

buroeanman, -aine, a., fond of company; having a large following; with abundant forces.

Ouroe-breac, -brice, a., speckled

with yellow spots.

buroe món, -όιη, pl. id., m., dyer's rocket, yellow weed, or weld, reseda luteola; com buroe leir an mburce món, a common phrase.

buide na n-ingean, f., Irish spurge. Duroeoz, -015e, -05a, f., a bird called a yellow-hammer (also baroeos).

Ouroe-τιυζ, -τιζe, α., thick and

yellow (of the hair).

buroneac, -niz, m. (or -nize, f.), love, a term of endearment. (The word is no doubt maoineac; as a rule, it is only heard in voc. a maoinis or a buronis; also, a maoineac or a buioneac.) See maoineat and maoin.

 $bu_1 \leq e, g. id., f.$, softness; liberality;

tractableness.

buitcin, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a small quantity; the amount of thread put on a spindle (bulk?); a parcel of any kind; buitcin ainstir, a cause of quarrel, an "apple of discord;" cf. Eng. bulk.

buile, g. id., f., distraction, madness, rage; a fit; somet. gen. = adj., as rean buile, a madman; An buile, mad, furious, madly: ir oóis le rean na b. Zunab é réin ream na céille.

Duitesc, -lize, a., mad,

tracted.

buileamail, -mla, a., furious, raging.

buils, bellows; a disease in cattle. See bots.

builgear, -zir, m., a blister, a blotch.

Duilzearac, -aiże, a., spotted, blistered.

Duitzim, -zeao, v. tr., I blister. buitzin, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a little bubble or blister; a paunch; dim. of bots.

buitz-téar, m., a bright spot;

also a blister.

buils-téapac, -aise, a., blistered, blotched, pock-marked.

builio, -e, a., gentle, civil, courteous; gay, merry, lively.

builioeact, -a, f., gentleness, civility, courtesy; sprightliness, gaiety, liveliness.

buitín, $g.\ id.,\ pl.$ -ióe, m., a small loaf of bread; buiteán, id.

Duilipc, -e, f., the broadest part of a boat (Mayo).

builte, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a stroke, blow; cast; buille rá tuainim, a guess, an approximation; one stroke of the clock; an a' builte 'o ctoz, at one o'clock; builte véaz 'o cloz, eleven o'clock (Der.); buille an azaro, a step forward, so much done; builte raoi nó taipir, a guess at it, roughly speaking; an buille an báir, on the point of death.

builleac, -lize, a., beating, striking, smiting (also buil-

neac).

buimbiol, -ble, -bleaca, f., a gimlet.

Duimbneac, -μιζε, α., querulous.

burme, g. id., pl. -mrive, f., a nurse. burmine, g. id., pl. -orive; also burmaine, m., a minute; and the spot, instantly (U. and Con.).

buimiléan, m., a stupid fellow

(U.).

buimint, g. id., pl. -tibe, m., a moment (also buiminte, Der.).

buimpír, -e, -ioe, f., a vamp; the sole of a shoe (buimpéir M.).

bum-cior, m., a pension.

bum-cioruroe, g. id., pl. -oce, m., a pensioner.

Duméaro, -éno, pl. id., m., a bonnet. See bonnétz.

bunín, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a Kerry cow: a small breed of cows.

bunne, g. id., pl. -nroe, m., a flood, a wave, a torrent, a rapid stream; a tap, a spout; a spouting, squirting forth; bunne μαδαμτα, a spring tide; corruption flowing from an ulcer; anger, passion, (butte?); bi bunne móμ μαοι, he was in a great rage (Don.); a corn on the foot, etc.

burnne, g. id., pl. -nroe, m., a border, edging; a set-off in basket-making; a thick border in beginning or finishing any wicker-work; a branch, sapling, sprout, or plant; a scion, an offspring; burnne cúit, the first strong layer in basket-making; metaph., a chief, a primal stock in families (also burnne béit).

bunneac, -niże, f., laxity, loosoness, purge; diarrhœa; a gushing

forth, sprouting.

Duinneac, -niże, a., full of corns. Duinneacac, -aiże, suffering from diarrhea.

bunneact, -a, f., a gushing forth,

sprouting (O'N.).

Ouinneán, -áin, pl. id., m., a twig, a branch, a sapling; a scion (dim. of buinne); a soft, sappy leaf.

bunne bó, m., the yolk or yelk which covers a calf after being dropped from the uterus (Con.).

buinneoz, -015e, -05a, f., a sprout, a branch, a plant; a scion.

buinnizim, -iużao, v. intr., I flow, spring up.

Duinniużao, -iżce, m., act of flowing, springing up.

búin, -e, f., a shout, a cry; a

roaring, a bellow.

bumbe, g. id., f., wrath; harshness; pride, fierceness; richness, luxuriance; empty verbiage; ignorance (obs. in this sense).

θύιμε Δό, -μιό, m. a roaring; a

noise.

builteoz, -01ze, -03a, f., a term of reproach for a woman.

Dúippeaò, -piò, pl. id., m., a noise, a roaring. See búipeaò.

θύιμγελολό, -λιζε, f., a roaring. θύιμγισιm, -γελό, v. intr., I roar (as

an animal).

Dunpillín, g. id., pl. -röe, m., a potato in seed (Aran).

buinting, -e, -te, f., a kind of boat.

Dunppe, g. id., f., turgidity, pride, pomp.

υπημελίτ, -λ, f., pride. See boμμ.
υπρέλι, -éπ, pl. id., m., a bushel.

búirte, g. id., pl. -tièe, m., a scrip, a pouch, a bag; oatmeal mixed up with butter, etc., and put into a scrip or pouch to be used in travelling; a clown, a sluggard.

butcher. butcher, -éapa, -éipiroe, m., a butcher. butcher. (Don.).

búιγτέιμελὸτ, -λ, f., butchering, slaughtering.

υπτίθη, -έαμα, -ιὐe, m., a butler.
 υπτίρεα, m., act of groaning, roaring (as of a cow, etc.). See
 υπητεα, απο υπητεα.

buitre, g. id., pl. -rive, f., a witch (also buitread and buitread,

A.).

buitpeacán, -áin, pl. id., m., an assuming, arrogant person.

buitpeacar, -air, m., witheraft, sorcery.

Butresct, -a, f., witchcraft. Butzóro, -e, -roe, f., a bubble. butta, g. id., m., a Papal bull; a bowl; a bull, the animal (McD.). buttabáirín, g. id., m., a whirligig,

a swimming in the head.

buttán, -áin, pl. id., m., a round hollow in a stone, a bowl.

buttán, -áin, pl. id., m., a bullock (also botán).

butrame, g. id., pl. -proe, m., a boaster (Don.).

bum-bailleao, -lio, -lioe, m., a

bum-bailiff (E. R.).

bun, g., buin and buna, pl. id., m., a foundation, root, origin, base, bottom, the mouth (of a river); an b., on foot, established; cun At b., to found, establish; oo b., in pursuance of; bun na zcnoc, the base of the mountains: bun-ór-cionn, upside down, awry; bun-ór-cionn te, independent of, free from the influence of; thiocao nó rá n-a bun, thirty or under; 1 mbun, in charge of, keeping, guarding; "an madad fluad 1 mbun na Sceanc," the fox guarding the hens; ní řeadan cao ir bun terr (or oó), I don't know what is the origin or cause of it.

bunac, -ais, m., tow, coarse flax. bunacán, -áin, pl. id., m., a feast

(Don.).

bunacan, -aip, m., foundation, origin; substance, means. See bunao.

bunao, -aro, pl. id., m., origin, stock, root, foundation; the stock of a farm; a family, people.

bunadar, -air, m., origin, foundation, root, cause, originality, strength, force; substance; matter (as of a book), body; substance (of bread and wine as opposed to accidents in the Eucharist) (Donl.); b. bliadna, the greater part of a year; oo piciti bunadara, by descent (Kea.), meaning, sense; caide an bunadar atá teir an brocal rain, what is the meaning of that word? (M.); b. uiliz, almost (Don.).

Dunadarac, -aige, a. (pron. bunurac), original, primitive; substantial, forceful, fundamental.

bunaro, a. (prop. gs.), original,

primitive, own.

bun-áit, -e, -eaca, f., a fixed position, a foundation, a dwell-ling, a chief place of residence, head-quarters.

bun-áiteac, -tiže, a., principal, chief; assertive, precocious (Con.); 50 b., constantly (Don.).

bunáitive, the greater part; e.g., the rain is almost over (Con.) (also bunáitte).

bun-áitism, -iusao, v.tr., I found,

establish, fix, inherit.

bun-atc, -atc, pl. id., m., a principal article of belief, a fundamental proposition.

bunán, -ám, pl. id., m., a stump;

a little root.

bunara, indec. a., settled, established.

bun-bean (buna-bean), f., a stout woman of low stature; somet. a middle-aged woman.

Dun-ciall, -céille, f., a moral. Dun-cineál, g. -eáil, m., middling

kind (Don.).

Oun-ciop, -a, -anna, m., chief rent, tribute, head rent; a pension (also buin-ciop).

bun-classione, p. a., reduced to the last extremity, as by sick-

ness, hunger, fatigue, etc. bun-cúir, -e, -eanna, f., a first

cause.

bunoún, -únn, pl. id., m., the fundament, esp. in a state of prolapse; a silly person, a coxcomb, a blunderer (often pron. búnoún).

bunoúnac, -aiże, a., blundering,

awkward.

bun-pát, m., the absolute cause (O'N.).

bunnán, -áin, pl. id., m., a beetle; b. téana, a bittern.

bunnman, -aine, a., settled, fixed, established.

bun-nór, m., an old custom.

bunnrac, -aize, -aca, J., a javelin, a rod, a twig, an osier, a stout little girl. See bonnrac.

bunn-crtat, f, a strong switch or

rod, a hoop rod.

bunóc, -óice, -óca, f., a very young

baby.

bun-ór-cionn, head over heels, upside down, wrong; with te, independent of, free from the influence of (M.); given up or forbidden.

bun pibe, m., a carbuncle on the

human skin.

bun-phut, -phota, pl. id., m., a fountain head, a basin or reservoir for water.

Dun-proc, -u1c, pl. id., m., the old

stock, the Aborigines.

buncarre, g. id., pl. -roe, f., advantage, perquisites, profit; ba beas an buncairce bi aise ain, he was little better than the other, he had little advantage over the other (said of two combatants).

Dun craione, m., the pocket of a

seine net (Ker.).

bun-crop, m., the eaves of a house. Dunusao, -uisce, m., act of fixing, resting; dwelling, founding, establishing.

Ounuizim, -użao, v. tr. and intr., I fix, rest, dwell; I found, begin,

establish.

Dúp, g. búip, pl. id., dpl. búparoib (poet.), m., a boor, a term for the English.

Dun, poss. pr. your (pl.), eclipses.

See ban. Mun in Don.

ούμας, -Διζ, pl. id., m., a boor, a clown.

Dupoún, -úin, pl. id., m., a heavy stick.

ουηζαιμε, g. id., pl. -μιόε, m., a burgess, a citizen. See bonzame. Dúpláil, -ála, f., act of bundling

(Con.).Dúnnaro, g. id. pl. -e, m., a clown,

a blockhead.

Ouppat, -ait, pl. id., m., a loud lamentation, a mournful cry or howl.

bunnat, -ait, m., a jot, a bit; with neg., nothing (Con.).

buppamail, -mla, a., surly, clownish, sulky, stupid.

bur, fut. rel. of assertive v. 17. See

'bur for abur, which see.

Ourcóro, -e, -eaca, f., a blister (also purcó10).

búčaine, g. id., pl. -proe, m., a chapman; a dealer in cattle.

Outsine, g. id., m., a cloud ofsmoke (=putaine).

butal náma, -ail p., pl. id., m., the fulcrum of an oar.

υντός, -όιςe, -όςa, f., a thole-pin (Ker.).

Oucún, -úin, pl. id., m., a smith's paring knife, an unlucky deed; pinnip vo bucún, you have brought misfortune on yourself by your own action (also botún). **buc**únaċ, -aiże, α., unfortunate.

C (colt, the hazel tree), the third letter of the Modern Irish Alphabet.

Cá, interr. prn., what? where? whither? how? why? eclipses verbs; in past becomes can, and aspirates; cá har, from what? whence? cá huaip, what time? when? cá méao, how much? cá méro, how many? and in M. how much? 3010é 'n méro? what size (Don.); cá reappa out reeal oe, how does it matter to you, why should you mind? (Ker.).

Ca, a house or workshop, found in compounds like ceápoca (ceápo-

ca).

Ca (U.), neg., part., not, no; ca eclipses; ca ocuisim=ní tuisim, I do not understand; ca amain, let alone, not to speak of; ca mirce tiom, I don't mind. See can.

Cab, g. carb, pl. id., m., a mouth, a head, a gap, the bit or mouthpiece of a bridle, a muffle, a muzzle (Ballydehob=béat äta an vá Čab); dim. carbín, a lip.

Cába, g. id., pl. -1 ve, m., a cape, a coat-collar, a hood, a cloak or robe, a large awkward hat, cap, head gear; cába rallamze, the cape of a mantle.

Caba, g. id., pl., -bna, m., a cave.

Cabac, - α , babbling, talking, gapped, indented.

Cábac, -aiże, a., wearing a large or double cape or cap; clumsy, unkempt.

Cabaije, g. id., f., prattle, prate,

chat.

Cabail, -e, f., the body; the trunk; the body of a shirt, coat, etc.; a woman's bodice; the bare walls of a house.

Cabain, g. -bna, -bnac and -banta, f., help, assistance, support.

Cabaine, g. id., pl. -nioe, m., a prattler; cabaine bneac, a mag-

Cabaine, g. id., pl. -proe, m., a helper, assistant, a supporter.

Cabaineact, -a, f., prattling.

Cabáirte, g. id. m., cabbage, coleworth, cauliflower; cabairce osome maite, London Pride, which is also called cabáirte mava nuaro.

Cabat, -ait, pl. id., m., a large pan (particularly for milk), a caul-

Cábat, -ait, pl. id., m., a cable.

See cábla.

Cábán, -áin, pl. id., m., a tent, a cabin, a booth, a cavity or hollow; cábán bótain, an umbrella.

Cabán, -áin, pl. id., m., a field, a

valley, a plain.

Cabán, -áin, pl, id., m., common yellow water lily.

Cábánuroe, g. id., pl. -ote, m., a cottager.

Cabaoin, cabaoine. See camaoin. Cában, -ain, m., a collar (Con.).

Cabanta, gs. as a., helpful, comfortable.

Cabaptac, -aise, a., comfortable; helpful, aiding, assisting.

Cabantóin, -óna, -óinite, m., a helper, aider, assistant.

Cabar, -air, m_{i} , stepping stones across a stream. See cabra.

Cabcaroín, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a little stump; c. pámainne, a worn little spade. See camcaro.

Cabzait, -e, f., babbling, talking. Cábla, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a cable,

a chain, a rope.

Cattac (also cottac), g. -ai $\dot{\xi}$, pl. id., and -sca, m., a fleet, a navy; cablac tize, a ruined or empty house.

Cáblac, - a_1 że, a_1 , having plenty of cable; in thick clusters (of

the hair).

Cablacán, g. -áin, pl. id., m., a sailor, a mariner.

Cáblaim, -aò, v. tr., I bind, chain

down. Cabluize, pl., m., the rigging of a

ship. Cabóz, -ó1ze, -óza, f., a jackdaw,

a jay.

Cábóz, -ó15e, -ó5a, f., an old hat; a rustic, a labourer; a prater (Con.).

Cábózac, -aize, a., unkempt, un-

tidy, dull.

Cábózaroeacz, -a, f., the going as a labourer on hire, especially to a distance.

Cabnac, -a15, -a15e, m., an assistant, an auxiliary.

Cabnac, -aiże, a., helpful. Cabpoir, -e, f., corn spurrey.

Cabhuisim, -usao, imper. cabnuis and cabain, v. intr., I help, comfort, aid, assist.

Cabra, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a pavement, a causeway; a lane

(Don.).

Cabróin, -όμα, -όιμισe, paver.

Cábún, -úin, pl. id., m., a capon,

an ignorant, low fellow.

Các, g. cáic, everyone, all in general, the whole, each, every, all the others; indef. prn., with neg., no one; nac thuaż le các a harcío, that no one pities her misfortune (O'Ra.).

Cac, -a, -anna, m., excrement, filth, ordure; cac ιαμαιπη, a kind of iron ore found in damp soils; cac aμ αξαιό, fallow land. See bhanai.

Cáca, g. id., pl. -10e, a cake.

Cacaim, vl. cac, to void excrement.

Cacnaro, m., dried cowdung for

fuel (Sligo).

Caċt, -a, pl. -aròe, m., a maid servant, a bond-woman; confinement.

Cactamait, -mta, a., servile.

Cao, rel. and interr. prn., what? cao ap, whence, wherefore? cao cuize, why, for what purpose? cao 'n-a taob, why? cao pá, why, what for? cao é an taoi, how? cao tá ap, what ails, what is the matter with?

Carac, -ais, m., calico; fig., hum-

bug.

Cábacar, -air, m., atonement.

Cavain, -e, -te, f., a measure containing slightly more than a glass; a mug, a cup; cf. cuio na caione reo ran zcavain eite; a cell, cavain meata, a beehive cell.

Capaine, g. id., pl.-niće, m., a bell. Capaine, g. id., pl.-niće, m., the

scrotum.

Caoal, -alt, pl. id., m., a skin, a peel, the rind of a tree (O'N.).

Capalaim. See copalaim.

Caoamán, -áin, pl. id., m., a low, despicable fellow.

goose, a barnacle-goose.

CADAMAR, -A1P. M. cotton: hom-

Capapar, -air, m., cotton; bombast, contention (O'N).

Caoár, -áir, m., cotton, fustian; humbug, bombast. (Caoán is somet. used in same sense.)

Cádar, -air, m., veneration, respect, honour, friendship, privilege.

Cárac, -aize, a., friendly, fond,

honourable.

Caolac, -laize, a., Catholic (O'N.).

Caotuib, -e, f., the herb cudweed. Caomup, -uip, m., pride, upstart, assumption. (The first syllable is usually pron. long.)

Caomurac, -aiże, a., proud,

assuming. See coomur.

Capóz, -ó1ze, -ózaca, f., a haddock.

Caopán, -áin, pl. id., m., contention.

Caoμánact, -a, f., act of wrangling, disputing (also caoμánτας, caoμánτας).

Caopánta, indec. a., contentious,

obstinate, stubborn.

Captarac, -aige, a., contentious. Captare, g. id., pl. -price, m., a prater.

Carameact, -a, f., prating, talk-

ing; gab, prattle.

Cáptac, -ais, m., chaff, husks, pollard. See cáttac.

Cápparo, -e, m., flummery. See cáconuic.

Cáz, -á1z, -za, m., a jackdaw.

Cazaitt, -e, f., advantage, profit, frugality. See coizitt.

Cazalaım, -zailt, v. tr., I spare, save.

Cazaltać, -aiże, a., sparing, frugal.

Caibéaturoe, g. id., pl. -ote, m., the person who plants potatoes

Caibioit, -e, -otioe, f., a chapter; a session for settling disputes; ní paio mé i notizeao ná i zcaibioit piam, I was never at law or in dispute (Aran).

Caibioteac, -tiže, a., capitular. Cáibín, g.id., pl. -ioe, m., a caubeen,

an old hat; a low hat.

Carbte, g. id., f., act of disturbing, disquieting, dragging, pulling (P. O'C.).

Caibne, g. id., f., friendship. Caibneac, -nize, a., friendly.

Caibrigim, -iugao, v. intr., I comfort, help (with te); also cabruigim.

Caio, g. caoa or cooa, stone, layer or binding stone; airic cooa, stone-mason (b. na Saon).

Cárò, -e, a., chaste, pure; famous. Cárò, -e, f., a chaste one.

Caröbling, -e (cóimling), f., act of contending (also cóimling).

Caroé, inter. pr., what? Often written 5010é. In Ker., cao é. Cároe, g. id., f., chastity, purity, modesty.

Caroe, g. id., pl. -eaca, f., a blem-

ish, defilement, spot.

Caroe, interr. part., what? (obs.). Cároeac, -oige, a., filthy, polluted. Cároeac, -a, f., chastity, sanctity. Caroéat, -oéit, pl. id., m., a water pump.

Cároeamail, -mla, a., decent, be-

coming.

Caivéiρ, -e, -eaca, f., an enquiry; τά τύ ας cup vo c. réin aip, you are putting your own oar into the question; vo cuipear caivéiρ aip, I accosted him, stopped him to ask a question.

Carpérpeac, -rige, a., inquisitive, one constantly asking carpé?

Caroeoz, -01ze, -0za, f., an earthworm, a rough caterpillar.

Caróp, -e, -eanna, f., a woman's cap.

Caroneac, -niże, a., friendly, familiar.

Caropeárt, -áta, J., prattling, chattering.

Caropeam, -prim, m., company, fellowship; intercourse, familiarity; partnership in trade; act of caressing (also caropead).

Caropeamac, -arge, a., familiar, fond, kind, social, friendly.

Caroneamac, -ais, pl. id., m., an acquaintance, a friend.

Caropeamar, -air, m., familiarity, fondness, intimacy.

Caroperp, -e, f., rhapsody, nonsense. (This word is also used as a variant of caroeir.)

Caropiğim, -opeam, imper. caropiğ and caroin, v. tr., I cherish, live socially or connubially with.

Caroréan, -éin, -éinioe, m., a gullet; a stream issuing from a fence; the mouth of a drain; a little well (Ker).

Cair, -e, -eaca, f., a head-dress; quoif. See carop.

Carpinn, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a nurse's hood; the cap worn by a cook (W. Ker.); a kerchief, a little shawl or covering worn on a woman's head, a hood (also cuarrin).

Cairneoz, -01ze, -0za, f., the seafowl called puffin. See cánóz.

Cáil, -e, pl.id., and -ioe, f. quality, reputation, repute, fame; means, state, sort; amount, share, quan tity; disposition, strength, protection, keeping; 17 meara cáit, of very bad character; kind, quality; tá cáit ve rónt nuav Azam, I have a new sort (Don.); tá cáit mait azam, I have a good deal; tá cáit mait ain, he is of good repute; bí cáit maic baoine ann, there was a good number of persons present; cáit món oe, much of it; cáit beas oe, a little of it (Omeath, etc.).

Cail, -e, -roe, f., an old mare, usually applied to an old ass, prob. for caile (W. Ker.).

Cailbeac, -bize, a., wide-mouthed.

Carlos indec a chalk white

Carlce, indec. a., chalk-white. Really gen. of carlc.

Cailceac, -ciże, a., chalky.

Caitceamail, -mala, a., chalky, marbly.

Cailciğim (cailcim), -ceao, v. tr., I chalk.

Cailcín, g. id., m., a disorder of the eyes; a target, a small shield (from cailc, a shield).

Cailc nuao, f., red ochre.

Caile, g. id., pl. id. -liōe, -leaca, m. and f., a country woman, a maiden, a girl (caile is m. in Don. and in parts of Con.).

Caileac. See coileac.

Caileacar-réan contieann, m., common cock's-foot grass.

Cáiteact, -a, f., nature; property; quality.

Cáiteamait, -mta, a., famous, renowned, worthy.

Caileanoa, indec. a., girlish, effeminate.

Carleanoap, g. -arp, pl. id., m., a calendar.

Caileoz, -015e, -05a, f., a snow-flake (also calóz). See bhatóz.

Caits, -e, pl. id., f., a sting (of a bee, etc.); cuin an beac a caits ionnam, the bee stung me; deceit, treachery. See ceats.

Carl zeamanl - mla a pungent

Cail zeamail, -mla, a., pungent, malicious.

Cailsim, -seao, v. tr., I sting, prick; deceive. See cealsaim. Cailicín, g. id., m., disease of the

eyes, ophthalmia. See cartcin. Cártroeact, -a, f., a quality;

qualification; genius.

Caitín, g. id., pl. -10e, m., a girl, a maiden; caitín ó5, a grown-up girl; caitín aimpine, a servant girl; caitín bea5, a little girl, a young girl; caitín béanta, a fully-developed girl (Don.).

Cailino, calends.

Caitír, -e, -eaca, f., a chalice, a cup. Caitt, -e, f., loss, damage; πάη ṁόη an caitt é? was it not a great loss?

Caille, g. id., pl. -aca, f., a veil;

a nun's veil.

Cailleac, -lige, -leaca, f., a nun; often cailleac out is used for a nun.

Cailleac, -lige, -leaca, f., an old woman, a hag; a fisherman's stone-anchor; a fir stump found in bogs; a bad or shrivelled potato.

Caitleacamait, -mta, a., haggish, belonging to an old woman;

pertaining to a nun.

Caitteacap, -aip, m., female monasticism; cowardice; dotage; anility.

Cailleac breac,, f., the grey seagull; a fish like the dog-fish.

Caitteac oeans, f., red poppy, corn rose.

Cailleac out, f., the cormorant.

Caitleac na brteao, f., a large earthworm.

Cailleac oroce, f., an owl.

Caitteac nuao, f., the loach, a small fish.

Caillean. See caillim.

Caitteamain, -mna, pl. id., f., loss, damage, failure, neglect; act of losing; nom. also caitteamaint.

Cailleamnac, -aige, a., losing,

defective, apt to lose.

Caittićín, g. id., pl. -nioe, m., a little hag; a kind of seapigeon; a stunted tree in poor land.

Caillim, vl. cailleath, cailleath, cailleathain(t), caill, caillt, pp. caillte, v. tr., I lose, spend; with ap, neglect, fail; in pass., I die, perish, am ruined; to cailleath é, he died; tá ré caillte, he is ruined. Does not, mean "die" in Don.

Caittreanac, -aite, a., failing, losing, betraying, disappointing; also used as sub., one that be-

trays, etc.

Caitle, p.a., lost, drenched, ruined, destroyed, dead; very bad, as ba caitle an maire agare, it ill became you to do, etc.; (O'N. also has caitle, dead). See caitlim.

Caitleac, -tiże, a., ruinous, destructive, hurtful, disastrous.

Cailtreact, -a, f., losses, damages sustained.

Caillteánac, -aiz, pl. id., m., an eunuch. See coillteánac.

Caillteoip, -όμα, -όιμισε, m., one who is always talking (and hence losing time) (B.).

Caillteoip, -opa, -oipióe, m., a gelder. See coillteoip.

Caillteoip, -opa, -oipioe, m., a loser, a spender, a spoiler.

Cáilmean, -mine, a., of good repute.

Cailm-pean, m., a brave, strong,

Cám, -e, -eaca, f., a fault, stain, blemish; 5an c., faultless.

Caim-béat, -béit, pl. id., m., a wry-mouth.

Caim-béatac, -aige, a., wry-mouthed.

Caim-céact, -A, m., the constellation called the "plough" (P. O'C. says the "bear").

Came, g. id., f., crookedness,

injustice, chicanery.

Cáimeac, -mize, α ., fault-finding. Caimeacán, -áin, pl.~id.,~m., a

hunch-backed person.

Caimeacán, -áin, pl. id., m., a protector (this word is a variant of caomacán or caomeacán).

Cam-reo ocam, f., a whirlwind

(W. Ker.).

Caim-fiactac, -aiţe, a., crooked-tusked.

uskeu.

Campe, g. id., f., a curlet or ringlet of hair; deceit, fraud. See cumpe.

Campeac, -riże, a., crooked, curled, winding, turning; fraud-

ulent, deceitful.

Caimpeoz, -013e, -03a, f., a falsehood, an illusion; caimpeán,

-áin, id.

Cáin, -ána and cánac, pl. -eaca, f., a law, a rule; a fine, tribute, rent; cáin an tuict, tonnage duty.

Caín, -e, a., pleasant, fair, just, exact, chaste, devout, faithful (older form of caon). See caon.

Cámeac, -nige, a., abusive, satirical.

Cámeao, -nce, m., act of reviling, abusing, disparaging; abuse, satire.

Cámpiceao, -cze, m., confiscation, amercement.

Cámpicim, -ceao, v. tr., I fine, amerce, command.

Caingean, g. -zne, pl. -znioe, f., cause, dispute, covenant.

Cámm, -neaō, v.tr., I revile, abuse, dispraise, reproach, satirize.

Cáinín (cáintín), g. id., pl. -iòe, m., a speck, a mote in the eye, any little dark particle of matter in milk; one of the minute particles of butter in a churn; a snowflake. Cainín, g. id., pl. -rôe, m., a paper cone (B.).

Camnéat, -éit, pl. id., m., a chan-

nel, a canal (A_{\cdot}) .

Canne, -e, -eanna, f., talk, speech, conversation, style; idiom; a proverbial saying; also vl., act of talking, conversing; ná bí az canne! expression of wonder! tá canne azat! it is easy for you to talk! an-canne, backtalk (Der.); oeaż-c., wit, clever talk, (Sligo).

Camnzeac, -ziże, a., talkative; of peevish or malicious speech.

Cainnteoin, -ona, -oinioe, m., an orator, a speaker, a talker, a chatterer.

Cainntiżim, vl. cainnt, v. tr. and intr., I talk, speak, interrogate,

accost

Cáinpeac, -piţe, -eaca, f., a female scold or satirist; a female keener using scolding language.

Cámpeon, -ona, -onnioe, m., a scold, a satirist, a reviler.

Cámpeomeact, -a, f., scolding, abusing.

Cámpim, -peaò, v. tr., I seold, abuse, revile, satirise.

Cámteac, -ci $\dot{\xi}$, pl. id., m., a satirist.

Cámteac, -tiţe, α ., abusive, fault-finding, satirical.

Cánteact, -a, f., act of satirizing or abusing.

Cámteom, -oma, -omitio, m., a reproacher, a satirist.

Cámteomeact, -a, f., a reviling, a reproach, act of reviling.

Caintic, -e, -ioe, dpl. cainticit, f., a canticle, a hymn.

Caipín, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a cap.
Caipín ronair, a child's caul

(valued by sailors).

Cáip, f.; in phr. tá cáip ţaipioe aip, he has a laughing face (Con.).

Caipbeacán, -áin, pl. id., m., a ship-boy.

Caiptoin, g. id. pl. -roe, m., a little ship; a carabine.

C.u.

Cambne, g. id., m., a personal name signifying charioteer or coachman.

Caiητομεάη, -áin, pl. id., m., an oyster shell; caiρη-τοιομάη, the flat side of the scallop-shell-fish (Ker.).

Caincear, -a., m., a twist, turn.

Cáipoe, pl. of capa, m. or f.. a friend.

Cáiπoe, g. id., f., respite, delay, credit, "tick"; πυο σο ceannac an cáiπoe, to buy goods on credit; πυο σο cun an c., to procrastinate; in raσa an cáiπος ruanair 50 στί reo, you have got a long respite up to this time.

Cáipoeac, -oiże, a., friendly, favourable, having many friends.

Cáinoeacar, -air, m., friendship, affection.

Cáipoeamait, -mta, a., friendly, loving, kind.

Cáinoeamtact, -a, f., friendship, friendliness.

Cáiμιοeaμz, f., a blush; the redness of face which is caused by intemperance.

Cáiroear, -oir and -oeara, m., friendship; a sponsor, a dear friend.

Cáipoeaparoeact, -a, f., act of becoming friendly or familiar with; as cáipoeaparoeact te pístib (Caoineao Aipt uí taosaipe).

Cáiποear Čπίοςτ, m., a sponsor in baptism; sometimes cáiπυear alone=a sponsor in baptism.

Caipioionat, -ait, m., a Cardinal. Caipiéat, -éit, pl. id., and -éatta, m., a quarry. See coipiéat.

Cáipéipeac, -pize, a., fine, elegant.

Caipigear, - \dot{z} ir (also cap \dot{z} ar), m., Lent.

Cáinneac, -niż, -niże, m., a Druidical priest; iarcaine cáinneac, an osprey, a kingfisher. See cóinneac.

Caimeac, -niże, a., stony, uneven, abounding in cairns. Caiทุท-ซ้างทุล์ท, -ล์เท, pl. id., m., a shell-fish, the flat side of the muințin or scollop.

Сыпремратое, g. id., pl. -оте, m.,

a carman, a carrier.

Caippéapaioeact, -a, f., carman-ship, the trade of a carman.

Cainpriato, g. -aro, pl. -aoa, m., a hart, a wild deer; c. puato, a red stag.

Caiμμτιonn, f., a woman of masculine bearing; usually applied in an uncomplimentary sense (Ker.)

Caiμηζίη, -e, f., a species of seaweed; a kind of sea-moss.

Campineac, -nis, pl. id., m., a frail

scythe (W. Ker.).

Caiμτ, -e, -eaca, f., the bark of a tree; paper card; writing; chart, bond; ar a breamannaib caiμτe ir cóμα, from their lands by right of charter and equity (O'Ra. and Fer.).

Caipt, -e, -eaca, f., a cart.

Caint-ceap, -cip, pl. id., m., the nave or stock of a cart-wheel.

Caiμτeaċ, -τiże, α., barky, belonging to paper.

Cainteos, -013e, -03a, f., a wheelbarrow (O'N.).

Cainteoin, -ona, -oinioe, m., a carman, a carter, a waggoner.

Caiptim. See captaim.

Caipt-iuit, f., a mariner's compass, a chart of direction.

Caintlann, -ainne, -ainna, f., a cartulary.

Cáir, -e, f., love, esteem, regard.
Cáirc, g. Cárca and Cárc, f.,
Easter; the Passover; mionCáirc, Epiphany; Tomac
Cárca (T. Cárc, Don.), Easter
Sunday.

Carp-ciab, -a and -éibe, pl. id., f.,

a ringlet, a curl.

Cair-ciabac, -aige, a., having ringlets or curled hair.

Cáircín, g. id., m., wheaten meal (Om.); kiln-dried grain (Con.)

Cáire, g. id., f., cheese (nom. also cáir).

Cáire, g. id., f., love, affection, regard; also cáir.

· Caire, g. id., pl. -rioe, f., a stream, a brook, a current, a flood; ritteao an an scarre céaona, to return the same way (M.).

Carpe (from cap, twisted, awry, etc.), g. id., f., a wrinkle, a fold, a twist, a plait; passion, discord, hatred, rancour; quickness; réac an caire atá 'n-a bots, see the rancour that is in him.

Caireac, -ri $\dot{z}e$, a., wrinkled. plaited.

Carpeao, -ree, m., suddenness,

rapidity.

Carreat, -rit, pl. id., m., a castle, a bulwark, a wall; a stone building; a clamping of sods, etc.; a stone fort; the town of Cashel; as cun carrit, clamping with sods or stones.

Carreates, p.a., walled; fortified with castles, towers, bulwarks;

clamped.

Carreatzacz, -a, f., battlements,

fortifications.

Carreantián, -áin, m., dandelion; c. na muc, the common species of bitter dandelion; c. caol beans, the dandelion used as medicine.

Cáireoin, -ona, -oinioe, m.,

cheesemonger.

Cair- \dot{r} éiteac, - \dot{c} i \dot{z} e, a., having cross veins.

Cair-filleso, -tce, m., act of returning, of coming back.

nagging, Cairíneact, -a, grumbling, complaining (Con. and U_{\cdot}).

Carp-nompóo, -puntite, m., act of

turning back.

Carrinnin, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a hard turn on an over-twisted straw rope; a half-knot; a fold, a wrinkle.

Carrle, g. id., f., a stream, a seainlet; cf. Cuan Carrie, Cashla

Bay, Co. Galway.

Carrleán, -leán, pl. id. (g. also -léin, pl. id.), a castle, a fort, a stronghold.

Carrleon, -ona, -onnioe, m., a castle or fortress builder.

Carrleoneact, -a, f., the building of castles or towers.

Cairliste, p. a., wrinkled, shrivelled.

Cairlín, g. id., pl. -ióe, m., a speckled little bird, a stonechat. See carrein.

Cartín, g. id., pl. -nroe, m., a

streamlet.

Cairmeant. See cairmint.

Cairmine, -e, -ioe, f., alarm, heat of battle; conflict; a plausible appearance; etymology; c. oo cun an rcéal, to tell a story plausibly; argument, discussion.

Caipminteac, -tize, a., noisy, quarrelsome, turbulent, talka-

tive.

Cairminteac, -tiz, pl. id., m., aquarrelsome, turbulent fellow.

Carrieoz, -013e, -03a, f., a wrinkle,

Carrieozać, -aiże, a., wrinkled, curled.

Carréal, -céil, pl. id., m., a castle, house.

Carrein, g. id., pl.-roe, m., a crafty little féllow; a little girl of prematurely old appearance and manner; a vicious person; a potato shrivelled from frost or heat; the stone-chat or "chatter-stone," a speckled little bird believed to spend the greater part of the year in a state of torpidity.

Carpoinnin, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a wrinkle, a small plait, a fold.

See carrinnin.

 $C \delta_{17} = c \delta_{17}$, what place? where? $C\acute{a}i\dot{c}$, -e, f., chaff; refuse, rubbish.

Сытвелитас, -ы j, pl. id., m., a soldier living on free quarters.

Caitbeint, -e, f., armour.

Cáiceac, -cize, a., chaffy, having an inferior mixture, containing alloy; full of chaff.

Caiteac, -tiże, -teaca, f., a little basket made of green rushes; a carpet of rushes (carees, f.,

Cáiteac, -tiże, -teaca, f., the

main-sail of a ship.

Cáiteac, -tiţe, -teaca, f., a winnowing sheet; also drifting seaweed.

Cáiteacán, -áin, pl. id., m., a win-

nower.

Caiteactain, -ana, f., force, compulsion; the n-an c. voit sabait, through which they had to pass (Sg. Ch. M.).

Cáiteat, -te, m., act of winnowing, snowing, pouring out; 540t cáite, wind suitable for win-

nowing.

Caiteam, g. caitme or caite, m., act of eating; expending; spending (time); using up, exhausting, consuming, wasting, wearing; decay; durability; caiteam in-áinoe, the game of "toss-up."

Caiteam, m., force, compulsion; connected with caitim, I must.

Carteam, m., credit (in commercial matters).

Caiteamac (caitmeac), -ait, m., a spendthrift.

Carteamact (cartmeact), -a, f., devastation; spending.

Cait-éirearo, g. -éiroiro and -éiroitie, pl. id., m., armour, battleclothing or harness.

Carreos, -osa, f., the nap of cloth

(Con.)

Carteoz, -015e, -05a, f., a jackdaw (Aran).

Cáitis raoa, the common heron (Con.).

Caitim, -team, pp. caite, v. tr., I throw, hurl, fling, cast; waste, wear, spend; eat, drink, consume, use; ó cait an tonz an t-oileán, as soon as the ship cleared the island (Aran); tá ré az caiteam na hoctmato bliatha, he is in his eighth year; I use (tobacco); I smoke (Don.).

Caitim, vl. caiteactain, I must, I am obliged to; caitim beit im furite zo moc, I am obliged habitually to be up early (more common in future than in present); caitrio ré zun, 7c., it must be that, etc. (Con.).

Cáitim, -átaö, v. tr., I winnow, pour forth (as tears); cáiteann ré rneacta, it snows; rainize cáiteac, spray.

Caitín, g. id., pl. -roe, f., the nap of cloth, the blossom or catkin of the osier; a little cat, m.,

dim. of cat.

Cartíneac, -niże, a., curled, napped.

Cait-10pt tac, -aite, a., battle-waging.

Cartip, -e, f., love, friendship; a term of endearment.

Caitipeat, -piţe, a., fond, affectionate, lovely.

Cáitleac, -liţ, m., chaff, husks; a winnowing sheet.

Cáitleac veans, -lit veins, m., common red poppy.

Caitmeat, -miţe, a., spending, wasteful, prodigal; caitmeat-tat, id.

Caitmeacar, -air (caitteacar), m., prodigality, waste, riot, excess.

Cait-mileao, -lio, pl. id., m., a soldier, a warrior, a hero.

Carone, g. id., f., the arbutus tree; ubta c., "cain-apples," arbutus berries.

Cáitne, g. id., pl. -nroe, m., a husk, a single atom of chaff. See cáitnín.

Cáitnín, g. id., pl. -roe, m., an atom, a small particle of anything; a husk of corn; a snow-flake; the small particle of butter formed in a churn at first.

Caitheat, -nige, a., of or belong-

ing to a city.

Caiτμέιm, -e, pl. -eanna and -eaca, triumph, triumphing; high feasting; a "run" in story telling (caiττέιm or caitτέιm in parts of Con.).

Caitnéimeac, -mige, a., triumphant; holding a feast of triumph.

Caitpéimeamail, -mla, a., triumphant, victorious.

Caithéimisim, -iużaó, v. tr. and intr., I triumph, exult over, shout aloud.

Caitmusao, -iste, m., a flourishing (as ears of corn from one

stem).

Caitte, p. a., worn, worn out (of health); spent (of money); consumed (of food, tobacco, etc.). (In Don. plaitte is used in this sense also.) See caitim.

Cáitte, p. a., winnowed, cleansed. Caitteac, -tiţe, a., spending,

liberal. See caitmeac.

Cáitteat, -tiţe, -teata, f., a winnowing sheet. See cáitteat.

Caitteacán, -áin, pl. id., m., a

spendthrift.

Caitteoin, -ona, -oinitio, m., a spendthrift, a waster; an eater, a feeder; onoc-c., one with a poor appetite.

Cát, -áit, m., cabbage, kail; cát ceannain, potatoes dressed up with butter, etc.; also, watch-

ing, guarding.

Cáta, g. id., m., a cape or cloak

(Don.). See calla.

Calaban, -ain, m., a mantel-piece;

clabpa, id.

Calaö, -aıö, pl. id., m., a shore, port, harbour, haven; a riverside meadow; a ferry; a narrow neck of the sea (nom. also calaiöte).

Catao-popt, g. -puipt, pl. id., m.,

a port, harbour, haven.

Calabión, -óna, -ónnibe, m., a ferryman.

Calaizim, -lużao, v. tr., I take harbour, remain, reside at.

Catán, -ánn, pl. id., m., a gallon, a vessel; catán cμúrότe, a milking vessel; catán ταορτία, a vessel for bailing out a boat, etc.

Cataoir, -e, f., trickery, deceit, knavery, fraud.

Calaoireac, -riże, a., cheating, dishonest, fraudulent.

Calan, the cholera (A.).

Catb, -41tb, m., hardness; baldness.

Calbac, -aiçe, a., bald; as subs., a man's name.

Calbact, -a, f., baldness.

Calcao, -cta, m., act of corrupting, stagnating; plugging up.

catcaim, -ao, v. tr. and intr., I corrupt, stagnate (said of a sore, or of stagnant water); I plug up (Mayo).

Calcaine, g. id,, pl. -price, m., a

caulking iron.

Calz, -ailze, -ailziòe, f., a sting, a goad. See colz.

Calzaim, -ao, v. tr., I sting, wound.

wound.

Calzaine, $g.\ id.,\ pl.$ -proe, m., a cheater, a wheedler. See ceat-

Saine.

Call, -aill, m., want, necessity, loss, injury; oá maintead an buidean lén thuat mo call, if the company who pitied my need were alive (O'Ra.); ni'l call clampain agat, you have no need of complaining; ni'l aon call ohm, there is no need for me.

cátt, claim; ní't aon cátt agam cuige, I have no claim to it; also in phr., ní paib aon cátt agam-ra teir, I had nothing to do with him. (This word is pron. like the English "call," and in M. is generally translated by "call" or claim. It seems to be an English word, and must not be confounded with catt, want, need.)

Catta, g.id., pl. -roe, m., a woman's cloak or hood; a cowl; a sail;

in pl., fineries of dress.

Callaroe, pl., m., potatoes bruised with a pounder.

Cattaroe, pl., fineries of dress, high caul cap, etc. See catta. Cattarre, g. id., pl. -proe, m.,

a crier, proclaimer; one who laments; a scold.

Cattaineact, -a, f., loud calling;

shouting.
Callán, -áin, m., noise, clamour

(of voices).
Cattánac, -aiçe, a., clamorous,

noisy.

Cát teannózac, m., the green scum that forms on shallow pools of

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water during hot weather; also a green sea-weed washed in by the tide.

Callóro, -e, f., a wrangling, prating; wailing; a funeral cry.

Callóroeac, -orje, a., complaining, wailing; noisy, clamorous, wrangling; stormy; tá an orôce ruan calloroeac, the night is cold and stormy.

Call-pléroteac, -tize, a., dis-

orderly, quarrelsome.

Callean, -ain, pl. id., m., a coulter. Catm, -aitme, a., calm, as tá an muin calm (also cailm).

Calm, -ailm, m., a calm; tá calm món ann moiu, there is a great calm to-day.

id.m., hardness, g. Calma,

strength, bravery.

Calma, indec. a., brave, valiant, stout.

Calmac, -aize, a., stout, brave. Calmaco, -a, f., bravery, courage,

strength.

Calmar, -air, m., strength, courage, bravery; calmadar, -air, m., id.

Calmarac, -aize, a., strong, brave;

sweet-tongued, polished.

Calm-mac, m., a strong son; calmmac Aeron, the strong son of Aeson, that is, Jason (E. R.).

Calm-thát, m., a time of bravery. Calmuizim, -użao, v. tr., strengthen, fortify, encourage.

Catpa, g. id., pl. -aroe, m., the calf of the leg; calparoe heapcuill, the pillars of Hercules. See colpa and colba.

Cam, -aim, pl. -ta, m., a small vessel for dipping rush candles in, or for smelting; a cresset.

Cam, gsf. caime, twisted, awry, crooked; perverse, deceitful.

Cam, -aim, m., deceit; erookedness; also, a quarrel, a duel; ream zan cam, a plain, just man.

Camao, -mia, m., act of bending, making crooked; defrauding, wronging.

Camaozail, -e, f., trickery,

double-dealing.

Camaim, -ao, v. tr., I bend, make crooked; I defraud, wrong; also intr., I grow crooked.

Cama tama, an unintelligible tale;

a bungle (W. Ker.).

Camall, -ailt, pl. id., m., a camel (also cámall).

Camatra, indec. a., demure, staid, sober.

Camatract, -a, f., demureness;

modesty, sobriety.

Camán, -áin, pl. id., m., a stick with a crooked head; a hurly for ball-playing; camán baire, id. (B.); a bend in a road, etc.

Camánacz, -a, f., the game of

hurling.

Camánaioeact. See camánact (also 10mánaroeact).

Cam an ime, m., the buttercup

Camán míntit, m., camomile (also camán míotta).

Camánuroe, g.~id.,~pl.~-ote, m.,a hurler.

Camaoin, -e, f., daybreak, dawn, twilight; camaoin an lae, the dawn of day (M.); camaoin oume, a person of poor, ungainly appearance (B.).

Caman, -ann, pl. id., m., a jakes-

farmer.

Camapán, -áin, pl. id., m., a crooked stick; a deformed person; an idiot.

Camanna, m., a bale of flannel. etc.; a thick piece of bread (Con.).

Camaprac, -aise, a., twisted, curled.

Camantac, -aite, -a, f., a harlot.

Camar, -air, m., a bay. Cámar, -air, m., a fault.

Cámarac, -aize, a., affected, pretentious; silly (Con.). See caomurac and caomur.

Camarsail, -e, f., chicanery, crooked dealing, misrepresent-

ing one's motives.

Cam-arna, the lowest rib of the breast, so called because crooked.

Camcaro, -e, -roe, f., a crooked, lean or worthless person or thing; camcaro námainne, a worthless, slight spade; camcaroín beaz, a despicable per-

Cam-cor, f., a crooked leg, a

bandy leg.

Cam-corac (cama-corac), -aize, crooked-legged, bandy-legged.

Cam-luamain, f., act of moving awry.

Cam-lúb, -úibe, -úba, f., a ringlet of hair, etc.

Cam-luingneac, -nige, a., bandy-

legged, club-footed.

Cam-lupsa, g.id., pl.-lupsne and -lungnice, f., a club foot; a bandy leg.

Cam-muineálac, -aije, a., crook-

ed-necked.

Camóz, -ó1ze, -óza, f., a stick having a crook at the end; cf. camán, a hurley. (A new ladies' game is called camózaroeact, as distinguished from camán-10mánar deact. ATOBACT or

hurling.)

Camóz, -ó1ze, -ó5a, f., a curl, clasp, a comma, anything curved; a bay; a turn, a winding; the concave side of a scallop shellfish; an equivocation, a trick, deceit; a large fishing-hook for conger eels.

Camós ana, f., a temple (of the

head).

Camózac, -aiże, a., crooked, curled, twisted; equivocating, sophistical.

Camózac, -ai \dot{z} , pl.id, m., a sophist, a quibbler, an equivocater.

Camózaroeact, -a, f. See camóz. Camóisín, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a curly-headed child.

Camoir, -e, f., a chamois.

Campa, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a camp. Campuisim, -usao, v. intr., 1 en-

camp.

Campa, -a \dot{o} , -a \dot{o} e, f., a sewer; a privy; dirt, filth, ordure; man campa bréan i mbéillic canmaize, like a putrid sewer beneath a vast rock (John O'Connell).

Campac, -aise, -a, f., a sewer, a gutter, a house of ease; a closet,

a jakes (O'N.).

Cámpaic, -e, f., cambric cloth; rnátaro cámparce, a needle for sewing cambric cloth, a very fine needle.

Campail, -ála, f., contending, arguing, wrangling (G. J.).

Campamail, -mla, a., filthy, dirty, sewer-like.

Cam-neiliz, -e, f., a club-foot (from cam and neitiz), it being thought that if a pregnant woman pass over a grave, the child of whom she is pregnant will be club-footed. (This idea seems confined to the North. and still exists in Cavan and Con.)

Campán, -áin, pl. id., m., a succession of windings (in rivers, etc.)

(Der.).

Cam-pphot, -puit, m., a perverse rabble (also cam-ppont).

Cam-rnón, f., a crooked nose. Cam-phóriac, -aize, a., crookednosed.

Cam-rcáca, m., lit. crooked stake or stack; in phr. tá ré 'na camrcáca, he is drunk (Omeath, Tyrone).

Cam-rousic, f., the crooked limb

of a tree.

Cam-rúiteac, -tize, a., crookedeyed, squinting.

Camta, p. a., bent, crooked.

Camta, g. id., pl. -10e, m., a follower, one of a faction (usually used in the pl.: é rém azur a camtaroe, himself and his faction.—Ker.).

Can, the form assumed by the negative particle ca before parts of the verb 17 (or with that verb omitted); can mé, it is not I; can rib, it is not you; can full, it is not, he or she is not; old form, noca(n), follows rules of can. See ca.

Cána, g. id., pl. -rõe, m., a cane. Cána, g. id., pl. -nca, m., a tribute.

See cain.

Canac, -ais, m., lint, cotton, down; the cotton-down plant.

Cánac, -aize, f., tribute, tax, rent. Cánacar, -air, pl. id., m., custom,

Cánacz, -a, f., taxation, act of taxing.

Canáib, -e, f., hemp. See cháib. Canáil, -ála, pl. -álaióe -áilte, f., a current.

Canaim, -ao, v. tr. and intr., I sing, chant, recite, I say.

Canálac, -ais, pl. id., m., a seaflood, a torrent; a canal.

Canamain, -mna, pl. id., and -maintioe, f., a dialect, language; accent, pronunciation.

Canán, -áin, pl. id., m., an urchin. Canánac, -ais, pl. id., m., a canonist; a canon.

Canar, ad., whence? from what? Canbar, -air, m., canvas, sailcloth (in M., cnabár or cnarár).

Canna, g. id., pl. id., and -aroe, m., a can, a vessel; canna rtáin, a tin can.

Canncan, -ain, m., a cancer; anger, wrath,

Cannenac, -aize, a., angry, vicious, ill-tempered, fretful (cannotac, Wat.).

Cannenuizim, -uzao, v. tr., I vex,

annoy, tease, anger.

Canntán, -áin, pl. id., m., a family, esp. a young helpless family (U. and Wat.).

Cannhán, -áin, pl, id., m., a contention, a grumbling, a muttering, a chattering, a murmuring, a wrangling.

Cannyánac, -aize, a., dissatisfied,

grumbling.

Cannnánaim, vl. -nán, v. tr. and intr., I chatter, mutter, grumble, complain.

Cannea, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a junk, a portion; cannoa apáin, a piece of bread; also cannoa.

Canntal. See canntlao.

Cannolac, -aije, a., sorrowful, morose, cranky.

Cannolao, -aio, m., sorrow (nom. also cannetam).

Canntlóin, -óna, -óinite, m., a sorrowful, morose person; erank.

Canntháitín, g. id., pl. -roe, m.,

twilight, nightfall.

Cánóz, -ó1ze, -ó5a, f., a sea-bird, a puffin; Oileán na 5Cánó5, Puffin Island, near the Skelligs.

Canóin, -óna, -óine, f., a canon, a rule; Canonical Scripture.

Canónos, indec. a., canonical.

Canónoact, -a, f., canonization;

act of canonizing.

Cancáil, -ála, f., act of selling by auction, canting (A.); act of voting (O'N.).; pron. ceanceáit.

Cantáileac, -liż, -liże, m., a

voter (O'N.).

Cantain, -ana, f., speaking, singing.

Cantaine, g. id., pl. -nite, m., achanter, a singer, a chorister.

Cantaineact, -a, f., act of singing; the chanting of psalms.

Cantálaim, vl. cantáil, v. tr., I sell by auction.

Cantaoip, -e, -ite, f., a press (also cantain).

Cantuitie0111, -0114, -011110e, m., a singer.

Caob, -a, m., a clod, a lump, a shovelful of clay, etc.; a layer; the portion of hay, etc., taken at a time by a fork; an untidy person. See reach.

Caobac, -aize, a., in streams or layers; clumsy, untidy.

Caobac, -ais, pl. id., m., an ungainly, dull-witted person.

Caobaim, -ao, v. tr., I throw clods; clear away rubbish; I pour out.

Caobán, -áin, pl. id., m., a place of shelter or concealment; a prison.

Caobán, -áin, pl. id., m., a twig,

a bough, a branch.

Cλοδόζ, -όιζε, -όζλ, f., a clod, a lump of clay, etc.; dim. of caob.

Caoc, -aoice, a., blind, dim-eyed; blasted (of wheat, etc.); reap oall, a blind man; rean caoc, a dim-eyed man, a blind man (in an abusive sense); neanncóg caoc, a species of nettle; buait ré caoc rhamac é, he beat him to bits, destroyed his face (with blows or words); rean caoc, a man having an impediment in his speech (Meath).

Caocaim, -ao, v. tr., I blind,

stupefy, blast.

Caocan, -an, pl. id., m., a blind person, beast or bird; a mole or dormouse.

Caocán, -áin, pl. id., m., the fundament; singlings or the first produce of distillation; a rill (Don.).

Caocánac, -aiz, pl. id., m., an awk-

ward, listless person.

Caocánaize, g. id., f., awkward-

ness, listlessness.

Caoctat, 7c. See claoctat, 7c. Caoc na Sceape, m., common henbane.

Caoċó̄ς, -ó̄ιζe, -ó̄ςa, f., a nut without a kernel; a fuzzball; blind man's buff; a blindfolded person; c. an cóirine, a stupid person at a feast who does not know what to do.

Caoc-puao, m., the wire-worm.

Caoc-ritonac, -atze, a., having obstructed nostrils; speaking through the nose.

Caoċ-ṛṇónuroe, g. id., pl. -oċe, one who speaks indistinctly, or

through the nose.

Caopao, -aro, m., contention, teasing, perplexity.

Caoz, -aoize, f., a wink.

Caozac, - a_1 że, a_2 , squint-eyed. Caozac, m_2 , fifty; five decades, or

the third part of the Rosary.

Caozaomao, num. a., fiftieth.

Caozaróe, in phr. 1m' caozaróe aonarp, all alone (Cork). See caozaroín.

Caozaivín, g. id., pl. -ive, m., the large bead between the decades of the Rosary, hence a solitary; im' caozaivín aonain, all alone by myself (Ker.).

Caozaim, -ao, v. intr., I wink (somet. written caocaim).

Caoz-rúiteac, -tize, a., squint-

eyed (caosac, id.).

Cao1, g.id., $pl.-\tau e, f.$, mode, way, condition, method, manner, means, arrangement, shape; cao é an c., c1a an c., how? (Con.); c1a c. bruit cú, how are you? (Con.); an c. céaona, in the same way; tá caoi mait ain, he is in good circumstances; an c. an bit, anyhow, at any rate; 1 30001 50, so that; ni'l son csoi azam ain, I have no means of doing it, of obtaining it; ni't aon caoi ar agam, I have no means of avoiding it; 1 50001 oam, when I get an opportunity (pron. caot in M., as nao1, nine, is pron. naot).

Caoi, g. id. (g. caoite, Kea.), f., act of weeping, lamenting, mourning for; as caoi mo majicais, lamenting my horseman (O'R.).

Caorce, g. id., f., blindness, squinting; deprivation; state of being blasted (of corn, etc.).

Caoicioir. See coictizear.

Caoi oim, vl. caoi, v. tr. and intr., I weep, bewail; as caoi a ceite, bewailing her spouse (O'Ra.).

Cao₁- \dot{z} ol, - \dot{z} u₁l, m., weeping, lamenting.

Caoit, -e, f., loins; the waist.

Caoite, g. id., f., narrowness, slenderness, sparseness; scarcity, want; grace (caoiteacτ, id.).

Caoim-ceannpa, a., gentle, mild, tractable.

Caoim-ceannpact, -a, f., mildness, meekness, gentleness.

Caoime, g. id., f., gentleness, mildness; beauty, grace, courtesy, civility; caoimeact, id.

Caoimeacán, -áin, pl. id., m., an

entertainer.

Caoimeacar, -air, pl. id., m., entertainment, society.

Caoimeamait, -mta, a., mild, discreet, kindly; soft, fair.

Caoimeamtact, -a, f., discretion, kindness, mildness.

Caoimín, g. id., pl. -roe, m., the herb eyebright.

Caoimin, -e, f., the murrain (O'N). Caoimineact, -a, f., grazing on commons (O'N).

Caoim-leannán, -áin, pl. id., m., a dear friend, a sweet-heart.

Caoim-méinneac, -nige, a., gentle-minded.

Caoım-rcıat, -éite, f., a shield, an escutcheon.

Caoimteac, -tiţe, a., social,

friendly, comrade-like.

Caoimiteae, -iii, -ieaea, m. or f., a companion; a bed-fellow; a dear friend; gu μ carllear mo caoimiteae caoin, that I lost my gentle boon companion (McD.).

Caoimteacar, -air, m., association, fellowship, partnership.

Caoin, -e, a., gentle, mild, tender, kind; pleasing; unruffled, smooth, polished; delicate.

Caoin-béarac, -aize, a., of pure life, of gentle behaviour.

Caoin-oealb, f., a fair form.

Caoine, g. id., f., gentleness, mildness, smoothness.

CAOINEAO, -nte, pl. id., m., act of mourning, lamenting, wailing, crying, deploring; a lament, an elegy; 1 3caointio, in keening.

Caoinear, g. -a and -nip, m., mildness, smoothness, gentleness.

Caoinim, -neao, v. tr., I lament, bewail, weep, cry, "keen."

Caointeac, -tiż, pl. -tiże or -teaca, m., stubble; stalks of corn left on the field by the reaper; also conntac (Con. and Don.).

Caointeac, -tige, a., sad, sorrowful, mournful, melancholy,

plaintive.

Caointeacán, -áin, m., the act of mourning, lamenting; bean caointeacáin, a woman who mourns at a wake or funeral.

Caoin-beant, m., a cluster or

bunch of berries.

Caoin-Beinteac, -tiże, a., bearing berries.

Caoin-oeans, -einse, a., red hot; of a flaming red colour.

Caoin-reoil, -reola, f. mutton.

Caointit, -e, -τe, f., a blaze, a flame; caointit món teineat, a flaming fire.

Caointe, g. id., pl. -aca, f., a little lump, clod or mass (from caon).

Cample, g. id., pl. -AcA, f., a club; a reed.

Caoipteac, -lize, a., tumbling, toppling (O'N).

Caointize, p. a., tumbled, tossed, scattered in heaps (O'N.).

Cao1-γομεαο, m., a scream of grief.
Cao1τεαṁα1t, -ṁta, α., opportune,
timely; leisurely; having
means of doing a thing; ταβα1η
σαṁ-γα έ ό τάιπ ααο1τεαṁα1t
απηγο, give it to me, as I am
opportunely situated here (of
something to be done); παηα
στιζιό τά c., unless you come
on the quiet (Con.).

Caoiteamlact, -a, f., leisure,

opportuneness.

caot, -aoit, -aoita, m., the smaller or narrower part, "the small of" (foot, back, etc.); the waist, loin; c. na σοιμπε, the wrist; c. an σμοπα, the waist; c. an τύιμπε, portion of a spinning-wheel (Der.); c. an munit, narrow part of the neck.

Caol, -oit, -otta, m., a marshy stream, a marsh; a narrow

rapid; a strait.

Caot, -oite, a., narrow, slender, thin, graceful, slight; caot-cuio, a slight portion; caot-cuio, stingy; somet used as a mere intensitive; 50 ceant caot oipeac, right straight; caot is often compounded with noun, e.g., caot-opuim, the small of the back; caot-reap, a slender, graceful man, etc.

Caotać, -aiš, m., linum silvestre, fairy flax; a sapling; a light plantation as distinct from trees; the roof-wattling of a house; the breast-ribs; rtaiċ o'a ζαοταċ úη, a prince descended from their noble breasts (O'Ra.); cρό caotaiṣ, a prison, a cage for malefactors.

Caolavón, -óna, -ónnie, m., a man who makes baskets, etc.

Caoladóineact, -a, f., wickerwork.

Caotán, -áin, pl. id., m., the small intestines, tripe; c. imliocáin, the navel-string; rúżtac buroe na 5c., the chyle, a vellow fluid vomited in sea-sickness after all food is thrown up.

Caot-corac, -aize, a., slenderfooted.

Caol-chotac, -aite, a., of graceful form.

Caol-chuaro, a., stingy; wiry. Caol-cumanz, -ainze, a., slender,

narrow. Caot-coine, g. id., m., a graceful oak plantation.

Caol-opom, -a, pl. -anna, m., a slender or graceful back; caot opoma, the small of the back.

Caol- \dot{r} ail, -e, f., nettles; the herb heiriff (cúil páio, Don.).

Caol- \dot{r} óo, - \dot{r} óıo, pl.~id.,~m.,~thenarrow sod turned up by the plough to clear the furrow.

Caol- $\dot{\zeta}$ lónac, -ai $\dot{\zeta}$ e, α ., shrill-

voiced. Caol- $\dot{\zeta}$ otać, - α , shrillvoiced.

Caol-mala, g. id., pl. -roe, f., a slender, narrow eyebrow.

Caolóz mabac, f., the little bird that follows the cuckoo (Aran).

Caol-paoanc, m., narrow or sharp

Caol-padapcac, -aize, a., narrowsighted, sharp-sighted,

Caol-cúip, -cúipe, -cúipioe, f., a narrow tower, a pyramid (Kea.).

Caoluzao, -uizte, m., act of making or becoming slender, or thin; attenuation, stint, restraint; cuin c. onc réin, restrain yourself.

Caoluisim, -usao, v. tr. and intr. I restrain, stint (myself); I go away quietly; oo caoluis ré terr, he glided away quietly, made himself scarce.

Caom, -oime, a,, gentle, mild, fair.

Caom, -oim, pl. id., m., a friend, a relative.

Caomaim. See caomnaim.

Caomaine, -anea, f., protection.

Caomán, -áin, pl. id., m., a mild, gentle person.

Caomantac, -a15, pl. id., m., aprotector, a supporter.

Caom-chutamail, -mla, a., slender, finely formed.

Caomoa, g. id., m., poetry, versification.

Caom-lapain, f., a small blaze, a moderate fire.

Caomnac, -aize, a., companionlike.

Caomnact, -a, f., company; protection, defence; nurture, nourishment.

Caomnao, -manca, m., act of keep ing, maintaining; act of restraining; act of protecting, saving; protection, defence; nurture.

Caomnaim, -ao, v. tr., I preserve, protect, keep, maintain.

Caomnar, -air, m., protection.

Caomnusao, -uiste, m., act of protecting.

Caomnuroe, g. id., pl. -ote, a companion, an attendant.

Caomnuitim, -utao, and -mam-Aint, v. tr., I protect, defend, save; tá ré an a caomamaint, he is in a safe retreat.

Caomnuize, p. a., protected, nurtured, befriended.

Caomnuitiesc, -tite, a., protect ing, protective.

Caomnuizteoin, -ona, -oinite, m., a protector.

Caomós, -ó15e, -ó5a, f., an affectionate woman.

Caompaioim, -oe, v. tr., I rehearse (O'N.).

Caompurote, p.a., rehearsed (O'N.)Caonipuloteoih, -oha, -oihioe, m., a collector, a rehearser.

Caomitac, -tait, pl. id., m., afriend, an associate.

Caomuizim, -uzao, v. tr., I cherish, protect, save, defend, keep; perfect.

Caonac, -aiz, pl. -aize or -aca, m., moss, stubble; caonac mana, sea-moss; caonac tiat, mildew, mould.

Caonap, -aip, m., cotton.

Caon-oúthact, -a, f., good-will; earnestness; devotion.

Caon-oútpactac, -aite, a., de-vout, assiduous, zealous.

Caonnóz, -ó1ze, -óza, f., a nest of wild bees; tumult, strife, a fight (cuarnóz, id.).

Caonturac, -aiże, a., tender,

gentle, kind.

Caonta, indec. a., private, secret.
Caonuroe, g. id., pl. -oce, m.;
im' c. aonam, as a solitary

wretch. See caozaioe.

Caop, -a, pl. id., f., a mountain berry, the rowan; grapes (in pl.); rcáil na ξcaop, the blush of the rowan berry; caop con, dogberry; caop catman, pignut, earth-nut.

Caop, -01pe, f., a red blaze, a flash, a firebrand, a flame; fire, thunderbolt; c. 1apann, a mass of iron red hot in a furnace.

Caon, -aoin, pl. id., m., a dry clod

or lump of earth or turf.

Caopa, g.-aċ, d.caopa; npl.caopa, caopċa, caopais, gpl. caopaċ and caopeaċ, dpl. caopċaib, f., a sheep, an ewe; paitt na pCaopeaċ, a cliff overlooking the Puffin Island (Ker.).

Caoparoeact, -a, f., a foray or plundering of cattle; cattle and

their caretaker.

Cλομαιόεαċτ, -a, f., scolding, satire; in phr., τός αξαιό σο cλομιιόεαċτα όίοm, turn away the edge of your satire or scolding from me (said to a scold).

Caoμán, -áin, pl. id., m., a clod, a fragment of dry peat used for fuel; a small spark; caoμμán and caoμός (Don.); pron. caöμán.

Caop-buile, g. id., f., wild rage; to teim re 'n-a caop-buile, he sprang wildly.

Caon-oeanz, -oeinze, a., ruddy, berry-red. See chaonac.

Caoμ-oub, -uibe, a., of the colour of blackberries; jet-black.

Caoptann, -ainne, -anna, J., a

sheepfold.

Caoπός, -όιζε, -όζα, f., a little berry; a bit of butter from the churn; caoπός téana, meadow rink (O'N.).

Caoptann, g. -ann, pl. id., m., the rowan or quicken tree, mountain ash; caoptann, the berry

of the quicken tree.

Caop-tentrioe, g. id., f., a flash of lightning, a thunderbolt; also caop-tentean; cf., caoptentean opt, blast you! (Don.).

Cao η -tonn, -tuinne, -tonnta, f., a fire-wave, a fierce wave.

Caotac, -aite, a., showering. See

Caothuao (cit meala), -aio, m., mildew.

Capatt, g. -aitt, pl. id. (in Con. and Don., also caipte), m., a horse, a nag; a mare, as distinguished from ξεαμμάη, a horse (U. and Con.); c. cáimeac, a very large herring (Youghal); c. nime, a seahorse (Aran); c. γαιμήξε, a sea-horse (Ker.); c. coμμας, a see-saw.

Capóz, -όιζε, -όζα, f., the herb dock; capóz γμάισε, f., sharppointed dock; c. ṁόμ υιγςε, great water-dock; c. ξέαμ, sharp-pointed dock; c. γteamann, coltsfoot (U.).

Captaoin, g. id. pl. -ioe, m., a

captain; carrin (Don.).

Captaoineact, -a, f., a captaincy. Cap (ca-no), neg. part. (with perf. tense), not (U.).

Cán, for cá, where? before perf.

tense.

Cáp, -áip, pl. id., the mouth; a twisting of the mouth; also cáip.

Capa, g. capao, d. capaio, npl. capaio, cápao, m. and f., a friend, a beloved one, a relative, a term of endearment; nom. cápa (Don.); nom. also capaio.

Cana, g. id., m., a leg, a haunch; cana muice, a ham of bacon.

Canabat, -ait, pl. id., m., a cravat. Canábó, noise, tumult, excitement (Clare).

Capabunnca, m., noise, tumult (Don.).

Capadać, - a_1 że, a_2 , friendly or befriended; having many friends.

Capadamail, -mla, a., friendly, befriended; widely connected; oume c., a person having an extensive family connection.

Capadar, -air, m., alliance, amity; an act of friendship.

Canaduizim, -oao, v. tr., I befriend.

Canazáit, -áta, f., hardship.

Canazátta, indec. a., hard, closepressing (of wrestling).

Capaim, -ao, v. tr., I love.

Capán, -áin, pl. id., m., a beloved one, a darling; ba capán ban ir maisoean é, he was the darling of women and maidens (Om.).

Capán cheize, m., a conger eel

(Ker.).

Capántac, -aize, a., friendly (Don.).

Capantar, -air, m., friendship (Don. and Omeath).

Caparóin, -óna, -óinite, m., the captain of a ship (Ker.).

Capb, g. camb, pl. id., m., a ship; also, a plank, a bier; a scrimmage.

Capbao, -aro, pl. id., m., a chariot, coach, waggon, carriage, litter.

Canbao, -a10, pl. id., m., taste; the mouth, the gum, the jaw; riacla cambaio, the teeth of the upper jaw.

Capbadact, -a, f., act of making or of driving a chariot.

Canbaoán, -áin, pl. id., m., a toothless person.

Canbaróin, - όμα, - όιμιτο, m., a charioteer.

Capbáinneac, -niz, pl. id., m., a periwinkle (Ker.).

Capball, -aill, pl. id., m., the palate; the roof of a dog's

mouth. A dog having a very black canbatt is supposed to be a great fighter. See canbao.

Capitall, -aill, pl. id., m., a boulder, a very big rock

(Ker.).

Canbatt, -aitt, pl. id., m., a earol,song; a confidential conversation, a discourse; caroé an capball é reo an riubal anoir azaiö, what conversation is this in which ye are engaged?

A néilteann na raiphze, A naoim-jeata pappitair, Eirc-re lem' canball,

'S tem' agall one oo gnáic. -(T. G.)

Capbánac, -aiz, pl. id., m., a ship's captain.

Capbánac uirce, m., a carp-fish (Ker.).

Capbat, -ait, m., a cravat; capbata, id. See capabat.

Capcain, -chac, pl. -chaca, f., a prison (Lat. carcer); a coffer; a slope, a sloping height.

Cánoa, g. id., pl. -10e, m., a card; a playing card; a sea chart; an instrument for teasing wool; cánta is also used for a playing card.

Cápoáil, -ála, f., act of carding (wool, etc.).

Cápoátaim, -áit, v. tr., I card, comb, tease.

Cápouisim, -oáil, v. tr., I card, comb wool.

Caprocal, -ail, pl. id., m., antiphrasis, a quibble, a pun.

Capsail, -ala, f., tumult (T. G.).

Canjaor (cannaijear), -aoir, m., Lent (quadragessima); sorrow, compassion (Con.).

Capisar. See capisaor.

Cápla, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a wool comb (sic in Con.; in M., canoa, which see).

Cáplacán, -áin, pl. id., m., a carder, a scribbler (O'N.).

Cápluizim, -lao, v. tr. See cápouizim.

Cap-mozal, -ail, pl. id., m., a carbunele.

Capin, g. caipin and capiainn, m., a heap of anything; a pile of stones; the piles on which the Druids lighted their solemn fires on May day; a pagan priest; the word capin is common in place names.

Capnac, -aije, a., in masses (of

the hair).

Capnáil, -ála, f., act of heaping up, amassing (capnao, id.).

Catinaim, -ao, v. tr., I heap up, pile together; I place in heaps. Catinán, -áin, (dim. of catin), pl.

id., m., a heap; a pile; a hillock. Capnán cappit, g.-áin c., pl. id.,

m., navelwort.

Cannán caocáin, m., a molehill. Cann cuimne, m., a monument.

Cann-rott, m., a heap of tresses, a mass of hair; an arrangement of the hair on the crown of the head.

Capn-uma, m., an udder having solid corners, as is found sometimes with cows soon after calving.

Capp, m., a car, a dray, a waggon

(also cappa, M.).

Cápp, -ápp, pl. id., m., a spear; a pike staff; the haft of a javelin without the head.

Caμμ, -aιμμε, -a, f., scab, itch, mange, scurvy, crust, bran; caμμαιόε, id.; a grin. See cáιμ.

Cappa, g. id., m., stepping stones, a causeway.

a causeway.

Caրրaċ, -aiże, a., scabbed, mangy, bald; stony, rocky, barren.

Cappacán, -áin, pl. id., m., the rock fish called "cobbler," more usually spéaparoe; also the herb wild liquorice root; a scabby wretch; a person with an uneven gait.

Camparoe, g. id., f., mange, scabbi-

ness; capparoeact, id.

Capparoin, -e, f., the thick part of buttermilk; the barmy part of milk,

Cappais, g. -e and cappuse, pl. -e, cappuse, cappus eaca, cappus eaca, cappus peaca, cappus ve,

f., a rock, a large, prominent stone; cappaig 1 5céill, a rock of sense (T. G.).

Cappais bpeise, f., a rock of which no part is above water in any tide, but which is not far below the surface of the sea.

Cappaisin, g. id., pl. -ioe, m., a little rock (also cappsin).

Cappail, -ála, f., fermentation of

leaven, yeast, or barm.

Cappáirte, g. id., pl. -τιόe, m., a carriage; baggage, a bundle, stuff; dress, attire; gait, deportment, behaviour; courage, confidence, self-reliance.

Cappáirteamait, -mta, α., courageous, self-reliant (pron. cpáir-

ceamait).

Cappa milip, g. c. milpe, f., wild liquorice root; wild peas.

Cappán, -áin, pl.id., m., a reaping-hook; a name for an indented or serrated mountain; Cappán Cuatait (the serrated mountain of Tuathal), Carn Tual, in Kerry, the highest mountain in Ireland (also coppán).

Cappán, -áin, pl. id., m., common

scurvy grass.

Caμμán, -áin, pl. id., m., the jaw; the knuckle-bone of the hip.

Caμμάn, -áin, pl. id., m., a car, a cart; caμμάn rleamnáin, a slide car.

Caμμάπας, -αιζε, α., having long or prominent jaws; hooked.

Cappa pleamnáin, m., a sliding cart for taking loads down a hill.

Cappbar, -air, m., intemperance. Cappos, -όιζε, -όζα, f., a little pit; a fit of sulks; anger.

Cấημόιμ, -όμα, -όιμι το e, m., a carter,

a car driver.

Caμμταό, -aio, -aioe, m., a pillar, monument; pier.

Cáprán, -áin, pl. id., m., a noise in the throat; hoarseness; asthma.

Cáppánac, -aise, a., hoarse, whoezy.

Capt, -aipte, -a, f., a common cart. See capt.

Cáμτ, - άιμτ, pl. id. and - αιόe, m., a quart; caμτα (Don.).

Cápτa, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a card; a playing card. See cápoa.

Cánta cúit, m., the last card; the main-stay; the "man in the gap."

Cantao, -τελ, m., act of emptying out (as a cargo); act of throwing away; what is thrown away; bogstuff, rubbish; elearing, cleansing (U.); aξ c. téaobac, tanning hides (U.).

Cantaim (reaptaim), -ao, v. tr., I discharge (as a cargo); I rid, clear away, shovel; I overthrow violently, fling away, expel, sub-

due.

Captán, -áin, pl. id., m., a small brown insect that eats into the flesh; in M. γcaptán, or γceaptán.

Cantán caonac, m., sheep-vermin

(Don.); rop caopac, id.

Captan cuppait, m., wild officinal valerian.

Captannac, -aiţe, a., charitable, friendly, kind.

Cantannact, -a, f., charity, kindness, friendliness, gentleness.

Captannar, -air, m., friendship, relationship.

Captuiżim, -taò, v. tr., I cleanse, tan, strip the bark off.

Capuroe, g. id., pl. id., m., a wrestler; a debater. See con-

Cap, gsf. caipe, a., crooked, winding; wreathed, entwined, twisted; nimble, active; rash, peevish, angry, passionate; hard to deal with, difficult.

Car, -a, -anna, m., a fold, a plait;

twist. See capao.

Cár, g. cáir, pl. id., m., a cause, a case; sad plight, strait; níon cár out é oéanam, you could not possibly do it (Ker.).

Capactac, g., -ais and -aise, m. and f., a cough; cuip re spear capactais oe, he had a fit of coughing, got over a fit, etc. (also capact, -a).

Capaö, -pta and -aiö, m., act of twisting, turning, plaiting; act of returning; act of raising or beginning a cry, a song, etc.; act of charging one with some fault, act of accusing one (with te); a wrinkle, a fold; the beginning of the second part of an Irish air; cop caparò, the foot of a spinning-wheel.

Car-aomao, m., the ribs of a boat; the "crooked timbers" from which the ribs are usually made

(Ker.).

Carao na mana, m., the ebb of the tide.

Capao na tunne, m., the crest of a wave.

Cararo, -e, f., an incline; te cararo = te ránaro; turt ré te c., he fell headlong; ters te c. mé, let me down.

Caparoe, g. id., m., a spinner; tá 'te bμιζοε 'na paoine an caparoib, the Feast of Bridget is a holiday for spinners.

Cáraim, -am, v. tr. and intr., I bewail, grumble, complain.

Caraim, -ao, v. tr. and intr., I turn (a grindstone, a key, etc.), twist; I return; I twine, plait; I raise or begin (a cry, a song, etc.); in pass. impers., with an (also oo and te), I meet: oo carao rean oun, I met a man; I charge, tax a person with a fault, etc.; I accuse, question; oo car ré armucan tiom, he insulted me; I withdraw (a statement).

Capain, -phac, -phaca, f., a thorn, bodkin, skewer; tempest, light-

ning, hail.

Capaine, g.id., pl.-nice, m., a talebearer.

Capainneac, -niże, -a, f., a flash of lightning (O'N).

Capat, -ait, pl. id., m., a chasuble. Capán, -áin, pl. id., m., a path, a road, a way; con pá čapán, a kind of MS. contraction.

Caraoro, -e, f., a complaint; act of complaining (against, an).

Caraoiveac, -viţe, a., full of complaint, wrangling, grumbling.

Caraoroeorp, -opa, -orproe, m., a complainant, a plaintiff.

Carc, m., a boat, a ship (Ker.).

Carcainim, -ητ, v. tr., I slay, slaughter, kill; I melt or thaw, or put to rout; tá carcanta an τρησαίταιο, a day that melts the snow.

Carcaint, -anta, f., slaughter, massacre, butchery. See cor-

CAINT.

Cap-otao1, g.id., pl.-te, f., a ringlet, a curled lock of hair.

Car rá chann, m., common honey-

suckle, woodbine.

Car-ἡμας, f., curled hair, a wig. Car-ἡμαςας, -aiţe, α., of curled hair.

Cap-túbac, -aiţe, a., ringleted, thickly curled.

Carnuizim, -nam, v. tr., I defend.

See cornuisim.

Caróz, -όιζε, -όζα, f., a coat, a long coat; a skirted coat; a cassock.

Carta, p. a., twisted, turned, folded, involved, intricate, entangled, plaited, curled (of the hair); idiomatic (of speech).

Captaine, g. id., pl. -price, m., a

twister, a jester.

Carτόιη, -όηα, -όιηι το e, m., a little fork used in putting rings on the noses of pigs, etc.; báηη-ζάb, id.

Carchuizim, -użażo, v. tr., I cross, consecrate (Con.).

Carúp, -ú1p, pl. id., m. a hammer. Car-úpta, a curled bush of hair.

Cat, g. cait, coit, cuit, pl. id., m., a cat; béanpab pé cat ip oá eapbatt, he would do wonders (lit., make a cat with two tails); cat mapb (somet. cat mapa): cia an cat mapb a cap in mo ftife tú? what mischief brought you my way? ip cuma tiom 'pa scat mapb, I don't care a straw (Con. and U.).

Cat, -a, pl. id., and -anna, m., a battle; strife, trouble; an Irish battalion of 3,000 men; a tribe. Catac, -aite, a., warlike, belong-

ing to battle.

Catac, -ais, m., a reliquary taken to battle; a copy of the Psalter supposed to have been written by St. Columbkille, and used in battle by the chieftains of Tyrconnell. It is now in the Library of the Royal Irish Academy.

Catać, - a_1 że, a_1 , curly.

Catacán, -án, pl. id., m., a curlyheaded person; a sheep with curly wool.

Catacar, -a1r, m., caterwauling; heat in cats, e.g., τά an cat an c.

Cátaö, g. cáitte, m., winnowing; "Luct cáitte," winnowers. See cáiteaö.

Cáταο ταιμητε, m., sea drift excited by storm; ταιμητε-τάιτ (Aran).

Cátao rneactaro, m., snow drift.

Catain, temp. conj., when.

Catain, g. -thac, pl. -thaca, gpl. -thaca, gpl. -thac, f., a city, a court, a mansion; catain man ainm ό'r catain zan Séarhao, a mansion only in name, since it is a mansion without Geoffrey (Elegy on O'Donoghue).

Catain-lion, m. or f., a mansion,

seat; a chief city.

Catair, -e, f., a guard, sentinel, a watch; a term of endearment.

See cartip.

Cataireac (caitireac), -rige, a., brave, valiant, stout, clever; vigilant, quick; excellent, amiable. See caitireac.

Catal, -ail, m., valour; also the proper name of a man, Ang.

Charles

Catán, -áin, m., knap of shagged eloth.

Cażaoiņ, -eaċ, -eaċa, f. (cażaiņ, Don.), a chair, a seat; a Christian name, Ang. Cahir and Charles; cażaoin bactann, an armchair; cażaoin ċtáin, a wooden chair; cażaoin ċtáin, f., a hay-rope chair, somet. called a ruivirtín (ruivrteoz, Don); c. rocamtaċ, an easy chair.

Cataoijileat, -lit, pl. id., m., a chairman, a president (recent).

Catapidac, -aite, a., belonging to a city; also catapida.

Сатварр, -варр, pl. id., m., a helmet, headpiece.

Cat-baptún, -úin, pl. id., m., an officer, a commander.

Cát-bμιιτ, -e, m., flummery, "sowens."

Catouadac, -aije, a., victorious in battle.

Cat-ctiat, f., a bulwark in battle. Cat-cpaoipeat, -piξe, α., eager for battle.

Cat choinn, m., a squirrel; a rattrap.

Catraine, g. id., pl. -proe, m., a

mean trifling fellow.

Cat-labaiμt, -labaita, f., the speech of a general before battle.

Cátlac, -aiţe, f., loud sneezing (as of animals, cows, etc.).

Caż-láitheac, -niś, -niże, m., the field of battle. See caż-láitn.

Caċ-láċain, -láċnaċ, f., a battlefield.

Cát-tuib, f., chaff-weed, cudweed, Cat-majicac, -aiţ, pl. id. and -aiţe, m., a cavalry soldier, a trooper.

Cat-miteao, -tro, pl. id., m., a hero, a military commander, a champion in battle (also cartimiteao).

Catóz, -ó1ze, -óza, f., the strawberry bush $(O^{\circ}N)$.

Catózac, -aiże, α ., abounding in strawberries (O'N.).

Catoiticeac (Caitticeac), -ciż, -ciże, m., a Catholic.

Catoiticeac, -ciże, a., Catholic, universal.

Cá thát (catain), when, at what time (O'N.).

Cat-ruit, -e, pl. id., f., a quick,

sharp look.

Catuża, -uiżće, m., act of fighting, rebelling against (11e); act of sorrowing; sorrow, contrition; temptation, trial; mo ċaċuża, é, alas! I grieve because of it.

Catuitim, -utao, v. tr., I fight, battle, war against, contend with, tempt.

Catuitteoin, -ona, -oinioe, m., a

tempter.

Cé, conj., although, however (5é, c100, 5100, are various forms). Cé (prop. c1a), interog. pr. who?

which? what?

Ceaċaiη, g. ceaċμaċ, f., dirt, filth; distress, penury, want; a moistening.

Ceacaine, g. id., pl. -proe, m., a

poor, stingy person.

Ceacaineact, -a, f., a stain; penury; distress; zan ceacaineact 'na ctóo (E. R.).

Ceacanoa, indec. a., miry, dirty;

penurious, stingy.

Ceact, -a, pl. id., and -anna, m., a lesson, science, eminence.

Céact, -a, pl. -aroe, m., a plough; an Céact Cam, the constellation Plough; nom. also céacta (somet. f.).

Céactaine, g. id., pl. -proe, m., a

ploughwright.

Селстан, distrib. pr., either, one or other, each, any; with neg.,

not any, neither.

Ceao, -a, pl. -a and -anna, m., leave, permission, license; leave of absence; c. mana, right of way at sea; leave, farewell (in early mod. lit.); c. cop, liberty to go; c. cinn, one's own way.

Céao, pl. céaota and céaoa, an hundred; often used loosely of a great number; a hundred-weight; also 120 (of seed plants, etc., that are counted in scores, as céao cabáirte, six scores of cabbage plants; céao éirc, 128 fishes (Ker.).

Céao, indec. num. a., aspir., first, choicest; somet. in compounds it has an intensitive force; commonly aspirated, céao, after

article.

Céa \dot{o} , g. céi \dot{o} , m., a quay, a wharf; céi \dot{b} (Con.).

Ceaoac, -aiţe, a., having permission or license.

Céavac, -aiţe, α ., an hundred-fold. Céavac, -aiţ, m., a man's name.

Céada, num. a., hundredth (also céadma).

Céao-áöbap, -app, pl. id., first cause, element.

Ceavaim (ceavuiţim), -ouţaö, v. intr., I permit; ni ceavocainn an m'anam é, I would not wish it for my life (M.); in Con. they say ni ceroneocainn, ni cheromeocainn, and nion ceroniţte tiom, also cuma, as ni cuippinn punt 'na cuma, I would not wish it for a pound (G. J.); nion cerouipte tiom (Don.).

Ceaoat, -ait, pl. id., m., a story, detraction, malicious invention;

deceit, conflict, battle.

Céadaoin, -e, f., Wednesday (Céadaoine, the first fast of the week);
Ola Céadaoin, on Wednesday;
Céadaoine (Don.).

Céao-ballán, -áin, pl. id., m., first

dug or teat.

Céao-ċaċaċ, -aiţe, α., hundredbattled, an epithet of Conn, monarch of Ireland.

Céao-cuipim, -cup, v. tr., I first put, am the first to put.

Céao-ouilleac, -liże, a., hundred-leaved.

Céao-ouilleac, f., the herb

centaury.

Céλογλό, -Διό, pl. id., m., sense, faculty, understanding, opinion; testimony; verdict.

Céaopaòač, -paige, a., discreet; sensible; belonging to the senses or faculties.

Céaoraoact, -a, f., sensibility; prudence, reason.

Céaolonzao, -aro, -aroe, m., breakfast.

Céaolongain, -arò, m., a fasting. Céaolongain, -aò, v. intr., I breakfast, take the first meal of the day (also, I fast).

Céaolut, -uite, f., rejoicing.

Céaptutac, -aite, a., rejoicing, merry.

Ceaomac, -aize, a., permissible. Céaomac, a., hundredth.

Céao-muinteam, -time, f., the elder branch of a family; primogeniture.

Céaona, indec. a., the same, similar; follows nouns: an ream céaona, the same man, the very man: 50 mbeannuisió an r. c. ouic, an answer to 50 mb. Oia ouic; man an scéaona, likewise, in like manner (also, as well).

Céacóin, in phr. 1 3c. or rá c., immediately, at once, instantly,

forthwith.

Céappur, -uir, m., a cedar-tree.

Céao-ṛaṁ, g.-ṁan, d.-ṁan, Mayday, month of May (P. O'C.); also céroeaṁ.

Céao-reams, g. -rems, -rems, -rems, pl. -reams, m. and f., first love, dearest love.

Céao-tomailt, -e, -ioe, f., breakfast.

Céao-tomtaim, -tomaite, v. intr., I breakfast.

Céao-topao, -opta, pl. id., m., first fruits.

Céao-torac, -ait, pl. id., m., an element, a beginning.

Céao-turmeac, -miz, m., firstling, first born; céao-turpmuzao,-ize, m., bringing forth the first born.

Céao-uain, f., the first time, originally, primarily.

Ceaougaó, -uige, m., the act of permitting, allowing; consent, allowance.

Ceaouiţim, -uţaö, v. tr., I permit, allow, grant leave, dismiss; I consult (Con.); I wish, will; ni ceaoccann an punc e, I would not have wished it for a pound.

Ceaouite, p. nec., permissible; níon teaouite dam an púnt é, I should not have permitted it for a pound.

Ceaouisteac, -tize, a., permissible, allowable.

Ceápμac, -aige, α., active, nimble. Ceápμáit, -áta, f., act of cutting a caper, act of playing pranks, pretending; pretence. Ceárnaim,-náit, v., intr., I prance, frisk, behave airily; I cut a

caper (T, G_{\cdot}) .

Ceat, -a, m., oblivion, neglectfulness, want, death; also a coarse cloth; a cover; out an c., to perish, to depart, disappear, be lacking, go beyond recall; cuin an c., put off, lay aside; téis Tan c., forget, leave undone; 5an c., not wanting in.

Ceat; in phr., ceat, nac bruit a fior agat, do you not know,

really (Con.).

Céalacan, -ain, m., a complete fast; an c., fasting from the midnight; níon burear mo c., I have not broken my fast, have had no breakfast; céalacan rapa, the habit of fasting long in the morning.

Ceatz, g. ceitze, d. ceitz, pl. ceatsa, f., a plot, deceit, treachery, guile; as ceits, plotting; connua centre, a conspiracy.

-aise, a, deceitful, Cealzac,

wily.

Cealsaide, g. id., pl. -ote, m., a knave. See cealzaine.

Cealzaize, g. id., f., fraud, deceit, malice.

Cealzaim, -ao, v. tr., I sting, annoy, wound; I seduce, deceive; I allure.

Cealsaine, g. id., pl.-proe, m., a deceiver, a cheat; a crafty man, a hypocrite, a traitor.

Cealzaineact, -a, f., deception, illusion, hypocrisy, cheating; pranks.

Cealz-aomao, -mita, m., dissimulation; act of dissimulating.

Cealz-aomaim, -ao v. intr., 1 dissimulate, I dissemble.

Cealz-aomtac, -aize, a., dissembling, feigning.

Cealz-Aontuisim, -usao, v. intr., I dissimulate, dissemble.

Cealz-zoin, -zona, f., act of stabbing, stinging, wounding.

Cealz-nama, g. -namao, -naniato, pl. -natinoe, m., a deceitful enemy.

Ceatz-nún, -úin, m., malevolence, treachery.

Cealz-núnac, - α 15e, α ., evilminded, malevolent, deceitful.

Cealsuisim, -sao, v. tr., I beguile, deceive, allure, tempt.

Ceall, f., a church. See cill.

Ceatt (somet. written for catt). want, etc.

Ceattac, -aize, a., belonging to a church.

Ceattac, -ais, -aise, m., a churchman, a hermit, a recluse.

Ceallac, -a15, m., war, contention. Ceatlaine, g. id., pl. -proe, m., a church officer.

Ceallonac, -ais, pl. id., m., a fool (Om.); a coward (Don.).

Ceall- $\dot{5}$ 010, f., church robbery, sacrilege.

Ceallóip, -ópa, -óipiðe, m., the superior of a church monastery.

Ceall-pone, -puine, pl. id., m.,a cathedral church.

Ceall-flao, -a10, m., church robbery, sacrilege.

Ceattrain, -thae, -thaca, f., the face, aspect, visage, countenance; the natural figure or appearance of the body; a mask, a hood, a vizor, a disguise; ceallean ομλοι ό e λ ċ τ λ, a magic disguise; nom. also ceattrap.

Ceallthac, -aize, -aca, f., a church, a churchyard; applied in Con. only to a burying place for unbaptized infants.

Ceatt-úin, -úine, f., a churchyard, a sacred enclosure.

Ceamalac, -ai \dot{z} , pl. id., m., a large-headed clown, a rustic.

Cean, -a, m., affection, passion; mo cean, welcome, success attend (thee). See cion.

Cean, -a, pl. id., f., sin, transgres-

sion. See cion.

Ceana, particle strengthening the preceding word; just, the very, even, indeed, already, before, however, nevertheless, howbeit, else; acc ceana, but however, but verily, but still; an ceana,

in like manner, likewise, in general, besides; an lá ceana, the other day; ir cú ceana, it is you truly; ceana réin, already; bíor annro ceana, I have been here before.

Ceanabán, -áin, pl. id., m., bogdown (plant); cotton-down; c. beas, self-heal, prunella vulgaris; c. móna, broad-leaved

cotton grass.

Ceanair (prop. g. of ceanar, friendship), α ., fond, mild, gentle. Ceanáit, -áta, f., mildness, kind-

ness, fondness.

Ceanátes, indec. a., kind, mild, loving, fond, gentle, seemly, amiable, agreeable.

Ceanamait, -mta, a., kind, mild, gentle, fond, loving, amiable.

Ceanamlact, -a, f., fondness, affection, great regard, esteem.

Ceanar (cionar), -air, m., fondness, love, affection.

Ceanarac, -aise, a., fond, affec-

Ceancain, -e, α ., saucy, wanton, impudent.

Ceanzailte, p.a., bound, fastened (an), tied, knotted; married (le).

Ceanzaitteac, -tize, a., binding,

connecting, obligatory.

Ceansat, -ait, pl. id., m., act of binding, tying, girding one's self; a bunch (of fruit), a knot, tie, bond, girdle; treaty, covenant, compact; the "summing up" verse of a poem.

Ceanzaltán, -áin, pl. id., m., a

truss, a bundle, a packet.

Ceangaltar, -air, pl. id., m., atying, a binding, a connection.

Ceansaltóin, -óna, -ónnioe, m., a binder, a tier.

Ceanstac, -aise, a., binding, fastening.

Ceanglacán, -áin, pl. id., m., a bundle, a bunch; that which binds.

Ceanstaim, imper. - sait, vl. -sat, -Sailt, pp. -Sailte, v. tr., I bind, tie, fasten, fetter, join, secure; also intr., I cling to (oe), I unite . with (te).

Ceann, g. cinn, d. cionn, pl. cinn, poet. ceanna, m., a head; end, limit (in time, place); one single person or object, in phr. "the first one"; cause, account; ceann reamainn (or cinn reamainn), a headland; ceann eite, another one; ceann aca, one of them; ceann an ceann (or an ceann), one after another; ceann raoi, dejection, humiliation, reproach, dire poverty, adversity; ceann τμάζα, strand's end (in place names); with a, 1, or an, and verb of motion, usually = to or for: 1m' ceann, to me, before me; raoi (rá) čeann, within (a certain time), at the end of, after; 1 5ceann, at the end of, head of; in front of; in regard to, to, for; 1 n-a ceann, over him, against him; an an ceann ir raioe, at farthest (of time) (Don.); tan ceann, over, besides, beyond; for the sake of, instead of, in preference to; in spite of, notwithstanding, in opposition to; with 50, although; um ceann, in reference to; vo ceann 50, because, by reason of; oo ceann man, for the reason that, because; ceann an ažaio, headlong; 1 5ceann a céile, together; vo cuit ré 1 5ceann a cor, he fell in the direction of his feet, collapsed; 50 ceann bliaona, a year hence; 30 ceann i brao, for a long time; in sp. l., dat. often ceann.

Ceanna-buideac, -dize, a., yellow-

haired, yellow-headed.

Ceannac, -ais, -aise, m., a purchase, price, wages, reward, covenant; act of buying.

Ceannacao, -cta, m., act of buy-

ing, purchasing.

Ceannacaim, -ao, I buy, purchase; o'r vaon zun ceannacair m'anam, since thou didst dearly purchase my soul (Tadhy Ua Duinnin). See ceannuisim.

Ceannact, -a, f., a buying, purchasing; commerce; power, superiority.

Ceann-adaint, -e, -eaca, f., a

pillow, a bolster.

Ceann-agaro, pl. -aigte, m., the forehead; the features, countenance.

Ceann-aimpean, -pine, f., an epoch,

a date, an era.

Ceannance, -e, f., strife, uproar, division; a meeting; contention, rebellion, insubordination, conspiracy.

Ceannaine, g. id., pl. -nice, m., a driver, a leader, a conductor; a provider, such as a husband.

Ceannaipic, -e, f., sedition, turbu-

lence. See ceannainc.

Ceannan, -aine (ceann-rìonn), a., bald, white-headed; bó c., a white-faced cow; capall c., a bald-faced horse.

Ceann-áριο, -áιριοe, α., arrogant. Ceann-áριοαċ, -aiţe, α., proud, ambitious, commanding.

Ceannar, -air, m., headship, authority, power, superiority.

Ceannarac, -aite, a., powerful, mighty, commanding; having supreme power.

Ceann-bán, -áine, a., white-headed.

Ceannbán, -áin, pl. id., m., cottongrass; c. beaz, self-heal, prunella; c. burbe, marigold; c. cinn coitte, clary; c. cumanzouitteac, narrow-leaved cottongrass; c. teacan-builteac, broad-leaved cotton-grass (also ceanabán).

Ceann-bhat, -bhuit, pl. id., m., a head-garment, canopy.

Ceann cast, m., an owl.

Ceann-ċaċaċ, -aiţe, a., foremost in fight.

Ceann-catain, f., a metropolis; the chief church in a diocese.

Ceann ciniò, g. cinn ciniò, pl. id., m., a chief, the head of a clan.

Ceann ctáin, m, the head of the table; the place of honour at a feast; c. búiμο, id.

Ceann-corac, -ai $\dot{\xi}$, m., a blue wild flower (Aran).

Ceann cruaro, m., a small horned shellfish (Ker.); a hard nut; a dunce.

Ceann-oána, indec. a., headstrong, stubborn, forward, bold.

Ceann-vánact, -a, f., stubbornness, boldness.

Ceann-beaus, -beinge, f., the name of a fish or a worm. There is a well called Toban na Cinnbeinge.

Ceann roonn, m., carrigeen moss.

Ceann-rác, m., chief cause, original reason.

Ceann readitac, m., a tribal chief. Ceann-readitac, -aiż, pl. id., m., a chief, a leader, a governor.

Ceann-peaptar, -air, m., dominion, sovereignty, supremacy.

Ceann-iomaine, g.id., pl.-iomain-ioe, m., a head-ridge.

Ceann-láioin, -one, a., head-strong, stubborn.

Ceann maioe, g. cinn maioe, m., a blockhead.

Ceann-noctuite, a., bareheaded.
Ceann-popt, g. ceann-puipt, pl.
id., m. chief man, author, founder,
a ruler or governor; a head
port or city; nom. also ceannpuipt and ceanna puipt.

Ceannnac, -aige, -aca, f., a fillet; a tether, a head-stall; a bridle, a halter; soft porous leather, felt (Con.); fig., an introduction, a gloss, an apology (pron. by a slurring over the nn, as in reannnao, M.).

Ceann-padapcac, -aite, a., far-seeing, particular.

Ceann-peaman, -peimpe, a., thick-headed, large or flat-headed.

Ceann-péitit, g. cinn-péitit, m., propitiation, mercy, a peacemaker.

Ceannpa, f., gentleness; mildness, lovableness.

Ceannra, a., mild, gentle.

Ceannpact, -a, f., tame (of animals); gentle (of persons).
Ceannparoe. See ceannpa.

Ceannral, -ail, pl. id., m., rule, government; ascendancy, predominance, emulation.

Ceannpalac, -aiże, a., lordly. prosperous, proud, haughty

(P. O'C.); coercive, oppressive. Ceann-regionn, -e, pl. id., f., a title, a motto, a headline.

Ceann rlinne, m.. a slated roof. Ceannrużao, -uiżte, m., act of

appeasing; pacification.

Ceannruizim, -użao, v. tr., appease, moderate, mitigate, alleviate; I tame, humble; I catch, hold, or fatten cattle (Aran).

Ceannruiste, p. a., subdued, ap-

peased, mollified, tamed.

Ceanntan, -ann, pl. id., m., cantred, i.e., the side of country; district.

Ceann tátain, m., the flower of the rtán-tur, the "soldiers" with which children play.

Ceann tize m., the roof of a house; ceann a' tize, the gable of a house, the immediate precincts of the gable.

Ceann tipe, m., a headland, a cape,

promontory.

Ceann-théan, -éine, a., obstinate, headstrong.

Ceann-thom, -huime, a., sluggish, drowsy, heavy.

Ceann cuize, m., a thatched roof, a "straw" roof; tiż ruize, a thatched house.

Ceann-uairneac, -nize, a., rash,

precipitate.

Ceannuize, g. id., pl. -uize, m., a merchant, an extensive trader, a dealer, a buyer; c. piopa, a shopkeeper; c. rnát, a yarn merchant (U.); c. cluare, one at a fair who listens to and finally secures another's bargain for himself (Con.); c. máta, a pedlar (Con.).

Ceannuizeact, -a, f., purchase; merchandise; traffic; dealing; act of buying and selling.

Ceannuisim, -nac, v. tr., I buy, purchase; I deal, I traffic (intr.).

Ceannuiste, p. a., bought, purchased; tuct c. (gs. of vl.), buyers; ir mait atá ré ceannuiste asam, I have not got it without serious trouble, I have suffered for it.

Ceannui teoip, -opa, -oipioe, m.,

a buyer, a dealer.

Ceann upparò, m., a captain, a leader, a general of an army; the head of a gang or faction, a ringleader; somet. ceann upparo.

Ceap, g. cip and ceaps, pl. id., m.,a block; a shoemaker's last; a piece of ground; the stock or nave of a wheel; the head of a tribe or family; a leader; the supreme ruler; also, a battalion; 5tar cip, a rim lock; a small

cultivated plot.

Ceapac, -aiţe, -aca, f., a village or hamlet inhabited by one tribe of relatives (P. O'C.); often used in place-names, as Ceapac Cuinn, Cappoquin, in Waterford; Ceapac na Corpe, west of Kenmare; Arm. gives the meaning, a plot of land laid out for tillage, a decayed wood; kitchen garden (Con.).

Ceapao, -pta, vl., m., act of seizing, controlling, stopping; thinking; tá ré az ceapao, he is thinking,

planning, inventing.

Ceapao man, m., scanning or

composing verses.

Ceapaim, -ao, v. tr., I stop, catch, seize, control; think, invent, resolve; limit, bound; ceap oo juaimnear, take your time, go easy; ná ceap é, don't imagine it; I dress stone; ceap na zamna, turn back or check the calves (Don.).

Ceapaine, g. id., pl. -pioe, m., a flat cake; bread and butter; pl., slices of bread and butter, ceapainioe anáin agur ime; a

last-maker.

Ceapán, -áin, pl. id., m., a stump or pin; a little stock or last.

Ceapanta, indec. a., stiff, rigid; stubborn, positive; niggardly.

Ceap maζαιό, m., a laughing stock. Ceapόζ, -όιζε, -όζα, f., a green plot before a house.

Ceap-óno, -únno, pl. id., m., a little sledge, a sledge-hammer, a hammer for dressing stone.

ceap-reactles o, -tre, m., propagation, descent of a family.

Ceap-reaction, -teac, v. tr., I propagate, trace the branches of a family.

Ceap priomsain, m., a cooper's

block.

Ceaptac, -taiţe, α., given to planning, conceiving, projecting, framing; inventive.

Ceap tuiptio, m., a stumbling

block.

Ceapuisim, -pao, v. tr., I form, found, bind, train up, stop, in-

tercept.

Ceapuitie (ceapta), p. a., well-suited for work, planned; invented, thought out, resolved; intended; selected.

Ceapb, -eipbe, -aċa, f., a rag, a tatter; a limb; an excrescence, a scab (ξεαρb); a coveting; cuip ré ceapb ann, he coveted it (Wat.).

Ceanbac, -aiże, a., ragged,

scabbed.

Ceaμbaim, -aö, v.tr., I cut, wound, dismember, carve, engrave.

Ceaμδόιμ, -όμα, -όιμι το e, m., a

carver, an engraver.

Ceaμc, g. cince, d. cinc, pl. ceaμca, f., a hen; c. ċatζaċ, a shuttle-cock; c. ċoitte, a partridge; c. ṛμαnπcaċ, a turkey (female); a mason's hammer; c. ṛμαοιċ (pron. c. ṛμαοιζ), a heather-hen, a female grouse; c. uirce, a water hen; ceaμca ζεατα, cockles (Con.).

Ceapcac, -aize, a., abounding in

hens.

Ceancatt, -aitt, pl. id., m., a pillow, a bed, a couch, a carpenter's block; a bare trunk of a tree, as found in bogs; often cpeacaitt, f.

Ceancanán, -áin, pl. id., m., a

baldcoot (Mayo).

Ceanttann, -anne, -a, f., a poultry house, a hen-house.

Ceapeurt, g. id., m., a circle.

Ceápo, g. cépoe, pl. id., f., art, science, function, trade, profession, calling, business; poetry.

Ceáno, g. céino and ceánoa, pl. id., m., a worker, a mechanic, a tinker, a smith; ceáno aingio, silversmith, etc. See infra. (Also written céano.)

Ceáμo, -a, -anna, m., a corner, point, direction (Con.). See

ceánn.

Ceápoacar, -air, m., art, trade, craft, ingenuity.

Ceáμολότ, -A, f., trade, mechan-

ısm.

Céapoact, -a, f., the state of being waxed.

Ceápo aipsio, m., a silversmith.

Ceápoamait, -mta, a., curious, cunning, well-wrought, tradesmanlike.

Ceáποαmtacτ, -a, f., ingenuity. Ceáποca, g. id. and -can, d. id. and -can, pl. -caroe and -anna, f., a forge, a smithy (pron. ceáπτα).

Ceápo copain, m., a copper-smith.

Ceápo cμέ, m., a potter. Ceápo cμύ, m., a butcher. Ceápo ότη, m., a goldsmith.

Ceápouroe, g. id., pl. -urote, m., a mechanic, a tradesman; a trick-

ster. See ceáno.

Ceaμη, g. ceiμη, pl.-μπα and ceiμη, m., a corner, an angle, a point; bi γιασ ann αγ ζας ceaμη, they were there from every part (Don.); somet. ceaμσ. See ceaμπα.

Ceapin, .1. buaro, victory. See

ceannac.

Ceanna, g. id., pl. -roe, m., an angle; ni't ctúro ná ceanna, there is neither corner nor angle.

Ceannabán, -áin, pl. id., m., a

hornet.

Ceannac, -aige, a., victorious; Conatt Ceannac, Conall the Victorious. Ceannac, -aite, a., square, pointed, having corners; pmeitin c., a square chin.

Ceannac, -ais, pl. id., m., a square. Ceannac Stoine, -ais Stoine, pl. id., m., a square or pane of glass.

Ceapnao, -nuizte, m., a conquer-

ing, a subjugation.

Ceannaim, -ao, v.tr., I fret, gnaw;

I conquer.

Ceann-ouar, f., a prize obtained in public games, in running, wrestling, etc.

Ceaph-luac, m., a prize.

Ceannóz, -όιζε, -όζα, f., a square; a four-cornered figure.

Ceaրπόιη, -όηα, -όιμιόe, m., a

victor, a conqueror.

Ceapp, indec. α., wrong; crooked; dumb; an ceapp, wrong (Don.); usually as a prefix.

Ceappacán, -áin, pl. id., m., a carrot; sp. l., meacan buice.

Ceappöac, -aig, pl. id., m., a gambler; one who plays cards by profession; a clever player. Professional gamblers were very common in Ireland 200 years ago; they visited the houses of the gentry periodically, and are constantly alluded to by the poets of the period.

Ceappbacar, -air, m., a gaming,

a gambling.

Ceappoalt, -ailt, pl. id., m., massacre, carnage; a quo, ta Ceappoalt, a family name.

Ceappbatt, -aitt, pl. id., m., a gossipy discourse, a story, a "yarn" (pron. ceapbatt). See capbatt.

Сеаррвіас, - a_1 5, m., a gamester, gambler (U.).

Ceappucán, -áin, pl. id., m., a skirret.

Ceapt, g. ceipt and cipt, m., right, justice, claim, law, equity; reap véanta cipt, one who gives fair play; maop cipt, an arbitrator appointed in the mountain districts of Tyrone to decide disputes that arise amongst those who have grazing in common.

Ceaμτ, gsf. ciμτe, a., righteous, honest, just, proper, certain; an intensitive prefix in compounds, as ceaμτ-ιάμ πα caτμας, the very heart of the city.

Ceaptac, -aiże, a., ragged, shabby; ppéacán ceaptac, a kite. See

ceinteac.

Сеантаса́п, -áıп, $pl.\ id.,\ m.,\ a$

ragged person.

Ceant-aor, -aorre, f., a two-yearold heifer, a full-grown cow; a "three-year-old" is usually called a ramarc or a reanpoc.

Ceapt beinte, g. ceipt beinte and beapta, m., birthright.

Ceant-canaim, -ao, v. tr., I sing

correctly.

Ceapt-cperoeam, -oim, m., sound faith.

Ceapt-cperomeac, -mize, a., of sound faith, orthodox.

Ceapt-lapann, m., good or pure iron; steel.

Ceantlann, -ainne, -nna, f., a house of correction.

Ceapt-láp, -láp, pl. id., m., the exact centre, the middle point.

Ceantlinn, g.id., pl.-roe, f., a ball of thread; fig., a well-set man.

Ceaptużaż, -uiżże, m., fixing, pruning, dressing, setting right; act of inflicting just punishment; az c. taoiże, composing lays; az c. ceoit, composing poetry (U.).

Ceaptuitim, -użao, v. tr., I rebuke; adjust, rectify, amend, set right, dress; ceaptuit, set yourself straight, stand out of the way, addressed to a cow, etc.

Ceaptuite, p. a., regulated, adjusted, measured, set right.

Ceapteut teorpi, -opa, -oppioe, m., a reformer, a corrector, a regulator.

Cear, -a, m., grief, affliction, obscurity; fear, dread.

Cearac, -aite, a., dark, gloomy, sorrowful.

Cearact, -a, f., murmuring; grumbling; complaint, fault-finding.

Céarao, -rea, m., affliction; crucifixion; torment, passion; agony; vexation: Aoine an Céarta (A. Cearta, Don.), Good

Séaradóin, -όμα, -όιμισε, m., a

tormentor.

Céaraim, -ao, v. tr., I torment, crucify; I afflict, annoy.

Céarla, g. id., pl. -roe, m., an oar.

Céaplac, -ais, pl. id., m., an oarsman; a kind of coarse wool.

Céaplact, -a, f., rowing.

Céapluizim, -lao, v. tr., I row.

Cearna, g. id., pl. -1 oe, m., want; perplexity; serious trouble.

Cearnaitit, -e, f., act of grumbling, complaining, murmuring; grumble, a complaint, a murmur.

Cearnuzao, -uizte, m., want; perplexity; serious concern;

great fear.

Cearnuizeac, -zize, a., querulous. Cearnuitim, -utao and -nitit, v. tr. and intr., I complain, grumble; question, inquire.

Cearnuizteac, -tize, a., troubled;

concerned.

Ceart, a question; trouble, difficulty. See ceirc.

Céarta, p. a., tormented, vexed. Céartúnac, -ai \dot{z} , pl. id., m., an executioner.

Ceatac, -aite, a., showery.

Ceataioeat, a., showery (Don.).

Ceataiže, g. id., f., inconvenience; awkwardness (opposed to veire); c. vo véanam vam, to inconvenience me.

Ceataim, -ao, v. tr. and intr., I shower, I pour down.

Cestain, card. numb., four; rá ceatain, four times.

Ceatain-beannac, -aije, a., having four peaks or horns; foursquared, quadrangular.

Ceatain-ceannac, -aize, a., quadrangular, having four corners.

Cestain-copac, -aize, a., fourfooted.

Ceatain-cuinneac, -nige, a., fourcornered.

Cestain-Déaz, card. num., four-

Ceatain-onuinneat, -niše, four-sided, four-angled.

Ceatain-tablánac, -415e, quadrifidous.

Ceatain-notat, -aite, a., fourwheeled.

Ceatam-rtiornat, -aite, a., four-

Ceatain-uilleannat, -aite, four-squared.

Ceatán, -áin, pl. id., m., a light shower.

Ceatannat, -aite, a., showery.

Ceatapoa, indec. a., belonging to four; fourfold; an chuinne ceatapoa, the fourfold universe (from the four elements).

Ceatanoact, -a, f., fourfold-

Ceatanouil, -e, f., the world, the universe (from the idea that the universe consisted of four elements).

Ceatann, -anne, -a, f. a band of fighting men, yeomanry; multitude (nom. also certeann). Ceatannac. See ceiteannac.

Ceatannact, -a, f., heroism, valour. See ceiteannact.

Cestan-pámac, -aiz, pl. id., m., a four-oared boat.

Ceatna (collect.), cattle.

Ceathacao, forty.

Ceathacaomao, ordin. num., for-

Ceathama, -man, -mna, f., a quarter; a leg (of mutton, etc.); the thigh; a quarter of an acre, etc.; a four-lined stanza; a quadrant; quarter, as in phr. to give quarter; clemency, mercy; quarters, lodging, an c., in quarters, quartered, lodged:

Dí Ultac azainn Anéin an ceathama,

'S ca n-lapprá culteacta b'aoibne. (U. song.)

Ceatpama caopac, f., lamb's quarter; fat hen; wild orache. Ceatpamao, num. a., fourth.

Cestpamao véaz, ord. num., a.,

fourteenth (noun comes before véas).

Ceatpama żopm, f., black-leg, a disease in cattle.

Ceathama ópolais, f., a quarter of an inch.

Ceatpama uain, f., lamb's lettuce; common corn; salad (Fedita olitoria.)

Ceathamnac, -aite, a., cubical.

Ceathanamail, -mla, a., beastly, surly, morose.

Ceathan, -ain, m., four persons, but cf. cá méio uib azac? ní't azam act ceathan (Don.). Céib. See ciab (also céab).

Céib- $\dot{\mathbf{r}}$ ionn, - $\dot{\mathbf{r}}$ inne, - $\dot{\mathbf{r}}$ ionna, f., a fair head of hair; a fair lady; as α ., fair-haired.

Céibín, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a fillet;

a little lock of hair.

Céroe, g. id., pl. -oroe, m., a market, fair, green, plain, road; céroin, dim., id.

Céro-zein, -e, f., first-born, first-

begotten.

Céro-stinneacc, -a, f., the know-

ledge of ripened age.

Céroit, -e, f., a duel, a combat; strife; clann mac 11 00 cailleao 'ran céroit, the sons of Ir who perished in the strife (Seaghan O'Conaill).

Céro-Leaban, -ain., m., a first book,

a primer.

Céro-mear, m., a first opinion; a first taxing.

Céro-mír, -íora, -íoranna, f., a first month.

Céro-neaturoe, g. id., pl.-ote, m., a forerunner.

Céro-pi, g. -pio $\dot{\varsigma}$, d. -pi $\dot{\varsigma}$, pl. -niżte, gpl. -nioż, a first king.

Céro-prazart, -żta, pl. id. and -żlaca, f., first rule; obligation.

Céile, g. id., pl. -live, m. and f., a fellow, companion, mate, consort, spouse; a ceite, each other, one another; man a ceile, identical; o'n treactmain 50 ceite, from one week to another; 1 noisio s céile, consecutively; as sabáil o'á céile,

harassing one another; ar a céite, continuously, but after verbs of separation ar a céile means asunder, as repacao ar a céite, to tear asunder; cia aca a ceite? which of them? The n-a céile, entangled, confused, worried. In Don., a céite, te céile, 7c., have the e short.

Ceileabainim. See ceileabhaim. Ceiteaban, -ain, pl. id, m., a warbling of birds, a melody; a discourse, greeting (Don.); consultation.

Ceiteabhac, -aise, a., warbling, melodious.

Certeatrato, -barta, m., act of bidding farewell; denial (at cards); leave, farewell; ceap 7 c. vo tiomnav vo, to bid leave and farewell to (early mod. Ir.).

Ceileabhao, -banta, m., chirping or warbling like birds; the song or concert of birds; singing; solemnisation.

Ceileabhaim, -ao, v. intr., I converse, discourse; I greet, salute; I bid farewell; I renege at cards.

Ceileabhaim, -ao, v. tr., I celebrate, solemnise.

Céileabhuisim, -usao, v. intr., I bid farewell to, take leave of (with oo). See certeabilaim.

Céileacar, -air, m, adultery. Céileao, -lio, m., junction, union,

a joining together.

Ceileatar, -air, m., concealment, privacy, secrecy.

Ceileatiom, m., concealment, confusion; in phr., certeathom bréas, a tissue of lies, of excuse or concealment.

Céile Oé, g. id., m., a servant of God, a Culdee.

Ceits. See ceats.

Céil-jeallaim, -jeallamain, I betroth, promise in marriage.

Céil-jeallamain, -mna, f., a betrothal, a promise of marriage.

Ceilz-mian, -méine, f., deceitful lust.

Céilide, g.id., f., an evening visit, a friendly call.

Céitroeact, -a, f., the marriage state, the duties of marriage; wooing.

Céilioim, -leao, v. intr., I lounge,

visit; I court, woo.

Céitioteoin, -ona, -oinioe, m., one who pays an evening visit.

Ceilim, vl. ceilt, p. p. ceilte, v. tr., I conceal, hide, deny.

Céittioe, indec. a., wise, rational, sensible, prudent.

Ce11p, -e, f., kelp.

Ceitz, -e, f., act of concealing; concealment; rá ceitz, under concealment; denial, refusal.

Ceilteac, -tize, a., Celtic.

Ceitceac, -cige, a., denying, prone to deny.

Ceilt-intinn, -e, f., mental reser-

vation, equivocation.

Céim, -e, pl.-eanna, ypl.céimeann, m. (somet. f.), a step; position, degree; pass; dignity, style; an event, a circumstance; an adventure; céim chuaió, a difficulty; ba món an céim é cun ipteac, it was no easy matter to put him in.

Céimeac, -miże, m., in high posi-

tion, remarkable.

Céimeamail, -mla, a., stately, majestic.

Céimniţeac, -niţ, -niţe, m., a footman.

Céimniţim, -iuţaō, v. tr. and intr., I step, measure by steps, advance forward.

Céimniţteat,-tiţe,a.,progressive. Céimniuţato, -niţte, m., act of stepping, walking, etc.

Cémpe, g. id., f., gradation, degree, rank.

Céimpeac, -riże, a., gradual, step by step.

Céim-nactanac, -aige, a., supe-

rior, uppermost.

Céin, prop., d. of cian, distant, far (in space or time); i zcéin, far away, far off; an zcéin, as long as, while. See cian.

Ceinmotá, prep., besides, without, except; as ad., almost, nearly

(obs.).

Ceinnbeint, -e, f., a helmet; any cover for the head.

Ceinn-éaoτροm, -μιιme, a., light-headed.

Ceinnfionn. See ceannan.

Ceinn-tiat, -téite, a., grey-headed; grey-haired.

Ceinn-Licip, f., a capital letter. Ceinn-mine, f., frenzy; vertigo.

Cennneat, cennneatac (also cinneat, cinneatac). See ceanneat, ceanneatac.

Cenn-ppian, f., the head-stall of a

bridle.

Ceinn-théan, -éine, a., obstinate, stubborn. See ceann-théan.

Ceinn-chéine, g. id., f., stubbornness, obstinacy.

ness, obsumacy.

Céip, -peac, f., wax; wax candles (collect.).

Ceip beac, bees' wax; what is choice or perfect; ceip beac ip peapla na muimneac, the choice and pearl of the men of Munster (O'Ra.); but tá pé 'na ceip beac azat, you have made confusion of the thing (M.).

Cempone, $g.\ id.,\ pl.$ -price, $m.,\ a$

carver (O'N.).

Ceiptinim, vl. ceipt, v. tr., I carve (O'N.).

Ceιμογεοιμ, -ομα, -οιμιόε, m., a

brewer.

Ceiμcín τμάζα, g. id., pl. -nioe τμάζα, m., a kind of sea-bird that always hovers along the shore (Ker.); also, ciμcín τμάζα. Céiπο. See ceáπο.

Cémeac, -mize, a., waxen, waxy,

of wax.

Ceiμiōe, g.id., m., a plaster applied to a wound or sore; a wound; a maiming or deformity; misfortune; a moral stain; τά ceiμiōe te n-a γλοζαί αιμ, he is in misfortune for ever, said of a man who gets a bad wife (M.).

Ceipiżim, v. tr., I maim, deform,

destroy.

Ceiμín, g. id., pl. -roe, m., medicine; a plaster, a poultice; c. τός áta, a blistering plaster. See ceiμioe.

Ceipiocán, -áin, pl. id., m., water elder.

Ceignín, g. id., pl.-röe, m., a small

dish, a plate, a platter.

Cénnreac, g. -riże, pl. -reaca, f., a woodlark; the female blackbird; also, the song-thrush (also ciainreac).

Сеприин. Вее стартити. Centre. See centele.

Ceint, -e, pl. ceinteaca, gpl. ceinceac, f., a rag, a little bit of cloth (in M. sp. l., ceaint); cuin one oo ceinceaca, put on your clothes (Don.).

Ceipt-breiteamnar, g. c.-breiteamnair, m., righteous judg-

ment.

Ceinteac, -tize, a., ragged (pron.

cinceac).

Ceinteoz,-01ze,-0za, f., a little rag. Centrale, g. id., f., a ball of yarn or thread (also centicle and ceinple).

Centralin, g. id., pl. -roe, m. or f,, a ball of yarn, a heap, a lump. See

centicle and ceapelinn.

Ceipt-meadón, -bóin, m., the exact middle.

Céir, -e, -eaca, f., a small harp; the peg or key of a harp; a

harp-string. Céir, -e, -eanna, f., a young sow; a grown-up pig; céip muice is used like cháin muice, intermediate between a bant and a

full-grown pig.

Ceir, -e, f., a raised way over a stream or ditch, a causeway; a road over a marshy or boggy place for cattle, etc.; used largely in place names. See cireac.

Cerpeac. See cipeac.

Cérreoz, -015e, -05a, f., a slip, a young pig.

Cerpeos, -015e, -05a, f., a kind of flat basket; cerreán, id.

Céirín, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a slip, a young pig; dim. of céir.

Ceipnesct, -a, f., complaint, grumbling, expressing dissatisfaction.

Ceirneam, -nim, m., act of bewailing, regretting, grumbling.

Ceirnizim, -neam (ceirnim), v. tr. and intr., I complain, grumble;

I question.

Ceirc, -e, pl. -eanna and cearca. f., a question, a puzzle, a problem; difficulty, trouble; fear, anxiety; ná bío o ceirc onc 'n-a taob, have no anxiety about it: τά γέι ζοειγτ ζο, it is said that; ir reapp out i sceire 'ná out reirc (Con. prov.).

Ceipteacán, -áin, pl. id., m., acatechism; act of questioning,

constant questioning.

Cerreamail, -mla, α ., inquisitive, suspicious, questionable.

Ceircizim, -iuzao, v.tr., I examine,

put questions to.

Ceιρτιυζαό, -ιζτε, pl. id., m., anexamination, a questioning; a complaining.

Ceircnizim, -iużao, v. tr., I examine, question, enquire; I

complain, grumble.

Ceirchiużaó, -iżće, m., an examination, enquiry.

Certeann, -ternne, f., a band,

troop.

Ceiteannat, -ait, pl. id., m., afoot-soldier, kern; a hero, yeoman; a country gentleman; a local tyrant.

Ceiteapinat coille, m., a wood kern; ceann or ceiteann coille

(Don.).

Ceiteafinatt, -a, f., heroism;

soldiery.

Ceithe, four; ceithe (cinn) véaz, fourteen; ceithe ricio, eighty. (Ceithe has the c aspirated in sp. l. in M. and Con.)

Ceitiem, -e, f., a wound that maims for life (Aran and Don.).

Cerchéimeac, -mize, a., maimed

(Aran and Don.).

Ceo, g. c14¢, ceo, f. ceo, f. c14¢, ceoca, gpl. ceo, dpl. ceocaib, m., mist, fog, smoke, darkness; grief, trouble, anguish; with neg., nothing (Con.), as ní't τú as innrint ceo be'n ripinne

oam, you are not telling me a word of the truth; in Om., humbug.

Ceob. See ceo.

Ceobμán, -áin, pl. id., m., a heavy dew, a drizzling rain.

Ceobplánac, -aiże, a., drizzling, misty, foggy.

Ceo-öporo, f., sorrowful bondage; dire trouble.

Ceocán, -áin, m., hoarseness; a little mist.

Ceocánta, indec. a., easy, comfortable, merry (Con.).

Ceóoac, -aiţe, a., dim, cloudy, misty, dark, dull; hoarse.

Ceoòact, -a, f., darkness, mistiness.

Ceot, g. ceoit, ciuit, pl. -17a, m., music, melody, singing; a song (U.), as distinguished from ampan, the humming of a song; a term of endearment, as mo ceot tú; cuata mé i sceot é, I heard it in song (or poetry) (U.).

Ceolaine, g. id., pl. -nioe, m., a musician, a singer.

Ceolaineact, -a, f., music, singing, warbling, melodiousness.

Ceotán, -án, pl. id., m., a little bell; a worthless babbler; a worthless fellow.

Ceotán, -ánn, m., dizziness; bíonn ceotán m' ceann, my head is frequently dizzy (Om.).

Ceotan corac, m., a grasshopper. Ceot-binn, -e, a., harmonious, sweetly musical.

Ceot-cuipm, f., a concert.

Ceot-oán, m., a harmonious poem (O'N.).

Ceotimanneact, -a, f., tunefulness; vigour, activity.

Ceotman, -aine, a., musical, active, vigorous, sprightly, as rean ceotman, a sprightly, spirited man.

Ceot-motaim, -ao, v. tr., I chant, sing the praises of.

Ceol-péimiżim, -iużaż, v. tr., I modulate, play music.

Ceotpuroe, g. pl. -oce, id., m., a musician, a chanter.

Ceoltóiti, -ótia, -ótitiroe, m., a musician.

Ceoltóipeact, -a, f, the art of playing music.

Ceomaineact, -a, f., darkness, dullness, mistiness.

Ceoman, -aine, a, misty, dark, foggy; sad, miserable.

Ceo-mittesc, -tis, m., mildew.

Ceotpán. See ceobpán.

Ceotnánac. See ceobnánac.

Cí. See vocím.

C1a, interog. par., who? which? what? (followed by noun or relative clause); c1a 'ca, which of them? c1a á1t, c1a an á1t, what place? where? c1a te1t, whose? (somet. written cé and cí).

C1A, conj. though. See C100.

Clab, g. céibe, pl. claba, céibe, céibeanna, f., a lock of hair, the hair of the head.

Ciab, g. céibe, f., sedge, coarse mountain-grass (also cíob and cíb).

Ciab, fog. See ceo.

Ciabac, -aiże, a., foggy, misty, hazy, dark.

Ciabac, -aiże, a., hairy, bushy, having long hair.

Ciabact, -a, f., keeping the hair in order.

Ciabagán, -áin, pl. id., m., a ringlet, a curlet, a lock of hair.

Ciabán, -áin, m., light fog.

Ciabán, -áin, pl. id., m., a gizzard. Ciaban, -áin, m., hair or locks collectively; head of hair (M. poetic).

Ciab-bactac, -aiţe, a., having curled locks or tresses.

Ciab-carta, indec. a., having curled tresses.

Ciab-ceann out, g. ciab-cinn out, m., scaly, stalked, spikerush, deer's hair.

C1 α 5- $\dot{\circ}$ e α 1 ζ , f., a hair-pin. C1 α 5- $\dot{\circ}$ u α 1, m., a lock of hair.

Clab-oualac, -aige, a., wearing long tresses, having the hair in locks.

Ciábóz, -óize, -óza, f., a small lock of hair; a fore-lock, a side-lock.

Ciabpán, ciabpánac. See ceob-

pán, ceobpánac.

Clac, g. clais, m. (prop. gs. of cla or ceo, mist), oppression; stifling cold (the disease); hoarseness; asthma; mist; grief, sorrow, anxiety; clac one is a common form of imprecation.

Clacánuroe, g. id., pl. -ote, m., a person suffering from chronic hoarseness; one who speaks in a hoarse, indistinct voice.

C1acoa, *indec. a.*, misty, foggy. C1aimeoz, -01ze, -0za, *f.*, a peri-

winkle.

Ciaippeac, -piże, -peaca, f., the female blackbird. See céippeac.

Ciall, g. céille, d. céill, f., sense, meaning, intellect, reason; discretion, prudence; wisdom, knowledge; cause or motive of anything; cup 1 5céitl, to make clear, make one understand (in *Don*, and *Clare* modern usage, to make one believe, to pretend); ar a ceill, out of one's senses; caroé an ciall atá teir, what does it mean? cao ir ciall oó, what is the sense of it? 17 10nann ciall oóib, they have the same sense (meaning); zoroé 'r ciall ouic? what on earth is the matter with you (what do you mean)? (Don.).

Ciallac, -aişe, a., sensible, ra-

tional, prudent, discreet.

Ciattac, -aiţ, pl. id., m., a lover, a sweetheart; a term of endearment; cf. a Śeaţáin, a ciattaiţ.

Ciattacaó, -cza, m., aet of signi-

fication.

Ciallacan. See céalacan.

Ciallao, -lta, m., act of equalising, poising, balancing.

Ciallaim, -ao, v. tr., I equalise,

poise, balance.

Ciattoa, indec. a., sensible, prudent, rational.

Ciallòaċz, -a, f., sense, prudence, discretion.

Chall- \dot{r} tand, m., a Secretary of State (O'N.).

Ciattimac, -aiże, a., rational, sensible, prudent.

Ciallmaineact, -a, f., sense, steadiness, prudence, understanding, knowledge.

Ciallman, -aine, a., sensible,

prudent.

Ciattuża, -uiże, pl. id., m., interpretation, meaning, sense; signification.

Cialluizim, -użaż, v. tr. and intr., I mean, denote, signify,

interpret.

Clamait, -e, a., misty, foggy, gloomy, obscure; sad, gloomy, melancholy (from clam=clab,

fog, mist).

Cian, gsf. céine, a. (used mostly adverbially and as a noun), long, distant (of space or time); 1 zcéin, far away, afar; an zcéin, as long as; ní cian zo, it was not long till; ó cianaio, a while ago; or na ciantaib, from time immemorial; te cian-Taib, id.; if saipid duinn an bár 1 5céin, death of the future is nigh unto us (T. G.); ó chana1b, a while ago, is pron. in M. ó channib (P. O'C. translates ó cianaib, long since, which is wrong); ó ciantaib, ages ago, a very long time ago; ó chan-Διδίη, just a moment ago; τά ré na ciantarce ó connaic mé tú, it is ages since I saw you (Don.).

Cian, m., tedium, grief; tóz an cian oe, dispel his grief, cheer

him up (U_{\cdot}) .

Cianać, -ai $\dot{\xi}$ e, a., sad, sorrowful

Cian-airchizim, -iuzao, v. intr., I

journey afar.

Cian-áit, -áite, pl. -áiteanna, -áiteaca and áite, f., a distant country (the strong pl. áiteanna prevails in M.).

Cianamail, -mla, a., sad, sorrow-

ful.

Cian-amanc, m., a distant view or prospect.

Cian-aoir, f., old age.

Cian-Aorta, indec. a., very aged.

Cian-breatnuitim, -utato, v. tr. and intr., I meditate, contemplate.

Cianos, indec. a., long distant.

Cianoact, -a, f., tediousness, remoteness.

Cian-raoa, a., very long, very distant; durable.

Cian-rutainz, f., long suffering; as a., long suffering or enduring.

Cian-maintin, f., long continuance, perpetuity.

Cian-maoin, f., a legacy.

Cianman, -aine, a., sad, sorrowful (Don.).

Cian-mantannac, -aite, a., long-

lived, perennial.

Clanóz, -ó1ze, -óza, f., a small coin, a farthing, a mite (in Cork, Galway, Don., etc., half a farthing).

Clapac, -aiże, a., vexatious, troublesome, importunate.

Clapáil, -ála, pl. id., f., strife, debate, contention; tá mé a5 c. liom, I am struggling with the world as hard as I can; clapao, m., id.

Clapaim, -ao, v. tr. and intr., I vex, harass, torment; I strive,

contend.

Chapaine, g. id., pl.-prioe, m., a teaser, a vexer, a tormentor.

Ciapátac, -aiże, m., perverse, contentious, vexatious.

Ciapátaim, -áit, v: intr., I strive, quarrel, contend.

Ciapáturoe, g. id., pl. -ote, m., a quarrelsome person.

Ciapóz, -óize, -óza, f., witchery (Don.).

Ciaptać, -aiże, a., vexing, teasing, annoying.

Ciapuizim, -użażo, v. tr., I vex, torture, torment.

Cian, a comb. See cion.

Ciap, -aipe, a., dark-coloured, dark-brown, black; ciap-oub, dark-brown.

Ciapiao, -pica, m., act of blackening, darkening, obscuring.

Ciapáit, -áta, pl. id., f., a quarrel, contention, brawl, fray.

Ciapátac, -aiże, a., perverse, forward.

Ciap-oonn, -ouinne, a., brown, tawny, dim, dark-coloured.

Cian-out, -ouite, a., coal-black, jet-black.

Cιαρός, -όιζε, -όζα, f., a cockroach, a beetle, a black chafer.

Ciapparòe, g. id., f., Kerry; Otleán Ciapparòe, Castle Island in Co. Kerry (the name Ciapparòe was formerly confined to the north-western portion of the present county).

Cιαμμαιόθας, -όιζ, pl. id., m., a Kerryman. Pierse Ferriter describes himself in one place as Cιαμμαιόθας αμάιόσε άιμιτε έιζιη, a certain tormented Καμγμαρ

Kerryman.

Ciappán, -áin, pl. id., m., a humming, buzzing; a grumbler.
Ciappánac, -aiçe, a., buzzing.

Ciappúip, -úpa, -úprioe, f., a kerchief; a handkerchief; c. cinn, a covering for the head; c. póca, a handkerchief.

Ciaptact, -a, f., blackness, dark-

ness.

Chap-culte, p. a., swamped with a black flood (O'Ra.).

C1b, -e, -eanna, f., the shank bone of a beast; the hand, the palm (O'N.); c1bin, dim., the rump.

Cíb, -e, f., sedge. Cibé (51bé), indef. pr., whoever,

whatever.

Cíbeac, -biţe, a., sedgy (O'N). Cíbeamait, -mta, a., sedgy.

Cibín, g. id., pl. -ioe, m., the rump. Cibleacán, -áin, pl. id., m., a bowlegged person, a nine-pin.

Cic, -e, -eanna, f., a kick (A.).

Cice, g. id., f., the breast (O'N.).
Ciceinéro, -e, f., a brood of

chickens. (?)

Cícín, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a little dug, breast, pap; dim. of cíoc and cíce.

Cicinpeac, -piţe, f., as subst. in phr., cicinpeac mná, a strong, handsome, bouncing woman; also ceiţineac.

Crò (510, cé.) See c100.

Crò tha and crò tha act (somet. crò tháct), conj., however, nevertheless.

Cipteoz, -013e, -03a, f., an unhandy fellow; a booby.

C₁ Ξ ₁1, -e (c₁ Ξ ₁1 Ξ , -e), f., a tickling. See Ξ ₁ Ξ ₁1.

Cizitim, -tr (zizitim), v. tr., I tickle.

C₁ Σ ₁ Γ ₂ Γ ₃ Γ ₄ Γ ₅ Γ ₅ Γ ₇ Γ ₇ Γ ₇ Γ ₈ Γ ₈ Γ ₈ Γ ₈ Γ ₈ Γ ₉ Γ ₉

C1514e, g. id., pl. -416e, m., an inspector.

Cizipeact, -a, f., inspection.

Cite, g. id., f., the keel of a ship. Citeac, -eice, f., a small trout

(Ker.). See 510ttó5.

Cîtéin, -téana, -téinioe, m., a "keeler," a broad, shallow wooden vessel for milk to throw up cream in (citéan, Con.).

Citt, g. citte, pl. ceatta (also ceatta paca), a church, a churchyard, a burial place. (Citt is properly ds. of ceatt.) Citt and ceatt enter largely into place names, as Citt Airne, Killarney; na Ceatta beasa, Killybegs, etc.

Cillín, g. id., pl. -nroe, m., a little church; a small cell; a churchyard set apart for infants; τά cillín Διηζιο Δίζε, he has a great heap of money (M.).

Cillineac, -nige, -eaca, f., a place set apart for the burial of unbaptised children, generally near a tiop, often a place name. See cillin.

Čím, čínn, etc. See vo-čím.

Cimbeat, -bit, pl. id., m., a cymbal. Cimėjieaė, -ta, m., pillage, plun-

 $\operatorname{der}\left(O^{\prime}N_{\cdot}\right).$

Cimėjieačaim, -ao, v. tr., I pillage, I plunder, devastate.

Cime. See cimeac.

Cımeaċ, -mıż, pl. id., m., a captive, a prisoner, a hostage.

Cimeacar, -air, m., captivity, bondage.

Cimiţim, -iuţao, v. tr., I imprison,

make a captive of.

Cimitim, -mitz, v. tr. and intr., I rub, touch (with te and vo = ve); as cimit bare ve, patting him; as cumit meata ré, coaxing him. See cumitim.

Cimilto, -e, f., act of touching,

rubbing.

Cimim, -meao, v. tr., I enslave, make a captive of, imprison.

Cineao, -nio (cine), pl. -nioeaca, gpl. -oac, dpl. -oaib, m., race, generation, tribe, family, off-spring; nature. (Oine, pine are cognate words.) Also f.

Cineadac, -ais, pl. id., and -aca, m., a Gentile; an individual of

any nation or people.

Cineao oaonna, m., the human race.

Cinéat, -éit, pl. id., m., a kind, sort, class; a generation; affection, kindness; tá an tá cinéat ruap, the day is rather ("sort of") cold (also cineát).

Cinéalac (paoin-), (free) clansman,

free-born.

Cineátra, indec. a., kindly, gentle, humane; liking one's work; capatt cineátra, a willing horse; tuis ré irreac so cineátra teir an obain, he took to his work with a willing spirit.

Cineátrap, -aip, m., kindness,

affection.

Cineamon, -oin, m., cinnamon.

Cinz, m., a king (A.).

Cinzcíp, -e, f., Pentecost.

Cinzim, -zea·o, v. tr., I strengthen, improve; intr., I walk, step (=céimnizim).

Cinzine, g. id., pl. -price, m., a

leader, director.

Cimm, v. intr., I descend, spring from, am born.

Cintín, g. id., pl. -nroe, m., a little candle; an icicle (C.) (prop. countín).

Cin-mealaim, cin-mealao. See

inmealaim, inmealao.

cío

cin

Cinn, g, and pl, of ceann, m., head, end.

Cinn. See vo-cim.

Cinn-atao. See cionn-atao.

Cinn-beaut, -beinte, pl. id., f., a helmet, head-dress. See cinnbeint.

Cinn-beautar, -air, m., sover-

eignty.

Cinn-beijit, -e, pl. id., f., a headband, a helmet, a head-dress.

Cinn-ceangalais (prop. gs.), a., having the head bound as a madman, etc.

Cinn-cior, m., a poll tax.

Cinneao, g. cinnue, m., act of appointing, deciding, determining, resolving on; appointment, destiny, fate; with comanule,

to take (counsel).

Cinneamain, -mna, f., fate, destiny, lot, fortune, accident; 17 zun cionnouis an cinneamain an leomain, and that our heroes succumbed to fate (McD.); má'r c. vam tú man rtón, if you are fated to be my treasure (Art MacC.); ill-luck, misfortune, as the loss of cattle, etc. buries the carcass of a cow, horse, etc., that died on his neighbour's land, the cinneam-Ain, or ill-luck, goes to the neighbour; cuip ré an cusam, he turned the misfortune on me.

Cinneamnac, -aiże, a., fatal, fated;

accidental, eventual.

Cinn-réaona, m., a ringleader, captain.

Cinn-peipein, g. id., pl. -ioe, m., kilderkin, a measure.

Cinn-zéan, -zéine, a., sharp-

pointed.

Cinnim, vl. cinneamain, v. tr., I fix, appoint, decide, resolve, agree, decree, determine, assign; I surpass, excel (with an); vo cinn onm é véanam, I failed to do it.

Cinnite, g. id., pl. -jure, m., a leader, a guide, a protector, a provider.

Cinnipeact, -a, f., leadership.

Cinn-litip, g. -thead, pl. -lithe, -titheads, f., a head-letter, a capital.

Cinn-mine, g. id., m., frenzy;

chimera.

Cinn-mijim, v. tr., I madden,

anger, annoy.

Cinnte, indec. a., fixed, definite, appointed, arranged; certain, sure, accurate; pronounced; constant, steadfast, positive, strong; covetous, stingy, close; so c., surely; somet. so is omitted; bruil tú pérò? Cá, cinnte, are you ready? Yes, surely (Don.).

Cinnteact, -a, f., certainty; positiveness; confidence; punctuality; closeness, stinginess.

Cınntığım, -ıuğaö, v. tr., I constitute, decree, make certain.

Cinn-τηέαη, -μέιηε, α., obstinate, headstrong.

Cinre, g. id., f., an aspersion or stain (from cion, a fault).

Cinreal, -reil, pl. id., m., aspersion or stain; want, necessity.

Cinreatac, -aize, a., aspersed with shedding blood wrongfully; cruel.

Cíob, g. cíbe, f., coarse mountain grass; the pip in fowl; cíb

(Con.).

Clobáit, -áta, f., "kibing," a mode of sowing potatoes by burying the sets (proitreacáin or proitreáin) a few inches in the soil with a trowel-shaped iron instrument having a sickle handle to hold it by (Don.).

Cioban, -ain, m., dust, dirt; τni ualaiże de cioban (C. S., Don.).

Cíoc, g. cíce, pl. cíoca (also cíonioe), f., a breast, suck, pap; cíoc an muineit, the dewlap of a beast; an Oá Cíc, the Paps, a mountain in Kerry; bainead an cíoc oe, he was weaned (pron. in Don. céac, pl. céaca); in West M. nom. also cín.

Cíocac, -aize, a., of or belonging

to the breast.

Ciocaine, g. id., pl. -price, m., a stingy person; a miser, a niggard; a crank.

Cíocán, -áin, pl. id., m., a tit-

Cíocap, -aip, pl. id., m., a ravenous dog; sharp hunger; ardent desire.

Cíocatroa, indec. $a_{\cdot,}$ greedy, hungry, ravenous, eager (cí, hound, and ocati, hunger, P. O'C.).

Ciochac, -11415e, a, hungry, greedy, ravenous, vicious, peev-

Ciochar, -air, m., greed, hunger, ravenousness.

Ciocharán, -áin, pl. id., m., a hungry or greedy fellow.

Cíoct, -a, -anna, m., a carver, an engraver, a weaver (O'N.).

Cioccaim, -ao, v. tr., I paint, depict; carve, weave; also cíoct-

Cioctaine, g. id., pl. -price, m., a painter, a limner, a weaver. See

cíocr.

C100, conj., though, although, yet, even; c100 50, although; c100 Συμ, id., before past tense; c100 τμάς (c100 τηα αςτ), however, be that as it may (cé, zé, zioo are variants).

Ciollan-cior, m., confusion; tá an reac'n-a crottan-crot, the house is in confusion (Don.).

Ciollani-ciocac, -aise, a., confused, in disorder (Don.).

C10165, -615e, -651, f., a hedge sparrow; an ciolóz piabac, tho bird that follows the cuckoo (also called mabós).

Ciolpiac, -aiż (coll.), m., shreds, fragments, as a hare torn to shreds by the hounds, or a plausible story torn to atoms by a lawyer (W. Ker.).

Ciolpataim, -tato, v. intr., I chatter.

Ciomac, -15, -10, m., a lout, a clout; a slattern, an untidy person; in pl., tattered old clothes; ciomacán, id.

Ciomacaróe, npl., old shabby clothes.

Ciomaim, -ao, v. tr., I comb, I card.

Ciomba (Lat. cymba), g. id., pl.

-1 oe, a little boat (Ker.).

Cion, g. ceana, m, regard, attention, respect, esteem; affection, love, appreciation; ann ceana, a fond name, a term of endearment.

Cion, g. ceana, pl. cionta, m., a share, division, portion, quota or dividend; mo čion oe'n nootais, my share of the Christmas festivities; mo cion oe'n ainzeao, my share of the money; cion cipe, a country tax or tribute; cáro zan cion, they are without a portion, disinherited (O'Ra.); thom, a large quota; an cion chom, the greater portion, the majority.

Cion, g. -aö, d. -aiö, pl. -ta, gpl. -ao, dpl. -carb, f. (somet. m.), sin, transgression, a fault,

guilt.

Cíonáo, -áio, m., the five at cards, the best trump (Lat. quinarius?); used fig. for a prince, a leader, and often in poetry for the Pretender (in Con. somet. cíonán).

Cionpát, -a, pl. id., m., occasion,

cause (prop. cionn-rát).

Cionmaineact, -a, f., a share, a portion, a dividend; conmann,

id. (pron. cionúineact).

Cionn, d. of ceann, m. (which see), head, end; cause, account, reason; oo cionn, because, for the reason that; 1 5cionn, at the end, head of; with regard to; with verb of motion, to or for; or cionn, over, above, on top of, overhead; in preference to (with gen.); or mo (oo, etc.) cionn, above me, over me; rá n-a cionn rin, on that head, on that account; 1 n-ap 3010nn, in our company; ahead of us, before us, awaiting us; an a scionn, for them, before them.

Cionn-aʒaiō, m., the forehead, the countenance; an bruit ré rtactman ar a cionn-aʒaiō, has he a handsome countenance? (Con.). Also ceann-aʒaiō and cinn-aʒaiō.

Cionnap, cionnup, interrog. pr.,

how? in what manner?

Cionn-acao, -aio, m., the face, the features. See cionn-acaio. Cionn-paoapic, m., fate, destiny, foresight.

Cionn-paoapcac, -aite, a., ordaining, destining, far-seeing.

Connta (from cion), g. id., pl.
-aroe, m., a crime, a fault; sin,
guilt; a cause or occasion; ni
ruit cionnta uaim-re teir, it
is no fault of mine; cionnta
cómpárote, a verbal insult
(P. O'C.).

Cionntac, -ais, pl. id., m., a wicked

person.

Cionntac, -aiţe, a., guilty, culpable, wicked.

Cionntact, -a, f., guilt, crime.

Clonntapact, -a, f., emergency (O'N.).

Cionntuiţim, -uţaō, v. tr. and intr., I reproach, condemn; I sin, am guilty.

Cionneuiste, p. a., accused,

charged, convicted.

Cíonós, -óise, -ósa, f., a small coin, a farthing; a kernel; a small portion or slice of anything (dim. of cion, share, portion); also cianós.

Cíop, g. cípe, f., the hair of the head; course mountain grass;

pip in fowl. See cíob.

Cιορός, -όςα, -όιςe, f., a little stick; c. μαπαιπης, a worthless spade, a spade which is a mere stick.

Cíon, g. cípe and cípeac, pl. cíonaca, f., a comb; a crest; the tuft on the head of a bird; the mane of a beast; cíon meata, a honeycomb; cíon muttaig tige, the ridge-thatch of a house, the roof-tile; cíon contig, a cock's comb; cíon cinn, a hair-brush.

Cíon, g. cípe and cípeac, pl. cíopaca (see previous word), f., the teeth, the eud; as cosains na cípe, chewing the eud; cíop placal, a row or set of teeth; so néasa i scíp, nicely set in rows (of the teeth).

Cίομασόιμ, -όμα, -όιμισε, m., a

comber.

Cíopaim, -aò, v. tr., I comb, tease, card.

Cíopán, -áin, pl. id., m., a little comb or crest.

Ciontad, ciontaim. See cionntad, cionntaim.

Cioncat, -ait, pl. id, m., a circle, a compass, a hoop.

Cioncatoa, a., circular; 50 c., in a circle.

Ciopictaė, -aiże, a., eireular, rotund. Ciopictuižim, -użaö, v. tr., I encompass, hoop, gird.

Ciop-oub. See ciap-oub.

Ciopmanne, g. id., pl. -proe, m., a fuller, a person who knaps cloth; a comb-maker, a comber.

Cíonmanteact, -a, f., the art of fulling, cottoning, dressing cloth; flax or wool combing; the trade of comb-making.

Cíopa meata, g. cípe meata, pl. cíopa meata, f., a honeycomb.

Cíonóz. See cianóz.

Cionnabuaic, -e, f., a noisy melee, or wordy scuffle (Don.); also sampabuaic.

Cioppoac, -aiż, pl. id., m., a maimed or disabled person.

Cιομηθαό, -αιότe and -αιό, m., aet of cutting, maiming, mangling, hewing, slaughtering, mutilation, cutting short, laceration; cιομηθαό ομτ, may you be cut or mangled (a common form of imprecation); cιομηθαό is pron. cιημισάο.

Сторрбат, -aò, v. tr., I cut, hew, shed, take away, abbreviate,

lacerate.

Cioppbuizim, -uzao, v. tr., I abbreviate, take away, waste, consume, shed, mutilate, mangle, mortify. See cioppbaim.

Cionnituimeac, -mite, a., maimed. See citnéimeac.

Cιομμάτελο, -cuiξce, m., a squabbling, a fighting.

Cíor, -a, -anna, m., rent, tax, tribute.

Cíorac, - α ; e, α ., importunate; slovenly.

Cíorac, - α ; e, α ., tributary, belonging to cess.

Cíor-cáin, g. -e and -ánac, pl. -eaca, f., a tax, cess (O'N).

Ciorcámeac, -niz, pl. id., m., a cess-collector, a tax gatherer.

Cíor-maon, -aon, pl. id., m., arent or tax collector.

Cior peactáta, m., "the running year's rent," which went over Drummullagh (Omeath) about 70 years ago.

Cíoróineact, -a, f., a rental (O'Ra.). Cíorużao, -uiżce, m., act of pay-

ing tribute.

Ciopuizim, -użaż, v. intr., I pay

rent, tax or tribute.

Cíot, g. ceata, pl. ceatanna, ciceannaioe, m., a shower of rain.

C107, the left hand, used in deri-

vatives, as c1οτας, 7c. C1οτας, -α1ξε, α., left-handed, awkward, helpless; inconvenienced; common as a soubriquet, as Seaján ciotac, John the left-handed.

Ciocacán, -áin, pl. id., m., a left-

handed person.

Ciocán, -áin, pl. id., m., the left hand, dim. of clot.

Ciotman, -aine, a., showery.

C10 τ 65, -615e, -65a, f., the left hand; a left-handed person.

Ciocózac, id., as a., left-handed, awkward.

Ciotpamac, -mais, pl. id., m., an abject person.

Ciochamac, -aize, a., mean, low.

Ciot-uppaoar, -air, m., rudeness, awkwardness, impudence.

Ciocuppainn, -e, -ioe, f., a fall, an

accident (Wat.).

Cip, poet. for ciapao; voo ztancíp, completely destroying you. Cipe, g. id., pl.-piòe, f., a rank of soldiers.

Cipín, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a little stick; a dibble; a pin for tying and fastening a tether; cipin rotuir, a match. (Cipín is dim. of ceap.)

Cipineac, -niz, m., fragments, bits; bein re c. be, he smashed it to atoms, tá c. véanta aize, he devastated everything all round.

Cípirte (for ciapuite?), indec. a., tormented; tá ré cípirte teobia, he is tormented by them (Con.).

Cin. See cion.

Cinc-reoit, -eota, f., flesh of a hen, chicken.

Cipcín, g. id., pl.-roe, m., a little hen, a pullet.

Cipcín τράζα, m,, a small whistling bird; a kind of sea-bird, always met with along the beach.

Cípéib, -e, -eaca, f., an insurrection, tumult, quarrel. See cithéib.

Cípéibeac, -bize, a., tumultuous, quarrelsome.

Cípín, g. id., pl. -rôe, m., the ornaments on the top of a houseroof; a little comb; a crest; a ridge; a top-knot; a bird's crest; the trunk of an oak tree embedded in a bog; c. na cluare, the top of the ear; tá c. ain, he is tipsy (Con.),

Cípíneac, -nize, a., crested; comb-

Ciptiff, .1. cipte, compar. of ceapt; similarly, cóntairí for cóna and reappoirí for reappa.

Cir, -e, pl. cireanna and cearanna, f., a wicker basket; wickerwork to fit on a cart, 'cliab cir agur

tóo' (Raftery).

Cipeac, -piże, -peaca, f., a causeway; a raised path over a stream, etc., generally made of wicker-work, wild rods, furze, or heather; a wicker basket.

Cireal, -ril, pl. id., m., a stratum; a layer or row of sheaves in a corn-stack; a hollow or furrow like that between waves.

Cipeán, -áin, pl. id., m., a wickerwork basket, a large basket; ctiab, an ordinary basket; ctéibín, a little basket; cipeán, somet. a hand-basket.

Cireos, -015e, -05a, f., a round, shallow basket; the stem of corn or straw; the detachable bottom of a pannier or creel (also rcíteos).

Cipišim (cipim), -iużao, I am watchful, control my feelings

(with an).

Cipín, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a little basket.

Circe, g. id., pl. -croe, m., a chest; a store; treasure; a term of endearment.

Cipte, g. id., pl. -aca, and -troe, m., a cake.

Cirteanact, -a, f., house-keeping, kitchen-keeping, store-keeping.

Cirtin, g. id. and -eac, pl. -eaca, f., a kitchen; bágún na cirtin, the bacon hung up for curing in a kitchen.

Ciptineac, $-1\dot{\xi}e$, -eaca, f., a kitchen.

Cit, a shower of rain. See ciot. Citeat, -tit, pl. id., m., a kettle.

Citeat, m., life, vigour; péac an citeat atá pé, see how lively he is, said of a person, a spirited horse, etc. (also ciotat).

Citnéibeac, -biţ, m., tumult, bustle; waste, debris; pron. cáitnéabac in Ker.: τά τέ 'na cáitnéabac azat, you have reduced it to shreds, crushed it to a pulp.

Cithéimeac, -miţe, a., crippled, maimed (Con.), also ceitheimeac. Ciúbac, -aiţe, a., cubic, cubical.

Ciuin, -e, a., calm, gentle, quiet, still, mild, placid.

Ciuin-cionntac, -aiże, a., silent and guilty; sly.

Ciuine, g. id., f., calmness, quietness, rest, silence; modesty.

Clumear, -nir, m., a calm, a silence; relief in sickness after loud complaining (as in toothache); patience.

Ciuinizim, -iuzao, v. tr., I quiet, calm; v. intr., I lapse into silence, talk lower, calm down.

Ciminizie, p. a., quieted, stilled

(also ciuinte).

Cluinim, -nead, v. tr., I calm, still, pacify; cluin an teant, pacify the child $(O'N_*)$.

Ciuip, -e,a., good, perfect, faultless; quiet; ef. tappains so ciuin so ciuip, draw quietly and gently.

Ciuiținițim, -iużao, v. tr., I cover over, gather about (generally said of a great coat or of bed

clothes).

Clumair, g. -e, pl. clumra, clumaireaca, f., an edge, a border, a selvage, a limit (also clumar, -air, m.).

Ciún-norc, m., a mild countenance (O'N.); prop., a quiet eye.

Ciúnpac, -aiże, -aca, f., a fig. term for a young woman.

Ciúnui teoin, -ona, -oinioe, m., a pacifier.

Ciúnac, -aiże, a., good, perfect; quiet, an c. bléinfionn, the good white-loined cow.

Ciupánac, -aiţ, pl. id., m., a dizzard, an aimless, erratic person.

Cιυμάπαċτ, -a, f., dizziness, moving about aimlessly, recklessness.

Ciúta, g. id., pl. -aroe, m., a deep, pregnant saying; a clever hit (M.).

Ciutpat, -ai $\dot{\xi}e$, -a, f., a redheaded bird (O'R).

ctab, -aib, m., the full open mouth (used contemptuously); a thick lip; oun oo ctab, shut up, hold your tongue.

Clabac, -Aiże, a., thick-lipped,

wide-mouthed, garrulous.

Ctabaroe, g. id., f., open-mouthedness, wide mouthedness; ctabaroeact, id.

Ctabaine, g. id., pl. -prioe, m., a babbler; the clapper of a mill; the inverted cup through which the churndash passes; dim. ctabainin, id.

Clabaineact, -a, f., talk, babble.

Clabap, -aip, m., sour thick milk; bainne clabap, id.

Clában, -ain, m., filth, dirt, mire, mud. See claban.

Clábanac, -aiże, a., dirty, filthy.

Clabarcan, -ann, m., reed; long, seedless straw (P. O'C.).

Clabarcannac, -ais, m., reed. See clabarcan.

Clabóz, -όιζε, -όζα, f., a blubberlipped, open-mouthed person.

Clabpacán, -án, pl. id., m., a babbler.

Ctabhur, -uir, pl. id., m., purple mountain saxifrage (C.); chrysos plenium.

Ctabrat, -ait, pl. id., m., a column of a book; one column of a page; inr an céao ctabrat, in the first column (L. B.).

Clabrán, -áin, m., grumbling, complaining.

Clabran, -ain, m., a cloister; an

awkward person.

Clacán, -áin, pl. id., m., a village or townland in which the parish church is built; a burying ground; originally a druidical circle of stones for pagan worship.

Clao, a fence, etc. See claroe.

Claö, m., the chimney-beam or mantle-tree of a chimney; also, the side-beam of a car; we say, claö rimné and claö or leaċ-ċlaö ċainn (P. O'C.).

Claoac, -aiz, -aize, m., the seashore, the beach; a flat shore, a

haven.

Claoac, -aize, a., dirty, filthy,

miry.

Cladaine, g. id., pl. -nide, a sluggard, a thief, a rogue, a coward, a rascal, a scoundrel.

Claballeact, -a, f., cowardice, laziness, roguery, rascality.

Cladainim, -nc, v. tr., I toss about, roll in the dirt.

Claván, -ám, pl. id., m., a burr, a flake (also cnaván).

Claván, -áin, pl. id., m., a fence-like pile of stones.

Claoan, -ain, m., the cross-beam that supports the chimney-breast. (P. O'C. writes it claoano, but the o is not heard in Ker., at least.). See clao and claban.

Cladanda, indec. a., cowardly,

lazy, idle, villainous.

Clao-muh, -muh, pl. id., m., a raised mound.

Claopac, -aiż, -aiże, m., a very rocky recess on a hill-top (Ker.).

Claö-ἡμόn, f., a fence-like nose; a strong, prominent nose.

Claz, clazam, clazame. See cloz, etc.

Clasac, -aiże, a., cackling.

Clasac, -ais, -aise, m., a stunner. Clasac, -sta, m., act of stunning.

Clazanne, g. id., pl.-nive, m., a fish after shedding its spawn (O'N.).

Clagap, -aip, m., heavy rain. (This word is used in Ker., but is unknown in parts of W. Cork, where clagapnac is used; it is used in Ballyvourney.)

Clazaμπας, -aiξe, f., heavy rain; noise, as of heavy rain falling; an clazaμπας conn so τμομ ας τώιμιτης, while the brown rain poured down in torrents (C. M.); τά γέ ας clazaμπαις, it is raining very heavily; τά γέ ας clazaμπας bάιμιξε, it is pattering rain (Mon.).

Clazún, -úin, pl. id., m., a flagon; a lid.

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Claibéir, -e, f., prate, talk; chatter.

Claibéireac, -rije, a., talkative, prating; officious.

Ctaibín, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a lid; a wooden cup with a hole, through which the handle of a churndash passes to prevent splashing when churning; a little mouth; a bottle-clapper; a tap; a doorlatch.

Claroe, g. id., pl. -aca and claocaca (usually the latter pl. in M., in Con. pl. claromice), m., a fence; often a stone fence. Claroeam, g. -oim, pl. -ome and -omite, m., a sword.

Claidizim, -iuzad, v. intr., I dig, excavate, fence.

Claronizao, m., a digging, fencing, excavating.

Claroteavónneact, -a, f., hedgehaunting, loitering, idling.

Claim, -e, f., the mange, itch, scurvy.

Claime, g. id., f., leprosy, itch, scurvy; mange in sheep, etc.

Claimeac, -mize, a., mangy, full of itch.

Claimeact, -a, f., the mange; leprosy.

Chaimircín, g. id., m., a rough noise, as the gnashing of teeth.

Ctaimpeac, - η_1 ; e, f., the hair of a dog, etc.; c. Jabaiti, "goat's hair"; ragged clouds portending rain (Aran). See cluimpesc.

Claimpeac, - mis, - mise, m., a scorbutic person, a leper (O'N).

Clainéao, -éio, m., claret (O'N). Cláin-éadan, -ain, pl. id., m., the forehead.

Cláin-éadanac, -aize, a., broadbrowed, full-faced.

Cláin- \dot{r} iacail, f., a prominent large foretooth; a fang (riacat, -a11, genly. m. in M. sp. l).

Cláinim, -ánao, v. tr., I divide (of spoil or prey).

Cláipín, g. id., pl. -ioe, m., a little board, a lath; a horn-book.

Cláipíneac, -niz, -nize, m., a cripple, a dwarf; a Clareman.

Clamineac, -nize, a., crippled, lame.

Clainineact, -a, f., acting the cripple.

Clámpeac, g. -piże, pl. -peaca, f., a harp (pron. cláppac, Don.).

Claippeoip, -opa, -oipioe, m., a harper.

Claippeoipeact, -a, f., harping.

Clair, g. -e, pl. -eanna and -eaca, f., a drain, sewer; a furrow, a gravel-pit, a hollow; a valley; a streak, a stripe; a choir; a quarter (as of a beast, etc.);

teat-ctair, the half-furrow at one side of a potato-bed, as distinguished from ctair, the whole furrow between two beds (M.).

Clairceaoat, -ait, m., a singing of hymns; united harmony.

Claireac, -rize, a., worn into furrows; full of pits or drains.

Ctairim, -arao, v. tr., I dig, entrench.

Clair-leatan, -leitne, a., widegrooved.

Clam, -aime, a., mangy; despicable, wretched.

Clam, -aim, pl. id., m., a jest,

a joke.

Clamaine, g. id., pl. -proe, m., a lazar, a leper; a scratcher (applied contemptuously to a child crying, M.); a wretch; a diminutive person, as c. beas mille (somet. used for cneamanne).

Clamaneact, -a, f., mange, scab, leprosy; scratching, itching;

crying, squealing.

Clamán, -áin, pl. id., m., a buzzard; any shabby or mangy-looking bird.

Clamarcan, -ain, m., a rough,

grating noise.

clampa, g. id., pl. -aroe, m., a clamp for turf heaps, etc.; a clamp; a row-lock (Ker.); zlamba (Con.).

Clampaine, g. id., pl. -proe, m., a mischief-maker, a cheat.

Clampan, -ain, pl. id., m.,wrangling, dispute; idle talk, deceit, slander; confusion; a difficulty.

Clampanac, -aite, a., litigious,

wrangling, fraudful.

Clampao, -aro, m., a scratching, an itching, a shrug; mange, scab.

Clampán, -áin, pl. id., m., a scabby wretch; an insignificant fellow; a term used for a restless, crying child (Ker.).

Clampar, -air, m., a bawling, chiding, grumbling (O'N.).

Clampuizim (clampaim), -pao, v. tr., I scratch, itch, shrur.

Clampa, g. id., pl. -aca, m., an alley, a narrow lane, a close.

Clampán, -áin, m., the act of complaining; complaints; topuis ré an siúin clampáin, he set up a complaining cry (U.). See clabpán.

Ctamptap, m., a kind of mess; rough kitchen bread (Don.); cf.

phanneais as μιτ αμ εταμτρα (O'Ra.); ctampthaioe bμός, ungainly shoes (Ker.).

Clamea, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a blow with the open hand; a clout.

Clamtáil, -ála, f., beating with the open hand; clouting.

Clamtóz, -ó1ze, -óza, f., a little blow with the open hand.

Ctann, g. -ainne and -oinne, pl. ctanna, f., race, children; sept, breed, progeny; ouine ctainne, a child; an bruit aoinne ctainne aca? have they any child? ctann is used even of one child; ctann mac, male descendants; ctann ingean, female descendants; as iomcun ctainne, pregnant.

Ctannac, -aise, a., fruitful, prolific; hanging in locks, luxuriant

(of the hair).

Clannazać, -aiże (=claonazać?), a., crooked, dishonest (Don.).

Ctann maicne, f., a clan, a sept, a tribe; male issue, posterity, descendants.

Ctannmaine, g. id., f., fruitfulness, fertility, the state of being prolific.

Clannman, -aine, a., fruitful, pro-

lific, having issue.

Clannuiţim, -uţao, v. intr., to have carnal intercourse, to beget children.

Claoctóo, -a, m., act of changing; alteration, change; reflection; conquest, suppression.

Claoctóroim, -tóo. See claoc-

luizim.

Claocluizim, -lóö, v. tr. and intr., I repent; turn, change, vary; oppress, destroy, cancel, annihilate. Claobaine, g. id., pl.-nibe, m. a fugitive; a simpleton.

Claorom, -oeao, v. tr. and intr., I defeat, oppress, destroy; with te, I cling to, stick to.

Ctaorote, p. a., defeated, oppressed, ruined; reduced in physical condition, worn out.

Claoroteac, -tiże, a., subduing,

defeating.

Claoroteact, -a, f., weakness, want of power, debility.

Classive out, -otta, -ottaio, m., an oppressor; a conqueror (also, a weak, delicate person).

Claoin-bneat, -bneite, f., a false

or prejudiced judgment.

Claoin-bheatac, -aiţe, a., prejudiced, partial in judgment.

Claoin-Deapleaim, v. tr., I gaze wantonly on.

Ctaoine, g. id., f., bias, prejudice, partiality, proneness; a bending, a stooping; inclination.

Claoin-éirteact, -a, f., partiality

in hearing.

Claoin-réacaint, -e, f., a squinted glance, a perverse or wanton gaze (also claoin-réacain).

Ctaon, -oine, a., perverse, partial, prejudiced; inclined to do a thing; falling down freely; bending down.

etaon, g. -oin, pl. -ta, m., deceit, perversity, prejudice, intrigue; inclination towards; tapplains ó ctaon, a departing from error.

Ctaonao, -nta, m., act of inclining; bending, declining, turning away, perverting; perversion; deviation; propensity; derogation.

Claonaim, -ao, v. intr., I decline, bend, turn away; incline, lean.

Claonaine, g. id., pl. -price, m., an unjust or biassed person.

Claon-áμο, -áιμοe, a., steep, inclining.

Claon-áμο, m., an inclining steep; a crick in the neck.

Claon-manbam, m., mortification. Claon-manbam, -ao, v. tr., I

mortify. Claon-μύπας, -αιζε, α., perverse. Claon-júileac, -lije, a., squinteyed.

Ctaonta, p. a., bent, inclined, perverse, partial, prejudiced.

Claontabact (claontact), -a, f., aptness, disposition, prejudice.

Ctaoptha, g. id., pl. -10e, m., a cloister. See ctabptha and ctamptha.

Ctapóz, -óize, -óza, f., a leap; a kiss; a slap on the hand or face.

Clap-polar, m., morning or evening twilight.

Ctán, g. ctán, pl. ctána and ctánaca, dpl. ctánara and ctánaca, dpl. ctánara and ctánacaib, m., a level surface, a plain; a board, a table; a lid; a programme, a catalogue; a flat country, a large district; Ctán Danban, Ctán póota, Ctán tunc, etc., names for Ireland; ctán éadan, forehead; ctán m'éadan, my forehead; ctán

plough. Clápac, -aige, a., bare, bald; made of boards; belonging to the County Clare; broad-faced.

rcéite, the mould-board of a

Cláp-annmniużao, -ıżce, m., a title-page.

Ctán bént, g. id., m., a lid, a cover. Ctán-corac, -aiçe, a., splay-footed. Ctán nnrce, m., an index; table of contents.

Cláp mínište, m., a glossary.

Cláp na cuinneoize, m., a cover of a charn.

Ctápóz, -ó1ze, -óza, f., a small table; the bottom of a car or cart.

Cláp pluinne, m., a plank of a boat.

Clán perte, m., a board to edge a scythe with; a scythe-board.

Ctarpa, g. id., pl.-roe, m., a clasp (A.).

Ctaruiţim, -uţaō, v. intr. and tr., I make furrows, I trench; I make hollows in the sand as salmon do for spawning

cté, a., left (opp. to right); lefthanded; awkward, sinister, wicked (used as a prefix in this sense). Cléaban, -ann, m., a cleaver (A.). Cleact, -a, m., habit, practice.

Cteactac, -aize, a., used, accustomed (to, te).

Cteactao, -tta, m., wont, habit, practice, experience.

Cleactaim, -ao, v. tr. and intr., I am wont, am accustomed to; I practise, use, cherish.

Cleactamail, -mla, a, usual,

habitual, customary.

Cleactar, -air, m., habit, fashion, custom, mannerism.

Cleactuite, p. a., accustomed; τά mé c. teip, I am accustomed to it.

Cleamain, m., a son-in-law. See cliamain.

Cteaninac, -aiţe, a., having sonsin-law or connections by marriage.

Cleamnar, -air, m., marriage, affinity; alliance by marriage.

Cleamnuitim, -utao, v. intr., I make a marriage, match or alliance with (te).

Cleapac, -a, f, familiar (O'N.). Cleapac, -a, f, familiarity.

Ctear, -a, pl. id. and -anna, and ctir, m., a play, a game, sport; a feat, device, trick; craft; art, science; ctear oo oéanao, ctear o'imint an, to play a trick on; an ctear céaona oo oéanam teir, to do the same thing with it, to treat it in the same manner.

Cteapac, -aiże, a., tricky, wily,

playful; ingenious.

Cteaγaċτ, -a, f., sport, pastime. Cteaγaιὑeaċτ, -a, f., playing, pastime, illusion, sleight-ofhand, frolie, subtility, triek.

Cleariao, -aio, m., device; sport, game, amusement, sleight; act-

ing, juggling.

Ctearuióe, g. id., pl. -óte, m., an artful man, an actor, a juggler, a quack, a mountebank; a tugger (Om.).

Clearuizim, -użażo, v. tr. and intr., I sport, play, gambol, perform

feats.

Cleat, -a, -anna, m., a prince, a chieftain.

Cleat, -eite, -eata, f., a goad, a wattle, pole, stake; a fishingrod; cleat tiomána, a goad; cleat-allpin, a short stick with a knob.

Cteatac, -aite, a., ribbed, com-

posed of wattle-work.

Cleataine, g. id., pl. -nite, m., a rogue, a rustic, a sturdy beggar. See cleitine.

Cleataineact, -a, f., rusticity,

boldness.

Cleatan, -ain, pl. id., m., a stake, a pole; a pile or post; fig., a prince, a chief.

Cleatapáil, -ála, f., a severe beating, a dressing, a flogging.

Cleat-cup, m., a planting of trees; hence the correlative or collateral branches of a pedigree (P. O'C.).

Clearnaca, in phr. tá mo cleatnaca an leatao, my bosom is

Cléibín, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a small basket; a jug.

Cléin. See clian.

Cléinceac, -cize, a., clerical.

Ctérriceac, -cis, pl. id., m., a clergyman; a clerk.

Ctéipceact, -a, f., clerkship;

partnership.

Cléincear, -cir, m., the act of making up accounts, book-keeping, clerkship; ctéinescar, id.

Clémeac, -miz, pl. id., dpl. -picib, m., a cleric, a clerk, an accountant, a scrivener, a notary, a

secretary.

Clémeacz, -a, f., the state of a clergyman; clerkship, scholarship, accountantship.

Cleit. See cleat.

Cleite, g. id., pl. -eaca, f., an oar. Cterce, g. id., pl. -troe, m., a feather, quill, plume; a pen, quill-pen; ainm cterce, a pen-

Cleiteac, -tize, a., plumy, downy, feathery, flaky, craggy.

Cleiteac, -tis, m., coll., wings.

Cleiteacán, -áin, pl. id., m., a quillet; met., a thin or lazy person.

Cterceátaim, -áil, v. tr.. I knit

(Don.).

Cleiteamnar, -air, m., dependence (Con.).

Cterceán, -áin, pl. id., m., a penthouse; the eaves of a house.

Cleiceoz, -015e, -05a, f., a little quill or feather.

Cléiceoz, -015e, -05a, f., movable bottom of a creel.

Cleicižim, -iužao, v. tr., I plume or feather.

Cléitín, g. id., pl.-ioe, m., a breast, a chest. See cliat.

Ctercín, g. id., pl. -röe, m., the eaves of a house; the wattles or ribs of a house-roof (O'N).

Cleicineact, -a, f., wattling or lathing a house-roof (O'N.).

Cleitine, g. id., pl. -nroe, m., a sturdy person; a large, strong animal; anything strong and vigorous; cleicipe readain, a large herring; cleitine capaill, a strong horse; cleitine bacait, a strong, stout beggar; cleitine maroe, a strong, stout stick. See cleataine.

Cleic-miorcan, -ain, m., a private

grudge.

Cleit-phiocat, m., a goad.

Cleit tite (or cleit-taob), in house-roofing, the bars over the zaobám (or longtitudinal crossbars) to support the repair (er fibrous sod, generally heath). See cleitin.

Cté-támac, -aize, a., left-handed. Cleoò, -oiòe, -oòa, f., a horse-

fly.

Cleotap, -aip, m., a horse-fly

(Meath).

Ctí, g. id., f., chest, ribs, stomach, heart; the ribs of a boat; a successor (O'N.).

Clí, left-handed, etc. See clé.

Cliab, g. cléib, pl. id., m., a basket, a creel; a breast, bosom, chest, ribs.

Cliabac, -ais, -aise, m., a wolf, a

Cliabán, -áin, pl. id., m., a cradle, a basket, a cage; cliabán éin, a bird crib.

Cliabjiac, g. -ai \dot{z} , pl. -ai \dot{z} e or -aca, m., the breast; the side or trunk of the body; cliabnao, id.

Cliamain, g. cleamna, pl. cleamnaca, cliamnaca, m., son-in-law.

Clian, g. cléine, d. cléin, f., a band, a company; the clergy; the bards; strolling singers (nom. genly. cléin).

Clian, a bundle of reeds made by fishermen and burned on St.

John's Eve.

Clianac, -aize, a., belonging to the clergy, bards, etc.; having a large retinue.

Clianaroeact, -a, f., bardship;

psalmody.

Clianuide, g. id., pl. -ote, m., a bard, a minstrel, a songster.

Cliat, -léite, -liata, f., a hurdle, the treadles of a loom; a man's chest or side; the darning of a stocking; apparatus for keeping a poultice or bandage in its place; a plaster; a plate; a harrow; a spear, a pike; also cliat fuippide or ruippe, a harrow; c. táime, a handharrow; cliat ruazáta, sprig work, darning work; cliat reoit, loom-tackling; cliat cata, a body of men engaged in battle; cliat reancair, a genealogical table.

Cliatato, -tta, pl. id., m., a har-

row.

Cliatao, -tra, m., the copulation of certain animals, as boars, etc.; ctiataim is the corresponding verb (better clizim, from coilesc and cultsc, P. O'C., wrongly).

Cliataim, -tato, v. tr., I harrow.

Cliatamail, -mla, a., strong, stout, having a strong chest, stout-hearted.

Cliatán, -áin, pl. id., m., the side; one side of the chest or breast of an animal; the ribs; the breast; the side (of a hill); cliatán an bótain, the roadside; a small hurdle.

Cliatóz, -óize, -óza, f., a hurdle;

the chine or back.

Cliatóin, -óna, -óinióe, m., a harrower, one who makes hurdles.

Cliatitac, -aiz, -aize, m., a soft, swampy spot, passable only by means of hurdles.

Cliatramán, -áin, pl. id., m., a person or thing merely hanging together (Don.).

Cliat reoit, f., a weaver's tack-

ling. See cliat.

Cliat- \dot{r} lat, f., a hurdle.

Clib, -e, -eaca, f., an excresence; anything that dangles or hangs loosely from another; a tag, a tatter, a bush of hair.

See 511b.

Ctibin, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a dewlap; anything dependent from another; a bush of hair; a piece, a segment, a fragment; a little nag (Don.); a colt (O'N.). See 511bin.

Clibír, -e, -eaca, f., a tumult, noise, prattle; peevishness.

Clibireac, -rize, a., tumultuous, noisy; peevish.

Cliping, -e, -eaca, f., a leathern bottle, a water budget (also

citring, older form). Cting, -e, -eaca, f., a peal of bells;

a chime, a knell. Clinzíneac, -nize, a., sounding

like a bell; resonant. Clingine, g. id., pl.-proe, m., a bell-ringer.

Cliobac. See zliobac.

Ctiobóz, -óize, -óza, f., a colt, a filly; a coltish trick or gambol; a person with long untidy hair. See zliobóz.

Clioc, -a, -aioe (clic, Don.), m.,

a hook.

Ctíoona, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a person wasted from sickness (M.); a famous M. fairy.

Cl103ap, -a1p, pl. id., m., a croak-

ing, a croak.

Cliosapaim, vl. -sap, v. intr., I croak.

Cliomaine, -anica, f., the "strippings" of a cow.

Cliorcać, -aiże, a., bouncing,

rattling, skipping.

Ctiorcao (ctiorc), -aro, pl. id., m., a bouncing, a starting, a sparring.

Ct10tac, -a15, pl. id., m., a frame,

a skeleton (Ker.).

Cliotap, -aip, m., a rattling noise, clatter; cliocanáil, act of rattling, making a noise (M.).

Clipe, g.id., pl.-eaca, f., a barbed or hooked spear used in fishing; a hook, a snare (Ker. and else-

where).

Clipéao, -éio, -éaoaioe, m., the little cloth or leathern covering used to protect a weak or injured eye; a person (usually of females) whose hair is always unkempt, and hanging carelessly over the eyes.

Clip, -e, -eaca, f., a throb, a start,

a surprise.

Clireac, -rize, a., skittish; apt to start.

Clipeao, -ree, m., trembling

through fear (U.).

Clipizte, p.a., startled, frightened. Clipim, -reao, v. intr., I fail in a thing; it surpasses me; oo clip ré onm é béanam, it surpassed me to do it, I failed to do it; má chreann onc, if you fail; oo clip na racaroe, the potatoes failed (Con.) (also to toic na racaróe).

Clipim, -peao, v. intr., I start, jump, skip; clirim réin ar an coolao céaona, I start out of the same sleep (Art MacC.); clipear Saparo puar pá'n gáip, Garaidh starts up at the shout

 $(Don.\ Oss.\ poem).$

Clipte, indec. a., expert, dexter-

ous, skilled, active.

Clipte, indec. a., frightened, startled (U.). See ctipitie.

Clipteact, -a, f., skill, dexterity.

Cliceac, $-\tau_1\dot{\varsigma}$, $-\tau_1\dot{\varsigma}e$, m., the keel of a ship (Ker.); fig., the bowels, the heart (O'Ra.) See cliotsc.

Cticeán, -áin, pl. id., m., a thin or

narrow-chested person.

Cliú. See clú.

Cliúiceac, -ciże, a., famous, renowned.

Cliúceacc, -a, f., renown, fame (O'N.).

Cliútac, -aiże, a., famous, renowned.

ctó. See ctóo.

Clob, -a, m., a pair of tongs (commonly ttob or ttu in sp. l.).

Cloc, g. cloice, pl. cloca, f., a stone; a stone weight; a testicle; cloc leabaro and cloc mápail, upper and lower millstone (Om.); cloc na ruile, the pupil of the

Clóca, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a cloak

(A.).

Clocac, -aite, a., stony.

Clocao, -cca, m., act of stoning, paving.

Cloc-aizeantac, -aize, a., stony-

hearted.

Clocaim, -ao, v. tr., I stone, I

Clocaine, g. id., pl. -price, m., a stone-cutter, a stone-mason.

Clocameact, -a, f., masonry, quarrying.

Clocamail, -mla, a., stone-like,

heavy as stone.

Clocán, -áin, pl. id., m., a ruin, remains of an old fort; a heap of stones; stepping stones; a causeway; a pavement; Clocan na brómopac, the Fomorians' Causeway, a name for the Giants' Causeway in Antrim.

Cloc Ao11, f., limestone.

Clocan, -ann, pl. id., m., a stony

region, a rocky shore.

Clocaji, -aiji, pl. id., m., an assembly, congregation, college; a convent; an ecclesiastical structure; a stone church, e.g., Clocan Ouitis, St. Dolough's, near Dublin; cf. also Ctocamin, near Killarney.

Clocapán, -ám, pl. id., m., a conventualist, a hermit; also a bird called wheat ear (Achill).

Clocapián, -ánn (coll.), m., steppingstones across a stream; paving. Clocapióa, indec. α., set with

stones, stony.

Clocapnac, -ais, m., a wheezing in the throat. See slotan and slocapnac.

Cloc cinn, f., a headstone, a

tombstone.

Ctoc raoban, f., a hone, a whetstone; a sharpening-stone; a seythe-stone.

Cloċ $\dot{\tau}$ uail, f., the gravel. Cloċ $\dot{\tau}$ ainme, f., sandstone.

Cloc Soum, f., sulphate of copper. Cloc Suart, m., stone-coal, coal.

Cloc liobapáin, f., a grindingstone; c. liobta, id.

Cloc muilinn, f., a millstone.

Cloc mullais, f., a top or headstone.

Cloc na cinneamna, f., the stone of destiny. See lia páil.

Ctoc na rut, f., the apple of the

eye.

Clocóg, -ó1ze, -óza, f., a tract of land full of boulder stones (Mayo, etc.).

Ctoc-ópios, indec. a., golden-

jewelled.

Ctocpán, -án, pl. id., m., a bird called the stone-chatter; stepping-stones across a ford. See ctocapán.

Cloc neata, f., a rolling stone.

Cloc-ralann, m., rock-salt.

Ctoc reods, f., a precious stone.

Clocks, indec. a., stony.

Cloc tappainste, f., a loadstone. Cloc teineato, pl. cloca teineato, f., flint.

Cloc uaral, g. cloice uarrle, pl. cloca uarrle, f., a precious stone.

Ctóó (ctó), m., act of conquering, subjugation, defeat; variety, change.

Clóo, -s, m., a nail or spike.

Clóo, -a, m., stamp, type, print, impression made by nail or style

on wood, etc.; mould, form, appearance, character; cup 1 Sctoo, to print; 1 Sct. bacais, in the garb of a beggar (the word ctoo has a wide, if vague, application in poet. to the person, form, appearance, mould, character, etc.); pá ctoo, in type, printed; buatao pa ctoo, to print; cappains piao a ctoo, they drew a portrait of him (Om.); ni't ann act an ctoo, he is reduced to a skeleton.

Clooac, -aige, a., dirty, muddy,

stringy; also clavac.

Clódadóin, -óna, -óinide, m., a printer (also written clódóin). Clódam, -ad, v. tr., I print,

stamp.

Clóbaine, g. id., pl. -nice, m., a

printer; villainy, guile.

Ctóoaineacz, -a, f., printing; deception, guile.

Clovánač, -aiž, m., dirt, mud, slime.

Clovanán, a pool of water (with unree).

Clóöbuailim, -bualaö, v. tr., I print, stamp.

Clóo-buailte, p. a., printed.

Clóobualao, -ailte, m., a printing, a stamping.

Clóo-cupta. See clóobuailte.

Clóö-ġalap, -aip, m., a vertigo, a disease more than usually common among printers.

Clóduizim, -uzad, v. tr., I print,

stamp.

clos, g. cluis, pl. id., m., a bell, a clock; ceatain a clos, four o'clock; cao a clos é? what o'clock is it? cé méao a clos é? (Con.).

ctoz, -tuiz, pl. id., m., a blister, a bubble; a cluster, a bunch.

Clozać, -1/ze, a., stunning, deafening (also clazać).

Closac, -aise, a., blistering; rising up in bubbles as a fluid.

Clozao, -a10, pl. id. and -a0a, m., a helmet, a head-piece; a cone, a measure.

Clozaro, -e, -roe, f., a helmet.

Ctosaim, -ao, v. tr. and intr., I ring or sound a bell; I stun with noise.

Clozaim, -aö, v. tr., I blister; I become covered with blisters; I rise in bubbles.

Closaine, g. id., pl. -proe, a sexton, a bellman.

Closaineact, -a, f., the ringing of bells; the creating of a deafening or stunning noise.

Ctozán, -áin, pt. id., m., a little

bell; a small clock.

Clozán, -án, pl. id., m., a small blister; a little bubble on fluid.

Ctogapán, -án, pl. id., m., a little bell: c. ctéipeac, the little bell rung by the acolyte (clerk) at Mass, etc.; an empty, noisy person (Meath).

Clozannac, -aiz, m., a noise, a ringing of bells, a tinkling, a

stunning sound.

Clozcár, -áιr, pl. id., m., a belfry

(also ctozár).

Cloz-rhátao, -aroe, -arorite, f., a gnomon, the hand of a dial or clock.

Ctoic-béimneac, -níż, pl. id., m., a stamping, marking; as a., stamping, marking, imprinting, lithographing.

Ctóiceao, -a, pl. id., m., a printed

permission, a passport.

Ctoiceán, -áin, pl. id., m., a shrimp, a prawn; a crab-fish, or any little stone-fish; ctoiceos, id.

Ctoicín, g. id., -roe, m., a pebble,

a small stone.

Cloicheac, - μ iże, - μ eaca, f., a

stony place.

Cloic-pneacta, g.id., pl.id. and cloca-pneacta, m., hailstone (nom. also -tao, g. -tao).

Clore, m., act of digging, erect-

ing. See claroisim.

Cloroeam. See claroeam. (The word is pron. cloroeam in M.)

Cloizeann, -zinn, pl. id., dpl. cloiznib, m., also y. -zne, f., the skull, the head; the head of a spoon or ladle; one (in reckoning

persons, U.); aon ctoizeann oéaz, eleven persons; oeic zctoizne (zctaizne), ten persons.

Ctorsin, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a little bell; an ear-bob or ear-pendant; clotted or caked dung hanging from the tails and hind quarters of sheep about May; also, a little blister, a small bubble.

Ctoisineac, -nise, a., belonging to little bells, bobs, or pendants; belonging to curled or frizzled

hair.

Cloizineact, f., the act of denouncing from the altar, scolding (Don.); noise; the ringing of little bells.

Cloiz-méan, m., the hour-hand or

finger of a dial-plate.

Cloigneac, -nige, a., pertaining to skulls.

Cloigneacán, -áin, pl. id. m., a blockhead.

Cloizteat, -tiże, -tiżte, m., a belfry, a round tower.

Ctoir, -e, -eaca, f., the stinking marsh, or horse-tail (O'N.).

Clórpéao, -éro, pl. id., m., a closet, a study.

Clorreall, f., act of hearing, listening (Con.).

Clóircín, g. id., pl. -ibe, m., a closet; dim. of clór.

clorpan(t), act of hearing, listening. See vo-clumm.

Cloiceoz, -015e, -05a, f, a shrimp, a prawn.

Clom, g. id., m., a pair of tongs; an instrument to dress flax. See clob.

Clópán, -áin, pl. id., m., an earthchestnut or pignut. See culapán.

ctor, act of hearing, listening; also p. a. of oo-ctunnin, was heard.

Ctór, a small out-office, a yard (M.).

Clú, g. id., m. and f., praise, fame, renown.

ctuain, -ana, f., flattery, dissimulation; tuct ctuana, flatterers; a trick, deception; an real s

cuin ctuain an an mbar, the man who tricked death (name of Man folk tale)

of Mon, folk-tale), luain, g, cluana, pl

ctuain, g. ctuana, pl. -anta and -inte, f., a meadow, pasture land; common in place names, as ctuain meata, Clonmel; na ctuainte, Cluens, a townland in Co. Cork.

Cluamite, g. id., pl. -tite, m., a coaxer, a wheedler, a deceiver.

Cluainioeact, -a, f., roguishness, flatterv.

Cluamiteact, -a, f., hypocrisy, dissimulation, deception, flattery, treachery.

Cluain-lin, -line, f., corn spurry. Cluainteopact, -a, f., deceit,

crookedness, flattery.

Cluairín, g. id., pl. -ioe, m., a pulling of the ear; a box in the ear; a little ear; a kind of shell-fish with both sides hollow (Ker.).

Cluartiat, f., coltsfoot.

Ctuair-reoro, -e, pl. id., f., an ear-ring.

Cluanac, -aiże, a., flattering, deceitful.

Ctuaname, g. id., pl. -moe, m., a deceitful man; a flatterer, a hypocrite.

Cluanaineact, -a, f., flattery,

coaxing, deceit.

Cluanareac, -pige, a., retired, remote.

Cluanóz, -ó1ze, -óza, f., a retired place, a bower, a little meadow.

Cluantóin, -óna, -óinite, m., a flatterer, a jovial fellow (C. M.).

Cluanui de, g. id., pl. -de, m., a cajoler, a flatterer.

Cluațián, -áin, pl. id., m., a thistle, a sponge.

Ctuapánac, -aiţe, a., abounding in thistles.

Cluar, -aire, -a, f., an ear; a handle; cuin ré c. ain réin, he listened intently; 'ré cuzar im' cluaraib tiom, it is what I understood, as I understood it; ná véan é rin an vo cluair, don't do that for your life (if you value your ear); bain bánn

you in all confidence that (with neg.); att na ctuaire, the mastoid process behind the ear.

Ctuarac, -aiz, pl. id., m., one hard of hearing; one who has continually to "cock his ears" in

order to hear.

Cluarac, -aite, a., having ears or handles; long-eared.

Cluarane, g. id., pl. -noe, m., a person with remarkable hearing.

Cluarán, -áin, pl. id., m., a pillow; a bothered or stupid person (Clare).

Cluaránac, -ait, -aite, m., a blockhead; one having big ears.

Cluarán riada, m., melancholy thistle.

Ctuar-aoitnear, m., the hearing of pleasant sounds; delight obtained through the sense of hearing.

Cluar carcín, f., wake robin,

aurum maculatum.

Cluar-vailte, g. id., f., deafness. Cluar-vailt, -ailte, a., stupid, dull, deaf.

Cluar- \dot{r} áil, -e, -iòe, f., an ear-

ring $(O'N_{\cdot})$.

Cluar-rainne, g. id., pl. -nive, m., an ear-ring. See cluar-rail.

Cluap-żalap, m., a disease of the ears.

Cluap-luc, -uice, f., creeping mouse-ear, hierasium pilosella.

Ctuap-maotán, -ánn, pl. id., m., the soft tip of the ear.

Clubán veaps, m., dodder.

Ctúo, -ú10, pl. id., m., a rag, a patch; sheltering; clothes, covering.

Ctúpac, -aiţ, m, covering, clothes; act of clothing, covering; ctúpac tae, wearing apparel; ctúpac oitce, nó teaptan, night covering, bed-clothes; ctúpac titheac, an envelope.

Clúdao, -ota, m., act of covering,

clothing.

Clúpaim, -oac and -aò, v. tr., I cover, thatch, clothe; cherish.

Clúocine, g. id., pl. -proe, m., a thatcher; a botcher, a cobbler.

Clúouisim, -usao, and -oac and -oao, v. tr., I cover, clothe, shelter.

Cluouitce (clúoca), p. clothed, covered, protected, thatched.

Clusán, -áin, pl. id., m., a cluster, a bunch.

Cluzánac, -aize, a., clustering.

Cluice, g. id., pl. cluicte and -cioe, m., a game at cards; a sport, a pastime; funeral games; a rite or ceremony; a rout, pursuit, a battle (O'N. has ctuic, nom.); pron. cluipe (Con.).

Cluiceac, -cize, a., gamesome; playing tricks, indulging in pas-

times.

Cluiceamail, -mla, a., sportive, ludicrous.

Cluice caointe, g. id., pl. -cte caointe, m., a funeral game, a tragedy.

Cluiceoz, -013e, -03a, f., a little

trick, a prank, a game,

Cluicioeacc, -a, f., playing of games; te ceot ip te c. (Oss. poem).

Cluicim, -ceao, v. tr., I hunt, pursue, rout, run down.

Cluicte, pl., funeral games or solemnities. See cluice.

Clúro, -e, -eaca, f., a corner, an angle; ctúro na rút, the corner of the eye; 1 3c. cipc, rightly proportioned (of the body); a nook; the arms, as a stay for a baby, etc.; a recess, a corner; protection; society.

Cluizín, g. id., pl. -rõe, m., a bell, a little bell; a prattler; a block-

head.

Cluizineact. See cloizineact. Cluizinim, -neact, v. tr., I ring, make a tinkling noise with a

bell, etc.

Cluisteac, -tise, -tiste, m., a belfry, a steeple (O'N.); also cloizteac.

Clúim-ealta, a feathered flock, a

flock of birds.

Cluimne, f., a feather; cluimpe,

Cluimpeac, - μ iże, f., feathers, plumage; ceo ctuimnite, deplumation in a fight between birds (Don.); shaggy hair.

Clumm, v. irreg. (see parad.); v. tr., I hear, listen to. See oo-

ċluınım.

Cluinn, -e, -ce, f., a mine (O'N). Cluinnesc, -ni $\dot{\varsigma}$, -ni $\dot{\varsigma}$ e, m_{\bullet} , a miner (O'N.).

Ctuinniste, p. a., undermined

(O'N.).

Ctumpin, -e, f., the act of hearing (U.); it becomes clumpum in Don.

Cluince, p.a., heard, listened to. Clumceac, -cise, a, listening, attentive.

Cluinteoip, -opa, -oipioe, m., a hearer, an auditor.

Clumceomacc, -a, f., a hearing, a listening.

Cluipéao, -éio, -éaoaiöe, m., the little covering used to protect a sore or weak eye. See clipéao.

Cluipioe, g. id., pl. -oioe, m., a corner; the pockets or folds in clothing.

Cluice. Cluice céilide = cuaipo, a visit (O'N.). See cluice.

Clúm, g. clúim, pl. id., m. (collect.), feathers; down, plumage; hair on the face or other parts of the body (except the head).

Ctúmac, - $a_1\dot{z}$, m., down, plumage;

fig., wealth, riches.

Clúmac, -aize, a., abounding in plumage or down; rich, wealthy.

Clumao, -aio, m., support, protection (O'Ra.).

Clúmail, -mla, a., renowned.

Ctúmaim, -ao, v. tr., I deplume, shear.

Clúman, -ane, a., famous, renowned.

Clúm trat, m., verdigris, rust, mildew.

Clúmitac, - Aije, a., feathered, downy, hairy.

Ctún, -úin, pl. id., m., aftermath of grass (Don.).

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Clúngaint, -e, -ioe, m., an emaciated person or animal; one prematurely born (W. Ker.).

Clúnacán, -áin, pl. id., m. a dwarfish sprite (M.); also cluta-

nacán.

Clucamicín, g. id., pl. -ioe, m., "sweet potato," a kind of nut or edible bulb found along river banks.

Ctútamait, -mta, a., renowned, famous. See clumait.

Clutanacán, -ánn, pl. id., m., a

dwarfish sprite (M.).

Clutman, -aine, a., close, warm, comfortable, well-sheltered; uirce c., warm water (Don.); also cluman.

Cnabaim, -ao, v. tr., I pull, haul, batter, beat violently; also

cnapaim.

Chábaine, g. id., pl. -niõe, m., ahemp-breaker, a flax-breaker.

Chábaine, g. id., pl. -nioe, m., a hearty, stout fellow; a scoffer, a satirist (= cneamaine).

Cnáoán, -áin, pl. id., m., a frog, a toad; groaning, complaining; act of complaining.

Chaoán, -áin, pl. id., m., a burr

growing on the burdock.

Cnáoánuroe, g. id., pl. - $\dot{o}\dot{\tau}e$, m., a complainer, a grumbler.

Charap, -aip, pl. id., m., a boat; c. bánca, a barque's life-boat; c. tuinge, a ship's boat.

Cháotaint, -anta, f., draining, exhausting; suckling; milking

vigorously.

Chaz, -a1z, pl. id. and chaza, m., a skein of thread (B.): the "bool" used in playing

Cnaz, -a1z, pl. id., and -aza, m., a crack, a split, a wrinkle; a knob, a peg; a knock, a blow.

Cnazac, -aize, a., having fissures,

wrinkled, cracked.

Cnazavi, g. -aiv and -5ta, pl. id., m., a splitting, a knock-down, a rap, a blow; béapraio mire c. ouit, I'll give you a thrashing (Con.).

Cnazavánín, g. id., pl.-roe, m., a hardy, wiry little person.

Chazaim, -ao, v. intr. and tr., I break, crack, make a noise : I beat, strike.

Chazaine, g. id., pl. -proe, m., a noggin, the fourth part of a pint.

Chazaine, g. id., pl. -niõe, m., a

knocker, a cracker.

Chazaine, g. id., pl. -proe, m., a division of land, about 16 acres English (Aran).

Chaz-Aoir, f., an advanced or considerable age. (A similar use of cnas is found in other com-

pounds.)

Chazannac, - α iże, f., a crackling or rustling noise; a knocking; a smiting; act of crackling, knocking, smiting: 17 Ann 00 cloirreá an Saeoils as chasannais, it's there you would hear the Irish "rattling," being spoken vigorously.

Cnaz-bnuicce, par-boiled (Aran). Cnasós, -ó1se, -ósa, f., a blow,

on the face, etc.

Cnazóz, -ó1ze, -ó5a, f., a wrinkled or furrow-faced woman (O'N.).

Cnáib, -e, f., hemp, a hempen cord; chocaine na cháibe, a villain, a hangman; rhar cháibe, hempseed; cnáib uirce, neck waterweed, hemp agrimony.

Cnáibeac, -biže, a., hempen.

Cháro, -e, -roe, f., a scoff, a jeer, a flout; vexation, annoyance (contr. from conáio).

Chároeac, -oize, a., vexing, scoff-

ing, jeering.

Cháioim, vl. cháio, v. intr., I jest, jeer, deride, scoff. (This word, P. O'C. says, is a great solecism in language, and never used by a good writer.)

Chároteac. See chároeac.

Cnaižim, -žeao, v. tr., I gnaw, fret, bite, chew, corrode.

Chaisín, g. id., pl. -rôe, m., a noggin; a little crack: a fissure.

Chaisteac, -tise, a., gnawing, chewing.

Cnáim-†iac, -aiš, pl. id., m., a rook,

Cnáim-żeappaó, -pża, m., a bonecutting, disjointing, lacerating; fighting.

Cnáim-péabao, -bta, m., bone-

breaking, wrenching.

Cnáim-peaman, -peimpe, a., thick-boned.

Cnáim-μiże, f., an arm or cubit; a cubit in length.

Cnáimpeac, -pije, -peaca, f., a midwife.

Cnáimreáit, -áta, f., act of complaining, grumbling.

Cnáimpeoin, -ona, -oinioe, m., a man midwife; a grumbler.

Cnaipe, g. id., pl. -pròe, m., a button; tuit pé 'n-a chaipe, he fainted; tá mo c. véanta, I am undone.

Cnaipeacóip, -ópa, -óipice, m., a button-maker.

Chaipín, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a little lump or knot, a small button.

Cnáireacán, -áin, pl. id., m., a grunter, a grumbler (O'N.) (=cnáimreacán).

Charre, g. id., pl. -troe, m., the outside stretcher of a bed; a lazy person.

Chairtín, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a bat,

a club, a cudgel.

Cnám, -áim, -áma, m., a bone; c. an núta, the fore-arm; c. muinéit, the collar bone; c. rtuairte, the hip bone; c. onoma, the backbone.

Cnámac, -aiże, a., bony.

Cnámattac, -aiz, -aca, m., a skeleton; a stalk, as a potato stalk; cnámattac mainte, a bony cow (Om.).

Cnámantac cnáibe, m., hemp-

stalk.

Cnámtac, -aize, -aca, f., a big fire, a conflagration, a bonfire; a skeleton.

Cnám-tur, m., samphire.

Cnám-manzao, m., shambles.

Cnám-món, -mónne, gross-boned, thick-boned.

Cnámitóz, -ó1ze, -óza, f., a remnant; potatoes with the starch extracted.

Cnamum, -e, f., a gangrene.

Cnaoi, g. id., m., consumption; wasting.

Cnaoroim, vl. cnaor, v. tr., I consume, eat, swallow; I gnaw; intr., I pine, waste away (better cnargim, which see).

Cnaorote, p. a., weak, wasted,

exhausted, powerless.

Cnap, -aip, pl. -aparoe, and -aca, m., a lump, a mass; a knob, a ball, a button; anything dense; a dense human head; a blow, a rap, a hard knock; cnap phata, a good "lump" of a potato; ta ré na cnap, he is sound asleep.

Cnápac, -ai \dot{z} , -ai \dot{z} e, m., an ugly or ungainly person; c. rmut-caire (O'Ra.), cf. zeaira-c.

(McD.).

Cnapac, -aiże, a., knotty, knobby, bossy, lumpy.

Cnapáit, -áta, f., act of beating, striking; a beating, a smiting.

cnapaim, -aö, v. tr., I collect into little lumps, heap; I roll up clothes, etc.; raise lumps on, strike. See cnabaim.

Cnapaine, g. id., pl. -nioe, m., a strong, stout man; a striker;

a louse.

Cnapán, -áin, pl. id., m., a knob; anything large or stout; a lump; an excresence; in pl., cnapáin, lumps in the throat; cnapán uib, a large egg.

Cnapánac, -aite, a., rough, rugged,

uneven, knotty.

Cnapóς, -όιζε, -όςa, f., a little lump; a tuft; the nap of cloth (in pl.); a hillock.

Chap reappa, m., a stumbling

block.

Cnapuiţim, -pao, v. tr., I collect into little lumps, heap; raise lumps on, strike. See cnapam.

Cnear, -eard and -erroe, pl. -eardanna, f., a sigh; a groan, a pant, a grunt, (of animals); pain causing a groan.

Cneao, g. cneroe, d. cnero, pl. -A and -aca, gpl. cneao, f., a wound, a scab, a sore; cneao chároce, bitter destruction; aor cneao, the wounded; cnéao, in Don.

cne

Cneadac, -baise, a., wounded,

wound-giving.

Cneadac, - a_1 , pl. id., m., a wound-

giver.

Cneadac, -aize, f., act of complaining, sighing, groaning, grunting, as cheadais, grunt-

Cneadac, -aize, a., grunting, com-

plaining.

Cneadaim, -oac, v., intr., I sigh, groan, grunt (as an animal); pant from exertion.

Cheadaine, g. id., pl. -nide, m., a

surgeon.

Cheadameact, -a, f., surgery.

Cneam, -a, m., garlic, wild garlic. Cneamaine, g. id., pl.-proe, m., a mean fellow, a knave, a rogue; cnéamaine (Con.).

Cneamaineact, -a, f., meanness,

low knavery.

Cnear, -eir, pl.-eir and -ears, m., the skin, bark, rind; waist, neck, breast; complexion; the trunk or body of a tree; cualtne cheir, the extreme peg in a warping frame (also f., cf., 'n-a cnea).

Cnearac, -aize, a., belonging to the trunk of a tree, etc.; having

skin or rind.

Cneararoeact, -a, f., familiarity, bed-fellowship; surgery, healing.

Cnear-Aotta, a., white-skinned; of a bright, lime like appearance.

Cnear-zoin, -zona, f., act of skin-

wounding.

Cnearta, p. a., modest, mild, eventempered, humane, civil, gentle, courteous, honest; also healed, brought to a skin (as a wound).

Cneartact, -a, f., modesty, mildness, honesty; healing, bringing to a skin (as a wound.)

Cnearuzao, -uizce, m., healing, act of healing; improvement; a cure.

Cnearuroe, g. id., pl. -oce, a comrade, a companion, a bed-fellow (one that joins his skin to another's); a surgeon, a healer, one that brings on a skin.

cno

Cnearuizim, -uzao, v. tr., I heal,

cure; intr., I heal up.

Cnioct, -a, m., a soldier, a knight. Cníopao, -pta, m., a striving, a struggling.

Cníopaine, g. id., pl. -niòe, m., a poor, mean-spirited rogue.

Cníopaineact, -a, f., meanness, mean roguery.

Cniocálaim, -áil, v. tr., I knit.

Cnip, -e (cneip), f., the opening in the warp made by the gears of the loom in weaving. See cnear.

Cniceáilim, -eáil, v. tr., I knit

(A.). See cniotálaim.

Cnó (cnú), g. id., pl. cná and cnóice, dpl. cháib, m. and f., a nut, a filbert; cnó phanncac, a walnut; cnó zeanmnaro, a chestnut; cnó Kaeoealac, a hazel-nut; cnó mitre, an earth-nut; chó caoc, a blighted nut; cnó cuitt, a hazel-nut.

Cnoc, g. cnuic, pl. id. and cnoca, m., a hill, a height, a mountain; an impediment; a difficulty; mo cnoc! alas! nuo oo tabant oon cnoc, to vomit something; pron. choc often in Con. and U. Cnocać, - α_1 , α_2 , hilly, uneven.

Chocaineact, -a, f, sauntering

about the hills.

Cnocán, -áin, pl. id., m., a hillock, a height; mo cnoc ir mo cnocán rada zuint! woe, woe, alas!

Cnocánac, -aize, a., hilly, uneven. Chocap, -aip, m., coll., hills (top.).

Cnó-coill, f., a nut-grove.

Cnoc-tonn, -tuinne, pl. -tonnta, f., a wave mountain high.

Chóosipe, g. id., pl. -proe, m., a nut-crackers; a dealer or gatherer in nuts.

Cnóbameact, -a, f., a gathering of nuts; a dealing in nuts.

Cnoicín, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a little hill; "an Cnoicin Phaoic," "The Little Heathery Hill," a well known air; also cnuicín.

Cnóman, -anne, a., abounding in nuts.

Cnópac, -aiz, m., act of gathering (nuts, etc.); heaping together. See chuapac.

Cnota, g. id., pl.-aroe, m., a knot; a bow of ribbons; a cockade; "An Cnota Dán," "The White Cockade," a well known air.

Cnú. See cnó.

Cnuar, -air, pl. id., m., a collection; treasure; recollection, reflection.

Cnuarac, -ais, m., act of gathering (fruit, etc.); heaping together; a cluster (of grapes, nuts, etc.).

Chuapact, -a, f., a storing; a treasure; reflection.

Cnuaram, -ao, v. tr., I collect, gather, glean.

Chuapaine, g. id., pl. -niòe, m., a collector, a gatherer.

Chuaptan, -ain, m., a heap, a collection.

Chuaptóin, -óna, -ónnioe, m., a collector, a gatherer; a miser.

Cnuaruizim, -rac, v. tr., I gather, glean, collect, heard, scrape together. See cnuaram.

Cnucaiμτ, - αμτα, f., act of "footing" turf, i.e., setting it on end in small heaps to dry (heard in some parts of M.).

Cnúoán, -áin, pl. id., m., a gurnet,

a gurnard (fish).

Cnusa, g. id., pl. -10e, m., the end of a hammer, a lump, a hard head; a round prominent forehead; the thole-pin of a boat or canoe.

Chuzaine, g. id., pl. -mioe, m., a person with a round prominent forehead.

Cnuim, -uime, -uima, f., a worm, a maggot, a mite (nom. also cnuim).

Cnumeac, -mite, a., abounding in worms or maggots.

nument -015e -074

cnumeoz, -01ze, -0za, f., a worm, a maggot, a mite (nom. also cnumóz).

Cnumeozać, -aiże, a., abounding in worms or maggots.

Chucantán, -áin, pl. id., m., a pignut.

Co, prep., also sign of adverb, now

written 50.

Có-, có1-, sometimes used in compounds for cóm, cóm, cóm, con, con, particularly before some words beginning with c or z.

Cóbac, -a15, pl. id., m., a clown, a

boor, a churl.

cobait, g. cobta, pl. id. and cobteaca, f., an enclosure; a woman's stays, etc. See cabait.

Cobain. See cabain.

Coblac, -lais, pl. id., m., a fleet; a tax (Aran); ni't maoin na coblac aise, he has neither wealth nor the means of acquiring it; the ruined walls of a house. See cablac.

Cobraro, -e, a., strong, firm,

steady.

Cobratoeact, -a, f., valour,

bravery, strength.

Cobtac, m., a sudden blast of wind (M).

Coc, -a, pl. id., m., a cock, a tuft; a decoration worn on the head; the comb of a cock.

Coca, g. id., pl. -aroe, m., a cock (as of hay, etc.).

Cócaine, g. id., pl. -piróe, m., a cook.

Cocaine, g. id., pl. -price, m., an impertinent fellow.

Cócaineact, -a, a cooking, cookery. Cocaineact, -a, f., impertinence.

Cocall, -aill, pl. id., m., a cloak, a hood, a mantle, a cope or chasuble; the cowl of a monk or wizard; a bag; a sort of pocket net; a bush of furze, etc.; a curl, a plait (of the hair); a pod, a husk or shell; the round pad women wear on their heads for protection when carrying anything heavy (as gallons of water); the perieranium; a frown; anger, wrath, fury; cuip cocall ont réin, bestir yourself, get into an earnest mood; tá cocatt as react and, he is getting furious, preparing to fight; out 1 scocatt a céite, to tear one another's heads.

Cocattac, -aize, a., hooded, robed; earnest; angry; bushy, husky,

capsular.

Cocán, -áin, pl. id., m., a curl, a plait of the hair; a top-knot (dim. of coc).

Cocán, -áin, m., straw.

Cocánac, -aise, a., in curls (of the hair), in knots.

Coctac, -ais, pl. id., m., a fillet, a hair lace.

Coctac, -aize, a., braided, filleted. See cocattac.

Cocoit, -e, f., a burr; common burdock; a country lout.

Cocóit, -óta, -óiti $\dot{o}e$, f., a cap worn in a flaunting fashion; a "euckold" (cocóitín, dim.); also cocót, g. and pl. -ó11.

Cocnot, -A, pl. id., m., a target, a

shield.

Cóo, -ó10, pl. id., m., a pledge, an assurance; oo cuin ré man cóo onm, he enjoined on me to do so.

Covail, -valta, and covlata (pron. collata), f., sleep, act of sleeping.

Covailteac, -tije, -tijte, m., a bed-chamber.

Cooat, -ait, m., a kind of fish.

Covalac, -aiže, a., quarrelsome; raging; raippe c., an angry sea (Aran).

Cooaltac, -aite, a., sleepy, drowsy. Covaltać, - α_1 ż, - α_1 że, m., a sleeper.

Covaltact, -a, f., sleepiness, drowsiness.

Covaluive, g. id., pl. -vite, m., a sleeper; a dormitory.

Cooam, -aim, m., dandriff.

Cooanmán, -áin, pl. id., m., a boor, an ignorant rustic; cooamán, id.

Cooanmánac, -aize, a., vulgar, low; nac c. an maire ouic é? was it not a low, vulgar act on your part?

Covammanta, indec. a., boorish,

low, vulgar, awkward.

Coosprna, a., contrary, conflicting, adverse.

Coolao, -valta, and -vlata, m., sleep, act of sleeping; cootao ominitic, numbness, stupor; "pins and needles"; cootao oiúicilín, id. (Aran); cootao onútacám, id. (Kildare); coolso zlúpaic, id. (Meath); coolso onunaic, id. (Mon.); coolao zlúnazám, id. (Don.); cootao opiútaic (Con.).

Coolao Spibiin, numbness or tingling feeling in arm or leg from imperfect circulation or

over-rest (M.).

Coolaroín, -e, -roe, m., white poppy, opium.

Coolaim, -olao, 2 s. imper. cooail, fut, and cond. corpeot- and coptóc-, I sleep (also cootuţim).

Coolacán, -áin, pl. id., m., a trout; a sleeper (Om.); na react 5000-Latáin, the seven sleepers, i.e., seven birds that hibernate.

Coonac, -ais, -ais, m., a lord, a

chief, a captain.

Coonac, -aize, a., charitable, kindhearted, generous.

Coonacar, -air, m., patronage, protection, generosity.

C0005, -013e, -03a, f., a haddock. Cooparoeanta, tidy, neat (Con.).

Coonomia, indec. a., uncivilized, foreign, strange.

Córna, g. id., pl. -aroe, m., a chest. a coffer.

Cozać, -aiże, a., warlike, appertaining to war.

Cozaó, g. -aró, pl. -aró and -zċa, m., war, battle.

Cozaim, -a \dot{o} , v. tr., and intr., 1 war, make war.

Cozaint, -anta, f., act of chewing, gnawing; cozaint riacla, gnashing of teeth; as cosaint hόμοόιζε, chewing thumb, with a view to foretelling; as cosaine na cipe, chewing the cud; casaint in Con. and *U*. generally.

Cozal, -ail, m., corn-cockle, tares, herb-cockle; a bearded ear of barley; alloy; cozat veans, cockle-weed; cozat

purple violet.

Cosamait, -mta, a., warlike. Cozamlacz, -a, f., warfare.

Cozanrac, -ais, m., the jaws; the grinders; the back part of the palate.

Cozantać, -aiże, a., gnawing,

biting.

Cozan, -ain, m., a whisper; cozain! cozain a leit cuzam, cozain annro, come here till I tell you; conspiracy, mutiny; o'an 5co-ΣΔη, conspiring against us; tá a mille ó cosan oo cuin, the day it was plundered he caused it to cease from conspiring.

Cozannac, -aiże, f., act of whispering, conspiring, plotting; a plot, a whispering, a conspiracy.

Cozannac, -aiz, -aize, m., a con-

spirator, a whisperer.

Cozna \dot{o} , -zanta, m., chewing, ruminating, gnashing of teeth. See cozaint.

Cognaim, - Saint and - Snao, 2s. imper. cozain, v. tr., I chew, bite, gnaw.

Coznač (cozanač), -aiż, -aiże, m., a conspirator, a whisperer.

Cozpać, -aiże, a., whispering, conspiring (also cozapać).

Cozpaó, -zapica, m., a conspiracy. Cospaim, vl. cosap and cosapnac, v. tr., I whisper, attend, hearken to; cozain i leit cutam is used as an invitation to a secret colloquy.

Coztać, -aiże, a., rebellious, quar-

relsome.

Costat, - a_1 , - a_1 , - a_1 , a warrior. Cozubar, -air, m., the conscience. See cosar.

Cozubrac, -aize, a., conscientious. Cozurrioe, pl., medicine, drugs; dainties; c. voctúpa, doctor's medicine (Don.).

Cóib, -e, -éanna, f., a copy; a priest's vestment or cope $(O'N_{\cdot})$.

Coibce, g. id., pl. -eaca, f., hire, wages, pay, debt.

Coibéir, -e, f., equity, justice, impartiality.

Corbérpeac, -prize, a., just, equitable, impartial.

Corbléin, -éana, -éinice, m., a cobbler (A.).

Co: $bl_1\dot{5}e$, g. id., pl. $-\dot{5}\dot{c}e$, m., the law of correlatives, such as lord and vassal.

Cóibnear, -nip, -nearta, m., a neighbour, relation; neighbourhood. See commear.

(coiction, Cóicroir coistif, cóistióir), -e, -eaca, f. See cóictizear.

Coictigear, -gir, pl. id., m., a fort-night or fifteen days.

Coroce, adv., ever; always; with neg., never (time to come); A c., for ever; somet. corocinn (Con.).

Coroear, -or, pl. id., m., anti-

pathy.

Corpeac, -15 (cuarreac), m., a squall or sudden gust of wind (Con.).

Cóippín, g. id., pl. -rôe, f., the pix that holds the consecrated

Host

Có15, .1. cú15, five.

Coischioc, -ice, -ioca, f., a foreign country; an conschic, on a neighbour's land (Tyrone).

Coischíoc, -íce, a., strange, foreign. Coischioc, -his, pl. id. and -hioca, m., a stranger, a foreigner (co15chiżesc, id.).

Coizchiocac, -aize, a., strange, foreign, remote; pertaining to the confines or marches of a country; also as subs., stranger, a foreigner.

Coischiocar, -air, pl. id., m., distance or remoteness of country. Cóize, cóizeao. See cúizeao.

Coizeat, -eile and -eats, pl. -est-Aca, f., a distaff; the portion of flax, etc., placed on a distaff to be spun (also coizéal and co15101).

Coizealac, -aiz, m., the quantity of flax, hemp, etc., on a distaff; fig., an awkward, untidy person,

with unkempt hair.

Coizeal namban piòe, g. coizeite, 7c., great cat's tail, or reedmace; typha latifolia.

Cóizéile (cóim-céile), q. id., pl. -tive, m., a companion; also coiste (U.).

Coisil. See coiseal.

Coisite, -e, f., act of sparing, reserving; saving up; covering over; a raking up of the fire to preserve it.

Coistim, -31tz, v. tr., I spare, reserve, hide, cover over; as coisile na teinearo, covering up fire-sparks with ashes to preserve them.

Coistisim, v. tr., I escort, I accompany (P. O'C.); oo coiztizear a baite é, I escorted him home.

Coitbin, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a small shaft or stem; a shank, a stalk, a shoot, a twig; a bud, a sprig, a sprout of a plant; a small post, a pillar or pedestal (dim. of colba).

Coileac, -lis, pl. id., m., a cock, a male bird; conteac reada, a woodcock, a pheasant; coileac rnanncać, a turkey (male); coileac rhaoic, m., a grouse (male); conteac zaonce, weather cock.

Coiteán, -áin, pl. id., m., a whelp, a puppy, a young dog; coiteán uarat, an enchanted whelp.

Coiléanac, -aize, a., having collars or capes.

Coiléin, -éana, -éinide, m., a collar; also a quarry, pit, mine. See coméal.

Coitzneac, -nize, a., irritable. Coits-rearam, $g_{\cdot,\cdot}$ -raim and -rma, m., standing erect; o'éipiz ré'na \dot{c} ., he stood up straight (M.).

Contace, g. id., f., the colic, gripes. Coilizín, g. id., m., the colic.

Coilíneac, -niż, pl. id., m., a colonist; somet. coilín.

Coilíneact, -a, f., a colony. Cóilíp, -e, -caca, f., cabbage.

Contite, g. id., m., the central sheaf in a corn-stack; the heart or centre of a thing; the middle of a stream (also cuilite).

Coilitin, g. id., pl. -ive, m., a billow (W. Ker.). See contite.

Coill, -e, -ce, f., a wood, a grove; coitt čnó, a hazel wood (gen. also contleat in Don.).

Coille (probably from callenda), the first day of the year, New Year's Day; tá réite coitte, or tá Coitte, Feast of Circumcision; in North and West, New Year's Day is called nootais beas and lá nootas beas.

Coilleao, -loe, m., castration,

the act of gelding.

Coilleannac, -ais, -aise, m., a woody place.

Coillim, vl. coille (sp. l.), coilleso, v. tr., I geld, castrate; I ruin, destroy (often spelled caillim and caille).

Coillín, g. id., pl.-roe, m., a small hazel wood; a small hazel nut

(dim. of coll).

Coill-miar, -méire, -miara, f., a wooden dish or bowl.

Coille, p. a., gelded, castrated; ruined, destroyed.

Coillteac, - τ_1 ;, pl. id., m., a wooded place.

Coillteamail, -mla, a., woody. Coillteán, -áin, pl. id., m., an

eunuch; a gelding. Coillteánac, -Ais, pl. id., m., a

gelding.

Coillteoip, -opa, -oipioe, m., a woodman, a wood-cutter.

Coilleoin, -ona, -óinióe, m., one who castrates, gelds.

Contine, g. id., f., hardness.

Coilmeact, -a, f., harshness, hardness.

Cóim, prep. cóm, in composition before a consonant followed by a slender vowel or diphthong; equal, as (akin to Latin con-, co-, com-); often it is only strengthening, and in some cases does not even intensify much, as cómboear sometimes means little more than simply vear.

Com, -e, f., skirt, bosom; covering; ra c., under protection; collog., underhand, secret; ruain cozan raoi coim ó ainppionaio, who got a secret whisper from an evil spirit (Meath song); com rá cit, a protection from a shower; rotac rá com, concealment.

Cóimbeigim, v. tr. and intr., I contribute.

Cóimbeoouizim, -uzao, v. tr., I quicken.

Cóimbit, -beata, m., life, coexistence.

Cóimbiliozacao, -cta, m., consubstantiation.

Cóimbureao, -ree, m., act (f breaking down utterly or com pletely.

Cóimburim, -peao, v. tr., I break

to pieces.

Cóimceaouisim, -usao, v. intr., I consent.

Cóimceals, -eilse, f., a con-

spiracy.

Cóimceanzal, -ail, pl. id., m., a bond, a conspiracy; alliance, union, covenant, league; the binding stanza of a song.

Cóimceanglaim, - Jal, v. tr., I

unite, couple, compare.

Cóimceannac, -aite, a., mercial. Cóimceannact, -a, f., commerce.

Cóimcéile, g. id., pl. -live, m., a

comrade, a companion.

Cóimcéim, g. -céime, pl. -céimeanna, gpl. -céimeann, m., equal degree or dignity.

Cóimcéimneac, -nize, a., accom-

panying, concurrent.

Cóimcéimneact, -a, f., concomitancy, concurrence.

Cóimcéimnizim, -niuzao, v.tr., Iaccompany, keep the same step as. Cóimicéimpleac, -piige, a., con-

current.

Cóimceol, -oil, -olta, m., a concert, harmony, chorus; singing in harmony.

Cóimiceolac, -aise, a., choral,

harmonious.

Cóimceolpuioe, y. id., m., a chorister.

Cóimcinéat, m., a fellow, one of the same race.

Cóimictiamain, m., a brother-inlaw, a father-in-law, a son-inlaw, or any other close relative by marriage. The husbands of sisters are more strictly called each a cóimcliamain.

Cóimcheimeao, -mte, m., act of

gnawing fiercely.

Cóimichíoc, -íce, α , of the same nation (O'N.).

Cóimchiortae, m., the confines or borders (O'N.).

Cóimchit, -neata, pl. id., f., a violent trembling.

Cóimchicim, -chic, v. intr., I

tremble violently.

Coimoe, g. -oeso, d. -oro, m., the Lord God, the Trinity; a protector.

Comoe, g. id., m., a slice; c.

anáin, a slice of bread.

Coimoeac, -oize, a., safe, secure.

Cormoeact, -a, f., act of accompanying; attendance, protection, company, escort; cumat cómocacca, lady-in-waiting; 1 Scóimoeact le, in company with; amgest comoesces, a guardian angel (connteact is often used in this sense in M.).

Cóimbéanam, -nca and -naim, m., compounding, composition.

Cóimoeanbaim, -ao, v. tr., I confirm, certify.

Cómoeans, -oemse, a., very red.

Cóimoeaprenoiste, p. a., refined,

accomplished, perfect.

Cóimoear, -oeire, a., convenient, suitable, well adapted; very nice; ambidexter; all the one, all the same, equal, indifferent (i.e. = cuma).

Cóimbíocha, a., ardent, diligent.

Commonne, in phr. commonne na cuaice, the bird that follows the cuckoo (Der.).

Cóimoineac, -nize, a., straight, direct.

Cóimeact, -a, f., correspondence (O'N.).

Coiméao, -ta, m., keeping, protection, guardianship.

Coimeáo, -ca, m., keeping, protection (used colloquially in M. for coiméao).

Coiméadaim, vl. coiméad, I hold, preserve, keep, guard, watch (comeáosim, collog. id.).

Coméadóin, -óna, -óinioe, m., a keeper or guardian, an overseer.

Coiméaouroe, g. id., -oce, m., a custodian, a keeper, a guard (comeáoaroe, collog. id.).

Cóiniear, -ta, m., comparison, equality (also cóimmear).

Cóimearaim, -mear, v. tr., I compare, liken, equal.

Cóiméarcaio, -e, α ., equally ready, very ready.

Cóimearcaim, -aò, v. tr., I mix, commingle, compound, amalgamate.

Cóimearcáinoear, -oir, m., mutual enmity.

Coimearcan, -ain, m., fight, combat, conflict.

Cóiméireact, -a, f., co-efficiency; co-efficacy; equal importance.

Cóiméireactac, -aize, a., coefficient, of equal importance.

Cóiméizean, -zin, m., force, constraint.

Cóiméizeantac, -aize, a., forcing, compelling.

Cóiméinneac, -niże, a., forcing, compelling.

Cóiméigniugao, -nige, m., act of compelling.

Cóiméiligieoin, -ona, -oinioe, m., a competitor; a candidate for the same thing.

Cóiméinze, g. id., f., insurrection.

Cóiméinzim, -éinze, v. intr., I join forces with, I co-assist, rise with others.

Cóimeirit, f., united flight.

Cóimeolac, -aize, a., equally acquainted; very learned; conscious.

Cóimpeadain, - \dot{o} na, f., a troop, a company.

Cóimpean, -pin, pl. id., m., a mate, a fellow.

Cóimpeanios, indec. a., very manly.

Cóimpiaonaire, g. id., pl. -rioe, f., a witness.

Cóimitizim, -rize, v. tr., I dispose, arrange; I bind together.

Cóimṛtiuc, -ice, a., very wet; equally wet.

Cóimpheasaint, -anta, f., an answer; a correspondence.

Cóimpheasantac, -aise, a., corresponding, agreeing.

Cóimpheasantact, -a, f., concordance, correspondence; act of corresponding.

Cóimpheazha, m., concordance, correspondence; act of replying, corresponding.

Cóimpheaghaim, -zaiht, v. tr., I suit, correspond, agree.

Cóimteatt. See cointeatt.

Cóim \dot{z} eappa \dot{o} , -p \dot{c} a, pl. id., m., concision; curtailment.

Cóimţtéaraim, v. tr., I compose; I ferment.

Cóimitéaruite, g. id., pl. -tite, m., a compositor.

Cóimisteic, -e, m., a conflict, a struggle; a duel or single combat.

Cóimitic, -e, a., very prudent or discreet; equally prudent or discreet.

Cóimizileamuizim, -uzao, v. tr., I adhere, cling to; I bind closely together.

Cóimiadaim, -dad, v. intr. and tr., I conspire; I bind together. Cóimiaoca, p. a., quite closed.

Coimijteat, -tij, -teata, m., a

stranger, a foreigner. Coimijteat, -tije, a., strange, unlike; foreign; wild, rude,

uncivil; shy; often used as an epithet of rainize, etc.; unreclaimed (of land).

Comistear, -a, m., strangeness, foreignness; wildness; shyness; Sanc., without being bashful; as véanam comisteara, "making strange."

Coimitim, -tc, v. tr., I rub, rub down, touch. See cuimitim.

Coimilte, p. a., rubbed. cuimitte.

Cóimimine, g. id., f., co-emigra-

Comin (cimin in sp. l.), g. id., pl. -10e, m., suburbs, pasture land of a village, pasture lands, commons; a glen.

Cóimiomtán,-áine, a., full, entire. Cóimionann, -ainne, a., equal, co-

equal, equivalent.

Cóimionzantac, -aije a., wonderful, equally wonderful.

Committee (also comaine, g. -e), g. id., f., protection, patronage, safeguard; colloquially, comμαιζε, coimpiζe; c. σuic, you are safe in my house? mo c. ont, be merciful to me; oo nairc rí a c. ain, she besought him to protect her; c. Oé oum, may God protect me! c. Té cuzainn, God be merciful to us!

Coimincteoin, -ona, -oinioe, m., a saviour, a guardian, a protector.

Cóimíreat, -rte, a., flat throughout, level.

Cóimteazao, -azta, m., liquefaction, amalgamation.

Cóimteazaim, v. tr., I amalgamate, compound.

Cóimteans, -a, -aoa, f., a race, a course.

Cóimteanmain, -mna, pl. id., f., a consequence.

Cóimteaptac, -ait, m., a bedfellow, a consort.

Cóimteaptanar, -air, m., act of lying in bed together.

Cóimteatan, -teitne, a., very

wide, expansive.

Cóimtéin, in phr., magag cóimtéin, a racing dog (Der.). See cóimteanz.

Cóimlizim, cóimlize. See cómluizim, cómluize.

Cóimtine, -e, f., act of contending in a race, etc. See comleans, 7c.

Cóimtíon, -tín, m., a multitude,

an assembly.

Cóimtíonao, -nta, pl. id., m., accomplishment, completion.

Cóimtíonaim, -ao, v. tr., I fulfil, finish, fill up.

Cóimtions, -ionsa, -ionsada, f., a race; a course. See cóimleanz, cóimléin, 7c.

Cóimtionzao, -zta, m., the regular

march of an army.

Cóimtionzaim, -ao, v. intr., I run or march with another or others.

Cóimtíonman, -aine, a., numerous,

plentiful, populous.

Cóimtíonta, p. a., completed; fulfilled (as a prophecy).

Cóimtíontac, -aite, a., fulfilling, accomplishing.

Cóimtíontact, -a, f., a fulfilling, an accomplishment.

Cóimtíontóip, m., a fulfiller; one who accomplishes anything.

Cóimméao, -éioe, a., of equal size. Cóimmear, -rea and -a, m., act of comparing (with, ne, te); comparison; ir c. oo, it is comparable to; cup 1 5c. te, to compare with (also comear).

Commeanam, vl. -mean, v. tr.

I compare, I collate.

Commearcao, -cta, m., act of mixing, commingling.

Coimmearcaim, -ao, v. tr. and intr., I commingle, I mix together, I compound.

Commearts, p. nec. and p. $a_{..}$ measurable, comparable; equal in value, equivalent.

Cóimminic, a., very frequent, of equal frequency.

Cóimneant, -nint, m., strength; confirmation.

Cóimneantuizim, -użao, v. tr., I confirm, strengthen.

Cóimneantuite, p. a., confirmed, strengthened.

Cóimnear, -nir, m, neighbourhood, proximity; consanguinity, kindred; as a., near, close to.

Cúmneara, comp. of cómrozur, near, next.

Coimneapaim, -ao, v. tr., I approach.

Cóimneartact, -a, f., proximity, neighbourhood; cóimnearact, id.

Cóimpianao, -nta, m., act of punishing together, of severely punishing.

Cóimpléarc, m., a loud noise.

Comptex, the physical constitution.

Cómppiéamaim, -ao, v. intr., I take root, have a common source.

Cóimpéabaim, -aö, v. tr., I break, tear, lacerate.

Cóimpiéalt, -éilte, pl. -éiltióe and -éalta, f., a constellation.

Cóimpleam, -pim, m., computation, counting, a reckoning; the full number; tá an cóimpleam anoip azam, I have got the full number now (W. Ker.).

Cóimpeaman, -peimpe, a., very thick, equally thick or fat.

Cóimpeanz, -einze, -aióe, f., a wrinkle, a welt; a cord, a string (= cóim-preanz).

Cóimpeann, 7c. See cómpann. Cóimpéiro, -e, a., level, smooth.

Cóimpeimear, -mir, m., competition, rivalry.

Cóimpiéimniżim, -iużao, v. intr., I proceed, advance.

Cóimpéin, f., congruity, construction, syntax, concord, analogy; uniformity.

Cóιmμέιμιm, -μέιμ, v. intr., Ι

agree, acquiesce.

Cómpiapaim, -aö, v. tr., and intr. (with an), I serve, attend on, dispense to, rule, govern.

Coimpige (also compaige, cumpaige), colloq. form of coimpige, comaince; coimpige m'anama ont, protection of my soul on you (Der.); cuip opm c. 'un titlead plan, wish me a safe return (Armayh song).

Cóimpicim, -pic, v. intr., I run along with, in company with.

Cómpchear, -a, -ta, m., a record, an account.

Compe, indec. a., moderate, temperate (as a meal, etc.).

Compe, g. id., f., sufficiency, moderation; much, many; arc., out of moderation, excessive;

reapitain ar c., excessive rain, a downpour (Don.). See cumre.

Coimpeac, -riże, a., moderate, temperate. See coimpe.

Compeac, -piże, a., powerful, influential.

Compeact, -a, f., temperance, moderation.

Compeanos, indec. a., tidy.

Cóimpearam, -aim, m., competition, equality, equilibrium.

Cóimpearmac, -aise, a., constant, consistent.

Cóimpeintóreac, -riż, -riże, m., a fellow-servant.

Cóimpsteo, g. id., m., a conflict, an encounter.

Comprisim, -1usao, v. tr., I comprehend; I keep within bounds; I moderate. See cumprism.

Compriste, a., comprehensible; kept within bounds.

Cóimṛíneao, -nce, m., act of harmonizing, being in agreement with (te); stretching at the same time; lying down simultaneously; spread, extension, expansion (early Mod. Ir.); continuation, prolongation (Mid. Ir.).

Cóimpínim, -píneao, v.tr., I stretch equally, I harmonize; I spread, I extend (early Mod. Ir.).

Cómpinte, p. a., harmonized, in

accord with.

Cóimpteactaro, -tuite, m., a joint cutting.

Cóimiteanz, -einze, -aite, f., a welt; a string, a cord. See cóimiteanz.

Cóimitheangaim, -aio, v. tr., I pull or haul uniformly.

Coimiteat, a., wild, exotic. See coimiteat.

Cóimteacar, -air, m., co-habitation.

Cóimteact, -a, m., concord, confluence.

Cóimitizear, -ţir, m., an occupation of the same house. See cóimiteacar.

Cóimitizearac, a., co-habiting, occupying the same house; as

subs., a dweller in the same house with another.

Cóimtionól. -ó11. -lca, assembly, meeting, community, congregation; the laity (as distinct from clergy). (The word is comittotán in Co. Donegal, and cómtatán or cómtatón in Munster.)

Cóimitionólaim, -aio, v. tr., I as-

semble, I call together.

Cóimitiall, -aill, m., commencement, undertaking.

Cóimithialt, -ailt, m., marching

or walking together.

Combite, g. id., m., the dogberry tree.

Combliger (= complioer = conflictus), -A, m., conflict.

Compeats, -entse, f., contention, persuasion, comparison.

Comoeatzaim, -ao, v. tr., I advise, I persuade, I convince.

Comonip, -e, f., a dog briar.

Coințearcați, -aiți, m., evening, twilight; rá c., in the evening; Le c. na horoče, at dusk (U_{\cdot}) ; coineartan (Der.); coininre (Glens of Ant.).

Compearchae, -aise, a., late. Com-riacail, g. -carle and -aicle,

pl. -cla, f., a dog tooth.

Coin-tiao, -aio, pl. -oa, m., a hound-stag, a fine stag (con is intensitive) (O'Ra.).

Coin- $\dot{\mathbf{r}}$ ia $\dot{\mathbf{o}}$ a $\dot{\mathbf{c}}$, -ai $\dot{\mathbf{z}}$, m., a hound

Coinz, -e, -eaca, f., a yoke, a tie; com pražata, a statute, a law.

Compeatt, -jitt, pl. id., m., a condition, covenant, obligation; a pledge (pron. com; jott).

Comjestlac, -sije, a., conditional, according to terms of agreement; faithful to one's pledges.

Coingeattes, a., conditional.

Comzin, -e, f., a couple, a pair; a team of plough-horses; a yoke between two; two sheep, etc., yoked; cuiţiji (Mon.).

Compleac, -mis, -mise, m., a couple; plough-traces.

Connicéan, -éin, pl. id., m., a rabbitwarren, a burrow; a rough place.

Comin, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a conev. a rabbit; ir reapp Speim oe c. 'ná oá zneim oe cat, one bite of a rabbit is better than two of a cat.

Joinmeso, -a, m., act of keeping,

billeting; "coigny."

Coinne, g. id., f., an appointment, a meeting, an expectation; tá coinne agam teir, I expect to meet him, or, that he will arrive; 10nao comne, a trysting-place; San coinne, unexpectedly; 1 Scoinne, against, towards; as out im' coinne, opposing me, turning out contrary to my expectations, too hard for me to master; d. often commit; ór conne an tiże, opposite or over against the house (Don.); out 1 sconne, to fetch; céro rá comne urce, go for water; ní véampainn 10 coinnib, I am inclined to agree with you; or conne a céite, over against each other; or coinne a n-éavan, before their faces; 10nao cinnce conne, a fixed or certain place of meeting; rá conne, to fetch, for, for the purpose of (Con. and Don.); oo (a) coinne, for, for the purpose of (Don.).

Commeat, -nte, -ntroe, f., a candle,

a torch.

Conneal-bátao, -bárote (somet. used as adj.), m., excommunication; "candle-extinguishing."

Conneal-Bátam, -Bátao, v. tr., I excommunicate.

Comme-atam, -tam, -tyaca, m., the wife's father; a father-inlaw.

Coinnib. See coinne.

Coinnit. See cunnait.

Commte, g. id., pl. -scs, f., a stem, a bud.

Connleac, -liz, -leaca, m., a stubble; contac (Don.).

Coinnleos, -013e, -03a, f., a stalk, a bud, a stem.

Connteoip, -opa, -cipioe, m., a candlestick.

Conntín, g. id., pl. -nroe, m., a straw pipe; a withered stem or blade of grass; c. neooa, an icicle.

Coin-peact, -a, m., laws relating to

dogs

Connecteo, g. id., m., struggle, conflict; an mo competeo is a form of asseveration in M., but in that form competeo is probably a substitute for compan, conscience. See 5teo.

Compateodać, -darže, a., tumul-

tuous, conflicting.

Complay, -last, m., conscience. (This is the word used generally in M. and Don. sp. l., but somet. compéan.)

Coince, pl. (rare) of cú, a dog

(D. and G.).

Cointinn, -e, f., contention, dispute, controversy, conversation; if βελήμ δυμ έιμιξ feancar ο'άμ ξc. λμλοη, soon talk of old times arose from our controversy (conversation) (Conor O'Rio.).

Coincinneac, -niże, 'a., conten-

tious.

Cóip, -e, -eaca, f., a band, a company; cóip an óit, the drinking company (McD.); also a copy (Latin copia); pl. also cóipeanna.

Cóip, -e, -eaca, f., a cope (Latin

copa).

Coip, -e, f., froth, fermentation.

Cóipeac, -pige, a., numerous, abounding in troops or companies.

Coipeáit, -áta, f., act of frothing, fermenting. See coipiusao.

Coppitim, vl. -piuţao, -peao and -peait, v. tr. and intr., I ferment, I froth; I beat up (as an egg).

Corprusao, -iste, m., fermentation; the head or froth on malt, porter, etc.; the lather on suds; the froth of the sea.

Coip, g. -e, pl. -te and -opta, f., sin, crime, accusation, trespass;

coin öáir, deadly sin; coin a chocta, a crime that would hang him; in compound words, false, deceitful, as coin-ctéineac, a deceitful clerk.

Cóin, g. cóna, f., right, power, authority, justice, fair play; propriety; due order or arrangement; apparatus; accoutrements; attendance; fair wind; diet, food; tá c. mait azam, I am well dieted; tá c. mait ain, he is in good circumstance (also Tá Theo mait ain); véantav cóin ouic, I shall see that you get fair play; oo rearaim ré cóin oam, he saw that I got fair play; sac coin 7 ceant oo baint oe oume, to give a person no chance at all in a fight; o'imtiz an báo le cóin, the boat set out with a fair wind.

Cóiπ, comp. cóna, a., fit, right, proper, honest, virtuous, innocent, civil; a öuine ċóiπ, my good sir; ir cóna öuit τεαċτ, you had better come; ċóṁ cóna öó beit annroin, as right for him to be there (Don.); buö ċóna öuit τứ réin a ċoiṁéao, it would suit you better to mind yourself (Don.).

Comb, -e, a., accursed.

Conjub, -e, -eaca, f., the timber portion of a straddle, in which are the pegs for receiving the baskets (Con.).

Confibeac, -bize, a., impious,

wicked. See compeac.

Combinera, m., the haunches;

used like conastob (Con).

Connice, g. id., pl. -croe and -croeaca, m., oats; in pl., different kinds of oats, and also various fields of oats; corn (U.); c. ántoe, tall oat-grass; c. ctúnmiteac, pubescent oat-grass; c. ón-rotac, yellow-haired oat-grass; c. móinréin, meadow oat-grass; c. abac, dwarf wheat-grass; c. out, black oats; c. pradain, wild oats; c. pnéacáin, rye-grass.

CO1 Conceann, -cinn, pl. id., m., a pole or centre; the nave (of a wheel);

a spindle.

Conniceann, -cinne, f., a whirligig; a megrim; a falling down headlong.

Comceannac, -aize, a., having a

hole, nave, or centre.

Coinceannaim, -ao, v. tr., I put a round point on, shape like a top or whirligig.

Coince soum, m., blue-bottle.

Connecos, -015e, -05a, f., a beehive; a small heap of turf-sods set standing to dry (also chuiceoz).

Come, g. id., pl. -moe, m., a caldron; a large pot or boiler; a gulf, a whirlpool; a maelstrom; somet. applied to hell; come Tuatail, a whirlpool.

Conneac, g. - $\eta_1\dot{\varsigma}$, pl. id., dpl. - η eac-A16, m., a sinner, transgressor;

a malefactor.

Cóineac, -pize, a., just, right, virtuous, proper; well-ordered, neat, beautiful (also cónac).

Comeso, g. -nio and -miżte, pl. - 115te, m., an invitation to a feast, etc.; a feast; a beckoning; ας ταθαιμτ coιμιό όμιτ, inviting you; as cun comito one, beckoning to you; comeano zan 14pparo, feast-going without being asked, one inviting himself (also cuipeao).

Contéal, -éil, pl. id., m., a quarry,

a stone-pit.

Corpéalavoir, -óna, -ónnive, m., a quarryman.

Comeamail, -amla, a., guilty. Corpeamlact, -a, f., guilt.

Conneán contleac, m., wild campion (lychnis didica).

Comeán muice, -áin muice, m., pignut.

Comprao, m., a stag. See campriao.

Cón-zníom, m., satisfaction; a just deed.

Cónniżim, vl. cónninżaż, v. tr., I arrange, fit up, prepare, dress out; mend, patch; set to rights. Coipizim, -iużao, v. intr., 1 sin, trespass, offend; v. tr., I accuse, impeach.

Cóntuzte, p. a., arranged, drawn up; set in order, dressed (as a bed); corrected; mended, patched.

Connim (consim), vl. con, v. tr. and intr., I weary, I tire, I tease.

Corpin (dim of cop), g. id., pl. -roe,m., a little twist or turn; also a small can, gallon, or bucket (dim. of come). See com.

Confunnteac, -tize, a., Corinthian. Confipe (confipte), indec. a., wicked, corrupt. See coinb.

Cómuzao, -mize, pl. id., m., anornament; an arrangement; amendment, repairing, regulating; an abusive attack; 1r í tuz an cómuzao oó, she came out with all his faults, she settled him; dress. See conuzao.

Confileannazać, -aiże, f., the green scum on the surface of the water (Don.); also coilleann-

azac.

Confilmin, g. id. pl. -roe, m., a mean or insignificant person.

See cuipm. Contim.

Cóin máineac, adj. phrase, for a certainty, right or wrong, by any means; bí ré cóin máineac ας ιαμμαιό αιμσεαο ο'ράζαιλ uaim, he did his very best, tried every means to get money from me; vá mbav cóm mámeac, if it were a thing that should be done; oo raoilear cóin máineac, I thought right or wrong (M.).

Commean, m., an odd finger, the

fore-linger (copp-mean).

Continiot, m., a midge, a stinging fly (na míota chionna is often used for midges, etc.); commiotróz, id.

Contimiotos, -615e, -654, f.

contimiot and miotros.

Córpineac, -nis, pl. id., m., an osprey, a royston crow; any bird of the crow kind; a term for the foreign invaders. Cónneac, -nige, a., creaking, like

a raven or osprey; sapeaspe conneac, the king-fisher; cu conneac, a setting dog.

Confinéal, -éil, m., a corner.

Corpnín, g. id., pl. -rôe, m., a round ball; a curl; a little vessel or bowl; a tankard.

Commineac, -niże, a., frizzled, curled.

Comp-beams, -bennse, f., raiment, cloth.

Conticeac, -tije, a., sinful, obnoxious.

Contreat, -tite, m., barking nets; tanning (Ker.).

Conteon (contititeon), -ona, -onnioe, m., an accuser, an informer.

Coiptiţim, -iuţato, v. tr. and intr., I blame, I impeach; I sin.

Coinciète, a., black, swarthy; choiceann c., swarthy skin.

Cointiuzation; an impeachment.

Coint maps, f., dead bark, dead skin; the peculiar appearance of finger-tips of a dying person; a numbness of fingers portending the death of a friend (M.); cante (Don.).

Coir, -e, -eaca, f., a drain or cutting in a bog, made by cutting away the turf sods; coir mona, the quantity of turf so cut (M.).

Coir (dat. of cor, f., a foot), beside, close by; coir teara, beside a fort; coir abann, beside a river; at teact a bate tem' coir, coming home in my company; atur te n-a coir rin, and moreover.

Coip-beame, -beimee, f., ornaments or coverings for the feet or legs; shoes, boots, slippers.

Corpcéim, -e, pl. id. and -céimeanna, gpl.-céimeann, m., somot. f., a footstep; step; a pace.

Corpcéimnitim, -iutato, v. tr. and intr., I step along, walk; measure by pacing.

Confreent, -ona, -onnive, m., an obstructionist; one who stops or puts obstacles in the way.

Corpeim, vl. cope, v. tr. and intr., I check, hinder, stop, prevent, intercept, oppose; intr., corpeim oe, I cease from, as, coppaopa oem żotaptaib, I will cease from my weeping (O'D.).; also, I wean.

Corpeos, -015e, -03a, f., a stalk of hay or corn with its seed.

Corride, g. id., pl. -de, m., a walker, pedestrian; a footman, henchman.

Corproese, -org, pl. id., m., a

walker, a pedestrian.

Coirioeact, -a, f., travelling on foot; the act of walking; speed in walking; τά coirioeact mait agat, you are a good walker or runner.

Corrisim, -proeact, v. intr., I

travel on foot, I walk.

Corpin, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a stem or stalk; a little shank or foot; a pedestal (dim. of cor).

Cóirin, -e, pl. -eaca and -nioe, f., a feast, a festive party, a banquet.

Cóirine, g. id., pl. -ni-èe, f., a wedding or banqueting party. See cóirin.

Corrine, g. id., pl. -price, m., a

foot-man, a runner.

Cóirineacz, -a, f., a banqueting or feasting.

Conp-leadanac, -aige, a., broadfooted; as subs., a broad-footed person.

Coir-tiachóiro, -e, pl. -roe and -eaca, f., a football.

Corpméis, -e, -eaca, f., a footstep (Con.).

Corpeán, -áin, pl. id., m., a footstep (U.). See correim.

Cóippeac, -piże, a., pertaining to a feast; feasting, revelling.

Coippeacaim, vl. coippeacan, v. tr., I bless, consecrate; I church (a mother); uipce coippeacan, holy water.

Corrects, p. a., consecrated.

Corpreactact, -a, f., sanctification, consecration; churching.

Córprióe, pl., m., guests at a feast. Corprióim, vl. corprisáo, I bless,

cross, consecrate. See corrneacaim.

Corpuite, p. a., blessed, sancti-

fied, consecrated.

Corr- \dot{r} li \dot{r} e, f., a foot-way.

Coirce, g. id., pl. -ciòe, m., a deliberative body, a jury. (This noun is often fem., as an corre món, etc; corrne, Con.)

Cóipte, g. id., pl. -tibe, m., a coach; c. boosy, the "headless coach," a spectral vision; coirce remeso, a locomotive engine; cóirce bacac, a sort of children's play.

Correac, -cis, -cise, m., a jury-

man.

Correacán, -áin, pl. id., m., a juryman.

Correcte, -ona, -orprice, m., a juryman; corpneor (Con.).

Córreorn, -ona, -ornioe, m., a coachman; a coach-builder; a cabinet-maker.

Córreorheact, -a, f., coachdriving; coach-making.

Córpane, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a

coachman (Don.).

Cóirtineact, -a, f., coaching; going idly from house to house for the purpose of gossiping; az c. leir na néaltaib, coaching by the stars, i.e., nightwalking (Don.).

Coicceann, comp. -cinne, pl. -ceanna, a., general, universal, common, public, vulgar; 50 corcceann, in general, in com-

mon.

Coiceannes, indec. a., customary, habitual, universal; as adv.,

generally, always.

Coiceanneace, -a, f., community; frequency; permanence; universality.

Coitéiannta, coitéianntait. See cortéeannta and cortéeann-

Concernne, g. id., f., universality; 1 5corcinne, in common, altogether, in general. See COITceann.

Coitcionn. See coitceann.

Coice, g. id., pl. -cice, m., a cot; a small boat, a skiff; zan corce san báo, without skiff or boat (also cont).

Coiceoz, -oize, -oza, f., an earthworm used as a bait by anglers (Don.); caroeoz and caroeán

(M.).

Corceoin, -ona, -oiproe, m., a cottager; a builder of small boats. Contion, -ine, a., obstreperous

(W. Ker.).

Cot, -a, m., impediment, prohibition; sin, wickedness, incest; blood relationship; cas an cot ATÁ AJAT Leir, what is your blood relation to him? mo col ceatan, my first cousin; mo cot respean, my second cousin (Con.); cuaro ré az ceannac cot', he went to look for a dispensation for marriage; dislike; Stac ré cot teir, he conceived a dislike to it (Con.).

Colac, -aiże, a., prohibited, prevented; sinful, wicked, inces-

tuous.

Colac, - a_1 5, pl. id., m., a male

Colaige, g. id., f., impediment, prohibition; hatred, disgust; sinfulness. Colarbeact, f., id. See cot.

Colaim, -ao., v. tr., I prohibit, forbid, hinder; I plaster.

Colárre, g. id., pl. -croe, m., a college.

Cotárreac, -ciże, a., collegiate; college-like.

Colárteánac, -ais, pl. id., m., a collegian (Ker.).

Colaman, -main, pl. id. and -mna, m., a pillar, a prop, a pedestal; 1 n-a c. oineac, as straight as a column.

Colamóiji, -ójia, -óijiioe, m., a hake, a species of fish.

Colan, -ain, pl. id., m., a young

cow, a calf; a yearling.

Colann, g. colna, d. colainn, pl. colna, f., the body, the flesh; the living body of rational beings; animal sense.

Cotatán, -ám, pl. id., m., a very small fish.

Cotta (also cott), g. id., m., a bedpost, head of a bed; outer side of a bed or ridge; a sceptre; the stalk of a plant; a hazel tree; edge, brink, border of anything; ceatain beans an colba, a red four (hearts or diamonds in cards) in front, i.e., the first card in one's hand being a red four, which is supposed to be unlucky; a form or bench beside a walk; a well-known cliff on Valentia Island, with a natural slip along its face, where tradition says St. Brendan landed after one of his voyages; an c. an bótain, on the side of the road(Con.). (The word is pron. cotú in M., cot'-ú in Don.)

Colba, g. id., m,. love, friendship,

esteem, favour.

Colbaim, -ao, v. intr., I sprout,

spread.

Cotbaμ, -aiμ, pl. id., m., a dove or pigeon (pron. cotúμ, and often so spelled).

Col ceatan, m., a relation, a first

cousin (Con.). See col.

cots, g. cuits, pl. id., m., a sword, a beard of barley, a prickle; the coarse or prickly tow taken off flax; a spear; the point of a weapon; weapon; rage, fury.

Cotsac, -aise, a., bearded, pointed, prickly, fierce, wrathful; martial; fretful; cotsanza, id.

Cotsaise, g. id., f., beardedness, state of bristling; peevishness.

cotzán, -áin, pl. id., m., a swordfish; a name for a salmon (Ker.); "a small salmon-trout or salmon peel" (Plunket); "rather a little fresh-water fish by some called a thornbunk or thornback" (P. O'C.).

cotzánta, indec. a., bearded, prickly; fierce, fretful. See

colzac.

Cotzpárač, -aiże, a., prickly. Cotz-porcać, -aiże, a., fierceeyed; fierce-looking. Cotz-thoro, -ooa, f., sword-fighting, a duel with rapiers.

Cott, g. cuitt, the hazel tree; the

Irish letter c.

Cott, m., loss, want, etc. Sec call.

Cottać, -aiż, pl. id., m., a boar; a fat heifer.

Cott-cnú, m., a hazel nut.

Coll-coill, f., a hazel wood.
Coll parce, f., nettles (neannτόζα).

Cott-mume, f., a hazel thicket. Cottóro, -e, eaca, f., clamour,

noise; a brawl. See calloro. Colm, g. cuilm, pl. id., m., the sear left by a wound (Con., G. J.).; the strong white tendons of beef (M.).

Colm. See colum.

Cotms, indec. a., hard, stiff,

steely.

Colmán, -áin, pl. id., m., a young pigeon or dove; colmán ánuir, a tame pigeon.

Colmán coille, -áin coille, pl. id., m., a wood-quest, a ring-dove.

Colmlann, -ainne, -a, f., a dovecot, a pigeon-house.

Colnac, -aiże, a., gross, fat, corporeal (also written collac).

Cotnaroe, indec. a., bodily (Kea.). Cotnaroeact, -a, f., carnality, lust; cotnarge, id. (also cottaroeact and cottarge).

Colóz, -ó1ze, -óza, f., a collop, a

steak

cotpa, g. id., pl. -aroe, m., the calf of the leg; the shank; the handle of a flail; a bat or

cudgel.

Cotpa, g. id., pl. -aroe, m., a bullock, a cow, a steer; a full-grown animal, whether cow or horse; taken as the unit for grazing animals, equivalent to six sheep; a "collop" (somet. written cotota); also a kind of needle, f. (Con.).

Colpac, -Aije, a., having stout

calves or legs.

Cotpac, -aite, f., a yearling heifer, a stirk, a cow. See cotpa.

cotpán, -áin, pl. id., m., the handle of a flail.

coltaμ, -Διμ, pl. id., m., the coulter of a plough; the oarsman's bench in a galley.

Colum, -uim, pl. id., and -tuma,

m., a dove, pigeon.

Columánín, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a young dove. See colum.

Columan. See colaman.

Colúp. See colbap.

Com, g. cum and com, d. often com, pl. id., m., the waist; the cavity of the chest, waist, body; the waist or body of a garment; the hollow of a bowl; a cave, a hollow; a scorm na horoce, in the middle of the night; seappao com, diarrheea.

Cóm, cóm, as, so, equally; cóm ... poin, so; cóm pada poin, so far, so long (as that); cóm ... te, before noun or prn.; cóm ... asup, before verb, or clause, as ... as, so ... as; cóm pada (pad) te, as far as, to (with movement); cóm pada asup, as long as, while; cóm tuac asup, as soon as; cóm áno, equally high. In sp. l., cóm is generally used.

Cóm- (cóm-), prefix, (a) intensive; (b) of accompaniment; (c) of equality, mutuality, correspon-

dence.

Comact. See cumact.

Comactaim, -cużać, v. tr., I empower, I authorise (O'N.).

Comacτόιμ, -όμα, -όιμισε, m., a

commissioner (O'N.).

Comao, -aio, pl. id., m., a close, a cover, a place for holding or keeping anything; the last two lines of a van vipeac quatrain; an elegy; poetry in general; a bond or obligation.

Comavac. See comav (Om.).

Cóm-agattaim, -agattam, v. tr. and intr., I talk, converse, discourse.

Com-azallam, -lma, pl. id., f., a dialogue.

Comaro, g. id. and comta, m., a reward; one's share of food.

Cómáil, -ála, f., act of combing (A).

Comaill, -e, -eaca, f., the womb, the chest (O'N). See caball.

Comaitte, g. id., f., largeness, greatness; a swelling or pregnancy; the chest, the womb; comaitteact, id. (comatt).

Comaittim, vl. -matt, -mattao, v. tr., I fulfil, perform, discharge

an office or duty.

Cómaimpean, -pine, f., the same time; d. 1 Scómaimpin, at the same time, contemporaneously; tuċt cóm-aimpine, contemporaries.

Comaimpeantoa, indec. a., contemporary. (Cómaimpeantac in this sense is bad.—P. O'C.)

Comáin (or comáio), interrog. part., with neg., why? (Ker.).

Comáinim, -áint, v. tr., I drive forward, I press on. (In parts of Ker. tomáinim seems used chiefly of driving a horse; comáinim of driving other animals; in East M. tomáinim only is used.) See tiomáinim.

Cómainm, -anma, pl. -anmanna and -ainmneaca, m., a surname,

name.

Cómainmneac, -niż, -niże, m., a namesake.

Comain (coimein), -e, a., brief, short, pithy; neat, exact. See

cuimein.

Comain, -e, f., presence; ór vo c. amac, in your very presence; ór ban zc., over against you; im' c., for me; rá c. ouine, for a person, awaiting a person; i zc. an tae, (to be used) during the day; vo (a) comain an tize, near the house (Don.), but ór coinne an tize, opposite or over against the house (Don.); viteavan i zc. é, they ate it in company.

Cómaine, -e, f., outery; voice; uproar; hutta haine, id. (the latter more usually refers to

the barking and uproar of the chase).

Comaince, g. id., f., mercy; protection; patronage; mo c. onc, be merciful to me; oo nairc ri a c. aip, she besought him to protect her.

Comaniceac, -cize, a., guarding,

protecting, defending.

Cómaineam, - nim, m., counting up; account; calculation; reckoning. Cómaineam Théine, m., a sun-

Comainze, g. id., f., protection; mercy, safeguard. See comaince.

Comannizeac, -515e, a., protective. See comainceac.

Comannizeac, -515, pl. id., m., one who loans his labour, who works a day in return for work done, as attending on funerals, etc.; comainizeac maic ir eao é, he goes regularly to funerals, he is ready to loan a day's labour.

Comainizim, -iużao, v. intr., I protect, safeguard, guard (with oo); 50 5comainizio Oia ouinn, may God protect us, is a common expression in the case of violent storms or other such sudden dangers. See comanize.

Comainte, g. id., pl. -esca, f., advice, counsel, decision; a mutual project or adventure; a league, society; a body of councillors, a parliament; cun 1 5c., to propose a resolution; oo cuipeadap a 3c. rá (le) céile, they put their heads together, took counsel.

Comanteac, -tiz, -tize, m., an adviser, counsellor.

Comanulizim, -iuzao, v. tr., I counsel, advise, consult.

Comaintisteoin, -ona, -oinite, m., a counsellor.

Comantinizao, -ligie, m., act of counselling, advising; consulting; comainteacan, also used as vl.

Cómannimeac, -mize, a., computing, reckoning.

Cómainmim, vl. cómaineam, imper.

comagum, v. tr., I count, compute, reckon.

Cóm-airtean, -tin, -theaca, m., a

travelling in company.

Cómáiccear, -cir, m., state of living in the same place; neighbourhood.

Comat, -ait, pl. id., m., the jamb of a door; a hood, a monk's

Comat, -ait, pl. id., m., a bondsman.

Comalact, -a, f., confederation.

Comatt, g.-ailt, pl. comattraroe, m., act of fulfilling; covenant, performance, execution, fulfilment; act, deed; aitne Chiort San ruim 'na comall, the commandment of Christ—no heed paid to its fulfilment (Fer.).

Comallao, -lea, m., act of fulfill-

ing, performing.

Comallam, vl. comatt and -allao, v. tr., I fulfil or accomplish, discharge an office (contr. comtaim).

Comatra. See cómbatra.

Comates, p. a., covered, hooded; comatta rá bhataib rioe, covered or hidden under fairy robes (McD.).

Comatta, p. a., joined, united (as

pieces).

Comattaim, -ao, I join or unite; foster.

Comalthanar, -air, m., mutual fosterage.

Comán mionta, -áin mionta, m., corn chamomile; comán meatt,

Comann, -ainn, pl. id., m., fellowship, union; affection, amity, fondness; a society or party; a term of endearment.

Comannos, indec. a., kind, friend-

ly, loving, affectionate.

Comannoact, -a, f., love, affection, kindness, friendship.

Comanneóip, -ópa, -óipiroe, m., a benefactor; a member of a society; a commissioner.

Comaoin, -e, -eaca, f., recompense, consideration; a compliment, com

favour; barter, exchange; company; communion, as in the communion of saints; the Holy Communion; the Lord's Supper; 1 5c., along with; c. oo cun an, to do a favour for one.

Comaoine, g. id., f., a favour, benefit; convenience; an injunction; communion. See comaoin.

Comaoineac, -ni $\dot{\varsigma}$, -ni $\dot{\varsigma}$ e, m., a communicant; a benefactor.

Comaoineac, -nize, a., indulgent, favourable, kindly; gratis.

Cómaoir, -e, f., the same age; a person of the same age (in M., cóm-n-aoir, also cóm-n-aor); mo c., one of my own age; somet. applied to a person's passions, as tá vo cómaoir az imine one, your passions are too strong for you; somet. cómaor.

Cómaontusao, -uiste, m., agreement, assent; cómaonta, id.

Cómaontuisim, -usao, v. intr., I agree, consent.

Cómaortac, -aize, a., contemporary (O'N.).

Coman, -ain, pl. id., m., a ravine, a confluence, a valley. cuman.

Comap, -aip, m., a way, a road; a

means or method.

Coman, -ain, m., alliance; reciprocation; in partnership, mutual or alternate returns; the being joined with a neighbour, two horses from each ploughing; out an coman, to work for a man in return for his work for you; tá comain, a day of such work; reap comain, a labourer so employed; tá ré 1 5c. 110m, he is joined with me in ploughing; a' oceann (an noeanna) cú an c. 30 reao, have you joined in ploughing yet? (U.); Déan coman leir, share with him; tá an té pérò, tap azur véan coman tinn, tea is ready, come and join us (Don.). See comainizeac.

Comapba, m., an estate or land

held in partnership by different persons, lay or clerical.

Comanba, g. id., pl. -roe, a copartner in power; a successor in an ecclesiastical or lay office; an abbot, a vicar; a religious order of monks amongst the old Irish (Kea.).

Comanbact, -a, f., a vicarage;

partnership.

Comanbar, -air, m., ecclesiastical or lay supremacy or succession. Cómáno, -aoinoe, a., equally high;

exalted.

Comapos, g. id., m., correspondence in sound between certain words in the Irish metric called ván víneac.

Comanoa, indec. a., harmonious.

Comanzact, -a, f., commerce (O'N.).

Cómanzain, -ana, f., a syllogism, a dispute; an error; trespass,

Comanna, g. -n, d. -1n, pl. -1n and -na, f., a neighbour; a friend; an acquaintance; one standing or sitting beside another.

Comapranta, indec. a., neigh-

bourly.

Comappantact, -a, f., neighbourliness, kindness, humanity.

Comanrnac, -aize, pl. id., f., a neighbour (E. U.).

Comantnact, -a, f., neighbourhood, district.

Comanta, g. id., pl. -roe and -oa. gpl. -o, m., a sign, token, symbol, mark; a model (as of a key); comanitarioe érre, signs of fish; comanization rount, appearances, features, samples; fig., an apology for a thing, pretences; oá comanta rin réin, signs on it as a proof of this; tá oo comantaroe chuinn, you are right, you've hit it off; comanta citte, a mole, a black spot appearing on some part of the body, usually on the head, a birth-mark.

Comanitac, -aite, a., marked,

scarred.

Comanitam, I mark with wounds. See comanituitim.

Comantusao, -uiste, m., act of marking.

Comanicuizim, -użażo, v. tr., I mark, point out, annotate.

Comantuite, p. a., marked, noticed.

Cómbazhaim, -zaiht, v. tr., I threaten.

Cómbáro, -e, f., close alliance, affection, partiality, sympathy.

Cómbároeac, -orge, a., friendly, kind, loving.

Cómbároeacar, -arr, m., friendliness, affection, gratitude.

Cómbozao, m., motion, commotion.

Cómbnáitheac, -niże, a., consanguineous, having close kinship.

Cómbháitheacar, -air, m., consanguinity, closeness of kinship.

Cómbhátain, m., a cousin; a cousin german; an associate, a fellow.

Cómbroro, -oroe, f., oppression.

Cóm τριστος, -úιτος, m., oppression; crushing; contrition.

Cómbnúżam (cómbnúiżm),
-úżao, v. tr., I bruise, crush,
oppress.

Cómbuarópeao, -oeapta, m., confusion, disturbance.

Cómbuaròpim, vl. -peaò, v. tr., I disturb, confuse.

Cómcaropitim, -opeam, v. intr., I live sociably with. See cómcaropim.

Cómcaropum, -opeam, v. intr., I live affectionately with, associate with.

Cómcainnt, -e, -eanna, f., a conference; a saucy answer, word for word; light sarcasm, chat.

Cómcáipoear, -oir, m., mutual friendship.

Cómcanthact, -a, f., choral music. Cómcaonnm, -near, v. intr., I condole, lament.

Cómcapnuiţim, -uţaċ, v. tr., I heap together, accumulate; cómcapnam, -aċ, id.

Cómiceansat, m., confederacy,

union; the "binding" stanza of a poem.

cóm

Cómctann,-ctainne, f., one family, common kinship.

Cómcnaoróim, vl. -cnaoró, v. tr., I consume, gnaw.

Cómcnuaruizim, -ruzao, v. tr., I collect together, accumulate.

Cómcompeac, -pize, a., commensurable.

Cómcoitceann, -cinne, v., universal.

Cómcomante, g. id., pl. -aca, f., combination, confederacy, consultation.

Cómcomann, -ann, m., communion, fellowship, partnership.

Cómcongbáit, -áta, f., honour, secrecy; obligation to keep a secret.

Cómcoμp, -cuiμp, m., a body mixed or composed of elements of different consistence; whence cómcoμpoa, mixed, compounded, and cómcoμpoact, a composition, a mixture.

Cómchataim, -ataö, v. tr., I sprinkle, shake together.

Cómchocao, -cta, m., coherence, act of hanging closely together. Cómchoctce (cómchaitte), p. a.,

shaken together.

Cómchuinn, -e, a., all round, oval, orbicular, circular, globular.

Cómchuinniżim, -iużao, v. tr., 1 collect together, assemble.

Cómchuinniugao, -ige, pl. id., m., an assembly, a congregation. Cómcuarac, -aige, a., concave;

equally hollow.

Cómicuroristeory, -opa, -orprioe, m., a coadjutor.

Cómċuımrciużao, -rciże, m., banishment.

Cómcuipim, vl. cómcup, v. tr., I arrange, dispose, regulate.

Cómcumann, m., mutual love or affection, etc. See cómcomann.

Cómcup, -cup, m., act of placing together; simultaneous planting or sowing.

Cómoáit, -oáta, f., meeting, convention, presence, interview;

act of accompanying; opposition; 1 3c. a ceile, together, also hostilely opposed; ir mé οά cóm ο άιι απ απ μόο, and I "leaving her," accompanying her a part of the road (Don.).

Cómoainzean, -oainzne, a., impregnable, firm, closely knit,

very strong, secure.

Cómoainzne, g. id., f., stability, strength.

Cómoaingnizim, -iużao, v. tr., I strengthen, confirm, staunch.

Cómoatta, g. id., pl. -1oe, m., a foster-son, a brother; a member of a society.

Cómoaltar, -air, m., fosterage;

brotherhood.

Cómosome, pl., m., contemporaries.

Cómbatac, -aite, a.,coloured.

Cómotúit, -e, a., close, compact, condensed.

Cómotúcuisim, -usao, v. tr., I compress, condense, closely pack together.

Cómoocap, -aip, m., identity of

evil fate.

Cómboiltear, -tir and -teara, m., condolence.

Cómounao, -nca, m., a shutting, closing, fastening; a conclusion, a confirmation.

Cómouticar, m., the state of belonging to the same country or tribe; gs., cóm oútcair, used as adj.

Cómpao, -a10, m., a length, an

equal length.

Cómpáircim, -árcao, v. tr., I bind closely, I fasten uniformly.

Cómplaiteact, -a, f., a joint sovereignty, a commonwealth, a republic; aristocracy.

Cómpocat, -ait, pl. id., m., a synonym; a word; a compound

Cómposan, -ann, m., a dipthong.

Cómrozur, -uir, m., neighbourhood, proximity, vicinity; consanguinity; relatives, kindred; cómpozur cámoe, near relatives (cómsur or cómsar is used in the same sense).

Cómposurac, -ais, pl. id., m., a relation; one near in blood.

Cómroigre, g. id., f., neighbourhood; 'n-a c., near him; cómroisreact, id.

Cómpuaim, f., vowel rhyme, asso-

nance. See uaim.

Cómpuaimneac, -nije, a., assonantal.

Cómpuanao, -nta, m., act of growing quite cold.

Cómpuitibe, m., a relative, a blood relation.

Cómruinizim, -neac, v. intr., I wait, tarry.

Cómpuntac, -aije, a., comfortable,

consolatory.

Cómpuntact, -a, f., comfort, aid, consolation; full relief, help, or comfort.

Cómpuntużao, -uiże, m., act of consoling, comforting; real cómpuntuite, a consoler.

Cómsabáil, -ála, f., harmony,

love, generosity.

Cóm záin, -e, -ánta, f., outry, congratulation.

Cóm $\dot{\zeta}$ ánnoeac, -on $\dot{\zeta}$ e, a., glad, joyful, merry.

Cóm \dot{z} án roeacar, -air, m., joy mirth, gladness.

Cóm żánne, g. id., m., general laughter or ridicule.

Cómżánneac, -niże, α ., noisy, clamorous.

Comsaineact, -a, f., nearness, proximity.

Cómżainim, vl. -żainm, v. tr., I convoke, call together.

Cómżaijim, -ajima, f., a convocation.

Cómsaot, -oit, pl. id. and -saotra, m., kindred, consanguinity.

Comsan, -ain, m., waking and burial arrangements (U_{\cdot}) .

Comzap, -aip, pl. id., m., nearness, a near way, convenience, proximity; meeting; 1 3c., near; oo żeλμη ré c., he took a short cut (pron. cómnsan).

Comzanac, -aize, a., adjacent,

convenient; witty, quick at repartee.

Comsan cannee, m., wit, fluency,

quickness at repartee.

Cómgap, -aip, m., nearness, closeness; relationship; relatives.

See cómgogup.

Cómżtan, -ame, a., equally bright,

very pure.

Cómstuaract, -a, f., a simultaneous movement (also cóm-

Štuaipeaco).

Cómżoin, g. -e and -żon, pl. -żonta, f., contrition; sorrow, compunction, remorse, sympathy (Kea.).

Cómżonao, -żonza, m., contrition,

sorrow, affliction.

Cóm j náro teorn, -ona, -ornioe, m.,

a rival in love.

Cómgut, -guit, m., act of weeping together; intense weeping.

Cómżut, -żota, m., voices in

unison.

Comta, -an, -an (also g. -ao, pl. -aoa), f., a valve; a leaf of a door; a door, a gate, a shutter; a threshold; comta unce, a flood-gate; comta τόζάια, a trap-door; oion-comta, a guard or protection; comta breac, the magic door in fairy dwellings among rocks (M.).

Cómtabaint, -anta, f., a dialogue

or colloguv.

Comtac, -aiz, -aize, m., a comrade, a fellow-soldier.

Cómtaroe, g. id., f., confederacy, alliance, union.

Cómtám, ad., hand to hand,

together.

Cómtán, -áine, a., full, very full;

perfect.

Comtann, -ann, pl. id., m., a combat, fight, conflict, battle, duel; a match, complement, an equal; a colleague.

Comlannar, -air, m., valour, feats

of arms.

Cómtaoc (also contaoc, comtac, contac), m., a comrade, a fellow-soldier.

Cómlán, -ánne, a., quiet, eventempered, steady, level-headed.

Cómtíonao, -n τ a, m., fulfilment (as of a prophecy).

Cómtorperm, vl. -topcao, imper. -torpe, v. tr., I burn up.

Cómlorcao, -orrcte, m., a con-

flagration.

Comluadam, -aim, pl. id., m., a company, a society, a club; conversation; congratulation; pron. cluadam in Der.: cf., cead cluadam léite, permission to converse with her; chuadat in Om.; pean-chuadat, old chat; if mait an c. é, he is good company (Con.).

Cómtuat, -aite, a., equally quick, very quick; equally soon; cómtuat, no sooner than; com tuat infilinn, the very moment that, etc. (In these last the words com and tuat are really

separate.)

Cómtuct, g. id. and -A, m., a fellow-labourer; an associated band; a household; c. orbne, labourers together, partners, associates, allies.

Cómtuct, m., a cast or charge; the contents of anything. See

luċc.

Cómturge, g id., f., lying with;

coupling with.

Cómtuiże, g. id., f., a mutual oath or vow. See tuiże.

Cómtuiţim, vl. -tuiţe, v. intr., I lie with, couple with, associate with.

Cónimaim, -e, f., a woman, a wife. This word is not yet obsolete with pure speakers of the language; it is pron. coo-eem (C.). (Commaime also as nom.)

Command, -e, a., so good, so excellent, equally good, very

good; as subs., an equal.

Cómmaoroeam, -maorote, m., mutual joy, common joy; congratulation.

Cómmaoroim, -maoroeam, v. tr. and intr., I boast, brag, exult.

Commaoin, -e, -eaca, gpl. -eac, f.,

favour, obligation; advantage. See comaoin and comaoine.

Commaoineac, -niż, m., a communicant, etc. See comaoineac.

Cómmantanac, -aite, a., co-eternal.

Commb.. See comb..

Cómmotam, -ao, v. tr. and intr., I join in applause, I congratulate.

Cómmón, -mónne, a., very great,

equally great.

Cómmóμαο, m., co-extolling, magnifying; a sign of respect, congratulation (Don.), e.g., τυς γιαο c. οόιδ; a convening of assemblies; an assembly of any kind, especially wake, funeral; μιπη mé mo cómmóμαο, I went to the wake; ας αη ξεόππόμαο, at the funeral (Om.); te c. ταδαιμτ το 'n σίγ, to show respect to or congratulate the two (Peter Walsh); the act of escorting, accompanying.

Cómmóμαιm, -όμαο, v. tr., I magnify, extol; convene (an assembly); compare, emulate.

Cómmónuizim, -nao, v. tr., I equal,

etc. See cómmópaim.

Cómnaircim, -narc and -narcao, v. tr., I join, link, or connect together.

Cómnaircieact, -a, f., what binds

or links together.

Comnáμο, -λίμο, m., comparison; 1 ξc. το γύτο, in comparison with him (M.); often cómnáιμο.

Cómnarc, -airc, m., a mutual bond,

link, or connection.

Cómnarcao, -cta, m., a mutual binding or linking together.

Comnuive, g. id. and comnuive (also comnuive), f., a dwelling, a rest, an abode; áit nó ionad comnuive, a place of abode; béat 'na comnuive, a silent mouth; i zc., always; tá ré 'na comnuive, it is at rest, not moving; cead comnuive, leave to dwell.

Comnuioim, -oe, v. intr., I dwell,

reside, remain.

Comnuiţteac, -tiţe, a., lasting, perpetual.

Cómnuiţteac, -tiţ, pl. -tiţe and -teaca, m., a dweller, an inhabitant.

Cómnuiteoip, -opa, -oipite, m., a dweller, an inhabitant.

Cómóstac, -ais, pl. id., m., a fellow-servant.

Cómóztacar, -air, m., fellow-service.

Cómorbproe, g. id., pl. -oce, m., a fellow-helper, a fellow-labourer.

Cómoibuizim, -iużao, v. intr., I work with; co-operate, assist.

Cómorbriużao, -piżte, m., co-operation.

Cómoiţne, g. id., pl. -nroe, m., a co-heir.

Cómoigneog, -oize, -oza, f., an heiress.

Cómoineamnac, -aige, a., harmonious (with, vo).

Cómónao. See cómmónao.

Comóntar, -air, m., a comparison; emulation; rivalry; contest; out 1 gc. te, to contest, to compete with; 1 gc. te, in comparison with, like, got up like; ní c. 1 reter-rean, she is not to be compared to him; nána rtán comóntar, absit comparatio, there is no comparison!

Compain, a chest. See compan.

Cómpáinteac, -tiže, a., partaking, sharing, imparting; equally responsible.

Cóm páintioe, g. id., pl. -ote, m., a co-partner, a colleague.

Compáir, -e, f., compassion (A.).

Compán, -áin, pl. id., m., companion, colleague. See compánac.

Compánac, -aiţ, pl. -aiţe and -aca, m., a companion, comrade, associate.

Compántar, -air, m., fellowship, society.

Compan, -ain, m., chest, body, trunk; coimplean, id.

Compáp, -áip, m., a compass; 1 5c. a bhottaiż żtéizit (U. song). Comptuet, -a and -uiet, m., a set,

N

a gang, a company, a household (often written comptact).

Compóμo, -όιμο, pl. id., m., comfort, pleasure (also compoint and cúmpóino).

Compónoac, -aize, a., comfortable. Compónoamail, -mla, a., comfortable.

Compháio, -e, f., company; association; comparison; 140 00 cun 1 5c. le céile, to put them together, to compare them.

Сотра, g. -рапп, d. -рапп, pl. -nanna, f., a large box or chest; a coffin; a bier; a companion; an ark (pron. cónta in Don., cóntra in Con.). In M. córna, a chest, is pron. differently from cómpa, a coffin, and is m., though originally the same word; cf. coffer.

Compac, -aic, pl. id., m., a contest, conflict, combat, contention, fight, meeting, junction; Compac aba, a place name in Kerry, the confluence of two rivers; c. Lae ip oroce, twilight (annvoinceact, id.); c. na mbótan, cross-roads.

Compacac, -aize, a., wrestling,

struggling, fighting.

Cómpáo, g. -páio, pl. id. and -μάιότε, dpl. -μάιότιδ, m., conversation, discourse, speech, dialogue, talk; c. béit, oral teaching.

Cómμασόιμ, -όμα, -όιμι oe, m., a

coffin-maker.

Complionioe, g. id., pl. -ote, m., a comrade (also compáda).

Comparceac, -cize, a., aggressive, quarrelsome; also com-

Comparceoin, -ona, -oinioe, m., a fighter, a combatant.

Compacizim, vl. compac, v. tr., I fight, combat, wrangle.

Comparoe, g. id., m., protection, patronage; comparõe m'anma one, my life on you (W. Ker.); (also cumpaise).

Compardeact, -a, f., form, figure,

manner, condition.

Cómpároim, vl. cómpáo, v. intr., I converse.

cóm

Cómμάι ότεις, -τιζε, α., affable; talkative.

Cómpároteac, $-\tau_1$, $-\tau_1$, m., anaffable man, a collocutor.

Comparse, g. id., f., protection, etc.

See comainize.

Cómpann, -a, pl. id. and -painn, m., an equal share; in pl., equal shares, partnership; tá an Tatam 1 Scompann aca, they hold the land in partnership.

Cómpoinn, g. -noinne and -nonna, pl.-ponna, f., a division, a portion; a field; division of land;

distribution.

Cómpoinneadóip, -ópa, -óipide, m., a partaker, a distributor.

Cómpoinnim, vl. cómpoinn, v. tr., I distribute, share, divide.

Cómpoinnteoip, -opa, -oipite, m., a divider, distributor; a partaker.

Cómpuatan, -ain, m., utter destruction, complete rout.

Cómpún, -púin, pl. id., m., conspiracy, joint design; a common secret.

Cómpúnuroe, g. id., pl. -oce, m., a secretary (P. O'C.).

Compamail, compamalact. See cormail, cormaileact.

Cómpanntac, -aize, a., desirous, covetous, greedy.

Cómpcoit, f., a school or college. See rcoit.

Cómrcoláine, g. id., pl. -nice, m., a school-fellow.

Cómpeinm, f., harmony, phony, concert.

Cómptán, -áine, a., entire, sound, healthy.

Cómpnaomita, p. a., incorporate. Cómroittreac, -rize, a., equally

bright or luminous; very bright. Cómrotar, m., morning or evening

twilight. Cómpóláp, -áip, m., consolation.

Cómppainn, -e, f., a wrestling, a contesting.

Cómpainneac, -nize, a., wrestling, struggling.

Cómputato, m., a confluence of streams (also cómrnuc).

Cómruioim, vl. -ruioe, I get to sit together, to occupy a common

Computationact, -a, f., courtship, rivalry (O'N.).

Comtac, -ais, m., slaughter, destruction.

Cómtasan, -ann, pl. id., m., a

threatening.

Cómtát, -táit, m., a conflux or streaming forth of liquid, as water from a pipe, or as milk from the paps of an udder.

Cómtálaim, -tál, v. intr., I yield or produce milk, as an animal.

Cómtalán, -áin, pl. id., m., a gathering or assemblage, as at a hurling match, or country dance (Ker.); a colloquial form of cóimitionól.

Cómtannana, -e, f., a pulling, dragging, drawing; contraction.

Cómtappainsim, -tappains, v. tr., I pull, draw, drag, contract.

Cómitátui $\dot{\varsigma}$ im, -u $\dot{\varsigma}$ a \dot{o} , v. tr., cement, join together, solder, bind firmly.

Cómcósáit, -áta, f., a building, a

constructing.

Cómtózaim, -záil and -zaint, v. tr., I raise up, construct.

Cómtózamt, -e, f., building, erect-

ing a building.

Cóm $\dot{\tau}$ 011, f., unanimity, agreement, mutual consent.

Cómtoilitim, -toileato, v. intr., I consent, agree, contract.

Cómtoilteanac, -aite, a., willing, agreeable.

Cómtharac, -raite, a., odoriferous, sweet-scented (O'N.).

Cómthom, -thuime, a., equal, just, level, even.

Comtnom, -puim and -poma, pl. id., m., justice, right; a weight, a balance; standard; c. talman, level ground; c. na haimpine peo anunaio, this time last year; c. féinne, fair play.

Comeromaim, -so, v. tr., I weigh,

I balance, I equalise; I level,

Comenomuisim, -usao, v. tr., I normalise. See comtnomaim.

Comthomuitteat, -tite, a., equally weighing, balancing.

Comtromuitteatt, -a, f., equilibrium, equipoise.

Comtrorcatt, -a, f., a general fasting.

Cómthuat, -thuaite, f, great pity.

Cómthulme, g. id., f., equal weight,

evenness.

Cómtuippe, g. id., f., utter sorrow. Cómturtim, vl. id., v. tr., I fall equally or mutually.

Cómċuicim, -e, f., act of falling

down, perishing.

Cómuilleannac, -aite, a., equiangular.

Comunicacc, -a, f., form, shape; 1 Kcomuipoesco pip, in the shape of a man.

Comunts, f., part, division.

Cómunnánca, a., intrepid, daring, dauntless.

Comuppa, f., a neighbour. See comanta.

Con-, used in composition for com. Conablac, -ais, -aca, m., a carcass, a corpse; carrion; a trashy person.

Conác, g. -áic, dpl. -ácaib, m., prosperity; success; a source of prosperity; wealth, riches; a conác rin ομτ, may you reap the reward of that, said on hearing of one's good action or good fortune; also used in a bad sense on hearing of one's mischance.

Conac, -ais, m., a murrain; rabies; fierce spite, rage: o'éinis conac ann cużam, he became enraged towards me.

Conáo. See conác.

Conari. See conpao.

Conábac, -baize, a., prosperous, wealthy, successful. (The same meaning is also conveyed by gs. of conác, as ream conáis, a wealthy or prosperous man).

Conáro, -e, f., a flouting, jeering, joking. See ronáro.

Conárceac, -crize, a., given to flouting, jeering, mocking.

Conároim, -áro, v. tr., I mock, jeer, ridicule.

Conaronear, -nip, a., power of reasoning, ratiocination.

Conaitbe (convaitbe, coinceatba), g. id., f., friendship, love, amity.

Conailbeac, -biże (convailbeac, coinvealbac), a., friendly, amorous, affectionate; showing a fair countenance.

Conain, -e, pl. id., f., a road, beaten road, way, path; a haven.

Conaire, -e, -eaca, f., a pack of hounds; hunting; a rout of wolves.

Conamup, -upp, m., fragments; punne an teant conamup of curo apain, the child has broken his bread into fragments (Don.); also conmap.

Contac, -ais, m., hydrophobia.

See confao.

Contaircne, g. id., f., the dogberry tree.

Conburbean, -one, -oeanta, f., a guard.

Concaban, -ann, m., help (also, a proper name).

Concabaptac, -taiţe, a., meddlesome; ip concabaptac cailleac ap cuaipto, an old woman on a visit is meddlesome (Con.).

Conetann, -anne, -a, f., an equal, a fellow, a match, a rival, a companion; a comparison; a kind of Irish metre in which the last word of one stanza begins the next stanza; chainmetre.

Conparo, -aro, m., a roaring, a howling; madness; rabies; fury; rapacity; a greedy appetite; cú conparo, a mad dog; éan conparo, a vulture; conparo na parpuze, the raging of the sea.

Conpadac, -daiže (conpac), a., rabid, furious, raging, stormy; vicious. cross-grained; voracious, ravenous; éan conçadac, a vulture (also conaçac).

Confaiman (p silent), -aine, a., stormy (Om.).

Con roinne, f., an otter.

Congáin, -ántá, pl. id., f., uproar, clamour, conclamation. See cómgáin.

Conzáinim, vl. conzáin, v. intr., I

roar, I shout.

Conzantac, -aiże, a., helpful, disposed to render assistance; as subs., an auxiliary.

Conzantóipi, -ópa, -óipioe, m., an

auxiliary, an assistant.

Congbáit, -áta, f., a habitation, a house, a residence, a village; used in place names, as nuaccongbáit, Nohaval (pron. nócobáit).

Congbáit, -báta, f., act of keeping, holding, restraining from (6); maintaining; support; congbáit ruar, supporting (pron. comneáit. See congbaim.

Congraim, vl. congrait, 3 s. pf. and 2 imper. congarb and congruit, fut. congraica, v. tr., I keep, preserve, restrain, keep back; I pluck.

Conzbálac, -aize, a., guarding,

preserving; tenacious.

Congbáttar, -air, m., maintenance; a prop, a stay; support.

Conzna, g. id., pl. -1 oe, m., a horn. Conznao, m., help. See conznam.

Congnam, g. conganta and congnam, m., help, assistance, succour, aid; act of helping, cooperating with (te); tuck conganta, helpers (pron. cúnam (M.), cúnú (Don. and Con.).

Conmaicne, g. id., f., a sept, a tribe; it is the name of several

districts in Connaught.

Connac, connapc, 1 s. indic. pf. of oo-cim, I see.

Connacta, g. -nact, d. -nactait, Connaught.

Connactac, -aiţ, -aiţe, m., a native of Connaught; and as adj., Connacian.

Connao, -aro., m., wood; fuel, firewood.

Connapitac, -aiż, -aiże, m., a churl, a rough person; a large-limbed, greedy person; c. mná, a fierce, strong woman (also applied to a cow, etc.).

Connantac, -aise, a., binding, obligatory; belonging to a con-

vention or compact.

Conntac, -ais, pl. id., m., a stalk, stubble; moss (also cumnteac).
Conntact, -a, f., contracting,

shutting up, hoarding.

conntán, -án, pl. id., m., a young helpless family (Con. and Wat.); children (U.).

Conntann, a hero. See comtaoc. Conntugao, -uigte, m.. act of collecting, scraping together, contracting; retiring, withdrawing.

Connpao, -napita, pl. id., m., an

agreement, a covenant.

Connpaim (conspaim), -ao, I tell, relate, narrate.

Conntain, -e, -roe, f., a consonant. Conntae, g. id., f., a county.

Conntanór, -óir, m., countenance, favour.

Connτμάċτ, -a, f., a curse, a malediction; misfortune.

Conóz, -ó1ze, -óza, f., a puffin; cánóz, id.

Cónna, cóntha. See cómpa.

Con-μόρ, m., a dog-rose. Conpartéaparoe, y. id., m., a counsellor, a barrister (A.).; conrarteáp, id.

Conrpóio, -e, -ioe, f., dissension; a dispute, argument; a quarrel.

Conppóroeac, -oize, a., contentious, quarrelsome, litigious, argumentative.

Conppóroeact, -a, f., a disputation.

Conrpóidim, vl. conrpóid, v. intr., I contend, dispute, strive.

Conrtábla, g. id., pl. -rôte, m., a constable, a policeman (A.).

Conptaic, -e, -ioe, f., a clever saying; a dodge; a condition artfully introduced into a bar-

gain; a saving clause; an objection; generally used in pl.(M.).

Contabaint, -banta and -bainte, f., danger, risk; doubt.

Contabantać, -aiże, a., dangerous, risky; doubtful.

Conταζαιμτ, -αμτα, f., affirmation, allusion, reference.

Contráct, -a, f., misfortune; a curse.

Contráitte, a., wrong; transverso, across; an fáitim cun contráitte an an téine, to put the hem wrong on the shirt (Kerry song); also contrátta.

Conτηάμολ, indec. a., contrary.

Contradiction; the opposite, the direct contrary.

Conτμάτ na horôce, twilight (Aran); conτμάιτίη, id.; prop. cμόη-τμάτ.

Copán, -áin, pl. id., m., a cup, a

goblet.

Copός, -όιςe, -όςa, f., dock (weed); any large leaf of a plant; copός τυαταιτ, common burdock; copός γτεαμαιπ, colt's foot (U.). See capός.

Copózac, -aiże, a., abounding in

dock-leaves.

Cop, g. cop, pl. id., m., mode, manner, state, condition; power, hold; a trick; turn, twist, stir; occasion; tune; cast, throw; guarantee, surety, pledge; engagement, obligation, covenant, compact; visit; bar of a tune; a bout of wrestling; a reel in dancing; all an 5c. rin, in that state, by that means; an c. 30, so that, to the end that; an son ċ., (ap) ċ. ap biċ, 1 n-20n-ċ., on any account, by any means, in anywise, at all; oo'n c. ro, on this occasion, now, this time; c. te, as well as; cao ir c. ouit, what is your condition? níon cuin ré c. ve, he did not stir; ní't aon c. 'n-a choroe ná puit a from azam, there is no trick in his mind that I am not acquainted with; an c. acá aiji,

the condition in which he is; con come, a trick in wrestling by which the leg is suddenly taken from one of the contestants; bannear com an an nginginar, the hare was so hotly pursued that it had to turn.

Cop, g. copta, m., act of wearying, growing tired.

Cóp, - ópta, m., a corn in the

foot (McC.).

Copa, g. -ao or -ann, d. -aro or -ann, pl. -aoa, f., a weir, a dam; Ceann Copao (Kincora), the residence of Brian Borumha; cf., mainiptip na Copann, Midleton, in Co. Cork.

Conac, -ais, pl. id., m., a marsh, a waste, a barren district, a place where reeds grow. See con-

MAC.

Cóμac, -aiζe, α., just, fair, even; well-proportioned, handsome.

Cóμας, -αιζε, f., justice. See cóιμ. Coμαζιοb, -α, m.; in phr. ας μυισε αμ α coμαζιοb, sitting on his haunches.

Copasiobac, -ais, pl. id., m., the

male salmon (M.).

Cóμαιο, -e, f., a pair, a couple; a yoke of cattle; cf. cóμαιο bó and cóμαιο cαοιμιζ; cheeserennet.

Copario, g. id., m., a hero, a

champion.

Coparoeact, -a, f., bail, security, guarantee, recognisance.

Coparoeact, -a, f., wrestling, contending; valour, bravery.

Copaim, vl. cop, v. tr. and intr., I tire out, weary; I fatigue; I twist, I turn.

Copamait, -mta, a., wrestler-like; angry, fitful.

Copánac, -aiż, -aiże, m., a funeral

cry, a dirge.

Copanta, indec. a., strong, valiant; reap copanta, a strong man; to finball ré 30 copanta, he walked stoutly; cf. cupata or cupata.

Consoro, -e, f., a pair, a duplicate;

copiaoro bó, two cows. See cópiaro.

Copaoroeact, -a, f., duplicating, doubling.

Copb, g. cuipb, pl. id., m., a coach, a wagon.

Combac, -aiże, a., wicked, lewd.

Conbao, -aro, m., corruption, depravity, debauchery, incest.

Combaim, -ao, v. tr., I waste, consume; I corrupt, deprave.

Conbaine, g. id., pl. -proe, m., a charioteer; a coachmaker, a wheelwright. See capbaine.

Copic, g. cuipic, -anna, m., a cork; cork-wood; a cork-tree (also

conca).

Copica, race, offspring; enters into many place names, as Copica Daipein, in West Thomond; Copica thi Outbne, in West Kerry, etc.

Concaċ, -aiże, -aċa, f., a moor or marsh, a low-lying swamp; the City of Cork; the ds., Concaiż, is used generally for nom.

Con-carte, $g.\ id.$, pl. -aca, f., a clumsy, clownish girl; cf. con-

buacaill.

Concain, g. -aine, pl. concha, a., purple.

Concán, -áin, pl. id., m., a pot.

Concán coitte, m., a small red woodland flower; a bull-finch.

Concar, -air, pl. id., m., trunk of a man (Orn.) (= carcass?)

Con-catbaրր, -ուրր, pl. id., m., a hat band; a helmet clasp.

Cομτός, -όιζε, -όζα, f., a hive. See τημιτέος.

Con-copóz, -óıze, -óza, f., great water plaintain, alisma plantago.

Coμεμα, g. id., m., purple, red colour. See concam.

Conchać, -aiże, a., purple, scarlet-coloured (also cuncunać).

Concup, -copa and -cpa, m., sear-let.

Cópoa, g. id., pl. -ròe, m., a string, a cord, a rope; a hangman's appliance for hanging.

Cóposó, -uiżte, m., union, agree-

ment; act of binding; prop.

comajioao.

Consar, -air, m., Lent. See cansar (pron. with 5 hard, Don.).

Consuair, -e, f., confusion, trouble, annoyance; oo cuin ré c. ain,

it put him about.

Coμm, g. cuiμm, m., a kind of strong Irish beer or ale.

Comman, g. id., m., ale. See comm. Commann, -ao, v. tr., I brew.

Comm-uaitt, f., drunken elamour. Comm, g. cumm, pl. id. and comma, dpl. command, m., a goblet, chalice, cup, drinking-horn (pl.

also connneaca).

Conn, g. cunn, m., a roll (as of cloth, etc.); conn bhéirin nó conn ptainín, a piece of frieze or a piece of flannel rolled up on a stick; a coil of rope, a hank of yarn; dim., connán; conna, id.

Connabán, -áin, pl. id., m., a beetle. Connaim, -aò, v. tr., I plait, fold, curl, roll, wind, warp up.

Connán caipit, -áin caipit, pl. id., m., wall pennywort, pennyleaf (also called teacán).

Connán ráit, m., hemlock.

Copn-ctáp, -áip, pl. id., m., a cupboard, a sideboard.

Conn-folt. See cann-folt.

Compact, -a, f., roundness (as of a piece of cloth rolled on a stick).

Cομός, -όιζε, -όζα, f., a small piece of butter given from the churn=caoμός; a faggot (in some districts); a raven.

Conóz, -ónze, -óza, f., the hip joint.

Coμόιη, g. -eaċ, -e, and -óna, pl. -eaċa and -ónaċa, f., a crown; a crown-piece, five shillings; an Coμόιη Μυιμε, the Rosary of the Blessed Virgin Mary; coμόιη muttaiţ, the vertex or top of anything; ní μιος caισέ an μί βειὸ ι ξουμόιη bliaòain ó 'noiu, nobody can say what king will reign twelve

months hence; c. an cinn, the crown of the head.

Conóinéin, -éana, -éinroe, m., a coroner; also choimnéanaroe.

Conónac, -ais, -aise, m., a royal personage.

Conónac, -arge, a., crowned, royal. Conónam, -aro and -ónugao, v. tr., I crown.

Cομόπυζαό, -uιζ \dot{c} e, m., coronation. Cομόπυιζιm, -uζαό, v. tr., I crown.

Copp, g. cupp and copp, pl. id., m., a corpse, a body; a headless trunk; copp chain, the trunk of a tree; te copp άταις, with genuine pleasure; beio γέ annyo táiτρεας αμ απ ζεομρ αζαιπ, he will be here presently, he is upon us; σ'αοντοιρρ παζαιό, fully bent on mocking; tém γέ αγ α copp, he sprang into the air; σ'ιπτίζ γέ απ πέιο α δί 'na copp, he went off as fast as he could; c. απ τραπραιό, the middle of summer.

Compatac, -ais, m., the body, as distinct from the head.

Coppán, g. -áin, pl. id., m., a corpse; also a little or miserable body.

Compania, a., corpulent, corporal.

Coppapóac τ , -a, f., materiality. Copp-phara $\dot{\sigma}$, m., anatomy.

Comp-rnaruizim, -rao, v. tr., I anatomise, dissect.

Copp, g. curppe and coppe, pl.
-a, f., any bird of the crane or heron kind; a stork, bittern, etc.; copp bán, a stork; copp tap, copp móna, a crane or heron; copp repéaca, a screech owl (copp-repéacos); copp trujan (?), a curlew.

Copp, g. cuppe, pl. copps, f., a worm, a reptile, fly or insect.

Copp. -a, f., a crib, a stall, but, enclosure, pen, as copp na gcapatt, the horse shed; copp na gcaopac, the pen for sheep, etc.

Copp., -a, -ta (also g. and pl. cupp.), m., an angle, a nook, a corner; a bound; a limit; end, termination.

Copp, g. cuppe, pl. -a, f., a snout, a beak, a bill; the stern or prow of a ship; copp topais natume, the prow.

Copp, g. cupp, m., a sand eel; copp zobać, a sand eel with a

long head (Ker.).

Conn (for comparoeact), an addition to; conn 7 rice bliadan, twenty years and some months; bheir 7 rice bliadan, twenty

years and more.

Copp, a. (generally compounded with noun), odd, occasional; c.-rocat, an odd word; c.-uaip, occasionally; c.-uimip, an odd number; copp-ouime, an occasional person; ouime copp, an oddity.

Copp, a., round; copp-bots, a

round bag.

Coppa a round, rough hill (Cork).
Coppabually, -e, f., concern, uneasiness (corrupt for coptually).

Coppaċ, -aiże, α., unstable, uneven, unsteady; maioe coppaċ,

a see-saw.

Coμμαċ, -Διζ, -Διζe, m., a morass, a marsh, a bog; a level, low-

lying plain.

Coppac, -aic, pl. id., m., top-knot (head-dress); the diminutive coppaicin was applied to the crest on the head of a fowl, lapwing, etc.

Connacán, -áin, pl. id., m., a light boat made of hides or canvas. See conac; see also cunacán.

Coppacar, -air, m., weariness, fatigue.

Compacuzao, -uizte, m., the coo-

ing of the dove.

Coppaö, in phr. coppaö te, almost; also more than (1r); copp, id. (Don.); coppaö 1r rice bliaöan, odds and twenty years (U.); cf. zealt te (M.).

Compardeact, -a, f., excess; conn-

aroeact if fice punt, twenty pounds odd (M.).

Connámín, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a bit

of steel well edged (usually part of a coμμάπ), used for thinning the edge of a scythe to sharpen it. Coμμάπ, -ánn, pl. id., m., the jaw; a hook or sickle; an indented

Coppián, -áin, pl. id., m., the jaw; a hook or sickle; an indented or serrated mountain; Coppián Cuażait, Tuathal's serrated mountain, Carn Tual, in Kerry, the highest mountain in Ireland; coppián γαοα, a long-hafted seaweed hook.

Coμμάη, -áin, pl. id., m., the jaws; the throat. See coμμάη supra.

Compánac, -aiz, pl. id., m., a man with pointed edged jaws; a youth.

Connánac, -aise, a., pointed,

barbed, indented.

Coppanar, -air, m., a desire to eat from seeing others eat.

Comp-carte, f., a clumsy, clownish

girl.

Connicosalt, -e, pl. id. (connicosalt), f., green and blue figures, resembling glow-worms, observed on the hearth when raking the fire at night, said to forbode frost or rain (Con.).

Copp $\dot{\mathbf{z}}$ tap, g. cuppe \mathbf{z} tape, pl. coppa \mathbf{z} tapa, f., a stork or

heron.

Сорр தриан, д. сирре дрегое, pl. сорра дриана, f., а heron. Сорр гарс, f., а heron, а crane.

Comptac, -ais, m., sea-weed reached only at low tide; it grows on rocks at the bottom of the sea, and requires a special knife to cut it.

Conpluac, -aiże, -a, m., overplus,

addition, remainder.

Copp-méap, m., the odd or ring finger.

Copp móna, g. cupple móna, pl. coppa móna, f., a crane.

Comp repeatos, f., a screech owl.

Conniruit, f., a glance.

Coppuţao, -uiţte, m., act of stirring, moving, inciting; motion. See coppuţe.

Coppuize, -uizte, m., act of moving, stirring; motion.

Coμμιίζε, g. id., f., anger, fury; wrath, offence (C.).

Cομμιιζελό, -ζιζε, α., moving,

stirring; active.

Coppuizim, -użaż and -uiże, fut.
-μόἐλο, cond. -μόἐλιπη, v. tr. and
intr., I stir, move; tamper with;
coppuiż ομτ, hurry on; coppuiż,
id.; coppuiż τά κέιη, id.

Conta, p. a., wearied, tired out.

Cóρτα, g. id., m. (corrupt for cóτα), a coat (Der.).

Contact, -a, f., weariness, exhaustion, lassitude.

Contain, -e and -thac, f., border,

fringe, embroidery.

Cóntapac, -aige, a., becoming, proper, courteous; in cóntapac Saedeatac an nón é, it is a becoming Irish practice.

to the sun's motion; a turn to the left; an unprosperous or

fatal course.

Cónuṣʿaʾo, -uṇṣʿce, m., act of repairing, refitting; arranging, settling, preparing; dressing out, rigging; armour; a band, a troop; battalion of troops drawn out in order of battle. See cónnuṣ́-aò.

Cópuiţim, -uţaō, v. tr., I mend, ornament, arrange, regulate,

prepare. See connizim.

Copuizim (copaim), vl. copaioeact, v. intr., I wrestle, contend, struggle.

Con-uppao, m., a surety.

Cop, g. coipe, d. coip, pl. copa, f., a foot; a leg; a handle; a trunk of a tree; the treadle of a spinning-wheel; cop i n-áiμισε, at a gallop; ip amaoán an a copaib é, he is a veritable fool; το μέιμ mo cop, in good spirits (Ker.); ceato cop, ceato na coipe, leave to go. Cop is always used for the handle of any tool that implies length, as a hammer, axe, fork, knife, etc.; but a vessel, etc., with two handles

is said to have ctuara (ears); that of a jug, teapot, is tam, while the hilt of a sword is corn (fist) or stac; 1 scorato, amongst; cor chainn, a wooden leg (Sligo); cor 1 oceannea, knock-kneed. See corr.

Corac, -aize, a., footed; having many legs; belonging to the

feet.

Copact, copactac, a cough. See capact, capactac.

Copadóin, -óna, -óinide, m., a foot-board.

Copaint, -anta, pl. id., f., defence; keeping; reply; averment; protection.

Corain, -γηας, f., a trampling; what is trampled down; 'n-a corain cho, in a gory mass or heap; 'na corain earain, trampled under foot, as litter for animals' bedding.

Copamait, ad., rather, middling (Om.); copamait matt, some-

what late. See cormail.

Copaman, -ann, pl. id., m., offal, remainder, rubbish; a rabble: δί c. ό Čeann Cungc an an bpópaö, there was a rabble from Kanturk at the wedding; 1 Sc. (with g.), in the wake of, in the company of.

Coramilact. See cormanleact.

Corán (carán), -áin, pl. id., m., a path, a foot-path, a route; the ravage made by a flood (Don.). See carán.

Corán, -áin, pl. id., m., a sloe-

bush.

Coranaim. See cornaim and cornuisim.

Copanta, indec. p. a., defended, protected, kept off.

Corantac, -aise, a., keeping, defending, protecting.

Corantac, -aiż, m., a defendant (Con.).

Corantóin, -óna, -óinite, m., a defender, a defendant.

Corc, -a, m., act of restraining; restraint; preventing, hindering, intercepting; a cessation; a

giving up; impediment, hindrance, restriction, prohibition, stop.

Corcao, -cta, m., the act of stopping, suppressing, hindering,

restricting. See corc.

Corcaim, vl. corc, v. tr., I oppose, prevent, forbid; I wean (Mayo);

hinder, stop.

Corcaine, g. id., pl. -nioe, m., a hinderer; a monitor; an instructor; one that ceases or

Corcaint, -anta, f., act of slaughtering; of triumphing; a thaw (Don.)

-aime, a., crooked-Cor-cam,

legged.

Corcan, -ain, pl. id., m., slaughter, havoc, overthrow; victory, exultation, fear, dread, terror (Don.). See corcaint.

Corcanao, -nita, m., act of terrifying (Don.). See corcain.

Corcanizac, -aize, a., destructive, overthrowing; exultant bloodcurdling (Don.).

Corchac, -aiże, a., victorious; fond of carnage; also corcanitac.

Corchaim, -ao, v. tr. and intr., I slaughter, massacre; I triumph,

Cor out, f., the plant maiden hair; oub-corsc (Aran).

Cor-zablacán, -áin pl. id., m., a straddle.

Cor-teatan, -eitne, a., broadfooted.

Cor-tom, -turme, a., barefooted. Cor-tomnocta, indec. a., barefooted.

Cor-luait, -e, a., swift-footed.

Cormant, -ramta, a., like, alike, resembling (to, te); ir c., it is likely, probable; 1r c. 50, it is likely that.

Cormanteact, -a, f., likelihood, probability; likeness, similitude, resemblance; fashion, imitation; imagery, also coramtacc.

Cormailear, -tir, m., resemblance, likeness, comparison, imitation. See cormaileact.

Cormailim, -ait, v. intr., I am like, resemble, I liken to.

COT

Cornac, -a15, m., a defendant. See cornamac.

Cornao, m. See cornam.

Cornaim, vl. coraint, cornam, cornao, imper. corain, fut. coireonao, sp. l. cornócao (pron. cornózao, M. and S. Con.), cond. -orreonainn and sp. l. -nócainn, v. tr., I defend, protect, ward off from (an), I maintain (also coranaim and carnaim).

Cornam, g. -nam, coranta, m., protection, defence, defensive

warfare (also carnam).

Cornamac, -aize, a., defensive, giving assistance.

Cornamac, - $\alpha_1\dot{\varsigma}$, - $\alpha_1\dot{\varsigma}$ e, m., an asserter, a defender, one who pleads, intercedes for.

Cornocta, indec. a., bare-footed, bare legged (also cornocts and cornoccuiste).

Cornuizim. See cornaim.

Corós, -ó15e, -ó5a, f., the stem of a plant.

Corpac, coll., fetters (O'N.).

Cor-root, -oit, pl. id., m., a footstool.

Corta and reápaoro are in Aran folklore the magic goblet and table-cloth which produce all desired drink and food. rcanaoio.

Cortar, -air, pl. -air and -airioe, m., provision, food; cost, ex-

pense.

Cortarac, -aise, a., costly, expensive, rich, sumptuous.

Cortaramail, -mla, a., expensive, costly, luxurious.

Coruroe, g. id., pl. -oce, m., a pedestrian; a footman; courier (also corride).

Cor urce, g. id., m., wild chervil, cow parsley, choerophyllum syl-

Cot, g. cuit, pl. id., m., a bill-

hook; a strong knife.

Cóta, y. id., pl. -roe, m., a coat, a garment; cóza món, a great coat; cóta beaz, a petticoat; c. bán, a groat; a white coat; c. pnearac, lady's mantle (plant) alchemilla vulgaris.

Cotsail, -e, f., breeding, good

breeding.

Coτηοπός, -όιςe, -όςa, f., a level plot, as in a rath (Don. and Con.) (prop. comthomóz).

Cotužać, - α 1, backward, shy

(Don.); fearful, timid.

Cotužao, -uižte, m., backwardness, shyness (U.); fearfulness,

timidity; act of fearing.

Cotuzao, -uite, m., act of supporting, feeding, maintaining, keeping; "caring for"; persuading; food, support, maintenance; good feeding; sleekness, fatness; one supported: ir olc an c. cú, you are illdeserving of maintenance; as cotuzao na háite céaona, keeping the same place.

Cocuisim, -usao, v. tr., I rear, feed, maintain, nourish, preserve; keep up; ní cocuiceann nit mait v'eat 1 zcomnuive, a horse cannot always maintain a

good pace (M_{\cdot}) .

Cocuizim, -użso, v. tr. and intr., I fear, dread, am timid, shy

Cotuite, p. a., maintained; wellfed (generally of cattle, etc.); cotuitre (Don.).

Cocuisceoin, -ond, -oinioe, m., a

supporter, a maintainer.

Cμάθαċτ, -a, f., piety, devotion, virtue, contrition. See chaibteact.

Chábao, -aio, m., religion, piety, devotion.

Chabán, -áin, pl. id., m., a kind of small rock-fish.

Chacaine, g. id., pl. -price, m., a boaster, a jestor, a talker.

Cháo, g. cháio and cháoa, m., act of vexing, plaguing, tormenting; pain, torment, misery, destruction, anguish, torture; ir cú an cháo, you are a torment; raoi c., in misery.

Chádaim, vl. chád and chádad,

v. tr., I pain, torture, torment, annoy; ná bí am cháo, do not annoy me.

Cháoán, -áin, pl. id., m., a burr,

a burdock.

Chaonar, -air, m., vexation.

Chaoreat, -ait, pl. id., m., a heart-burn; a dislike; sorrow; scruple.

Chaorcatac, -aize, a., heartburning; offensive, repugnant,

distasteful; scrupulous.

Cμά οταιμε, g. id., pl. -μιόε, m., a worn-out person; a useless

animal (W. Ker.).

Cház, -áize, -áza, f., a paw; a broad palm of the hand; a handful (of meal, etc.); nom. also CHÁIS.

Cházac, -aize, a., having large

hands or feet.

Cράζα \dot{o} , g. -ζ \dot{c} a and -ζα $\dot{o}\dot{c}$ e, m., collision.

Chazaim, -ao, v. tr., I handle, paw, maul.

Cházaine, g. id., pl.-nice, m., an awkward person who paws and besmears everything; a mauler.

Chaibteat, -tite, a., religious, pious.

Cμάιδτελίτ, -λ, f., godliness, piety, devotion.

Chároce, p. a., tormented, vexed, troubled, pained; choice c., a heart torn with anguish.

Chároteacán, -áin, pl. id., m., a bold, peevish youngster;

miser.

Charoceacc, -a, f., vexation, torment, pain, trouble; mo c., woe is me!

Cháioteán, -áin, pl. id., m., a grumbler.

Cμάιύτεος, -015e, -05a, f., a niggardly woman (O'N.).

Cμάιοτεοιμ, -ομα, -οιμισε, m, a miser.

Chais, -e, -eaca, f., a crag; a rock. See cappais.

Cháiz, -e, -eaca, f., the fist; a paw, a claw (also the throat) (O'N.).

Chaimpiarc, péirc, pl. id., m., a torpedo; a species of fish.

Cμάιη, -ánaċ, -ánaċa, f., a female; a sow; a she-crab; the female of several animals, having the idea of maternity, as cμάιη ξέ, cμάιη beiċe, cμάιη muice.

Cpainn-peamap, -peimpe, a., as thick as a tree; thick-shafted.

Chainnhuizce, a., obdurate, hard (Om.).

Channeoit, m., masts. See

Cpainntisim, -iużao, v. tr., I parch,

shrivel up, sear.

Cμάιπτίη, g. id., pl. -roe, m., the female of several animals, as cμάιπτίη ζέ, a goose; dim. of cμάιπ.

Chain-creite, g. id., m., tough

phlegm.

Chaiplizim, -iużao, v. tr., I en-

tangle; I cripple.

Cpamantac, -ais, m., the refuse stalks of peas, potatoes, or other crops (prop. cnámantac).

Chamós, -óise, -ósa, f., a remnant, refuse, residuum; chamós $\dot{\zeta}$ uait, cinders; a worm, a still (Om).

Champa, g. id., pl. -aroe or -aoa, m., a knot, a clasp; a cramp; a spasm; champaroe, cramps.

Cpampać, -aiże, α ., knotty; subject to cramps or spasms.

Champán, -áin, pl. id., m., a twisted, knotty beam of wood; a tree trunk; a large tuft, a dry lump in a bog or marsh; a small holm; a high river bank, common in place names; according to some, an inlet of a river, a creek; it is the name of some rivers.

Champóz, -óize, -óza, f., a noose (0,N).

Chancaro, -e, -te, m., a grumbler. Chancarne, g. id., pl. -probe, m., a

grumbler (A ?).

Chann, g. -ainn, pl. id. and -a, dpl. channai, m., a tree, mast, stave; a bolt; a plough; the handle of a weapon or implement; a staff; a limb; ah a channai, on his hands and

feet; chann móh, chann áho, main mast; chann íreat, a low mast; chann meadóin, mizzenmast; chann aihce, the corktree; c. áihne, the sloe-tree; c. bán, the sycamore-tree; c. béite, the birch-tree; pl. somet. channe (Con.).

Chann, g. chann, pl. id. and channa, m., a lot; channa oo cun ain, to select something by lot; channe oo caiteam ain

id. (Con.).

Cηann, -a, pl. id., a tune, a melody, a step in dancing; channa ceoit, tunes in music; in pl, antics: réac na channa τά ré, observe his antics.

Channao, -nca, m., choosing by lot; act of playing certain tunes on the fiddle, bagpipes, etc.

Channaolac, -ais, m., woven basket-work at the top of country chimneys, plastered over and whitewashed.

Chann bán, m., the sycamore tree. Chann bhatais, m., a flag-staff.

Chann bheite, m., the tree of judgment.

Chann burca, m., a box tree. Chann-cape, f., the bark of a

tree.

Chann canais, m., a cotton tree. Chann caoptainn, m., the mountain ash; the service tree; the quicken tree; the quick beam.

Chann car- \dot{r} áir, m., a dwarf tree. Chann coitteín, m., the hazel tree.

Chann chit, g. chann cheata, pl. id., m., an aspen tree; the trembling poplar (also chann chitin).

Chann-churt, -a, m., the bark of a

tree (O'N.).

Chann cuntre, m., a holly tree.
Chann cumpe, m., a quince tree.

Chann cupain, m., a cypress tree. Chann-cup, -cuin, m., a casting of lots; chainn oo cup, to east lots. Chann-cup pireozac, m., magical

divination.

Channoa, a., bowed, feeble, shrivelled; woody.

Cμαπη σαμας, m., an oak tree. Cμαπη σαμόιζε, m., an oak tree. Chann σειμιό, m., a mizen mast.

Chann ohuim, m., the elder tree (chann eatohuim, chann ohom-

áin).

Chann eaboinn, m., an ebony tree. Chann eagair, m., a weaver's setting stick.

Chann rairtine, m., sorcery by

casting of lots.

Chann realina, m., an elder tree. Chann realinoize, m., id.

Chann rize, m., a fig tree.

Chann phaocáin, m., black whortleberry, bilberry, bleaberry; c. phaocóize, id.

Chann ruine, m., a baker's rolling-

pin.

Chann ruinnreoize, m., common ash tree.

Chann Zarainn, m., henbane

(hyosyamus).

Channgait, -e, f., lattices before the altar, dividing the sanctuary from the body of the church; a bier; strains of music (pipers used to accompany funerals at one time; cf. chann, a tune:

-"An t-Otan agur an bár."

Chann zatt-ċnó, m., a walnut tree. Chann zaċa, m., a pike-staff.

Chann zeanm-cnó, m., a chestnut tree (also chann cnó capaitt).

Chann Ziumaire, m., a fir tree, a pine tree; bog pine.

Chann iomėuip, m., an axle-tree.

Chann tabhair, m., a laurel or bay tree.

Cpanntac, -a; m., boughs of trees; brushwood; stalks of plants.

Chann táin, m., a main mast.

Channtann, -ainne, -anna, f., a shrubbery.

Chann thomóroe, m., a lemon tree. Chann tuinge, m., a foremast, as distinct from chann reoit, a mast simply.

Channtup, m., groundsel (also Spuntup).

Chann maot-beams, g. chann maoit-beims, pl. id., m., a mulberry tree.

Cpann meadóin, m., the main

mast.

Chann-narc, -nairc, m., a kind of spancel which ties the horns of a cow to one of the fore legs (prop. chob-narc).

Cη ann ός, - όις e, - ός a, f., a pulpit; the driver's box on a coach; a hook or pin to hang things on;

an old lake dwelling.

Chann ola, g. chann ola, pl. id., m., an olive tree.

Chann pailme, m., a palm tree. Chann pice, m., a pike handle.

Channita, g. id., f., a knot in wood, a wart (Con. and U.); τά mé 'mo channa aize, I am wearied out by it (Con.); finneao channa oe, he was destroyed (Don.).

Chann héiotis, m., a magistrate

(U.).; any peacemaker.

Chann paitize, m., a sallow or willow tree; also c. paiteoize.

Chann-paop, g. -paop, pl. id., m., a carpenter.

Chann rcóice, m., a boom; also a bow-sprit.

Chann reitze, m., a hunting spear.

Chann reoit, m., a mast; chann reoit, masts.

Chann pluipe, m., a cherry tree.
Chann pleamain, m., horn beam,
horse beech tree (corpinus
betulus); an elm tree (O'C.).

Chann rnáim, m., a canoe, a boat. Chann rotair, m., a chandelier.

Chann ppette, m., a scythe handle, scythe-tree.

Cη ann rpíon ain, m., a gooseberry tree; c. rpíon 65 (Don.).

Chann phieoroe, m., a polt-sprit or pow-sprit.

Chann-tabaill, dpl. -taiblib, f., a sling, a sling-staff.

Chann-cappains, f., a drawing of lots.

Chann cappainze, m., a wooden peg or pin.

Chann-teac, m., an arbour.

Chann teannts, m., a printing press, a bookbinder's press, a rackpin.

Chann ceite, m., a lime tree, a

teel tree.

Chann certeorse, m., lime tree. Chann tocainte, m., a reel for

winding yarn (Meath).

Chann tochair, m., a reel for

winding yarn.

Chann τόζάλας, g. chainn τόζálaiż, pl. channa tózálača, m., a crane, windlass, lever, crow (also chann tózála).

Chann tomair, m., a guess; an öražao an mo ċ. é, shall I get

it, if I guess rightly?

Chann conaró, m., a fruit-tree.

Chann torais, m., the foremast. See chann luinge.

Chann tharna, m., a cross bar, a cross-beam; the swingle-tree in ploughing.

Chann cuitm, m., holm-oak.

Chann cúire, m., a frankincense

Chann ubaill, m., an apple tree. Channuice, g. id., pl. -cte, m., a

decrepid old man.

Channuizim, -uzao, v. tr. and intr., I become wooden, grow into wood; I plant trees.

Chann unree, m., the bowsprit of a

ship (P. O'C.).

Chaob, g. -01be and -05a, d. -01b, pl. -ba and -aca, dim. chaoibín and cpsobóz, f., a branch, a bough, a tree; an c., the palm of victory; chaob corcain, a sign of triumph; puz ré an chaob teir, he won the palm; ní řéadrainn aon pioc de chaoib an aonais to cun ain, I could not put anything of the palm of the fair on it, i.e., I couldn't do it in any way well (M.); rúż chaob, raspberry.

Chaob, as it occurs in place names and family names, as Chaob Ruati, Chaob Chuacha, etc.,

may signify a seat or mansion embosomed in shrubbery; chaob-Ac is similarly used. See P. O'C.

Cpaobac, -baije, a., branching, full of boughs; flowing (of the hair); variegated, fashionable, e.g., mo żúna chaobać (U.).

Chaobac, -aiz, m., loppings of

trees; brushwood.

Chaobaim, -ao, v. intr., I branch, I sprout.

Chaob coibneara, f., a genealogical

tree, a pedigree.

Chaob corcain, f., a laurel, a trophy.

Chaob ohomáin, f., an elder or bore tree. See chann ohum.

Chaob rabha, f., a sty in the eye. Chaob żeinealaiże, f., a genealogical tree.

Chaob-larpac, -aize, a., with branch-like flame, flamboyant. Chaob muice riao, f, hart's

tongue.

Сраоб обар, f., a sty in the eye (some write it chaob rozah and chaob rabha, the latter being probably the correct form).

Cηλοδός, -όιζε, -όςλ, f., an arborette; a little branch, a twig.

Chaobreaoileao, g. -lte, pl. id., m., act of propagating, publishing, setting down in genealogical order; genealogy; an explanation; publishing, preaching.

Chaobreaoilim, -lead, v. tr., I propagate, disseminate, publish, explain, divulge, delineate.

Chaobreaulte, p. a., preached, published, delineated, explained.

Chaocao, -cta, m., withering, blasting.

Cpaoib-eolac, -aiz, pl. id., m., an arborist.

Chaoibín, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a small branch or bough; a bush, a small tree.

Сраотреас, -різе, -реаса, f., а spear, a javelin; chaoirneac, id.

Chaoirín, g. id., pl. -nice, m., a little glutton.

Chaolaim, -ao, I announce (Wat.). Chaonac, -aice, a., bright-red,

speckled (another form of either chó-deans or caon-deans); also

Chaonac (Con.).

Chaonac, -aic, pl. id., m., a fish with bright-red scales (pron. cheroheac in Ker.); binn na 5Cμειόμελο, a little peak on the northern coast of Valentia Island, round which this particular fish is found in large numbers.

Chaor, -oir, m., the throat, the open mouth; the cavity of the mouth; the belly; greed, gluttony, revelling; anger, fury; réac an chaor atá uinti, said of a scolding woman.

Chaorac, -aiże, a., greedy, gluttonous, gaping, wide-mouthed;

furious; florid of face.

Chaorać, - a_1 ż, - a_1 że, m., a glutton, a spendthrift.

Chaoracán, -áin, pl. id., m., a glutton.

Chaoraine, g. id., pl. -proe, m., a glutton, a debauchee; shark.

Chaopanneact, -a, f., greediness, gluttony, spendthriftness; chaoract, id.

Cpaopánac, -aiż, -aiże, m., a glutton, a riotous person, a debauchee.

Chaor-bán, -báine, a., whitemouthed, white-throated.

Chaor-cozantac, - α , greedy; voracious.

Chaor-rochazao, -zta, m., a gargling or rinsing of the mouth.

Chaop-zalan, -ain, m., sores in the mouth, mouth distemper (usually in children); atomatitis, or thrush.

Chaor-Stanao, -nta, m., gargling. Chaor-Stanaim, -ao, v. tr., I

gargle.

Chaor-tonzao, -zta, m., act of greedily devouring; voracity.

Chaor-ot, -oit, m., act of drinking with greed; great drinking.

Chaor-huatan, -ain, m., a hungry or voracious onslaught.

Chaor-pluzao, -uizte, m., swallowing with greed.

Chaor-fluxaim, -fluxao, v. tr. I swallow voraciously.

Chaorta, indec. a., greedy.

Chapao, -pta, m., act of contracting, shrinking up, crippling, stunting; gathering close together; pron. chupao (Con.).

Chapadóin, -óna, -óinide, m., a

cripple.

Cμαραιm, -Δό, p. a. -pta, v. tr. and intr., I shrink up, contract; withdraw (as one's hand); I cause to shrink; bring close together (as hay spread out).

Chapaine, g. id., pl.-nice, m., one that crushes or causes to shrink.

Chapall, -aill, m., a fetter; shackles (also cheapalt).

Chapanac, -aize, a., curled (of the

hair).

Chapluisim, -usao, v. tr., I fetter, I tie, I bind.

Chap-jolar, -air, m., twilight. See clap-rolar.

Chapta (chapuiste, M. sp. l.), p. a., warped, contracted, bent, crippled.

Chatac, - Aise, a., shaking, trembling, waving, quivering; cút chatac, a waving head of hair.

Charao, -aite, pl. id., m., ashaking, brandishing, flapping, quivering; aspersion; concussion; a nod of the head.

Chataim, -ao, v. tr. and intr., I wave, shake; nod, beckon.

Cpatánac, -aiże, a., shaking, quivering, trembling.

Chathat, -aite, f., a shaking bog. Ché, g. chiao, d. chiaro, pl. chéroeanna f., earth, clay, dust (g. ché, d. id., is most usual now, except in poetry).

Cpé, g. id., f., the Creed (Lat.

Credo).

Cheabadóiji, -ójia, -óihide, m., a beggar, a dun.

Среавар, -aip, pl. id., m., a forkcock of hay.

Cheaban, -ain, m., a woodcock; a

gadfly. (P. O'C. spells cheodan or cheadan, and thinks the dis foreign and superfluous); cheadanne, id.

Cheaban caoc, m., a gadfly; a

woodcock (Con.).

Cheabóz, -61ze, -6za, f., a twig, a

branch; a young woman.

Cheac, g. cheice, pl. cheaca, f., plunder, spoil, booty, cattle-prey; a herd, as cheac bó nó capatt, a herd of cows, or a troop of horses; a host, a multitude; ruin; mo cheac, woe is me.

Cpeacao, -cta, m., act of plunder-

ing; spoiling, robbing.

Cμελόλο ότη, - όμλ, - ότητο e, m., a spoiler, a plunderer, robber,

freebooter, destroyer,

Cheacait, -e, -ioe, f., a crooked, gnarled piece of wood; fig., a person of a cross, unmanageable disposition; cheacaite, also in latter sense.

Cpeacaim, -ao, v. tr., I plunder,

I rob, despoil, desolate.

Cheacaine, g. id., pl. -prioe, m., a plunderer, a robber, a destroyer. Cheacaineact, -a, f., plundering,

robbery, desolating.

Cheacán. See cheacán.

Cjieac-lorcao, -loirce, pl. id., m.,

destruction by fire.

Cμέας, g. -a, pl. id., f., a wound, a sore, a scar, a gash; a furrow; a ravine; a streak; cμέαςτα mic Oé, the wounds of the Son of God.

Cjiéactac, -aiże, a., wounded;

wounded by sin, sinful.

Cμέαςτας, -αιζ, m., crane's bill, a plant used in healing sores.

Créactac vears, -ais veirs, m., bloody crane's bill, a weed with very rough roots that grows in wet land, the flowers of which are used for dyeing.

Cpéactaim, -ao, v. tr., I wound.

Cpéact-żoin, f., act of wounding deeply.

Cpéact-jonta, p. a., deeply wounded.

Chéact-toitim, -tot, v. tr., I wound severely.

Cμέας τ-loης, -luης, m., a scar, a cicatrice.

Cμέαċτ-Ιομζαċ, -Διζε, α ., full of scars.

Chéact-lup, m., wound-wort.

Cpéactnużao, -uiżte, m., act of wounding; wounding.

Cnéactnuisim, -użao, pp. -uiste, v. tr., I wound.

Cη έ Δ ċ τ n u i ζ τ e, indec. p. α., wounded.

Спеасто́ін, -о́на, -о́ініо́е, т., а plunderer, a despoiler, a ravager.

Chéact-héabao, -bta, m., act of mangling, tearing in pieces.

Chéao, interrog. pr., what? why? chéao ap? what from? why? whence? wherefore? chéao pát? what for? wherefore? why? chéao nac? why not? chéao eite? what else?

Cpearat, -ait, pl. id., m., a cute undersized person (Clare).

Cηέαρός, -όιζε, -όζα, f., earth, dust, clay; αζ out ρά'η ζεμέαρόιζ, going under the sod, being buried (*Raft*.).

Cheas, g. chease, pl. cheasa, f., a

rock, a crag, a cliff.

Cμεαζας, -αιζε, α., rocky, abounding in cliffs.

Cpeagán, -ánn, pl. id., m., a little rock; a rocky or stony place.

Среат, garlic. See cneam. Среат Баррагое, т., a leek.

Cheamaine, g. id., pl. -proe, m., a hawker, a pedlar, a huckster.

Cheamaineact, -a, f., hawking, peddling, petty dealing.

Cheam-coill, f., where garlic grows; a garlic-wood; the original and correct form of Craughwell, Co. Galway.

Cheam muice piato, m., hart's

tongue (lingua cervina).

Chéamuizeac, $-\dot{z}i\dot{z}$, $-\dot{z}i\dot{z}e$, m., a crow (Der.).

Cheanac, seaweed intermixed with mussel-shells that grows on rocks. See cheatnac.

Cheanaim, vl. cheanmain, v. tr., I consume, waste, expend on (te); I purchase.

Cheanain, -e, f., sedition; mur-

muring.

Cheanmain, -ana, f., act of expending, wasting, consuming, purchasing.

Cheannact, -a, f., cleverness,

neat-handedness.

Cheapaitte, indec. a., stumbling; fettered, disabled, crippled.

Cheapall, -aill, m., entangleretaining, keeping; ment; fetters; a binding.

Cpeapallaim, -ao, v. tr., I bind,

I tie. See cheapluisim.

Cpeaptuisim (cpeapattaim), -usao, v. tr., I entangle; stop, stay, hinder.

Chear; ceine cheara, sparks as from flint or from the road, made by horses' hoofs when running.

Cpearán, -áin, pl. id., m., a girdle,

a belt (dim. of cmor).

Cpearlužao, -uižėe, pl. id., m., a girding, binding.

Chear-muin, -mana, f., a creek, a strait (of the sea).

Cpearuizim, -użao, v. tr., I gird, I bind, I set.

Cheat, -a, pl. id., m., carcase, body; the texture or shape of anything; the appearance; the complexion; the state of the body; cheara, the sides (ribs and planking) of a ship; the sides, ribs, etc., of a house-roof. See cheatac.

Cheatac, -a13, -a, m., a hurdle of rods or wattles (Lat. crates); cheatac tize, the ribs of a house-roof; cheatac luinge, the sides (ribs and planking) of

a ship (somet. cheatac).

Cheatac, -aite, a., shivering, trembling, quaking; chann cheatac, the aspen tree; 3alan cheatac, riabhar cheatac, the ague.

Cpeatacán, -áin, pl. id., m., a

churn-dash.

Cheataotail, -e, f., a quaking,

a shivering.

Cheataroe, $g.\ id.,\ pl.$ -orde, m., a small seed potato; any bulb or clove designed for propagation (P. O'C.); fig., a small person, a little child (pron. cp10ca10e). See cheatán.

Cheataim, I tremble. See chitim. Cheatán, -áin, pl. id., m., a small potato; fig., a small object, as a small egg, etc.; a small person (also chiocán). See cheataire.

Cheatal, -ail, m., bustle, tumult; bain cheatal ar, "knock sparks

out of him " (Con.).

Cheatan, -ain, pl. id., m., a sanctuary; a place where relics are kept.

Cheat-fonn, -fuinn, pl. id., m., an

earthquake.

Cheatlac, -aix (pron. cheatalac), m., the entrails, the body.

Cheat-lom, -luime, a.,

bodied, scraggy.

Cheatnat, - a_1 $\dot{\xi}e$, f., edible seaweed with shells (ouiticin or ouiblicin); not dulse (ouitearc), which has no shells.

Cheathużao, -uiżte, m., fear, dread, terror; tremor, trembling;

act of trembling.

Cheatnuizim, -uża \dot{o} , v. tr. and intr., I shake, I shudder; I cause to tremble.

Cheat-héabao, -bta, m., a hewing

and hacking of bodies.

Chéatúin, -túna, pl. -túine and -τύιμιόe, m., a creature; a person to be pitied; chéacún (Don.).

Cpéice, g. id., f., a wretch; a whining or crying child; a báir, a chéice chíon (Seagán na Raitineac).

Criéro, -e, -eanna, f., the Creed; faith, belief (also ché).

Cheideam, -dim, m., faith, belief,

religion, creed.

Cheireamain, -mna, f., act of believing; credit, honour, respectability; tá c. az out oóib anoir, they are now becoming respectable (also cheroeam-

AINT).

Cheideamnac, -aite, a., respectable, of high character; worthy of trust or credit.

Cheroit, -e, f., a knell; c. báir, the death-knell.

Cheroim, -Deam, -Deamain, v. tr. and intr., I believe; I trust to, confide in; I think, imagine; cheioim i noia, I believe in God; an tí . . . cheroear oo'n Tí vo cum uaro mé, he who . . . believes in him who sent me (Kea.).

Cheromesc, -mize, a., faithful,

believing.

Cheromeac, -mis, -miste, m., a believer.

Cheromeáil, -ála, f., act of believing (Don.). See cheroim.

Cheromear, -rea, m., credit, trust, confidence.

Chéroneac, -pic, pl. id., m., a. species of the fish called "connor" (Ker.). See chaonac.

Cherorin, -e, f., the circumstance of believing; belief.

Cherote, fit to be believed; more usually in compounds like in-c., oí-c., which see.

Спетосеоти, -опа, -отратое, т., а believer, a credulous person.

Cheizean, -zin, -znice, m., grappler (Ker.).

Chergeoz, -015e, -05a, f., a conger

Cheim, -e, f., gnawing; corrosion; a bite, a gnawing pain.

Cheimeac, -mize, a., abusive, biting; cheimneac, -nize, id.

Cheimeao, -mte, m., gnawing, nagging; act of gnawing, corroding.

Cheim-Zeappao, -pica, m., act of gnawing; act of abusing or satirizing; as cheim-seappao raon-flait, abusing freemen (E, R).

Cheimim, vl. cheim, v. tr., I gnaw, chew, bite; v. intr., I suffer.

Cheimine, g. id., pl. -proe, m., a biter, a gnawer, a chewer.

Cheim-leaonao, -oanta, m., act of gnawing away.

Cheimneáit, -áta, f., the act of basting or sewing the pieces of cloth roughly together, in tailoring (Mon.).

Cheirneam, -nim, pl. id., m., a

scar (O'N.).

Cheirneamac, -aize, a., giving scars (O'N.).

Cheir neim, the zodiac $(O'N_{\cdot})$.

Cheopac, -ai \dot{z} , pl. id., m., a seducer (O'N.).

Cheopact, -a, f., seduction (O'N). Cheopaim, -ao, v. tr., I seduce (O'N.).

Chiao, gs. of ché, earth; used as α ., clayey.

Chiaoa, indec. a., earthen, clayer, loamy.

Chiada, g. id., m., delf, earthenware.

Chiaoaine, g. id., pl. -nioe, m., a husbandman, a labourer.

Chiaoamail, -amla, a., elayey, earthen, loamy.

Chiaoóin, -óna, -óinioe, m., a potter.

Chiaio-iapainn, a., of iron and clay (Kea.).

Chiatan, -ain, pl. chéithe, m., a sieve; c. meata, a honeycomb. Chiatan, -ain, pl. id., m., a deep

hole in a bog.

Chiatan meata, m., a honeycomb.

Chiathat, -ais, -aise, m., a wilderness, a swamp; marshy ground.

Chiathao, -huite, pl. id., m., asifting, a filtering; a minute examination.

Cηιατηασόιη, -όηα, -όιηιτο, m., a man who makes sieves, etc.

Cทางตุมาราท (cทางตุมลาm), -ทุงง, v. tr., I sift, filter, examine minutely.

Chiathat, -ais, m., a deep, impassible, shaking bog.

Chiathat, -aite, a., sieve-like.

Chioe. See choice.

Chimiteant, -teinte, f., a second milking.

Chine, g. id., f., the withered,

sapless condition of old age.

See chineact.

Cnineact, -a, f., withering, rottenness, dryness, brittleness, saplessness (of wood, etc., through age).

Cringleac, -liż, -liże, m., a despicable, worthless fellow, merely hanging together (Don.).

Cpín-míot, m., a wood-louse, a wall-louse; a moth; also a midge.

Chintest, -tize, a., fretting.

Cpioc, g. cpice, pl. cpioca, gpl. cμίοċ, f., limit, end; region, kingdom; boundary; territory, country; a definite object; business, economy; huo oo cuh cum cpice, to utilise a thing, turn it to a definite use; as véanam chice, industrious; 30 ocazaio an nio rin cum cnice, may that event come to pass; chíoc różanta oht, may you turn out well, have a good end; ní't áino ná chíoc ain, he is good for nothing; chioca ouba oonca na horoce, the dark shades of night; as bas-AINT AN CHÍOCAID PIN OIZ, WINKing at the face of a young man (E. R.); a definite settling down, hence matrimony, for a girl; cartín vo cun i zeníc, to get a daughter married; cia hí an cailín a bear san chic? who is the girl who would remain unmarried? cun ó cníc, to seduce (U. and Con.). (In M., at least, this word is pron. chic, that is, the guttural c is not heard, except in pl.)

Chiocán. See cheatán.

Cpioc-carteam, m., utter destruction, perdition.

Cpiocnamail,-mla, a., industrious, economic, diligent; tidy.

Cpiocnamiact, -a, f., diligence, accuracy, industry; tidiness.

Cμίο chu ζάο, -u ζτε, m., act of ending, completing, fulfilling, finishing, accomplishing.

Chiochuizim, -użao, pp. -uiżce,

v. tr., I end, complete, finish, accomplish.

Cμίο chuiţte, p. a., ended, completed, finished out and out; biteamnac cμίο chuiţte, a perfect robber; amaoán cμίο chuiţte, a "finished" fool.

Chiochuisteac, -tise a., final,

complete; 50 c., finally.

Cμίο chung ceonμ, -ομα, -οιμιό e, m., a finisher.

Cμιοςόιο, -e, -ιόe, f., a cricket.

Chiozán, -áin, m., a bruise, a sore, caused by a tight boot, horse-collar, etc. (also cheazán).

Cníon, -íne, α., worn-out, withered,

old, dry, sapless, brittle.

Chionac, -ais, m., dry or decayed wood, withered leaves or branches; things dry and rotten with age.

Cpionao, -aio and -nuize, m., act of withering, growing old,

fading.

Cpionaim (cpionuiżim), -aö, v. intr., I wither, grow old.

Chion-bhat, -bhat and -bhut, pl. id., and -bhata, m., an old, wornout garment.

Cpion-δρυγελρ, -Διρ, m., old refuse (of people) (T. G.).

Cpioncáinim, -cán, -cánao, v. intr., I strive.

Cpion-copac, -aiże, a., withered-footed.

Cpionlaė, -aiξ, m., touchwood, dry brushwood.

Cpionna, indec. a., wise, experienced, clever, shrewd, prudent, thrifty, old; pean-cpionna is generally used for wise, precocious, etc., while cpionna means simply old in M.

Cníonnact, -a, f., wisdom, prudence, thrift, age, longevity;

old, withered refuse.

Cμιορόζ, -όιζε, όζα, f., a wrinkle.
Cμιορ, g. cμεαρα and cμιρ, pl.
cμεαραπηα, m., a girdle, a belt,
a zone; a thigh.

Chiorac, -aize, a., tight, braced

up, girdle-bound.

Chiortac, -tais, pl. id., m., a point

CRI

where water and land meet; a limit, a border, a bosom, a fringe; the circling sea-shore; 1 3cmortac na time, in the middle of the country.

Chioptac, -aite, f., a girding of

the loins.

Contortuitim, -utato, v. tr., I gird, border, encircle.

Chiore, g. id., pl. -anna; Christian

Cμίσται ό e, indec. a., Christian; an Teagare Cμίσται ό e, the

Christian Doctrine.

Chiortaroe, g. id., pl. -oce, m., a Christian; with neg., expressed or implied, no one; an maib annne ann? Chiortaroe. Was anybody there? Not a soul.

Chiopearoeace, -a, f., Christi-

anity.

Cpiortal, -ait, pl. id., m., erystal. Cpiortamait, -mta, a., Christian, virtuous, pious.

Cniorcamtacc, -a, f., Christianity, piety; mildness of manners.

Chiortanna (rallra), m., pl.,

(false) Christs.

Cpiot, g. cpeata, pl. cpeatanna, m., quaking, shivering, trembling; act of shaking, trembling (nom. often cpit).

Спютант, vl. спют and спіт, v. intr., I tremble, I shiver, I

shaka

Cpiotán, -áin, m., a kind of ague; the palsy; bronchitis (pron. cpiotán, Mayo).

Cpiotánac, -aiţe, a., trembling, quivering, shaking; asthmatic.

Chiot-ruan, -aine, a., exceedingly cold.

Chiot-zalan, -ain, m., the ague, the palay.

Cριοτ-ζαίμας, -Διζε, α., having the ague or palsy.

Cpiotlaz, -aiz, pl. id., m., a cornstalk. (?)

Criot-tuinneac, -nite, a., violently trembling.

Cpiotnużao, -uiżte, m., fear, dread; tremor; act of trembling, shaking. See cpeatnużao.

Chiotnuisim, -użao, v. tr. and

intr., I shake, tremble, quake. See creatnuizim.

Criot-rúileac, -lite, a., purblind. Criot talman, g. creata talman, pl. id., m., an earthquake.

Chir-ceansat, -ait, pl. id., m., a

swaddling band.

Chiż, -peaża, m., quivering, shaking; the ague. See chiż. Chiżes, -żiże, a., shaking, trem-

bling; chann chiżeac, an aspen

tree.

Cpit-eazla, f., intense fear; fear causing trembling.

Cηιτ-eaglac, -aiţe, a., quaking for fear.

Chiceáil, -ála, f., knitting (prop.

cniceáil).

Chiżean, -żin, -żeanna, m., an aspen tree, populus tremulus; also applied to a nervous woman.

Cpitim, vl. cpit, v. intr., I tremble,

I shake. See chiotaim.

Cηιτίη, -e, f., a spark, a particle, a small portion; a trembling, as of land, etc.; a drinking cup; τοπη τοιτίη (somet. τηιτίη), a quagmire, a swamp; τηιτίη τοια, a dropping of blood, an issue of blood; τηιτίη τηιαό, the crumbling surface of ploughed land when dry after rain (P. O'C.).

Chitnéal, -éil, -éalta, m., a

shower.

Cηιτηελό, -ηιζε, α., sparkling. Cηό, g. id., pl. -όληηλ, m., a hut, a

cpó, g. id., pl. -òanna, m., a hut, a hovel, a booth, tent, fold, pen, cell; a prison, a fortress, a fortified hold; cpó caopaċ, a sheep-fold; cpó σαθαη, a goatfold; cpó muc, a pig-sty; cpó ċaotaiż, a prison, a place of confinement made with stakes or wooden beams; dim. cpóicín; cpó ċuinn, Conn's fold, fig. for Ireland.

Cπό, g. id., pl. cπόσαππα, m., an eye or socket; an opening; a small hole; cπό ππάσαισε, the eye of a needle; cπό ρίορα, the bore of a pipe; cπό caτα, a

fighting ring, a circle of combatants.

Cμό, g. id., pl. -osnna and -1ce, m., an iron bar, a crowbar; chó 14 tanainn, a crowbar; also spelt

chóo and zhóo.

Cμό, g. id., f., gore, blood; death; zaeże chó, bloody spears; corain chó, mass of gore; cf. phr., 1 3copain chó, at death's door, in a mass of gore; o o'ioc riúo an piż-bean a cior leip an ζεμό, since the royal lady has paid his rent to death (O'Neachtain).

Chob, g. chuib and choib, pl. id. choba, choban and chobanna, m., a paw, a claw, the hand from wrist to fingers; a handful; tus ré na ceitre choib i n-áinoe ain, he turned it upside

down, upset it.

Chobains, -e, -eaca, f., the quantity that may be grasped or held in the hand (of nuts or small fruit); a bunch, a cluster (from chob, the fist); also chobanz.

Сробатре, g. id., pl. -ртое, m., а sturdy man, a strong-handed man; a stingy, close-fisted

Chobán, -áin, pl. id., m., a wrist; a little paw or hoof; a little handful.

Chob-narc, m., a binding chord; the rope that binds a fore-leg and a horn of a "thieving' cow.

Chob phéacain, y. chuib phéacain, m., the herb crane's bill.

Chó-busite, g. id., f., a cattle-shed. Cnoc, g. -oice, d. -oic, pl. -a., f., a cross; a gallows; a hooked bar over the fire for hanging pots from (chocao is the word in Don.).

Cμόċ, -όιċ, m., saffron; cream

(Clare).

Choca, $g. id., m., a \operatorname{crock}(A.)$.

Cμοζαό, -ċτα, m., act of hanging; the penalty of hanging; the chain of a pot (U.).; an c., hanged, hanging up.

Chocaoán, -áin, pl. id., m., a pendulum, a pendant; a tassel.

Cμοζασόιμ, -όμα, -όιμι \dot{o} e, m., a hangman; a traitor, a villain (chocaine is more common in the latter sense).

Cηοςασόιη, -όμα, -όιμισε, m., a

potter, a pitcher-maker.

Chocaim, vl. chocao, pp. chocca, v. tr. and intr., I hang, crucify.

Chocaine, g. id., pl. -proe, m., a traitor, a villain; a hangman; a "hanger," a name for a stiffjointed or lean animal, as a sheep; chocamioe caonac, stiffjointed, lean, or miserable-looking sheep; an Chocaine Cannoccia, the Naked Hangman, a character in Ulster folk-tales; a hanger-on, a lazy fellow (Don.).

Chocán, m., a pot (prop. concán,

which see).

Chócap, -aip, pl, id., m., a bier; τά coraib το chócain, supporting the ends of thy bier (Fer.).

Cμό caμbao, - a10, pl. id., m., a

Cμόcaμη, m., a hearse (Om.) (the word is pron. choo-cann). See chócan.

Chocts, p. a., hanged, crucified,

suspended.

Choo, g. id., m., cattle; riches, treasure, property, chattels; a dowry; compensation (also chuo, chuċ).

Chóos (from chó, valour), indec. a., brave, valiant, heroic; mighty (pron. chόζα, M.; chόσα, Don.).

Cηόσας, - a (from chó, valour), f., valour, might, bravery (pron. CHÓSACT).

Chóo-linntesc, -tize, a., bloodthirsty; bloody; in pools of blood.

Cμόζ, -όιζε, -όζα, f., a paw, a clutch. See cház.

Choz, or choza, a crock (also ctioca-A.).

C1103a, -a10, -a10e, m., the tholepin of a boat.

Chozall, -aill, pl. id., m., a croco-

Chozán, -áin, pl. id., m., a pitcher, a crock.

Chózuizim, -óizeao, v. tr., I put on end; "foot," as turf (Don.).

Chó 14141nn, m., a crowbar.

Chóibéat, -éit, pl. id., m., coral. one's full Choib-neamt, m.,

strength. Choib-neaptman, -aine, a., stronghanded.

Choiceann, g. -cinn, pl. -cne and -cinn, m., a skin, a hide; rind, peel; the bark of a tree; an Dana choiceann, the inner bark of a tree; choiceann zan coinzeatt, an inhuman, heartless man; c. oo cun an punc, to put a pound together; ir boz acá oo choiceann one, what a generous view you take of the matter; c. oo cun an rcéal, to make a story look plausible; tác. an oo canne, you speak to the point.

Choicneac, -niże, a., skinny; skin-like; hide-like; cnoicnice,

id.

Choièce, g. id., f., a cross.

Сројствоз, -013е, -03а, f., а репdulum.

Срогое, g. id., pl. -осе, gpl. срогоteso, m., the heart; love, affection; bripeso c., m., heartbreaking; choice-bhuisteact, contrition of heart; choice 1ρτιζ, inner heart, a term of endearment; choice na baire, palm of the hand; choice oo oeánnann, the centre of thy palm; cháo choroe, anguish; a disease in hens.

Choicesc, -oize, a., hearty, stout,

brave.

Choroeacam, -e, a., kind-hearted, clement.

Choideacaiheact, -a, f., kindness,

cordiality, friendship.

Choroeacán, -áin, pl. id., m., a small bud; the inner core of anything; the kernel in core of a spherical body, as a ball of thread, an apple, etc.

Choroeamail, -mla, a., hearty, generous.

Choioeans, -einse, a., scarlet, crimson, blood-red.

Choroetacán, -áin, pl. id., m., the inner core, the portion of a potato remaining after sets (rciottáin) have been cut off for sowing.

Chóilióe, g. id., f., lameness, impotence, want of power in any member of the body; racking pain, torture, distemper, disease; chóilide an báir, the extreme agonies of death.

Cμόιτιόe, indec. a., sick, infirm.

Chóilioteac, -tize, a., weak, sickly, infirm.

Cpó1-Liże, f., lying in gore, in death; 1 5c. báir, in the agony of death. See chóilice.

Chói-linn, f., a pool of blood. Chói-Linnteac, -tize, a., dripping

with blood; in pools of blood. Choim-Eleann, m., a winding glen. Choimteac, f., a large monumental stone laid horizontally; a cromleac (recently formed from the Welsh word cromlech?).

Choim-reian, f., a crooked knife

(surgical instrument).

Cpoim-†linneánac, -aiξe, α., having stooped shoulders; crookedbacked.

Choine, g. id., f., swarthiness; blackness; a stain.

Choinic, -e, pl. id. and -roe, f., a chronicle.

Choinicióe, g. id., pl. -ote, m., a chronicler.

Choinicit, -cte, -ctibe, f., anything weak or tottering; reanchomicil mainte, an old rickety cow (Don.).

Choir. See chor.

Choir-béalac, -aise, a., crossmouthed.

Choirín, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a small cross, used as a mark; a crutch (U.); a long instrument for cutting seaweed.

Choiríneac, -nize, a., having

crutches; lame.

Choirlisim, -iusao, v. tr., I bind

up, envelop.

Chóicín, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a small hut for sheep or cattle; dim. of

chó, a hut, etc.

Choice, p. a., shaken out, tossed. waved, sprinkled; done up, fagged, exhausted; with the essence shaken out (as a mealwhen shaken almost empty).

Chó-toc, m., a pit or dyke of

Chotoicim, -loc, v. tr., I wound dangerously so as to draw blood.

Chótorte, p.a., mortally wounded. Chom, g. chuime, a., bent, bowed. Chomao, -aio, -aioe, m., a finger length, two nails; not declined after numerals; crom in Con.

Chomao, -mia, m., the act of stooping, bending, reaching; bowing down in reverence; bending under the weight of years; 1014 chomao 17 liacao oó, as he is getting stooped and growing grey.

Chomadao, m, an mo c., in a stooping posture (Aran).

Chomaim, -ao, v. tr. and intr., I bend down, stoop, crouch, bow, swoop; chomao an, to set about (doing a thing); chomaim an obam an lae, I set about the day's work; oo chom ré an jot, he began to weep.

Chomán, -áin, pl. id., m., the hip, the hip bone; a crooked surgical instrument; a fishing gaff; a portion of a spinning

wheel (prop. thomán).

Cliomán, -áin, -ána, m., a crow; a kite; cor chomáin, crowsfoot, coldfoot, or coltsfoot.

Chomán tuaite, m., a fire shovel. Choma-huatan, m., sitting on the haunches, as cannibals at a feast (W. Ker.).

Crombéat, m., a moustache. Chom-oubán, -áin, pl. id., m., a fisherman's gaff. See chomán. Chomlesc. See choimlesc.

Chomlur, -uir, pl. id., m., poppy. Chomóz, -ó1ze, -óza, f., a hook, a crook, a clasp, a gallows, a skirret; the hook in the upper jaw of a trout (Don.).

Chompán, -áin, pl. id., m., gnarled tree stump, etc.

champán.

Chom-norc, m., a downcast eye; chom-ruit, id.

Cnom-ruiteac, -lize, a., bent-

eyed, downcast.

Chomia, p, a., bent, crooked; bent with age.

Chón, -óin, m., a croon, a hum.

See chónán.

Chón, -óine, a., brown, duncoloured, swarthy, black-nosed, copper-coloured; ceann-azaro cnón, a black-faced (sheep) (Ker.).

Chónac, -ais, -aise, m., a funeral

dirge.

Chónaine, g, id., pl. -proe, m., a lamenter, a mourner; a coroner; an c. Sattra, the English coroner (Don.).

Chónán, -áin, pl. id., m., a humming or buzzing sound (as of a bee, beetle, or insect); any dull note long continued; the noise of a kettle beginning to boil; the drone of a bagpipe; the bass in music; an indistinctly sung tune; a croon; act of humming or singing in a low, indistinct voice; a refrain, a chorus, often with merely lilt-words (chónán is dim. of chon, a hum, etc., and has itself a dim., chónámín).

Chónánac, -aize, a., given to humming, buzzing.

Chón-buroe, indec. a., coppercoloured.

Chonos, -oise, -osa, f., the prow of a ship or boat.

Chon-poc, -puic, pl. id., m., a swarthy buck (often applied to the English invaders).

Chón-chát, m., dusk, eventide

(Ker.).

Chon-traite, m., a dark-green sea (Ker.).

Cnónuiżim, -użażo, v. tr., I explain; hinder; blame, find fault; I

blush (intr.).

Cμογ, -01γe, -0γa, f., a cross; crossroads; a market-place; an affliction; a prohibition; the haft of a knife or sword; 50 cμοιγ, to the haft; ταμ α έμοιγ, in spite of his prohibition; in pl., misfortune.

Chorac, -aiże, a., streaked; striped; crossed; caona c., a black-faced sheep; pock-marked (Con. and U.).

Cnoracan, -ain, pl. id., m., a seabird; a kind of sea-pigeon;

chorán, id.

Chopaim, -aö, v. tr., I cross, threaten, prevent, forbid; I recant a curse or malediction; ξο mbhiptean το cháma—aξur chopaim τú, may your bones be broken—but I take off the curse again, I cross you.

Choraine, g. id., m., cross-roads

(Con.).

Cnoránacz, -a, f., a sort of versification.

Choranta, indec. a., perverse, obstinate.

Chop-δόταμ, -aiμ, -óiτμe, m., cross-roads; a perverse, crooked path (chiefly in pl.).

Chor-buailte, a., smitten across,

cut through.

Cρογός, -όιςe, -όςa, f., a burden rope for carrying hay, corn, etc.; the burden so carried; a bundle; c. rcuip, a little folded bundle of flax after being combed; a cross, a cross-emblem worn on St. Patrick's Day.

Cηογ-όρολ, a., golden-crossed;

gold-guarded.

Chorta, indec. a., crooked, perverse; prohibited; difficult; unruly, mischievous (of children); cross, illtempered; crosswise; τάπης γέ τρογτα ομπ, he met me, he came across me; πί γέασγαὸ γέ ζαη τεαότ τρογτα ομτα, he could not avoid meeting them.

Chortait, -ata, f., unruliness, mischief (of children, cattle, etc.); out 1 zc., to go into a forbidden place (as of cattle going into corn).

Chortátea, a., unruly, impish, mischievous; cross, difficult (of

a way or route).

Chot, -a, m., appearance, shape, beauty; if old an c. atá ain, he looks ill; ní't aon c. ain fin, that is ill-formed or shaped, improbable (of a story, etc.); tá chot an báir ain, he looks like a dying man (M.); the Don. word is chotat; no doubt chot is another form of chut; chot refers to appearance; chut rather to shape and form.

Chotać, $-a_1\dot{\xi}$, $-a_1\dot{\xi}$ e, m., a curlew. Chotać, $-a_1\dot{\xi}$ e, a., hunch-backed. Chotać, $-a_1\dot{\xi}$ e, a., formidable

(G. J.).

Crotato, -oitte, m., act of shaking, flapping, wagging; scattering, sprinkling.

Chotam, vl. chotao and chatao, v. tr., I shake, wave, flap,

sprinkle. See chataim.

Chotal, -ail, m., the rind of a kernel; a kernel; the awns of barley, rye, etc.; rind, husk, refuse; the sediment at the bottom of a liquid; the name of a lichen from which a dye is made; chotal cloc, a lichen or scruff of stones used in dyeing red.

Chotal, -ail, m., look, appearance; tá onoc-chotal ont moin, you look ill to-day (Don.). See chot.

Chotalta, indec. a., husky, containing sediment or refuse.

Chotán, -áin, pl. id., m., a pendant; a little cluster cut off a

bunch of grapes (B_{\cdot}) .

Cμοτημιζιπ, -υζαό, v. tr., I notice; I miss (U.); τροτημιζ mé a τό το τριπ é, I noticed his being missing, I missed him (Don.); ταμ τροτημιζ mé é, I didn't miss him (Mon.); τμη

mé cnotnużao ann, I took notice of it (Con.).

Cηοτόζ, -όιζε, -όζα, f., a crow; a species of pollock (Ker.); chotóz tiat, the grey crow.

Chotużao, -uiżte, m., act of proving, of creating, forming, shaping; proof, evidence.

Chú, m., blood, gore; race, family.

See chó.

Chuac, g. chuaice, pl. -a, f., a heap, a stack, a rick, a clamp (of turf); the heap of meal, corn, etc., above the mouth of a vessel when overflowing; a symmetrically shaped mountain; na Chuaca, the Reeks in Kerry; na Chuaca Sonma, the Bluestack mountains in Co. Don.

Chuacac, -aize, a., full of heaps, piles, ricks; stacks; full of hills,

mounds, hillocks.

Chuacaim, -ao, v. tr., I heap, pile up; stack (as hay or corn).

Chuacán, -áin, pl. id., m., a little rick or stack, a small heap; a little hill or mound.

Chuacán, -áin, pl. id., m., a little fish found in bottáin (pools of water in rock-cavities) when tide is out, $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 inches in length, and in shape like a porpoise (also called ctoisean).

Chuac-Luacain, f., dwarf clubrush

(scirpus cespitosus).

Chuac Daonais, -aice Daonais, f., the herb plantain (plantago

latifolia).

Сридо- (сридо-), hard, firm, difficult, severe. In early Irish it seems to mean loud; hence, possibly, the terms chuaochuic, etc.

Chuadac, -15e, a., of or belonging to steel; as subs, steel (C and U.).

Chusoscán, -áin, pl. id., m., a miser.

Chuadáil, -ála, f., covetousness, stinginess; courage, danger, inhumanity, adversity, hardship, distress, penury.

Chusosim, -oso, v. tr. and intr., I harden up, grow stiff; oo

chuaro an raozat am, affairs turned out unluckily for him; oo chuaro a choroe, he grew hard-hearted (also chuaroim).

Chuaoat, -ait, m., chatting, talking (E. U.); very probably a local form of comtuadan.

Chuavát, -áite, f., hardness,

cruelty (Der.).

Chuabatac, -aize, a., hard, hardy (Don.).

Chuaoálac, -aize, a., sore, cruel; stingy, desperate, ruthless, hardy, hard-hearted; chuaro chuaoálac, hard and stingy.

Chuaván, -áin, pl. id., m., the fish called the gurnet (also cnúoán).

Chuadar, -air, m., temper, sharpness; hardness, rigour, strength. Cηυλό-ὅμοιο, -ὅμοιοε, f., harsh

bondage; difficulty; press of business.

Chuao-cáp, -áip, pl. id., m. difficulty, distress, hardship, danger, sad plight.

Chuao-choicneac, -nize, a., hide-

bound; stingy, mean.

Cηυλό-ζηοι ό ελζ, - όιζε, α., stiffhearted; hard-hearted, niggardly, stingy.

Chuao-cuibneac, severe m.,

slavery.

Chuao-cúireac, -rize, a., difficult, calamitous; hardy.

Chuao-tur, -tora, pl. id., m., sneezewort, white hellebore.

Chuao-muineálac, -aize, a., stiffnecked; hard, strong.

Cηυασός, -ό15e, -ό5a, f., hardship, distress; haste; pressure, difficulty; tá c. opm, l am pressed for time, hurried; c. ota, a sick call to a priest (Aran); distress, necessity.

Cηυλοόζας, -λιζε, α., needy, necessitous, difficult, hard-

working

Cjiuao-finatóm, g. -finatóme, pl. -pnaomanna and -pnaomaca, f., hard knot, tie or bond.

Chuaotan, -ain, pl. id., difficulty, hardship, distress; mám an chuaotain, the hand of misery; an chuatan, the busy season.

Chuaoużao, -uiżce, m., act of growing stiff, hardening, becom-

ing solid.

Cημασμίζιπ, -υξασ, -σασ, and cημασασταιη, v. tr. and intr., I harden, stiffen, dry, as grain in a kiln; I assume the solid state; I grow hardy, enduring, callous.

Chuaro, -e, hard, firm; difficult, severe, close; 50 c., severely,

keenly, strongly, closely.

Снимо, - ve, f., steel; pron. снимо (М.), снимоме, id. (Con. and U.). Снимо белье, -муе, а., hard-

mouthed.

Chuaiò-ceangal, -ail, m., a severe bond or fetter.

Chuarò-ceirt, -e, -eanna, f., difficulty; a hard problem.

Chuaidear, -dir, m., hardship. See chuadar.

Chuaro-żníom, -a, -apta, m., a difficult task.

Cημαιό-μιζιη, -e, α., firmly tough.
 Cημαιό-τέαο, -τέιο, m., a strong rope or cord.

Chuar (chuadar), g. -air, m., difficulty; hardness, penurious-

ness; rigour, strength.

Cημαγαċ, -αιże, α., hard, rigorous.
 Cημΰ, -μιΰε, -μιδα, f., the nave of a wheel.

Cηύb, -ύ1be, -ύba, f., a claw, a hoof or paw; poet., a hoofed animal, a cow; τιοςταιό απούτας τηίο πα εμύbαιδ αξυγ τεαπραιό απού ξημητιαό (prov.).

Chúbac, -aize, a., club-footed.

Cηύδας, -Διζ, -Διζe, m., an animal having paws or claws; an awkward man, a clown; a grasping, avaricious person.

Cpúba éin, f., bird's foot (orni-

thopus).

Chúbaim, -ao, v. tr., I paw, scratch, spurn.

Cρūba Leipin, f., columbine (aquilegia vulgaris).

Chúba teomain, f., common lady's mantle (alchemilla vulgaris).

Cμύbán, -áin, pl. id., m., a crabfish; a crooked person or beast.

Ctubós, -ó1ze, -óza, f., a knot in weaving; thrums at the end of a piece in weaving; a species of large crab-fish.

Cμúca, g. id., pl. -ive and -va, m., a hook, a hinge; a crook; the human hands (said of grasping persons); ir veacain é v'ráξail ar a chúcaivit, it is difficult to get it out of his claws; a handful.

Cμúcán, -ám, pl. id., m., a J-shaped rod with which straw ropes are twisted (Ker.); con γάζάη, id.

Cημό, g. -μιό, pl. -a, -μιότε, -μιότελόλ, and -μιτελόλ, m., a horse's shoe; an iron heel; na cημιτελόλ σ'ιοππτυζλό (or a τιοππτυζλό), to change the shoes (Don.).

Cράσλο, -άιστε, m., act of milking.
Cράσλιπ, -λο (p. a., cράιστε),
v. tr., I milk; met., I obtain secrets or money by a gradual process from one.

Cημόλιπ, -λό, v. tr., I shoe (a

horse, etc.).

Chużoán, or chuzoán, a gurnard

(also cnúoán, 7c.).

Cηúιbín, g. id., pl. -ioe, m., a little hoof; cηúibín muice, a pig's trotter; a cranberry; a currantlike wild berry (Aran).

Chuiceaö, -cċe, m., act of lifting turf-sods into small heaps for purposes of drying; "footing" turf (Ker.); in Galway the word is ζημαίζεαὸ; in Don., chόιζεαὸ or chόζαὸ; in parts of Ker., chuċaiμτ.

Chuiceoz. See cuinceoz.

Chúi roin, g. id., pl. -i oe, m., a king-fisher.

Cημιότε, p. a., shod (as a horse). Cημιότε, p. a., milked; deprived

of one's secret or money by an insinuating and gradual process; emptied out.

Cμύτοτελό, -τιζε, α., accustomed

to milk (cows, etc.).

Cηύιοτελό, -τιζ, -τιζε, m., a milker.

Chuim, -e, -uma, gpl. -um, f., a worm.

Сните, f., crookedness; a stoop. Сните dc. -d., d., crookedness,

stoopedness.

Chuim-rtinneán, -eáin, pl. id., or -eána, m., a stooped shoulder; a hunchback; also

choim-r.

Chuinn, -e, a., round, circular, exact, complete, accurate, solid; rational, having the use of reason, intelligent; οά μίμιδ καιτη, quite in earnest.

Cruinne, g. id., f., the round world, globe, universe; the solar system; roundness; accuracy; tuzar un cruinne é, I saw, discovered it clearly (of objects seen through a tele-

scope).

Cruinne, g. id., f., dew, mist, moisture; bainear an cruinne o'a nuiche te ninn-rcuabais, which takes the dew from her feet by its long-sweeping (O'Ra.); cruinneac, m., id.

Chuinneacán, -áin, pl. id. m., a mass, a heap; a coronet.

mass, a neap, a corone

Cημιπηελετότη, -όμλ, -ότητόε, m.,

a gatherer.

Chuinnear, -nir, m., accuracy, sense, discretion, understanding; ni't aon chuinnear ann, he has no discretion (said of a person having scarce the use of reason); tus ré 'un c., he observed (Con.).

Chuinneoz, -01ze, -0za, f., a round bundle; το μιπικαταμ c. τότοm, they rolled me up like a

ball.

Chuinneolar, m. geography.

Chuinneoluide, g. id., pl. -dte, m.,

a geographer.

Chuinniţim, -iuţaō, v. tr., I hoard, heap together, gather, gather together.

Chuinniżė, p. a., gathered, gathered together, amassed.

Chuinniušao, -ište, m., act of gathering, hoarding, assembling; a congregation, a gathering.

Cημιρέιη, -έ α η α , -ι $\dot{\alpha}$ e, m., a crupper (A.).

Cpúircín, g.id., pl.-ioe, m., pitcher, small jar, jug, "cruiskeen."

Cηύιροιομπας, -αιζ, m., common red grass.

Churtín, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a lamp.

Chuiτ, -e, -eanna, f., a harp, a lyre, a violin.

Chuit, -e, -eanna, f., a hump on the back, a little eminence; summit; chuit an tize, the roof of the house (U).

Churcac, -ciże, a., hunch-backed,

gibbous (also chutac).

Chuiteacán, -áin, pl. id., m., a dwarf, a hunchback.

Chuiceoz, -01ze, -05a, f., a female harper.

Cpurcín, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a curtain; a bed-curtain.

Churtin, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a hump on the back; a hunchback; the king-fisher bird; dim. of churt.

Cημιτίπελὸ, α., hunch-backed (used in contempt of anybody).
Cημιτιμε, g. id., pl. -μιόε, m., a

harper, a musician.

Cηυιτηεαότ, -a, f., corn, wheat; c. tuachamait, rush-like wheatgrass; c. bhuimpean, couchgrass.

Cμιιṁ, -uıṁe, f., a worm, a maggot; chuṁός, id. See chuiṁ.

Chumac, -aize, a., full of worms or maggots.

Chumaim. See chomaim. Chumán. See chomán.

Cημιπόζας, -Διζε, α., full of maggots.

Cpunca, g. id., pl. -ioe, m., a bent or decrepid person; one in a crouching posture; c. peanoune, a bent old man.

Chuncuiçum, -uçaö, v. tr., I miss, feel the want of; ní chuncuiçican an τ-uirce zo στιιοπαίξιταη an τουαη, the water is not missed till the well is dry (Don.) (a mis-spelling of chochuiçum).

Cηυραιόε, α., stiff, puckered; ní't ré cηυραιόε, he is nimble

(Om.); c. an a ceite, shrivelled up (for chupta or chapta).

Chupac, -aize, a., contracted, shrunk.

Cηύραċ, -aiż, pl. id., m., an awkward clown.

Срирант, -ao, v. tr., I shrink, contract, shrivel. See срарант.

Chupán, -áin, m., a disease in cattle (Don.).

Cηυρός, -όιςe, -όςa, f., a wrinkle.
 Cηυγαζάη, -áιη, pl. id., m., a puffin, a kind of sea-bird (Ker.).

Cρώρς a, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a jug; a small box or coffer.

Chú-caoiteao, -tte, m., a bloody

Cμήγτα, g. id., pl. -1 oe, m., a crust; a clod, a missile; a close-fisted person; τά γέ 'na ċ. Δ15e, he has killed him, turned him into a clod.

Chúrtálaim, -áil, v. tr., I throw missiles, clods, etc., at; also

chúpcuiţim.

flux.

Chuż, g. choża, pl. id. (also, g. chuże, d. chuż, pl. chuża), m. (somet. f.), figure, form, state, shape, appearance; 1 3c., in such wise, so, so that; ah ċ., in the form of; 1 3c. 3o, so that. See choz.

Спитас, -ліз, pl. id., m., a cur-

ICW.

Chutac, -aize, a., well-formed, shapely.

Chucaroeact, -a, f., creation.

Cnutamait, -mta, a., shapely, beautiful.

Chutamnar, -air, m., proof, evidence.

Chutrár, -áir, m., canvas (A.). See chatrár.

Crucicao, -uice, m., act of creating, shaping, forming; proving; a creation; behaving.

Cημέμιζιπ, -υζαό, v. tr., I create, form, fashion, mould; behave;

succeed, get on.

Chutuiţim, -uţao, v. tr., I prove; I experience; chutuiţ ré zo mait, he behaved well.

Chucuiceoin, -ona, -oinice, m.,

the Creator, the Maker; a creator.

Cú, g. con, d. coin, pl. cona, cuin, coin, cointe, cuite or cuinte, gs. also cun, d. cuin, f., a dog, a hound, a greyhound; a hunting dog; a hero, a champion; cú pota, a bloodhound; cú \$tap, a greyhound? indec. in sing. in U. and Con.

Cuac, -aice, -aca, f., a cuckoo; a term of endearment; mo cuac cú, you are my darling; dim., cuaicín, used also as a term of endearment.

Cuac, -aice, -aca, f., a lock of hair, a curl; a plait or fold; a caress.

Cuac, -aice, -aca, f., a bowl, a cup or goblet; a globe; a ball of

yarn.

Cuacac, -aiçe, a., curled, frizzled (of the hair, etc.); also cuckoolike, belonging to a cuckoo; cup-like, bowl-like; abounding in cups or bowls. See various meanings of cuac.

Cuacam, -ao, v. tr., I roll up, fold up; plait, frizzle; I

caress.

Cuacánac, -aiţe, a., folded, plaited. Cuacó5, -óiʒe, -óʒa, f., a bowl, a cup; a fold, a ringlet; a sailor's knot; a young cuckoo. See various meanings of cuac.

cuacta, p. a., rolled up, folded; fig. fagged out, exhausted; undone, strung up, jaded; finished, consumed (of food), etc.).

Cuarao, -aro, m., a whirling, twisting, folding; ríonán cuararo, a whirlwind (Con.) (prop. cuacao).

Cuaicín, g. id., pl.-roe, m., dim. of cuac, a cuckoo; a ringlet; a small handful of hay put under the bridge of a rick to keep it straight and well-balanced; a caress; sweet singing.

Cuaro, 3 s. indic. past of téroim,

I go. See céroim.

Cuait, -e, -aca, f., a little pile, a bundle, a knot, a fold; cuait cnam, a heap of bones. See cuat.

Cuartín, g. id., pl. -rôe, m., a

bundle; a small faggot.

Cuaitle, g. id., pl. -aca (cuaitne), f., a stake, a pole, a club, a baton; vo buait ré an c. comnaic, he brandished the battlestaff; cuartle rip, a tall, slender man; clear na cuaille, tumbling head over heels.

Cuaine, g. id., m., a litter of pups; a pack of hounds; a family, sept, tribe; a troop, a company (somet. cuain and f., often also rcuaine). See cuan.

Cuainpeacán, -áin, pl. id., m., a small hiding-place; a nest for a

litter of pups, etc.

Cuaino. See cuaint.

Cuameálta, a., curious. See cumeátca.

Cuainice, g. id., pl. -cibe and -ceaca, f., a roll, a wreath, a volume; a rough, ignorant woman; a maiden.

Cuaipreann, -cinn, pl. id., m., a wrapper; the felloe of a wheel.

Cuainfreim, -ceao, v. tr., I roll,

wreath, twist, wrap.

Cuaint, -anta, -eanna, f., a circuit, a tour, a visit; visitation; sojourning; an c., on a visit; CIZ At C., Visit.

Chainteacar, -air, m., visiting,

gossiping.

Cuainteoin, -ona, -oinioe, m., a visitor, a courtier.

Cuainciõeacc, -a, f., the act of visiting. See cuaptaroeact.

Cuairín, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a hood, a kerchief, a little shawl; also dim. of cuar, a cave; pron. cuipin.

Cual, -ail, pl. id., m., a faggot; a heap or pile of sticks, bones, etc. Cuala, cualaro, cualar, indic.

past of vo-clumm, I hear. See vo-clumm.

Cuallact, -a, f., a sept, a tribe, a clan; a band or company (cuantact from cuan).

Cuallaroeact, -a, f., company, society, fellowship.

Cú allta, f., a wolf.

Cualluide, g. id., pl. -oce, m., a companion, an associate; a comrade, a partner; somet. zualluroe (U.).

Cuatóz, -ó15e, -ó5a, f., a faggot. Cuan, -uain, pl. id., and -ta, m., a haven, a harbour; bay, coast; in

pl. often the high seas.

Cuan, -ain, -ana, m., a troop, a multitude; a litter of whelps; a tribe, a family; cuan mana, a sea urchin. See cuaine.

Cuan, -ain, m., deceit; 1 3cuan mo maintie, in danger of my

Cuanna (cuanoa from caoin), indec. a., fine, neat, elegant, noble; a chíorc cuanna, O noble Christ.

Cuantan, m., a condition; an c. oá brajann, even should I get; an c. a rázail, provided I get it (Con.) (also cunntan).

Cuap, -aip, m., a hoop, ring, circle (Kea.); whence cuaine, crook-

Cuan, -aine, a., crooked, awry, bowed.

Cuapán, -áin, pl. id., m., a foot covering formed of a loose piece of leather bound with a thong; a slipper, a sandal.

Cuantoac, -ouizce, m., act of searching, searching for; as c. oó, searching for it (S. W. Cork).

Cuandac, - α , wandering, searching; given to visiting or going about from house to house.

Cuanoóin, -όμα, -όιμισε, m., a searcher; a strong fellow (C.M.).

Cuapoužao, -uižce, m., act of searching.

Cuapouisim, -użati, v. 1r., I search, hunt.

Cuan-Lubao, -bia, m., act of turning round.

Cuanóz, -óize, -óza, f., a shoc made of untanned hide; a knapsack.

Cuaptaroeact, -a, f., the act of visiting; a gossiping visit.

Cuar, g. -air, pl. -a, m., a hollow,

recess, cavity; cave, hole; also applied to the larger indentations in the steep cliffs along the sea-shore; cuarpín, dim., refers to the lesser ones (common in place names).

Cuarara, -aize, a., concave, hollow. Cuararait, -mta, a., hollow,

pierced with holes.

Cuarán, -án, pl. id., m., a small hole, a cavity.

Cuar-ooimin, -e, a., having deep caves or hollows.

Cuap-ounao, -nta, m., act of closing the holes; stopping up the nostrils.

Cuarnóz, -ó1ze, -óza, f., a nest of honey bees (also cuanróz).

Cuaróz, -ó1ze, -óza, f., a little hollow; a honeycomb found therein.

Cuar-rtuize, p. a., walled up in its socket (of the eye) (Kea.).

Cuap-rúileac, -lige, a., hollow-eved.

Cúb, -ú1be, pl. id., and -ú1beanna, -ú1beaca, f., a hen-coop; a cube.

Cúbac, -aige, a., having horns bent inwards; as subs., a cow with such horns.

Cubao, -a10, pl. id., m., a cubit.

Cubaro, -e, a., honest, becoming, fit, comely. See curbe.

Cúbáit, -áta, f., a warping, a binding.

Cúbaim, -aō, v., tr. and intr., I stoop, bend, crouch, lie down; oo cúib ré cuize, he restrained his tongue (of a man about to impart secrets, but who suddenly restrains himself); I pull myself together.

Cubair, -e, f., an oath, a word of honour; conscience; vap mo cubair, on my word of honour, on my conscience; tuz a cubair me a comatt, he took his oath

he would perform it.

Cubapi, -aip, m., \int foam, froth, Cubapián, -áin, m., \int spume, scum. Cubapiánaċ, -aiţe, a., foamy, frothing.

Cubați-anrabac, -aiţe, a., foamtossing.

Cubar, -air, m., conscience; van mo c., on my conscience. See cubair.

Cubpaim, -ao, v. intr., I froth, foam, sweat, perspire.

Cubpán, -áin, m., froth, foam, spume.

cuca, prep. pron., 3 pl., combined with cum, to them, for them; cuca (Con.). See cum.

Cuoaròe, g. id., pl. -ròte, m., a lazy, stupid fellow (Aran).

Cuoainn, -ainne, f., "cuddy," a kind of fish (Ker.).

Cuost, -sit, pl. id., m., a cuttle-fish (Aran).

Cuoamán, -áin, pl. id., m., a lout (of a person).

Cuoόζ, -όιζε, -όζα, f., a haddock; a chough.

Cuopom (compon), -uim, m., evenness, equality, justice; rip gan cuopom oo boctaib te oéanam, a land in which justice is not meted out to the poor (O'Ra.).

Cuopoma, -puime, identical, equal, even, just, complete, regular.

Cuonomac, -aiże, a., weighty, momentous.

Cuonomos, indec. a., complete, full, regular.

Cuonume, g. id., f., complete or perfect equality, evenness, justice.

Cuphóg, -óige, -óga, f., cypress. Cupulán, -áin, m., a crowd (Don.); also cómtotán, both = cóimtionót.

cużait, per. pr., 2 pl., combined with cum, to, towards you; emph., cużait-re (also cuzait).

cużann, per. pr., 1 pl., combined with cum, to us, towards us; emph., cużann-ne, and cużanne, somet. See cum.

cuṣam, pronom. combination of per. pr., 1st per., with cum, to, towards me, etc.; emph., cúṣam-ra (cuṣam in Con. and U., where c is pron. h; in S. W. Don. pron.

húm; in Meath, 'uzam). See

Cuzar, pronom. combination of per. pr., 2nd per., with cum, to thee, towards thee, etc.; cusac, look out, take care, some one is going to pounce on you (a note of warning); emph. cusat-ra (cusat in Con. and U., where the c is pron. h). See cum.

Cuináite, a., ruined, perished; c. leir an bruact, perished with

cold (Don.).

Cunataim, - áit, imper. - áit, v.tr., I ruin, destroy; ná cuồnáit cú réin, do not destroy yourself (as by cold) (Don.).

Cuibe (cuibio), indec. a., proper, becoming, meet, fit, seemly,

fitting.

Cuibeamail (cuiboeamail), -mla, a., decent, becoming, fit.

Cuibear (cuiboear), -bir, m.,

decency, propriety.

Cuibearac (cuiboearac), -aiçe, α ., discreet, judicious, moderate, (from cuibe, tolerable proper); cám 50 c., I am fairly well (pron. caoirac in M. at least).

Cuibearact, -a, f., propriety, decency; state of being middling.

Cuiblinn, -e, -ioe, f., a dispute, a contest; a racing match (also cóimtint).

Cuiblinnim, vl. -linn, v. intr., I

strive, vie with.

Cuibneac, -1115, -1115e, and -eaca, m., a fetter, a manacle, a bond, a band; a trammel-net for

fishing (Ker.).

Cuibneann, -ninn, m., partnership, association, company; portion, share, allowance; a couch; a room; a tilled field; a dale; an enclosed piece of ground; A5 ót i scuibneann, drinking sup for sup; an té caitread boisneán i Scuibheann an oiabail τεαγτό το γριμπός น 410.

Cuibnizim, -iużao, v. tr., I bind, fetter, manacle, tie, subjugate.

Cuibnizce, p. a., bound, fettered, tied, manaeled.

Cuibniużao, -niżte, m., act of binding, subjugating.

Cuibreac, cuibreact. See cuitearac, cuibearacc.

Cuice, pron. combination of 3rd sing. per. pr. with cum, to her,

for her (or it, f.). See cum. Curo, g. cooa, pl. cooaca, cooca

and cooanna, f., portion, share, part, remnant, some; a meal, supper; a term of endearment; oom c. réin, to my own share, my own; curo aca, some of them; curo oe, some of it; c. eite, others; an c. eite, the rest; an c. 17 mó, most of; cu10 mait, a good many; c. mon, a great part, a large portion; A c. be'n traosat, my share of the world! (my love); a c., my love! an-curo, rather much, an excessive share; món-curo, a great part, a great deal.

Curobear, -bir, m., partnership.

Curoeact, -a, f., company; a party, a company; 1 5c. le, together with, along with; 1 5c. 4

céile, together.

Cuiveacta, g. -tan, d. -tain, also g. id., pl. id., f., company, a social gathering; the word is somet, applied to a single individual; curoeacta mait ir eao Comár, Thomas is very agreeable in company; 1 3ce so but 5c., begging your honours' pardon (in M. somet. cuiteacta).

Curoeactain, -ana, f., act of helping, taking part with; company,

society.

Cuiveactuisim, -veactain and -użao, v. tr., I accompany, attend.

Cuiveso, -viò, m., a help (also curoeam).

Curvesvac, -varje, a., auxiliary, helping.

Curveoz, -013e, -03a, f., a hand (of help) (Der).

Cuivizim, -iuzaro, vl. also cuivescesin, v. tr. and intr., I help, succour; I share (a meal, etc.) with (le); curois teir, help him.

Cuivisteac, -tis, -tise, m.,

Curoisteoin, -ona, -oinite, m., a helper, an abettor.

Curorusao, -iste, m., act of help-

ing; participation.

Cúis, indec. num., a., five; na cúis méin, the five in cards (U.). Cúis véas, indec. num., a., fifteen.

Cuize, pronom. combination of 3rd sing. per. pr. mas. with cum, to, for him, it (mas.), for the purpose; man ná naib ré Azam cuize, because I hadn't it (for the purpose); cuize rin oo rchiobar é, for that purpose I wrote it; also, to him I wrote it; cao cuise (somet. cuise)? why?

Cuize (also cuiz, 'uize, 'uiz), with dat = cum (U. and Con.).

Cúise, f., a province. See cúiseao. Cúizeao, -510, -510e, m., a fifth part, a province; one of the five provinces into which Ireland was once divided.

Cúiseao, indec. ord., fifth.

Cúizeaoac, -aiz, pl. id., m., aprovincial king.

Cúizea oacar, -air, m., provincial

usage.

Cúiseao oéas, indec. ord. num.,

fifteenth.

Cuizeat, -zite, f., the part of the flax spinning wheel round which the combed flax is put before spinning; a distaff (also coiseat and coisíot).

Cuizealac, -aiz, -aize, m., a distaff, etc.; the flax or wool prepared for the cuizeat; a thin, tall person. See cuizeat.

Cuizeann, -Jinne or -Sneaca, f., a churn (the contents, not the vessel); as véanám cuizinne, churning.

Cúisean, -in, m., five (applied only to persons or personified

objects).

Cúisteáit, -áta, f., cheating;

acquiring money or goods by appropriating in small quantities; cheating by sleight of hand (from coisite?).

Cúisteátuióe, g. id., pl. -öċe, m., a cheat; one who appropriates

in small quantities.

Cúizmeso, a., fifth. See cúizeso. Cúiz-méan muine, f., common creeping cinque foil (potentilla reptans).

Cúiz-rtirneac, -niże, a., pen-

tagonal.

Cuit, -e, pl. id., f., a horse-fly, a gnat; cuit oub, a black fly, a beetle.

Cúil, -e, -eaca, f., a corner, nook; a couch; a heap (a corner-full); cúil oíoin, a nook of shelter, a refuge.

Cuit (cuitín), -e, -eanna, f., a trout of brownish colour (also

called cart).

Cuil, -e, f., great eagerness; nac móμ an cuit ατά αιμ, how fierce, earnest, he looks; tá cuit món Ain cum na hoibhe, he sets very earnestly to work.

Cúil bhice, g. id., f., a cock's

comb.

Cuitc, -e, -eaca, f., a reed.

Cuitce, g. id., pl. -ciõe, f., a quilt; a garment. See cuilt.

Cúilceann, -cinn, pl. id., m., the

poll (of the head).

Cúiteac (prop. cúitceac), a small side room for a sleeping apartment.

Cúileact (cúilioeact), -a, f., shy-

ness (Con.); cf. cútail.

Cuiteacta, g. id., f., company, society (M.). See curoeact.

Cuiteán, -eáin, pl. id., m., a whelp,

a dog.

Cuiteann, -linn, m., the holly-tree; c. capaill, a weed with a tough root; c. tháza, a kind of seaholly; c. vaibče, sandbox, seaholly.

Cuiléan, -éin, pl. id., m., a quarry.

See coméal.

Cúiteapán, -áin, pl. id., m., a cucumber.

Cuilearc, -leirce, f., a horse, a jade.

Cนาใ-อารุธอาห, -อหล, -อาหางอ,

m., an eavesdropper.

Cuiteos, -015e, -05a, f., a fly, a gnat; a wand (dim. of cuit, a fly, etc.).

Cúit- \dot{r} iacait, f., a back or end tooth; nom. also - \dot{r} iacat,

-11, m.

Cúitṛionn, -inne, pl. id., f., a fairhaired, handsome person; most generally a fair lady; as a., fair-haired, handsome.

Cúil-Seappao, m., slander, back-

biting.

Cúil-żeappaim, -ao, v. tr., I back-

bite, calumniate.

Cuilz-rearam, -aim, m., a standing upright (as the hair, etc.).

Cuilize, g. id., m., the inner sheaf of a corn-stack; the innermost part of anything.

Cúitín, g. id., m., the hair on the back of the head; a fair-haired maiden; a little field, a back garden.

Cúil-iompóo, -puiţte, m., act of turning one's back; retreat.

Cuilit, -e, -iòe, f., a fold, a turn, a plait, a ruffle; the little ripples bounding the current in the middle of a swollen stream or river (also cuilite).

Cuit-téapuroe, g. id., pl. -ote, m., one who pries into corners.

Cúil-mionnużao, -uiżce, pl. id., m., abjuration.

Cúil-mionnuizim, -użao and -nao, v. tr., I abjure.

Cúitpáro, -e, -eaca, f., a backward place.

Cúitpáioeac, -oiţe, a., sequestered.

Cúil-marcman, -aine, a., wild, lonely (of a place) (Don.).

Cúit-†eompa, m., a bed chamber, a side closet.

Cúil-†leamnuţaö, -uiţċe, pl. id., m., a backsliding.

Cuit, -e, -eanna, f., a quilt, a covering; cμέ-ċuit, a covering of clay (as for the dead).

Cúilteac, -tiţe, m., an outside office attached to a house.

Cuitteacán, -áin, pl. id., m., an upholsterer.

Cuimein, -e, a., neat, well-arranged, proportionate; brief.

Cuimin, f., memory, remembrance, recollection; ir c. tiom, I remember, recollect.

Cuimin, g. id., m. See cuimmin.

Cuimip. See cuimeip.

cumtim (cumitim), vl. cumit, v. tr. and intr. (with oe), I rub, chafe, touch, stroke, wipe, grind between the palms; with te, I touch, meddle or tamper with.

Cumling, -leanga, f., a combat,

act of contending.

Cuimne, g. id., f., memory, remembrance, recollection; a commemoration; a memorial; cuimne oo beit ap, to remember.

Cuimneac, -nige, a., mindful, conscious; if c. tiom, I remember; ó bí c. teif, as long as he remembered (Don.).

Cuimneacán, -áin, pl. id., m., a memorial, a keepsake, a memorandum.

Cuimniţim, vl. -iuţao, and -neam or -neao, fut. cuimneocao, v.tr., I remember, recollect, bring memory to bear on (an); 1 think of (an).

Cuimniţteac, -tiţe, a., recording,

mindful.

Cuimnisteoip, -opa, -oipioe, m., a recorder, a chronicler.

Cuimniugao, -ige, m., act of remembering; memory; a commemoration; a memorial.

Cumptope, -a, m., a rabble.
Cumpe, g. id., f., aim; exactness of aim; a mark, a hit; moderation; a measure; fitness; zan c., aimlessly, uselessly; a trick (Cork); ap c., extraordinary, unusual, beyond imagining; bi c. doone ann, there was a good crowd there (Con.).

Cumpeac, -ris, m., power.

Cuimpeac, -rise, a., proportioned

to strength; moderate, middling; aiming well, unerring; suitable.

Cuimpeac, -piże, a., mighty, powerful.

Cumpiţim, -iuţao, v. tr., I hit (as a mark); aim; fit; enumerate.

Cumpiţteoip, -opa, -oiproe, m., a person of unerring aim, a good shot; an adapter, a measurer.

Cunz, -e, pl. id., f., a yoke; a bond, a duty; obligation; solicitation; entreaty; a zone; a swingle-tree (in ploughing); a beam across a house; c. chábaro, a religious vow; c. pópta, a marriage duty; c. an muneit, the throat.

Cuing-ceangal, -ail, pl. id., m., a band for fastening a yoke to the neck of an animal; bondage, slavery.

Cunzeao, -zio, m., a requisition, petition, request (more common

in the compound accumge).

Cumgeat, -51t, -a, m., a yoke, a bond; a pair of beasts tied together; c. caopac, a pair of sheep yoked; c. 5abap, a pair of goats tied together.

Cuinzealac, -ais, -aise, m., a

bond. See cuinzeal.

Cuinzim, -zeso, v. tr., I desire,

request, demand.

Cuingin, -gheac, -gheaca, f., a yoke, a pair; two animals yoked together; a team; atá mo cuingin gan réan, my team are without grass (McD.).

Cuinzine, g. id., pl.-piòe, m., a

coupler, a yoker.

Cuinzipeac, - μ iż, - μ iże, m., a waggon or cart (O'N.).

Cuinginim, -nead, v. tr., I yoke or couple.

Cuingleac. See coingeallac.

Cuingleán, -áin, pl. id., m., a yoke, a brace, a couple joined together; cuingleán aral, two asses yoked together, etc.

Cuingneac. See cuingin.

Cumicéan, -éin, pl. id., m., a rabbit burrow; a rough, uneven place.

Cumín, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a rabbit.

See comín.

Cumonn, -inne, f., the nostrils. Cumonnaċ, -ai $\dot{\xi}$ e, a., having a

prominent nose.

Cúinne, g. id., pl. -nioe, f., an angle, a corner; a gallery.

Cúinneac, -niże, a., having cor-

ners or angles.

Cuinneal muite, f., hog's taper, lady's foxglove; also a red cloth tied to a cow's tail after calving (C.).

Cuinneoz, -013e, -03a, f., a churn, a pail; the vessel in which the

cuizeann is made.

Cuinneo5, -015e, f., wild angelica. Cúinpe, g. id., pl. -piòe, m., a protection; a competency; a trick, a plan; ingenuity; cúinpe ip talam paop, competency and free land (song).

Cúinreamail, -mla, a., ingenious,

tricky.

Cuip, -e, f., froth, foam, spume.

See cosp, 7c.

Cuipeac, -piże, a., frothy, foamy. Cuipeáit, -eáta, f., act of frothing, foaming; fermenting as a fluid.

Cúipéip, -éapa, -éipibe, m., a cooper; cúipéap (Don.), cúip-

éana (Con.).

Cuipc, -e, -ioe, f., a cap or coif; a crest, a top-knot; also a tuber or tumour; a knife, a whittle; also cupc.

Cuinceo5, -015e, -03a, f., a cone on its base; a beehive; a stook of turf (of corn, Con.); also

charceoz and caihiceoz.

Cuipeao, g. -piò, pl. -piòe, m., aet of inviting, an invitation, a bidding; as cup cuipiò opm, beckoning to me; as ταδαιμτ cuipiò òam, inviting me.

Cuipéal, -éil, m., a quarry.

Cuipeátta, indec. a., tidy, comfortable; bean cuipeátta, a tidy neat woman.

Cuipeáltact, -a, f., curiosity,

neatness.

Cuipeat, m., the knave of cards

(in sp. l., cuipeata); in Con., cuiteata.

Cuipeopact, -a, f., act of tilling the land (Don.).

Cuipialta, indec. a., curious; nice, snug (also cuipeálta).

Cuipicte, indec.a., having tumours, scabby.

Cuinioeact, -a, f., state of being arable; act of tilling; also cunaioeact.

Cuipioín, g. id., pl. -ioe, m., naked horse-tail, equisateum foliis nudum; c. bán, common wild parsnip, pastinaca sativa; cup-

Avan (Don.).

Cuipim, vl. cup, imper. cuip, v. tr., I put, place, fix, send, apply; it is used largely in connection with preps. which limit its meaning; with an before indirect object to do good or harm to a person or thing, to ask questions of, to send for; to put hindering, delaying, trembling, favours, etc., on one, .1. to hinder, delay, make tremble, etc.; rior oo cun ain, to send for him; comaoin oo cun ain, to confer a benefit on him; eazla oo cup ap, to make afraid; eascoin oo cun an, to wrong; mailt oo cuji ap, to delay; oo cun an camoe, to put off; oo cun an chic, to make tremble; To cun an scut, to put aside, to postpone; with ar it denotes to put a person or thing out of a place or position, to emit a cry, etc., oo cuin ré liúz ar, he uttered a cry; cup ar 10nao, to dislocate; é oo cun ar a talam, to eject him from his land; with oe, to put away from one's self, to emit, to take from another; cuip (an bótap) víot, be off; often with paosal, etc., omitted, as atá ré as cup de so mait, he is getting on well; atá ré as cun attur oe, he is perspiring; with rá, to put something under or binding on a person or thing,

to put a person or thing under protection, etc.; cun rá com-Aince, to put under protection of; uncall oo cun rá, to put a fetter on, to fetter; with 1, to trust, hope in, take interest in, desire a person or thing; ruim oo cun 'ran traofal, to hanker after worldly things or life, also in phrases like cun 1 5céitt, 1 n-umail oó, to remind him, to give him to understand; cup 1 breiom, to put to use; — 1 Leit, to impute; -1 ocarció, to store up; with ó, to hinder from getting a thing, to put one out of a position, inheritance, etc.; cun ó oizneact, to put out of inheritance; oo cuin ré licin uaio, he sent a letter (from him); with te (ne), to express limit put to a thing, an addition to, a prop to, the sending with or by means of; cuin ainsear leir, send money with him, or by him; cuin nuo teir, prop it up, add something to it, exaggerate; with noim, to put a task before one, to determine on a thing; with the, to mingle one thing with another; with um, cumm, umam, I put on (of clothes); with adverb, cup rior, to set down; cun amac, to evict, to put forth; cun ruar te, to tolerate; I bury, sow (seed), plant; as cup ruar ap, preventing; of the weather, tá ré az cun reaca; it is freezing; tá ré az cun reantanna, it is raining (shortened to tá ré az cun, in North and West, and not used in M.); ní 'šá cun leo é, "not judging them," they are not to be envied (said of persons guilty of some unworthy deed); cuit 1 5cáp, supposing; cun 1 5céitt, to pretend (Don.); an bruil mé AS cup ar oute? am I putting you to inconvenience? (Con.).

Cuițiin, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a can, a small pot; a small creel or shal-

low basket.

Cuiptiún, -úin, pl. id., m., a curlew. Cuipm, -e, -eaca, f., a kind of ale formerly used by the Irish; a feast or banquet. See copm.

Cuijimeac, -miże, a., pertaining to

ale; festive.

Cuipmiżim, -iużao, v. tr., I feast, entertain.

Cuijineán, -eáin, pl. id., m., the head of a pin; a brooch, a ringlet; a small heap.

Cuipneánac, -aiţe, a., abounding in ringlets (of the hair).

Cuinnín, g. id., pl. -ioe, m., a small

vessel, a little goblet.

Cunnín, g. id., pl. -10e, m., a mass of ringlets; a dewdrop; a drop of sweat; a pin's head; a little grain of anything.

Cuippte, indec. a., vicious (also,

cuipipe, cuippe, etc.).

Cumpreac, -tite, a., corrupt, vicious, wicked; as subs., a wicked person.

Cuippteact, -a, f., corruption,

vice, voluptuousness.

Cuippteoip, -opa, -oiproe, m., a corrupt or wicked man.

Cuippeacac, -aige, a., deformed. Cuipt, -e, -eanna, f., a court, a palace, a royal residence; a mansion; a law-court; a yard.

Cuipte, p. nec., to be put, put off, delayed; also cupta. See cup. Cuipteamail, -mla, a., courtly,

courteous, gallant.

Cúinteamtact, -a, f., courtliness,

courtesy, gallantry.

Cúiητέαμας, -a, f., act of courting, wooing; τά γέ ας c. téi, he is courting her.

Cúiptéir, -e, f., courtesy, cere-

mony

Cúiptéireac, -rije, a., courteous, courtly.

Cúincéireact, -a, f., courtesy, courtliness; act of courting.

Cuipteoz, -013e, -03a, f., a kind of cup (O'N).

Cúinteoin, -ona, -oinioe, m., a courtier; a suitor, a wooer.

Cuipteoip, -opa, -oipite, m., an inviter.

Cúinceoineact, -a, f., courtship, wooing.

Cuițitin, g. id., pl. -ioe, m., a curtain; in pl., bed-curtains. See cกุนเซิก.

Cúir, -e, -eanna, gpl. -eann, f., a cause, case, matter, affair, circumstance, business; reason.

Cuipe, g. id., m., a kind of grass or weed; c. aitp, alpine meadow-grass; c. cuitceamait, reed-like meadow-grass; c. zaitb-żarac, rough-stalked meadow-grass; c. cumanz-ouitteac, narrow-leaved meadow-grass; c. mion-żarac, smooth-stalked meadow-grass; c. bliaoantamait, annual meadow-grass.

Cuipeos, -015e, -05a, f., a stalk, a straw; a tuft of grass; c. buioe, rag-wort; c. ronn, wall-

barley.

Cuipte, -leann, -leanna, f., a vein, a pulse, an artery, a pipe; the blood; the arm; diarrhœa; c. na héizpe, c. na σάιme, the well or fount of the muses; a term of endearment: c. mo ċμοιόe, γc.; c. na beatao, the great artery, called also an c. móμ; τά ιαμμάτα σε cuiptinn ομm, I have an attack of diarrhœa.

Curpleac, -11ze, a., veined; like a

vein or artery.

Cuirteannac, -aite, a., having strong veins or arms.

Cuipteannac, -aiţ, -aiţe, m., a piper, a fifer, an organist.

Cuipteoin, -ona, -onnio, m., a professional blood-letter.

Cuipne, g. id., m., frost, ice, cold; a haze in warm weather (Aran); a frost mist, a fog in frosty weather (M.); sleet. P. O'C. gives the following fanciful derivation for this word:—Cuipne is formed by suffixing the termination -ne to pluc (q.d., ploc) inverted; c. peaca, an icicle.

Cuirneac, -niże, a., freezing, frosty.

Currneamant, -mta, a., icy, chilly, cold; tá ré c., it is chilly.

Cuirnizim, -iużao, v. tr. and intr., I freeze, I congeal.

Cuirniste, indec. p. a., frozen.

Cúiτe, g. id., f., memory, recollection; "interview"; ι οτύρ mo cuite, in the beginning of my life (Don.).

Cúiceac, $-c_1\dot{z}$, $-c_1\dot{z}e$, m., a requital,

a denial, a refusal.

Cúiceac, -ciże, α ., retributive;

even with.

Cúiceac, a., mindful, remembering; 1r c. t1om é, I remember it (Don.).

Cuiteal, $-\tau_1 l$, pl. id., m., the

cuttle-fish (Ker.).

Cúiceam, -im., m., a recompense; a retribution; act of giving retribution.

Cúiteántar, -air, m., a receipt for

money (Con.).

Cúitizim, -iuzao and -ceam, v. tr., I requite, repay, reward (with acc. of the thing requited, and te with dat. of person requited); I weigh, consider; as cun if as cúiceam, weighing carefully the pros and cons.

Cuitin, adv., when. See catain. Cúiciuzao, -izce, m., act of requiting; compensation, ven-

geance, requital.

Cút, g. cúit, pl. id., m., the back; the back part of anything; the back of the head, the poll; a head of hair; a guard; a reserve; cúl báine, a reserve for defence; reap cuit, a man at one's back, as a defence; rá cút, at the back of; an 5cút, behind, backwards, in the rear, privately; as out an scut, declining going back, deteriorating; cun an scut, to put back, to put aside, to abolish, to postpone; as out 1 notato a cuit, going backwards (of physical motion); vo puz ré an a cúlaib a baile í, he took her home seated behind him on horseback; cút cinn, reserved force; ni't cút cinn azam, I have nothing to fall back on (Der.); an cút a cinn, flat on his back; ni't frop arge act oineao te cút a cinn, he knows nothing at all; cút-ceannbac, a spectator who prompts at card-playing; cút éizin, a defence in difficulty; a macao amac cút éizin te nára, who would go forth running to stand defence in a difficult post (Om.).; 1 5cút vo činn, behind your head. See cútóz.

Cularo, g. id., and culao, pl. -eaca and -traca, m. and f., a suit of clothes; a robe, a dress; attire, apparel; sacred vestments; c. an Airninn, the vestments used at Mass (a form of asseveration); c. ite, an oilskin suit (used in fishing) (Ker.); c. capailt, horse trappings.

Cúláine, g. id., f., a backwardnook; the chops; the throat, palate; atá mo teansa as teanmain oom cútáinib, my tongue cleaves to my mouth

Cútán, -áin, pl. id., m., a lane; a back corner or angle; a rood (of land) (Sligo).

Cúlánta, indec. a., shy, bashful,

timid, retiring.

Cút báine, g. id., m., a reserve, a goal-keeper; a chief man to be depended on; a "strong back."

Cut-boc, -buic, pl. id., m., a buck, a he-goat; prop. col-boc.

Cút-boc, m., the first blow struck after a goal in hurling (Don.).

Cút-bhúzao, m., a crushing, a trampling, a violent pressing from the rere.

Cút-cáinim, -nearo, v. tr., I backbite, slander.

Cút-cáineao, -nce, m., act of backbiting.

Cúl-cainnt, -e, -eanna, f., backbiting, detraction, a slander-

Cút-cainnteac, -tige, a., back-

biting.

Cút-cammeeom, m., a backbiter, a detractor.

Cút-coiméao, -éio, -éaoa, pl. id., m., a rearguard; a retrospection.

Cút-chaor, m., the back part of the mouth. See chaor.

Cút-oopar, m., a back door;

oonar cuit, id.

Cút-zabaim, -báit, v. tr., I adopt. Cút-zainm, -anma, f., the act of recalling.

Cuttać, -aiţ, pl. id., m., a boar; often applied to the foreigners; piaò-cuttać, a wild boar. See cottać.

Cút-tocta, m., a side loft; a back loft (also cút-tota).

Cullóro, cultóroeac. See call-

Cúl-muzaine, g. id., pl.-nice, m., a mutineer.

Cútός, -όιζε, -όζα, m. or f., the riding behind another (as on horseback); one who rides behind another on horseback (the foremost rides an reapao ζαδιός, the other an cútός); a collop.

Culpoc, -puic, pl. id., m., a he-

goat (also cot-boc).

Cút-poc, m., the goal-keeper's stroke (also poc cúit). See cút-boc.

Cúl-padapcac, -aize, a., circum-

spect, covetous.

Cúttacao, -aio, pl. id., m., a backing, a support, a redoubt, a defence.

Cútuiţim, -uţaö, v. intr., I recede, retire; I "back water" in

rowing.

cum (vo-cum), prep., with gen. (in pronom. combinat., cuzam, etc.; in M. the z is silent, except rarely in poet., and the sound is cuz, etc.; in Con. and U. the sound is huzaz, etc.), to, towards; after notions of motion; eotap cum vo cize, a knowledge of the way to thy house; az 10mpóv cum

ceampuilt, turning over to the (Protestant) church; often out cum an todain for vo'n todain, etc.; to express purpose: vo cuaio ré amac cum réan vo baint, he went out to cut hay; when cum governs a clause including a verbal, as here, the subject of the vl. is more genly. in acc., though cum réin vo baint is permissible; in phrs. like out cum ruime nó crice vó, to be of profit or advantage to him; cum stóine vé, for the glory of God.

Cúm, g. cúm, m., form, body, waist; a valley, a glen, a hol-

low. See com.

Cuma, g. id., pl. cumta, f., form, shape, appearance, figure; way, state or condition; a figure, a model, a pattern; ap aon cuma, in any case; cuma oo beit ap ouine, to be in trim; ní't chot ná cuma aip, it is entirely misshapen; ní't cuma ná oéanam aip, id.; τά cuma na peaptanna aip, it looks like rain (Om.).

Cuma, a., indifferent, equal, all the same; ip c. tiom cia aca, I do not care which of them; ip c. teat, you do not care; ip c. out, you should not care, it is no affair of yours, also it is the same to you; ip c. é, it matters

not.

Cuma, g. id., pl. -10e, m., a gift, a

reward, a bribe.

Cuma, g. id. and cumao, pl. -10e (nom. often cumao), m., sorrow, melancholy, loneliness, lamentation, grief; tác. onm, I regret (something lost, gone or absent); as oéanam cúmao, lamenting; mo cuma, alas; home-sickness (Don.); nom. cumano (U. and Con.) (pl. also -aoca and g. -aro).

Cumać (cumadać), -aiże, a., sorrowful, mournful, plaintive,

woful, doleful.
Cumact, -a, f., power, might,
authority.

Cumacta, g. id., m. (prop. pl. of cumacc), power, might, authority, strength.

Cumactac, - $a_1\dot{z}$, - $a_1\dot{z}$ e, m., a

mighty person.

Cumactac, -aije, a., powerful, mighty, influential, command-

Cumactaim, -ao, v. tr., I empower

Cumacτόιμ, -όμα, -όιμισe, m., a commissioner; a person entrusted with credentials and authority.

Cumao, -mis, pl. id., m., act of forming, devising, shaping, making; form, model, pattern

(cúmso, M.).

Cumadóin, -óna, -óinide, m., one who forms; a framer; a fashioner; a romancer; an inventor.

Cumadoineact, -a, f., invention,

device, formation.

Cumaitim, -tc, v. tr., I touch (with oe); wipe, rub. See cuimitim.

Cumaite, -e, f., a wiping off, a

touching. See cuimite.

Cumaim, -ao, v. tr., I frame, compose, shape, form, devise, make, fix; cum ré ampan, he composed a song; cúmaim (M.).

Cumainze, g. id., f., narrowness, straightness, closeness, tightness; distress, difficulty; cum-

ainseact, id.

Cumain, -e, a., short, brief. See

cuimein.

Cumaircim, -ceao, v. tr. and intr., I mix, I compound; to have carnal intercourse with (te).

Cumaircie, indec. p. a., compound,

compounded.

Cumal, -aile, -a, f., obedience, subjection; a handmaid, female slave; c. burde, in phr., 50 orí an cumal buroe, to the backbone (Der.); a hood, a cowl.

Cumat, -ait, pl. id., m., a fine, a mulct; restitution, reparation, atonement for trespass; the cumat varied in quantity.

Cumatos, indec. a., belonging to a servant or bondswoman.

Cumamait, -mta, a., comely,

shapely.

Cumans, - Δ 1175e, f., power, strength, ability; a corner: a narrow neck of water.

Cumanz, -ainze, a., narrow, slender, contracted, tight, tightly

tied up.

Cumanzaim, -ao, v. tr., I abridge, I narrow, confine, reduce.

Cumanzar, - α 1r, m., encroaching; act of encroaching; as c. aip, encroaching on him; also as véanam cumanzair ain.

Cumanglac, a Don. form of

cumanznac, which see.

Cumanznac, -aiże, a., close-

pressing.

Cumanzjiać, -aiż, m., a press; a difficulty; a hard plight; a tight hold.

Cumanspace, -a, f., pressure,

difficulty.

Cumanzuizim, -zao, v. tr., I narrow, straiten.

Cumann, g. -ainn, pl. id., m., affection, love; a term of endearment; league, society; a lot; acquaintance, fellowship.

Cumannac, -aiż, pl. id., m., afriend, a companion; reo rlaince mo cumannais, here's to the health of my friend.

Cumannac, -aize, a., amiable, lovely.

Cumaoin, -e, pl. id., f., favour, communion; fellowship; an obligation, a favour; cumaoine, id. See comaoin and comaoine.

Cumap, -aip, pl. id., and cumpa, m., a cave, a ravine, a valley; the coincidence of a chain of hills with low lands, hence a tract consisting of highlands and valleys; a promontory, a dale; the confluence of rivers, as Cuman na ochi nurce, the confluence of the three rivers (Suir, Nore, Barrow).

Cú mapa, f., a sea dog. See

Cumanac, -aize, α ., abounding in

hills and valleys.

Cumanac (cumpac), -ais, pl. id., m., a place full of hills and valleys; an inhabitant of such a place, hence cumanais, people dwelling in a place full of hills and valleys.

Cumar, -air, m., strength, power, ability, faculty; leave, indulgence; ní't ré an mo c., I am not able to do it, I have it not

in my power.

Cumarac, -aize, a., strong, powerful, capable; good-looking; cf. the phrase cumarac stan, applied to persons of good looks; 1r c. an rao man σ'οιδηιζ τύ, you have worked splendidly.

Cumarc, -airc, pl. id., m., a compound, a confection, a mixture, a contention; act of blending, mixing, compounding.

Cumarcaim, -ao, v. tr. and intr.,

I mix, mingle; unite (with te). Cumoac, -vaiz, -aize, m., act of covering, keeping, screening; defence; cover; roof; guidance, protection; dye, paint, varnish; an ornamental book-case; covering; thatch.

Cumoac, -aise, a., ornamental.

Cumouiţim, -oac, v. tr., I keep, preserve, defend, save, cover, clothe, roof a building, thatch a house.

Cumouiste, p. a., preserved, chased, covered, burnished, well-

wrought; fenced.

Cumzac, -aiż, -aiże, m., difficulty, straits, hindrance, trouble; a stumbling block. See cumanzac.

Cumóntar, -air, m., a comparison, rivalry, contest. See comóptap. Cumplact, -a, f., a company, a

band of followers: a family: a crew, a gang.

Cumpa, indec. a., fragrant, sweet, often an epithet of a man or chief; genly. pron. cúpta.

Cumpac. See cumapac.

Cumpact, -a, f., fragrance, sweetness.

Cumparoeact, -a, f., an apparition; appearance; 1 5c. ouine, in the shape of a man.

Cumpaise, f, protection.

compaize.

Cumpós, -ó1se, -ósa, f., an apple-

Cumpanao, -nca, m., act of resting, repose.

Cumpanaim, -ao, v. intr., I rest, repose.

Cumpcusao, -uiste, m., act of shaking; marching; journeying.

Cumpcuiţim, -uţaö, v. intr., I

ring, shake.

Cumrcuiste, p. a., well shaken.

Cumptacaroe (pl.), m., tricks or plans; ir agat atá na cumreacaroe, what a trickster you

Cumta, p.a., shaped, formed, wellshaped, handsome; veat-c, wellshaped, shapely; cúmta, (M.); in U. often pronounced cumpa.

Cumtac, -aite, a., forming, shap-

ing, devising.

Cumuizim, -uzao, v. tr., I frame. Cun, the ordinary pronunciation of cum, and sometimes the written form. See cum.

Cunablac, -ais, pl. id., m., a carcass, carrion; a lazy corpulent

person; a skeleton.

Cúnac, -ais, -aise, m., dodder; anything overdried, as poor hay, oats, moss; a rat's or mouse's bed or nest. See cuntac.

Cúnáilte, indec. a., famished as

by cold (Don.).

Cunamitat, -aite, a., cross, angry (Don.); no doubt = conrabac.

Cunzalac (constac), -ais, -aise, and -aca, m., yokes, bonds; conglaca creirneac, swingle trees, plough and grappling chains (Don).

Cunzantac, -aiże, a., helpful, ready to help (also congantat).

Cunzancóin, -óna, -óinioe, m., an assistant (also consancóin).

Cungnuisim, -nam, v. tr., I hold. See con zbaim.

Cúntac, -aiż, m., moss; stubble

(cointeac).

Cunnaitt, -e, a., tidy, tight, well-gathered together; P. O'C. gives as meaning, wise, prudent, discreet (his spelling is cunnait).

Cunnailt-bocc, -oicce, a., poor,

miserable, very depressed.

Cunntactaim, vl. cunntact, v. tr., I hold, collect, concentrate; cf. ná teat to bhat act man féarrain é cunntact.

Cunntairim, -cair, v. tr., I reckon,

count up (U.).

Cunntap, -air, pl. id., m., a work, an account, a bill; a description; tá an cunntair, the day of judgment.

Cúnpacán, -áin, pl. id., m., a miser, a close-fisted person (W. Ker.).

Cúnγόζ, -όιζε, -όζα, f., a nest of honey-bees, in moss or loose grass at the side of fences, while ταιαμόζ is a nest of honey-bees embedded in the ground.

Cuntabaint, -anta, f., danger, doubt, perplexity. See con-

Cabaint.

Cúncap, -aip, m., a shop counter

(also cúncúnc).

Cupán, -áin, pl. id., m., a cup;

cupa, id. (also copán).

Cúpta, g. id., pl. -10e, m., a couple, a pair, twins; a few; the beams joined in pairs that form a roofing.

Cúptac, -aiże, a., double-plaited

(of the hair), couple-like.

Cúptuiţim, -tuţao, v. tr., I couple, pair, join together.

Cupóz, -óize, -óza, f., dock (weed); cupóz reám and cupóz raon are varieties of this weed; cupóz rnorcain, a leaf of seaweed; a leaf. See capóz.

Cupóz rpároe, f., dock-leaf (also

bileoz phároe).

Cup, g. cupte and cupta, m., act of putting, etc.; a putting away, a banishing; ας cup reaptanna, raining (U.); ας cup react, freezing; the setting or clamp in a rick or load of

turf sods (U.); $\tau \acute{a}$ mo choide as cun ohm, I have a heart ache. See cultum.

Cupac na cuaice, f., the flower blue bottle; small-leaved bell-

flower; campanula.

Cuprao, -arò, pl. id., m., a warrior,

knight, hero, champion.

Cúμαο, hate (?); in phr. cúμαο σο cμοισε ομτ, confound you, bad cess to you; cúμαο α cμοισε αμ an bρόμαο, confound the marry ing (Ε. U.); cúμαο αμ bpοιτίη μεο, woe betide this poteen (Meath); perhaps = cιομηθαο.

Cuparceac, -ciże, a., scabby,

excrescent.

Cuptatein, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a hair-comb (parts of Ulster and Con.).

Cuparoeac, -oite, a., chivalrous,

brave, manly.

Cupároeac, -015, pl. id., m., a curate.

Cuparoeact, -a, f., a sowing, a planting, a setting; aimpin na cuparoeacta, sowing-time;

crops.

Cúplam, g. -aim, pl. id. and -aiöe, m., care, thought, charge, provision, office, employment; concern, interest, responsibility; τά γέ ιm' ċúplam, he cares for me (ironically); ap méao mo ċúplam, through the greatness of my responsibilities (Don.).

Cúplamac, -aiţe, a., careful, provident, thoughtful; τά ρέ cúplamac aiţe, he is careful of it (Don.); τά ρέ cúplamac aiţe, he is solicitous for his wel-

fare.

Cuparán, -áin, pl. id., m., a milk-

pan

Cupata, indec. a., courageous, valiant, knightly, heroic, gallant, brave; often written cupanta.

Cupatact, -a.f., heroism, bravery,

courage, valour.

Cupcac, -ai $\dot{\xi}e$, a., unkempt, having bushy hair (O'N.).

Сирса5, -a15, pl. id., m., a sandpiper (a bird).

Cuncar, -e, f., hair; bulrushes;

flags.

Cun-rarac, -ais, m., a poor crop of corn, not worth cutting and left on the field (Con.).

Cup-zatán, -áin, pl. id., m, a

basket, a bailer.

Cuրր, m. (somet. f.), a sharp point; a corner, a pit; an cuրր, hell; a well, a fountain. See copp.

Cuppac, -ais, pl. id., and -a, m., a coracle; a light boat made of canvas. (Good MSS. of Kea., F. F., spell this word cupac.)

Cuμμαċán, -án, pl. id., m., a skiff, a little boat, a canoe (somet.

contr. to cuppcán).

Cuppao caipe, m., a cart's shaft.

- Cúpra, g. id., pl. ioe, m., a course, a career, a difficulty; a manner of life; a round; an event, an adventure; a race-course; cúpraioe an traogait, the ways of the world; c. pampa, a dance.
- Cúμγα, g. id., pl. -1 oe, m., a reef in a sail; cuiμ irteac c., put a reef in the sail (Mayo); con in Ker.
- Cúμταċ, -aiţe, a., given to travelling; wandering; vagrant; journeying, marching.

Cúppuisim, -usao, v. tr., I course, traverse, put in ranks or rows.

Cúργόιη, -όμα, -όιμιτοe, m., a courser, a cruiser, a messenger.

Cupta, indec. p. a., put, sent, despatched; buried; sown (as seed); cupta ofom, put over me, accomplished.

Curps, g. id., pl. -aroe, m., an example, a model; a great person (iron.); if the an curps again, what a fine fellow you are!

Curpóin, -όμα, -όιμισε, m., an object, an aim; ideal; a model.

Curt, g. curt, m., the skin, the hide.

Curtaine, g. id., pl.-proe, m., a tanner, a skinner.

Curtum, -uim, pl. id., m., a custom. Curtum, -uim, m., the customs; as néabao an curtuim (Donn-chadh Mac Airt O'Keeffe); teac (tiż) an curtuim, the custom-house.

Cutac, - α_1 ; m., madness, rage. Cutac, - α_1 ; e, α ., bob-tailed.

Cucaro, -e, -ce, m., a short stump; c. píopa, a "cutty" pipe.

Cutait, a. (gs. of cutat), furious, mad, fierce.

Cúcait, -e, a., bashful, modest, timid; humbled, brought low.

Cútaile, g. id., f., modesty, bashfulness; cútaileact, id.

Cúżaiteact, -a, f., bashfulness, modesty, timidity.

Cútaltar, -air, m., bashfulness (Don.).

Cútaptán, -áin, pl. id., m., any bulbous-rooted plant, an onion, an earth-nut, etc.

O (DAIH, the oak tree), the fourth letter of the Modern Irish Alphabet.

o', contr. for oo, oe, preps., and for oo, poss. prn. (which somet. becomes \(\tau'\)); also for oo, verbal particle, pf. tense, act. and pass., and verbal noun.

Oá, σa, σ'a, prep. and poss. prn.:
(1) σο a, to, by, with or on his, her, its, their; (2) σe a, of or off his, her, its, their; σά μέιμ, to, according to his will; σά της

rin, for that reason.

Oλ, whatever, however; before adjs. in comp. form or abstract nouns, identical with or derived from them, expresses absolute superlativeness, as oλ άμγλος έ, however ancient his lineage (Ε. R.); ολ λοιμος έ, however great his (or its) height; ολ ξέιμε, however sharp.

O. if (as used to-day, implies a condition which may or may not be fulfilled, takes past or conditional, and eclipses); formerly used (Kea.) with present tense,

where má is employed now; vá mbeav aingeav azam, if I had money; vá bruizinn mo noża, if I were to get my choice.

Oá (aspir.), num. two, a pair, with art., both, the pair; used with noun (vó is used when noun is not expressed); vá takes its noun in its dual form, as vá öμόις, a pair of shoes; an vá ċeann, the two heads; vá ċapatt, two horses; an vá ċapatt, the two horses; vá μέας, twelve men; vá μιτιο, forty; vá μαιμ, twice; generally vá in sp. l., but vá after n.

Oá (=00 a), somet. used for az or

as a, with pres. part.

Oá-aöancac, -aiţe, a., two-horned. Oaba, g. id., pl. -ioe, m., a small heap or quantity of something soft; oaba reota, 7c. (Con.).

Oabaċ, g. vaibċe, pl. -a, f. and m., a vessel, a vat, a press; a collection of sand-hills on the seashore; nom. also vaibċe where ċ is almost silent; vaibċe concáin ir eav é, it is a deep large pot (said in praise of a pot); βαίπιπ ναίbċe, beach sand.

Oaban, -ain, pl. id., m., a bucket,

a pitcher.

Oά baτa (ζαυτός, Galway), (two sticks); pins or sticks used to keep in place false bottoms in reagnozarie (baskets).

Oá-beatac, -ai $\dot{\xi}$ e, a., amphibious. Oá-bliaonac, -ai $\dot{\xi}$, -ai $\dot{\xi}$ e, m., a

two-year-old animal.

Oabpán, -á:n, pl. id., m., an otter. See σοδράη.

Ost, g. id., m., doubt (A.).

Oá-ceannac, -aiξe, α., having two heads.

Oά-ceaμπας, -αιζε, α., bi-angular. Oακότμεας, -α, f, reviling, obseeration; σέαπραισίρ σακότμε eας τη earcaine ομς, they would revile (?) and curse you (Con., C. S.).

Vá-compac, -aize, a., having two

bodies.

Oá-corac, -aize, α., biped.

Oá-chotac, -aize, a., bi-formed.

"Oλολό, -λιό, m., a jot, anything; with neg., nothing; ní μιώ ολολό é, it is worth nothing; somet. pron. ολολιόε; ολολή, -λιή, m., id. (often also τλολιό).

 Θά-ἡαοδηας, -αιξε, α., two-edged.
 Θά-ἡαςτας, -αιξε, α., bi-dental; having two prominent teeth, as

a sheep two years old.

Οά τιάτο, num., forty (pron. σατασ in M.).

Oá-ritte, a., two-fold, double.

Oá-rożaiμ, g. -żμα and -żμαc, f., a diphthong.

Oá-rożpać, -aiże, α., diphthongal, of or belonging to a diphthong.

Oażan, -ann, pl. -ta, m., a breeze (O'N.).

Όά-ζοτας, -Διζ, -Διζε, m., a diphthong.

Oá10, .1. 0010. See 00.

Oaibin, -bne, a., poor, indigent, needy.

Tanna, raining heavily.

Oaibneac, -μιζε, α., poor, needy, destitute.

Oaibnear, -pir, m., poverty, destitution.

Oaro, g. id., m., a father; mo σάιο móμ, my grandfather. The Cladach fishermen are in their own locality called na σαισίπισε.

Oaiöbip, -bpe and -bpioe (opposed to paiobip), a., poor, bad. See oaibpead and oaibip.

Oatobne, g. id., f., poverty; varobnear, id.

Oáis, hope, confidence, etc. See

0015.

Oáil (vál), -ála, f., a meeting, a convention; a hostile opposition; a matchmaking meeting (Don.); a story, a legend; a decree, an ordinance; respite, delay; destiny; state, condition; a share or portion; an enclosed plot of ground; a separate tribe; relations; act of sharing, distributing, giving; támiz réim váil,

he came to my aid, to meet me (somet. with hostile intent); váil cabha, immediate prospect of aid; 141 noáit, with solemnity or public proclamation (as of marriage) (Don.); váit cata, f. (with the accent on oáit), a pitched battle; (with the accent on cata) a battle-field; 1 noeineao na oáta, in the end, finally; téro 1 no. comainte, they consult together.

Oaitc, m., a strong low-sized stout

person dim. vailcin, id.

Oáileao, -lio, -lizte, m., a tradition (O'N.).

Oáileam, -lim, m., a cupbearer, a butler.

Oáiteoz, -015e, -05a, f., the date

Oáilizim, -leao, v. tr., I dedicate, distribute, set apart, give, deliver. See váilim.

Oáilim, vl. oáil, v. tr., I bestow, grant, give, distribute, give out, deal, confer, delay, keep; atain oáta, he that gives in marriage (with an and oo). See oail.

Váiliomán, -áin, pl. id., m., a

butler, a distributor.

Oáiliużao, -liżte, m., distribution, act of dividing, apportioning.

Oaill-beancac, -aize, a., blind, stupid, unsuspecting.

Oaill-ciac, m., a thick mist. Oaitte, g. id., f., blindness, dark-

ness, obscurity.

Oaillicin, g. id., m., "blindman's buff"; vallao púicín, id.

Oaill-incleactac, -aize, a., dullwitted, slow of understanding.

Oaillein, g. id., m., "blindman's buff."

Oáilteanac, -aize, a., like a cox-

comb, foppish.

Ositain, g. id., pl. -rie, m., a foster child; a mean fellow; a fop, a coxcomb; an impertinent young man.

Osittinesct, -a, f., impertinence, foppishness; vailtinear, id.

Oáim, -e, f., affection, friendship,

concord, reconciliation (with

O'aimoeoin (from oo, prep., aim, neg. part., beoin, will), ad. and prep., against, in spite of.

Oáimeac, -mize, a., affectionate, harmonious; friendly, having many friends and relations.

Oáimeamail, -mla, a., friendly,

kind, benevolent.

Oáimeamlact, -a, f., benevolence. Osimulas, -aise, f., a church built of stone.

Oaimréan, m., harm, damage (Con.) Oaimpín, g. id., pl. -ioe, f., a dam-

son plum.

Osingean, -5in, pl. id. and -5ne, m., a stronghold, a fortress, a garrison; an espousal or marriage contract; vainzean na ripinne, the ground of sacred truth (Donl.); cuaro an cerro 1 no. air, he found the problem hard to solve.

Oainsean, -sne, a., strong, fortified, close, secure, firm, pron. Daizean (U. and Con.).

Oaingneact, -a, f., firmness, strength, durability; oaingne,

id.; vaigneact (U.).

Oaingnigim, -iugao, v. tr., I make firm, I fortify, strengthen, establish; I fence, make enclosures.

Oainsniste, p. a., fixed, confirmed, fenced, fortified; married.

Oamsniusao, -niste, m., act of fortifying, fencing, confirming.

Oainnréan, -éin, m., danger (A.); oainnrean (Don.).

Ολιμ, - Αμτά, f., copulation of cattle; desire for copulation; bó rá oáin, a cow ready to take the bull; bó san o., a cow not in calf; bó an oáin (Don.); bó oonta, a cow in calf.

Oaip, g.-aipe, -apa, -apa \dot{c} , -apai \dot{c} e; pl. -apais, -aipste, -apaca, f.

an oak.

Oainb, -e, -eaca, f., a species of worm that causes swelling in cattle; a dwarf.

Oainbeoz, -013e, -03a, f., an oak

plantation.

Oainbhe, -eaċ, -eaċa, f., a place of oaks; an oak; an oak plantation; Oileán O., Valentia Island; also O. Oainine: also Oainine.

Ολιμελό. See σοιμελό.

Oainje, f., an oak. See oain.

Οάιμιm (σοιμιm), vl. σάμαό, σομαό, p. a. σομά, I copulate (as cattle).

Oaiμτ, -e, -eaca, f., a heifer, a young cow; also a young bul-

lock.

Ολιμτ, -e, -eaċa, f., a clod; dim., ολιμτίη; ολητάη (Don.).

Oλιμτελό, -τιζε, α., clodded. Oλιτελό, -τιζε, α., nimble, active,

swift (O'N.).

Oaiteact, -a, f., swiftness, activity (O.N.).

Osicearc, improperly used for

aitearc.

Oait-jeat, -jite, a., white-coloured, bright-coloured, clear, brilliant.

O'aitle, prep., after. See aitle.

Ositnio. See vansio.

Onitte (οπίτιξτε), p. a., dyed, coloured, stained, variegated; bright-coloured; rosy (of complexion), poet.: discoloured; blackened or coloured by being cleaned (of boots), e.g., bμόζα οπίτε.

Oát, -a, -τa, f., fate, situation, state; share, division, lot; a tribe, a family, an assembly; tribe land; oát, in sense sept, tribe (also a country or region), occurs in names like the following, Oát ξCair, the Dalcassians; Oát πιασα, in Ulster, etc. See páit.

Oála, prep. with g., as regards, concerning; to return to, at the opening of a sentence in narrative, as oála eogain, to return to Eoghan. See pálta.

Oáta, f., pl., news, historical narrations; espousals, vows; meet-

ings. See oail.

Dátac, week-day. Tomnac 17

oátac, "Sunday and Monday" (Con. and Don.); "Saturday and Sunday"; e.g., tá mé az obam Tomnac ip oátac, I am working Sunday and Monday.

Oalán, -áin, pl. id., m., a great

bulk.

Oalán Oé, -áin Oé, pl. id., m., a butterfly.

Oatba, indec. a., obstinate; bold, impudent, presumptious; prop. ootba (U.); oatbaroe (Con.).

Θάtζας, -αις, m., longing, desire;
 pain after copulation in cattle,
 τιπιας ι ποιαιό ταιμό; prop.

áilżear or álżar.

oatt, -aitte, a., blind; dull, stupid; ignorant; puzzled; out azur oatt na horoce, the darkness and dulness of night.

Oatt, -aitt, pl. id., m., a blind

man.

Oallaö, -lτa, m., act of blinding; a drop sufficient to blind; blindness, stupidity; dazzle (Don.); oallaö puicin, blindman's buff, the blinding cloth; o. mallos blindness (in sheep, etc.).

Datt-aizeanta, indec. a., stupid, dull-witted (oatt-aizeantac,

-A15e, id.).

Oattaim, -ao, v. tr., I blind, confuse, stupefy, puzzle, dazzle.

Oatlamlóς, -όιςe, -όςa, f., stupid folly; a foolish, insipid person (σatlamlán, id.).

Oatlán, -áin, pl. id., m., a blind or

stupid person.

Oatlán, -áin, pl. id., m., a winnowing fan; sheephide; a "wight" (Om.).

Oatlán, -áin, pl. id., m., a peg, plug, stopple; σ. γματμας, the peg in the bow of a straddle (Aonghus O'Daly).

Oattánac, -aiż, -aiże, m., a winnowing fan. See oattán.

Oattánoáiτ, m., blindman's buff. Oattanán, -áin, pl. id., m., a purblind person.

Oatt-caoc, -caoice, a., completely blind, stone blind.

Oatt-chordeac, -dize, a., blind of heart.

Dattopamán, -áin, pl. id., m., a dull fellow (Om.).

Oatlóz, -ó1ze, óza, f., a mole, a leech; v. †é1tt, a dormouse; tuċ vattamatáin, id. (Cork).

Oattός, -όιζε, -όζα, f., a cover, a blind; blindness; blindman's buff; σattός na runneοιζε, the window-blind (*Der.*).

Oattóz caoc, f., a fish resembling

the pen-fish.

Oall-padape, -aspe, m., blindness

(of intellect) (Donl.).

Vallpaim (vallpuiţim), -paò, v. tr., I daze, I blind, I dazzle; vallpuiţte leip an bruact (Con.).

Oatta (subs. used as prep.), in the likeness or manner of, regarding (Scotch). See váta.

Oalles, p. a., blinded.

Oalta, g. id., pl. -roe and -oa, m., a foster-child, a foster-son, a nursling; a disciple; a pet, a ward; a term of endearment.

Oátτα, like, resembling; σάττα man σο μιπηε, just as he did; μιπ é mo σάττα-μα, I am like that, that is as I should act. (σάττα is pron. in M. σάττα or σάττα). See σάτα.

Oátzac, -aiże, betrothed (oáit, a match-making), with te or an,

to.

Oaltacar, -air, m., fosterage.

Oattán, -áin, pl. id., m., a fosterchild, a disciple.

Oátuizim, -tuzao, v. tr., I deal out, assign, appoint. See váitim.

Dam, -aım, pt. id., m., an ox; oam atta, a wild ox or buffalo;

Dam Dantais, a bull.

vam, to me, by me, etc.; 1 s. per. pr. combined with prep. vo (now used in Ulster and North Leinster, pron. vúh); emph. form, vam-ra. See vam.

Oam, oam, oom, to me, by me, for me; emph. oam-ra. See

oo, prep.

Dám, -áim, pl. id., and oámna, m.,

a poet, a learned man; a school of poets; poets in general; learning; a poem.

Oám, -áim, m., a tribe, a family, kindred, relationship; a church,

a house.

Osmain, -e, a., earnest, keen.

Damain, -e, f,, haste, hurry. See Damaine.

Oamaine, g. id., f., passion, fury, excitement; haste, hurry.

Oamáirte, g. id., pl. -tioe, m., damage, hurt.

Oamáirteac, -tiże, a., damaging, destructive.

Oam attaro (oam atta), a wild ox, a buffalo, an elk, a roebuck. See oam.

Oamán, -áin, pl. id., m., an ox, a young bull.

Oamán atta, -áin atta, pl. id., m., a spider.

Oamanta, p. a., damned, condemned; damnable, evil.

Oamantać, -aiţe, a., damned, condemned, damnable.

Oamantact, -a, f., damnation, condemnation.

Oamar, -mra, m., a dance; act of dancing, leaping wildly; a wild running or leaping (in M., used of the sportive leaping of cattle, etc.; nunce is used for human dancing); vamra (U. and Con.). See vamruitim.

Ό απαγόιη, - όμα, - όιμι ό e, m., a

jumper, a dancer.

Oam-σaot, m., a beetle; a chafer. Oam-ζάιμε, m., the bellowing of cattle; Όμυιm Όαm-ζάιμε, the old name of Cnoc Luinze, or Knocklong.

Oamna, g. id., m., the stuff or matter from which anything is produced, or producible; cause, reason, motive; cf. μίοξοαπηα, a person fit to be a king, an heir apparent; σαπηα τυιμγε, a cause of sorrow (Fer.).

Oamnao, -manta, m., act of con-

demning; damnation.

Oamnaim (vamnuižim), -maint, v. tr., I condemn, damn.

Oamnužao, -uižėe, m., condemnation, damnation.

Oamnuizim, -uzao, v. tr., I condemn, damn. See vamnaim.

Oám-oroe, m., a teacher, a master; a preacher.

Oampa, g. id., pl. -1 oe, m., a wild beast.

Oamparo, -e, f., oxen.

Osmrs, g. id., pl. -10e, m., a dance; act of dancing; pampa véire, a strathspey. See oamar.

Osmrac, -aite, a., given to dancing

or capering.

Osmpso, g. id., pl. -sio, m., act of dancing; a dance. See oamar.

Osmpaine, g. id., pl. -proe, m., a dancer, a caperer; o. oub, a morris-dancer, also a waterspider.

Osmróin, -óna, -óinide, m., a dancer, a prancer, a caperer (also

oaimpeoin).

Oamruizim, vl. oamrao and oamar, I dance, jump (chiefly of animals in M.).

Oámitac, a_1 , pl. id., m., a student.Dámtac, -Aize, a., teaching,

ruling.

Oán, g. -áin and -ána, pl. -ána and -ánta, m., a song, a poem; art, science, trade, calling, profession; a treasure; ván víneac, a metrical system used in Irish requiring a fixed number of syllables to each line, and certain vowel and consonant concordance.

Oán, g. -áin and -ána, m., fate, lot, destiny; 1 noán oúmn, destined

for us, in store for us.

Oán, -áin, pl. id., m., a rope tied round a cow's horns to prevent her going overboard (in shipping) (Aran).

Oána, indec. a., bold, brave, intrepid; determined; familiar with

(an); also ván.

Dánact, -a, f., confidence, boldness, plainness of speech; familiarity with (an).

Vanavar, -air, m., boldness, presumption, determination.

Oanasan, -ain, m., refusal to oblige

Danasnac, -aise, a. disobliging: ir o. an maire ouic é, you are very disobliging (Con.).

Oanaro, -e, f., grief, sorrow, distress; ní o. tiom, I do not

regret.

Oánaroeacc, -a, f., boldness, presumption; familiarity; forward manner; o. oo oéanam an, to make free with.

Oanálac, -aize, a., howling, roar-

ing.

Oanaμ, -aiμ, pl. id., m., a Dane, a foreigner; a savage or cruel person.

Oanan, -aine, α ., shy (Der.).

Oanapact., -a, f., shyness (Der.). Osnapos, a., foreign; fierce; selfwilled; cruel, brutal.

Oanapoace, f., cruelty, tyranny,

ferocity.

Oan-reap, -rip, pl. id., m., a Dane, a foreigner, a tyrant. See Oanan.

Oanrmace, m., tyranny.

Oántaioeact, -a, f., poetry; fatalism.

Oánuitim, -utato, v. tr., I dare, risk, adventure.

Oaoc, -a, f., a periwinkle; a seasnail; dim. ολοċόζ, f. id (also raoc).

Osocán, -áin, m., anger, rage; also a sea-snail (dim. of osoc).

Osocánac, -siże, a., angry.

OAOO, -A, m., hatred, envy, dislike.

OA01, g. id., pl. -te, m., a fool, a dullard, a dunce, a clown; a wicked person.

Osoit-cear, m., black sorrow.

Osoil-fest, m., a lazy, idle man. Osoine, pl. and gpl. of ourne, m., a man, person; people, mankind; osome maite, the good people, fairies (in Don., vaoine beasa); o. móna, the gentry; o. óza, young people; o. oibne, working people.

Osomesc, -nije, a., populous, numerous, having a large fol-

lowing; vaoineamail, id.

Oλοιη-ὑμελτ, f., condemnation; severe sentence. See ὑμελτ.

Oλοιμ-ċeλμο, -ċéιμοe, f., a mechanic's art.

Oλοιμ-cior, m., rack-rent; severe taxation.

Oλοιμε, g. id., f., dearness, expensiveness; also bondage, oppression; rage, anger, e.g., λη ολοιμε (Mon.).

Oλοιμελέτ, a., f., dearness, expensiveness, costliness.

Osoip- \dot{z} iolla, g. id., pl.-i $\dot{o}e, m.$, a slave, a bondsman.

Osoip-mear, m., sheer contempt.

Oaoin-meartac, -ai \dot{z} , -ai \dot{z} e, m., a hard taskmaster.

Oλοιμ-mearτόιμ, -όμα, -όιμισe, m., a hard taskmaster.

Osonpre, g. id., f., slavery, bondage, oppression; a task; dearth.

Osoipresc, -riż, pl. id., m., a slave, a bondman.

Daoinreact, -a, f., bondage; dearth, scarcity.

Oaoinrizim, -iuzao, v. tr., I enhance, increase the price of.

Ολοιμγιζτε, p. a., enhanced, made dear.

Oλοιμγιης, g. id., f., captivity; dearth (nom. also ολοιμγιη).

Osospružao, -rižė, m., the act of making dear, enhancing.

Odoirte, g. id., pl. -tièe, m., a churl, a clown.

Oaoiteamail, -amla, a., base (Donl.).

Oaot, -oit, -ota, m., a beetle, chafer, black beetle, leech; a bug, caterpillar; fig., a devil; paot oub, a black devil; paptoaot, a long black chafer; an earwig (Don.).

Osot, -oite, a., lazy.

Daot-out, -ouite, a., chafer-black, jet-black.

Osot-ouite, g. id., f., jet-black-ness.

Oaot- $\dot{\zeta}$ núir, f., a dusky visage (O'N.).

Osoncan, -sin, pl. id., m., the moral of a fable (O'N.).

Osoncanact, -a, f., explanation of fables (O'N.).

Osonna (vaonva), indec.a. (somet. a compar., vaonnaiże, is found), human; mortal; liberal, civil, hospitable, charitable; an cineaò vaonna, the human race; vaonnaċ, id.

Osonnact, -a, f., mankind; humanity; elemency; human nature.

Oaonnactac, -aiţe, a., humane, clement.

Oaonnactamail, -mla, a., humane, clement.

Oaonnuiţim, -uţaċ, v. tr., I assume human nature (as the Godhead).

Oλοη, -01η, pl. id., m., a bondman; a guilty or condemned person.

Όλοη, -οιμε, a., enslaved, condemned, guilty; dear, costly, expensive.

Όλομαό, -μάλ, m., the act of condemning, disapproving; dearness.

Oaon-aicme, f, an enslaved tribe.

Oλομαιm, -λό, v. tr., I censure, condemn, convict, doom; make dear.

Odopánac, -diż, -diże, m., a slave, a bondsman.

Oaon-bocz, -oicze, α ., exceedingly poor.

Oaon-bhat, m., a costly cloth; a robe; a banner.

Oλομ-ċlann, -ċlanne, -ċlanna, f., slaves, plebeians.

Όλομ-ὁλίτ, f., hard fate, oppresive bondage, rigour.

Όλοη-ὁάλας, -λιζε, α., ill-fated;
 rigorous.
 Όλοη-λαδηλιπ, -δλιητ, v. intr., I

speak harshly.

Όλομός, -όιζε, -όζα, f., a virgin slave; ολομγός, id. (O'N.).

Όλοη-όζιλά, -Λιζ, pl. id., m., a man slave (O'N.).

Oλοη-οτηλη, -λη, m., a cancer.
Oλοη-rmact. -λ. m., bondage

Oλοη-rmact, -a, m., bondage, slavery.

Osopia, p. a., condemned, enslaved, convicted, damned.

Osorcan, -ain, m., the dregs of the people, the rabble, the mob. Odorcan-rituas, -ais, -aiste, m.,

the rabble, the plebeians.

Osotain, f., sufficiency, enough; cá mo odočam món annro, I have quite enough here; in Clare vaotaint. See votain.

Osočamail, -mls, α ., churlish, boorish, vain, ignorant.

vaoiteamail.

Oán, σ'an (σο or σe + an, our), to our, by our, with our, of our.

Oan, defect. v., oan tiom, teat, terr, 7c., it seems to me, methinks, in my opinion, I think; you would imagine that, etc.

Oap, prep., by, in asseverations; oan mo bustan, by my word; oan mo táim, by my hand.

- Oan ($\sigma e + a + \eta o$, or $\sigma o + a + \eta o$), with past tense, to whom, to which, upon which, of which, whom, whose, whereof; oanab, to whom is, to which is; oanb, to whom was, were; to which was, were.
- Oapa, ord. num., second, next; Dana Déaz, twelfth (with intervening noun); in sp. l. in M., also tanna; in sp. l. in Con. and Don., also vapna.

Danab, vanb, to or for whom, (which) of which it was. See oan.

Oapac, -aiże, f., an oak; cláp oajiaiże, an oak board.

Oanb, m., a worm, chafer, blackbeetle; oaot oanb, id.

Oano (oo + a + no + ba), to whom was, to which was, were.

Oanb-oaol, m., a species of long black chafer; pron. vapa-vaol (M.); veapsa-vaol (Con.). See

Oapcán, -áin, pl. id., m., an acorn (O,N.).

Oápoát, -áit, m., storm, tempest; severe, broken weather.

Dajidaoin, f., Thursday; Dia Osposom, contr. Ois'posom, on Thursday; O. Mannoála,

Maundy Thursday.

Oá nímb, real, serious; in earnest, in reality, actually, really; an oá nímio acaoi? are you in earnest? do you mean it? really?

Oann, a school, an academy; ni't oann i neininn, there is not a school in Ireland (O'N.).

- Oajina, num., second, next. Dana, also tanna (O'N.); tanna and zana are the usual words in M.; vana and vanna are used in Con.
- Oannacτ, -a, f., keeping or teaching school (O'N).

Oant, -ainte, f. See vaint.

Όλητας, -Διζ, -Διζε, m., a twoyear-old bull.

Όρητάη, -áin, m., a clod.

Oan-uball, m., a nut-gall, an oakapple.

Oárač, -aiże, α., violent, bold, presumptuous.

Oáract, -a, f., madness, violence, daring, fierceness, boldness.

Oáractac, -aise, a., mad, violent, dauntless; presumptuous.

Oáractaite, g. id., f., fury, rage, madness.

Oá-rciatac, -aiţe, a., two-winged. Ost, g. a, pl. -anna, gpl. ann, colour, complexion; a speck, a jot; with neg., nothing (Don.), ní paib vat ipriż ann act Ainzeao; vac-átuinn, beautifully coloured or complexioned; οατ-ζηάηηα, ugly-coloured; ní ruil a oat a mait ann, it is of no use whatever (Don.).; ni μαιδ σατ πα μίος μυασ αιςe, he had nothing at all (Con.); níon tugar oat an éire tiom, I brought no fish whatever with me (M.).

Oáta, g. id., m., date, time; ar vára, out of date, useless (E.R.)(nom. also oát).

Oatac, -aise, a., highly coloured; also as an affix, -oatac, -coloured.

Ostaca (8. pl.), rheumatic pains,

rheumatism (M.); pl. of rooiż which see.

Oatao, -aite, m., a colouring, a dyeing, a staining, a tincture.

Oataσόιμ, -όμα, -όιμισe, m., a dyer, one who colours; one who colours the truth or exaggerates (Con.).

Oataooineact, -a, f., the trade or employment of dyeing.

Oatamait, -mta, a., pleasant, comely, graceful.

Oatamtact, -a, f., majesty, honour, comeliness.

Oatannac, -aiţe, a., coloured; téine o., a "print" shirt.

Oá-teanzac, -aiţe, a., bi-lingual. Oatúcán, -áin, m., dyeing, dye-

stuff (M.).

Oatuţao, -uiţte, m., dyeing, colouring; a dye, a colour; "colouring" of cards, i.e., a magical power of getting the best cards.

Oatuitim, -użao, v. tr., I colour,

dye, tincture, stain.

Oé, g. σιαό and σέιτε, f., a spark of fire, a gust or blast of air, or smoke; σέ σε ξασιτ, a gust of wind; ef. ι πσειμεαό πα σέιτε, at the point of death (Con.); τά απ σέ αγ, he is dead (Con.)

Oé, obliq. case of oia, a day;

1 noé, yesterday.

Oe, prep. [in pronominal combinations, viom, vior, ve (m.), vi(f.), oinn, oib, oiob, with article written oe'n, oe na, oer na; as a simple prep. it is confounded with oo in the greater part of printed books and MSS., and even in the sp. l., except in M.; hence with the article it is generally written oo'n or oon], of, out of, from, used in ablative and genitive relations after verbs of taking from, throwing, stripping, springing from, arising out of, asking of, taking hold of: e.g., cuip vioz, be off; bain vior vo caróz, take off your coat; as cup alluir be,

sweating; Lean be rin, continue at that; also in such phrases as ní tiz pin oíom, I cannot do that; teizim víom zan tháct onta, I leave off discussing them; also to express what a thing is made or full of, as σέαητα σε pháp, made of brass; tán oe čtočaib, full of stones; also partitively, oume oe m' Saottaib, one of my relations : cia vio tiocrap, which of you will come? cia'n viob tu? what is your surname (to what family do you belong)? Jac tá his life. It is recommended to future writers and editors not to confound be with bo. oo, prep.

Oe, prep. prn., 3 s., off him; emph.,

ve-rean. See prep. ve.

Oé, in phr. nán a vé vo gnó, may you not succeed; nán a vé vo rtáinte, never welcome you; vé vo beata, welcome (also vé beata-γa); nán a vé vo beigear (pron. vice) irteat, you are not welcome back (of one going out); nán a vé vo howdy (sic pron.), never welcome you (B.).

The (perhaps the per. prn. combined with prep. to) is added to some comparatives, as 17 purative, it is all the easier; 17 peaigine an τ-aipseat rin é, he is all the better for that

money.

Deabaro, -bia and -aro, pl. id., f. and m., a conflict, strife; debate; haste, hurry; bean an Deabaro, a midwife.

Oeabtac, -aiţe, a., quarrelsome,

contentious, litigious.

σεαςαιρ, -ςρα, α., difficult, hard troublesome.
σεαςαιρεαότ, -α, f., difficulty.

See veachact.

Deacmao, -aio, -aioe, m., the tenth part; a tithe; in pl., tithes; taxes in general.

Deacmao, num. a., tenth; ο. ap ricio, thirtieth; ο. ap τρί γιζιο,

seventieth; v. ap čerčne pičro, ninetieth.

Oeacmuţao, -uıţce, m., tithing. Oeacmuıţım, -uţao, v. tr., I pay tithes; decimate.

Oeachac, -aije, a., severe, hard, difficult.

Oeachacτ, -a, f., difficulty; hard-ship; unsearchableness.

Deact. See oleact.

Deactuiţim (Deactaim), -uţaō, v. tr., I indite, dietate, teach, give law to; I compute, count, reckon; ας Deactuţaō ζαċ rocait, emphasising each word with gestures, etc.; ας Deactuţaō ceoit, composing poetry (Don.).

Oéao, -é10, pl. id., m., a tooth; a

row of teeth; ivory.

Oéaoán, -áin, pl. id., m., a dean.

Déaola, a., bold.

Όέαο-ϋάη,-άιπε,α., white-toothed.
Όέας, ten, -teen, as cúις-ὑέας, fifteen; used in pl., as τά γέ ας out της πα ὑέαςαιϋ, he is advancing in his teens.

Deaż- (Deiż-), good, excellent, pleasing, acceptable; used only in composition, where it precedes the noun; pron. Déaż

(Don,).

Deagaro, a poetical elongation of σεοιό, .1. οιαιό; 'na ό. ριη, after that (somet. σεαδαιό).

Deag-argeanta, indec. a., right-minded, good-willed.

Oeaż-aizneao, m., pious affection, good-will. See aizneao.

Oeażalt, -e, f. act of severing, separation, divorce; somet. σειζίττ.

Deaż-aimpean, f., good time, good

weather, good season.

Deag-ainm, m., a good name.

Déażain, a., quick; 50 véażain, quickly.

Deag-appearmeace, -a, f., faithfully chronicling (O'N.).

Deag-atain, m., a good father; a father of good descent. See atain.

Deas-Blar, m., relish. See blar.

Deaż-blarza, indec. a., well-flavoured, savoury; proper.

Oea \dot{z} -bola \dot{c} , -ai \dot{z} e, α ., fragrant (O'N.).

Deag-canne, f., wit; elecution (O'N.).

Oeaż-cainnzeac, -ziże, a., witty, given to repartee; fluent.

Deag-caoi, m., good condition; beit i noeag-caoi, to be in a good condition, to be in order.

Oeaż-ctú, m. or f., good repute.

Deaż-comann, -ann, pl. id., m., sincere friendship; ingenuousness.

Deaţ-ċμοιὑεΔċ, -ὑιţe, α., goodhearted, generous.

Oeaż-ċuallaroeaċτ, -a, f., good fellowship.

Oeaż-ċúmża, p. a., well-shaped, comely.

Oeaġ-oán, -áin, pl. -ánτa, m., an excellent or pleasing poem.

Oeaż-ourne, g. id., pl. -oaorne, m., a good man, an exemplary person; a patron.

Oeaż-raιτcear, m., reverence.

Oeaż-roctać, -aiże, a., well-spoken.

Όeaζ-ζίόη, -όιη, m., civil speech, affability.

Oeaż-żnúreac, -riże, a., good-complexioned, comely.

Deaż-labapitać, -aiź, -aiże, m., an orator.

Όεαζ-λαδαμτας, -αιζε, α., wellspoken, eloquent (also σεαζλαδαμτα).

Oeaż-Laoć, m., a trained or expert warrior.

Deaż-tuać, m., good value; a high price.

Oeaštuište, p. a., separated, divorced.

Deag-marre, g. id., f., beauty.

Deaż-maireać, -riże, a., beautiful. Deaż-mairiżim, -iużać, v. tr., I

adorn, beautify, embellish.
Oeaṣ-moċ, -moiċe, a., very early.

Deaż-móroeac, -orże, a., devout, pious.

Deag-molation, -lta m., recommendation.

Deag-muinim, -muineao, v. tr., I instruct well.

Oea˙ζ-muinτe, indec. a., well-bred, courteous.

"Deaż-nór, m., a good habit or custom; temperance; respect; a rite (Donl.).

Deaż-nórac, -aiże, a., decent, respectful, temperate.

Deag-obain, f., good work.

Oeaż-όμουζαό, m., good arrangement, good pleasure.

Deaż-μαż, m, good luck, prosperity.

Oeaż-μún, m., a good resolution.

Oeaż-†tuaż, m., a fine or wellequipped host; an army.

Oeaż-rompta, m., good example (Donl.).

Oeaż-romptać, -aiże, α ., exemplary.

Oeaż-ταραιό, α., very quick, active, expeditious.

Oeaż-żαοσάρ, m., good or assiduous care, good management.

Deaż-coit, f., benevolence, good pleasure, will; free bestowal.

Oeaż-toileać (-toilteanać),
-liże, a., benevolent, willing.

Deag-uain, f., good season; a favourable opportunity.

Oeag-úγάιο, f., a good use.

Dealán, -áin, pl. id., m., a sudden burst of sunshine after a cloud; a streak of brightness in the sky at night; a spark; a flaming coal of fire; heat; a light, a match.

Teatanac, -aiże, a., sparkling,

flashing.

Oealb, -eilbe, f., a form, shape, figure; an image, a statue, an idol; face, visage, appearance; a signal. See oeilb.

Dealb, -a, a., empty, poor, bare,

destitute.

Oealbac, -ai $\dot{\xi}$, -ai $\dot{\xi}$ e, m., a poor person (T. G.).

Dealbac, -aige, a., handsome, shapely, resembling, inventive.

Dealbao, -bta, m., act of shaping, forming, framing.

Dealbaoóiμ, -όμα, -όιμισe, m., a framer, a creator.

To eathaim, -ao, v. tr., I shape, form, frame, make, mould, invent.

Deathaim, -aò, v. tr., I warp yarn for the loom.

Deatbán, m., a small flock, σ. caoμaċ, a handful of sheep (Con.); prop. eatbán.

Dealbar, -air, m. (pron. oeatúr),

poverty, distress.

Dealbża, p. a., formed, made, shaped; moulded, outlined; invented.

Όε α Ι τότοι τη, - ότι α, - ότι τότο, m., a

framer, a creator.

Dealbroineact, -a, f., painting, statuary, framework; the art of forming or inventing.

Oealbuijim, -użao, v. tr., I shape,

form, create.

Deals, g. Dealse, pl. Deals and Deals e, f., a thorn; a pin, a brooch.

Deatzać, -aiże, a., thorny, having stumps.

Oealzaine, g. id., pl. -nioe, m., a pin-maker (O'N.).

Dealgaineact, -a, f., the trade of pin-making (O'N).

Oeatzán, -áin, pl. id., m., a bodkin,

a peg, a skewer; a knittingneedle (Don.).

Dealsán, g. id., m., the white of an egg (Der.). See sealcán.
Dealsán Deamain (prop. Dealsán

oonn), m., a small thorny fish. Oealznać, -aiż, pl. id., m., an

Oealznać, -a1z, pl. id., m., an outlaw, a rebel (O'N.).

Deallpac (σeallpamac), -aiçe, a., bright, beaming, shining, radiant, refulgent; resembling, like; ir σ. teir é, he is like him (pron. in M. σεάμας and σεαμμάς); σεαllpactac, id.

Teallpaiţċeaċ, -ċiţe, α., resplendent, shining; likely; goodlooking (pron. τεαπρατά and

σεάμτας in M.).

Sheen, glare, splendour, bright ness; similitude; likelihood

τά σεαιτραṁ αιζε τειρ, he is like him; τά σεαιτραṁ αρ σο ρεέατ, yours is a likely story, said doubtingly; (σεαιτραṁ, ταιὸ, id.). (In Μ. σεαιτραṁ is pron. σεαṁραṁ and σεάραṁ; cf. γεαπημαὸ, which is pron. γεάṁηαὸ).

Deatthamac, -aiçe, a., of good appearance; probable; having verisimilitude, resembling, like (with te); if o. te n-a acain é, he resembles his father (in M. pron. Deamnac and Deámac).

Deallyużao, -uiżce, m., act of

shining.

Dealthuiţim, -huţaö, v. tr., I shine, am resplendent; I judge by appearances; I liken to; v. λη τοο ἡπιαό, I guess from your appearance (pron. σεάμιιξια and σεαμμιξια in West M.); σεαιτημιξεαπη απ γεέαι χυη, γε., it is likely from the account that, etc.

Dealpacán, -áin, pl. id., m., the

collar bone (Con.).

Dealugao, -uige, m., act of severing, parting, separating (from, te); separation, divorce;

elopement.

Dealuiţim, -uţaò, v. tr., I sever, take away a thing from (te); intr., I depart, quit; I wean from (ó).

Dealuizte, p. a., severed, sepa-

rated from.

Deaman, -ain, pl. id. and beamna, m., a demon, a devil, an evil spirit; used as a modified form of biabat, in asseveration; beaman fior agam, I don't know at all (initial b aspir in Con. and U., (a) beaman, 7c.).

Deamantac, -aiż, -aiże, m., an

imp.

Deaman, -ann, m., a defect (Con.).

Desminaroe, indec. a., demoniacal,

Déamnar, -air, m., "makings"; material from which things might be made.

Oeamnóιμ, -όμα, -όιμιτοe, m., a conjurer.

Déan, 2 s. imper. of oo-żním, I do, etc. (véin in sp. l.).

Oéanact, -a, f. See veineact.

Oéanao. See oéanam.

Oéanaoap, -aip, m., an act, deed, action; efficiency, exertion, industry.

Oéanaim, represents the enclitic form of vo-żním, I make, I do; but is now often used as an independent form. See vo-żním.

Teánam, -nτα, m., act of generating, performing, carrying out, effecting; act of doing, making, composing, acting, building, instituting; habit, make, build (of a person), figure; ας τιαίτ, keeping time; γεαμ τέαπτα πα ξεάμταιτόε, the man who shuffles the cards (in card-playing); mo τ.-γα, my deal at cards; ας τέαπαμ αμαπ ξεάταιμ, making towards the city.

Oéanapac, -aiże, a., efficient, laborious, industrious, active;

speedy.

Oéanmar, -air, pl. id., m., effect, result (also oéamnar).

Deannac, -aiż, m., dust; mill-

dust

Oeannός, -όιςe, -όςa, f., a pinch of snuff; a small quantity of powdered matter; a grain, a handful (dim. of σeann, snuffdust).

Oéanta, p. nec., to be made, to be done; ir véanta zuive, oran-

dum est, we must pray.

Déanta, p. a., done, made, developed; cartín déanta, a fully-developed girl (Der.); déanta an, accustomed to, familiar with; tá mé déanta an rin do déanam, I am accustomed to do that. See rean-déanta.

Déantar, -air, m., power of making or doing; making, manu-

facture. See oéantúr.

Déantapac, -aize, a., efficient, laborious, active. See véanapac.

Oéanτúp, -úip, pl. σéanτúpaiöe, m., making, manufacture; mo ö. réin, my own making; rhyming, poetry; tuċτ σέαπτúip, poets, rhymers.

Déan. See Deon.

Dean-, an intensitive prefix.

Deapa: ταδαιρ τά σεαρα, remark, notice, consider; ταδαιρ τά σεαρα ομτα, command or oblige them; ιτ έ τιπ τά σεαρα σαπ το., it was that caused me, etc. In sp. l., M., τέ πσεαρα is used, and τέ πσεάρ: πο πάταιρ τέ πσεάρ έ, my mother is the cause of it; τά σεαρα σαπ μιαπ τριατι ομτ, that which caused me ever to have recourse to thee (O'Ra.). Cuiρτισ mé τασι πσεάρ σαιτ, I will compel you (Con.).

Oéanac, -aite, a., tearful, of tears.

See veopac.

Deaplaim, -ao, v. tr., I draw,

design.

Oeapb, -a, α., real, genuine, true, sure, certain; persuaded of, convinced; 17 o., it is certain, assuredly; ir o. tiom, I feel certain; 30 o., of a certainty (also 30 Deaphia). Deaph is used often as a prefix in composition, signifying own, sure, certain; somet. veaus is used where veant might be expected: as oeans-namaro, for oeapb-námaro, a mortal enemy; beans-éiteat, for beant-éiteac, an infamous lie; beausbuile, for beamb-buile, sheer madness, etc.

Teapbac, -aiże, a., sure, capable

of proof.

"Deapbao, -bta, m., act of proving; proof; an assurance; swearing.

Teapbaim, -aö, pp. -bċa, v. tr., I prove, establish, testify, confirm, swear; αξ τεαμβατό είτις, swearing to lies, giving false testimony on oath.

Deaph-aipoe, g. id., m., a sure

sign, mark, token.

Oeapo-öόιζ, f., sure confidence.

Oeapt-moro, -e, -roe, f., an affidavit.

Oeant-moroeact, -a, f., affirming by oath (O'N).

Ό e αμθμάταιμ (pron. ομε ατάιμ, M.), g. - θμάταμ, pl. - θμάιτμε and - θμάιτμε ατά, gpl. - θμάιτμε ατό, (older gen., - θμάταμα, is still heard, and this applies to máταμα, etc.)., pron. ομε ατάιμ (Con.), σε αμταιμ (Don.), a brother.

Deapopaicheact, -a, f., a frater-

nity, society.

Ό ε αριδ- τ΄ ε ατά τη, gen. of το ει ητο τίνη (pron. το ει ητέ αρι and τη ο ει ητέ αρι. δ΄ ε ε το ει ητό τίνη.

Oeaptia, p. a., approved, tried, certain, sure, proved; 50 o.,

verily.

Oeanbużao, -uiżce, m., act of affirming or swearing; a confirmation; an oath.

Oeanbuizim, -uzao, v. tr., I affirm, attest, swear, prove, certify. See oeanbaim.

Deanc, f., a cave. See Deinc.

Oeanc, -a, pl. id., gpl. σeanc, m., the eye; as adj., bright, resplendent; used in the compound σιησέε αρς, noble, illustrious.

Όέλης, g. σέιμςς, f., alms, charity.

See véinc.

Oéaμας, -aiże, a., charitable, alms-giving. See σέιμας ...

"Deaptao, -cta, m., act of looking, laying before one's eyes; thinking on (an), meditating, considering,.

Deapcaim, -aö, v. tr. and intr., I behold; consider (with an); σο σεαρταρ γρέιρ-bean, I beheld a fair lady; σεαρτ, look, used like γέας, απαιρς, and as often (N. Con.) σεαρτ αρ, look intently at (Con.).

Oeancán, -áin, pl. id., m., an

acorn; a kind of thistle.

Oéan-caoineao, -nce, m., act of lamenting tearfully; bitter weeping.

Deans, -einse, α., red, bright red, crimson, ruddy, fallow, bloody; sanguinary, intense, inveterate;

severe; great, real.

Deans- (red), used as intensive prefix; veaps-án, m., utter slaughter, great slaughter; oeanz-larain, a great flame; beang-leatao, an o., wide open; veaps-tomnoct, utterly naked and bare; veaps-torcavo, -cts, m., red conflagration; σeaης-όη, m., puregold: red; beaux-huab, Deansμυαταμ, - αιμ, pl. id., m., sanguinary fight; veaux-ruileac, -Lize, red-eyed. See Deanb.

Όεληζαύ, -ζτα, m., act of preparing, making ready; dressing (as a bed, grave, etc.); ploughing or digging up the lea.

Deapsao, -sta, m., act of wounding, hurting; act of dyeing, colouring red; act of becoming red, blushing; act of lighting or kindling.

Deangaim, -ao, v. tr., I make, prepare, get ready (as a bed or grave); I prepare land for till-

ing; I plough, dig.

Deangaim, -ao, v. tr. and intr., I make red, wound, hurt; I become red, blush, kindle, light; το σ σ eangar mo piopa, I lighted my pipe.

Deangán, -áin, pl. id., m., a fish called bream; a red insect found under stones; a flea; a red

stain; rouge.

Deansánac, -15, -15e, m., a

soldier, a red-coat.

Deaps-Basap, m., a terrible threat (O'N.).

Oeanz-báro, f., relationship, blood friendship; love, affection (O'N).

Oeang-baogat, m., dreadful peril (O, N).

Teams-baoir, f., burning lust (O'N); great folly.

Deanz-beanz, -beinze, f., a bream.

Deapy-buile, g. id., f., raging madness.

Teapiz-corain, f., a bloody bed (O'N.).

Oeanz-cuma, f., the very image (O'N.).

Ό e aμζ- ὁ ú o, m., a sound box on the ear (O'N).

Όeaηζ-ὁúit, f., a terrible longing or desire (O'N).

Oeapz- \dot{r} on, m., vehement delight or desire (O'N).

Oeanz-żpáö, m., intense love.

Deans-Laoc, m., a kind of spurge that grows in plashy bogs (P. O'C.).

Teans-lán, m., the very middle

(also ceapt-láp).

Teans-tarao, -rta, pl. id., m., a conflagration; act of lighting up; an o., aflame.

Deapz-leataö, m. (usually in dative, an το.), wide open.

Oeanz-meirce, f., utter intoxication; an o., "blind drunk."

Teang-moc, -moice, α., very early.

Ό e a μς παιτ, -e, -ι τ e, f., a flea; also τ e a μπαιτ, τ e a μπαιτ (Con.).

Ό eaμg-námaro, -mao, pl. -aroe and -námoe, f., a mortal enemy.

Ό e a η ζ δ ζ, - δ η ζ δ, δ, δ, a small red pollock (Tory).

Ό e a η ς - η a im \acute{e} η γ, γ dreadful raving (O'N).

Deaμs-μιαżαμ, m., utter rout, precipitate rout; ef., 1 ποεαμς-μιαżαμαιβ comearcam, in the fierce rout of battle.

Deaps-repairce, m., a shin-burnt sluggard (O'N.).

Oeaης-rcuroéaη, m., intense study (O'N.).

Deams-torac, m., the very first beginning (O'N.).

Deaps-tuaitheal, m., a violent whirlpool.

Deaps-ulca, f., a red beard (O'N.). Deaps-upcap, -app, m., a fierce

cast or aim.

Desplacao, -cts, m., act of distributing, dispensing a benefit.

Deaplacaim, -ao, v. tr., I give, deliver, bestow.

oea

Deammad, -aro (also beammad, (pron. veanuo in M.), m., forgetfulness, oversight; defect; (g. also - a).

Deapmadac, -aiże, a., forgetful, slow of memory. See DeanmaD.

Deapmadaim, vl. deapmad, imper. -maio, v. tr., I forget, lose, forego.

Deanmadaniail, -mla, α ., forgetful, having lapses of memory.

Deatimavia, p. a., forgotten.

Deánna, dependent or enclitic perf. of vo-żním, I make, do.

See vo-zním.

Oeánna, -nn and -inne, pl. -inne and -nns, f., the palm of the hand; a handful; choroe oo oeánnann, the middle spot of thy palm.

Όθαμπασόιμ, -όμα, -όιμισe, m., a palmist, a chiromancer.

Deanna Muine, g. id., f., common lady's mantle (alchemilla vulgaris).

Όελμπόιο, -e, f., a hand.

Deapoil, -e, a., mean, wretched, low, poor, miserable, pitiable, weak, infirm.

Oeapóite, g. id., f., low estate, poverty, destitution, wretchedness, misery.

Deapoileact, -a, f., poverty, want, wretchedness.

Deapreaiste (-renaiste), p. a., refined, excellent, accomplished, perfect.

Deaprena, indec. a., polished, refined.

Deaprenusao, -uiste, pl. id., m., act of polishing or refining; excellence.

Deapprenuiz, -e, a., excellent, goodly; wise, prudent; burnished, polished. See veaurena.

Deappenuizim, -użao, v. tr., I explain, distinguish; I embellish.

Deapt, -a, pl. id. and -anna, m., a dart (A.).

Déan-teac, m., a house of penauce,

a dungeon in a cloister; véan-

Dear, -eire, a., right (as opposed to left); mo lám oear, my right hand, etc.; also as subs., mo oear azur mo cté, my right and left; an verr mo tarme cté, convenient to my left hand.

Dear, -eire, a., pretty, handsome, lovely, pleasant, nice; ready, dexterous, expert, proper, fit; b'é ba bear cuize (also ain), he

was indeed expert at it.

Dear, tear, tear, the south, the south side; an caob bear, the south side or quarter, when we face the east; cf. Dearmuma, South Munster; tá ré tear 1 mbaile boinne, he is in Ballyvourney in the south; a noear, from the south; tá an saot a noear, there is a south wind blowing; ó öear, southward.

Déar, g. véire, pl. véara, and -Aca, f., an ear of corn; m. often, fig., a scion (prop. o1ar, which

Dearacán, -áin, pl. id., m., a toy,

a plaything (Om.).

Dearcao, -aio, pl. id., m., an offscouring; lees, dregs; remnant of anything; in phr. oo bearcaib, because of; oá oearcaib rin, for that reason.

Dearcán - áin, pl. id., m., gleanings,

refuse.

Dearcaoio, -e, f., lees, dregs; rennet; barm. See vearcav.

Dearcuinn, -e, -iòe, f., lees, dregs, rennet, barm. See vearcaoio.

Dearsabail, -ala, f., Ascension; Όιαμολοιη Θεαγζαθάλα, Ascension Thursday.

Dear-Snát, m., a ceremony; usage, custom. See znát.

Dear-Labra, g. id., f., elecution, eloquence.

Dear-lám, -áime, -áma, f., the right hand.

Oear-lámac, -aize, a., righthanded, dexterous, handy.

Dear-Lámacz, -a, f., dexterity, handiness.

'Oearmuimneac, -niże, a., belonging to Desmond.

Dearmuimneac, -niz, pl. id., m., a Desmond man.

versy, a discussion.

Dearużać, -uiżće, m., act of preparing, getting or making ready; preparation; correcting; mending - beautifying

ing; beautifying.

Deapuisim, -usav, v. tr., I prepare, make ready, arrange, dispose, dress; mend; I set myself right, get into position; v. te, I cling to; v. piop, I slip down; veapuis tame, get into position (said to a cow, etc., in Con., ceaptuis in M.); veapuis thom anall, come over here to me (Con.); veapuis anuap, sit down; veapuis anuap, sit down; veapuis anuap, an teinio, draw close to the fire (Con.). See veipism.

Oearuiżceoiμ, -ομα, -οιμιόe, m., a composer; a mender; one

who repairs.

Oeaτaċ, -ταιζ, -α, m., smoke; a vapour, a mist, fume, steam.

Deatacán, -áin, pl. id., m., a chimney.

Oeavač vatman, f., the herb fumitory.

Deatamail, -mla, a., smoky, steamy.

Oearca, indec. a., smoking.

Oeacman, -aine, a., smoky.
Oeacuiżim, -użaό, v. tr., I smoke;
fume, steam; discolour.

Dée, pl. of Dia, m., God, 2

god.

Deibroe, g. id., m., the principal kind of σάη σίμεας (a species of versification having a fixed number of syllables in each verse, with certain assonances, etc.).

Oeibleán, -eáin, pl. id., m., an

orphan.

Deiblioctaroe, g. id., pl. -oce,

m., an orphan.

Deić, num., ten; Deić ir riće, thirty; Deić ir Dá řičio, fifty; Deić ir Thi ričio, seventy.

Deiconise, coll. f., the Decalogue,

or Ten Commandments (O'N.); also Teic naiteanta.

Oeiceamao, num. a., tenth.

Oeic mite, num. a., ten thousand. Oeic-mior, -a, pl. id., f., December. Oeicneaban, -ain, m., ten (persons);

a decade (of the Rosary, etc.).

Deic-ptiopnac, -ais, -aise, m., a decagon.

ຽົ່ຄາວັ, behind, after (poet. and U. for ບາລາວັ); 'na ວໍ່ຄາວັ pາກ, after that.

Oeroe, g. id., f., two things, a double proportion; a pair or

couple.

Θέισελό, -σιό, m., a toothache.
Θέισεληλό, -λιζε, α., last; late,

at a late hour; hindermost, hindmost.

Oéroeanact, -a, f., a remnant; lateness.

Θέι ὑ e anai ˙ ge, g. id., f, lateness; nearness to our time; te o., ré ˙ o., recently (νειμεαὐηαί ˙ ge, id.).

Oéro-zeat, -zite, a, white-toothed; as subs., f., a fair

lady (cf. also véro-vear).

Όειριη, g. -ρηιεαċ, pl. -ρηιεαċα, f., a difference, a dispute; also haste; ċeapar náŋ b'aon σειριη teaτ é, I thought it made no difference to you (M.), σειρεαη and σειρηι (Don.). See σειτότη.

Deiż-, for beaż-, before consonants followed by a slender

vowel.

Deiż-béarac, -aiże, a., well-mannered; of good behaviour.

Oeiż-beata, f., a good life.

Teiż-cjieromeac, -miże, a., faithful.

Oeiż-ċţiioċ, f., a good end, good issue.

Deiż-rittze, p. a., tastily folded, carefully turned.

Ocit-teanar, m., virginal chastity (O'N.).

Deiż-żéitleato, m., submissive adoration (O'N.).

Oeiż-żníom, m., a worthy deed, a good action; a fayour, a benefit. (234)

Oeiż-iaracz, m., a beneficial loan (0,N.).

Deiz-iomicali, m., good conduct. Deiż-iomcanta, p. a., well-con-

ducted, chaste, exemplary. Deiz-lear, m., a good or just

cause (O'N.).

Deiz-mear, m, approbation, respect.

Deiż-méin, f., sincerity; gracefulness; good intent.

Deiż-meirneac, -niże and -niż, m. and f, good spirits, high courage. Oeiż-meirneamail, -mla, α., cour-

ageous, high-spirited.

Deix-mian, f., pious affection

(Donl.).

Deigmittee, a., in phr. ir o. an tá é, it is a wild stormy day (Don.).

Oeiż-neacz, m., wholesome or good law or ordinance (O'N).

Oeiż-riot, m., virtuous issue or offspring (O'N.).

Όειζ-γτιύμαό, m., discipline; good direction; reliable guidance.

 $Oei\dot{z}$ -teazmáil, f., a happy or fortunate meeting (O'N.).

Oeiż-tearta, α. of honest report.

Deiż-teipt, f., good report, testimony.

Oeiz-ciopac, m., an honest country fellow (O'N.).

Deizcheac, - μ iz, - μ ize, m., a person of good family.

oeit, -e, -eanna, f., a turner's lathe; beit an oeit, to be punctual (of persons); to be in working order (of an instrument); bí zac nío an veit aca, they had everything quite ready.

Teith, -e, f., the warp (in weaving). Deitb, -e, -eaca, f., an image; the figure or face of a person; the appearance or figure of an animal or inanimate object; réac an veilb (no veilbin) atá aise, see the miserable figure he (or it) cuts; ir maic an o. ir an véanam acá ain, he has a good appearance and figure.

Deilbeac, -bize, a., beautiful, shapely, comely (O'N.).

Deilbeadóin, -óna, -óinioe, m.,

a weaver; a sculptor.

Oeilbeoz, -oize, -oza, f., a miniature, a picture, a little image or statue, a seal.

Oeilbiżże, p. a., warped, reduced in condition; veilbie, id.

Oeilbim, vl. oeilb, v. tr., I weave, warp; form, build, construct,

(also veilbizim).

Deitein (dim. of peite), a picture or miniature, a small figure or statue; also a miserable appearance or figure; the warp (in weaving); oeilbin caonac, a miserable handful of sheep.

Deilceannac, -naize, a.,

headed (O'N).

Deiléabanac, -naige, a., two-

faced (O'N.).

Deilea σόιμι, - όμα, - όιμι σe, m., a turner; a miniature painter; a man who makes spinning wheels; a wheelwright; a wood turner.

Oeilea oóineacc, -a, f., the art of making spinning wheels.

Deilf, g. Dealfa, pl. -1De, f., a dolphin.

Deitzin beamain, m., the devilfish.

Deitzne, g. id., pl. -nice f.(collect.), thorns, prickles.

Oeilzneac, -nize, a., thorny. Deitzneac, niże, f., a spear-

thistle; the swine pox. Deitspeine, g. id., f., the name of Fionn MacCumhaill's standard.

Oeilibro, f., a nurse (N. Con.). Oeilim, -leao, v. tr., I turn with a lathe.

Deimear, -mir, m., a pair of shears, scissors; veimeir, -e, f., id.

Deimin, -mine, f., certainty, assurance; ruain o. ain rin, was informed of it; bíoo a o. aize, let him be assured; if mains a béanann o. vá bócar, woe to the man who builds on hope as certainty; beinim mo o. ouit, I assure you.

Oeimin, -mne, a., certain, sure, true; 50 o., certainly, truly, verily, indeed.

Deimne, g. id., f., certainty, assu-

rance. See beimin.

Oeimneac, -niţe, α., certain, sure. Oeimniţim, -iuţao, v. tr., I affirm, prove, verify, emphasise.

Deimnizce, p. a., affirmative, con-

vincea

Deimnizteat, -tiże, a., affirmative, certain.

Oeimniξceoiμ, -ομα, -οιμιόε, m.,

an approver, a certifier.

Ocimniužao, -nižte, m., act of affirming; testing, proving, verifying, emphasising, con-

vincing.

Oéin, in phr. rá ö. (with g.), towards; raoi m' ö., towards me, to my aid, to meet me or take me with him; somet. with hostile intent.

Déin. See véan.

Oéme, g.id., f., ardour, vehemence, intensity, urgency.

Oémeact, -a, f., vehemence, determination, earnestness, violence.

Démear, -nir, m., earnestness, rudeness, vehemence.

Oeiμb- (ve aμb-), prefix, real, true. Oeiμb-éiteac, m., a sheer lie.

Deint-rior, m., certain or positive knowledge.

Oeiμb-gníom, m., an axiom, a maxim.

Deinb-rtioce, m., one's own chil-

dren; genuine progeny.

Θέιμς, g.-e and σέαμτα, f., charity, alms; γεαμ σέιμτε, m., a beggar; αξ ιαμμαιό πα σέιμτε, or αξ ιαμμαιό σέιμτε, begging; nom. σέιμτε (Don. and Con.).

Déinceac, -cige, a., poor, beggarly;

almsgiving, charitable.

Déiμceac, -ciζ, pl. id., m., a beggar.

Déincieoin, -ona, -oinide, m., a

giver of alms; a beggar.

Teipeao, -μιό, pl. id., m., the end, the last, the conclusion; the rear; the stern of a ship; a finishing; rá σειμεασ, at last, lastly (also 'ran venneav); an tá rá venneav, the other day; as out cum venno, deteriorating.

Deipeao różmaip, m., the month

of October.

Oeineannac, -aiζe, α., last, hindmost; final; late, latter.

Oeineannaise, f., lateness; nearness to the present time; te o., lately, latterly; te oeineannar, id. (Con.)

Deipeannar, -air, m., lateness,

latter part (of day, etc.).

Teipeoit, -e, a., miserable, wretched; little, slight, poor, weak; oppressive; making wretched; bμόn σειμεοίt, oppressive grief (O'Con.).

Despeosit, g. id., pl.-e, m., a needy

person. See veanoit.

Όειμεοιτίη, g. id., pl. -roe, m., the wren; σ. γρόιμτ, an object of ridicule.

Oeiης- (νεαης-), red (often used as an intensive prefix): νειηςπιηε, f., furious rage; νειηςπειρε (more commonly νεαηςπειρε), f., sheer intoxication.

Veinz-cinneac, -niż, m., a finch (with red head), linota rufescens.

Deipize, g. id., f., redness, ruddiness.

Oeimio (g. of σειμελό), a., hind, rear; an a σά coir σ., on his two hind legs.

Deigim, for aveigim, which see.

Deir, usually in Con. for veige; τά το. mait ain, he is in good circumstances. See veige.

Oéir, -e, -eaca, f., land; a sept, a tribe. Oéire is the name of some districts in Ireland, as Oéire muman, the Decies of Munster (in Waterford and Tipperary); Oéire bueás, Decce (of Meath).

Déir, -e, f., the point of a

spear.

Oéir (o'éir), prep. phr., after. See

Deip-béalac. -aige, a., smart at repartee, witty, pert.

Deirceabat, -ait, pl. id., m., a

disciple.

Deirceant, q. -ceint and -cint, m., the south, south part; Deirceant laizean, South Leinster.

Deirceantac, -aite, a., southern. Despension, -e, f., discretion, prudence (nom. also verrenéroe).

Despensive de la contra della contra della contra de la contra de la contra de la contra della creet, prudent, retentive of secrets.

Deire, g. id., f., neatness, handsomeness; convenience; utility; improvement; a setting things right; dress, accoutrements; preparation; vo véançav ré an-veire vam, it would be of great use to me. See verreact.

Deireaban, -ain, m., the sunny side; an o. na znéme, exposed

to the sun (Om., Don.).

Oeireabhac, -aize, α., sunny; exposed to the sun; O'N. spells oeirannac (wrongly).

Oeireac, -rize, α., facing towards

the south, southwards.

Deireact, -a, f., an ornament, elegance, neatness; convenience.

Despeat, -pit, m., a turning to the right; as interj., may it go right, said when one sneezes or swallows something awry, still used in Aran and Wat., etc.; beireat is opposed to ruatat; an beireal na spéine, exposed to the sun.

Deireatán, -áin, pl. id., m., a peculiar natural turn of the hair on the brow or poll of some persons, called cow's lick.

Deipizim, -iużao, v. tr., I dress, adorn; mend, repair, improve.

See vearuisim.

Oeiriste, p. a., repaired, put in order.

Oeiriużao, -iżce, m., act of repairing, mending; ornamenting; improving. See vearuzav.

Deirmean, -mine, a., neat, tidy

(Don.).

Oeirmine, g. id., pl. -nioe, m., a poet, a rhymer; a quaint speaker; a carper.

Deirmineac, -niże, a., curious,

quaint, epigrammatic.

Oeirmineact, -a, f., a proof; a quotation; a quibble, a cunning method of speech; paraphrasing, carping; curiosity; supersti-

Deirmir, -e, f., quaintness, curi-

Deirmir, -e, a., quaint, curious.

Déircean, -cin, pl. id., m., an edge (set on the teeth); disgust, abomination, fright; a qualm; nausea.

Déirceanac, -aize, a., abominable,

loathsome, disgusting.

Déirceanaim, -ao, v. tr., I hate, I disdain, I abhor, loathe.

Oeicbin, q. -e and -bneac, f., haste, speed; difference. See verrin. Oeitbheat, -μιζe, a., speedy (also

veigheac).

intr., I hasten, make speed, hurry on.

Oeitive, g. id., f., care, diligence;

separation.

Deitinreac, -rije, a., quick, hasty, nimble, earnest.

Oeitnear, -nir, m., speed, celerity; haste, hurry.

Deitneapac, -aiże, a., quick, hasty, hurried, fussy; oeitinreac, -rize, id.

Deicneapuisim, -usao, v. tr. and intr., I hasten, I make haste.

Oeo, g. id., f., an end, the last; breath, air, life; in phr. 50 oeo, for ever; with neg., never.

Deoc, g. viże, d. viż, pl. veoca and beocanna, f., a drink, a draught; byson orse, a drop of drink (byson oo beoc, parts of Don.); beoc an bonair, a parting drink, a stirrup-cup.

Deocaim, -ao, v. tr., I quaff, drink; I kiss, embrace, cherish; ας σεοςαό 17 ας ρόζαό, hug-

ging and kissing.

Oeocán, -áin, pl. id., m., a deacon. Deo-cuirne, g. id., m., a chilling frost (Kea.).

Deoc plante, f., a healthtoast.

Oeoos, g. id., m., common henbane

(hyosyamus niger).

Oeoio (σεοις), f., an end, the rear, the last; in phr. γά ο., in the end, finally, in fine; at length, at last, after all; 50 ο., for ever, always, to the end. See σεο.

Deoin, f., will, consent, accord; oo o., with the good-will of, willingly, at his good pleasure

(nom. also beon).

Toeoip, in M. and Con. sp. l. used

for beon, a drop, a tear.

Oeot, -oit, m., act of suckling; gs. oeoit (as a.), suckling; tao; oeoit, a suckling calf; (also oiút).

Oeolaim, -ao, v. tr., I suck, drain

out.

Deoliaip, -e, -ioe, f., a gift, a present.

Deoliaip, -e, a., liberal, generous, munificent.

Deotiane, g. id., f., liberality, generosity, munificence.

Deonac (veonaisteac), -aise, a., agreeable; mad o. leat, if you please (early mod. Ir.).

Deonact, -a, f., willingness, con-

descension.

Deontac, -aise, a., content, willing, voluntary.

Oeonταċτ, -α, f., willingness, agreeableness. See σεοnαċτ.

Oeontar, -air, m., willingness, contentment.

Deonużao, -uiżce, m., act of allowing, consenting.

Oeonuiţim, -uţaro, v. tr., I vouchsafe, permit, allow, consent; condescend; I command, order, enjoin.

Deop, -01p, -a, m., a tear, a drop (of water); ni't σεομ ann, there is not a drop in it (σιμιμ used in the same phrase, Ker.); 30 σεο πα πσεομ, for ever and ever; nioμ ras γές γέ σ. ann, he drained his blood, killed him (Con.).

Deopać, -aiże, a., tearful, sorrowful.

Deopacτac, -aiże, a., strange; bó o., a strange cow; ouine o., a

strange man (Der.).

Oeonao, -aio, pl. -aioe and -aioe, m., a wanderer, an exile; a stranger, a traveller; a fugitive, an alien; a beggar; a pilgrim, a penitent.

Deoparoe, g. id., m., an exile; the fish called Jacky Dorey. See

veonavi.

Oeoμαι σεα σετ, -α, f., pilgrimage, exile, banishment, wandering.

Oeonaiom, - σeacτ, v. tr., I banish, drive into exile.

Deopamail, -amla, a., tearful sorrowful, downcast.

Oeopata, indec.a., strange, foreign (also beopanta).

Deop-caoi, m., lamenting; the being steeped in tears.

Oeoμ-caoineao, -nce, m., lamenting with tears.

Deop-csonnim, -neso, v. tr. and intr., I bewail with tears.

Deopuiţim, -uţao, v. tr., I banish, exile.

Oí- (oío-), prefix; (1), negative = un-, in-, dis-; (2), intensive.

Oi, (1) = 0e + i, of, off or from her, it; (2) = 00 + i, to or for her, it; emph. oi-re; somet. oi. See

ve and vo, preps.

O14, g. Oé, d. O14, voc. a dé and a dia, pl. Oée and Déite, g. pl. O14 and Déitead, d. pl. Oéib and Déite, m., Clod, a god; O14 dit, God save you! O14 muipe duit, God and Mary save you! O14 tinn, God help us! 17 toit te O14 or 17 é toit Oé, it is God's will.

Ola, m., a day, in phrs., Ola Opinali, on Sunday; O. Luain, on Monday; O. máiμτ, on Tuesday; O. Céadaoin', on Wednesday; O. Öaμισαοίπο (contr. to Ola'μισαοίπ), on Thursday; O. haoine, on Friday; O. Sataiμη, on Saturday; 1 noin,

to-day; 1 noé, yesterday; Anu-540 1 noé, the day before yesterday.

O14-41tir, f., blasphemy.

Ola-aitireat, -rije, phemous.

O14-atain, -tan, pl. -aithe and -aitheaca, m., a godfather.

Olabalt or olast, indec. a., good, excellent, famous; 17 o. an reap é, he is a wonderful or excellent man; tá riao 30 oiail, they are splendid (M.); some think this word is the same as gs. of orabat, the devil.

Olabat, -alt, pl. id., m., a devil, an evil or wicked person; mischief, misfortune; used much in the same metaph. way as devil in English; éiniż 'ran no., go to the devil; zun'b é an o. oo béanraio teir cú, devil take you; nac é an o. é, is he not wonderful, awful, etc.

Όια βαίδιη, -όμα, -όιμι όe, m., a devilish person; a wretched, unfortunate person (pron. o14b-

alóin).

Olabatta, a., good, excellent, splendid, wonderful (perhaps from otabat the devil); 17 Olabatta an ream é, he is an extraordinary man; ream orabalta, a strange fellow.

Olabatta, indec. a., diabolical, great, wondrous, surprising,

strange.

Olabattán, -áin, m., devil-craft,

devilry.

Orablarde, indec. a., devilish, diabolical (b pron. as b).

Olablaideact, -a, f., devilishness. Olabluizim, v. tr., I abuse.

Oιαcaiμ, -cμα, f., sorrow, trouble; mo olacall, alas! (from olac, mishap, misfortune).

painful, Otachac, -aise, a.grievous, sorrowful; mo cheac οιλόμας τώ, thou art the (cause of) my grievous loss (O'Ra.).

Olachulzim, -uzao, v. intr., I grieve, mourn; threaten.

Olaba, indec. a., divine, godly,

holy, pious (in West M. sp. l. orazarte is used); the 5 sound occurs in the three following words also.

Orabact, -a, f., theology, divinity; godliness, piety; the divine

Olabalne, g. id., pl. -proe, m., aspiritual director; a theologian, a divine.

Orabarneact, -a, f., sanctity, piety,

divinity.

Ola Tomnais, Sunday, on Sun-

Orazanne, g. id., pl. -price, m., a divine (Donl.).

Olazanta (olabanta), a., devout (Don. and Con.).

Olaonac, a. See oéloeanac.

ΟιΔιό (οιΔιζ), f. (obs.), end, rear, wake, conclusion.

O1410, 1 n- or a n-, after, behind; 1 ทอาลาอ, อาลาอ ลุก ทอาลาอ, consecutively; with gen. or with poss. prn., 1m' o., 10' o., etc.; 1 noisio a céile, after each other, one after another; olaio an noisio, id., time after time, from age to age, in regular succession; 'n-a otato rin, after that, afterwards; 'n-a oraro, id., after that time; 1 noisio s cinn, headlong; as out i no. a táime, going to the bad.

Olaio an nolaio, one after another; by degrees; continuously.

O1411, -e, f., a dial. OIAIL. See OIABAIL.

Oí-áipme, indec. a., innumerable.

Oi-áinmeact, -a, f., infinity, innumerability.

Oí-áιμṁιζte, p. a., innumerable, not computable.

Otalann, -ainne, -a, f., a diary, a day-book (O'N.).

Olalannać, -aiż, -aiże, m., one who keeps a day-book or diary (O'N.).

Oialannact, -a, f., the keeping of a day-book or diary (O'N.).

Oiall, -aille, f., the breech; a seat; a knapsack; submission. Oiallait (viallaiv), -e, -ive, and

-eaca, f., a saddle (in M. sp. l. often nattant).

Olallaiteoip, -opa, -oipioe, m., a saddler.

Olamain, -e, f., darkness, obscurity, mystery. See olamain-eact.

Olamain, -e, a., hidden, secret, lonely, mysterious, dark.

Olamaineact, -a, f., a secret, a mystery; loneliness.

O1a-mao1n, f., ecclesiastical property.

Olaman. See Olamain.

Olamanta, indec.a., intense, great, earnest; secret, mysterious.

O1a-martac, -a15e, a., blasphe-mous, impious.

Ola-martužao, -uiże, m., blasphemy, impiety; ola-martao, id.

Ola-martuiţim, -uţao, v. intr., I blaspheme.

Oια-marluiţteoin, -ona, -oinite, m., a blasphemer.

Ola-mátalp, -tap, pl. -áitpe and -tpeaca, f., a godmother.

Oian, gsf. veine, a., vehement, intense, violent, severe; swift, quick.

Oian-, vehement (used as an intensitive prefix).

Olanar, -air, m., vehemence, violence, intensity.

Oranarac, -arse, a., direful, dreadful; vehement, earnest.

Olan-atcumge, g. id., pl. -510e, f., an earnest request, a fervent prayer.

Oran-cabancac, -arge, a., actively or effectively assisting.

Olan-comta, g. id., pl. -1 oe, m., an aide-de-camp; an officer of the Life Guards.

Oian-żopań, -pża, m., aet of vehemently heating.

Oran-żnáo, m., fond love, intense

Oran-reactleato, -tre, m., act of vigorously routing.

Oιαμοαιη, -e, f., anger, churlishness. (P. O'C. gives σιαμοάη, roughness, haughtiness, pride;

with gs., Diapoáin, used as adj., reap Diapoáin = reap Sapt nó reapsac.)

Oιαριοάπαċ, -αι˙ς, pl. id., m., a churl; as α., angry, wrathful, churlish.

Otapoaoin, -e, f., Thursday. See

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Olar, g. véiri and véire, f., a couple, a pair, two (persons or personified objects only). See vír.

Όιας, g. υέιςε, pl. υιαςα and υιαςα ά.α, f., an ear of corn; metaph.,
a scion of a family (improp. υέας); τοζα υέιςε, flower of the flock.

Olar, g. véire, pl. viara, f., the blade or point of a weapon; viar ctaivim, the point of a sword.

Olar=bear, south.

Otapać (otaptać), -atje, a. abounding in ears of corn.

Otarraim, -an, pl. id., m., a gleaning. Otarraim, -an, v. tr., I glean.

Olathalb, -e, a., desert; desolate. Of b' (=ní b'), somet used in Confor ní b', before compar. of adj.

Oib (vaoib), prep. prn., 2 pl., to you, for you, by you; emph., oib-re and vaoib-re. See prep.

Oib, prep. prn., 2 pl., off you; emph., oib-re. See prep. ve.

Oíbeac, -biţe, a., grudging, frowning (O'N.).

Oíbeact, -a, f., begrudging (O'N.).
Oíbealais, a., pathless, without passage or way (O'N.).

Oibeanta, p. a., banished, exiled, excluded.

Oíbeajitat, -aiţ, -aiţe, m., a banished person, an outcast, an exile.

Oibeing. See oibreans.

Oibreans, g.-reinse. f., vengeance; anger, indignation; rebellion; also zeal, ardour, fervour (nom. also σίθρειης).

Oíbreatizac, -aiz, -aize, m., a rebel; a robber, a spoiler, a

violator.

Oίδρελητας, -λιζε, α., vindictive, vengeful, wrathful.

Oíbijiceac, -ciże, a., fervent, ardent, industrious, diligent

(Don.).

Oίδιμτ, -e and -eaμτα, f., persecution; banishment, expulsion; also σίδειμτ in nom.; aμ σ., in exile.

Oíblio (oíblige), indec. a., wretched, vile, worthless, mean, abject, destitute, poor, vulgar.

Oíblioeact, -a, f., vileness,

wretchedness.

Oiblizim, -uzav, v. tr., I demean, disrespect, contemn; I make vile or wretched.

Οίδηίζ, f., weakness, contempt,

neglect. See vimbuis.

Oibμιm, imper. σίθιμι, vl. σίθιμις, p.p. σίθελμτα, fut. σιθεσμασ, cond. -eoμαιπη (also f., σίθμεοξαπ, cond. σίθμεοξαπη), v. tr., I drive out, expel, exile, banish.

Oiceatt, -citt, m., effort, endeavour; one's best; αμαό, doing his best; μά n-α ό, up to his power; σέαη σο σίζεατι, do your best or worst (according to context); ba ό σαμ, it was as much as I could do; ας σέαηαἰη σίζιτι αμ γε., doing one's best to, etc., αμ ἐπάμ (πό tán) α σίζιτι, making his utmost endeavour.

Oiceattac, -aiçe, a., attentive, careful, diligent, industrious, doing one's best; bold, daring.

Oicealluigim, -ugao, v. intr., I do my best, usual in vl., biοραμας το, they were doing their best (Ker.).

Oiceannac, -aize, a., headless.

Oiceannao, -nta, m., a beheading, execution.

Oiceannaim, -ao, v. tr., I behead, execute.

Oiceilim, -lt, v. tr., I disguise.

Oiceitte, g. id., f., folly, humbug, silliness (in M. sp. l., oic ceitte). Oiceittice, indec. a., foolish,

senseless, irrational.

Oi-cheidesm, -oim, m., incredu-

lousness, unbelief, scepticism, infidelity.

Oícheideac, -miz, -mize, m., an infidel, an unbeliever.

Oí-cheromeac, -mize, a., incredulous, unbelieving.

Oi-cherote, p. a., incredible, unbelieved.

O10, -e, -eanna, f., a teat, a pap; dims. O10eán, 010eoz, 010ín.

Oíoean, -oine, f., protection, shelter, safety, refuge (also m.).

Oίσε απόιμ, -όμα, -όιμισε, m., a protector, a guardian.

Oíoeanta, p. a., protected, defended.

Oíoeanuiţim, -uţaö, v. tr., I save, protect.

Oíoinn, oíoion, oíoionn. See oíoean.

Oí
rearózac, -ai

reardless.

Oirin, -rheac, -rheaca, f., a

difference. See veit

n and

veirin.

Oíz, -e, -eaca, f., a pit, a dyke, a trench, a ditch (nom. also

01051).

Oi-jean, m., moroseness, sullenness.

Oignit, -e, f., dignity; used as far back as 1680.

Oit, -e, a., dear, beloved, fond, loyal.

Oite, g. viteann, vitinne, d. vitinn, f., a flood, a deluge; the sea, the ocean (nom. also viteann).

Oite, g. id., f., friendship, affection,

Oíteact, -a, m., an orphan. See oítleact.

Oíteacturoe, g. id., pl. -ote, m., an orphan (often in sp. l.) See oítteact.

Oiteaṣʿao˙, -ṣ˙τ̄a, m., complete melting; act of digesting; σ. ομτ, may you become wasted.

Oíteagaim, -gao, v. tr., I digest food; I melt down, I destroy.

Oít-eazta, f., respect, reverence. Oít-eaztac, -aize, a., reverent, respectful.

Oiteasna, g. id., m., a lecture, an address.

Oiteaspaim, -spao, v. tr. and intr., I discourse, lecture, address.

Oiteamain, -mna, f., love, friendship; popularity.

Oileann. See oile.

Oileannes, indec. a., deluge-like.

Oilear. See oilir.

Oilearc, viliorc, villiorc. ouilearc.

Oil-zean, m., ardent love, loyal

affection (O'N.).

Oit-znábac, -aize, a., dearly-

beloved.

Oilín, g. id., pl.-roe, m., a story; a petition; a sing-song; a frequent repetition of the same words; cá ré 'na oitín aize, he has it by rote (as a sing-song); oitin na mbacac, beggars' request (Don.); the secret language of cyphers (N. Con.); the form pertin is also heard in Don. and Con.

Oilir, gsf. oilre and oirle, α ., dear, fond, loyal, faithful, trusty, friendly, reliable, secure, firm; darling, beloved; own, special.

Oilleact, -a, pl. id. and -aroe, m., an orphan (in M. sp. l. nom. often oilleacouroe or oileacouroe, in Con. oileacta).

Oitre, g. id., f., fidelity, loyalty, sincerity, love; inherent right.

Oilpeact, -a, f., friendship, relationship, love, faithfulness. loyalty; also right, property.

Oilrizim, -iużao, v. tr., I secure; riaca oo oilriuzao, to secure

debt.

Oίmbμί $\dot{\varsigma}$, g. -ίο $\dot{\varsigma}$ and -e, f., weakness, contempt, neglect, disparagement.

Oimbuijesc, -jije, a., weak, feeble, powerless, negligent, disparaged (also oímbníosac).

Oi-mear, -rta, m., disrespect.

Oi-mearac, -aije, a., disrespect-

Oi-méro, m., contempt.

Oi-méroesc, -orze, a., contemptuous.

Oi-merrneac, m., cowardice, want of spirit (O'N.).

Oimpear, - μ ir, m., need, necessity. Oine, g. id., pl. -eaca, f., a generation, an age; a tribe.

Oineant, -eint, m., imbecility,

infirmity.

Oineancuisim, -usao, v. tr., I enfeeble, weaken.

Oinz, -e, -eaca, f., a wedge (also

51n5).

Oingim, -zeao, v. tr., I thrust, push, wedge, urge; oo jtam nac binn oo oingrinn réin 10 bházaro, I would thrust thy inharmonious clamour down thy throat (O'Ra.); bior bruizce oingice aige (Con.).

Oin- $\dot{\varsigma}$ lıc, -e, α ., wise.

Oinglip, -e, f., a tickling, a titillation; cuip oinglip ann, tickle him (also m., corrupt for 515l1p).

Oinn, prep. prn., 1 pl., off or from us; emph. vinn-ne, abbrev. vinne. See prep. ve; pron. with v thick

(Don.).

Oinn; an o. an Lae, in the broad daylight, at mid-day (M_{\cdot}) .

Oinnéan, -éin, pl. id., and -éineaca, m., a dinner.

Oinnpeancap, -aip, m., legends about and explanations of the

names of places.

Oinnτιάμ, -άιμ, -άιμι $\dot{\mathbf{o}}$ e, m., an indenture, now commonly used in pl. form. The singular ounnoiún occurs in a King's County legal document of 1594 (G. J.).

Oíob, prep. prn., 3 pl., off them, from them; emph. viob-ran. See prep. ve; v. thick (Don.).

Oίοβαό, -Διό, m., death, cessation, destruction; a skirmish, battle; wickedness, impiety.

Diobazao, -aizte, m., cessation, destruction, ruin; the refuse of anything.

Viobaioim, -ao, v. tr., I consume; destroy; v. intr., I die without issue, become extinct.

Oíoblact, -a, f., lavishness, prodi-

gality.

Oíoblactac, -aiţe, a., prodigal, wasteful.

Diobtar, -air, m., extravagance, profuseness.

Olobracao, -plaicte, m., act of shooting.

Οίο-δηόζας, -aiζe, a., discalced, barefoot, shoeless.

Oíota, local, chiefly Con., for píot, of, off or from them; o thick (Don.).

Oίο-ċáιμοεαċ, -οιţe, a., friendless, unfriendly.

Oío-ċáiμοear, -οιr, m., friendless- ness, enmity.

Oíoctaonao, g. -nca, pl. id., m., declension.

Oioctaonaim, -ao, v.tr. and intr., I decline.

Oío-ċtứouiţċe, p. a. dismantled. Oío-ċoircċe (-ċoirciţċe), p. a., unchecked; implacable.

Oío-comtac, -aize., a., of evil company.

Οίο τη λ, indec. a., intense, fervent. Οίο τη λ λ - λη ξε, a., diligent, zealous, very earnest.

Oio-cuimne, g. id., f., forgetful-

ness, want of memory.

Oio-cuipim, vl., -cup, v. tr., I put away, expel, banish; I put down, subdue.

Oío-cumaim, -aò, v. tr., I deform, I disfigure.

Ծίο-ċuŋ, -ċuŋ, m., act of putting away, expulsion, banishment; subduing, subjugation.

Oio-oaomiżim, -iużao, v. tr., I depopulate.

Oio-rulainz, -e, a., intolerable, insufferable.

Οίος, g. id., -an, and -ίζε, pl. -ίος a, -ίος a cand -ίος η aca, f., a bank, a ditch, a trench. See οίς.

Oίοζα, g. id., m., rejection (opp. to μοζα), often=refuse, the worst of anything; σίοζα ζας γίπε απ γιος, frost is the worst of all weathers. See σίοδαο.

"Oíoza'o, -zta, m., act of entrenching; an entrenchment; drinking, draining.

Viożaitt, -e, f., act of revenging, vengeance.

Oíozaim. See oiúzaim.

Oiożainn, -e, a., steady, firm.

Oíoǯal, -aile, f., restitution; vengeance; satisfaction; offence; ir mait an oíoǯal ain é, it serves him right (sometimes oíot is used in this phrase).

Oiożataim, -żaitt, v. intr., I avenge, get satisfaction from.

Oíożattać, -aiże, a., vindictive. revengeful.

Oiosattar, -air, m., vengeance,

revenge, restitution.

Oίοζαιταγας, -Διζε, revengeful, terrifying; οίοζαιταιρεάς, ιd. (McD.).

Oiozan, -ain, pl. id., m., severity; spite, revenge; grief, sorrow.

Oioganta, indec. a., fierce, stern, angry.

Oíogbao, g. id. and -aro, m., destruction, death. See oíobao.

Viożbaron, -bao, v. tr., I consume, destroy, etc. See viobaron.

Oίοξθάι, -άta, pl. id., f., injury damage, destruction, harm; want, scarcity of a thing; σειμ γέ πας σίοξθάιτ αιμξιο δί αιμ, he says that it was not from want of money (Don.); cuiμ a ποίοξθάιτ é, incline it slightly to right or left (as a plough) (B.).

Oiożbalać, -laiże, a., hurtful, injurious; noxious; guilty (Om.).

Oíożla, g. id., m., indignation.

Oíoštaim, vl., oíošaitt and oíošat, imper. oíošait, I tako vengeance on (an).

Oíoţtuım, -toma, pl. id., m., a gleaning; a leasing; a compiling; pean oíoţtoma, a compiler (also oíotuim).

Oiożtumm, v. tr., I glean, lease, weed, compile; vl., viożtum.

Oíoġtumċa, p.a., gleaned, gathered up.

Οίοξημαις, -e, f., affection, love, charity, zeal, diligence, fervour, ardour; a motive or secret.

Oίοξηλιγελό, -riże, α., diligent, zealous, upright, faithful.

Oiosnur. O'B. gives this word meaning uprightness, but probably it is only another form of oíograir, which is so pron. in M.

Oiot, -a, m., act of paying, paying for (ar); desert, satisfaction, redress; sufficiency; act selling; 1 no., in exchange for (with gen.); a o., enough for him; viol thuaite, an object of pity; viol vénuce, an object of charity; oíot mazaro, an object of ridicule, a laughing-stock; oíot has not sense of paying in Con.

Oíot, -a, m., usage, retribution, end; ir ole an oiol tuzair ain, you have ill-used or ill-requited him; ir mait an viol one é, you are well requited; beitoíot, a good end; onoic-oíot, a bad end; má tá vo v. 'ran Scarpin, cart é, if the cap fits you, wear it (Con.). See viosal (perhaps viosal is the proper word).

Oíolaroeact, -a, f., pay, recompense; payment; restitution;

subscription.

Diolaim, vl. viot, v. tr., I pay; I sell (to, te); I betray; I pay for (ar).

Oío-láitin, -the, f., absence.

Oio-laitpijim, -ານຮຸ້ລວ່, v. tr., I utterly destroy, expel, depopulate, confiscate.

Violamantact (pron. violunταċτ), -a, f., bravery, generosity.

Diolamantar (pron. violuntar), -AIP, m., bravery, generosity.

Violamnac (pron. violunac), -A15, pl. id., m., a hired soldier; a brave, generous man; a person something above the common; nion bain liom-ra mam act caoiris agur violamnais, is a common way of boasting of high rank; a oiotamnais, my fine fellow; often now means a villain.

Diot-bot, f., a shop; a tent.

Oíol-cuan, m., a shop.

Oíol-cumann, -ainn, pl. id., m., a confederacy.

Oíol-cumoac, -ais, m., reserva-

Oíol-cúpam, -aim, m., negotiation; business, traffic.

Oíot oéince, m., a beggar.

Oíolmain, -e, a., tributary, etc. See vitesmann and violamain.

Oíolmaineac, -niż, -niże, m., a soldier (Kea.). The same word as violamnac, written violmanac in the Bible.

Oíotmainear, -nir, m., warfare.

Oío-loċτaċ, -aiże, α., faultless.

Oíotza, p. a., paid, requited; sold; betrayed.

Oíolcóin, -óna, -óinioe, m., a payer, a seller.

Diolunta (prop. violamanta), indec. a., brave, stout, generous.

Díom, prep. prn., 1 s., off me, from me; emph. víom-ra; v thick (Don.). See prep. ve.

Oromaile, g. and pl. -alea, f., wasting; tá o. an an uirce, the water is being wasted. See viombail.

Oiomatróin, -óna, -óinioe, m., a spendthrift, a squanderer;

glutton.

Oíomaoin, -e, a., idle, vain, empty, useless; vainglorious; not engaged; unmarried: bruit cú pórta nó o., are you married or single? (Don.); víomaoineac, id.

Oiomaoinear, -nir, m., vanity, worthlessness, idleness. (In M. and in Con. sp. l., nom. vio-

maointear).

Diomar, -air and -ara, m., pride, arrogance; Seaján an Diomair, John the Proud, Shane O'Neill.

Viomarac, -Aise, a., proud, haughty.

Oio-marluizim, -uzao, v. tr., I

blaspheme.

Diombaro, -e, f., sorrow, pity; dejection; misfortune; disappointment; mo viombaiv, alas!

Oíombáioeac, -oige, a., sorrowful, pitiable; ir oíombáioeac oubac tiom, I am struck with sorrow and pity at.

Oiombail, -e, f., thriftlessness, waste, squandering; τά ο. Διμ,

it is being wasted.

Oiombaileac, -liże, a., wasteful, lavish.

Diombailim, vl. viombail, v. tr., I waste, squander.

Oiomblar, -air, m., want of taste (for, an).

Oiomblarta, indec.a., sour, bitter, ill-tasted.

Oíombloro, -e, f., malice, rancour. Oíomblao, m., indignation, grief, displeasure. See oíomoa.

Oíombuaoac, -aige, a., unsuccessful, unfortunate, unpleasant.

Oíombuaio, f., misfortune; a defeat.

Oíombuaine, g. id., f., transiency, frailty, perishableness.

Oiombuan, -aine, a., unsteady, transitory, fading, short-lived.

Oiomburoe, g. id., f., ingratitude, unthankfulness.

Oíombuióeaċ, -öiţe, α., thankless, ungrateful, dissatisfied (pron. in M. σίοmbaοόaċ).

Diomburoeacar, -air, m., ingrati-

tude.

Oíomos, g. id., m., displeasure,

indignation.

Tíomoac, -aiçe, a., displeased, indignant, dissatisfied, unsatisfied, vexed (with, oe).

Oío-motao, -tta, m., act of underrating, disparaging; dispraise.

Oio-motam, -ao, v. tr., I disparage, underrate.

Oio-motos, p. a., dispraised, reproved.

Oio-motτόιμ, -όμα, -όιμιτόε, m., a slanderer.

Oiompac, -aige, a., proud, haughty, arrogant.

Oio-muince, p. a., ignorant, uncivilised.

Oíon, g. vín and víona, pl. id., m., a cover; thatch; shelter; protection; defence; 50 nvémio (noeámnaro) Ora víon vímn, may God protect us; act of protecting against (an); m., thatch, covering.

Oíon, g. oín and oíona, m., the second hemistich of a verse in oán oíneac, more commonly

called the comao.

Oíonac, -aiże, a., close-jointed; water-tight.

Oíonact, -a, f., security, tightening, staunching.

Οίοπασόιη, -όμα, -όιμισε, m., a

thatcher; a protector.

Oionaim, vl. vion (vionuitim, -użav), v. tr., I thatch, cover; protect, safeguard, secure, staunch.

Oion-aipm, f., a place of refuge or shelter; a military magazine.

Oío-narcaim, -caò, v. tr. and intr., I loose, disjoin, set free, separate.

Oion-atain, m., a protector, a pro-

tecting father.

Oion-brottac, m., an apologia for a book; an introduction or preface.

Oionzmáil, -ála, a., worthy, fit, proper.

Oionzmáit, -áta, pl. id., f., an equal, a match.

Oiongmátta, indec. a., worthy, suitable, perfect, fit, confirmed; steady, fixed, strong, staunch.

Tionsmáttact, -a, f., safety, security, steadfastness (vions-máttar, id.).

Oíon-lonzpont, -punt, pl. id., m., a garrison.

Oíonman, -aine, a., safe, protected, well-sheltered.

Olonn, g. olnn, pl. -a, m., a fortress, fortified hill; a hillock; dim. olonnán.

Olonnac, -aiże, f., the hair that grows on a person's body; moss at the bottom of wells.

Oíonnán, -áin, pl. id., m., a hillock, (O'N.).

O'ionnpuioe, prep.phr., to, towards, unto. See ionnpuioe.

Oionuizim, -użaż, v. tr., I shelter,

cover, protect, etc. See vion-

Oionuiţċeoiμ, -oμα, οιμιόε, m., a protector.

Oionuisteoineact, -a, f., protection, guardianship.

Oiopainn, spite, mischievous intent (Con.). See σιαρσαίη.

Oίομαιnneac, -niζe, α., mischievous, spiteful (Con.).

Οιοματας, -αιζε, α ., irascible (G.J.)

Όίομο, -ίμοe, α., severe.

Οίοητο, indec. a., direct, straight. Οίοητο, -ξτα, m., act of directing. See οίημιζαο.

Diopisaim, -żao, v. tr., I direct,

straighten.

Οίομξας, -air, m., righteousness,

uprightness.

Oionma, g. id., pl. -nna and -ca, m., a troop, crowd, multitude.

Oίομμιτς, -e, f., hastiness of temper, rashness, fierceness.

Οίομμιτε, α ., rash, inconsiderate (Don.).

Diopruižim, -užao, v. tr., I move, adjust (myself); οιοργυίζ ταρτ, said to a cow in Don. like ceaptuiž, M.

Oíorc, -írce, -a., f., a barren person or animal; barrenness, dryness (as of a fountain, etc.); tá an bó az out 1 noírc, the cow is running dry, losing her milk; cuaró an tobaji 1 noírc, the well ran dry.

Diorc, -irce, a., barren, dried up

(as a well or a beast).

Oiorcaö,-cċa, m., dryness, barrenness; a running dry, as wells of their water, or cattle of their milk; ατά σίσγεαὸ αμ απ άιμπέιγ, the cattle are run dry; ατά σίσγεαὸ αμ πα huιγειὸιδ, the waters are run dry; caire zan σίσγεαὸ σε ὁέαμαιδ, a never-failing flood of tears.

Oíorcam, -ao, v. intr., I run barren or dry (as wells, etc.); I dry up, as a fluid.

Oio-reaoileao, -lee, m., separation, unloosing.

Oíorcán, -áin, m., harsh grating sound, creaking; a gnashing of the teeth; a chewing of the cud; somet. Síorcán.

Oiorcán, -áin, m., a handful, a

sample.

Oiorcan, -ain, m., the rabble, the mob.

Diopta, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a die.

Oioplann, -ainne, -nna, f., a dice box.

Oío-rmuzaim, -zaò, v. tr., I clean the nose; I snuff a candle.

Oíoppóro, -e, -eaca, f., a dispute, debate, contention.

Oíorpóideac, -disputative, contentious, deliberative.

Oioppoineact, -a, f., reasoning, disputation, argument.

Oίορρόιμιm, -μεαċτ, v. tr., I reason, dispute.

Oiot, prep. prn., 2 s., off thee, from thee; emph. oiot-ra. See prep.

Oíotac, -aiţe, a., condemnatory, condemnable.

Oíocáit, -áta, pl.id. and ataca, f., an indictment, an accusation.

Oío-ταηθας, -aiçe, α., unprofitable (also σίο-ταιηθεας).

'Oíot-comatt, -aitt, m., nonfulfilment of contracts; dishonesty.

Oíoċ-láiċpiţim, -iużaö, $v.\ tr., I$

consume, destroy.

Oiotpam, -aim (prop. oitpeat), pl. id., m., a wilderness, a desert.

Tíot-†lámte, g. id., f., ill-health. Tíot-†lámteat, -tiţe, a., unhealthy, sickly.

Oíoċużaó, -uiżċe, m., act of destroying; destruction.

Oiotuitim, -utato, v. tr., I destroy, devastate.

Oíoċ-umat, -mta, a., proud, arrogant.

Oíp, -e, -iòe, f., a net (also ipinn and oípinn).

Oine, gen. id., f., what is due; A o.,

his due. Oípeac, -piże, a., direct, straight, just, sure, exact; zac(a) noípeac,

directly; vineac voman, just

exactly; ip eao 30 oineac, just so.

Oi-péimeac, -miţe, a., erring, straying, declining (O'N.).

Oίριζιm, -ιυζαό, v. tr. and intr., I guide, lift up, straighten, direct; intr., with ap, I set about a thing, I attack, I scold, abuse; I "set at" one; oo σίριζεας αιμ, I set about abusing him; oo σίριζεασαρ mo γπυαιπτε αμ δειτ σοπ' τράσ, my thoughts began to trouble me.

Oir, -e, f., couple, pair, two (per-

sons).

Oirbeagao, -zża, m., scorn, con-

tempt, belittlement.

Oírbeagaim, -5ao, v. tr., I profane, scorn, reject, contemn, despise.

Oirce, g. id., f., sterility, barren-

ness.

Oίγciμ, -cμe, a., fierce; nimble, active, sudden.

Oirchéio, -e, f., discretion. See oeirchéio.

Oí-†eilbizte, p. a., divested, dispossessed.

Oirte, g. id., f. loyalty, devotion. See vitre.

Oírte, g. id., pl. -tròe, f., a die;

in pl. dice.
Oirteact, -a, f., faithfulness, love, friendship, loyalty (oitreact).

Oirtiżeać, -żiże, a., deviating, straggling.

Oirtizim, -iużaż, v. tr., I consecrate (to, vo); I renounce.

Oípliżim, -iużao, v. tr., I hide, put out of the way.

Oírliugao, -ige, m., act of renouncing, a renunciation; act of consecrating, a consecration.

Vic- (negative prefix), indicates want, deficiency.

Oίτ, -e, f., loss, hurt, harm, injury, detriment, damage, destruction, ruin; want, need; deficiency, defect; τρ οίτ thom, I pity; τά γέ το οίτ ορμ, I need it.

Oit-cheroeam, m., unbelief, infidelity. See oi-cheroeam.

Oíteat, -tiţe, a., deficient, distressed, indigent.

Oíteac, -tit, -tite, m., a pauper.

Oicrin. See veitbin.

Oίτι e acturo e. See oíte acturo e. Oíτρε ab, -e 1be, -e aba, f., a retreat, a cell for a hermit; a hermitage, a wilderness.

Oίτμε αδας, - Διζ, pl. id., m., a hermit, a pilgrim; a miserable per-

son.

Oitheopac, -aite, a., devoid of strength

strength.

Oiu, temp. abl. of oia, a day, in phr. i noiu, a noiu (aniu, inoiu, aniuo), to-day, now. See oia.

Osu, of, of or from them (obs.).

Outpracao, -arcte, m., act of shooting, hurling, brandishing.

Outhacim, -acao, v. tr., I shoot arrows; I brandish, shake,

quiver.

Ouc, g. ouuc, m., pip (in hens); a word used in calling hens (also cuc in this latter use); an ouc ionnat, confound you; a stooping of the shoulders.

Oiúc, -a, -anna, m., an elf, a fairy

(W. Ker.).

Oiucao, -cta, m., the eackling of a hen.

Olucalli, f., ache (N. Con.).

Oiúcán, -áin, pl. id., m., the windpipe; a wind-pipe of a goose, etc., used as a musical instrument; a musical reed, made from a blade of straw by cutting a tongue in it close to one joint, while the next joint is cut off (also oeocán).

Οιύσάη, -άιη, m., giddiness. Οιύσάη α ċ, - α ι $\dot{\varsigma}$ e, α ., giddy.

Oιύζαιm, -αό, v. tr., I drink off, drain out, drink freely. See οιύζάλαιm.

Oiúsaine, g. id., pl. -niôe, m., a crier, a wheedler, a coaxer; a bawler; a drinker; a strangler (O'N.).

Οιάζαιμε ας, -a., f., draining to the dregs; coaxing, beseeching

(Don.).

Oiúsálaim, -sáit, v. tr., I suck, drain to the dregs.

Orurc, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a duke,

prince, leader.

Oruro, a pipe (for smoking), a short pipe; the stump; a cad; dim. oiuioin, id.

Olulo, -e, a., tender-hearted, flexible, mild, modest, bashful,

chaste.

Oluloe, g. id., f., flexibility;

tenderness of heart.

Oιυιμ, -e, f., a drop; ni'l oιυιμ bainne as na buaib, the cows have not a drop of milk (Ker.) (connected with beon).

Oiúl, g. Oiuil, m., a sucking.

Oiúlac, -ais, pl. id., m., a busybody, an intruder; a wag (P. O'C.); a fellow, a chap (U.); any small animal or fish (Con.); also oeotac (Don.).

Oiúlaim. See oeolaim.

Oiúltac, -aize, a., fond of for-

saking or refusing.

Oiúltao, -tta, m., refusal, rejection; act of delaying, refusing. Oiútcaioeac, m., the alimentary

canal (also oiutrac).

Oiútcaim, -cao, v. tr., I deny, oppose, renounce, abandon (with

oo); I jilt.

Οιύττιιζιm, -υζαό, v. tr., I deny, refuse, oppose, renounce (with 00). See oiúltaim.

Oiúlcuizteac, -tiže, a., negative. Oup, -uipe, α ., hard, difficult (Lat.

durus).

Oiúpa, in phr. o'n breappa 30 Oiúna, from head to foot (N.

Οι ψηπάη, - άιη, pl. id., m., a gulph, a drop of drink swallowed.

Diupnuizim, -nam, v. tr., I gulph down, swallow, drink, drain; az orujinam an copáin, draining or emptying the glass.

Olaż, -aiże, f., a small handful; a lock of hair. See olso.

Olson, g. id., pl. -te, f., a lock of hair; a wisp of flax (nom. also ola010, ola013).

Olsoi-role, m., the hair of the head (poet.).

Olaoiteat, -tize, α ., in locks (of the hair).

Olatac, -ai \dot{z} e, a., in locks (of the hair).

Oleaco, -a, -anna, f., a law, a right; custom, due, a toll.

Oleactac, -aite, a., lawful, right, proper (oteact also is used as adj.).

Oleactaim, -tao, v. tr., Iadjudge,

exact, decide.

Oleactaine, g.~id.,~pl.~-nióe, m.,a toll or custom collector; a law-giver.

Oleactóin, -óna, -óinióe, m., a

law-giver, a tax-collector.

Olije (olijeao), g. id. and olijio, pl. oliste, m., a law, regulation, dues, right, ordinance. (Otice = $\sigma t_1 \dot{\xi} e_{\dot{\alpha}} \dot{\sigma}$, genly. m., but somet. oliże, like rliże, f., as i n-ażaio na otiże, W. Ker.)

Oliżesc, -żiże, a., lawful, legal,

regular, formal.

Oližeac, -żiż, m., a legislator.

Olizeact, -a, f., legality, legiti-

Olizeao. See olize.

Όλιζελοόιμ, -όμλ, -όιμισε, m., a lawyer; a barrister.

Oližeavonneact, -a, f., act of

making laws.

Oližim, -żeró, v. tr., I owe, deserve; I appoint by law, command; in pass. impers., it is lawful, one has a right, it is incumbent on; oligim singead víoz, thou owest me money.

Olijčesmail, -mla, a., lawful,

just.

Olizceoin, -ona, -onnioe, m., a lawyer, a wrangler.

Olipteanac, -aije, a., lawful, legitimate, normal, right, proper (somet. oliptionac).

Olipteanact, -a, f., legality. Oliptionac. See Olipteanac.

Oloctán, -áin, pl. id., m., a strainer, a colander.

Oluije, g. id., f., separation, division, dispersion.

Oluizim, -uiże, v. tr., I prepare, divide, separate, scatter.

Olúim, -e, f., a thick cloud; smoke,

darkness; a blaze of fire.

Olúit, -e, a., close, dense, tight, near, thickly-set; sincere, steadfast (used as prefix instead of otúż before syll. with slender vowel).

Olúite, g. id., f., closeness, com-

pactness, narrowness.

Olúiteac, -tiže, a., close, com-

Otúiτ-ιαότα, a., closely or firmly shut.

Olúit-néall, -néill, -néallta, m., a dense cloud.

Olúr, -úir, m., enough, sufficiency (also otúm).

Olút, g. id. and olúit, pl. id., m., the warp in weaving; an enclosure; a cloister.

Olút, -úite, a., close, dense, compact, firm; earnest. See oluit.

Olútact, -a, f., act of weaving, joining together.

Όι τα τοίμη, -όμα, -όιμι το e, m., a warper; a joiner; a closer; a weaver.

Olútar, -air, m., nearness, closeness, compactness; preparation: cuin ré o. le, he made preparation for.

Olúż-caoin, -e, a., gently compact

(of eyebrows) (E. R.).

Olúčuižim, -čužao, v. tr. and intr., I warp; I draw close to; I join, press together, pack; I embrace (with te); olúčuiš tiom, come close to me, embrace me.

00-, 0ó- (001-, 0ó1-)—(1) negative prefix (before adj.), ill-, un-, in-, dis-; often implies difficulty or impossibility: vo-véanta, hard to be done, impossible; is combined with genitive of substantives to form adjectives: vorairnéire, unspeakable; intensive prefix (before subst. or adj.), very, exceedingly.

Oó, subst. form of numeral, two; an vó, the two; when used with noun, becomes vá; rá vó,

Too, sign of the past tenses; verbal particle used in perfect tense; in act., aspirates; in pass., does not aspirate, but prefixes h- to vowels; is somet. prefixed to cond.; in comb. with ní and 50, no is used for oo, hence nion, Jun, nán, 7c.

Too, poss. prn., (inflecting), thy; before vl., used as the subj. of an intrans. or the obj. of a trans.; 'oo (often for 10'), in

thy.

Oó, prep. prn., to him, to it (m.); for him, for it; emph. vó-ran. See oo, prep.

Oo, prep. prefix in comp. verbs, as

vo-cím, vo-beinim, 7c.

Oo, prep. [in pronom. combinations, oam (oam still in Ulster, as in the early modern literary usage), ouit, oó, oí (f.), oúinn, vaoib, vóib; vam with the emphatic ra becomes generally oam-ra; oáib is poet. for oóib; oib is often used for oaoib, to, This particle has very varied applications with the dative case; after adjectives it expresses involuntary relations, as distinguished from voluntary relations expressed by te: thus, ip mait oam, it is good for me, but if mait tiom, I like; if eazat oó, he should fear; ir eazat teir, he fears; ir éizin oó, he must, etc.; after adj. like incheroce, proper to be believed, etc.; 1r incheroce oó, he should believe; used after substantives and verbs as dativus commodi: it é pin ouit réin, eat that (for yourself); cuaro ré cum rume oó, he profited by it; in adv. clauses like 1 nzap oo, near to; 1 brozur oo, id.; used in genitive sense or poss. prn.: cao ir Ainm ouic, what is your name? used of agent after verbals: can éir ceacc oó, after he had come; 141 mbeit az rearam vó, as he

stood, etc.; after verbs of granting, bestowing, promising, displaying, permitting, happening, etc.: vo żeall ré ainzeav vam, he promised me money; sometimes the verb is omitted: ní man rin oam-ra, that is not the case with me; cao é rin oam-ra? what is that to me? used in adverb., prep., and conj. phrases, as, com ceoin, with my will; oo snát, usually; oo néin mo tuainime, in my opinion; σοm' σόοις, as I think; σο γίοη, continually; oo(=oe) by is so, because; σ'á όμυιm rın, because of that; o'easta so, lest, for fear that; oo látain, in the presence of; used with dative to express instrument: oubaint ré 30 ησεοδαό ré σο'n rpeil ain, he said he would assault him with the scythe; as sabail oo coraib ann, trampling on, kicking it; after verbs of motion: cuaro ré vo'n Spáin, he went to Spain; to express the time in which an event occurred: tá o'á pabar, 7c., on a day as I was, etc.; vo tó ir v'oivce, night and day; used in a partitive sense (=ve): rmuz vo maive, a piece of a stick; of or concerning (= oe): Labrann ré oo ζηάγα, he speaks of grace; used as a prefix to the vl., both tr. and intr.; with the intr. vl. oo is used only when the subject of the vl. is expressed immediately before: thus, oo b'ail teir na rip oo out a baite, he liked that the men should go home, but oo b'ail leip an bream out a baile, the man liked to go home; with tr. vl.: Lucz ciżże vo véanam, builders of houses; ream na noán oo ceapao, the man who composes poems. oe, prep.

To-aibreac, -riże, a., sad, gloomy.

See ouaibreac.

Vo-aiξneapaċ, -aiξe, α., indisputable. Oo-áiμmeac, -mije, α., innumerable, not easily counted.

Oó-Δητηιζτε, p. a., immovable. Oo-Δητηιτε, p. a., unspeakable.

Οό-λίτητις, p. a., unspeakable. Οό-λίτητις, a., immutable.

Oob', for oo ba, it was; oo buo, it would be; past and cond. of assertive v. 1p. See 1p.

Oóbao, -buige, m., the act of

plastering; daubing.

Oóbaim, -ao and -báit, v. tr., I plaster; daub.

To-bainte, p. a., hard to be plucked, mown, or dug.

Οοδλιμ, -e, a., obscure, dark, foul.

Oόbain, in phrase like, ba öóbain vam é a barcav, I almost wounded him (prob. a corruption of σ'robain). See robhaim.

Oοδαιμ-ceo, -ceoιζ, m., a dark

mist.

Oo-báireaċ, -riże, α., undying, immortal.

Ooban, -ann, pl. id., m., water, moisture.

Oοδαμ-ċú, f., an otter, a waterdog; pron. σόσμαċú in Co. Donegal and used of a mythical

animal like an otter.

Oo-beinim, v. irreg., tr. (see Parad.), I give, cause, often with uaim, etc., I give away; vo-beinim αζαιό αμ, I look towards, I face, I make for; vo-beigim ucc an, I set about; vo-beinim miniusav An, I explain; oo-beinim amur an, I attack; vo-beinim mo banna, I promise solemnly; oobeinim i Scuimne, i noeanmao, 7c. I remember, forget, etc.; I give (beannact oo, a blessing to); with ra, vo-beinim roza raoi, I attack him; oo-beinim rá veana, I observe (see veana). Note.—The prefix oo is generally omitted or slurred over in speaking, but even then the aspiration of b makes this verb essentially different from beijum.

Οοδηλάτ, -a, f., gloominess, cold

manner, sullenness.

Oοδμαό, -μιιζέε, m., wetness, dampness.

Oobnón, q. -bnóin; pl. id., m., (great) sorrow, grief, sadness, concern.

Tobpónaċ, -aiże, α., (very) sorrowful, mournful, melancholy, sad, dejected.

To-buideacar, -air, m., thankless-

ness, ingratitude.

Oo-burbean, f., an evil company.

 $\nabla \dot{o} \dot{c} \alpha (\dot{o})$, - $\alpha \dot{c} \dot{c} \dot{c} \alpha$, likely, probable, rather; 17 oóca 30 octocrato ré, it is probable that he will come; ip oócaije zun pioc a oéanraio ré, it is more likely that it will freeze.

Oócaite, the more likely or probable (cf. mirrioe, etc.); also

Tocamear, -pir, m., harm, damage,

danger.

To-caice, p. a., worn with diffi-

culty; enduring.

Oócamal, -mail, m., distress, discomfort, difficulty; ná cuip an rócamal noim an oócamal, prov. = business before pleasure.

Oócamtac, -aize, a., painful,

hard, difficult.

Oócamlact, -a, f., difficulty, hard-

ship, trouble.

To-caol, -caoile, a., very strict. Τος Δη, -Δη, pl. id,, m., misfortune, hardship, damage, harm, hurt, loss, mischief; debit.

Tocanac, -aize, a., narrow, difficult, uncomfortable; intricate.

Oócar, -air, m., hope, expectation.

Oócarac, -aize, α ., confident, hopeful.

To-ceannpac, -aize, a., headstrong, unruly, inflexible.

Oo-ceannpact, -a, f., obstinacy, inflexibility.

To-céimniugao, -nigte, m., difficult marching or journeying.

To-cim, v. irreg., tr. (see Parad.) (somet. ac-cim or ao-ciu), I see; vo-cicean tinn, I see, I observe, I notice; vo-cirean vam, it seems to me.

To-classice, p. a., indefatigable, invincible, unconquered.

To-classoceacc, -a, f., invinci-

To clumm, v. irreg., tr. (see Parad.); the prefix oo is not used after an (interrog.), 50, ní, and its place is often taken by at; I hear, listen to; an sctorcí (pron. 'sctorrei), do you hear that (or that person)? just listen to that (or to him)! said in surprise or contempt.

Tocms, g. id., m., harshness,

surliness; weakness.

Tocms, indec. a., surly, morose; weak, impotent, powerless.

Oocmact, -a, f. moroseness, surliness, inhospitality (also weakness, want of power).

To-commearta, indec. a., incom-

parable.

Oo-compisce, p. a., incomprehensible.

To-correte, a., indocile, unrestrained, wicked; oocorre, id.

To-conác, m., adversity, mischance, misfortune.

Oó-connuizte, p. a., immovable, impregnable.

Oochac, -aiζe, a., grievous, hurtful, injurious.

Tochact, -a, f., difficulty, disagreeableness, impracticableness.

Oocharo, -e, a. dark, gloomy, obscure; close, rigid, severe; spiteful, envious.

Tocharoe, g. id., f., slavery; distress, trouble.

Tochar, -air, m., hurt, harm, damage.

Όό-choroeac, -οιζε, α., doublehearted, generous; daring (O'N.).

Οος ηυιζιm, -uζαό, v. tr., I disquiet, discompose.

Ooċτ, -oiċτe, α., tight, strict, stiff, hard, close.

Τος τάτη, - άμλ, - rõe, m., a doctor, a physician; o. san eolar, a quack doctor; voctún (Don.).

Toctumeact, -a, f. act or profession of healing; ztéar vocτύιμελότα, medical appliances.

To-cuantuiste, p. a., unsearch-

able.

Oocum, comp. prep. govern. g., towards, unto, to (with motion); oocum 50, in order that. See cum.

Oo-cumannac, -aiże, a., faithless, unkind, unfriendly.

Too-cumera, p. a., ill-shapen;

formed with difficulty.

Vo-cupia, p. a., hard to be uttered, hard to be set; v. ríor, hard to be put into the pot.

Ooo, g. voiv, m., anger, passion, displeasure; as out he voo,

getting angry or cross.

Oooac, -15e, a., displeased, vexed, angry; bó o., a cow that spills her milk.

Oooaine, g. id., pl. -μιόe, m. a sulky, dogged fellow.

Oó-oéas, num., twelve.

Oo-oealbac, -aiξe, α., ill-shaped, deformed, ugly.

Oo-oéanta, p. a., hard to be done,

impossible.

Oo-oéantar, -air, m., impossibility, impracticability.

To-ourne, g. id., pl. -oaorne, m.,

an evil person.

Oo-rásata, indec. a., rare, difficult to be found; an treoro oo-rásata 'rí ir áitne, the rare jewel is the fairest.

Oo-raicreana, indec. a., invisible. Oo-raicreanac, -aize, invisible.

Oo-rairnéire, indec. a., unspeakable, indescribable.

To-percrint, f., invisibility.

Oo-řeicrionač, -aiže, a., invisible (also oo-řaicreanač).

Oo-pollupac, -aize, a., vague, indistinct, not clear.

Oo-pulainzeact, -a, f., insufferableness.

Oo-rulanzia, a., insufferable, intolerable, grievous.

Oόζαο, g., σόιζτε, pl. σόζτα, m., a burning, a conflagration.

Too's bots, m, the colic; prop, too's bots.

Oόζαὁ choιὸe, m., the heartburn.

Oożaitre, g. id., f., woe, anguish, grief.

Oóżaim, -ao, v. tr. and intr., I burn.

To-zeibim, v. irreg. tr. (see Parad.), I get, find; ruain ré bár, he died; with ó, I get something from a person; ní ruall aoinne uaim an rcéal d'innrint, no one persuaded me to tell the news; followed by vl. = I can.I am able, I am permitted; ní razann out ann moiu, I would not be able (or would not be permitted) to go there to-day; ní razamn 10nnam réin é manbao, I could not bring myself to kill him; with ap, of indirect object after words like loco, paill, beimin: puain pé tocc ain, he found fault with him; ruain ré raill ain, he found an opportunity of attacking him, etc.; cionnup žeibeann cú cú réin i noiu, how are you to-day (how do you find yourself), cf. ip zup ppioż zo rann-laz oneam na héineann, for the Irish people were prostrate (D. R.); ráżail amac, to find out; an bruilin as rázait na rtáince 50 mait? are you in good health? ruain ré an zlar vo baint anuar, he succeeded in taking off the lock; cionnup puaip pé ann réin é béanam? how did he bring himself to do it?

Dożtuarre, p. a. impossible to be shaken, hard to move, self-

willed, stubborn.

To-\(\frac{1}{2}\)ním, v. irreg. tr. (see Parad.), I make, cause, do, create, used with a variety of objects, thus: as véanam coisite, hiding; as v. caointe, weeping; as v. aithise, repenting; as v. víosbáta, injuring; as v. víosbáta, injuring; as v. buaiveanta vam, troubling me, etc., etc.; with preps. ah, ve, vo, he, governing indirect object; with ah (without a direct obj.), vo vein (M.) pé ah, he approached him; (with direct obj.), generally in the sense of inflicting evil on;

ninne ré reatt ain, he behaved treacherously towards him; with oe, I make one thing of another: vo ninnear blóvenaca ve, I broke it in fragments; vo ninne ré ní oe, he made him king; oo pinne ré iongnao oíom, he was astonished at me, etc.; with oo, I do good or evil to, the direct objects being generally words like vocan, viosbait, maitear, różnam, chuaż, etc.; with le, I act or behave towards one, cao oo oéanrao tear, what shall I do with you; with adj., oo ninne ré veans é, he made it red; with vl., oo ninne ré é réin vo niże, he washed himself, etc.; used intrans. in 3 s. with oe; oo pinne rliab mon o1, it became a great mountain (Kea. T. S.); vo vein ceo v'á cnámaib, his bones became dust (M.).

Oo-żnúrpeac, -piże, a., ill-featured, ugly, repulsive, sour-faced.

οοξηλ, g. id., m., misery, sickness, sorrow, sadness; stupidity, sloth; act of grieving, lamenting; cf. λ5 οοξηλ λξυγ λ5 οέλη-ζλοιπελό (Kea.).

Τοξημίπη, -e, -eaca, f., affliction, calamity, anguish, perplexity, fear, danger; ας υέαπαὶ υοξημίπη, grieving; ι πυοξημίπη α αππα caltleamaint, in danger of losing his life.

Doğnanneac, -niże, α., full of misery, woful, painful, difficult.

Tożnést, ad., for ever.

Toi-, vói- (vo-) negative or inten-

sive prefix. See vo-.

Oóib, prep. pr., 3rd pl., to them, for them; emph. σόιβ-γελη; σλοβέλ, σλοβέλ-γλη (Don.). See prep. σο.

Oóib, -e, f., a daub, a plaster;

yellow clay, soft mud.

Ooi-beapt, -beipte, f., an evil deed, an ill turn.

Ooi-béar, -a, pl. id., m., a bad habit, an ill custom.

Ooi-béapac, -aige, a., ill-mannered, discourteous.

Ooi-briatan, m. and f., an evil word.

Όοι-ὅμιρελό, \cdot ρτε, m., act of completely smashing (E.R.).

Ooic, -e, -eanna, f., a strain, a difficulty; ailment, pain, disease; mo σ., alas! σοις εμοισε, heart disease (Ker.).

Ooić, -e, a., soon, quick, swift, early (used for moć in Wat.); com τοις αξυρ, as soon as.

Oóic, hope, etc, See vóiz.

Ooice, g.id., f., quickness, activity. Ooiceatt, -citt, m., inhospitableness, churlishness; a grudge; reserve.

Ooiceattac, -aiże, a., inhospitable, boorish, churlish.

Ooi-ceannya, a., headstrong, unmanageable.

Ooi-ceannpuizce, p. a., untameable (O'N.).

Oóiceannac, -aize, a., biangular. Ooi-cineoit, a., low-born.

Doicleac. See poiceallac.

Ooičliže, g. id., f., inhospitableness, churlishness.

Ooi-cheiorin, f., unbelief, in credulity.

Ooi-cherote, a., improbable, incredible.

Ooi-chíochuizte, p. a., interminable, not to be ended.

Oo1-ch10pta, p. a., ungirdable (O'N.).

Ooice, g. id., f., tightness, strictness, scantiness, poverty.

Oότο, -e, pl. id., f., the hand, the closed fist; το mότι móna, a big sod of turf.

Oó10-cleat, -cleite, f., a poet. word for the hand (wattle-hand) (Kea.).

Ootoesc, -otje, a., quarrelsome, ill-tempered.

Ooi-oeatbac, -aiţe, a., ill-shaped.

Oo1-σέαητα, p. a., impossible. See σο-σέαητα.

Ton-vitizie, p. a., indigestible (O'N.).

Oóro-tám, -tárme, pl. -táma, f., a knotted hand; a hand.

Oo1-eaσμána, -1ζe, α., impenetrable, irresistible.

Ooi-eotuir (prop. gs.), a., illguided or unguided; trackless.

Toi-freazanta, p. a., unanswerable, difficult to be answered.

Tool-frearcail (prop. gs.), a., unserviceable; destructive.

 $\nabla o_1 \dot{\xi}$, g. -e, pl. -te, and -teaca, f., a pang, a stitch, a sharp shooting pain; o. 10nnac, a pang in you, is a usual bad wish; o. imleacáin, colic; torcao ooize, a heartburn; pron. 0015 in M_{\cdot} , the word vataca (voišteaca), rheumatics, is a pl. form of this word.

 $\nabla \delta_1 \dot{\xi}$, -e ($\nabla \delta_1 \dot{\xi}$), f., trust, hope, confidence; opinion, judgment, conjecture; testimony (pron. $\nabla \acute{a}_1 \dot{\ddot{z}}$ in U.); 1 noói \dot{z} te, in the hope of; van noóis, of course, no doubt; ir oóis te, he thinks it likely, he is sure, he supposes, thinks, imagines; 17 vóiż zo, no doubt that, it is probable that; ir vóis tiom sun b'eao, I suppose it is; as conj. in phr., τρ σόιξ, however, indeed, but:
"έιμιξ ιρτελέ," "ní μλέλο, ιρ
σόιξ," "go in," "but I will
not"; 'ρ ελό ιρ σόιξ, well now, very good; ba oois tear onica, 7c., one would fancy from their conduct, etc; somet. vóin, as in phrase ir $\sigma \circ in (M.)$.

Oóis, -e, f., manner, fashion, method, state, condition, way, means, livelihood; tá a oóis réin 45 54¢ 401nne, ΔĊΤ Τά ὁά ὁό15 as an néadmonn-na, every one has his own way, but our Edmond has two ways; can ruit mo oois an niż nó phionnra, azur can reapp vó réin a beit, no prince or king is in my circumstances, and it is better for him not to be (proverb). Oóis is used in U. in phrases like the following: Ap an oóis pin, in that way; Jan vóiz, destitute; paoi eapbaro oóize, in want of means;

cardé an póis azá one, what way are you? how are you? also, what way are you off? zá mé αη mo μοζα σόιζε, I am in the best of health; tá mé an oóis, I am "rightly" well; rean an oóis, a fine man; ní't repait ain an oóis ná oíon, it is not properly "scrawed" or thatched; caroé an vóiz atá ain, is he well off? an oóis an bic, any-

how, anyway.

O(615), -e (O(615)), f., an object or thing to be hunted, frequented, to be meddled with, or made free with (P. O'C.); a place where one expects to find what one seeks; cuapoui joói j ir anοόις όe, search it all, likely and unlikely places; 17 mait an oóis bric an poll rain, that hole is a likely place for trout; if olc an bóis phátaibe an bozac pain, that peat land is not likely to produce a good crop of potatoes; ní haon vóiš é, he is no joke, he is not to be triffed with (vóistín is used in the same sense).

Oóiżeamait, -amta, a., hopeful, confident, reliable; respectable;

handsome, comely.

Oóiżeamlact, -a, f., comeliness, respectability, decency; hopefulness; probability, likelihood.

Οοιξέαμ, -έιμ, pl. id., m., a spear, a dagger.

Tois fracat, f., the toothache.

Oóiżim, -żeso, v. intr., I confide, I hope (O'N.).

 O_{015} - l_{145} , f., a touchstone (O'N). Ooi-zníom, -a, pl. id. and -apita, m., an ill turn, an evil action.

Doigníomac, -aize, a., injurious, malicious (O'N.).

Tooiste, p. a., burnt.

Oóistín (also póicín), something to be made free with, etc.; ni haon vóištín é, he is no joke; ní mearaim toot ront act vóištín mait, I do not think of you but as one not to be made free with or trusted (song).

Toilb, -e, a., dark, dusky, gloomy

obscure; pensive, sad, melancholy.

Toilb-ceo, -ceois, m., darksome fog; fig., sadness, mourning.

Toolbear, -bir, m., sorrow, affliction.

Tooltbill, -e, a., sad, dim, obscure, melancholv.

Tooltbine, g. id., f., darkness, gloom, dusk, sorrow, sadness.

Tooltbreact, a. f., gloom, sadness.

Tooltote, indec. a., dark, occult, mysterious.

Tooltote, g. id. (voitbe), f., sorcery, mystery, magic; ooilbtesct, id.

Tooleann, -tne, -a f., an eddying wind.

To1-leitir (prop. gs.), a., incurable; ooi-leisirce, id.

Ooi-téimnize, indec. a., impassable.

Toi-léin, -léine, a., obscure. Oo1-léine, g. id., f., obscurity.

Toi-leitreéalta, indec. a., inexcusable.

Tools. See voilis.

Tooltje, g. id., f., sorrow, distress. Toott jear, - jir, m., sorrow, afflic-

tion, torment, melancholy.

Toolt $\dot{\zeta}$ earac, -ai $\dot{\zeta}$ e, α ., sorrowful, afflicted, rueful, sad, melancholy.

Toollis, -lie, a., sad, sorrowful, grievous, distressful, sore, hard, troublesome, difficult.

Toom, -e, a., poor, miserable, wretched.

Oo-imealtra, p. a., hard to be surrounded; boundless, limitless (O'N.).

Oo1-mearao, -100, evil thought, disparagement.

Ton-mearca, a., inestimable; unspeakable.

Ton-meartact, -a, f., low estima-

Ooi-meiojužte, p. a., glum, cheerless, hard to be made merry (O'N.).

Ooi-mian, -méine, f., evil wish, ill-will.

Toimin, -mne, a., deep (in all the senses of that word, as thoughtful, etc.); voimin an, versed in, addicted to; tá mé an-voimin An an tuib, I am very fond of tea (Om.).

Tonine, g. id., pl. id., f., depth;

a deep pit.

Toimneact, -a, f., depth.

Ooimnear, -nir, m., depth; degradation.

Tonmnitim, -ານຽວດັ່, v. tr., I deepen, hollow out.

To-imteatra, a., impassable.

Toineann, -ninne, f., bad weather, storm, tempest.

Tonneannac, -aise, a., stormy, wintry, tempestuous.

Tomeannea, a., stormy, wintry.

Tomeanncacc, -a, f., tempestuous weather; bruain cú coineannταċτ? (Don.).

Toingean, -5ine, f., a species of fish, bass.

Tonnim, -e, -nmitoe, f., a blemish,

a mould, a spot (O'N.).

Tonnimeac, -mize, a., blemished (O'N.).

Tonmitte, p. a., blemished (O'N.).

Toinmim, -meao, v. tr., I blemish, I stain, I speckle (O'N.).

Toinn-veaus, -einse, a., reddishdun, auburn.

Doinn-ionznac, -aiże, a., brownnailed.

To-innipte, p. a., indescribable. To-10mpuiste, p.a., inconvertible.

Toipion, -a, -ta, m., the scoopshaped reticule used for getting the fish from the net into the boat (A., Tory).

Ooiμt, -e, a., displeased, dissatisfied, morose, ill-natured, hard,

unfavourable, grievous.

Toomb, -e, f., an insect, a little worm. See oainb.

Toopbear, -bir, m., discontent, grief, anguish, sullenness.

Toome, g. id., pl.-prive, m., an oak grove, a wood, a thicket.

Ooi-péro, -e, a., intricate, entangled.

Ooi-μέιοτιζτε, p. a., irreconcilable; hard to solve.

Ooi-majluijte, p. a., hard to be governed.

Oo1-μιαμέα, p. a., implacable,

unruly; insatiable.

Ooinim, I copulate, as cattle; used chiefly in ph. σοιμελό an bó, the cow was bulled.

Toppiones, indec. a., sullen,

dogged.

Oοιμπεος, -οιζε, -ος λ, f., a handle; a handstone; a handful. See

σομηός.

Ooinnin, g. id., pl. -roe, m., one of the projecting handles of a scythe; the head of a spade handle, etc.; a little handful.

Ծուրբeoip, -opa, -oipioe, m., a

porter, a doorkeeper.

Oóippeoipeact, -a, f., the office of

a door-porter.

Οοιμτελέ, -τιξε, α., spilling, shed-

ding.

Τοιμτιm, vl. τοιμτατό, v. tr., I pour, pour out, spill; shed (of tears);
I move, stir; τοιμτ, move, stir (Con.);
τίμ το τοιμτεατό τά coraib na méiμteat, a land poured out under the feet of miscreants (O'Ra.).

Ooi-rince, a., inductile.

Doitceatt. See Doiceatt.

Ton-teazante (prop. gs.), indocile. Ton-tigearac, -aige, a., churlish, inhospitable; cf. rean onae ootigearac, nan mait thom beit as thearngar and (Cork).

Oóitin, g., τοότα, τοόταια, and τοόιτιπε, f., sufficiency, fill, plenty, enough; what is fitting or becoming; it is frequently used with the poss. prns.: τά α τόοιτιπ αιζε, he has enough (hence, vulg., "he has his 'nough"); τά τοόιτιπ αι πίοξ 'γαι ζαραλί γαιι, that horse is good enough for the king.

Oo-itte, a., hard to eat, inedible. Oot, g. ouit, pl. id. and -aroe, m., a fishing net; a snare, a knot; a thole-pin; the wooden peg stuck into the row-lock of a boat. Oota, g. id., pl. -aroe, m., a thole-

pin, etc. See vol.

Oo-labapta, p. a., unspeakable, inexpressible.

Totaro, -e, f., damage, harm, detriment.

Totaro, -e, a., hurtful, injurious, detrimental; also (=00-rutaing), insufferable.

Oótam (vótar), conj. or ad., still, always, all the time; in N. Con. usually a vótám or a vótám

(Don. and Con.).

Oó-tám, f., a playing in pairs, as at cards; πημπίο σό-tám, let us play in partnership (two in each party) (Con.).

Oó-támac, -aize, ambidextrous.

Oótán, -ánn, pl. id., m., a small creek.

Oόtár, -áir, m., sorrow, tribulation, anguish; melancholy; ο. cμοιόe, affliction of heart.

Oótáγaċ, -aiţe, a., grievous, sad,

melancholy.

To-larta, p.a., not easily lighted, not inflammable.

Toolb, -oilbe, f., sorcery.

Tootba, indec. a., bold, headstrong; reaμ σάπα σοτba, a bold, headstrong man (also σατba).

Oolbao, -bta, m., fiction, decep-

tion, transformation.

Oolbaim, -ao, v. tr., I transform (as by magic, etc.).

Oolτηιμπας, -Διζε, α., grievous, vexatious.

Oo-lúbtact, -a, f., inflexibility; stubbornness, firmness.

To-tuiże, g. id., m., a long illness, used in imprecations as vo-tuiże rava onc.

Oom (also vam, vam), prep. prn., 1s., to me, for me; emph. vom-ra; in Con. vom-ra. See prep. vo.

Tom. See prep. prns., vom and

Oómao, indec. ord., a., second; as an oómao curo oéas, the 12th part.

Too-marreac, -rize, a., ugly.

Toman, -ain, pl. id., and -ta, m., the world, the earth, the universe; ni readan 'an coman, I

do not know at all; an ooman ouine, with neg. (expressed or implied), no one at all (corrupt for beaman buine, "the devil a one"); pé an o. é, however it be, in any case (M.).

Toman-znarao, m., cosmography.

To-manbia, a., immortal.

To-mantitact, -a, f., immortality. Domarac, -ais, m., the light dry soil of a tilled field, "mossy

ground" (Don.).

Dombtar, -air, m., gall; ill-taste; bile; anger; discontent; a disease in cattle; 'r é ruaoac an cait an noombtar é, what a catch it is!

Domblarca (also voblarca), indec. a., ill-tasting; contempt-

uous : scornful.

Tomburoeac, -oize, a., unthank-

ful, ungrateful.

Tomnac, -nais, pl. -naise and -mantaite, m., Sunday; a large house; a church; Oia Tomnais, on Sunday; 1 noomnac, by the Sunday! a mode of asseveration; Tomnac Món, Donaghmore, Co. Limerick.

Domnaillín, g. id., m., a name for

a small crab (Con.).

Tomnán, -áin, pl. id., m., a little world.

To-motuiteat, -tite, a., imperceptible; unfeeling.

To-múcta, a., unquenchable.

To-muince, a., ill-bred, ill-mannered, unteachable.

Ton, vo'n, to the; vona = vo na, in M. vor na, to the, pl.

Tona, indec. a., wretched, miserable, unfortunate; in bad health or condition.

Tonact, -a, f., evil, badness; as out 'um vonacta, going to the bad (Con.).

Tonadar, -air, m., evil, misery, wretchedness.

Tonarde, indec. a., miserable, wretched; in low health ("I am very donny," is often heard).

Tonaroeact, -a, f., want of success, misfortune, badness.

Oonán, -áin, pl. id., m., a kind of fish resembling ling.

Oonán, -áin, pl. id., m., an enfeebled person; a mannikin (also ounán; P. O'C. says it is dim. of ourne, but this is unlikely).

Tonar, -air, m., bad luck, misfortune; vo vein ré an vonar Ain, he destroyed him (M_{\cdot}) .

To-nisce, a., hard to be washed.

Tonn, in phr. vineac vonn, just exactly (perhaps for ooman); Tonn, a oume! by Jove, man! (Oonn was a celebrated fairy inhabiting sandbanks off the coast of Clare.)

Tonn, gsf. ouinne, brown, brownhaired; oonn-battac, brindled,

having brown spots.

Tonn-zonm, -unme, a., a brownish

Tonn-tappac, -aiże, a., brown-

flaming. Oonnóz, -ó1ze, -ó5a, f., a kind of

fish; a sea-dog. Oonn-ói $\dot{\xi}$, -e, -ó $\dot{\xi}$ a, f., a brown-

haired maiden.

Tonn-nuao, -aroe, a., brown-red; chestnut or bay colour.

Tonuizim, -uzao, v. tr., I injure, I make bad.

To-proces, hard to be picked or collected (of potatoes, etc.).

To-plannouiste, p. a., hard to be planted (O'N.).

To-planuite, p. a., hard to be planed (O'N.).

To-pottuiste, p. a., impenetrable $(O^{\circ}N_{\bullet}).$

Topamzeac, -515e, a., painful, troublesome, unfortunate (T. G.).

To-mannruiste, p. a., inscrutable,

unsearchable.

Topar, -air, pl. oóinre, m., a door, a gate, an entrance; a boundary; vopar aisce, a front door; oonar onuroce, a back door (Don.); vopar 120ca, back door (M. and Con.); vopar éatuite, a wicket, a door of escape; σομαγ móμ, a hall door or main entrance; vonur na ruáive, the front door; vopur cuit, a back

door; cút-o. id.

Oopica, indec. a., dark, black, dusky; hidden, secret, mysterious; shy, distant (opposed to rubatceac); malignant.

Oομάλάτ, -a, f., darkness, blackness; eclipse; mysteriousness.

Ooncapar, -air, m., darkness, obscurity.

obscurity.

Oopcán, -áin, pl. id., m., a yearling bull.

Oομάμζα, -uiţte, m., act of darkening, eclipse, obscuration; the eclipsing of a letter (in Irish grammar).

Ooncur; im, -u; Δ·o, v. tr., I darken, obscure; intr., I grow dark; become eclipsed (as the sun or

moon).

Oομο, -uiμο, pl. id., m., a humming, a muttering; bass in music; τοριο maμιτά, the office for the dead.

Oopoaim (σομοαμαίm), -aö, I hum, I buzz.

Οομοάη, -áin, pl. id., m., a humming noise, a buzz.

Donża, vonza. See vonuża and

vonuiże.

Dopn, g. ouinn, pl. id., roping and ropine, m., the fist, the hand; a handle; a blow of the fist; a handful; σ. Δίηζισ, a handful of silver, or of money of any kind.

Όομπασόιμ, -όμα, -όιμισε, π., α

pugilist.

Oonnamail, -mla, α, pugilism.

given to fighting.

Donnán, -ám, pl. id., m., a fistful, a handful of corn, four times the bulk of a readatt, which is the quantity a reaping-hook will cut at one sweep; a small gathering of people (Don., with o long).

Oonnetann, f., the hilt of a sword. Oonnecút, -cúit, pl. id., m., a haft. Tonneup, -uip, pl. id., m., a haft.

Topinitare, -aire, pl. id., m., a manacle, a handcuff.

Όομπός, -όιζε, -ός , f., a handful;

a small casting stone; a glove, a gauntlet, a mitten.

OO-\$

Όο-μος τιι ζέε, p. a., unapproach-

able, inaccessible (O'N.).

To-pointe, p. a., hard to divide. Toppac, -aiże, a., harsh, rough, fierce.

Οομμάπ, -áin, m., anger, vexation. Όομμάπας, -aiçe, α., irritable,

surly, snappish, cruel.

Ooppos, indec. a., grim, harsh.

Toppisalt, -e, f., the act of snarling (of a dog) (Con.).

Ooppán, -ánn, pl. id., m., a grasshopper (somet. called píobaine rnaoic).

Oopta, p. a., bulled, in calf.

Oonτaė, -aiże, α., effusive, overflowing, pouring out, spilling.

Ooμταό, -τυιζτe, m., act of pouring, pouring out, spilling; outpouring, shedding (of tears).

Topicaim. See voipicim.

Toputa, g. -nn, pl. -nna, - $\dot{\xi}\dot{\xi}a$, f., a fishing-line, pron. Thu $\dot{\xi}a$ (Con.); in M. Toputae and Topuae. See Toputae.

Topunge, g. id., pl. -gre, f., a fishing-line; a line used for measuring or marking off drains,

fences, potato-beds, etc.

Oor, g. our, pl. id., m., a bush, a copse; a tuft, a bunch of hair; a compact body of men; froth, scum.

Oor, g. ouir, m., the fifth degree in poetry; a poet (O'N.); the base in music; any dull note or hum; oor móη, the drone of bagpipes; oor beag, a smaller humming; oo réideaman an nouir, we blew our trumpets.

Tor (for vo, before the pl. form of the article), for, to; vor (vo) na reapair rin, to those men

(M.).

Dorać, -aiże, a., bushy, tufted; abounding in thickets.

Topaine, g. id., pl. -price, m., an impertinent fellow.

Topameaet, -a, f., impertinence. To-pamentuite, p. a., incomparable (O'N.).

Oó-ran, emph. prep. pron., to him. See oo.

Oo-ranuite, p. a., not easily overcome; incomparable; indefatig-

To-rarta, p. a., not easily satisfied, insatiable.

To-readitte, indec. a., soluble; indispensable.

To-reapta, p. a., hard to separate. Oo-rchúouizte. " d., unsearchable.

Torcuroteat, -tite, a., foolishly extravagant.

Tor-oopo, m., the bass in music. See por and popo.

To-†lánuite, p. a., incurable.

Oo-rmactuiste, p. a., stubborn, obstinate; hard to tame.

Oo-rmuainciste, p. a., incomprehensible; not easily conceived.

To-jolarta, p. a., hard to be lighted (O'N.).

To-rpionta, p. a., unsearchable. To-rtaonuiste, p. a., indeclinable

(O'N.).

Too'= ooo', somet. ouic, to thy, for thy; oot' atam, to thy father, for thy father.

Oo-táim, -e, a., morose, grim, surly, sulky (also wakeful).

Oótam, f., plenty, a sufficiency, sufficient quantity, enough; used with poss. and g. (in U. and Mea., vócain). See vóitin.

To-tairliste, p. a., unnavigable (O'N.).

Oótcar, vótcur. See vócar.

To-teasaircte, p. a., ignorant, untaught. See voi-teasarc.

To-thuailliste, p. a., incorruptible.

To-tuispe, g. id., f., difficulty of comprehension.

To-cuigrisce, p. a., hard to understand.

To-tuispin -e, a., not easily understood.

Totulgrinneac, -niże, a., wanting understanding.

To-tuispine, f., confusion, chaos.

To-tuiste, p. a., unintelligible.

Oμá, m. (draw), oppression; o. na oaoippe (E. R.).; but see opám.

Opab, -aib, pl. id., m., a spot, astain; dirt or mud caught up by the dress.

Όμάϋ, -Διϋ (σμάm), m., refuse of corn; refuse; inferior cards of a pack.

Ojiabać, -aiże, a., draggle-tailed,

slovenly (O'N.).

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Opabaine, g. id., pl.-prioe, m., a huge, able-bodied, lazy fellow: a sloven.

Opabar, -air, m., a wry mouth with prominent teeth.

Opabruizeall, -zill, m., waste, dregs; refuse of corn, etc. onáb.

Όμαδός, -όιζε, -όζα, f., a slattern, a slut.

Όμά \dot{c} αι \dot{o} , a., wet, dirty (of weather) (N. Con. and Meath).

Όμάσάη, -áin, pl. id., m., a toper (Don.).

Όμασαπας, -a, f., lingering about a tavern in a state of intoxication (Don.).

Onae, a., churlish, strange, wild; rean onae, a churlish or boorish

man.

Onae, in phr. like an bruit aon rcéal nuao azat? Onae rcéal or an onae rcéat. Have you any news? Not a word (M.).

Onazan, -ain, pl. id., m., a warrior.

Opażan, - $\Delta 1n$, m., reluctance (Clare).

Opasanta, indec. a., warlike.

Όμαζαμτ, -Διμτ, pl. id., m., a flint. Όμαζαμτας, -Διζe, a., flinty.

Onasbot, f., the lesser Bear Constellation; a fiery house (O'N.).

Opaznánac, -aize, f., drizzling of rain (B.).

Opaz-01 jeann, - jin, pl. id., m., a fire-shovel.

Opasún, -úin, pl. id., m., dragon.

Opaib, -e, -eanna, f., the edge, the last accessible point; the juncture in a steep rugged cliff from which the rocks slope sheer into the sea (W. Ker.).

Oparo, -e, -eanna, f., the mouth; a contemptuous expression of the face; a dog-mouth.

Όμαιζεαη, -ζιη, pl. id., m., a black-

thorn, a sloe-tree.

Opanżneać, -niże, α ., thorny, spiny.

Opaigneac, -1 \dot{z} , pl. id., m., a black-

thorn, a sloe-tree.

Oμαιζηεάη, -áιη, pl. id., m., a blackthorn, a sloe-tree.

Opainc, -e, -eanna, f., a snarling,

a frowning, a grinning.
Opame, -e, -eaca, f., a grin, snarl.

See onainc.

Opam, -a, pl. -anna, m., a drink of spirits; ní σεος 50 σμαm, a drink which contains spirits is the best.

Ομάm, -áim, m., at cards, a "plebeian card," a card not a

trump. See onáb.

Onáma, g. id., pl. -nna, m., a drama, a play (quite a recent word, and not yet fully accepted).

Opamaltac, -taije, a., trampling,

spurning.

Oμαπρυίζεατι, -ζιτι, pl. id. and -żte, m., refuse, useless remnants, what remains after the best is taken away; το καδάτρτε, refuse cabbage (also τρατρυίζεατι, τη απόζατι and τρατροχάτι).

Opamluizim, -mailt, v. tr., I

kick, spurn, stamp.

Opanaine, g. id., pl.-prioe, m., a rhymer.

Opanna, m., a grin, a snarl, whence opanname, a snarler.

Opannam, -nao, v. intr., I snarl, grin; o. te, I snarl at.

Opannoat, -ait, m., the mouth, the gums.

Opanne, f., the mouth. See

opanoal.

Opanntán, -áin, pl. id., m., a humming, a buzzing, a growl, a snarl, a gurgling noise.

Opannesail, -e, f., grinning,

snarling.

Όμαπόζας, -a, f., the rhyming of a woman, rhyming like a woman.

Opaooam, -aim, pl. id., m. a tribe,

a company.

Όμαοι, g. id., and τηματό, pl. τραοιτέ, g. pl. τραοιτέατό and τηματό, m., a druid, a wizard, a magician, a sorcerer, a man of knowledge.

Opaoib, -e, f., mud, mire.

Oμλοι σελέτ, -λ, f. enchantment, magic, sorcery, druidism, divination, spell, witcheraft; druidical learning; cajolery.

Όμαοι ο e α ο όιμη, - όμα, - όιμι ο e, m.,

an enchanter.

Oμαοιτελέ, -τίξε, α., learned, sage, mystical; fond of druids or seers.

Όμαογτα, α., obscene.

Opaortate -a, f., obscenity.

Oμαορταπαιί, -mla, α., obscene, smutty.

Όμέ, α., surly, morose; γεαμ το.
 τοι-τίζεαγας, a surly, morose man (M.). See τραε.

Όμέ, g. id., pl. -éiteanna, m., a

sledge, a dray (A).

Opeablar, -air, m. (cf. aimtear), mischief; cuaro ré cum a' o. he went to the bad (Don.).

Oneac, -a, m., countenance, aspect, visage, general appearance; a looking-glass; a habit; as a., simple, childish, innocent.

Opeacaim, -cao, v. tr., I delineate,

portray; dress, adorn.

Oμεαċaṁaιt, -aṁta, α., comely, nice, of good complexion; imagelike, statuesque.

Opeac-nap, -name, a., bashful of

countenance.

Oμέλος, -a, pl. id., m., a song, poem; tale, story; a draft or pattern; an article of writing; a compact or agreement; poetry; a company.

Opéactaim, -ao, v. tr., I tell,

relate, report.

Opens, -a, -anna, m., an advertisement (O'N).

Όμελζαό, -ζέλ, m., act of advertising (O'N).

Opeagaim, -zao, v. tr. and intr.,
I certify; advertise; notify

(O'N.).

Oneam, g. -a, pl. -anna, m., a band, a company, a party, a multitude; people, a tribe; a class; a following, adherents; somet. an oneam with rel. cons. = those who.

Opeancaio, -aive, -aivive, f., a flea; nom. also opeancaive. O'R. gives opeancav, m.

Opeans-batt, m., a flea-bite (O'N.).
Opeann, g. -pinn, m.. sorrow, melancholy, pain; speed; contention.

Όμε annaċ, -naiże, α., contentious; restless; vexatious, surly.

Opeannaine, g. id., pl.-price, m., a wrangler, a contentious person.

Όμε annόιμ, -όμα, -όιμι το e, m., an augur; a diviner by birds.

Oμεαρασόιη, -όμα, -όιμισε, m., a climber, a scaler; a trickster; a steep cliff amongst the Caha Mts. is called Ομεαρα οτ Όμαρα.

Opeapaoóipeact. -a, f., climbing, clambering.

Opeapaineact, -a, f., id.

Oneapuiţim, -uţaö (σηεαραιm), v. tr., I climb, clamber.

Oμεαρ, -a, pl. id., m., a briar, a bramble.

Opear, -a, m., a bout, a turn; opear cooatca, the amount of sleep taken without waking; má'r maic phar oe (phaireac) in teon opear oe (Mon.). See Spear.

Όμε αγας, - αιζε, α., thorny, abounding in brambles.

Opeapapinac, -ait, -aite, m., a place where brambles grow, a bramble shrubbery.

Opear-costs, f., a thicket of brambles.

Ομελρόζ, -όιζε, -όζλ, f., a little thorn.

Opearuigim, -ugao (opearaim), v. tr., I hunt or drive cattle, etc., I encourage, excite.

Όμέιm, -e, f., an endeavour, an attempt; act of contending, emu-

lating, opposing; expecting; thinking; as optime to, relying on; as of terp, expecting him (Don.); as of terms (Fer.); the mulation of tears (Fer.); the as optimes optiography for I expect he will come (Don.).

Oμέιπελό, -mije, α., endeavouring, attempting, essaying.

Opéimim, vl. opéim, v. intr., I contend, struggle; emulate; I climb.

Oπέιπιμε, g. id., pl. -μιόε, a ladder; an isthmus; a long thin portion of the soil undisturbed in a field dug up.

Opéimine buide, m., the yellow

centaury.

Όμέιπιμε ζομπ, m., woody nightshade.

Oμέιπιμε Μυιμε, g. id., m., the lesser centaury (herb).

Oμέιπμελό, -μιζε, α., gradual; ladder-like; scaling; waving; in long wisps (of the hair).

Όμειριζτε, p. a., rehearsed (O'N.). Όμειριπ, -ρελό, v. tr., I rehearse.

Όμειτιάμ, -άιμ, pl. id., m., a dresser (an article of household furniture) (A.).

Ομειρμελέτ, - α , f., act of rehear-

sing (O'N.).

Όμεο ζαιπ, -ζαό, v. intr., I rot away, wither with age.

Όμεοιζτε, p. a., rotted, putrified. Όμεοιζτελέτ, -λ, f., mustiness, rottenness.

Oneoiteacán, -áin, pl. id., m., a little wren; a silly wretch.

Opeoilín, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a wren.

Opeotán, -án, pl. id., m., a wren; a silly person.

Opeolánact, -a, f., silliness.

Oneótán tearbuit, -áin tearbuit, pl. id., m., a grasshopper.

Optacathe, g. id., pl. -price, m., an obstinate person, a plodding inflexible person.

Opiacaipeact, -a, f., stiffness, obstinacy.

Opinamtać, -aiż, -aiże, m., a fishing-line.

Oμίο, -e, f., dirt, filth, mud, refuse.

Onib, -e, -eaca, f., a snare.

Opibeac, -biże, a., dirty, filthy, muddy; unkempt, careless.

Opibeoz, -01ζe, -0ζa, f., a slut, a reckless unkempt creature.

Opibine, g. id., pl. -prive, m., an ensnarer, one who lays snares (O'N.).

Optibreact, -a, f., act of setting

snares (O'N.).

Ont, -e, -eanna, f., a drop glancing in the sun; a sparkle, a twinkle; a glimpse. See ομίτιε.

Opitreac, -piże, a., radiant, dazzling, glittering; dropping.

oneac.

Ομίου αμ, - αιμ, m., lees; waste; dregs; gore; corrupt matter.

Ομίου Δητά, indec. a., mixed with dregs.

Ομίος, -ίζε, -ίζελολ, f., a drop; a distillation; a still (O'N.).

Opiozaec, -a, f., distillation (O'N.).

Oπίοζαιμε, g. id., pl. -μιόε, m., a distiller.

Oμιοηζάη, - áιη, pl. id., m., a plaything; a worthless pastime; anything worthless or unwieldy (also ομοηζάη).

Oμιρ, -e, -eaċa, f., a snare; confusion, bustle, hurry. See ομιδ.

Όμις, ομιγελό, 7c. See ομελη, ομεληλό, 7c.

Opireacán, -áin, pl. id., m., the rectum.

Opireoz, -01ze, -0za, f., a thorn, a bramble, a briar; a dip candle.

See opearos.

Oppin, g. id., m., the main intestine of animals (such as sheep, goats, etc.), usually filled with food stuff and cooked as pudding; a small bramble.

Ourrleac, -lis, m., briars,

brambles, brushwood.

Opite, g. id., pl. -anna, f., a flash, a spark.

Opittesc, -liże, a., sparkling.

Opitleoz, -015e, -05a, f., a flash, a spark.

Onitliţim, -iuţao and -teao, v. intr., I sparkle.

Opritin, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a spark, a sparkle; a drill, a perforator.

Opictinesco, -a, f., drilling, perforating, piercing through (O'N.).

Opiuċ, -a, pl. id., m., fretfulness, peevishness; a beak, a snout; an angry look; cf. opeaċ, οριοċ.

Opiucaim, -ao, v. intr., I chafe,

fret, rage.

Opoblar, -air, m., misery, extravagance; cf. opeablar.

Oποċ- (οποιċ-), bad (used only as the first part of a compound, and is sometimes merely a negative prefix.

Opoc-áomanac, -paise, a., un-

lucky, ill-fated.

Όμος-αιςίο, -e, -eaca, f., a dangerous or contagious disease; venereal disease (with article).

Oμοċ-aiżnear, -nir, pl. id., m., impudence; an insult; uncivil answers.

Όμοċ-amanτaμ, -aiμ, m., ill-luck, misadventure.

Όροċ-ampap, m., an evil suspicion. Όροċ-bait, f., ill-luck; an evil end; bad condition; οροċ-bait οο ċup ap, to render void (as a Sacrament, etc., Donl.).

Opoc-Bapamart, -mta, pl. id., f.,

an evil surmise.

Oμοċ-blap, -aip, m., bad taste, contempt; τά ο. azam aiμ, I contemn him.

Opoc-Blarta, indec. a., ill-Havoured; contemptuous.

Opoč-Bolao, -Aro, pl. id., m., a noisome smell.

Opoc-botán, -ám, pl. id., m., a poor cabin, a hut.

Opoč-byson, m., a bad drop; an evil inheritance or characteristic.

Όμος-βμάςτ, m., a vile belch, a disagreeable vomit.

Opoc-caropeam, m., sinful intercourse.

Oπος-call, f., an evil quality; ill-repute.

Onoc-cainne, f., saucy or abusive language; bad language.

Opoc-carán, m., a bad or rugged path; an evil path or way of life.

Όμοċ-ċοζαμ, m., an evil whisper.

Onoc-comainte, g. id., pl. -leaca, f., evil counsel.

Onoc-comainteac, -lis, -lise, m., an evil adviser; one following ill advice: comainte an onoccomaintis, the advice of one who is erring himself (as the advice of a drunkard on temperance).

Όμοċ-ċoċ, m., bad victuals (O'N.). Όμος-cocuζαό, m., bad maintenance; worthless rearing; A, 1r γιδ απ ομού-ύο τιξαό αζαπ, Ah, ye are ill worth being reared.

Opoc-choroe, m., a weak or diseased heart; malice; wicked disposition.

Όμοċ-ċμú, m., bad blood.

Onoc-cuattact, f., bad company. Onoc-cumpeact, -a, f., maladministration.

Ορος-cútóς, f., a bad rider behind another (O'N.).

Όμοċ-ὑΔċ, m., a bad colour.

Onoc-oócar, m., despair.

Οκοċ-oub, m., bad ink (O'N).

Όμος-σύιι, -e, pl. id., f., evil desire, concupiscence.

Ομοċ-ouine, g. id., pl.-osoine, m., a bad man; a miserly ungenerous person; a trickster as opposed to oume macanta.

Όμος τρουρή, m., bad edge (of a mower badly able to sharpen his scythe, or a barber not well able to sharpen his razor).

Όμος-rocal, m., a saucy answer; a bad word.

Όμος-τοζαμ, m., a coarse accent or tone (O'N.).

Opoc-fuadan, -ain, m., ill-disposition, ill-promise; the o. rut, you are disposed to evil, you promise ill by your actions.

Thoc-fulleann, f., a wicked crew or family (O'N.).

Όμος-ζηάτυζαό, m., evil habit.

Onoc-Snotac, -415e, employed, mischievously gaged; ir reapp beit oiomaoin ná o., it is better to be idle than to be mischievously employed.

Onoc-zuroe, m., an ill-wish, a malediction.

Onoc-labantac, -aije, a., pert, saucy of speech.

Όμος-Lucz οιδμε, m. (collect.), evil workers.

Opoc-maintéal, m., bad mortar or plaster (O'N.).

Opoc-mairchead, m., a churning of milk.

Όμος-múinτe, α., saucy, insolent,

rude, ill-mannered. Opoc-mulpeann, f., a bad wife

(O'N.).Όμοċ-nór, -nór, -nóra, m., a pernicious custom.

Όροċ-οbaiμ, -οibμe, -οibμeaċa, f., evil work, mischief; stronger than onoc-żnó, which means work ill-done.

Όπος-μάο, g. -μάοα and -μάιο, pl. -páro and -pároce, m., an evil word or saying.

Όμος-μας, m., ill-luck, misfortune.

Όμος-μάη, m., ill-will, malice. Όμος-rmuainτιυζαό, -τιζές, pl. id., m., evil thinking, evil thought.

Onoc-rompta, m., bad example. Όρος-γτάιο, f., evil plight.

Όμοċ-ċárc, m., an evil rumour, a bad report.

Όμος-τοζα, f., a bad choice.

Όμος-τηάτ, m., an unsuitable time, an ill-chosen occasion.

Thoc-tuainim, f, an ill opinion. Όμος-τυλιμιτς, f., an evil report;

ill tidings; misinformation. Όμος-τυλη, m., evil foreboding. Opoc-curmeao, m., a bad de-

livery, a bad bringing forth

Opoc-uain, f., bad weather, inclement weather (of the duration of an ordinary storm).

Όμοιċ, -e, -eanna, f., a dwarf. Onoic- (onoc-), as prefix, bad. Opoic-béal, m., a saucy or abusive mouth: cá onoic-béat ain, he is given to saucy or abusive language.

Opoic-beaut, -beinte, f., an evil

Opoic-béar, -a, pl. id., m., a bad habit.

Όμοις-βέλγας, -λιζε, α., rude, illmannered, impolite.

Onoic-béaramail, -mla, a., dis-

dainful (U.).

Oμοιċ-ċeann, -ċinn, pl. id., m., a delicate head; an unkind master or nurse; zá ohoic-ceann azam, I am subject to headaches; 'rí an onoic-ceann oó í, she is an ill-nurse or feeder to him.

Oporc-ciall, f., bad sense or mean-

ing, double meaning.

Onoic-cine, m. and f., a perverse

nation, a perverse race.

Όμοιċ-ċteaċτaö, m., an evil habit. Opoic-dealb, g. -dealbe, d. -oeito, also g. -oeatoa, -beatb, pl. -bs, m. and f., deformity, an ill-shape.

Opoic-biot, m., an ill-payment, an ill-requital (onoic-oiosat?). Onoic-biolarbeact, -a, f., ill-

payment or requital.

Όμοι ceao, -c10, pl. id., m., a bridge; in Meath, Louth and adjoining portions of Ulster often applied to a village or town which has sprung up around a river bridge, e.g. Opoiceao Ceapballáin, Carlanstown (County Meath); Όμοι ceao baile áta reapionao, Ardee; Onoiceao a' Choinn, Bridge-a-chrinn; An Opoiceao, Drogheda, also Opoiceao Ata.

Opoic-éadac, -ais, -aise, m., a poor mean dress; clothes of a bad quality; gs. used as adj., cf. 30 ringit onoic-éavais an uinearbaro buóz, distressful, illclad, wanting shoes (song).

Opoic-éavail, -ála, f., ill-gotten gain, a trifling acquisition.

Opoic-ealabain, -ona, pl. id., f., a curious art; evil learning.

Onoic-eannao, -aio, pl. -aioe. -aoa, m., bad wares, stuff, etc.; fig., a person of bad character.

Onoic-freazna, -santa, pl. id., m., an unfavourable reply, an unsatisfactory or pert answer.

Όμοις-ζηίοώ, m., an evil deed, an ill turn.

Onoic-incinneac, -nize, a., illwilled, evil-minded.

Opoic-foc, m., bad pay (O'N).

Onoic-10mcan, -ain, m., ill-behav-

iour, misconduct.

Όμοις-10nnταόιδ, -e, f., an unfavourable suspicion, a want of confidence; bad prospect; ni't Aon onoic-ionneaoib agam ap, I do not distrust him.

Onoic-meanma, f., faint-heartedness; low spirits, languor.

Oμοιċ-mear, m., disrespect, contempt; le o., in contempt.

Onoic-mearta, a., of ill-repute; contemptuous.

Onoic-meirniuξαό, -niţte, pl. id., m., discouragement.

Onoic-mian, -meine, f., evil disposition; an evil desire.

Onoic-réao, m. or f., a vile wretch, a rascal.

Onoic-rearam, m., a weak, helpless resistance; ir reapp ceiceao mait 'ná onoic-rearam, a good retreat is better than a bad stand.

Onoic-reiceaduin, -una, -uinioe, m., a wicked executor.

Oμοιċ-reotaro, -tra, m., ill-advice, evil instruction, bad direction.

Όμοιċ-ἡιοτ, m,, a rascal, a villain. Όμοι όιο ἐτ (τηοιζιο ἐτ). Oplaordeact.

Opioisean, - \sin , - \sin , m., the blackthorn; baca onoisin, a blackthorn stick.

Opoiseanac, -aise, a., abounding in blackthorn.

Oporgnesc, -nig, m., thorns; a blackthorn; a shrubbery.

Opoisneán, -áin, m., blackthorn.

Opol, -oil, -ta, m., a pot-hook, a pot-rack.

Opollaine, g. id., pl. -piòe, m., an idler, a sluggard.

Onólann, -ainne, -anna, f., the chief intestine; in pl., the entrails; poet., the heart; ir Tinn Dán nonótainn, it is a heartache to me (Fer.); cf. the exclamation a onotann na breapt.

Onom, -a, pl. -anna, m., the back; a ridge, a hill; a roof of a house (the dat. form onom is always used of the human back in M.: an a onom, on his back; an a onuim, upon him, on his shoulders); na onomanna ouba, dire injunctions, such as are imposed by sorcerers; cuipim na opomanna terr, I declare vehemently against it. See onuim.

Onomać, -aiż, -aiże, m., a band or strap, with hooks at each end, passing over the horse's back in ploughing, and holding up the chains attached to the cuing or swingle-tree (Ker.); it is called onomaioe in Don., onomán in

Leinster.

Opomacán, -áin, pl. id., m., a backband.

Onomavon, -ona, -onnoe, m., a drummer; a dromedary.

Onomaide. See onomac.

Onomán, -áin, pl. id., m., the backband of a cart; plough-traces (also onomacán, onomac, onom-

Onom báro, m., the keel of a boat (Tory).

Opom-zonta, p. a., wounded in

the back. Opomtać, -aiż, -aiże, m., a large wide wooden vessel; a large tub (also spelled onotbac and onotimac). See Y. B. L., p. 106.

Opomlac, -ais, m., the chine or

back-bone; the back.

Opons, g. opuinse, d. opuins, voc. opong, pl. -a and opuinge, f., a multitude, folk, company, party, troop, tribe, persons, race; a part or division.

Opons-burbean, f., a multitude, folk, party; an immense com-

pany, a vast growd.

Oponn, g. opuinne, pl. -a, f., a hump on the back, a bent state of the back; tá ononn ain, he has his back bent (not necessarily permanently). Onumn is used as nom. in Co. Wat. Pron. onún.

Ononnac, -aize, a., white-backed; having white tufts; hunch-

backed.

Όμοππόζ, -όιζε, -όζa, f., a hump; the highest part of the back of an animal or of a ridge; a summit; a small burden; a hunchback.

Oponn-uille, f., a right angle. Oponn-uilleannac, -aize,

right-angled, rectangular. Onuao, -aio, m., a charmer, a

magician; a druid.

Όμυλο-ζοιπε, g.~id.,~f.,~ magic wounding.

Όμυδαό, -Διό, -Διόe, m., a name for a large, awkward cow, person, etc.

Όμάς, -A, pl. id., m. and f., dew; fig., beer, ale, whey, distilled liquor; any subtle or thin beverage; dim., onúccán and onúiccín; veoc vnúcta, any thin drink, nectar (nom.also ομάςτα, Don.)

Όμάς τάπ, -ám, m., a tiny drop; cheese whey.

Όμάςτ millτeac, m., mildew. Onuo, a jot, a syllable; in phr.,

níon Labain ré onuo, he did not utter a word; also, onuo ná onaboam, not a syllable (M.); outhor ná vatim (Don.); also onuro.

Όμυσαό, -στα, m., act of bringing together; as o. a nopanne,

grinning (Kea.).

Όμυς, -a, -anna, a drug, a medicine (A.).

Όμυζαιμε, g. id., pl. -μιόε, m., a drudge or slave.

Όμυζαιμεαότ, -a, f., bondage.

Όμυζατι, -ailt, m., shyness; laziness.

Onusallac, -aise, α., shy; lazy.

Όμωι ἐτίπ, g. id., m., a light dew; a species of small whitish snail. On May morning girls discovered the colour of the hair of their future husbands from the shade of colouring of the first ομωιτία they found: cf. cuaio γίαη τοπο α ομωίταίη.

Opúictín móna, g. id., m., an herb

used for dyeing the hair.

Όμυιό, ομυιόθας. See ομαοι, ομαοιόθας.

Όμυτο, -e, -eaca, f., a starling or stare (nom. also ομυτοε).

Opuroeo5, -015e, -05Δ, f., a stare or starling; τρυιοe05 (Don, and Mon.).

Opuroim, vl. id. and opuro, also opuroeamaint, v. intr. and tr., I close, shut; I push, drive; I move, come close to, unite with (with te or pe); as tr., I push, force, cause to retreat in a battle; opuro anonn, move away, etc.; opuroeann an τ-ocpar trom, I feel hunger; in U., and N. Con. opuro an opar = shut the door; with 6, I retreat, draw back, retire from.

Opuroum, -e, f., act of moving; approaching (with ne or te); retreating, retiring backwards (with ó). See v. opuroum.

Opuroce, p. a., closed, shut;

pushed, driven.

Onuim, g. onoma, pl. onomanna, m., the back (never used for the human back in M., where opom is always used); the top or upmost part; an a onom, on his back; an a onuim, on his shoulders or head; be o., because of; oá onum rin, for that reason, wherefore; o. an o., back to back; bí Ora ap o. na opoinze, God is vengeful on those who, etc. (Kea.); tá ré 'ran opum puaro opm, he is at loggerheads with me; na oóipre ounts an onuim an orultaro, the doors closed through inhospitality (U.); prop. ds. of onom, which see.

Όμαιm δηιγτε, m., a hunchback.

Opum-clao, -clavo, -claotaca,

m., a ridge-mound.

Oριμιπέτοπη, -inne, a., white-backed, white-ridged; bó ο̄μιμιπέτοπη, a white-backed cow (often spelled ο̄μιμιπεληπ).

Opulm-latt, f., a back thong; a thong of the back-skin; a welt or hem; a caul, covering for the

nead

Opum-leac, f., a tombstone laid horizontally over a grave.

Όμúις, -e, f., adultery, fornication; lust.

Oμύιτελό, -ριζε, α., adulterous, lustful.

Oμύιγεαṁαιί, -mila, α., lascivious, lustful.

Όμύιτεοιμ, -ομα, -οιμιόε, m., an adulterer; a wanton.

Oρuma, g. id., pl. -10e, m., a drum; opumatoe an Ruip, the drums of Ross, was a constant phrase in Kerry after Ross Castle became a military station; ní ούτρεο αο συμπατοε απ πυιρ é, the drums of Ross would not awaken him.

Όμυπασόιμ, -όμα, -όιμισe, m., a drummer.

Opumán, -ánn, pl. id., m., a ridge, a back, a summit; the backband of a cart-horse.

Opúnpaot, m., a light mist

(M.).

Oμúτ, -úιτe, -anna, f., a foolish girl, a harlot (O'N.); ομúτός, dim.

Oμúčlann, -ainne, -a, f., a house of ill-fame, a bawdy house, a

slum, a brothel (O'N.).

Ouaö, g. ouaiö, m., toil, trouble, hardship, difficulty, strait, sorrow; tá a tán o'a òuaò ráżatta azam, I have got a good deal of trouble from it (him).

Ouadamait, -mta, a., laborious, toilsome; also clownish, churl-

ish, boorish.

Ouadánac, -aig, -aige, m., a troublesome fellow.

Ouaoman, -aine, a., laborious, toilsome.

Ouarbreac, -rize, a., gloomy, irksome, stubborn, morose.

Ouaronéir, -e, f., trouble, difficulty.

Ouaitín, g. id., pl. -nioe, m., a bobbin, a little bundle of flax, straw, etc.

Ouanneact, poet. for ouanain-

Oualpc, -e, a., surly, stern, morose, unamiable.

Ouallicear, -cir, m., surliness.

Oualp, -e, -eanna, f., a reward, present, prize, wages; a bribe; stakes.

Ouaireac, -riže, a., generous, liberal, bountiful.

Ouat, -ait, m., law, part, duty, office; a patrimony; an inherent hereditary principle, what is according to kith or kind; nature; ba oual oó é oéanam, it was according to his kind to do it; custom, toll, fee (O'N.).

Oual, -ail, pl. id., m., a pin, a peg,

Oual, -ail, pl. id., gpl. oualac, m., a tress, a lock of hair; a fold of a cord, a strand of rope; oual tín, a sheaf of green flax (O'N).

Ouat, -aite, a., right, proper, becoming, inherent, natural.

Oualac, -aise, a., folded, plaited; in tresses.

Oualavoin, -ona, -oinive, m., a plaiter, a carver, an embroiderer. Oualaim, -ao, v. tr., I plait, fold,

weave, curve, braid.

Ouat bacac, m., a lame person. (?) Oualsar, -air, m., hire, wages,

tribute, duty; dues paid to the clergy (Aran); obligation.

Ouan, -aine, -anta, f., a poem, a song, a lay; a copy of verses; a canto (nom. also ouain); dim. ouanóz.

Ouanac, -aize, a., bardic, poetical, melodious.

Ouanaine, g. id., pl. -proe, m., a rhymer, a poet; a poetical

miscellany. (A book called Ouanaine pianair reinicéin is referred to by O'Brien and in MS. H 1. 7. T.C.D.; it contained many matters of historical interest; it is now, unhappily,

Ouanaineact, -a, f., act of reciting or composing verses; crying as

Ouar or ouair, labour, pain; cnead if ouair, the suffering of a cow immediately before death; "oona 'r ouair an attend your schoolmaster," an imprecation on quarrellers (W. Ker.).

Ouarac, -aiże, a., painful, toilsome (from ouar, labour, pain).

Ouarman, -aine, a., laborious, toilsome, troublous, difficult. Oub, gsf. ourbe, a., black, dark,

gloomy, morose, sad, severe (it is used as an intensive prefix).

Out, -uit, m., ink; black night; ó out 50 out, all day long.

Oubac, -a15, m., ink.

Oubac, -aiże, a., sad, mournful, sorrowful, melancholy, grieved, dejected.

Oubacán, -áin, pl. id., m., a blight; a small rick of turf; an inkwell, an ink-stand (O'N.).

Oubacan. See ouibeacan.

Oubacar, -cair, m., sadness, sorrow, melancholy.

Oubao, -bta, m., blackening, mourning; ríon-oubao, utter cheerlessness.

Oubaoán, -áin, pl. id., m., an inkstand; ink; soot, smut, blackball, smoke.

Oubazán, -ánn, pl. id., m., the deep; a bottomless pit (O'N.). See outbeagán and oubaigéan.

Oubaiséan, -éin, pl. id., m., the very deepest part, the greatest depth (O'N.); téim caopac 1 no., the jump of a sheep into the ocean, a rash act.

Oubsite, g. id., pl. -acs, f., a vice,

an evil habit.

Oubailceac, -ciże, a., vicious.

Oubailceap, -cip, m., vice, viciousness.

Oúbaite, -atea, f., act of doubling; an a oúbaite, two-fold, doubled.

Oúbaitτeaċ, -τiże, α., double; cunning.

Oubaim, -ao, I blacken, daub.

Oubaint. See aveinim.

Outaint ré oátaint ré, idle talk, hearsay.

Oubatta, p. a., doubled; clever,

deep-minded, cunning. Oubán, -áin, pl. id., m., a hook, a

snare; a fishing hook.
Oubán, -áin, pl. id., m., the kid-

Oubán, -áin, pl. id., m., the kidney.

Oubán-atta, -áin-atta, pl. id., m., a spider. See pabán-atta.

Oubán ceann-copac, -áin ceann-copaig, m., common self-heal, prunella vulgaris; also written oubán ceann-cap.

Out-cootao, m., a deep sleep.

Out-cor, f., a black foot, stem, or stalk.

Oub-copac, -αιζε, α., black-footed. Oub-copac, -αιζε, f., maiden-hair fern; also called τέ γεαιτρμεας, as it is used sometimes for tea (Aran).

Oub-choroeac, -orge, a., black-hearted, joyless, melancholic.

Oub-oánac, -aize, a., fatal.

Oub
option, m., "cold shoulder";

in phr., oub
o o cup pir an

paio

Oub-Satt, -aitt, pl. id., a Dane,

a foreigner.

Oub-żtap, -żtaipe, a., dark gray. Oub-żnúipeac, -piże, a., blackfaced.

Oub-zopm, -zunme, a., dark blue. Oubla, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a sheath; a lining, a covering.

Oub-lact, -a, m., corrupt produce (lit., black juice or milk).

Oublato, -e, a., ungenerous; ba o. an maire ouit, it was ungenerous of you; wintry; dark.

Outlaideact, -a, f., hard or severe part of winter; o. na bliadna (Don.); cf. outluadain (M.).

Oublaiteat, -tiże, -a., melan-

choly; serious, grave.

Out-tappac, -aite, a., black-flamed.

Out-lia, m., the pancreas. See

Oub-loclannac, -ais, -aise, m., a Dane.

Oubtozán, -ánn, m., a mote such as gets into the eye (Don.).

Out-lorcato, m., a complete con-

flagration.

Oubluacain, -cha, f., the worst part, the refuse; o. na bliaona,

the depth of winter.

Oub-luiże, m., misfortune; a black spell of sickness (common in imprecations, oub-luiże ρασα ομτ).

Oúbluiţim, -luţao and oúbaile, v. tr., I double, fold, repeat.

Oub 'na jeal; oub 'na jeal oo bualao (cun) ann, to impose upon him, to persuade him that black is white.

Oub-náma (-námaro), f., a mortal enemy.

Outnapur, -uir, m., impudence, assumption, arrogance.

Outnapurat, -aite, a., impudent,

assuming, arrogant.

Outpaoán, -áin, pl. id., m., a black mote or atom; a small particle such as gets into the eye; an insignificant person.

Oubpón, -óin, m., dire, bitter

sorrow; melancholy.

Oubμόπας, -αιζε, α., bitterly sorrowful; melancholy.

Oubṛtán, -áin, m., challenge, defiance; το το cup raon, to challenge; mo το rúτ, I defy you; 'ré το το é, it is as much as you can do.

Oub-ṛnám, m., a diving under water.

Oub-τρογιαό, m., rigorous abstinence or fast.

Oúo, -ú1o, pl. id., m., the ear, a tingling of the ear; a horn; a

smoking pipe; dim. oúroín, a short smoking pipe.

Ouoaine, g. id., pl. -nioe, m., one who blows a sounding horn; a trumpeter; a constant smoker.

Όύσός, -όιςe, -όςa, f., a box on the ear; a small horn or trumpet; a tobacco pipe (O'N. and Don.; ouroin also in Don.); also púrpeoz.

Ous, and oosa, m., a dock (for ships).

Ouzaroeact, -a, f., wharfage. Ouib- (oub-), black (an intensitive

prefix).

Ourb-breac, m., a young trout.

Ourb-cior, -a, -anna, m., a tribute; heavy rent.

Ourb-onitlest, -like, a, giving out black sparks.

Ourbe, g. id., f., blackness, gloom, ink; a stain.

Ouibeacan, -ain, m., darkness; a darkening; v. na horoče, dusk; τάιnις ο. món an na rpéantaib, a heavy darkness came over the heavens (also ouibtean).

Outbeacán, -áin, m., an abyss; a dark, deep hole; a pit.

Ourbeacán, -áin, m., potato blight (Mayo); oub, id. (Ker.).

Ouibeact, -a, f., blackness, darkness, stain.

Ou16-éavan, -ain, pl. id., m., a black forehead.

Ourbeagán, -áin, pl. id., m., depth; the deep; an abyss. See oubaizéan and ouibeacán.

Ouib-eazánac, -aize, a., deep, profound, bottomless.

Ouib-ealnac, -ais, -aise, m., a necromancer.

Ouibéan, m., a cormorant.

Ouit-Liat, -Léite, f., the spleen, the milt.

Ouib-Lionn, -leanna, f., melancholy; the spleen.

Ouib-Lionneac, -aije, a., melancholic, splenetic.

Ourb-néall, -néill, pl. -néallta, m., a black cloud.

Ouit-né, f., the first and last quarters of the moon; "dark moon"; a moonless portion of the night; orôce o., a night with "dark moon."

Ouib-rtiab, -rtéibe, -rtéibre, m.,

a black mountain.

Oúro, -e, f., the bottom of the neck. Oúroeán, -áin, pl. id., m., the neck, the throat.

Ouroin, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a short tobacco-pipe; a dram measure made of horn (dim. of our).

Oúit, -e, f., desire, appetite, longing; fondness; hope (with prep. 1); ní't oùit i mbainne azam, have no desire for milk; o'imtis mo ouit ar an mbiao, I lost my appetite for food (Aran).

Ouit, -e, pl. id., gpl. out, f., element; creature; o. oaonna,

human race.

Oúit, -e, f., distribution. See váit. Oúite, g. id., f., a substance, a creature. See ouil.

Ousteacán, -áin, pl. id., m., whiting.

Ouiteam, older g. ouiteaman, later ouilim, m., the Creator.

Ouitearc, -tirc, m., a kind of edible sea-plant; o. na habann, broad-leaved pond-weed.

Ourticin (ourblicin), g. id., pl. -roe, m., a shell growing on cneatnac.

Ountroeact, -a, f., act of distributing; partition, division.

Ouilizim, -liuzao, v. tr. and intr., I desire, I wish, I covet.

Outle, g. id., m., a leaf.

Ouilleaban, -ain, m., foliage, a leaf of a plant.

Ouilleaban réicleann, m., honeysuckle.

Ouilleaban rpuinne, m, coltsfoot. Ouillesc, -lize, a., leafy, leafclad.

Ouilleacán, -áin, pl. id., m., a pamphlet, an unbound booklet.

Ouilleoz, -015e, -03a, f., a leaf of a tree or book; oá taob na ouilteoise, both sides of the question; biteos, id. (M.).

Ouilleozac, -size, a., full of

small leaves.

Outleos bároce, f., water lily (nymphæa major aquatica).

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Ouilleos Onizoe, f., dock cresses, nipple wort (lapsana communis).

Oúillicín, g. id., m., a mussel. See

ouilicin.

Ouillisim, -iusao, v. intr., I bring forth leaves.

Ouilliorc na mbeann, m., mountain laver, a scruff growing on the face of mountain boulders. used in dyeing.

Ouill-miol, -mil, pl. id. and

-míola, m., a caterpillar.

Oume, g. id., pl. oaome, people, mankind; gpl. vaoineav or odoine, m., a man, human being, person, individual; a mortal (used of male or female, but generally male); employed without article=Fr. on, Germ. man, English one or they, as in "one goes," "they say"; Aon o., o. an bic, anyone, anybody; with neg., nobody; o. é151n, some one, somebody; an uite o., every one, everybody; a oume cóip, honest man! my good sir! o. tipe, peasant; o. uarat, gentleman, o. món, great man, nobleman; na vaoine móna, the gentry; rean-ouine, old

Oumeabact, -a, f., manslaughter

(O'N.).

Oumeamail, -mla, a., manly, like a man; worldly, natural.

Oumeamlact, -a, f., manliness, manhood; naturalness.

Oumeants, indec. a., humane.

Oumeantact, -a, f., humanity, kindness.

Ourne-manbao, m., homicide; (also ounmantad).

Dunne-manibiac, -aije, a., homicidal.

Ounn, prep. pr., 1st pl., to us, for us; emph. ouinn-ne, abbrev. ounne. See prep. vo.

Duinc, -e, -eanna, f., a dagger, a

dirk.

Oύιμε, g. id., f., gloom, sorrow; dulness, stupidity, insensibility; hardness, stubborness; cruelty, oppression.

Outpucin, g. id., pl. -roe, m., anything very small; a little fellow.

Ouinling, -e, -te, f., a row of boulders thrown up on the coast by the storm; a rocky promontory (Clare); pron. voipling in Don., where it means a rude breakwater; ní tia cloca na ouintinge ná 140 (Con.). See cuipting.

Oúiμ-teac, m., a house of penance and prayer; a prison, a jail. See

véan-teac.

Ourreim, -ceso, v. tr., I awake. Oúireacτ, -a, f., watchfulness, vigilance; an awakening, rousing.

Our peat, -pit, pl. id., m., a sprout;a cloud; gloom; a flute, a pipe; a spout; he gut oo ourreat.

See Ps., xlii, 7.

Ouirizim, vl. ouireact ourcao, v. tr. and intr., I awaken, awake, wake up, arouse.

Ouirim. See ouirizim.

Ourrin, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a dozen; a hank of yarn of twelve cuts, each cut containing 120 threads. Ouiriuzao, -izte, m., act of

awakening (rare).

Ouit, prep. pr., 2nd s., to thee, for thee; emph. ouit-re. See prep.

Oúitis. See oútais.

Out, -a and -ta, vl. n. m., act of going, getting, securing (used in meanings of céroim); going over to the other world, death; idiom, construction; ni'l son out ait rin azac, you have no chance of obtaining that; out an azaro, to prosper; out an, to reach; rin é an out ceapt, that is the proper construction (in grammar); tá out an béanta Ain, it is in the English construction; ni'l aon out usio te, 7c., there is no excelling him with, etc. (N. Con.).

Out, -uit, pl. id., m., a snare, a trap; a loop, a net; a gin; a syringe; a wedge, a pin; a knot in wood. See oot.

Outs, g. id., pl. -1 oe, m., a wedge,

a peg, a pin (also oota).

Oulaim, vl. ouilioeact and oulanact, v. tr., I ensnare, entrap, catch with a net, catch with a loop.

Oútamán (oub-tomán), -áin, m., edible seaweed (in season in

March).

Oulán, -áin, pl. id., m., a cork, a plug, a peg, a pin, a wedge.

Outarac, -aize, a., eager, vehement; 30 oána o. (Kea.).

Outban, -aine, a., doleful, unpleasant (O'R.).

Oulbanact, -a, f., dolefulness, misery, unpleasantness.

Outcán, -áin, m., avarice, covetousness.

Oulcánac, -aije, a., covetous; miserable, pitiful; dirty.

Outcánacz, -a, f., greed, avarice. Out 5110mac, m., a wicker-work lobster-pot, a kind of crib in which lobster is preserved in the salt water. See out, a trap.

Oútrát, m., one's fill, what one needs or requires, full satisfaction; bain oo o. ar, take as much as you can out of it, satisfy your mind on it (Ker.).

Oútuize, p. a., earnest, fervent; oo mattaccuis rí é so outuiste, she cursed him fervently.

Oumac, -aize, a., misty, dark (O, N.).

Oumar, -air, m., act of pretending; as oumar beit tinn, pretending to be sick (Cork).

Oumarac, m., light, peaty soil

(Don.).

Oumrac, -aise, a., dark, dismal,

gloomy.

Oun, g. ouin and ouna, pl. ouin, ounce, ounce and ounce, m., a fort, a fortress, castle, royal residence, fortified mansion.

Ounso, -ncs, m., act of closing up, barring, fastening.

Ounaim, -ao, v. tr., I close, shut: bar, fasten, secure, barricade, lace, clasp, button; also intr., I close round, hem in (with Att).

Our

Ounán, -áin, pl. id., m., a manni-

kin. See vonán.

Oúnán, -áin, pl. id., m., a little hill or fort; a small mansion.

Oún-áμur, -Διr, m., a dwelling, a habitation.

Ounoantán, -áin, pl. id., m., a dunce (Don.).

Oún-tior, m., a palace, a fortified residence.

Ounlur, -uir, m., knotted fig-wort

(scrophularia nodosa).

Ounmanbad. -bta, m., act of murdering, murder; mantato 7 ounmantao, manslaughter and murder (Donl.).

Ounmandam, -bao, v. tr., commit homicide, murder.

Ounmanbtac, -aite, α., derous, homicidal.

homicide, a murderer.

a murderer.

Όίη-ροης, -uiης, pl. id., m., a fortified castle, a town or residence.

Ounta, p. a., closed, shut, barred, secured.

Ountac, -aite, a., bound; close, tenacious; costive.

Oύμ, gsf. oύιμε, a., hard, stern; stupid, obstinate; withered, sere, hardened, like aged wood (of the heart); rean-choide oun (O'Ra.).

Oupabán, -áin, m., a rich, sandy,

soil (Aran).

Oupaván. See oubpaván.

Ούμασάη, -áin, pl. id., m., a stubborn, obstinate person.

Ό ή τ a mán, - á in, pl. id., m., a dunce; σόμαμάη (Don.).

Ούμάητα, indec. a., rigid, morose. Oύμάπτας, -a, f., stiffness, hard-

ness, moroseness.

Oupar, -air, pl. id., m., a house, a habitation.

Oúp-bo $\dot{\tau}$, f., a cell, an oratory; a miserable hovel.

Uún-ctuarac, -aiże, α., hard of hearing.

Oún-choroeac, -orze, a., hard-

hearted.

Ouroat, -ait, pl. id., m., a cooing. Όμησάη, -áin, pl. id., m., a mote, a particle of dust; a murmur, a purring. See oubhaván.

Ounzánta, indec. a., surly, sour,

repulsive.

Ountar, -air, m., a strong fort; cf. Thurles.

Ountur, g. -tuir and -tora, pl.

-lora, m., water-cress.

Oun-malaroeacc, -a, f., knitting

the eyebrows $(O'N_{\bullet})$.

Ouppan m., grief, pity; ip ouppan tiom, I feel aggrieved at (also vionran).

Our, our-ana, m., a client (O'N). Ούγας, -a, f., watchfulness, wakefulness. See ouireact.

Oúr-áιτ, f., a place of refuge or

Ourapact, -a, f., crying, complaining; impertinence of reply (also porameact).

Ούγcao, -cta, m., state of being

awake.

Ourcaineact, -a, f., act of doing lighter work about a house (Don.); also viorcaineact.

Ourcamac, -aije, $a_{\cdot \cdot}$ rakish,

courageous (Con.). Ourcán, -áin, pl. id., m., a bundle,

a parcel (Con.). Ouróς, -όιςe, -όςa, f., a woman

client (O'N.).

Ouróstac, m., a man client (ON). Oύτλιζ, g., -e and oúiτce, pl. id.

and ouiccioe, f., a county; estate, land; fig., a great number; bí an oútait aca ann, there was a great number of them there.

Outain, -e, a., transient.

Outain, -e, f., deceit.

Outcar, -carp, -cara, m., one's own country; birthright, hereditary instinct; ba outcar oó Beit 'n-a rcotaine, he inherited (capacity for) learning; as imteact te n-a outcar, giving himself free rein, enjoying himself; ni't ré az cabainc an outcair teir, he is not "taking after" his family.

Oύτcarac, -aiξe, a., of or belonging to one's country; inherent,

inherited.

Όύτριος, -Διζ, -Διζε, m., a founda-

Όμτρας, -a, f., diligence, earnestness, assiduity, zeal; something more than what is due, an extra given through friendship; tuz rí o. oó, she gave him extra fare, etc.; pinn mé o. leir, I did my best with it, I did it zealously.

Oύτηαςτας, -aiζe, a., diligent, zealous, earnest, fervent, kind.

e (eadad or eadad, the aspen tree), the fifth letter of the Modern Irish Alphabet.

é, neg. prefix (és before broadvowelled syllables, and é1 before slender-vowelled syllables).

e! interj., expressing wonder, grief; often strengthening an interrogation; also in reponse to a call, summons, or address, signifying well! yes! as, A Seasan! e! I say, John! Well!

é, pers. prn., he, it; in nom. and acc., ir é, it is he; ir rean é, he is a man; réantan é, he or it is avoided.

ea, neg. prefix, as éascóin, injustice, etc. See é (prefix). Éaba, g. id., f., Eve.

eabao, -aio, pl. -aoa, -aioe, m., the aspen tree, which gives its name to the letter e; any diphthong beginning with e, as contained in the old grammatical rhyme, Cúis heabada rór 30 coitcionn; e i othr sac eabaio áin," etc. (also esoso).

éabal, -ail, pl. id., m., a fire, a

spark, a brand (O'N.).

Esballac, -size, a., unspotted, unchequered, unspeckled (O'N.).

eablaim, -bail(v), v. intr. (obs.), I die, perish, fall.

ÉABLÁTAC, -taije, a., blossomless,

flowerless (O'N.).

eabna, g. id., m., the Hebrew tongue (now eabpair).

eathac, - a_1 ; pl. id., m., a Hebrew,

a Jew.

eabnac, -aize, a., Hebrew, Jewish. eabpaoac, -ais, pl. id., m., a Hebrew; one belonging to the Hebrew nation.

Cabnarde, indec. a., Hebrew.

eabharoeac, -oiż, pl. id., m., a Hebrew, a Jew.

 $_{
m the}$ eabhair, -e, f.,

language.

Éaburbeac, -bize, a., ungrateful, thankless (O'N.).

Eabun, -unn, m., ivory.

esc, g. eic, pl. id. and eschs, escharo (orig. a collective), m., a horse, a steed; eac uirce, a mythical horse supposed to inhabit the lakes of Connacht and Donegal; an muin an eic, on horseback; rip na n-eac, horsemen; oe coir nó o'eac, on foot or on horseback, willynilly; eac páir, a race-horse; cóirce ré n-eac, a coach and six.

eacac, -aize, a., abounding in

horses.

escaro, m., a horseman (also a proper name).

eacán, -áin, pl. id., m., a reel to wind yarn.

eacan, -ain, m., wind, storm; eacan zaoite, a whirlwind.

eacanac, -aiże, α ., stormy, windy. esclair, -e, -ioe, f.; a lazy, slovenly woman; a slattern (used also of a man).

eactann, -ainne, -anna, f., a

stable.

esclare, -airce, -a, f., a rod, a whip, a horse-lash.

eactarcaim, -arcao, v. tr., 1 horsewhip, I lash.

esc-tust, a., of the swift steeds (Kea. F. F.).

escmaine, g. id., pl. -proe, m., a stallion.

eacmaine, -e, f., desire of copulation in horses; act of copulation; raoi eacmaint, said of a mare in season.

eacharo, -e, f., (collect.), steeds, horses, cavalry; eacharo 'cap-Laib, a team of horses; sometimes spelt eacha, eachao.

eachann, -ainn, pl. id., m., an impediment, an entanglement:

a quarrel. See achann.

eachannac, -aite, a., intricate, entangled, quarrelsome.

achannac.

eact, -a, pl. id., m., a covenant, a thing; a state, a condition, a deed, an act; a heroic exploit; prowess (T. G.); a catastrophe; a sorrowful event, a great loss; an t-éact do daoinib, a wondrous lot of people.

Ēactac, - α ; e, α ., wonderful;

deed-doing, powerful.

Éactaim, -ao, v. tr., I do, I act, I enact.

Θαόταιμε, $g.\ id.,\ pl.$ -μιόε, $m.,\ an$ historian, a chronicler.

Eactaineact, -a, f., history, histo-

riography.

елстра, g. id., pl. -roe, m., an expedition, an adventure, enterprise, action; a history, a story; an bruit son escops agat? have you any news? oo cuaro an eactha, he went on an expedition (Kea., F. F.); usually followed by ap, as eactha ap Fronn mac Cumarll 7 ap an nzaircióeac, a story about F. son of C. and the Giant.

eacthann, -ainn, pl. id., m., an

alien, a foreigne

eacthannac, -ais, pl. id. and -aise, m., a foreigner, an adventurer.

eacthannaim, -nao, v. tr., I banish

(O'N.).

eao, it; is never used except with the assertive verb ip, or neg. ní; Jupab eao, may it be so; an eao, is it? forsoooth! ir eao, 'reao, it is, yes, it is then, it is there; má ip eao, má'peao, if it is; ní h-eao, it is not, not

so, nay, no; ir ead or 'read is used in apodosis, answering to ηυλιη (Δη τράτ, τράτ, etc.), σά méao (oá aoinoe, etc.), 'n-a 10nao rain, etc., or to a particular time or place mentioned, in prodosis, e.g., nuain a cuaio mé ruar 50 Saillim 'read carad Seasán ua máille onm, when I went up to Galway 'tis there (or then) I met John O'Malley; oá doimne an coban 'read ir Staine an t-uirce, the deeper the well, the clearer the water; 1 mbaile Cláin na Saillime read codail mé apéip, in Clare-Galway (it is there) I slept last night; an maioin moé 'reao connac é, yesterday morning (it is then) I saw him, etc.; 17 amlaro is preferred after vá méav, etc., in Con. and U., and after 'n-a 10nao rain in M., e.g., vá méav v'á breicim oe, ir amtaio ir luža mo žnaoi A171 (Con.), 1r 1u $\dot{5}$ a $\dot{5}$ a $\dot{6}$ a $\dot{6}$ 1 $\dot{7}$ 0 a $\dot{5}$ am $\dot{6}$ 1 $\dot{7}$ 1 (\dot{U} .) = oá méao oo-cím é 'read ir luża mo cion aip (M.), the more I see him, the less I like him; in U. and Mea. 'ré is used for 'reao after nuain, an chát, chát, etc., e.g., nuain a cuataro Riocáno an rcéal reo 'ré léim ré man bocán beaz zabann, when Rickard heard this news ('tis then) he leaped like a young buck-goat; and 'ré an puo after 1 n-áit, e.g., 1 n-áit a out as obain 'ré an nuo a téio cú 50 τιζ το comappan, instead of going to work ('tis how) you go to the neighbour's house (=in M., 1 n-10nao Luize an obain ir amlaro téroeann cú 30 ciz oo comappan).

éao, -a, m., jealousy, obloquy, suspicion, reproach, zeal; cataite an éaoa, the crime of

jealousy.

éao, a negative particle coming before vowels or p, z and o in compounds.

eaoao, -aro, m., the aspen tree, the name of the fifth letter of the modern Irish alphabet.

eaváit, -e, f., Italy (also eaváin). éaváit, -áta, f., booty, plunder, gain, riches, profit, benefit; excess, increase; hope.

Éaváiteac, -tiże, a., rich, profi-

table (also éaoátac).

eaváilir, -e, f., the Italian language. See 10váilir.

éavainzean, -zne, a., weak, un-

protected.

éavaingneact, -a, f., weakness, insecurity.

Éaoaine, g. id., pl. -proe, m. a jealous person.

eaoaineact, -a, f., jealousy, envy. eaoátac, -aize, a., lucrative, profitable, gain-giving; wealthy, rich.

éadan, -ain, pl. id., m., the forehead; face, countenance; brow (of mountain); 1 n-éadan na huaipe, every hour; ap an éadan, fully, entirely (Mon.), in Don. ap éadan; te héadan, in face of; 1 n-éadan, against; 1 n-éadan na habann, against the stream.

Éavanán, -áin, pl. id. and -ánta, m., a frontlet.

eadan (e1011), prep., between.

eaoaη-ἀσδάι, -άια, f., going between, intervention, peacemaking; reap na heaoaη-ἀσδάια, the peacemaker, the gobetween; ní τέιτοε ann reap na heaoaη-ἀσδάια αγ, the peacemaker or go-between (in a conflict) does not escape (blows).

earan-żánarie, g. id., pl. -arite, m., a mediator.

eaoaμ-żurże, g. id., f., intercession, supplication, mediation.

eadap-żurożeorp, -ορια, -οιμιόe, m., an intercessor, a suppliant, a mediator.

earan-tuar, m., excitement, fussiness, flurry (W. Ker.).

eadajinaioe, g. id., m., ambush, ambuscade.

eavannaideac, -dize, a., crafty, cunning, malicious.

eadapreait, - áta, f., act of separ-

ating quarrellers (Cork).

earation; a parting, a separation; interposition; idipircin (Meath and Don.); madanircín (Tory).

eadappeapao, -pica, m., divorce,

separation.

eavan-jotar, -air, m., twilight, eventide.

Capanituo (also eapanituái), m., the morning milking time; the time spent by cattle in waiting to be milked; véanaro na ba rearca réin an c-eavaprivo, even dry cows avail themselves of the milking time (the repose given thereat); coolso heavantuo, a long morning sleep (till about 9 o'c. a.m.); Tomnac na n-eadappurde, a Sunday somewhere about May, when cows are brought to the milking yard for the first time in the year; an t-eavapruo vo oéanam, to retire for milking (said of cows); dinner-time (M.); coolao zo heavapjuo, as in the prov., an té 50 otéroeann ceipt na mocoipize amac aip, ní cáp vó covlav zo heavan-

Earry value, f, intolerance,

impatience.

Earmanneact, -a, f., jealousy.

Earman, -aine, a., jealous, envious.

Espair, -sir, m., despair, lack of hope (also éavoticar).

Éapócarac, a., -aize, hopeless, despondent.

Esocimin, -mine, a., shallow.

eadoippeact, -a, f., naturalization (O'N.).

eασόιμητιζιπ, -ιυζαό, v. tr., Inaturalise (O'N.).

eardingiste, p. a., naturalized (O,N.).

eacon, eacon, to wit, namely, that is, i.e., viz., that is to say; commonly written .1.

eaconta, prep. prn. 3rd pl., between them. See 10111.

eachaib, prep, prn., 2nd pl., be-See 10111. tween you.

eachainn, prep. prn., 1st. pl., between us, in our midst.

Eastailibeac, -bize, α ., unprofit-

able, useless.

ÉAOCOIPTEAC, -tize, a., unfruitful. ÉAOTOPTAP, -AIP, m., mediocrity. Exotheorp, -opa, f., imbecility,

irresolution.

Éautheonac, -aite, a., weak, irresolute; ignorant of the way.

Earthócaine, g. id., J., cruelty, unmercifulness; somet. éaothó-

Eauthócaineac, -niże, a., unmer-

ciful, merciless.

eauthom, -nuime, a., light, nimble, guick; frivolous, fatuous; zá ré éaothom 'n-a ceann, he is a little touched.

Ēλοτηοmacán, -áin, m., lightness,

ease, comfort.

Eauthomaioe, pl., m., the lights

(of an animal).

Ελοτμοπάη, -άιη, pl. id., m.; the bladder; a football; a frivolous reason; a light, miserable, good-for-nothing person.

Esochomuzso, -uizce, m., act of

lightening; alleviation.

Eauthomuizim,-madand-muzad, v. tr., I alleviate, lighten.

Éarthomuite, p. a., lightened. блотринте, g. id., f., lightness,

dizziness. Éaotualanz, -ainze, f., unbearable suffering; injury, intoler-

ance, harshness. ÉADUŽAO, -uižte, m., the act of

clothing, dressing. $\dot{\mathbf{e}}$ aoui $\dot{\mathbf{g}}$ im, -u $\dot{\mathbf{g}}$ a $\dot{\mathbf{o}}$, v.~tr., \mathbf{I} clothe,

I dress in armour. ÉADUITEOIN, -ONA, -OINIOE, m., a

tailor, a clothier.

eas, -a, pl. id., m., death, extinction (somet. pl. in singular sense); an lán az an éaz, lifeless, dead; 1 oceannosib éasa, in the grip of death; cuaro an commeat 1 n-éaz, the candle went out; in phr. 30 héaz, for ever, intensive; ca cheroim 30 héaz, I'll never believe (Mea.).; μιτ 30 héaz, "run like mad"; τά Σαεόιτζ 30 héaz αιζε, he has endless Irish, he has abundance of Irish speech; τά γέ 30 héaz teir an ηζαεόιτζ, he is mad about Irish (U.); τά αη τείπε ας out i n-éaz, the fire is going out (in parts of M. and in Don., out a σ'éaz is used).

ész, neg. prefix, not, un-, in-. See

é۵.

éazaım, -zaō, v. intr., I die, perish, expire, become quenched; o'éaz ré=ruain ré bár.

easat, -sta, f., fear, dread, timidity; ip easat teip, he fears, is afraid; ip easat oo, he has reason to fear.

eazalac, -aiże, a., afraid, timor-

ous (also eaglac).

éazan, -ain, pl. id., m., a wanderer. eazán, -áin, m., an abyss, an unfathomable depth; cuaio an báo zo zóin eazáin, the beat sank (Om.); hence συιτεαζάη (συτ + eazán). See aizéan.

eazán, -áin, pl. id., m., a bird's

gizzard. See uzán.

easan, -ann, pl. id., m., order, arrangement; a row; a bank; a bin; spelling (for easan na titheac) (Tadhg O'Con., Bil. Gram.); rean easann, one who puts something in order, an editor; cunnim in-easan, I arrange, set in order, I edit.

eazaptóip, -ópa, -óipioe, m., an arranger, one who puts in order;

an editor (recent).

éazcaoine, g. id., f., act of complaining, lamenting, death-wail-

ing.

- ÉASCAOINIM, -nead, and -ne, v. tr., I complain, lament, complain of; ná héascaoin do tuitire, do not complain of your fatigue or trouble.
- éazcaointeac, -tiże, a., mournful, querulous, lamenting.

éazcoimpeac, -piţe, a., immoderate.

Eascoimpio, -e, a., inestimable.

Θαζεόιη, -όηα, f., a crime; wrong, injustice, iniquity, unrighteousness; τά ρέ 'ραη έ. τόι το πόη, he wrongs them greatly (thereby) (Don.); ταοι 'ραη έ., you are astray, you are on the wrong road (M.); τά αη έ. αζατ, you are wrong (M.).

éascomlaim, -ao, v. tr., I omit,

exclude.

éascomtann, -ann, m., oppression tyranny, injustice, injury; anguish; unequal contest (Kea., F. F.).

éascometom, m., unevenness, unsteady beat (as of the pulse); irregularity, inequality, unfairness, injustice, oppression.

éascópac, -aise, a., unjust,

wrong-doing, oppressive.

Éλζοόμιιζτε, p. a., wronged, treated unjustly, injured.

 éazcormait, -ramta, α., unlike, diverse, various, dissimilar; é.
 te, dissimilar to, different from.

eascopmante, g. id., f., disparity, dissimilitude; it is followed by te when contrast is intended.

éascopmanteact, -a, f., diversity, dissimilitude (with te, of thing contrasted with) (also éascopmatact).

Eazchábao, -aro, m., impiety, indevotion.

Éazcháitteat, -tiże, a., unbelieving, irreligious, impious.

Éaz-chit, -cheata, m., the trembling of death.

éaschuaðar, -vair, pl. id., m., infirmity, malady, fever (also éaschuar).

easchuaro, -e, a., infirm, sick, weak, powerless, impotent; τά γέι n-é., he appears wretchedly infirm.

Easchut, -nota, m., deformity;

dismay, terror.

eagla, g. id., f., fear, timidity, terror, fright; eagla to beit an, to be afraid, to fear; an

eazla zo, te heazla zo, for fear that, lest that; an eazla ná, fearing lest. See eazal.

eastac, -aise, a., afraid, timorous; beas-eastac, fearless, epithet

of an ancient king.

eastam, vl. and imper. eastat, v. tr., I fear, I dread; I cause to fear.

eastair, -e, pl. -ive and -eaca, f., the Church; a church; the clergy; a clergyman (Mayo).

eastaireac, -rise, a., of or belonging to the Church or clergy.

eastaireac, -ris, -rise, m., a churchman, an ecclesiastic.

eastaireamail, -mts, a., pertaining to the Church or clergy.

eastarta, a., ecclesiastical.

eastartact, -a, f., the hierarchy or governing body of the Church (P. O'C.).

eaz-tiop, -teaps, pl. id., m., a churchyard, a burying-ground.

eastużao, -uiżce, m., act of fearing; also act of frightening, terrifying.

eastuisim, -użao, v. tr. and intr., I fear; I frighten, I terrify.

eagmair, -e, f., want, need, lack, absence of; in-éagmair, in want of (with gen.); in-a éagmair, in want of it.

éazmair, -e, f., reputation, fame,

great importance.

eaşmaireac, a., very great, excessive.

eagna, g. id., f., wisdom, prudence. eagnac, -aige, a., wise, prudent, discreet.

éagnac, -aige, a., murmuring, complaining, grumbling, lamenting; as caoi so héagnac, bitterly lamenting.

éagnac, -aig, m., reproach, cause of grief; resentment; blasphemy; a blemish; a satire; agéagnac

ap, grumbling against.
eaznac, -aiz, -aize, m., a wise

person, a sage.

eagnato, -a, f., prudence, wisdom. eagnatoe, a., wise; expert, skilful.

eagnaioeac, -oig, m., a wise man. eagnaioeac, -oige, a., prudent, wise.

eagnaioeact, -a, f., science, wisdom.

eagnuroe, g. id., pl. id., m., a wise man, a prudent man; a philosopher.

eagnuizim, -uzao, v. intr., I be-

come wise.

eagnuizim, vl. éagnac, v. intr., I growl, grumble, murmur against (aμ).

easpaim (easpuisim), -saipt, v. tr., I set in order; digest, ordain, regulate; I edit (as a book, etc.).

éagramait, -mta, a., various, manifold, different, dissimilar, mongrel, mixed; strange, surprising; matchless, incomparable; é. te, dissimilar to, different from.

éaspamatta, indec. a., strange, extraordinary, terrible (Mea.).

éagramtact, -a, f., variety, diversity, dissimilitude; wonder, strangeness.

Eagramluizim, -użao, v. tr., I

diversify.

eata, g. id., pl. -1oe, f., a swan. eata-ean, f., a swan-like woman,

a fair lady.

eatac, -aiże, a., swan-like;

abounding in swans.

ealada, -n, -ona, f., learning, science, art, skill; a trade or occupation; shamming, pretence; ni't ain acc eataoa(in) (he is not sick), he is only pretending; ir breatta i an veinc 'na ceino ir eataba, begging is better than a trade or craft (Fr. Eng.); raothužao na n-ealaoan, the cultivation of the sciences (Kea., F. F.); nom. also eataoain; estadam beadad, a trade, a means of living; ní heataoa oo, "it is not for," it does not befit, e.g., ní he. oo oume an Truén a baint de réin man olc an a cionnaistib, it is not (fitting) for a person to cut off his nose to spite his face (M.).

estadants, indec. a., curious, artificial, ingenious, learned; quick, ready, apt; cute, cunning; pretending.

ealabantac, -aije, a., scientific,

learned, quick.

eataoanτόιη, -όηα, -όιμιοε, m., a learned person, an ingenious person, one skilled in learning, a scientist.

ealaonac, -aiże, a., curious, ingenious, learned, quick; witty,

artful.

éalang, -aing, pl. id., m., an impediment, a hindrance (Con.); an opportunity, an unguarded moment; a fault, flaw; a weakness, an ailment; ruain rééalang ain, he got an unguarded moment in which to attack, etc., him; usually éalag in W. Muns. (also éalain).

ealan, -ann, m., salt (0'N.).

eatanac, -aiże, a., salt, salty (O'N.).

ealapair, -a, f., saltiness (O'N.). ealapair, -pu $\dot{S}a\dot{o}$, v. tr., I salt,

I pickle (O'N.).

estő, -a, -aróe, m., a flock, a herd, a drove; dims. estőán estőán and estsőán (Don.) (nom. sing. somet. estőa).

eatza, a., noble, brave, honourable; 1mp eatza, poet. 1mp ettze, Ireland. See atza.

eatzaim, -za \dot{o} , v. tr., I ennoble (O'N.).

eatt, -a, - τ a, m., an essay, a trial, a proof (O'N). See at τ .

eattac, -aiż, m., cattle of any kind; household goods, furniture.

eatlac, -aise, a., belonging to a

herd, gregarious.

eattread, -ard, m., "gadding," running furiously in the heat

(as cattle, etc.) (O'N.).

éalóö, (éalógaó, poet.), m., act of going off stealthily or quietly, eloping; a passage for boats between two rocks or between a rock and the mainland (Don.). See éalugaó.

- eatra, -n, -ca, f., a flock of birds, herd, drove, troop, crowd; a tribe.
- ealtaė, -aiże, a., abounding in birds.
- eattán, -áin, pl. id., m., a strong, sharp instrument; a razor; dim. eattáinín and aittín (also attán).
- eatróg, -óige, -óga, f., any flighty, wild, bird-like creature; eatróg teatain, a bat (P.O'C.); iattróg (míotróg, rciatán) teatain, id.

éalużao, -uiże, m., the act of going off stealthily or quietly,

eloping.

Éaluioteat, -tit, m., a deserter,

one in revolt.

Ealuiţim, -uţaċ and éalċċ, v. intr., I steal away, go away

quietly; elope.

Ean (aon), one, anyone, any; used in composition, as 1 n-éan-batt, in any place; ní paib éan-oúit azam ann, I had no desire for it. The form éin is used before words beginning with a slender vowel or consonant, as 'bruit ém-eactha agat, have you any news? Ean sometimes prefixes to words beginning with r, as éan-τρόητ, éan-τραζαρ, 7c. Somet. in poet. pron. short in U., destroying government, e.g., ni'l agam an an craogal acc cnáma an ean-bó (pron. kraa'wă nan wō) (old song). See son.

éan, g. éin, pl. id., m., a bird, a fowl; éan rionn, a white bird,

a kite; pl. also éanaca.

Ean, g. ein, pl. id., m., the semicircular piece of the gunwale passing round at the bow and immediately in front of the fore paddler (Tory).

éan, éanvact, 7c., one, etc. See

aon, aonoact, 7c.

eanac, -aiż, -aiże, m., a pass, a road (also anac).

eanac, -aise, α ., clean; free from $\sin (O'N.)$.

eanac, -aiż, -aiże, m., a lake, a

pond, a watery place; a fen, a marsh, a swamp; frequent in place names, as na heanaige, a townland in Glenflesk (Co. Kerry); eanac beag and eanac móμ, Annaghbeg and Annaghmore, townlands in Magunihy (Co. Kerry); ná bí 1 στώγ eanaig ná 1 πσειμεασ coitteaσ (Con.); na heanaige, Annies (near Dundalk).

Canac zapparoe, m., endive.

eanadoin, -ona, -onnice, m., a fowler, a bird-catcher; a bird-fancier.

Éanaine, g. id., pl. -piroe, m., a fowler, a bird-catcher; a dealer in birds.

eanz, g. einze, f., a track, footstep, footprint; land, territory; a border; a year; the voice; a shield (O'N.); cé τά an eanz zo τeann az τόμμας, though the land is bursting with produce (Fer.).

eansa, g. id., pl. -aroe, f., a

notch.

eanξαċ, -aiże, -aċa, f., a fishing net; a chain of nets for herring or salmon fishing; a drag-net; bιομάπ eanξαιże, m., a needle for mending nets.

eanzaċ, -aiże, a., talkative, vociferous; abounding in shields

(O'N.).

eanglac, -aig, m., the numbness caused by great cold (Con.

and Don.).

eanstair, -e, f., gruel; milk and water; any weak drink; eanstair té, weak tea; ánotair (Don.) See anstair.

eanstaireac, -rije, a., cross-

grained, cranky (Con.).

eangnam, -aim, m., dexterity at arms.

Éantait, f. (coll.), birds in general; bird-flocks; éantaite somet. used in the pl., as éantaite an eappait, Spring birds (McD.).

Eanlann, -ainne, -a, f., an aviary

(also éanaván).

Éantuisteoip, -opa, -oipide, m.,

a poulterer; a fowler; a bird-catcher.

éan-rátao; o'éan-rátao, at once; a simultaneous advance or charge.

éan-voirc; o'éan-voirc, on purpose; lit., in one bulk.

Éληλό, -μόλ, m., a refusal, denial, fear, terror, distrust.

Éapaim, -paò, v. tr., I refuse, I

deny.

eapball, -aill, pl. id., m., a tail; a trail or train; a remnant; the end; i n-eapball a teapa, at the end of its heat, as it (food, etc.) begins to get cold; nuball (Don. and Con.); opiuball (Connemara).

eape, -a, pl. id., and eape (coll.), f., any animal of the cow kind; a litter of pigs; a trout, a salmon (eape = speckled); oo geall re na hunge of na heape oó, he promised him everything.

eatic, -a, pl. id., f., a bee, a wasp, a hornet, a gadfly, an ant, generally a fly or insect that stings like the newt or lizard

(eanc luacha).

eape, -a, f., the heavenly arch; a vault; a rainbow, water; honey (O'N).

eanc, gsf. ennce, a., bloody, blood-

red (O'N.).

eapeao, -cta, m., act of recruiting

for the army (O'N.).

eapcait, -e, f., prohibition; a threshold, a prop, a pillar, a post; a leader, a stay, a protector; the name for Hercules (sometimes written eapcait).

eapcaine, g. id., pl. -proe, m., one who recruits, a recruiting officer

(O'N.).

eapcán, -áin, pl. id., m., a heifer calf; a banbh, eapcán battáin oeipiö, the piglet which sucks the hindermost teat of all (Der.), cf. Farney prov., ná τός τρό μοι teip na heapca; in South Muns. this banb is called ίος ταμ neioín; a greedy child. See eapc and ίος ταμάn.

eape tuacha, a newt, a lizard; eape rtéibe, id.

ean-rtaitear, -tir, m., an aristo-

ean-zabáit, -áta, f., captivity, bondage.

ean-zabaim, -zabáit, v. tr., I apprehend, lay hold of, make

prisoner.

eaplam, -aim, m., a patron, the founder of a church, etc.; a noble person; a prince, an earl; áipo-eaplam na héipeann, the chief patron of Ireland (Kea., of St. Patrick).

eaptain, a., noble, grand, august.

éantuir, -e, f., earnest-money, money deposited as an assurance of good faith. See 14ptar and 14ptair.

eatmait, -ata, f., a part, a share, endowment; a department of anything; a department in any

science.

Éληός, -όιζε, -όζλ, f., a chicken (in Don., έιμεος).

eanpaim, -ao, v. tr., I lie, I state

a falsehood (O'N).

eappaine, g. id., pl. -piroe, m., a liar, one who bears false testimony.

eapp, -a, dat. 10pp, m., a tail; the end, a conclusion, a boundary; as a., noble, grand; ό 10pp tae 50 tá, from the end of one day to another (S. W. Muns.).

eappac, -ais, -aise, m., spring;

the spring-time.

eappaö, -aiö, -aiöe, m., property, goods, ware, furniture, articles, materials; cargo; dress, armour, accoutrements, military suit; of persons: ip otc an eappaö é, he is an evil person. See appaö.

Cappáio, -e, -eaca, f., an error; vice, lewdness; wandering, roving; Συμ'b é bár mo teannáin a τός méi n-eappáio, my love's death caused me to rove (An τυιτας

beadaide, S. U. song).

eapparo, -e, f., contention, strife,

enmity; tá ré i n-e. tiom, he is at enmity with me.

eappáideac, -σiξe, a., given to error; erroneous; vicious; tí mé real aepeac eappáideac (Mea. song).

eapparopear, f., the dog-briar.

eappaise, indec. a., vernal.

Ελημαοισεας, -σιζε α., erring, erroneous; contentious, wrangling. See ελημάισεας and ελημάισ.

ear, neg. prefix, as earaontar. disunion, schism. See éa.

ear, -a, pl. id., m., a waterfall, a cascade, a stream, a spring, a cataract; ear is common in place names, as béat eara, Foxford, etc.

ear, -a, pl. id., and -anna, m., a

weasel (M.).

eapac, -aize and -aiz, m. and f., a waterfall; ip zéim az an eapaiz, and the roar of the waterfall (Scannell). See eap.

earac, -aize, α., springy, waterish, abounding in cataracts.

earaitte, g. id., f., disparagement,

dispraise.

eapain, -phac, f., litter for cattle; a straw pallet; fig., profusion; copain eapain, disorder, confusion. See apain.

earáitizim, -iuzao, v. tr., I put

out of place; I misplace.

earaonta, f., disunion, schism, rebellion, disagreement, variance.

earaontaċ, -aiże, α., disagreeing, contentious, disunited (also earaontaòaċ).

earaontact, -a, f., disagreement,

disunion, schism.

earaontużao, -uiżce, m., schism. earapizan, -ana, f., act of beating, striking; a tumult (also earopizan).

earantaroeact, -a, f., act of charming, bewitching; incan-

tation.

earapluizim, -laiveacz, v. tr., I charm, bewitch.

eapapta, p. a., littered, strewn with straw, rushes, etc.

earbaoac (earbac), -oaite, a.,

wanting, deficient, needy, distressful; vain, foolish (pron.

earbatac).

earbaio (M.), earbaio (Con., U.), g. -baoa, pl. -baoa, gpl. -bao, f., need, want, deficiency, absence, defect, loss; metrical defect; o'e., owing to the want of; 'n-a hearbaio, absent from her, without her; beit an e. céille, to be in want of sense.

Carbaio ὅμάζαο, f., a defect of the throat, king's evil; somet. applied to any scrofulous complaint; the word ὑμάζαο is often omitted; cuit ὅμάζαο, id.

(Don.).

earbatóro, -e, f., absolution.

earboz, -buiz, m., a bishop. See earpoz.

earca, f., a sedgy bog (Con.).

Éarca, g. id., f., the moon; oroce 5an éarca, a moonless night.

éarcaró, -e, a., nimble, quick, active, speedy, swift, rapid; feasible, willing, agreeable; suitable to do a thing in (of time); ir éarcaróe neoin 'ná maroin, one is more ready to do work in the evening than the (next) morning, i.e., it is a better time to work; free (of wheels, etc.).

earcaroeact, -a, f., speed, swift-

ness, promptitude.

earcaine, g. id., pl. -niòe, f., a malediction, curse.

earcainive, f., act of cursing; az earcainive, cursing.

earcainisim, -nioe, v. tr., I curse;

also intr. (with an).

earcain, -chac, -chaca, f., a warning, a proclamation; a storm, a hurricane, a tempest (nom. also earcaine).

Carcánocamant, -mta, a., inimi-

cal, hostile.

earcáinoear, -oir, m., enmity; an unfriendly separation.

earcat, -ait, pl. id., m., a storm; a wave; cf. Cnoc na nearcat, in Ker.

earcat, -ait, pl. id., m., the armpit (also orcat).

earcaoin, -e, a., rough, uneven,

uncouth.

earcaoine, g. id., f., ruggedness, rudeness, uncouthness; the rough or wrong side of anything, as a cloth, a table, etc. (nom. somet. earcaoin).

earcaoinear, -nir, m., roughness,

rudeness.

earcan (earchao), -ain, m., springing up into ear (as corn); descending from an ancestor; a cutting off; a grain of corn; a kernel.

earcan, -ain, pl. id., m., a leap, a jump, a fall, a stumble; a cataract, a cascade (=ear). See previous word.

earcan, -ain, pl. id., m., a cup, a

goblet (also earcha).

earcana, -o, pl. -cánnoe, f., a foe, an enemy.

earclán, -áin, pl. id., a gusset. earcon, f., an eel. See earcú.

earcha, -o, f., a rocky ridge.

earchao, -aro, -aroe, m., a drinking vessel, a cup, a goblet (also earcan).

eaγτριαό, -capta, m., act of walking, stepping, springing, marching; e. an tae, the break of

day.

earchaim, vl. -chao and -can, v. tr., I flourish; shoot into ear (as corn); spring from (as of a race).

earchóizeán, -áin, m., a thin wall

of turf (Con.).

earcú, -con, pl. earcon, f., an eel (also earcon).

earcú raiphze, f., a conger eel; a water-dog.

eartabna, -banta, f., courtesy, affability.

eartaine, g. id., f., ill-health, ill-

ness, infirmity.
earlaince, g. id., f., ill-health,

sickness, infirmity.
eartainceac, -tize, a., sickly,

infirm, unwholesome.

eartán, -áine, a., sick, unhealthy; as subs., a sick or infirm person.

earlánuizim, -uzao, v. intr., I

grow sick, decline.

earmait, -e, -eaca, f., a censure, reproof; dependence (nom. also earmaitt); as baintearmaitte ar, ridiculing him.

earmalaim, -ait(τ), v. tr., I abuse, revile, reproach, dishonour.

earmattac, -aiże, a., abusive,

insulting, reproachful.

earna, g. id., pl. -ca, -roe, and -roeaca, f., a rib, a lath; fig., a scion. See arna.

earnao, -a1o, m., a sigh; 1 n-e. an báir (An tU. MacA.). See

ornao.

earnao, -aio, m., a want; a defiearnam, -aim, ciency in the filling of a vessel, in a fixed sum of money, in web for the loom, etc.

eaρός, -όιζε, -όζα, f., a stoat, a weasel, a squirrel. See eaρ.

ear-omoto, -e, f., disrespect, dishonour.

ear-omóioeac, -oige, a., disrespectful, dishonourable.

ear-onόιη, -όηα, f., dishonour, disrespect, insult.

ear-onóμας, -όιμιζε, α., abusive,

unmannerly. eap-onópuigim, -ugaó, v. tr., I abuse, revile, dishonour.

ear-ónoużao, -uiżte, m., disorder, confusion.

Caronzain. See earanzain.

earpaint, -ainte, -anta, f., vespers, evening devotions; the Service of Benediction.

earpantain, -ana, f., twilight; vespers.

earpos, m., a bishop (also earbos). earpunoeacc, -a, f., a bishopric, a see; episcopacy, prelacy.

earnac, -aise, a., of or belonging

to litter (also appac).

eappungim, -ugao, v. tr., I litter, I strew with straw or rushes; eappaim, -ao, id.

earumat, -mta, a., rebellious,

disobedient.

earumta, g. id., f., disobedience; out 1 n-e. ap, to become disobe-

dient to; oo téroeao 1 n-earumta ap (Kea., F. F.).

earumtac, -aije, a., disobedient,

recalcitrant.

eapumtact, -a, f., arrogance, disobedience.

earumpláin, -ána, -ánnive, f., a sample, a pattern. See eiriompláin.

earuppaim, -ama, f., disrespect,

disobedience.

eapuppamać, -aiże, a., rebellious, presumptuous, disrespectful, disobedient.

earuppamact, -a, f., disrespect, presumption, disobedience.

earuppuoar, -air, m., presumption, rebellion.

earuμημιόατας, -aiże, α., presumptuous, rebellious.

eatlac, -aiż, -aiże, m., a runaway. See eiteallaim.

earlaim. See eireallaim.

eacopia, prep. pr., 3rd pl., between them (also eacopia).

Éi, neg. prefix, same as éa.

eibin, granite; cloc mionnáin eibin, a heavy piece of granite used to break limestone (Aran).

eibeint. See eibint.

Éibil (obs. v.), 3rd s. pf., he died. See eablaim.

eibiμ, f., a report, a calumny.

eibiητ, -e, f., a report, a saying, a calumny; topography (also eibiη).

eibleoz, -01ze, -0za, f., a spark; the lightning flash; embers. See Aibleoz.

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eibleozać, -aiże, a., abounding in burning coals.

eiblizim, -iużać, v., intr., I sparkle, glitter. See aiblizim. éicineac, eicinteac. See éizineac.

Éicint, éiceint. See éigin.

Eiclipp, m., an eclipse; a darkening or blinding; é. το ἀμη αμ, to surpass, to throw into the shade; τά é. αμ απ πχμέιπ (πχεαλαίζ), there is an eclipse of the sun (moon), the sun (moon) is being eclipsed (Don.); pron. éi-cliopp.

énoe (M.), énoea (U.), g. id. (M.), -010 (U.), m., clothes, clothing; armour; livery; uniform; vestments, esp. a cope or chasuble; énoe ἀμίστο, sacerdotal vestments; γαζαμτ αγ έποεα , a disrobed priest (Don.); 1 n-eaμμαο 'γ 1 n-énoea o, armed and accoutred; also 1 n-aμm 'γ 1 n-énoea o and γαοι αμm 1γ énoea o.

éισεας, -σιζ, pl. id., m., clothes, armour; é. οςτα, a breastplate.

See éadac.

eioean, -oin, m., ivy; used in place names; the deriv. eioneán, or aigneán, is the word in ordinary use in M.

Éισεληΰ, α., false, uncertain.

Eroeantia, indec. a., reprobate; loose, uncertain.

éloeimin, -mine, a., uncertain, doubtful, fluctuating.

Éloeimniţteatt, -a, f., uncertainty, doubt, wavering.

éroe pláta, m., a breastplate, a coat of mail.

Éτοις, -e, α., ugly, detestable (Kea.), hateful, horrible, accursed; το π τις έτοις coιτός buτό buan, to the ever-accursed house (hell).—μελη πα βάιητε (G. J., No. 144).

ėιοιζιm, -ιυζαό, v. tr., I arm,

accoutre (also éroim).

Éloizte, p. a., armed, accoutred. Éloizteat, -tize, a., ugly, detest-

able. See é1015.

eιοιοηταμαιm, -μαό, v. tr., I separate, disperse, scatter, divorce.

eτοιμ, prep., between, among. See

Eroip. See péroip.

eroιμές μτ, -έιμτ, m., an equal distributive right; εισιμές απο τος τος t, an interpretation.

eioin-oealbao, -bca, m., prohibition, abstinence; a distinction; eioin-oealbao oo oeanam, to make a distinction.

e10111-bealbia, p. a., distinct

(Donl.).

eioin-vealužav, -uižte, m., act

of discriminating; distinction, separation.

eroni-oeatunin, -użao, v. tr., I distinguish, discriminate, separate.

Eroipe, g. id., pl.-proe, m., a captive, a hostage.

erorp-riacait, f., an inter-tooth. erorp-stee, m., mirth, merriment,

loud laughter.

erorp-meacon, -oin, pl. id., m., mediation, intervention.

θιοιη- \dot{m} ea $\dot{σ}$ όητ $\dot{σ}$ ιη, - $\dot{σ}$ ηα, - $\dot{σ}$ ιηι $\dot{σ}$ e, m., a mediator.

eroin-minizim, -iuzao, v. tr., I interpret.

eιοιμ-μί, m., an interrex.

Θιοιμ-μίοζας, f., an interregnum. Θιοιμ-μεσάλ, m., a tale, a story

between various persons. erom-rotar, m., twilight.

eισιη-teanζτόιη, -όμα, -όιμισε, m., an interpreter, a translator.

eιοιή-ceanguisceοιή, -ομα, -οιμιόe, m., a translator, an inter-

preter.

eroinci (eroin i), prep. pr., 3rd sing., f., between her, always followed by pein azur, between herself and, etc. (this form is not given in grammars, but it is heard in West Ker.). See roin.

eroneacán, -áin, m., ivy (Der.). See eroneán and aigneán.

eroneán, -áin, m., ivy, a branch of ivy (also aigneán).

Éιοτηέλη, -éine, α., weak, feeble, powerless.

éireact, -a, f., force, point, substance; avail; sense, wisdom; maturity; nán τάιπις ι n-é., who did not come to maturity; 'r zo mb'réισιη zo στιοτραιπι ι n-é., and that perhaps I might get better off (S. U. song); cé rite τά te héireact, though you are a poet composing with sense (T. MacCoitir); rcéat zan é., a pointless story; záine zan é., a pointless laugh; ní't

Aon é. leaz, you are quite unreasonable; cf. effect.

éireactac, -aige, a., substantial; wise; to the point; effective.

éireactamait, -mta, a., effectual, efficient, powerful, vigorous, sensible.

É15, negative prefix.

eizceant, -cint, pl. id., m., iniquity, a trespass, injustice.

Éιζοελητ, -cipτe, α., unjust.

éiscéilliúe, a., absurd, preposterous; not endowed with reason (of beasts).

éizciattoa, indec. a., senseless, devoid of reason (as animals).

éiscialluiée, g. id., pl. -óte, m., a foolish person; one who has not much sense.

Éizcinnze, a., uncertain, undetermined.

éiscnearta, indec. a., perverse, dishonest, unbecoming.

Θιζεικίοπηα, α., unwise, imprudent.
Θιζεική, -ζήπε, pl. id., f., act of crying aloud, complaining; a shout, cry, call.

Éiżeamitóip, -ópa, -óipioe, m., a

shouter, a crier.

eizean, g. -zin and -zne, m. and f., violence, compulsion, force; distress; contest; necessity; if eizean vam, I must; i n-eizean, in need; af eizean, with difficulty, scarcely; af aif nó af eizean, nolens volens; tucc eizin, the violent; cafa na héizne, a friend in need; eizean feile azur oiniz, the stress of hospitality and generosity (Kea., F. F.); é. bruinneatt, rape of maidens (Fer.); eizean is used poet. of eizniużaó, which see.

éizean-váil, -vála, f., necessity, distress.

o To the

Éizeantać, -taiże, a., necessary; hard; distressful.

eizeanτας, -αις, m., force, violence, compulsion; necessity, obligation.

éizear, -zir, pl. éizre, m., a learned

man; a poet, a satirist; a man of science.

Ēiţim, vl. éiţesm, v. tr. and intr., I call upon, appeal to; I call,

bewail, cry aloud.

eizin (éicin), some, certain, a sort of; puo éizin, something; ouine éizin eile, some other person; an cuma éizin, in some way; luct éizin, certain persons, some people; but luct éizine (from éizean), the violent; éizint, éizinteac, eizinteac (Don.), etc., are varieties.

ēizineac, éizinteac. See éizin.

ē151рс, -e, f., Egypt.

Éizipteać, - τ_i ż, pl. id. and - τ_i że, m. or f., an Egyptian.

Éizipceac, -ciże, a., Egyptian.

éiztive, a., weak, frail, infirm; mean, abject.

eizlioeact, -a, f., infirmity; meanness.

éiżmeac, -miże, f., a constant shouting, bawling, crying; éirc nem' éiżmiż, hear my crying.

Éiżmeac, -miże, a., shouting,

noisy, clamorous.

eiżmeoip, -opa, -oipioe, m., a bawler, a crier, a shouter.

Čižmim. See éižim.

Éizne, g. id., pl. -aca, f., a salmon.

Éizneac, -niże, a., violent, distressful.

Éizniżim, -iużao, v. tr., I force, ravish; distress, oppress.

Éizniusao, -iste, m., act of oppressing, compelling, forcing.

éizr (for éizear), a poet, a satirist.

éigre, indec. m., poet, bard; also pl. of éigear, a poet, a satirist; r níon b'aithio do'n éigre (T. MacCoitir).

éigre (collect.), g. id., f., learning, science, poetry, literature; the body of the poets; a single

poet.

Éizreac, -riże, a., learned, scientific, poetical.

éisteac, -tite, a., shouting, bawling, crying. See éitmeac.

éitbeac, -bi $\dot{\xi}$ e, -a, f., a scold (O'N.).

Éilbeact, -a, f., scolding, satir-

ising.

eite, other, another, else = other; is usually placed immediately after its noun; ceann eite, another one; an curo eite, the rest; an lá eile, the other day; nío eile, nuo eile, cuilleao eite, besides, moreover; but oume an bit eite, anybody else; puo éizin(c) eile, something else; níon réacar an teaban ná eite, I didn't look at a book or anything else; an céao wain eite, the next time; oíot ré an ceac agur eite, he sold house and all; o'este (somet. eite), also: cuip ipteac é reo este (or v'este), put this in also (Con.).

Eileam, -lim, m., a plea, cause, a claim, a charge; demand; regard; act of pleading, claiming, charging; act of making a friendly claim on, of looking up or visiting in a friendly manner; an maib éileam món an an im inoiu, was the butter in great demand today? Tá éileam éisin(T) aise นาทธ์เ, he has some special regard for her (with a view to matrimony); cá éileam món aca an a ceite, they have a great regard for each other (of lovers); cá an-éileam aize ain péin, he fancies himself a good deal; m' éileam-ra, as much as I can

contain (Mayo).

eiteathom, -huim, m., a hearse, a bier.

éilic, -e, -iòe, f., the wooden rest or step of a spade, the treadle

éiligim, vn. -liugao and -leam, v. tr., I look for, demand, call to account, sue for; I make a friendly quest for; I visit; pursue.

Éilizteat, -tize, a., claiming, sueing; making friendly in-

quiries about; given to visit in a friendly manner; nac éitigieac él how friendly or thoughtful he is (in visiting, asking questions about one, etc.).

Ēitiģčeoiji, -opa, -oipijoe, m., an

accuser, a plaintiff.

eilic, -tce, pl. id., f., a hind, a doe.

eiticeac, -ciże, a., abounding in hinds or does.

Éiliugao, -ige, (also éileam, -lim), m., act of accusing, calling to account, demanding, suing or looking for; accusation, charge, impeachment.

eitteoz, -oize, -oza, f., a young doe; any flighty little creature; eitteoz teatain, is one of the

many names for a bat.

eimite, -e, a., slow, tardy, prolix

(=1107ca, 11151n.)

eimittear, -tir, m., delay, tardiness, prolixity.

Éımım, -meao (éımığın), v. tr., I deny, refuse, shrink from.

Éimiteat, -tiţe, a., shouting. Éin, in phr. 1 n-éinib, able, capable of (Don. C. S.), usually 1 n-inib, the final portion being from O. Ir. indeb, wealth, resources (1 n-an' of Con. is probably of the same origin).

Éinceann, -cinn, m., a morsel, one

meal.

emeac, -nis, m., protection, countenance, safeguard, generous action. See one ac.

emeactann, -anne, f., retribution, fine, amends; a tribute due to a chief for his protection; protection, safety, sanctuary.

eineactann, -ainne, f., civility, urbanity, politeness, good breed-

ing.

Empeace (Aompeace), in phr.

1 n-é., at once, together; 1
n-émpeace te, together, together with.

Ein-żein, -e, m., the Only Begot-

ten.

Einig=éigin, which see.

Einín, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a little bird.

Ein-ionao, -aio, m., one place, the

same place.

Einne (aoinne(ac)), anyone, any person; perhaps from éanoume. Ennesc, anyone (used in Don.). See aoinneac.

Einnío (aoinnío), m., anything. Ein-teac, -tize, m., a household.

Ein-cizear, -zir (Aoin-cizear), m., a habitation in the same house; ní tiz eolar zan é. Azur ní čiz é. zan poinn (Don. prov.).

eipircit, -cle, -clive, j., a letter,

an epistle.

Éipce, -e, f., Egypt (Art MacC.). Einbeánnaim, -naö, v. tr., I transgress.

Cinc-beac, f., a wasp. See beac

and eanc.

Einceamail, -mla, α ., heretical. Eine, g. -peann, d. -pinn ((generally with article in gen.), f., Ireland, Erin; cibé (pé) i néiminn é, whatever in the world it be; pé i néiminn i, whoever in the world she be; ní řeavan 1 neiminn, I do not know in the world; com mean i neininn, cóm luat i néiminn, as soon as, as fast as; b'reapp trom 'ná Eine 'r bioo ri roluizce o'on, I'd rather than Ireland though covered with gold (song).

етре, g. id., pl. -sos, m., a burden; eine nó natac món. (This noun

is f. in Kea., E. S.

Cipeao, m., a burthen. See eine. Éipeannac, -ai \dot{z} , m. and f., an Irishman, an Irishwoman.

Eineannac, -aize, a., Irish.

eineoz, -015e, -05a, f., a pullet. Cippipo, f., maturity, puberty; tá ré 1 n-e., he has arrived at

puberty (Aran).

Einize, g. id. and éinizte, m., act of rising, arising, getting up, setting out; éinise i n-áinioe, pride, presumption, acting like an upstart; nac aip acá an τ-éiμże i n-áiμτοe, how pre-

sumptuous he is, also how gay and merry he is; éinże na zealaiże, the rising of the moon; éinje amac, a rising out, an insurrection; a body of men enlisted in a fight or insurrection; also a return visit to the bride's family some time after marriage (pron. generally einize, except somet, in poetry, when it is pron. éinze).

Einseact, -a, pl. id., f., the act of rising; an insurrection; a com-

mand; a government.

Θιμζιπ (\dot{e} ιμιζιπ), vl. \dot{e} ιμζ \dot{e} and éinize, imper. céiniz and éiniz, fut. éineócao, cond. -eocainn, v. intr., I rise, mount up, proceed, depart, become, get to be; in 3 per. (with te), it succeeds, is favourable; I grow big, increase, accrue to; 30 n-éini510 an lá lear, may the day be favourable to you; as éinse, becoming, getting to be; the imper. céinis means go (as often éinis); also, chéao o' éinis ouit, what happened to you? éinzim cum reinze, I become enraged; tá ré az éinze cum Shorte, it is becoming stormy; tá ré az éinze vérveanac, it is becoming late; o'éinis an circe, the cake swelled up in the baking; τά caoinis as éinse, sheep are getting dear; éinis ar, give it up, cease from doing it; éinis oíom, get off me, don't lean on me, get off my back, cease from troubling me, let me alone (genly. pron. inizim, Don.).

Eipic, g. -e, éipice and éapica, pl. -ive, f., "cric," fine, ransom, retribution, requital, restitution. einicesc, -cis, pl. id., m., a heretic

(also enticio).

enniceact, -a, f., heresy.

Ēιμιm, -e, f., an argument; a contest; point, substance (as in a summary of a story); force, vigour (used like éspeace); dignity, importance; ability, capacity.

Eigim, -e, f., riding, horseman-ship.

Éinimeamail, -mla, a., substantial, effectual, capable.

einin, -e, -roe, f., the eye-tooth (also dim. of eine, a burden).

einip, -e, -roe, f., a rope, etc., attached to a basket for supporting it on the shoulders; a back-band in carts, etc. See muic-einip.

era, an account of time, chrono-

logical history.

enpireact, -a, f., chronology. See

ipir and cf. Aithir.

Éinteac, -tiz, m., destruction, slaughter, havoc, confiscation.

Eir, in phr., σ'éir, ταρ éir ('μ éir), after, behind; past=after; ταρ éir an σό, past two o'clock; ταρ éir man, after that (conj.); τά γέ ταρ éir é buataö, he has just struck him; τά γέ ταρ éir báir, he has just died; i n-éir, after (U.); téir (for ταρ éir?), after (Mayo).

eir (ear), prefix implying repeti-

tion; re-, back, again.

eirc, -e, -ioe, f., a channel cut in the strand by a stream of fresh water; a river generally; a quagmire.

Expression; act of

excepting (from, ó).

exclude, I except.

Eircín, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a little fish.

eircin, g. earcha, pl. id., f., a ridge of mounds, or mountains, whence Esker, in Co. Galway; eircin Riada, a former boundary between the North and South of Ireland.

eirc-linn, -e, -ze, f., a fish-pond. eiroeatbac, -aize, a., particular;

nice (Kea., E. S.).

eirean, he, him, (emph.) himself. eireinze (eireinze), g. id., m., resurrection; coming out of.

eip-éipisim, -pise, v. intr., I rise again.

eir-innitt, -e, a., insecure, weak, infirm.

Cipiomptáiμ, -e, f, an exemplar, an example.

eiriompláineac, -niże, a., exemplary.

eousness, meanness. unright-

eirionn μαις, -e, α., unrighteous; mean, sordid.

eirin, -rhe, -rhive, m. and f., an oyster (also oirin and oirne; in Con., eircin).

eiptéine, g. id., pl. -téinteaca, f., "shirt," shroud (also aipt.). éiptinn, -e, -tôe, f., a weak spot;

a flaw, a defect.

éirtinn, -e, a., unsafe, weak.

éirtinne, g. id., f., unsafety, insecurity; defect, fault, weakness (also eirtinn.)

Eirlinneac, -niże, a., unsafe, in-

secure.

eirtir, -e, f., neglect, mistake, forgetfulness.

Cirne, an oyster. See eirin.

Eirceac, -ciże, a., attentive in listening.

Eirτeact, -a, f., act of hearing, listening (to, te); sense of hearing; also audience, hearing, silence; appreciation, e.g., ni ruan ré é. an bit, he wasn't appreciated at all; ctuar te hé., a willing ear.

eirtear, -tir, m., lodging; a night's entertainment (=reir-

cear).

Eirtiöe, g. id., pl. -öte, m., a hearer, a listener; Oia oo beannacao na h-éirtiöte uite, God bless all the hearers (P. O'C.).

Eircisteoin, -ona, -oinioe, m., an

auditor, a listener.

Éιττιπ, -τελέτ, v. tr. and intr., I hear, hearken, listen (to, te); έιτι! hush! list! silence! έιτι λιμιά! an exclamation of wonder; έιτι το το τέλι! hold your tongue! έιτι τιοπ, listen to me; λζ έιτιελέτ τλοιτιπε, hearing confession; έιτι τειτ, leave it

alone (Con.); interj. imper. often

eice, g. id., pl. -aoa, -aca and -ciòe, f., a quill, a wing, a pinion, a feather, a fin; an addition to a worn ploughshare; m'erce erceorge, a term of endearment (Fer.); relan elee, a pen-knife (Cav.); ceann rá e., lit., head under wing, a peculiar contraction in some MSS.

Éiteac, -tiz, m., a lie, a falsehood; tuzair t' éiteat, you lie; atá an t-éiteat azat, you lie.

erceac, -cize, f., fins; wings, feathers; arms, grip (S. U.).

eireac, -tiz, m., refusal, denial; act of refusing a person something.

erceac, -cize, a., winged, feathered,

having fins.

Circall, -cill, m., act of flying;

flight.

flying, Ciceallac, -a15e, a., bounding; swiftly coursing (of

rivers).

erceattac, -aise, f., vl., flying; éanaca na héin-cleice az eiceallais i n-éinfeact, birds of the same plumage flying together (Don. prov.).

erceattao, -aro, m., a flight; taking flight. See erceatt.

erceattaim, -ao, -ceatt and -tite, v. intr., I fly, I bound.

Ciceán, -áin, pl. id., m., a little quill; erceán rizeacona, weaver's quill or bobbin (also reiceán).

erceoz, -013e, -03a, f., a feather, a little quill; a wing; m'erce erceoize (Fer.); tá an t-éan ap erceois, the bird is flying (U.).

eiteoip, -opa, -oipioe, m., a liar,

a perjurer.

eirizim, vl. eireac and eireacao, v. tr., I refuse, I refuse a person something; I hesitate; o'eitis ré camaillín, he hesitated for a moment; o'eiciż ré mé an punt, he refused me a pound.

eitizim, -tiuzao, v. tr., I contradict; I objure, I give the lie to. $e_{1}c_{1}m$, -e, f., danger, hazard.

eicinn, -e, f., tubercular consump-

tion (nom. also extinue).

eιτιμ, -e, f., vigour, strength; an opportunity; 1r nó-beas an eicin é, it is worth very little (Aran); justice.

eiclesc. See eicestlic.

eitleoz, -015e, -05a, f., a jump, a leap, a short flight; a bat.

eicleozac, -Aiże, a., volatile,

flighty.

eitne, g. id., pl. -nite, f., a kernel; fruit, produce; a female personal name, now Anglicised Annie in U.

Citneacán, -áin, pl. id., m., a ker-

nel; fruit, produce.

Citneacta (also eitnic), indec. a.,

heathen, gentile.

eicneaccacc, -a, f., heathenism, gentilism.

Θιτρε, g.id., pl. -μιτόε, f., a salmon. eiche, g. id., pl. -aca or -nioe, j.,

a furrow, a trench, a ditch. Citheac, -hise, pl. id. and -heaca,

f., a furrow. e_{17} e_{4} , e_{17} , e_{4} , e_{17} furrowed,

grooved, scolloped.

eitheoz or eittheoz, -013e, -054, f., a standing jump (corruption in Aran of entleon, which see).

eιτριζe, g. id., pl. -ξte, f., a furrow, a groove, a channel; 10m-Aine Azur eichize, a ridge and furrow (Kea., F. F.).

eιτριπ, g.id., pl. -ιόe, m., the same as $e_1 \tau_1 e$, a furrow (Mon.).

eitreact, -a, f., departure, death. eo, f., a yew-tree; Acao Oá eo, Aghadoe, the field of the two yews; eocaill, Youghal.

eodain, -chac, -chaca, f., a key; a keystone, a corner-stone; poll eochac, key-hole (also ruit an Stair).

eocain, -chac, -chaca, f., a brim, brink, edge, border; eocain mo taime, the edge of my hand.

eocain, -chac, -chaca, f., the spawn of a fish; a sprout, a young plant.

eocain-aoibinn, -bne, a., having

beautiful fringes (of a country)

Cocamp-relat, -resite, pl. -relata, f., a key-shield, a buckler of defence; "Cocamp-relat an Airminn," "The Key-shield of the Mass," the name of a work by Keating.

eochac, -ais, -haca, m., the spawn

of any fish.

eocharo, -e, -te, m., a keeper of

keys; a turnkey.

eochair, -e, f., the milt or spawn of a fish; eochó5 and eochaio, id. See eocain.

eocharac, -aize, -ca, f., a female

fish.

eoganact, -a, f., one of the divisions of land supposed to be made among the sons of Eoghan Mor, King of Munster.

eot, g. 1111, d. 111, knowledge, capacity, discernment: 1p eot oom, I know; oom' 111, to my

knowledge.

eota; g. eota; ţ, pl. id., dpl. somet. eota; t, m., a learned man, an educated person; a guide.

eotac, -aige, a., learned, skilled, scientific; used like eot in such phr. as ir eotac cam, I know,

I am acquainted with.

eotar, -air, m., knowledge, skill, information: tá eolar azam αιμ, I know it; eolar σ'razail Ain, to acquire a knowledge of it; knowledge of a locality (U_{\cdot}) ; véan eolar vuinn man a bruil ré, guide us to where he is; vo caillear m'eotar, I lost my way; oo cuin ré an an n-eolar rinn, he pointed out the right road to us (after being astray); ruain ré an c-eolar a baile, he found his way home; oo cuaro ré tan m'eolar, it surpassed me; ir tuar i ngaillim cuin mé eolar an mo znáo, up in Galway I made my love's acquaintance (Con. song); com rava ir téiveann m'eolar, as far as I know (M.).

Colcaine (also colcuin, colcain),

g. id., m., a wailing; mourning; grief.

eolėsipesė, -piże, a., sorrowful, mournful.

Colcameacz, -a, f., pensiveness, dejection, melancholy.

eolzać, \ -aiże, a., knowing,

eotzarac, skilful.

eoluroe, g. id., pl. -ote, m., a guide, a director.

eoμπα, -n, f., barley; riteao na heoμπαn, spirits distilled from barley; also beer (indec. in U.). eoμπας, -Διζε, a., pertaining to

beer (O'N.).

r (peann, the alder tree), the sixth letter of the Modern Irish Alphabet.

rá (ré, ró, raoi), prep. [in pronom. combinations, rúm, rúc, raoi, or ré (masc.); rúite (fem.); rúinn, rúit, rúta; before poss. pronoun, a, it prefixes n, as rá n-a ceann, underneath his head], under, about, throughout, concerning, for, on account of; of space, under, as rá ctoic, under a stone; as out raoi, going under, setting, sinking; throughout, after verbs of motion: rá'n zcoill, rá'n scnoc, throughout the wood, the hill; rá'n mbótan, along the road; in adverb phr., as rá oeineao, rá oeoio, at last; rá céaouain, at first; rá oó, twice; rá n-a muinéat, around his neck; is used ethically: rá cuing, under a yoke; cun rá zneim, to lay hold of; rá bhón, in sorrow; rá'n raozat, in life, in the world; on account of: r é rát rá'η tánga, it is the reason why I came; chéao rá, why; after verbs or nouns of mockery, incitation, desire, intention, attack: burrio rá rcize, they burst into derisive laughter; as masao rúm, laughing at me; ir olc an ruadan acá rúc, you give promise of evil;

as révoeao rum, inciting me, tempting me; ταδαιμ τύτα, attack them; ταδαιμ τοζα rúta, make an onset on them; in possession of: ra buaib, rá taois, pá caoipis zeata, having cattle, calves, and white sheep; in the charge of : ráz rúm-ra an znó rain, leave that affair in my charge; in numeral adverbs: rá öó, rá thí, twice, thrice; with man, rá man, as, according as; of time: rá'n bróżman, before Autumn; in phrases, as rá cómain, for the use of, in the presence of; tuzar rá oeana é, I observed him; cao rá noeana ouit rain vo véanam? why have you done that? Notice also expressions like rá jočtan, in the lower parts; rá uactan, above; rá maire, prosperous; rá δόμο, at table; buait oume rum, I met a person; cuipear rúm annrain, I settled down there; out rá beinbiusao, to evaporate, as water allowed to continue on a fire after beginning to boil; buille rá tuainim, a guess; rá tuainim pláinte na mná, (drink) to the woman's health; ba mait rá'n ainsead é, he was generous in distributing his money; 17 mait rá'n mbiao é, he is generous in sharing food. ró is a poet. equiv. of rá; ré is generally used in M.: ní nacato ré ré ná tathir, he will get it; o'ımtığeavan onta amač rá'n rliab, they betook themselves to the mountain; tior rá'n ocuat, in the country; rá žtar, locked up, under lock, in prison; rá tátam, at present; cuipeao rá juive an pobail é, the prayers of the public were sought for him; ba tionmanne Éine rá naomaib 'ná éin-chíoc ran eopaip, Ireland was more prolific in saints than any other country in Europe; as cun meala ré, coaxing him; az

cup rmeana ré n-a bhózaib, greasing his boots; raoi páo ir 50, because (Con.); in parts of Don., rá=about, rao1=under.

rá, non-asp., older form of ba, past tense of 1r (assertive verb).

rabam, -bnac, -bnaca, f., a plummet or leaden weight used for sinking nets or fishing lines (Don.).

rabaint, -anta, f., favour; tá rabaint agam teir, I am sympathetic (Der.). See raban.

rabal-rcéal, -éil, m., an allegory, a parable, a fable with a moral.

rabal, g. -ail, pl. raible, m., a report, an account, a fable; also a journey.

rabalac, -laite, a., romantic

(O'N.).

rábaltar. See rájaltar.

raban, -ain, pl. id., m., a favour, an interest, a friendship (pron. rában).

raban, -ain, -bhaide, m., a curtain, a fringe; an eyebrow; nom. also рабра (pl. pron. рарратое).

pabapac, -aiże, a., favourable, friendly, timely.

rabna, g. id., pl. id. and -roe, m., a fringe, an eyelid; the eye.

rábnaroeact, -a, f., favouring, favour, partiality.

rabe, m., unsoundness, rottonness (=fault ?) (Con).

rabtac, -aise, a., unsound, unwholesome, rotten (from fault?) (Con.).

rac, g. raice, f., a hole in which a lobster is found; Abtac (Aran).

raca-, dependent past of vo-cim, I see. See oo-cim.

racain, -e, f., a fighting, a bicker-

racam, -e, f., cause, source, reason; temptation (P. O'C. spells)racann).

 \mathbf{r} act, -aict, -anna, m., a question;

temptation (O'N.).

ractaim, vl. pact, v tr., I ask, demand.

rao, -aro, m., length (of time or

space), distance, extent of anything; pao 17, as long as, while, whilst; rao na rliže, the length of the way; an rao, lengthwise, in length (yards, etc.), long, throughout, altogether, in all, entirely; 1 brao (a brao), far off (of space or time): nuo a cun i brao, to postpone a thing; 50 ceann 1 brao, for a long time; 1 brao uaim, far from me; 1 brao ó céile, far apart; pao ó, pao ó roin, long ago; bí pí ann cá rao ó roin, there was a king in former times (U.); cá rao, how long, how far; pao oo paoaipe, as far as you can see; pao zéime, as far as a cow's bellow could be heard; an nuo a térbeann 1 brao céroeann ré 1 bruaine, what is long deferred becomes neglected; rao raożail cużac, may you live long; te rao oe bliadantaib, for many years, in M. (at least) the form paro is somet. used as f., as ir cuma ouit an faio ip beid ainzead AZAZ, it does not matter to you as long as you have money; an rato bior 17015, while I was within. (Note.—In M. (at least) rato is often used for rao; rato always means length or distance; cá na laete az out 1 braio, the days are getting long; rice thois an raio, twenty feet in length; rice chois an rao, twenty feet altogether.)

pao, a., long, tall; distant. See

rava.

fáo, fáo', under thy; =fá+oo,

thy. See pá.

rana, comp. raine (ruine), ria, long (of time or space), far, far off, far away, distant, of long continuance, for a long time; cóm rana te (with noun), as far as, to (with movement); cóm rana agur (with verb), id.; te rana, for a long time (up to the present); cóm rana rin, so far;

ir rava teir . . . , he thinks it long; níon b'rava, it was not long; cóm rava teir, as far as it. The comp raive is not much used in M.

paoáit, -áta, f., delay, tediousness, lingering (from pao-

oáit).

raoaiητ, -aητα, f., act of tempering (steel, etc.); fire for tempering (E. R.); fire flashing in the eyes (nom. also razaiητ).

ravaint, -anta, f., seaweed. ravatac, -aite, (rav-vatac), α., lingering, tedious, slow.

raválaim (rav-válaim), 2 s. imp. raváil, v. intr., I delay, linger, procrastinate; vl. raváil.

pao-apaonac, -naiże, a., longheaded, patient, long-suffering, (The ao is pronounced as i, or rather ao1.)

rao-anaonact, -a, f., patience,

long-suffering.

raöb, -aröbe, -a, f., a knob; an excresence; a mole, a lump caused by a blow; a cutting or wounding, a cleft, a gash, a callous blister; a fault; the mark left by a blow; a knot in wood; a knotty or difficult question; raöb ctoice, a "lump of a stone" (pron. raöb); compare baöb, which is pron. baöb in M.

paòbac, -aiże, a., enigmatical; intricate, mysterious (O'N.).

paobao, -bta, m., a spoiling; a spoil; a beating, a smiting, a cutting, a wounding.

raobam, -ao, v. tr., I strip, spoil, I strip the dead; also, I beat, I

strike; I cut, I wound.

raöbán, -áin, pl. id., m., a lump, a little knob, a bunch, a knob, a hillock; a large potato, a large root of any kind (see cnap); as ite na scheatán ir as oíot na braöbán, eating the small potatoes and selling the large ones (pron. raöbán in M.).

γάοδός, -όιζε, -όζα, f., a fib, a white lie (pron. γάοδός, Con.).

radbuide, g. id., pl. -de, m., a striker, a beater, a smiter.

pao-cluapac, -aiże, a., longeared, flap-eared.

rao-corac, -aiże, a., long-legged. rao-cuma, m., lasting sorrow.

pao-cumtac, -aite, a., permanently sorrowful.

range, sweeping of the hair.

rao-oáit, -oáta, f., delay. See raoáit.

rao-oátac, -aiţe, a., lingering, tedious. See raoátac.

rao-oúrcao, -cca, m., watching, wakefulness,

radéin, self. See réin.

rá oeoro, ré oeoro, at length, finally, ultimately.

rao-rulams, -e, f., long suffering, patience; as adj., patient, long-suffering.

rao-rulannzieac, -tiże, a., longsuffering, patient; also raorullnzeac.

rao raożait, g. id., m., length of life (in M. also raio raożait).

rao-raożatać, -aiże, a., long-lived.

raoużao, -uiżce, m., act of kindling, lighting up. See aoużao.

raoużać, -uiżće, m., a lengthening; a prolongation, an extension.

raouizim, vl. -oużaż, -oóżaż, v. tr., I kindle, light up, blow the fire. See aouizim.

ravuišim, -użao, v. tr., I continue,

prolong, lengthen.

raeteam, -tim, pl. id., m., an appearance or disposition to laughter (M., rátao, which see). ráz, -áize, -áza, f., a wave (Con.). ráz, rázaim, ηc. See το-żeitim. ráżac, -żaiż, m., anxiety; i tráżac, very anxious, yearning (Don. C. S.).

rázaib, 2 s. imper. and 3 s. pf. of

rázam, I leave, etc.

ráżait (rażöáit), g. -áta and -átra, f., act of finding, getting, receiving, obtaining, procuring; an r., to be found, in evi-

dence; also sought for (like an aμηαιό); te r., to be found; an income.

γάζάιτ, -άτα, f., act of leaving, quitting, abandoning, etc.; vl. of γάζαιm in all its meanings.

rázaim, vl. rázáit, rázbáit, ráz-Aint, v. tr. and intr., I leave. quit, desert, abandon: o'rás ré rtán az, he bade farewell to; ní rázann ram vaon mé, it does not follow from that, that I am guilty; rázam te húbacc, lit., I leave by will, hence I solemnly assert; o'ras ri an an mnaoi eile zup mapt rí é, she blamed the other woman for killing it (Om.); with p.p. it expresses the action of the verb to which the p.p. belongs; o'rasao cannainste, who used to draw (leave drawn) (E. R.); often with adj. or noun and prep., there is a similar use, as v'ráz ré vinn é, he made him sick; also with zan following subst. or verbal: o'ras ré san tút mé, he left me without vigour. (The forms pázbaim, rázbar, etc., are going out of

rażam, vl. ráżail, irreg. v. tr. (properly a dependent form of vo-żeibim, but now used also as an independent verb), I get, etc. See vo-żeibim.

rázam, leaving. See rázáil.

ταξαιμε (τοξαιμε), -αμέα, f., act of tempering (metal), seasoning (wood); the fire which tempers metal (E. R.); fire in the eyes; vigour, activity (= runneam).

See γασαιμε.

ráżaltar, -air, m., means, property; a gift, an endowment; profit, gain, advantage; often a small profit or little means (M.).

rażattarać, -aiże, a., profitable, advantageous.

ráżan, -ain, m., a straying, a straggling, a wandering, a roam-

ing; now genly. written rán, which see.

razan, favour, etc. See raban.

rázb-. See ráz-.

rasb. See ras-. rašbáit, -átta, f., See rašáit. rásbáit, -áta, f. See rásáit.

rázbaim. See rázaim.

ráznac. See ránac.

razóro, -e, -eaca, f., a faggot;

also prozóro in M.

 $rac{5}{6}$ 10eac, -01 $\dot{5}$ e, a., faggoty; cual razóroeac, a heap of fag-

gots for fuel.

raznao, -zanta (roznao and roithead), m., act of tempering (metal), heating in a furnace; seasoning (as wood, etc.); act of purging, purifying.

rasham,-saint and -hao (roshao and roigneso), v. tr., I heat or temper in a forge or furnace; I season (as wood, etc.); I purge,

purify.

rázta, indec. p. a., left, abandoned, forsaken; famished, exhausted.

raic, -e, pl. -i oe and -eanna, f., a bit of paper, a scrap, a rag; with neg., nothing; neg. somet. omitted; raic na nghár, nothing whatever; ni't raic ain, nothing whatever is wrong with him, ni'l raic na rhitoe ain, id. (Con.); also a sparkle, a buffet, a blow, cf. bainear paic ar (O'N.)(= whack ?).

raicin, g. id., pl. -1 oe, (dim. of paic), m., a little rag, a shred; an article of dress for a baby.

raicreanac, -ais, -aise, m., a seer.

raicreanac, -aize, a., visible, capable of being seen, conspicuous; observant.

raicreanact, -a, f., visibility.

Faicrin, -reana, f., act of seeing, perceiving; an appearance, a face, sight, view, observation. See reicrin.

raio. See pao.

ráio, g. id., and -e, pl. -e, m., a prophet, a seer, a poet, a learned man.

ráio, an answer to a call or shout (Mayo) (also ráin).

 \mathfrak{r} áiðbile, g. id., pl., -liðe, <math>m., a

beech tree.

ráro-bnéazac, -arze, a., prophetically false, deceitful.

rato-bueatnuizeac, - tize, a., farsighted.

Paro-ceannac, -A15e, a., far-

seeing (Con.).

raide, g. id., f., length; cá raide (cá'roe) uainn é, how far is it from us? (Con.), cá $\dot{\mathbf{r}}$ so $(\dot{\mathbf{r}} = \mathbf{h})$ uainn é (Don.); also comp. of rada; ria is the more usual comparative.

raideact, -a, f., length, longi-

tude.

rái σε ασόιη, - όηα, - όιηι σe, m., a

prophet, a seer.

rái $\dot{\sigma}$ e a σ ói η e a $\dot{\sigma}$ τ , -a, f., prophecy; ας θέαπα παιθεαθόι μεαέτα, prophesying.

rároeamail, -mla, a., prophetic, poetic, visionary; learned, wise.

raideoz, -oize, -oza, f., a green plover; chance, lot. See reados. rá10e05, -015e, -05a, f., a tallow

candle (Con.).

paroroeace, -a, f., act of "thinking long," i.e., feeling lonely, etc.; τά ρ. ομm, I feel lonely (Tyrone, Om., G. J.).

raio-leicneac, -niże, a., long-

featured.

 \mathbf{r} áró-traiz, -teaza, pl. id., m., a prophetic physician.

ταιόμίη (ταιόιμίη), g. id., pl. -1 oe, m., a gift, a "fairing"; often réinin.

rais, M. form of ras, imper. of

oo-żeibim, I find.

rail, proximity; in phr., 1 brail (with gen.), in company with, also compared with; 1 brail ban, in the society of women; 1 brail an bair, compared with death (Kea.).

rait, -e, f., hiccough; sobbing.

 \mathfrak{r}_{a11} , -e, -eaca, f., a sty; a resting-place; a den; fig., a bed, a couch; r. muice, a pig sty; dim. pailin. See palais.

Fai

rait, -e, -roe, f., the rim of a pot;

a ring; a wreath.

ráil, fate, destiny (obs. in nom.); lia ráil, the stone of destiny; inir ráil, a name for Ireland.

ráilte, indec. a., lively, pleasant,

sprightly.

páilbeact, -a, f., brightness, sprightliness; merriment, cheerfulness.

railbéim, -e, f., a blasting (as of

corn, etc.).

raile, -e, -eaca, f., a gap, a mouth, an opening; a hare-lipped mouth; a mouth with some teeth lost; a stammering; oo cuin ré raile ain, he broke his jaws (O'Br.).

failc, -e, -eaca, f., a stroke, a

gash.

Pailceann, -cinn, -ceanna, m., a lid.

railcim, -ceao, v. tr., I strike, I gash; ef. railp.

railcir, g. -e and -ceara, pl. -eanna,

f., a pit.

raitze, g. id., pl. id. and -ziroe, f., an ouch, a ring, a jewel, a wreath.

raitin, g. id., pl. -ioe, m. (dim. of rait), a pig-sty, a dirty little

cabin (pron. ruitín).

pice (in Aran and elsewhere pl. paittipeaca). See aitt.

railt, -e, f., leisure; an advantage, an opportunity; neglect; an unguarded moment; ruain ré railt ain, he took him unawares; railt oo tabaint, to neglect (also, to give time to, oo); uain na railte, an unguarded time; agairó na railte, an unguarded side or moment.

raill, -e, -eaca, f., a kernel; a

corn in the flesh (O'N.).

railliże, g. id., pl. -aċa, f., neglect, delay; a failing; r. το ταδαιμτ (nó το τέαπαπ) αμ, to neglect; leizean i br., id.

raillizeac, -ziże, a., negligent, failing, drowsy (also raillizteac, followed by 1 or rá). pailliżeact, -a, f., neglect; habitual delay.

paitligim, -iugao, v. intr., I fail, neglect, delay (also paitlim).

railliżteac, -tiże, α., negligent, careless.

railliteac. See railliteac.

failling; neglect, delay.

failm, -e, -roe, f., the tiller of a

ship.

Failm, palm. See pailm.

raitp, -e, -eanna, f., a stroke; a heavy stroke of anything that bends (as a rope, cloth, twig, etc.).

paitpeao, -pte, m., a whipping, a beating with a rope, a heavy

whip, etc.

paitpéanace, -a, f., living on another; expecting presents.

railpéanuice, m., a hanger-on, an

uninvited guest (Con.).

páitreac, -ziże, a., ready to welcome, hospitable; agreeable.

ráilteacar, -air, m., hospitality, welcome reception of strangers. ráilteo5, -015e, -05a, f., a woman

visitor; a small feast (O'N.). páilτiġim, -iuġaġ, v. tr., I welcome, salute, greet (generally

with point.

partin, g. id., pl. -roe, m., an

intermeddler, one who interferes in others' business.

páiltín, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a man visitor; a small feast $(O^2N.)$.

See pailtees and previous word.
pailteugao, -igte, m., act of welcoming, saluting, greeting; salutation.

ráime, g. id., pl. -aca, f., a hem, a border.

raimteac, -tiz, m., sea-weed; "bladder" sea-weed (Sliyo). See reamnac.

Faineal, -nil, pl. id., m., a layer

or handful of straw used in

thatching (Con.).

rains, -e, -eaca, f., a raven; fig., a tall, nimble, obstinate girl; rains oiomaoin, said of a nimble, but lazy, girl (Ker.).

Tain-steann, -a, -ta, m., a valley.

Tainicim, v. tr., I protect, shield

(like cornaim, followed by an,
in reference to the aggressor)

(Con.); painic = peacain, beware, have a care (also ainic, 7c.).

páinte, g. id., pl.-aca, f., a swallow,

a martin.

rainteoz, -013e, -03a, f., a swal-

low (also ainteos).

ránne, g. id., pl. -niōe, m., a ring; p. an pórta, wedding ring (nom. also áinne).

rainne, g. id., f., a weakening or lessening; comp. of rann, weak. rainneac, -niże, a., ringleted (of

the hair); beautiful.

τάιη, a reply from a distance to a call or signal (also τάιο) (Con.).

paince, g. id., pl. -aca, f., a diocese, a parish; an ecclesiastical district.

reward, salary, wages (O'N.).

rainceattac, -aig, -aige, m., a stump, a lump; somet. applied to a stout, burly person; rainceattac catmaige.

rainceattac, -aiże, a., well-knit,

well-set (W. Ker.).

rainceallact, -a, f, giving wages (O'N.).

γάιμ-ὁμειρ, -e, -eaċa, f., a bramble;
sweet-briar.

raine, g. id, f., act of watching, guarding; a watch, a guard; a waking of the dead (Don.); rocal na raine, watch-word, pass-word.

raine, interj., for shame! alas! what a pity! expression of dis-

gust, or sorrow or pity.

sentry.

raipeac, -pige, a., vigilant, watchful; cautious, careful, prudent.
raipeacán, -áin, m., constant
watching; also a watchman, a

raineoz, -01ze, -0za, f., a hillock, a watch-tower; a gland; a kernel.

paineozać, -aiże, a., pertaining to the glands.

ráingneam. See róingneam.

raingreac, -pige (paingreanac), a., spying, guarding, watching.

raingreoin, -ona, -oinioe, m., a watchman, a sentry, a spy.

paintreoineacc, f., act of watching, guarding, reconnoitring.

painim, vl. paine, imper. paint, v. tr., I watch, guard; notice, perceive; spy (with an).

τάιμίοη, interj., alas! emph. τάιμιος ζέαμ, τάιμίοη σμάνδτε, etc. (also τόιμίοη, τάμαοιη, etc.).

painir, adv. prn., together with that; also; painir rin, id.; Oia tinn, Oia painir rin tinn, God help us, God help us also, say I (Ker.).

rainiríneac, -niζ, -niζe, m., a

Pharisee.

ráinnéir, -e, f. See ráinnir.

rάιμηις, -e, f., information; rιος ις ράιμηις, knowledge and information (Con. and U.).

raimpse, g. id., pl. -a oa and -si oe, f., a sea, or wave; brine.

rainizeoin, -ona, -oinioe, m., a seaman, a sailor (also rean rainize).

plentiful; generous, bestowing.

raintringe, g. id., f., plenty; generosity; extent, enlargement, width.

rainfingeact, -a, f., plenty; extent; generosity; variety; room, space.

paintringigim, -ingao, v. tr., I widen, extend, increase, enlarge.

painting, used in M. for painting, which see.

ταιμέσοιμ, -ομα, -οιμιός, m., a spy, a watchman.

raintin, -e, f., a pit (also raintin).
raint, -e, f., a fold, a pound, a
penfold (also rainteat). See
rant, rantat.

rairceamail, -mla, a., compressible; flat; compressed.

ráirceán, -áin, m., a bandage.

raircim, -arcao, v. intr., I pin, confine, impound.

Fáircim, -árcao, v. tr., I squeeze, I compress, wring, screw; I bind compactly, I tighten; I press forward; I embrace. See par-

 \mathbf{r} áir-cheideam, -dim, m., vain, false belief.

ráircte, p. a., squeezed, pressed, tightened, wrung; compressed; embraced.

ráircteán, -áin, pl. id., m., a press.

Pairean, a fashion (A.).

raireanta, indec. a., fashionable, modish.

rairnéiro, -e, f., inquiry; az cun rairnéide do timiceallea, inquiring about you (Der.).

rairnéioim, -néio, v. tr., I relate, tell, inform, certify, give evi-

dence.

rairnéir, -e, -eaca, f., a narrative, statement, account, rehearsal, intelligence; act of publishing, relating, commemorating, narrating, making known; a hint; rean rairnéire, an informant.

rairnéiride, g. id., pl. -dte, m., a

witness.

rairnéirim, vl. rairnéir and rairnéroe, v. tr., I relate, certify, give evidence.

rairnižim, -iužao, v. tr., I publish, relate, make known. See rairnéirim and rairnéioim.

raircine, g. id., pl. id. and -nioe, f., prophecy, an omen, a divina-

tion.

fáirtineac, g. -ni \dot{f} , pl. id. and -niże, m., a wizard, a soothsayer, a diviner.

ráircineacc, -a, f., augury, divination.

ráit, a prophet. See ráio.

Fáit-beant, -einte, -eanta, f., skilled knowledge.

raitie, g. id., pl. -eaca, f., a lawn, a field, a green, exercise-ground, a plain; an réan nó raitce, on field or plain; paitce na cuince, the lawn of the mansion; paitie na Thae, the Field of Troy; pron. patao in M., and often so spelled; frequently a place name, as Faha, a townland in Kerry.

ráitceac, -tcije, a., timid, fear-

ful, shy.

raitieaca, (pl. of rait), f., voluntary contributions collected in the fields by such of the decent poor as are ashamed to beg from door to door; as bailiusao raiticeaca, collecting such alms (C.); but cf. raic.

raitcear, g. -a and -cir, m., fear, fright, terror; o'r, for fear

(written also parccior).

raitearac, -aize, a., fearful,

ráit-ciall, f., figurative or allegorical sense; reason, cause.

 \mathfrak{r} áit-ciallac, -ai $\dot{\varsigma}$ e, a., in prophetic sense, prophetical, allegorical.

ráit-ciallman, -aine, a., skilful at understanding causes, etc.

raiccill, -e, f., vigil; beio mé ap m'raitcitt, I will be on my guard (Don.).

 φ anticior, g. -cip and -a, m., fear, terror, fright. (In U., and even in W. Ker., paitior means shyness, not fear.) See parcear.

raite, g. id., pl. -tibe, f., one fold of a garment; a hem, a crease

(O'N.).

raiceac, -ciże, a., fearful, timorous, timid ("this is redundance of abstraction," P. O'C.).

ráitim, -teato, v. tr., I crease, I

fold (O'N.).

ráicim, -e, f., a hem.

raitin, -e, f., whiting, a species of fish (Tory).

paittion, -teaps, m., a wardrobe, a press (O'N.).

raitne, g. id., pl. -nite, m., a wart (prop. raitinne).

ráit-rcéal, -éil, m., a parable, a legend. See rabat-rcéal.

rat, a fold, a penfold, a sty. See

rail.

rát, g. ráit, pl. id. and rátta, m., a hedge; a wall; a fold; a circle; protection; act of guarding, protecting; tending cattle; bedclothes, covering (Con.); Ireland.

rálac, -aiże, a., protecting; de-

fensive.

ratać; ratać chuać, hide and seek (Con.); ratać ríoz, id. See rotać.

rátao, -aro, m., a wound; displeasure, spite, grudge, treach-

ery (also átao).

rataiz, -e, -i o e, f., a little hut, a sty (M.); dim. rataizin.

ratam, -ao, v. tr., I hedge, enclose,

protect. See ráluizim.

ratains, -e, -eaca, f., a mantle; an Irish cloak or covering; a cloth wrapped round the body of an infant (M.).

rataine, g. id., pl. -nice, m., an

ambler, a pacing horse.

pace; act of ambling, pacing.

ratam, 7c. See rotam, 7c.

ratapaim, -ao, v. intr., I amble, trot.

ralanta. See ralaine.

rate, m., a flood (Mon.).

ratcaim, I bathe, dip. See rot-

ratcame, g. id., pl. -mioe, m., a scoffer, a cheat; also a strong, brave, fellow; a reaper, a hookman, a workman (from ratc, a reaping-hook, a pruning knife).

rateaine riadain, m., male pimpernel; rateaine ruan, id.

ratcameact, -a, f., a scoffing, a cheating, ill conduct.

ratcanta, a., billowy.

rateman, -aine, a., swelling, protuberant.

rál-öor, m., a thorn hedge.

ratta, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a wall (M.); ratta róroín, a mud wall (M.). See batta.

rallaime, g. id., f., emptiness, vacancy. See rollaime.

rattán, 7c. See rottán, 7c. rattra, indec. a., false, unreliable, deceptive; lazy, slothful. rattrac, -aiże, a., false, deceptive; slothful.

rattract, -a, f., falsehood; sloth-fulness.

rattrán, -áin, pl. id., m., a sloth-

ful man, a sluggard.

rattrόιη, -όηα, -όιηι το e, m., a sluggish, lazy person; níon b'r. mé, I went on with all my strength (Mayo).

rallruižim, -ružao, v. tr., I

falsify.

rattrúnac, -aiz, -aize, m., a treacherous person (O'N.).

rallrúnact, -a, f., falsehood,

treachery.

pallτός, -όιςe, -όςa, f., a heavy blow, an unexpected stroke. See pallτός.

rattur (Rathlin I.). See attur. ratta, indec. a., weak, feeble, faint, spiritless.

rátτaċτ, -a, f., feebleness, weak-

ness

rattanar, -air, pl.id., m., a grudge, enmity, spleen; a pretence; i br. te Ceattacán, at enmity with C. (O'Br.); i br., in ambush (?) (Con.).

ráluitim, vl. -lao, v. tr., I hedge,

enclose, enfold.

ráluite, p. a., hedged, enclosed, walled round.

ráluisteoip, -opa, -oipioe, m., a

hedger, an encloser.

rámaine, g. id., pl. -nive, m., a large fish (often weighing four stones); a kind of dog-fish; met., a swimmer; a visitor to the seaside (Clare); often applied to a strong, rugged man, and even to big, coarse animals; rámaine coinnéit, a corner-boy, a loafer (N. Con.); rámaine mná, a large (idle) woman.

rán (ráżan), -áin, m., straying, wandering; an rán, astray, wandering, straying, in exile; imteact te ruact in te rán, to fall into improvident ways,

exile, or poverty.

ran (in sp. l. a corruption of an

read an), prep. with g. (M.), during, throughout (of space or time); ran bótain, along the road; ran tae, throughout the day; ran na hoide (more accurately 'read na hoide), during the night; oo buait ré ran (an read an) béil é, he struck him across the mouth.

rán=rá an, rá'n, under the.

See rá.

ranac, -aize, a., idle, strolling, useless, aimless; seldom, rare; scattered, hard to collect; exiled, wandering abroad; ní bíonn ann act ouine ránac, there is only an odd person there; ip ránac a tazaio oom réacaint, they seldom come to see me; ip ránac ouine ann anoir, rarely is anybody seen there now; tá ré ránac azam beit, 7c., it is vain for me to be, etc.

ranact, -a, f., act of remaining, staying, stopping, waiting (Con.). See ranam.

ranaicim. See rainicim.

ránaró, g. id., m., an incline, declivity, slope, descent; a calamity; ne ránaró, downwards, headlong; te ránaró an chuic, down the hill-slope.

ranaim, vl. ranamaint, ranamain, ranmain, ranmain, ranmaint (ran, ranac, U.; ranact, Con.), v. intr., I remain, stay, stop, dwell; I await (with te); I desist; ran, stop, cease, stay, wait.

ranamaine, -e, f., act of remaining, staying, stopping, waiting.

ránán, -áin., m., an incline, a slip for boats.

ránánac, -aiz, m., an inclined plane.

rán-laz, m., a slope.

rann, gsf. rainne, a., weak, infirm, languid, faint, feeble.

rann-cor, f., a weak leg.

ranncair, -e, -ive, f., weakness, a fainting fit (nom. also panncaire).

Fanntaire, g. id., pl. -rive, f., a

phantom, s spectre. See rann-

fainting; spectral. weak,

rannuroeac, -orje, a., negligent, careless.

ranóro, -e, f., a jibe, jesting (O'N.). See ronomao.

ranói σεας, -σιζε, α., jestingly.
See ronomai σεας, 7c.

ranóroeact, -a, f., jesting, jeering, jibing.

fánuróe, g. id., pl. -ote, m., a

wanderer; an exile. raobao, -boa, m., act of spoiling, preying on. See raobao.

raobam, -bao, v. tr., I rob, spoil,

etc. See paobaim.
paobaim, -ania, f., the temper of any sharp-bladed instrument, the temper of steel or iron.

See rażaint.

raoban, -ain, pl. id., m., edge (of tools, weapons, etc.); the faculty of sharpening edged tools; ta raoban mait aize, he can sharpen a scythe, razor, etc., keenly, lit., "he has good edge"; raoban an chuic, the top edge of the hill.

raoban-ctear, m., sword-dexterity, display of swordmanship.

raobaμ-ċμυαιό, a., hard-edged (of weapons).

raoban-culaiteac, -tiţe, a., steel-suited.

raobμać, -aiże, α., sharp, sharp-edged; keen; bitter, satirical.

raobhuisim (raobhaim), -nusao, v. tr., I sharpen, whet, set (as a razor).

raobnuiste, indec. p. a., sharpened, whetted.

γαοθέα, p. a., worn, spoiled (Om.).
γαος, -a, -ain, f., a periwinkle;
γαοςός and γαοςάη, id. (γαοςα,
Con.).

raocóς, -όιζε, -όζα, f., a periwinkle; a weaver's thrum; raocóς cuiμη, a large periwinkle; raocóς capaitt, dogwhelk; raocóς πίασμα, a dogwinkle; in Om. raoróς. taoi, evening, nightfall (Don.).

See raoitean.

raoi, prep. prn., under it, under him; Jan rocal raoi ná taipir, without exaggerating or detracting in the slightest; raoi, under, etc.; rá, about (Don.). See rá.

raoib, -e, f., a relic; dead men's

clothes.

 \mathbf{r}_{4010} , -e, f., a shout, a cry, a moan, a voice; also sleep (O'N).

raoideam, -dim (raoideam), m., a messenger; also rest, ease; relief from sickness. See paotam.

raoioim, vl. -oeao, v. tr., I give up (the ghost), yield up, breathe

forth.

raoit-áno, -áino, m., the flat of the back between the shoulders: the very summit.

raoite, g. id., f., wildness, savage-

rapite, g. id., f., a seagull (Don.). raoileáil, -ála, f. (from Eng. wheeling), tricks, motions, gestures; ceremonious manner, diplomatic action, manœuvring; rin i bris na raoileála, that is the upshot of the whole manœuvring (Ker.).

raoileann, -linn, pl. id., m., a sea-gull (raoiteán in Clare, raoiteaván in Om., and O'N. has raoiteannán, which is heard

in Mon.).

raoileannoa, indec. a., sea-gulllike; ir raoiteannoa rnóö, of sea-gull, or brightest appearance (O'Ra.).

raoiteannoacc, -a, f., brightness of appearance, like a sea-gull's.

raoileoz, -015e, -05a, f., a seagull (Don.); dim. paoileogán.

raoil-flearc (cf. raoil-áno), m., a ridge or verge; the spine; an raoil-flearc a opoma, on the flat or level of his back; also an rlearc a onoma. rlearc.

paoilio, -e, a., glad, joyful, merry,

raoilleac, a remnant. See ruis-Lesc.

paoittro, the old name of the Kalends of February and of fifteen days after; often it is used for the entire month (P. O'C. says it is a corruption of ruiote, .1. the dregs or remains of the year); it also means bad weather; cf. raoitt-10 a manouizeann na caoiniz. February it is that kills the sheep; January (O'N.).

raoitteac, -tiże, a., glad, joyful; rejoiced at seeing a friend.

raoin, -e, a., weak, mean, vain, idle; inclining. See roon.

f some, g. id., f., vanity, idleness; an inquiry; a chimera; raoinear, raoineact, id.

raoinim, -neao, v. intr., I indulge. raoirceán, -áin, pl. id., m., a

female crab.

 $f_{0} = f_{0} = f_{0}$ filbert.

raoiream, -rim, m., an amendment, a recovery; a rest; cessation, intermission; help, succour.

raoipiusao, -iste, pl. id., m., dispensation; an c-áno-thorcao ó nac bruit raoine ná raoiriużao né rażáil, the great fast from which there is no relief or dispensation to be got.

paoirne, g. id., m., a little shellfish, a small variety of crab

(Mayo).

paoiptin, -e, -ioe, f., confession; the Sacrament of Penance; r. bacac, an imperfectly made confession; r. beatao, a "general confession"; ataın raoır-Tine, a ghostly father; oroe racifcine, id. (Don.).

radicean, in phr. o maioin 50 p.

See paotain.

 φ solution, g. id., m., a whiting, aspecies of fish.

raol, g. -oil, pl. -a and -ta, m., a wolf.

paot, -oite, a., wild, untamed. raolconos, indec. a., wolfish.

raotionoair, -a, f., wolfishness. faol-cú, g. -con, d. -com, pl. -com, f., a wolf; a wild dog; a brave warrior.

paotós, f., a sea-gull (N. Con. and Don.); also paoiteos.

paotrcao, -aro, m., a scorehing, a burning (O'N.).

paolycaim, -aò, v. tr., I scorch, burn, pepper (O'N.).

raomao, -mca, m., act of consenting, assenting, yielding.

raomaim, -ao, v. intr., I consent, assent, yield.

raon, -ome, a., void, empty, weak, languid, naked, foolish; as s., the flat or level part, as an raon a onoma, on the "flat" of his back, (lying) on his back.

raonaim, -ao, v. tr., I mollify, soothe.

raon-car, -carre, a., hanging down in ringlets (of the hair).

raon-taz, -taize, a., weak, feeble; hanging down in unresisting masses (of the hair).

raonmac, -aiże, a., mild, meek, quiet, silent.

raopam, -aim, m. See raoiream. raopc. See naopcac (Aran).

raorcóz, -ó1ze, -óza, f., an insect, a snail.

raorużaó, -uiżte (raoiriużaó), m., a critical ease, or relief in heavy sickness. See raoiream. raot, -a, -anna, m., a fall; an

easement; ease in sickness.

raotain, -tna, f., sundown, eventide; ó maioin 50 raotain, from dawn till sunset (raoitean).

paotam, -aim, m., alleviation; recovery after the crisis (of a disease).

raotużać, -uiżte, m., a critical case in a heavy sickness. See raoiream.

rán=rá (prep.)+no (verbal prefix)=also rá (prep.)+a (rel.)+ no (verbal prefix).

rapac oub, m., great fig-wort, kernel-wort.

Papao, -arò, -aròe, m., a henrost; a loft of any kind; litter in a boat to receive horses or cattle.

rapaisim (rapaim), -pao, v. tr., I freight (a ship).

 \mathfrak{p} ταμάιτ, - áτα, f., an offering, a present (O'N).

papaitim, -ait, v. tr., I present, I offer.

raμαιμε, g. id., pl. -μιόε, m., a brave man, a soldier.

ránán, -áin, m., wild garlic (réanán).

papánta, indec. a., stout, strong, wild.

γάηλοιη, γάηλοη, alas! See γάιηίοη.
γάηλη, -λιγ, m., a reason, an argument.

raparta, indec. a., solid, sober, reasonable (also roparta).

rapica, g. id., pl -oa, m., a maul, a beetle, a mallet; rapica, id.

rapcán, -áin, pl. id., m., a knot in timber; a wart; a corn or welt on hands or feet; in M. and Don., rapapcán.

flaming thunderbolt.

rap-choiceann, -cinn, pl. id., m., the epidermis.

rapoáit, f., the greater part of anything.

Fárroat, -a1t, m., an account, an explanation (E, R); hindrance, delay (O'R).

rán-оораг, аг, m., lintel of a door. ranna, prep. with pronoun, with them.

raμμας, -aiż, m., pestilence, force, violence.

ταμμαό, m., nearness, proximity; company, party, people; in phr., 1 δταμμαό (with gen.), near, along with, in company with, on the side of, together with; also in comparison with; 1 δταμμαό τοιπ, in addition to that.

 Γαμμάπ, -áin, m., vexation, chagrin, annoyance, anger. See τομμάπ.
 Γαμμάπας, -αίζε, α., vexatious,

annoying.

Fajijiántar, -air, m., power.

ring-worm.

rár, -áir, m., a growth, growing; an increase; an σαμα rár, second or after growth; ráp na haon orôce, a mushroom.

rárac, -aize, a., desolate, desert,

overgrown with grass.

rárac, -ais, pl. -aise, -aca, m., a desert, a wilderness, a wild; grassy headland of a ploughed rich pasturage; pasture land; a field (O'R.); veanz-rárac, a dreary desert; as cabains an rápais, growing grass, i.e., dead and buried; oo bí a 5nó 'n-a rarac ain, his business went against him; beio an tis reo 'n-a rárac onc, you will not be allowed to enter this house; rlaitear na naom an Séamar 'n-a oeapz-rárac, may heaven of the saints be completely shut against James (McD.).

ráracao, -cza, m., desolation, act

of depopulating.

ráparoeact, -a, f., act of devastating or turning into a desert.

ráram, vl. rár, v. intr., I grow, increase; I am born, sprung from (ό).

ráramait, -mta, a., growing;

desert, wild.

rárán, -áin, pl. id., m., a sapling. rár-buaite, f., a temporary enclosure for cows in the summer season.

parc, -a, m., a bond, a tie, a tying;
a restraint; a prison; protection, shelter; an enclosure; a
fold; a pound for cattle.

rarcao, -cta, m., a checking, restraining, an imprisoning, an

impounding; sheltering.

rárcao, -árcca and -cuiçte, m., a squeezing, a tightening, compression; the sparks from a red-hot iron; also páirceao; párcao aníor, water rising, as through the floor in a house, react ré, id.

rarcaván (rorcaván), -áin, pl. id., m., a sconce; an umbrella, a

shade.

rárcavóin, -óna, -óinirioe, m., a press; a vice.

rárcán, -ám, pl. id., m., a bandage.

rarcnao, -a, m., a winnowing, a eleansing, a purging; báμμ rorcnaoa, chaff; o'imtiξ ré i mbáμμ na brarcaiote, he went at top speed (Con.).

parchaim, -ao, v. tr., I winnow,

cleanse, purge, purify.

párcoitt, f., a young wood, a grove.

párchann, m., a plant, a grove, a vineyard (Gen., ii. 5, etc.).

vineyard (Gen., ii. 5, etc.). páptac, -aiż (coll.), m., youths.

partac, -ais, m., in turbary, the place where the turf is spread, the part cut away, as distinguished from the eanac or uncut part.

rárman, -aine, a., vegetative,

growing, thriving.

rár na h-aon oroce (rár aon oroce), m., a mushroom; also the name of a celebrated antiquarian monument near Dundalk.

τάτρηός, -ό1ζε, -όζα, f., a gull, or

mew; an osprey.

part, -airt, m., a capture, a seizure; a jail, a prison. See part.

rápta, p. a., grown; pápta puap,

"grown up."

partuoac, -aiz, pl. id., m., one who is hired; a young man (often used in a depreciatory sense).

raγτυζαό, -υιζτε, m., act of staying, restraining, retaining, fastening, securing; seizing; agreeing to; hiring; binding; τά γέ αμ γ., he is hired (Don.).

papuniim, vl. papuóżaó, papuniżaó, v. tr. I retain, fasten, secure, moor; seize; agree to; hire.

raptuím, -e, -eaca, f., pleasure, sport, pastime; nonsense; romance; raptuím, a ouine! nonsense, man!

ráruża, -uiżte, m., act of laying waste, devastating; a desert place, a waste.

ráruisim, -usao and -raioeact,

v. tr., I devastate, turn into a desert.

rápuiste, p. a., laid waste, depopulated.

 \mathbf{r} át, -a, pl. id. and -anna, m., a cause, reason; an opportunity.

rata, g. id., pl. -roe, a potato (Con.); in M., pháza, which see; préata (Don.).

rátac, -aite, a., mighty, powerful; prophetical, philosophic; skilful; causative; opportune; 30 rátac, with skill.

ratac, -ait, pl. id. and -aite, m.,

a giant. See atac.

ratacamant, -mta, a., gigantic, boorish.

rátao, m., the appearance or disposition to a thing; bí rátao an Saine an a beat, the first beginnings of a laugh could be seen on his lips, he smiled. See raeteat.

ratao. See raitie.

rátruaim, -e, -eaca, f., the hem of a garment (also ráitim).

rát-zámizm, vl. rát-zámioe, v. intr., I smile; o'rát-záiniz ré, he smiled (also rát-jáinim).

rat-loreim, -cao, v. tr., I scorch,

I scald, I burn.

rát-oroe, m., a schoolmaster.

rát-nún, m., a mystery. rát-núnos, indec. a., mystic.

rat-tunne, g. id., f., distress, sorrow (also at-cuinre).

ré, g. id., f., a measuring rod; a rod for measuring graves, coffins, and dead bodies; a pound.

ré, prep., before, under (M.); prep. prn., 3 s. See rá.

ré, indec. a., lean, poor, meagre; an intens. prefix, as ré-ringil, very distressed.

reabar, -air and -bra, m., excellence, goodness, good, superiority, worth, beauty; an r., excellent, in excellence, excellently, first-rate, in first-class style; vá řeabar, however well; as out 1 breabar, improving; tá r. món ain, he is much better; tá ré ap r., it is excellent, tá ré toitte, id.

readna, g. id., February. rabna.

reabrac, -aize, a., worthy, wise, excellent, skilled, cunning.

reabruizim, -użao, v. tr., I correct, make better, improve, develop; also v. intr., I mend, grow better.

reac, -eic, -anna, m., a spadehandle, a spade; reacán, id.

reaca, reacato, 7c. See oó-cím. reacao, -cta, m., a bending, a twisting; also a pick-axe, a matlock.

réacadóin, -óna, -óinide, m., a

seer; a spectator.

réacáil, -ála, f., watching; réacáil a cup aip, to try him, examine him, to keep guard over him (Don.).

peacaim, -ao, v. tr. and intr., I bend, bow; I shrink.

réadaim, -caint, v. tr. and intr., I look on (Ap), look at, view, examine; watch, explore, attend to, visit; try, attempt; réac! lo! réac ain, look at it or him; réac é, try it, test it; réac Leir, attempt it.

réacaint, -e, f., looking, examining; appearance, aspect; consideration, pity; act of looking, beholding, searching, exploring (also réacain); claon-r.,

squint.

réacaint (or réacait for riacait); cumpead-pa d'féacaint ont, I will compel you (to do so and so); 1acatt (Ker.), 1attac (Con.).

react, -a, f., a grave; a country; time, place, turn, occasion, sometimes; r. n-aon, at one time; r. n-aill, on another occasion; an oana r., in the second place; 1 n-aoinfeact, or 1 n-éinfeact, together, together with (te), altogether.

read, m., space, extent, length (of time or space), duration, continuance; An reao, through, throughout, during, for (>during), amongst; an read, wnilst; an read an tae, during the day; an read an bótain, along the road; pron. réad (Don.); in M. sp. l. an read an becomes ran.

rice read, twenty fathoms

(pron. reáo).

read, g. -a and reide, pl. -a, m. and f., a whistle; a shrill noise; a hiss; if oto an cú nac riú read a téizean uifici, it is an ill hound that is not worth whistling for.

reavait, -e, a whistling, a piping.

See reausait.

readaim, vl. readjait and readáit, v. tr. and intr., I whistle.

réavaim, I am able, I can; vo ninne ré an réavo ré, he did what he could; rut an réavai corc a cun teir, before they were able to stop him; réavan a πάο, it may be said: cf. b'réivin te Oia, with God's help; b'réivin 50 bruit, perhaps there is (or he is). See réivin.

readam, -ona, pl. id., f., a tribe, a company of people, a party, a troop; ceann readma, a captain; ceannar readma, general-

ship, captaincy.

readaine, g. id., pl. -nice, m., a

whistler, a piper.

readameact, -a, f., act of whistling.

reaválac, -aiż, -aiże, m., a hiss-

readón, -áin, pl. id., m., a pipe, a reed, a flute; a streamlet, a brook; a canal; a spout issuing from a tube or opening; a vein; r. rota, a stream of blood, a small stream (also riodán).

reavánac, -aiż, -aiże, m., a flute-

player, a piper.

reavánact, -a, f., playing on a flute or pipes.

reavánam, -ánav, v. intr., I pipe, I whistle.

readanta, p. a., cold, shy, backward (Om.).

readap, v., I know (used with neg., ní readap, I do not know); ní readap ré, he does not know. Note that in perf. tense, ní reidip ré, he did not know, is used; in Con., ní riodpa mé, ní 'opa mé; in Don., níομ riolp (reidip) mé. readb, -arôbe, f., a widow; a reli-

gioug Homan a nun

gious woman, a nun.

reavisant, -e, f., act of whistling; pont reavisante nronvice or reéal roundiverses um to, whistling by night and the telling of Fenian tales by day (mentioned as unseemly actions).

peacities, g. id., f., a noise in the stomach of some horses

when trotting.

réaom, -a, m., praise, credit; fame, renown; τυς γέ γέαοm món oó, he gave him great praise (=fame?) (Om.).

readma, g.id., m., service, superin-

tendence.

readmac, -maize, a., serviceable. See reidmeac.

peaomamail, -mla, a., service-able.

peaomannac, -aiz, -aize, m., a servant, a steward, an over-seer.

readmannact, -a, f., a butlership,

a stewardship.

resomannes, indec. a., belonging to the office of a butler; official.

pensing, doling out.

pensing, doling out. peaomannup, -uip, m., steward-

ship, superintendence; an office; a legacy; tuit pé ipteat i breadmannup, he came in for a legacy (M.); tá pé i breadmannup an tizeanna, he is in the lord's employment.

peáona; ip ole na peáona atá pút, your disposition is evil; your behaviour augurs ill for

you (Ker.).

resonac, -aiz, m., a troop, a company; r. Seamaine, a troop of masked youths at a wedding, etc. (Con.). See resonan.

rea005, -015e, -05a, f., a plover.

reaσός, -όιςe, -όςa, f., a flute, a fife, a whistle (also rίσεος).

reaz, -a, -aioe, m., a rush.

reas, g. -a and reise, pl. -a, f., a cog, a tooth, a notch; offence (also eas).

reaz, a fathom. See reao.

reasa, g. id., pl. id., f., a beech tree; a wattle.

réasmair, g. -e, f., absence, want.

See éazmair.

reagnagaroe, the "cliabáin" or baskets used with γματαμ γασα or panniers (Con.) In Don. γεαξηήξαιοε.

realt, g. reitt and ritt m., deceit, treachery, falsehood; fraud, wrong; conspiracy, evil; murder

(also f., g. realte).

reallad, -lta, m., act of de-

ceiving; a joke (Don.).

reallaim, -ao, v. tr. and intr., I deceive; I conspire, fail; níoμ reallao μια πά τι τιτιο μα deception meets its retribution; o'reall ré ομm, it failed me, same as το τειρ ré ομπ (Con.). reallaine, g. id., pl. -μιόe, m., a

deceiver, a conspirator.

reall-beaμτ, f., murder, rapine, treachery (also reitl-beaμτ).

realtra, g. id., f., philosophy, learning, literature (improp.

rattra).

realtram, g. -raman, d. -raman, pl. -ramna and -raman, m., a philosopher.

realtramnac, -aiż, -aiże, m., a philosopher, a sophister.

reallramnact, -a, f., philosophy, learning.

realltac, -aiţ, -aiţe, m., a murderer, a treacherous person.

realltac, -aiże, a., treacherous, deceitful.

realltact, -a, f., fraud, treachery, murder.

realtτόιμ, -όμα, -όιμισε, m., a deceiver, a traitor.

pealltóineact, -a, f., treachery, deceit, villainy.

ream, -a, pl. -aroe and -anna, m., a tail; a rubber-like stump on

which the long, broad sea-weed leaves grow; dims., reamán and reimín.

peamac, -aiże, a., tailed; full of tails or sea-rods. See peam.

peamain, -mna, f., sea-weed; p. oub, black weed; p. oeans, red weed (best for making kelp); p. cailineac, p. builzineac, bladder-weed; p. puatanac, string-weed; p. coingleac, grows on rocks, can be cut only at low water in spring tides (Con.).

peamnac, -aiże, f., weeds, seaweeds, a collection of sea-weed; sea-weeds attached to the stump

or ream.

 \mathfrak{r} eánac, - \mathfrak{a}_{1} , - \mathfrak{a}_{1} , - \mathfrak{a}_{2} , \mathfrak{r} , a pail

(Con.).

reannao, -nta, m., act of flaying; act of skinning an animal or stripping or plucking a fowl; relan reannta, a flaying knife.

reannaim, -ao, v. tr., I flay, skin; I pluck or strip; I plunder.

reannaine, g. id., pl.-proe, m., a flayer; a current cake (Aran).

reannc, -a, m., a wry mouth; a twist; níon baineað r. ar, he did not budge (Con.).

reannός, -ό15e, -ό5a, f., a royston or carrion crow, a scald crow; a vulture; a pannier; a whiting. reannta, indec. p. a., flayed,

skinned; perforated.

peanntac, -aiże, a., skinning, flaying, stripping, plucking.

reanntact, -a, f., slaying, flaying, stripping, plucking.

reannτόιη, -όηα, -όιηι<mark>όe, m., a</mark> flayer, a skinner, a spoiler.

reap, g. rip, pl. id., m., a man, a husband; reap τiże, a householder, man of the house; reap bpéize, a statue or other object dressed to counterfeit a man, a scarecrow; reap ceoil, a musician; reap otiżio, a lawyer; reap reapa, a seer, a wizard; reap teiżip, a physician, one who practises medicinal remedies; reap reitze, a hunter;

reap coiméaria, a keeper, a guardian; reap báiro, a boatman; reap aipis, a ferryman; reap oibpe, a labourer; reap riubait, a man who travels, a tramp; an reap móp, the devil. The pl. is reapa in compound numerals, as ceitpe reapa réas, fourteen men; the nom. and voc. pl. reapair is very common, being one of the instances in which the -it is pron. in pl. in Con. and Don.

réan, g. réin, m., grass, hay; the lea; r. rtiuc, pasturage, as opposed to r. tinim, saved hay, as fodder; r. bó, the grass fodder of a cow for the year. (réan without a qualifying adjective expresses either hay or grass.)

réaμac, -ais, m., grazing; hired grazing of cattle; víot ap réaμac na mbó, to pay for the grazing of the cattle; aμ réaμac, being grazed (réaμac, Mayo).

reapacar, -air, m., economy, husbandry; reapacar tize ir baile, thrift and economy (M.).

reamacτ, -a, f. (?), likeness, similar happening; a synonym of σάιτα: r. ζαὰ τίμε όιμ ειτε, like every other gold-producing country, G. J., No. 115, p. 498 (Con.); a r. rin, like that.

reana-cú (rean-cú), f., a warrior (man-hound); declined like cú,

which see.

reapao, -μτα, m., a happening.

reaman, -μτα, m., act of giving, pouring out, sending, etc. See reamann.

reanaim, -aö, v. tr., I pour out, rain, give forth, send, grant, bestow; σο γεαμαό γάιιτε μοιṁε, he was welcomed; ας γεαμαό mo ὁέαμ, pouring out my tears.

reapamail, -mla, a., manly

brave.

reapamtact, -a, f., manliness, power, heroism, spirit.

réanán, -áin, pl. id., m., a turtle

dove; réanán breac, a turtle; réanán riadain, a wild pigeon; réanán eroin, a wild pigeon.

réanán, -áin and -ána, pl. id., m., a wood; wild garlie; tuib réanána and συιτιεαθαη réan-

ána, woodbine.

reamann, -annn, pl. id., m., a field, land, farm; ground, country; r. bán, lea-land; r. coittreac, woodland; r. οιζηεαστα, a manor.

reamannact, -a, f., extent of ter-

ritory; reamannar, id.

reapann-maż, m., a field, a lawn. reapanntar, -air, m., land, country.

reap-aral, m., a jackass.

reaph, g. reiphe, pl. -a, f., a doe, a deer; an ox, a cow; a pair of bellows; a pimple; a stripe (O'N.); also eaph and eiph.

peanbán, -áin, m., the herb crowfoot; also a spot of land; a

streak (O'N.).

rean bots, g. rin buits, pl.id. and -botsa, m., one of the Belgæ; also a scabbard, a sheath.

ream buéize, m., a scarecrow, a puppet. See ream.

rean cémoe, m., a tradesman, a

craftsman, an artisan.

péan connáin, m., hook grass; grass that cannot be cut with a seythe (as grass growing on borders, etc.), but must be cut with a reaping hook.

реарол, indec. a., manly, gallant; male, masculine (esp. as grammatical term); male; as subs.,

a male.

reapoacτ, -a, f., manhood, age of a full-grown man; manliness.

pean oligio, g. pin oligio, a lawyer; for pl. we have tuct oligio, lawyers, officers of the law.

reaps, g. respect, f., anger, wrath, fury; f. so cup an sume, to

anger or vex a person; r. luinne, fury of anger.

reapsac, -aiże, a., angry, wrathful, fierce, passionate.

reapsaim, -ao, v. tr. and intr., I grow angry, vex, fret.

reansoact, -a, f., state of being peevish or angry; rage, anger.

réan-jonc, - zuinc, pl. id., m., a grassy field, a meadow.

réan-zonta, m., the pinch of hunger felt in travelling moorlands, etc.

reansuisim, -usao, v. tr. and intr.,

I vex, fret, grow angry.

réantann, -ainne, -a, f., a barn for hay or straw; réaplac, id.

réan-leazaim, -aò, v. intr., I mow hay (E. R.).

réan-tocán, m., a grassy pool.

realman, -ano, m., envy, jealousy, bigotry. See ropmao.

reaμmaσαċ, -aiζe, a., envious, jealous, bigoted.

réanman, -aine, a., grassy, ver-

reapn, -a, m., the alder tree; alder timber; the mast of a ship because genly. of alder); hence, reapn reoit tuinge, a ship's mast; the letter r.

reamnoz, -ó15e, -ó5a, f., the alder

tree.

reapp, better; comp. of mait, good; sec. comp. respiroe, better of it, for it; ir reapp oó, it is better for (him), advantageous to (him); if reapp teir, it is more pleasing to him, he likes best, prefers, would rather; 'ré ir reapp 'ná a céile, better than each other, better and better; níon b'řeáph leir puo a véançavo ré, he would do that as willingly as anything else; an reapp lear é, do you like him? (Don., where no definite comparison is implied); tá ré cóm reápp azam, it is as well for me, is quite common in Iveragh (Ker.); reapp beit 1 mbannaib ruain-beann, it is good to be on the top of cold

peaks (L. poem); ní reánn beit as cainne ain, there is no good in talking about it (M.); níon b'reáμμ liom-ra rcéal σe 'ná beit amuit ar, I'd rather be outside of it (Scéal. C. muman).

reappa, .1. reápp, which see. We say, b'reapp tiom, b'reappa ouit, b'reapp leir, b'reappa

οό, ⁊c. (M.).

reappa ir bapp, or eapp ir bapp, in phr. an z-eapp or bapp, the greater part; an c-eann ir bann oe'n ainzeao, the greater part of the money; an overplus.

reappa, g. id., pl. -10e, m., a verse,

a versicle.

reappao, g. respect, pl. id., f., a pit or pool of water; a deep narrow channel in the strand when the tide is at low ebb; a passage across the strand at low water; béal penpre, Belfast.

reappaid, -e, pl. -ide and -eaca, f., a spindle; reapparo na táime, the ulna (one of the bones of the hand); tuingreapparo, a club. (P. O'C.writes reappao, and nom. is somet. reappao in M. sp. l.)

ream riopa, m., a shopkeeper. reapt, -a, and reipt (rare), pl. id., m., a grave, a tomb, a vault; a

reapt, -a, pl. id., m., virtue, power, force, strength, efficacy, desert, merit; a miracle, a prodigy; a Tha 30 bruit na reapta agat, or a Dia na breamt, O God of Power; páppais na breame, St. Patrick; a onotann na breamt, an exclamation in common use

reaproac, - Aise, a., full of action,

active; of good repute.

reaptaile, g. id., pl. -live, f., a

funeral oration $(\mathcal{O}.V.)$.

reaptain, reaptainn, g. -tana, -tanna, and -taine, f., act of raining; rain; A5 cun reaptana, raining this phr. is not used in M.: they say, tá ré as reaptain, among the several ways of expressing the action of

realizamant, -mts, a., reputable, miraculous; also territorial, sepulchral. See reant in its several meanings.

reaptannac, -aize, α ., rainy, wet. reantannact, -a, f., a downpour of rain, sleet, etc.; reancannar,

reaptar, -air, m., manly conduct. reaptar, -air, m., a churchyard, a burying place.

ream tize, m., a householder, the

head of a family.

reapt-laoro, -e, -te, m., an epitaph.

reant-maj, m., a graveyard.

realizim, -użao, v. tr., I bury, inter.

réan-uaine, a., grass-green.

rear, known; in phrs. like ni rear com réin, it is not known to myself; ir rear, it is well known; this latter phr. is often used by poets as a cheville.

rearac, a., skilful, knowing, acquainted, instructed; 17 reapac oom, I am aware (also 17 rearac

rearaim, v. tr., I know; used in expressions like an tan rearao linn, when I knew (E. R.).

rearamail, -mla, knowing, learned. a., skilful,

rearcalac, -aiże, a., diligent on an errand (G. J.).

réarcán, -áin, pl. id., m., a shellfish called the mussel.

rearcan, -ain, m, the evening (also separation, O'N.); r.-thát, eventide.

rearcanaim, -ao, v. tr., I darken, cause to fade, extinguish; I separate (= ré rcapaim).

rearcanos, indec. a., late in the evening.

rearcapoact, -a, f., lateness in the evening.

rearcan-tuc, f., a field-mouse, the dormouse; a buzzing insect that flies about in the evening.

rearchac, -aize, a., late, belong-

ing to eventide. See rearcanoa.

réaróz, -ó1ze, -ó2a, f., a beard; fibrous threads; the beard or awns of wheat, barley, etc.; the feelers of insects and worms.

réarózac, -aize, a., bearded; having awns like barley, wheat, etc.; full of fibrous threads.

reappac, $-a_1\dot{z}$, $-a_1\dot{z}e$, m. (also - a_1 że, - e_a ċa, f.), a muzzle, a snaffle (also rearthac, rpear-

rearnao. See rearnac.

rearta, henceforth, ever more. ever again, henceforward, in future; now, any moment; therefore, on that account, so; ní tiocraio ré rearta, oh, then, I see he will not come; with neg., no more; beao-pa az imteatt rearta (in this expression anoir is more common now).

réarca, g. id., pl. -1 de, m., a feast,

a banquet; good cheer.

réarcac, -aize, v., festive, merrymaking; fond of feasting or good cheer.

réartużao, -uiżte, m., a feasting,

a banqueting.

réarcuizim, -uzao, v. intr., I feast, make merry.

réata (riaota, riata), indec. a., gentle, shy; also valiant, brave, strong.

réatact, -a, f., valour, bravery; also shyness, gentleness, strange-

reatán, -áin, pl. id., m., the hair of the body, the fur of a beast (O'N.).

reatánac, -aite, a., hairy, furry; as subst., m., a furrier (O'N).

reatan, -ain, m., fur, hair; also treasure.

réatlóz, -ó1ze, -óza, f., woodbine, common honeysuckle (also réicleos).

restresoileso, -tre, m., the

palsy.

réiceam, -cim, m., a debtor; a debt; dpl. réiceamnaib, in a version of the "Our Father.'

reicim. See oo-cim.

réicín, g. id., pl. -ioe, m., a little raven, a young raven (dim. of riac); also a man's name.

reicreanac, -aiże, a. visible.

reicrint, g. -e and -reana, f., act of seeing; ni't a teitéro te reicrint annro, there's no such thing to be seen here.

péro, 1. péroip, in ní péro=ní péroip: ní péroip tiom, I cannot do, etc. See péroip.

réroeanida, indec. a., practicable,

feasible.

ρέισε Δητόλότ, -λ, f., practicability, feasibility (also ρέισιμελότ).

report, -e, -roe, f., a wooden yoke tied to the horns of oxen (Om.).

reivit, 7c. See reizit, 7c.

Pέισιη, used after ní and ιη, as b'rέισιη te Όια, with God's help; b'rέισιη 50 βραιί, perhaps there is; b'rέισιη σόιβ, perhaps they would; b'rέισιη κ it may be so; ní ρέισιη α mataint σ'rάζαιί, a substitute or alternative for it cannot be had.

reiom, g. -e and reaoma, pl. -eanna, f., act, effort, power, exertion, duty; service, use, business, work, function; nature; employment; need, necessity; military service; reap reaoma, a fighting man; tucz readma, an army in service; théinreiom, a mighty effort; rin readma, men of trust or substance; chéao é ir reiom oo'n uirce coirpeasta, what is the use of holy water? (Donl.); reiom oo oéanam oe, to make use of it; reiom oo baint ar, to derive profitable use from it; tá reiom ont, there is a task before you; cá opoic-reiom ré, he promises badly (like zá opoc-ruadan ré); o'reiom (a o'reiom, Don.), needed.

peròmeac, -mije, a., energetic. peròmeamait, -mta, a., needful, necessary, useful, substantial, fit for service; forcible, powerful.

reiomeamtact, -a, f., need,

necessity, usefulness, forcibleness, power.

rerom-realt, f., actual possession

or employment.

reiz, -e, a., sharp, of a weapon; keen, of the eyes (E. R.); smart brisk.

réige, g. id., f., the top, the summit (of a house or hill); a fault, a weakness (E. R.); met., the "top of sovereignty" (also réige).

féiże, g, id., f., keenness, smart-

ness, sharpness.

péijeamail, -mla, a., weak, defective; also keen, sharp.

péizean, used somet. in M. and elsewhere for éizean, which see.

peiţil, -e, f., attention, concern; also dispersion (O'N.); act of attending to, looking after, minding; 1 breiţil a ţnóċa, in pursuit of his business; 1 breiţil na mbó, herding the cows (also reioil).

peigitive, g. id., pl.-vite, m., a follower, a servant, an atten-

dant.

reizitim, vl. reizit, I watch, take care; az r. na mbó, herding the cows; az r. teinb, nursing or taking care of a child (1 breizit,

7c.).

réil (réile), g. réile, pl. réilte, réilteaca, f., the vigil of a feast, a feast, a festival, a holiday; lá réile páoplais, the Feast of St. Patrick, St. Patrick's Day; r. an báir, the time of death; réil báir, commemoration of the dead, anniversary (O'N.); réilte rożluaire, moveable festivals.

reilbin, g. id., pl. -ioe, m., a lap-

wing.

reitc, -e, -eanna, f., a trembling, a tremor (Clare); cf. an żaoż anoiji, bionn ri their 7 cuitteann ri reitc ati oaoinib; a tombstone (G. J.).

perte-, in compounds intensitive (it is oftener used in a bad than a good sense, that is, it is oftenest placed before words like biceamnac, nogaine, but not confined exclusively to such words; it is prefixed to adjs. and nouns).

réite, g. id., f., generosity, hospitality, liberality; coine réite, the boilers of hospitality used

by the Biatachs, or almoners to chieftains. See reit.

réileac, -lige, a., festive; pertaining to a holiday or festival.

réileacán, -áin, pl. id., m., a butterfly (peroleacán in M.).

réileamail, -mla, a., festive,

merry, seasonable.

reiteamain an coir, necrosis of the bones of the leg (Con.).

reileamnac, -aiçe, a., appropriate; ip veap p. an t-ainm é, it is a nice, appropriate name. In the barony of Iveragh (Ker.) the word is always pronounced 'liúnac.

réiteán, -áin, pl. id., m., a cod; a husk or pod of beans, peas,

etc

reiteos, -015e, -05a, f., a pod (in peas, beans, or other plants or

herbs) (O'N.).

reitim, vl. reiteamain(\(\tau\)), I suit (Mayo); reiteann ré vo'n méiv rin, it answers for all these purposes (Con. song).

réiline, g. id., pl. -pròe, m., a calendar, a catalogue of festi-

vals; an almanac.

reitt-beaμτ, f., treachery; an evil or treacherous line of action.

reill-żníom, m., a treacherous or evil deed.

reilm, -e, -eaca, f., a farm (in M., reinm, which see).

reitm, -e, pl. -eaca and -neaca, f., a helm; a helmet; reitm lapainn, an iron helmet (A.).

reilm, -e, f., scum on the eye

(O'N.) (= film ?).

reilmeoin, -ona, -oinive, m., a farmer (also reilmein, -eana, -einive; réanman, Don.). See reinmeoin (M.).

reilmeoineact, -a, f., farming.

reitτeac, -τιζe, α., keeping holidays or Church festivals.

péitteact, -a, f., feasting or keeping of holidays.

réitreog and réiteoz. See réit-

reimín, g. id., pl. -ioe, m., a little tail, a tuft; the crest of a drake; a sea-rod (dim. of ream).

permineac, m., a beast that eats the tails of other animals.

réin, emph. prn., own, self; even; 'na am réin, in its own time; mé réin, myself, etc.; bíor tiom réin, I was alone; often ethically, without emphasis, as, 1t é rın ouic réin, eat that for yourself, eat on; ran 17015 out réin, remain within doors; oá mbead punt rein agam, if I had even a pound; véan anoir réin é, do it even now; somet. added to words like ceans to express emphasis: ceana réin, already, long ago; used after verb in the case of reflexive prns.: vá bualav réin, beating himself; and after nouns preceded by pers. pr. to express own: mo rcéal réin, my own story; 7 5un b'inimiteacta ooib Airti an uair rin réin, and that they should have left it even then (Oidhe Ch. U.).

réineac, a strong form of réin

(E. M.).

reineacar, -air, m., the code of Irish laws including judgments, history, and genealogy.

réineactain, a strong form of réin; tú r., your very self

(Con.).

réinicr, m., a phœnix, a paragon; a name often used in poetry, esp. of a maiden, to imply all that is excellent.

réinio (réiniz) = réin; όιη σο raoitear réiniz ná muipheocao an raogat τύ, that the whole world would not have been able to kill you; and man a bráraio caona 'na n-am réinio (Caoineao aint uí Laogaine); often used as a strengthened or emphatic form of réin, esp. in M.

réinn. See riann.

réinnio, g. id., pl. -e, m., a cham-

pion.

réinnioeact, -a, f., Fenian exploits; Fenian stories; act of telling stories of Fenian exploits

(also fiannaioeact).

reipic, e, eanna, f, a protuberance, a paunch, a welt, a hoop; the peak of a cap; τά reipic aip, he has a paunch; haτα τρί στειρισεανη, a three-cornered hat; ας γάταν reine το reipic, sticking a knife to the haft.

réine, g. id., f., wryness, perverse-

ness. See rian.

reιμέλο, -έιο, pl. id., m., a fer-

ret (A.).

réinin, g. id., pl. -ioe, m., a reward, a present, a keepsake, a fairing; τά réinin tem' céao-reanc im' poca tior, I have a keepsake from my dearest love deep in my pocket (song).

reimm, -e, -eaca, f., a farm; often with talam: reimm tailim, a farm of land (also reilm), baile

Tailim, id. (Don.).

reimeoin, -ona, -onioe, m., a

tarmer.

reinine, sec. compar. of mait, good; the better of it; if f. oe fin é, he is the better of that (also reάιμησε).

respree, pools of water on sand at

low tide. See reappao.

reir, -e, pl. -eanna and -eaca, f., a festival, a parliament, a convention, a session, a conference, an entertainment; night's quarters, accommodation; a meal; a sleep (generally pron. réir).

réireoz, -013e, -03a, f., a nap, a

short sleep.

réire, -e, pl. id., f., a feast, enter-

tainment.

reirce, g. id., f., accommodation, entertainment; equipment; order; stowing, adjusting. (reirce is used similarly to rtact.) See reircear.

reinteap, -tip, m., order, regulation; stowing, adjusting of things; accommodation, entertainment; reinteap oroce, a night's accommodation.

reipτiżim, -iużaö, v. tr., I prepare, arrange, accommodate; I moor (a ship); reipτiż an τοριας,

fasten the door.

reiptizte, p. a., tidy, compact, reap reiptizte, a tidy, well-set man.

reiptip, -e, -ioe, f., an entertainment, accommodation. See reip-

tear

réit, -e, pl. -eaca and -eanna, f., a vein, a sinew, a nerve; a fountain, a stream; a swamp, a marsh; the source or root of a thing.

réit, -e, -eaca, f., a small twig, a

withe, a wicker.

реіс-срараю, -реа, *т.*, а spasm,

a cramp.

péiteat, -tiţ, m. (coll.), nerves, veins, sinews; twigs, etc.

péiteac, -tiţe, a., sinewy, muscular, full of veins; swampy, also pertaining to twigs, withes, etc.; full of twigs, withes, etc.

reiteam, -time, f., act of watching, waiting (upon, An), (for, te);

attending, overseeing.

reiteamantar, -air, m., longing, suffering, endurance, patience, delay, waiting.

réiteán, -áin, pl. id., m., a small vein, sinew, tendon; also, a little wand, rod, twig; dim. of réit.

reiteán, m., a quill, spool, etc. See eiteán.

réiteannac - Aije, a., sinewy.

percioe, g. id., pl. -oroe, f., a beast in general; a small beast, as distinguished from Arcio, a human being; also an adder, a serpent (0°N.); nom. also percio.

reitim, vl. reiteam, v. tr. and intr. (obs. except as verbal noun), I wait, await, attend, oversee, watch, observe, regard.

réitle, g. id., f., woodbine. See

réitleos.

réitleac, -lige, a., sinewy; strong, bony.

péitleac, -lige, -leaca, m., a vein, an artery.

réitlesc. See réitlesc.

réitleoz, -01ze. -0za, f., the pod or husk of any leguminous vegetable; honeysuckle, woodbine; gristle; réitleann, id.

reitmesc, -mise, a., careful,

watchful, patient.

reitmeac, -mis, pl. id., m., a waiter, servant, attendant; an overseer.

peitineoip, -opa, -oiprite, m., a waiter, servant, an attendant; an overseer.

réit-neaman, -neimhe, a., sinewy;

having strong sinews.

réit-ringit,-e, α ., greatly distressed (E. R.).

peocao, -cta, m., a blasting, a decay, a withering.

peocapán, -áin, pl. id., m., the common corn thistle.

reocta, p. a., withered, dried, decayed, faded.

peobaim, vl. peob, v. intr., I wither, decay, droop, perish (also peobaim).

reooużao, vl. reoroze, m., act of withering, wasting away; reoo,

id.

recounding, vl. -udao and reco, v. intr., I droop, wither, decay.

peoz, -01ze, -0za, f., a rush; p. pladain, a sort of wild rush (also peaz and ploz).

peorote, p. a., withered, dried, shrivelled. See peocta.

reoit, -ota, -ota, f., flesh; meat; muic-reoit, pork; caoip-reoit, mutton; maint-reoit, beef; taoir-reoit, veal (5 hard in M., second member short in U.).

reoil capaill, tough, bristly substance like ivy found in bogs

(Con.).

reoil-icteac, -tize, a., carnivorous.

reom, onac, onaca, f., a border, brim, edge (O'N.); the River Nore (with article).

peoinine, g. id., pl. -nioe, m., a beach covered with pebbles; also a borderer (O'N.).

recipting, -e, pl. -roe and -eaca,

f., a farthing.

peoitne, g. id., pl. -nioe, m., a full-grown blade of grass; withered grass.

reolavón, -óna, -ónnive, m., a

butcher.

peolaine, g. id., pl. -proe, m., a dealer in butcher's meat.

reolbac. See reolmac.

reot-ruit, -rota, f., heart's blood

(a poet. expression).

reotmac, -mais, m., fleshmeat; a mass of raw flesh; r. oo oéanam oíom, to convert me into carrion, to kill me (by wounding) (Ker.); also reotbac.

reolman, -aine, a., fleshy, carnal. reoluiste, p. a., wounded, cut

(from reotuizim).

reon, poet. for réan, which see.

reopainn, -ainne, -anna, f., the green bank, edge or shore of the sea; the margin of a lake or river; also a green sward; a sandy level spot on the brink of the sea; ir rinn rince an reonainn an crléibe, as we lay stretched on a green sward in the mountain, or at the mountain's brow (E. R.); reonann (nom. used by P. O'C.) is rather the gen. case of reona (Eng. shore) than the nom. case (an reopa, na reopann, ap an reonainn-P. O'C.'s note); nom. often written reontann and reoptainn.

peoμán, -áin, pl. id., m., a green
pasture; a mountain valley;
land near a stream or river; the
stream itself; a brink or edge.

See reopainn,

peopán cuppaix, m., water horsehound or common gipsywort, Lycopus Europæus.

reonar, -air, m., the spindle tree,

prickwood.

reoptainn, reoptann. See reop-

peopač, -aiže, a., withered; middle-aged (?): caż na brean breopač (Ossianic Poems).

reotaván, reotanán. See reot-

aoán.

reotán, -ánn, pl. id., m., a dormouse (O'N.).

riabhar, -air, m., a fever; r. cheacac, an ague, a quotidian fever; r. ταοσπας, id.; r. reacháin, a wandering fever; r. τοιτe, a stomach fever.

rιαθμαρας, -ραίζε, α., feverish. rιαθμαρτα, indec. α., feverish.

riac, g. péic and piaic, pl. piaca, m., a raven; p. oub, a raven; p. paipinge, a cormorant, a searaven; p. cípe nó pléibe, a mountain raven.

riac, m., a debt; now only in pl., riaca, debts, price; τά riaca ain, he is in debt; riaca na mbhoς, the price of shoes; cuippeao-pa d'riacato ont, 7c., I'll compel you, etc. (in this and similar phrases there are a great many variations of d'riacato, as cuippeao-pa iacatt ont, d'riac-

AINT ONT, 7c.).

riacail, -e, pl. riacla, f., a tooth; an item in indented objects; eroin-fracail, one of the foreteeth, the inter-teeth; riacla romair, wisdom-teeth; riacla cambaro, cheek or jaw-teeth (O'B.); realli-flacall, a tusk, a prominent tooth; riscail ctérce, a harrow pin; níon cuip ré aon fiacait ann, he used the expression without softening it down (of a curse, etc.); in M. sp.l. nom. pracal, and often m.; nion bur rocal mait riacail mam, a good word never hurt anybody; bear-ra ann 1 n-ain oeoin a cuit-fiacaite, I'll be there in spite of his very worst (M.); but as Labanic rá 'n' riacail, articulating almost inaudibly (y. also practe). Fracastre, indec. p. a., indented,

serrated, jagged.

cuificeatina o'fiacaina ont é, I will compel you to do it; also cuificeatina 'fiacat ont (M.). See riac.

riacán, -áin, pl. id., m., a young

raven.

pracanta, indec. a., of a niggardly spirit.

practac, -aiçe, a., toothed; having great or many teeth or tusks; snappish; an animal with remarkable teeth (as subs.).

riacluižim, -lužao, v. intr., I

grin, I show the teeth.

riao, g. riaio, pl. -ota, m., a deer, a stag; riao rioni, a roebuck, a fallow deer; ni'l cuimne an fiaio αχατ, you have

but a poor memory.

pιασα, g. id., m., God; God's goodness or benevolence; victuals; manifestation (O'N.). In the phrases, σαμ pιασ, σαμ pιασ με σαμ pιοταμ, a common asseveration, and της ρέ pιασ, της ρέ pιασ η pιοταμ, he swore, it is uncertain whether the word is equivalent to pιασα, or merely a substitute word for Oια; σαμ poτ Oια is also a common objurgation in M., but difficult to explain.

riadać, -aiż, m., act of hunting; a hunt; also venison; tucz riadajż, hunting dogs

riadais, hunting dogs.

riadaizim, vl. riadac, v. tr. and intr., I hunt (also riadacam).

rad. See radisal.

pradam, -e, a., wild, uncultivated, untamed, savage; 56 pradam, a wild goose (pradam, Con.).

riadam, -e, f., evidence, witness, testimony; presence, being present; nom. also riadame.

praviam, -e, f, wildness, madness, distraction, cuavant praviam, they went crazy, they betook themselves to flight.

Fradamart, -mta, a., wild, savage. Fradan, -arn, pl. id., m., a witness.

Pravanta, indec. a., wild.

riadantar, -air, m., fierceness, wildness, cruelty; riadantact, id.

prad-beatardeac, m., a wild beast.

riao-capatt, -aitt, m., a wild horse.

riao-collac, g. riao-collais, pl. id., m., a wild boar.

f140- \dot{f} 6011, f., venison.

riaożait, -ata, f., weeds of every kind; vetches.

riao-żé, m., a wild goose. riao-taca, f., a wild duck.

riaolann, -ainne, -anna, f., a deer-park.

riao-muc, -muice, -muca, f., a wild pig.

riaonac, -aize, a., evident.

riaonaire, g. id., pl. -rioe, f., witness, presence; testimony, evidence; a witness; i ör., in presence of, before (with gen.); bioo a r. ap..., as a witness I may quote . . .

riaonéro, -e, -te, m., a witness; testimony, evidence (M.); pron.

ríonéio.

riaonuroe, m., a huntsman. See

riaduide.

piaonuizim, -użao, v. intr., I run wild, grow mad, distracted; piaouizim, id.

riaonuizim, -użao, v. intr., I attest, evince, witness, tell,

relate.

riaonuiste, p. a., witnessed, evi-

denced; also run wild.

riaota, indec. a., wild, shy, distant, reserved (poet. réata); also savage, ferocious.

рио-tope, -tupe, pl. id., m., a

wild boar.

pradurde, g. id., pl. -dte, m., a huntsman.

riafnuiże, -uiżże, f., act of inquiring; an inquiry, a question; τein τ'riarnuiże ομτ (M.), ταπ τ'riarnuiże ομτ (Con.), τεαπ τ'riarnuiże ομτ (Cavan), τάπ riarnuiże ομτ (Tory I.), τάπ and τεάπ riarnuiże ομτ (Don.), how inquisitive you are!

prarmuitim, vl. prarmuite, I ask, enquire (of, oe), question.

rιαγμιιζέε, p. a., asked, inquired, questioned.

riarpuizteat, -tize, a., inquisitive, fond of asking questions.

riaz, g. -a and riaize, pl. id., f., a rush (also reaz and rioz).

riaża. See riada.

riazaile, g. id., f., a kind of weed, weeds in general. See riaożail.

riażcażail, -e, f., coarse sedge

(Con.).

riait-beantac, -aiże, a., clement, compassionate, generous, hospitable.

plait-reac, m., a house of general entertainment; a wild beast's den; a ferret house.

riain-żeamita, p. a., cut across, hacked asunder.

rial, gsf. réile, a., generous, liberal, bountiful, hospitable.

rial, -ail, -aa, m., a ferret; rialceac, a ferret-house, a place where ferrets are bred; a beast's lair in general.

rialact, -a, f., hospitality, liberal-

ity, bountifulness.

riatar, -a, m., relations, kin, a tribe; also friendship, lenity, liberality.

riatlac, -ais, -aise, m., a knighterrant, a champion; modern meaning is rather a wild or savage-looking man (nom. also riaolac).

rialmaineact, -a, f., generosity,

liberality, munificence.

rialmaitear, f., generosity, liberality, munificence.

rialman, -aine, α., bountiful, liberal.

rια \dot{m} - \dot{z} άιμε, g. id., m., a smile.

riann, g. réinne, pl. -a and riannaioe, m., a Fenian, a soldier; hero, champion; one of the rianna éineann.

riann, g. réinne, d. réinn, pl. réinne, f., Fenian army or body; the Fenians collectively (poet.

nom. péinn).

F10

Frannaroeacc, -a, f., the Fenian order, the ancient Irish militia; leadership of the Fenians; customs, adventures, attributes, exploits of the Fenians; stories concerning them; act of telling those stories; rcéal riannaioeacta, a romance; 1 briannaioeact, among the Fenians; nonsense (W. Cork).

riann-oun, m., a fortress; a gar-

rison.

rianntaoc, m., a hero of the ancient Irish militia; also rianntac and rialtac.

Tiannuice. See Piann.

rian, gsf. réine, a., twisted, awry, ruffled, wild (of sea waves); wicked, perverse.

r1 τι q1, q1. r1 τι q1, m1, q2 flaw, a defect; cá rian beas ann, there is a flaw in it (in glass, etc.) (Der.).

rianac, -aiże, a., twisting, inclining, slanting, warping.

riapac, -ais, m., rough ground tilled for the first time (Don.).

Franco, -aro, m., the top, the bending. See ríopao.

rianaim, -ao, v. tr., I twist; I

bend, incline.

riapán, -áin, m., in phrs., az out An r., leaving home in a fit of anger with intent to stay away some time; cuaro ré an r., he left home in a huff (M.).

riapar, -air, m., crookedness, per-

verseness.

 r_{14} t_{40} t_{7} $t_$

Γιαμ-γύιτελό, -tiże, α., squinteyed.

rian-tanrna (-tharna), ad., athwart, across; e.g., p. puta.

Fiartalac, -aiz, m., forked rushes, "sprit" (Don.). Also réar-Also réarratac, -aiże, f.; zaban r., a "goat" of sprit, i.e., a bound bundle of it.

riscs, indec. a., wild, shy, distant; also strong, savage, ferocious; temperate in eating and drinking (Con.). See riaota and réata.

riatamail, -mla, a., wild, savage. \mathfrak{r}_{1} at \mathfrak{r}_{3} at \mathfrak{r}_{1} , -ala, \mathfrak{p}_{1} . \mathfrak{i}_{2} d., \mathfrak{f}_{3} , weeds; vetches. See plaozail.

rıbín, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a laughing-stock, a fool; a game (O'N).

 \mathfrak{r}_1 bineact, -a, f., playing the fool, trifling, getting on with antics;

gadding (of cattle).

 \mathfrak{r}_{1} iće, -ao, d. -ċ1 \mathfrak{o} , pl. -ċ1 \mathfrak{o} , f., twenty, a score; oeic ip pice, thirty; oá picio, forty; oeic ιρ τηί ριόιο, seventy; son sp ricio, twenty-one; veacmav Apricio, thirtieth, etc.; in sp. l., forty = vá řičeav (pron. vačav).

riceso (ricesmso), indec. ord.

num. a., twentieth.

riceadao: Thi riceadao, sixtieth; ceithe ricioeao, eighti-

rio, g. resos, m., a wood, a rod. See ríoo.

rio-ceansal, -ail, m., a chain, a

rio-ceanglaim, -zat, v. tr., I bind (with a chain).

 \mathfrak{r} íoeoz, -015e, -05 \mathfrak{a} , f., a small pipe or reed; a flute, a whistle, a flageolet, a fife.

rioit, -e, -ioe, f., a fiddle, a violin r_{101} léin, -éana, -éinibe, $m_{.}$, a fiddler (also beioteadóin).

 \mathfrak{r}_{1} 01 \mathfrak{t}_{1} 1 \mathfrak{r}_{1} 1 \mathfrak{r}_{2} 1 \mathfrak{r}_{3} 1, a playing on the fiddle; met., trifling.

rioin (old form of readan), I know; ní mé nač prom, I know well (O'D.); used in this form in Co. Donegal, e.g., náp řiom 'r nan rostum an Parom, who did not know or learn the Lord's Prayer (Don. song; Deilin na otinclemmide); níon from mé cáji reaji mo čiall uaim, I hardly knew whether my senses had parted from me (old U. 8011(1).

riome, g. id., pl. -oprioe, m., a jester, a merry person, a trifler. piomeact, -a, f., smiling, constant laughing, jeering, trifling.

promeannac, -aiz, m., a kind of

large fish.

rir, -e, -10e, f., a fife (A.).

rípeadóin, -óna, -óinide, m., one who plays on the fife.

pirearoineact, -a, f., the art of playing on the fife.

pírineao, -nio, m., green broom (Don.).

Fise, g. id., pl. -side, f., a fig; chann rise, a fig tree.

rize, g. id. and -zee, f., a weaving,

a twisting, a twining.

riżeacán, -áin, m., act of weaving; a wreath, a chaplet; a web.

 \mathfrak{p}_1 żeapói \mathfrak{p}_1 , -ó \mathfrak{p}_2 , -ó \mathfrak{p}_3 , -ó \mathfrak{p}_4 , a weaver.

 \mathfrak{r}_1 † \mathfrak{r}_2 † \mathfrak{r}_3 † \mathfrak{r}_4 , \mathfrak{r}_5 † \mathfrak{r}_5 †

rığım, -że, p. p. -żce, v. tr., I weave, plait, twist.

 \mathfrak{P}_{1} ; \mathfrak{F}_{1} , -e, f., the small passage that conveys sound to the ear (O'N.).

rize, p. a., woven, twisted, plaited; tá prao prize puarize trifo a cérte, they are inextricably mixed up together (Don.).

rizceán, -áin, pl. id., m., an incorrect way of writing reiceán or eiceán; rizceán rizceánóna (eiceán or reiceán), a weaver's quill or bobbin.

plover, a lapwing (pilibín

in M.).

rile, g. -leaö and -liö, pl. -liö, -leaöa and -liöe, gpl. rileaö, m., a poet, a professor (nom. also rileaö.).

rileadora, indec. a., poetical, per-

taining to a poet.

rileamail, -amla, a., poetic.

rıtıbin, g. id., pl. -ıoe, m., a small poisonous fish found among sand-eels (Mayo).

ritioeact, -a, f., poetry, minstrelsy, art of poetry; philosophy.

Philistine.

rilleao, -tve, m., act of returning (to, Δη), turning (from, ό); a conversion; a fold, a plait.

rittéso, -éro, pl. id., m., a kerchief, a wimple, a hood, a fillet (A.).

rittearc, -eirce, -eirceaca, f., a fold, a plait, a wrinkle, a crease.

 \mathfrak{r} itteoz, -013e, -03a, f., a shawl,

a mantle, a covering.

ritim, -eao, v. intr. and tr., I turn, bend; return (to, an; from, o); turn back; also fold, plait, double, wrap; I pay back in kind, I make return for.

rille, p. a., folded, plaited, doubled down; deceitful, treach-

erous.

fimineac, -niż, pl. id., m., a hypocrite.

rimineact, -a, f., hypocrisy.

pine, g. id., pl. -aòa and -aòaca, a stock, a nation, a tribe, a family. pineac, -niţe, a., frugal (O'N.) (also pinioeac).

rineacar, -air, m., kindred, con-

sanguinity, inheritance.

rínéaspa, g. id., m., vinegar, ríneáit, -áta, f., a fine (A.).

rinéal, -éil, m., fennel, fæniculum; rinéal cumpa, common fennel; rinéal muipe, fineleaved hedge mustard.

pineálta, indec. a., fine, finely drawn out, delicate; subtle;

well-dressed, elegant (A).

pineátracr, -a. f., condition of being finely drawn out, delicacy; finery; fondness for dress; elegance (A.).

rineátzar, -air, m., delicateness.

See rinealtact.

rineamain, -mna, f., a vineyard, a vine; a twig, an osier.

ríneamnac, -aite, a., abounding in vines.

rineoz, -013e, -03a, f., a mite in cheese, etc.; a microbe.

pineozać, -aiże, a., mity, full of mites or microbes.

rinioióe, very small potatoes (same as creatáin and clobaráin) (Wat.).

rinne, g. id., f., fairness (of hue),

whiteness, beauty. Finné. See plaonéio.

Finnéall, m., a bright cloud (O'N.).

rınne-bean, f., a fair lady (declined like bean, which see).

pinneolar, -air, m., pleasant or refined knowledge.

rınn-réinnio, g. id., pl. -e, m., a

captain, a general.

pinnizeinze, the white nations (Norwegians, Finlanders, etc.), as distinguished from the Ouibienze, commonly supposed to be the Danes.

rimpréat, -éit, pl. -a and -ta, m., a romantic tale; a story of the Fenians; a fable.

rinnrcéatac, -aige, a., romantic,

fabulous.

rinnreéatuide, g.id., pl.-de, m., a romancer.

riob, g. ribe, pl. -a, a small battle-axe.

pioc, g. -a and pic, m., fury, anger, wrath, ire; land, dominion; a choir.

Fiocman, -aine, a., furious, wrath-

ful, fierce, cruel.

rιού, g. - a and rea o a, m., a tree; a wood; coiteac rea o a, a wood-cock, a pheasant-cock; ceanc rea o a, a wood-hen, also a pheasant-hen; an rioo, the Fews, Co. Armagh, gen. an rea o a; e.g., τά mé as out 'un an rea o a, the old main road from Dundalk to Armagh, passing through the Fews (Ann. F. M., A.D. 1607, O'Don.); also rio and rea o in nom.

 \mathfrak{p}_{10} oòaċ, -aiţ, -aiţe, m., a martyr; \mathfrak{p}_{10} oòaċ Oé, a hermit (O'N).

prován, -ánn, m., the pith of the alder tree; the marrow; prován a onoma, the medulla or spinal cord.

ríoöbac, -aige, f., a woody district, hence place-names Feevagh, Fivy.

r100000, -100, pl. id., f., a wood;

a grove, a thicket.

rioo-just, m., charcoal, cinders of wood.

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proja, indec., the windward side (Ker.).

píoza \dot{o} , -ai \dot{o} , -ai \dot{o} e, m., a dogfish, pen-fish (somet. píoza \dot{c}).

ríoζαιη, -ζηας, -ζηαςα, f., a figure, a mark, sign, diagram; figurative reference; shape, appearance; fashion; r. na Cροιγe, the sign of the Cross.

rίοζαμόα, indec. a., figurative; outlined.

rioξημιζαό, -μιζċe, m., act of shaping, fashioning, figuring, marking, signing.

τίοζημιζιπ (τίοζαμαιπ, τίοζμαιπ), -υζαό, v. tr., I figure,

fashion, outline.

rion, -a, -ca, m., wine.

ríonálta, ríonáltact. See ríneálta, ríneáltact.

pionos, indec. a., vinous, belonging to wine.

prongat, -gaite, f., the slaughter of a fellow-tribesman or relative; murder, treason (nom. also prongant and prongante); somet.

m., as τμέαο an rhongail (Condon).

rionzalac, -aize, a., fratricidal; as subst., a fratricide; a traitor. rion-zonz, -zunz, pl. id., m., a

vineyard.

rionman, -maine, a., vinous,

abounding in wine.

pionn, gsf. pinne, a., fair (of hue, hair); pale, pure, white; true, sincere; fine, pleasant; often as a prefix in compounds; pionn-copac, fair-footed; pionn-ouine, m., a fair man; pionn-aotea, pure white (white-lime-washed).

rionna-chut, m., a likeness of one, one's second self; one in the

"hue and cry."

rionnaċτain, -ana, f., aet of making known, finding, recognizing; experience, discovery; rionnaċτ, id.

rionnao (prop. rionnrao), -aio, -aio, m., hair, fur (as on live animals, but not the hair of the human head); tá an r. 'na

rearam unti, the (cow's) hair is standing erect (which is a bad feature); ríonnac in Con.

rionnadać (prop. rionnradać),

-A15e, a., hairy, furry.

rionnao reannao, in phr. like ní plato p. p. aize le véanam, he had nothing to do (Con.)

rionnaomac (prop. rionnraoac),

-Aije, a., hairy, rough.

rionnaim, -ao, v. tr., I know, try, examine, see, behold, recognize,

rionnaim, I flay, etc. See reann-Aim.

rionna-moin, -mona, f., white,

mossy peat.

rionnán, -áin, m., a kind of long coarse white grass which grows on marshy land, used for making grass ropes (rúzáin) and as bedding for cattle.

rionn-aolaim, -ao, v. tr., I white-

rionn-sotts, p. a., whitewashed, whited.

rionna-nuao, a., of a yellowish red colour, sandy; réaros r., sandy whiskers.

rionn-buuicne, g. id., m., brass, copper (also rinnopine).

rionn-ruact, m., coolness.

rionn-ruan, -aine, a., cool, refreshing.

rionnėuanuižim, -nužao, v. tr., I cool, refresh, refrigerate (rionnruatiaim, id.).

rionnfuanuiste, p. a., cooled,

refreshed.

rionn-laoc, -laoic, pl. id., m., a captain, a leader.

Fionnóz, -óize, -óza, f., a royston crow, etc. (also reannos).

rionnrcot, -rcota, -rcotaite, m., a flower, a blossom; used also as a female personal name.

rionnycotać, -aiże, a., flowery, full of blossoms.

 \mathfrak{r} ionntaċ, -aiże, a., fair (= \mathfrak{r} ionn). rionntan, -ain, m., risk, jeopardy, struggle (used somewhat like venture); out i brionneau an puoain, to approach so near the

powder as to incur risk (as in

rionnenac, -aite, a., venturesome.

ríon-uball, m., a grape.

 \mathbf{r} ionúin, -úna, -úinióe, f., the vine tree.

ríoη, -íne, a., true, real, honest, faithful, loyal, sterling, genuine; even, exact; somet. as subst., f.: cócameaco le rin ir le bnéis, cooking with truth and with what is false, a folk-tale inspired by a proverb.

ríon-, intensive prefix, very, truly, quite (with a.); real, perfect,

complete (with subst.).

ríonao, -nta, m., act of verifying, proving; asserting, testifying.

rionao, -aro, -aroe, m., the backbone; a verge or ridge; the back of a hill. See rianao.

rionaim, -ao, v. tr., I make true, verify, fulfil.

rίοη-Διτηιζε, g.id., f., true repentance, perfect contrition.

ríon-buan, -aine, a., steadfast,

lasting, livelong.

 \mathfrak{r} íon-cantain, f., instruction, a discourse, act of chanting: AZ ríon-cantain ceoit, chanting music (of birds) (E. R.).

ríon-caoin, a., truly affable, truly gentle; somet. used as subs., as in ríon-caoin ráilte, a hearty

welcome.

ríon-cana, g. -canao, pl. -cámoe, m. and f., a true friend.

 \mathfrak{r} íon-coiméadaim, vl. -coiméad, v. tr., I keep carefully, guard

ríon-cháibteac, -tite, a., truly faithful; sincerely virtuous.

ríonos, indec. a., sincere, true, genuine, righteous.

rionoact, -a, f., truth, veracity, sincerity, righteousness.

ríoμ-σος αμ, - Διμ, m., great suffering, great loss or injury.

pion-comme, g. id., f., the vast deep (poet.).

ríon-fraoctact, -a, f., genuine fury.

rion-zan, a., very near; 30 rion-

San, immediately; as subs.. proximity; 1 brion-zan vam, very near me.

ríon-stan, -ame, a., pure, stain-

less, chaste, sincere.

rion-staine, f., quintessence; sincerity; chastity.

ríon-żnáo, m., true love.

ríon-znám, f., thorough detestation; intense dislike (Donl.).

ríon-znánna, indec. a., exceedingly ugly.

ríon-laoc, m., a true hero.

Piopmaimeint, pl. -ide, f., the firmament.

rion-mait, a., truly good or generous.

ríon-món, -óine, a., truly great. rion-multac, m., the summit (of

a hill), the very top.

rion-naom (-naom ta), a., truly

pure, very holy.

Pionitann, -ainne, f., a kind of long coarse grass (also riotnán, which see); raontann (Mayo).

rion-tannsame, g. id., f., act of

truly foretelling.

rion-tannsameact, -a, f., true

prophecy.

rion-toban, -ann, m., a spring well.

rion-torac, -aiz, m., the very beginning.

 \mathbf{r} ίοη-τηογολό, -Διό, m., true fasting.

rion-thuas, -aise, a., truly or exceedingly pitiful, sad, wretched.

rion-thuas, -aise, f., exceeding woe or pity, great misery.

rίοη-τάγ, -τάιγ, m., the real begin-

ning. See tur.

rion-uactan, m., the summit, the very top, the uppermost point; genuine cream.

rion-uaiznear, -nir, m., a wilderness, perfect solitude, desert place; sheer loneliness.

rion-uallac, -aite, a., utterly proud, very vain.

rion-uaral, -uairle, a., truly noble.

riojužao, -uižte, m., act of certifying, verifying; verification.

ríonuitim, -utao, v. tr., I verify, certify (rionaim, id.).

rion-unce, m., pure or fresh

water; spring water.

rior, g. reara, pl. rearca, knowledge, information, intelligence, art, science, word; occult knowledge, prophetic knowledge; out o'pior, to go to seek, to go to; o'á rior, to get intelligence of him; zan fior oo, a zan fror oo, without (his) knowing it, unknown to; rior oo beit as (ourne) an (nuo), to know, have heard, have information of; rior o'razait, to knowledge of, to know; rior oo cun an, to send for, send a message for, send word to, to invite; 30 brior vam-ra, in my opinion, I am sure; cá brior oute? how do you know? the rior aize, he has occult or prophetic knowledge; reara, a fortune-teller; tá rior a znóta aize, he knows his business; tá a fior azam (tá'r azam), I know (this phrase is somet. used transitively, tá'r azam é, I know it); rior with prep. 3an forms a noun combination; 1 5an-rior ouic, unknown to you; 1 brior agur 1 5an-rior, openly and secretly (the pl. reapta is used esp. of Fionn Mac Cumhaill's special art of divination, etc.); ni't fror agam an bruit, 7c., I wonder whether, etc. (Don.), corresponding to ni readan an bru11 (M.).

rior, -ire, f., a vision. See rir.

riorac, -aije, a., knowing, expert, instructive, intelligent; 50 riorac, instinctively; 30 r. osm. to my knowledge, so far as I know; ir riorac oam, I know.

florace, -A, f., occult science;

sorcery, divination.

Programail, -ainla, a., expert, skilful, knowing.

rioppiac, -aiže, a., inquisitive, prying, busy; knowing.

riophużać, -hunżće, m., act of enquiring, visiting; summons, visitation.

rιορημιζιm, -uζαό, v. tr., I ask, I enquire, I visit.

rioppuite, p. a., visited, questioned, inquired after, examined.

prophuiżieać, -tiże, a., inquisitive, prying.

riophuizteoin, -ona, -onnioe, m., an inquirer, a questioner, a visitor.

protat, -a1t, m., a dwarf, anything stunted; a fairy, a hag, a goblin.

riotbac, -aiţ, m., a rainbow. riotμán, -áin, m., common wheat grass (triticum repens).

rin, -e, f., truth (O'N.). See rion and rine.

rin- (rion-), intensitive prefix, very, truly, quite (with a.); real, per-

fect, complete (with subst.).

Pin-beazán, -áin, m., a very small quantity, very little, a small

number (with gen. or oe).

rip-beata, f., true life.

rin-ceant, m., justice, righteousness.

rip-cinnee, a., truly affirmed, quite certain, very exact.

rin-bear, -beire, a., very handsome, pretty.

rin-O1A, -Oé, m., the true God. See O1A.

rin-oitir, -tre, a., sincere, genuine, true, loyal. See oitir.

rose tree (O'N).

ripe, g. id., f., truth, sincerity; iomái ζ ripe, a true image.

pipeact, -a, f., truth, verity; sincerity.

rinéao, -éio, pl. id., m., a ferret; ruisteac rinéio, ferret's milk, a cure for the whooping cough.

rip-éan, m., an eagle.

Finéan, -éin, pl. id., m., a righteous person, a just man; na rinéin, the elect.

rípéanac, -aiz, -aize, m., a righteous man.

բ<mark>ւրéձոձċ,-ձւ</mark>że, a., just, righteous. Էւրeձոո, a., male, masculine.

ripeannac, -aiż, -aiże, m., a male.

ripeannac, α., male, masculine. (Note.—P. O'C. says of ripeannac and ripéanac, etc., that they are "redundant abstracts and superfluous.")

 \mathfrak{r}_{1} neannact, -a, f., of the male

kind; manhood.

rínéanza, a., true, righteous, just, loyal.

rineal se sair a truly learned

 \mathfrak{p} ίη-eolaċ, -aiże, α ., truly learned, very intelligent.

rin-eolar, -air, m., true know-ledge, knowledge.

Γίη-ϝέαἀαιητ, f., act of keenly watching (also ϝίμ-ϝέαἀαιη).

ρίμ-γειρ, f., a true convention.
ρίμ-ζέλη, -έιμε, a., really sharp.
ρίμ-ζίις, a., truly wise, very wise, very cunning.

ripin, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a little man, a mannikin.

Figurne, g. id., f., truth.

righteous, faithful.

pinnneact, -a, f., truth, righteousness, faith.

pin-inpene, f., the masculine gender; ip ve'n r. é, it is a masculine noun.

pin-ioctan, -ann, m., the real bottom, the lowest depth.

riμ-iocτηλά, -Διζε, α., deepest, lowest, nethermost.

ríη-team, -teime, a., very foolish, very insipid.

rin-tionao, -nza, m., multiplication.

ρίμ-λίοπαιπ, -αὸ, v. tr., I multiply.
ρίμ-μιαὸταπαὸ, -αιζε, a., truly or absolutely necessary.

 \mathfrak{rir} , -e, f., a dream, a vision. \mathfrak{rir} , -e, f., a dye, a tincture.

fire, -e, f., a dream, an art, divination (nom. also rior, rir and rire).

ripeoz, -015e, -05a, f., a long slender species of fish (Mayo).

ripeoip, -ops, -oiproe, m., a dver; real ripe, id.

ripeoineact, -a, f., dyeing, colouring.

rireomeact, -a, f., acting the in-

firice, g. id., f., the science of physic.

ririceact, -a, f., the practice of physic.

ripicióe, g. id., pl. -óte, m., a physician.

ririoe, g. id., pl. -ote, m., a man

of knowledge.

rípioeact, -a, f., a poetical inspiration; the act of dreaming,

seeing visions.

ritceall, -cille, -cealla, f. (also g.- \dot{c}_1 11, pl.- \dot{c}_e 114, m.), a chessboard; a game of chess; clán riccitte, a chess-board; real ritcille, a chess-man; roineann riccitte, a set of chess-men.

 \mathfrak{r}_1 iceallact, -a, f., chess-playing,

art of playing chess.

riceán. See reiceán and eiceán. rıú, m., worth, price, equivalent; as a., worth, equal in value to; used (generally with gen.) in the sense of even: ní riú oam é a oéanam, it is not worth my while to do it; ní piú teir é o'reicring, he does not think it worth his while to see it; bao món a b'riú é, it would be very valuable; ní riú reitting é, it is not worth a shilling; ní piú biopán ir é, it is of less value than a pin; ni't riu na mbnos A15e, he has not even shoes; riú i pioctaib báir, even at the point of death; riú amáin, even. (Note.-Probably riu, worth, and riú, even, as much as, are distinct words.)

riúbanta, indec. a., worthy, valu-

able.

riúbantac, -aise, a., worthy, valuable, good, generous, dis-

riubantar, -air, m., worth, goodness, merit, excellence; generosity; discretion.

riúbar, -air, m., worth, dignity. See reabar.

riucao, g. riucta, m., act of boiling, bubbling, simmering, raging; an riucao, boiling, raging.

Plucaim, -ao, p. p. riucta, v. intr. and tr., I boil, I simmer, I bubble. riucaineact, -a, f., fury, boiling

rage.

riuczail, -e, f., act of boiling,

bubbling, simmering.

riucta, p. a., boiled; boiling, raging.

riúsantac, -aise, a. See riúban-

riúzantar. See riúbantar.

riún, -úin, m., a "pearl" on the eye (Con.).

riunar, -air, m., price, value (O'N.).

riúntac, -aije, a., worthy, respectable. Sec riúbantac.

 r_1 intar, -air, m_1 , worthiness, discretion (also riúbanzar).

plaice, g. id., pl. -cioe, f., a blast of wind.

-ciże, a., windy, rlaiceac, stormy.

Flaromeact, -a, f., fishing with a fly, or with any kind of bait dragged rapidly through the water (Tory).

plaisin, g. id., pl. -ioe, m., a

flagon (A_{\cdot}) .

plait, g. plata, pl. plata, plaite, m., a prince, a chief, a lord, a gentleman; a hero; a principality; plait-jaba, a chief smith.

plait-circe, m., a royal treasure. plaiteamail, -amla, a., princely, generous; heavenly, celestial.

Plaiteamoa, indec. a., noble, princely, royal.

planteamoact, -a, f., nobility, royalty.

Plaiteamlac, -aite, a., generous, hospitable, big-hearted.

rlaiteamlact, -a, f., princeliness, generosity; show, pomp.

rlaiteamnar, -air, m., kingdom, dominion sovereignty; paradise, heaven.

rtaiteanar, -air, m., heaven. See

flaiteamnar.

rlaitear, g. -tip or -teapa, pl. id., m., kingdom, princedom, country; reign, sovereignty, rule, dominion; heaven; often used in the pl.: 'rna rlaitearath, and 'rna rlaitip, in heaven; cóm-r., joint reign.

rtaitneapac, -aite, a., celestial,

heavenly.

ptapp; ant, -e, f., act of smacking the lips; making noise with the mouth while eating, said esp. of cattle.

rleao, -eroe, -ta, f., a feast, a banquet; a collation.

rleadac, -aiże, a., feasting, convivial, festive.

rleadac, -aiż, m., an entertainer, a host.

rleadacar, -air, m., feasting, banqueting.

rteadaloeac, -oize, a., festive, fond of feasts.

rteaonumn, -e, pl. id., f., a buoy, a fishing buoy.

rleadużad, -uiżte, m., act of banqueting.

rleaduitim, -utad, v. intr., I feast, banquet.

rleanzac, -aiż, m., a kind of dog-fish (also rpeanzac).

rteann urce, g. id., f., water crowfoot (ranunculus aquaticus).

plearc, g. plearc and plearca,
 pl. id., m., a garland, a wreath, a
 fillet; a sheaf; a ring or circle;
 a clasp; a hoop, a brace; a sieve,
 a plate.

rtearc, -eirce, pl. id., f., the River Fesk, flowing into Lough

Lein; moisture.

rtearc, -eirc, pl. id. and -a, m., a wand, a rod; the spine; żuit ré an rtearc a onoma, he fell on his spine, on the "flat" of his back; an raoil-flearc a onoma, id.

plearcać, -aiż, -aiże, m., a rustic, a youth; a bachelor; a rascal. (plearcać formerly signified a man distinguished by a badge of honour.)

rtearcacán, -ám, pl. id., m., a rustic, a boor, a countryman.

pléirc, -e, -eaca, f., a blow (Con.). See pléarc.

plibin. See pilbin.

 $\mathfrak{pl}_1\dot{\mathbf{c}}$, -e, f., chickweed (O'N.).

rlic-béalac, -aige, a., that salivates or flows at the mouth; cf. rliuc-rhonac.

ptice, g. id., f., moisture, dampness; phlegm; a torrent.

pliceact, -a, f., moisture, ooziness, phlegm.

plicioeact, -a, f., moisture, wetness.

Plicne, g. id., f., sleet.

plic-presers, g. id. and -10, m., sleet.

rlicce, p. a., wet through.

rliuċ, -iċe, α., moist, wet, damp, juicy; réan rliuċ, grazing, as opposed to réan τinim, hay; τά ré rliuċ 50 maiċ, he is fond enough of drink (Ker.).

pliucao, -cta, pl. id., m., act of

wetting; a wetting.

Plucam, -cao, v. tr., I wet, water, irrigate, steep, soak, seethe.

rliucán, -áin, m., moisture, rain, liquid.

pliucán, -áin, pl. id., m., a frog (Der.).

plinctae, -ais, m., wet weather (U.).

rtiucnar, -air, m., moisture, wetness, ooziness.

pliucha, g. id., f., wetness, moisture, rain.

pliuchar, -air, m., moisture, dampness,

rliuc-juónac, -aige, a., wet at the nose; cf. "sæpe emungeris, exi ocius et propera, sicco venit altera naso" (Juvenal).

ptiuc-puiteac, -tiże, a., having running or watery eyes; tearful.

rlocar, -air, m., a lock of wool. rlór, -óir, m., a flower (poet.).

plenty, abundance; p. oe'n apán, plenty of bread (Oss.).

rlúippeac, -rije, a., generous, liberal.

rturca, g. id., pl. -ioe, m., a flux; nom. also rtorc; rtorc an bair, the last discharge of the body before death.

rlúrtaineact, -a, f., the act of flattering; ná bí az \mathfrak{p} . Lei \mathfrak{p} , don't be flattering him (Om).

ró, prep., under, for, at. about, throughout, along, towards. See rá.

ró, prefix, under.

ro (in eompounds), occasional, odd, rare, few, small, slow, light, as ro-oume, a person here and there; ro-huan, now and then, occasionally; ní ró-cneao ruanar, not light or trivial was the wound I received (Fer.).

po-baite, m., a suburb, a village. pobain, f., an undertaking, an advancement, a beginning.

rόδαιητ, -αητά, g. id., f., a salve, a bathing as with eyewater.

róbant (ruabant), -anta, f., a charge, attack, onset; also trouble, disturbance, disquiet, affront, abuse, insult.

roban, pl. -bharoe, m., the eye-

brow. See raban.

robnaim, -baint and -bain, v. tr. and intr., I begin, commence, undertake; it had like; it meditated; it happens by accident; v'róbain olc von uncan, evil nearly came of the cast (poem on Fer.); ba o'robain oo é oo bureao he nearly broke it (where o'robain seems from this verb); níon o'robain ná 50 mbeinn ann, I had the misfortune to be there; roban vam veanmav vo véanam ain, I had almost forgotten it (Don.); róbain 50 ocuicreao, he almost fell; níon o'robain tiom, I could hardly; níon ở róbain ná 30 bruizeao ré aijizeao, not likely that he would not get money, i.e., he would get money. ro-buailim, -alao, v. tr., I strike

gently, I touch.

pocail-phéamact, -a, f., ety-mology.

pocain, -ana, f., cause, reason, motive; matter, stuff. See racain.

rocain, f., proximity, presence, company; in phrs. like 'n a rocain, near him, about him; rocain, with, along with, together with, in presence of (with gen.); 1 n-' rocain rin, along with that, also; 1 brocain beit rocath, along with being poor.

rocal, g. rocall, pl. id. and rocla, m., a word, a saying, a phrase; a promise, a command; a vowel, a noun; an aon r. le, in agreement with, agreed; ξαοτ απ rocall, a mere hint; rocal mazaro, a taunt, a bye-word; an noubant re aon nio rocal, did he say anything not a word; an rocal rearance in a rocal rearance.

rocall (rocoll), -aill, m., filth, dirt; corrupt matter vomited by a patient; corruption; cait amac an rocall, spew out the phlegm (said to a patient); rocall an bair, corrupt matter in the throat betokening death.

rocallac, -aiże, a., full of corrupt matter or phlegm.

ro-catain, f., a suburb.

po-ceann, m., one here and there, an odd one.

poèta, g. id., pl. -ròe, m., an offering; a throne, a lordship, a principality; the habitation of a great man (O'N.); a seat (in a chariot, etc.). See poèta, a cave.

rocta, g. id., m., the north, especially the north of Ireland (obs.).

rocta, g. id., m., a den, a cave, a grot; common in place names, as τίμ an rocta, a territory west of Clare Castle, in Co. Clare; τυατ an rocta, a territory in the Barony of Corcomroe, Co. Clare (P. O'C.).

roclac, -aite, a., vocal, verbose,

roctóin, -óna, -óinioe, m., a dictionary; a vocabulary.

rocma, g. id., pl. -1 oe, m., a kibe, a chilblain.

rocmaio, -e, f., derision, scorn, ridicule (followed by prep. An) (also nom. rocaro).

rocmaroeac, -orje, a., mocking,

scoffing, jeering.

rocmaioeao, -oce, m., act of mocking at, scoffing (at, rá).

rocmaioim, vl. rocmaio, v. tr., I scoff at, mock, deride (also rocaromim).

rochar, -air, pl. id., m., the

bosom.

róo, -óio, pl. id. and -óoa, m., a sod; the soil; earth; grass; a spot; knowledge, skill; 1 bróo rá leit, apart, in a quiet spot; róo an baic, the first sod turned up in tilling lea (Con.); ní't an róo an oomain, 7c., there is not in the world, etc.

ró o', under thy. See rá.

rópac, -aize, α ., of sods; landed. robait, -e, f., a division, separation, releasing; trouble, anxiety.

robailim, -alab, p.p. -lee, v.tr., I divide, distinguish, separate. robatte, p. a., divided, distin-

guished, separated.

rópán, -áin, pl. id., m. a little sod; a spot; land, country; rópán na briann, the land of the Fenians, i.e., Ireland (Fer. et alii).

róo-raipping, -e, a., long and

broad, broad-sodded.

róola, g. id., f., an ancient name for Ireland, very common in poetry.

robomain, g. -oimne, pl. -oimnibe and -oimneaca, f., a gulf.

ro-σομαρ, -αιρ, -όιμρε, m., a

ro-σομο, -σοιμο, m., a murmuring of bees; back-biting; a conspiracy.

ro-oume, g. id., pl. -osome, m., a common man, servant, inferior person; an odd person; a person here and there. See ro.

roza, g. id., pl. -nna, m., a dart, a javelin; an attack, an attempt. a sudden assault, a rape (with rá); tuz ré roża raoi, he made a sudden assault on him.

rożać, -aiż, -aiże, m., a marauder,

a plunderer.

rożait, -żta, -żtaća, f., act of plundering; devastation, plunder, prey, robbery, depredation; trespass; grief, vexation; an rozait, plundering, outlawed.

rożailim, -le, v. tr., I plunder, I devastate. See rożluijim.

rożailte, p. a., destructive; also plundered.

rożam, vl. roża, v. tr., I attack, rob, expel.

różame, -e, -eaca, f., a service; ability.

 \mathfrak{r} óżamceać, - \mathfrak{r} iże, \mathfrak{a} ., sufficient; serviceable; good, fit. See różanta and różantac.

rożany-żeanán, m., loud com-

plaining.

rózaine, -anea, f., a warning, a proclamation, a threatening; an expelling, driving away. róznaö.

rózanta, a., good, useful, serviceable; puo éizin różanta, something good or serviceable.

różantac, -aiż, -aiże, m., a servant, an attendant.

różantaċ, -a1; a1, g00d, serviceable, useful.

różantact, -a, f., goodness, prosperity, sufficiency, service.

rózantar, -air, m., utility, service, sufficiency.

 \mathfrak{r} o- $\dot{\mathfrak{z}}$ ao $\dot{\mathfrak{r}}$, f., a gentle wind.

rożap, -aip, m., sound, noise; proclamation.

 $\mathfrak{p}_{0,5,\mathfrak{q}_{1}}, -\mathfrak{a}_{1\mathfrak{p}_{1}}, m., \text{ favour } (U.); \text{ pron.}$ as if paen; ca ocabaintí oam an r. nó an ronn, I was not favoured in any way (P. Walsh).

rozapac, -aise, a., sounding, vocal, noisy, clamorous (also rozantac).

ro-żaμb, -żaιμbe, α., rough, somewhat rough.

ροξαη-muipn, f., loud lamentation.

rożbanán, -áin, m., a thistle. See różanán and reocaván.

rożlać, -aiże, a., destructive,

rapacious, plundering.

rożlać, -aiż, -aiże, m., a robber. rożlaioeacz, -a, f., robbery, plunder; r. mana, piracy.

rożłuża, -uiżce, m., act of plundering, spoiling, laying waste;

rożturóe, g. id., pl. -uróże, m., a marauder, plunderer, pirate, robber.

rożlujam, -użaż, v. tr., I ransack, rob, plunder, spoil, devastate.

rożtuiżce, p. a., plundered.

rottum, g. -tumta and -tama, pl. -tume, act of learning; learning, instruction, education.

pożtumze, g. id., pl. -troe, m., a scholar, an apprentice, a novice. pożtumam (pożtumiżim), vl. pożtum, imper. id., I learn; az pożtum bár, on the point of death, or dangerously ill.

rożlumża, v. a., learned, well-

informed.

rόξman, -mann, m., autumn, harvest, harvest-time; the harvest; meiteam an rόξmann, meatón rόξmann, September; Oeineató róξmann, October.

ρόξmaμας, -aıţe, a., autumnal, belonging to autumn, harvest-like, favourable to harvesting opera-

tions.

rożmanać, -aiż, -aiże, m., a Fomorian.

rożmanuiće, g. id., pl. -će, m., a harvestman.

Fogmór, -όιρ, m., obedience, homage, respect (also romór and romór).

roznao, -zanca, m,, act of serving

(also roznam).

rożnam, vl. rożnam, imper. rożam, v. intr., I serve, avail,

am of service to (oo); suit, suffice, satisfy, perform.

rożnam, -aim, pl. id., m., act of serving, availing, doing good, being of use or service (to, 00); suiting, sufficing, satisfying; performing; service; ní'tim an rożnam, I am ill, but usually not τάιm an rożnam, I am well; rożnam mo ctuar, the use of my ears; ouine zan rożnam, a useless, idle person; τά γέ zan beit an r., he is ill; τά γέ an r., it is obtainable or ready for use (Don.).

rożnujem, -nao, v. intr., I rever-

ence, serve (with oo).

rόξηαό, -ξαητά, pl. id. and -ξηαιός, m., act of announcing, proclaiming, decreeing, enjoining; ordering, commanding (with τοο); renouncing, excluding (with ό); expelling, banishing; warning; an ordinance, order, a proclamation, decree, command.

rożnam, -żamτ and -żnao, v. intr., I tingle, I make a noise, resound.

rόςμαιm, -ςμαό and -ςαιμτ, v. tr.,
I order, command (with oo);
renounce, exclude (with ó);
I warn, announce; proclaim,
decree; τάιm ας ρόςαιμτ πα
mbó ραιη ουιτ, I bring those
cattle formally under your
notice (said of cattle that have
been trespassing); ρόςμαιμ
uaim é, I warn it off from me,
I exclude it.

rożta, p. α., plundered.

pozur, comp. roizre and roirce, near, close to, near at hand; as subs., nearness, proximity rozur oo manainn, quite near Mannin; i brozur, near at hand; i broizre, comp. form of prepositional phrase, also used in positive sense, in the neighbourhood of.

pozuram, -ao, v. intr., I draw near, approach, advance towards

(O, N.).

roiceall, -cill, m., a day's wages

roiceimnizim, -niuzao, v. tr., 1 succeed, follow after.

roiceimniuzao, -nizte, m., a succession, a series.

roiceirt, -ceirte, -ceirteanna, f., a sub-division, an item.

roice, g. id., f., length.

raive.

róicín, g. id., pl. -ice, f., a small sod; a small farm; a piece or parcel of land; a little pitfall to eatch birds; ratta r., a sod wall; r. reilbin, the first green sod turned up in tilling lea, an csol-róo, id.

Póroin meanarde, m., a cause of confusion or error, like will-o'-

the-wisp (Con.).

roiżoeać, -oiże, a., patient, long-

suffering.

 \mathfrak{r} óı $\dot{\mathsf{z}}$ éa z , - $\dot{\mathsf{z}}$ éi z e, - $\dot{\mathsf{z}}$ éa z a, f., a small or worthless branch.

roiżio, -żoe, f., patience, suffering, fortitude (nom. also rois-10e).

roizioeac, -oize, α ., patient.

roigne, g. id., f., patience (M.); Do bur an an broisne aici, she lost her patience.

See raznao roistlead.

rasallic.

poiznim. See pożnaim. poizpe, f., nearness, proximity; 1 br., near to, within the distance of (with g.). See rozur.

roisreact, -a, f., nearness, proximity; 1 br. (with g.), near, within the distance of, within; 1 br. ceatnama(n) vo'n veic, about a quarter to ten.

róit, in 50 róit, yet, still (Don.).

See roill.

roilbéim, -e, -eanna, f., a blemish, a stain, a blast, an eyesore; a scandal, a reproach. oilbéim.

roilbéimeac, -mije, a., having a stain or blemish; scandalous. See oilbéimeac.

roilceadóin, -óna, -óinide, m., a conjurer.

roildeadonneadt, -a, f., conjuring

poildear, -cir, m., a mystery.

roitéear, -cire, a., dark, obscure. roiticearac, -aize, a., dark, ob-

scure, mystic, mysterious.

roiticearán, -áin, pl. id., m., concealment, disguise; a mask; a wizard; a lurker, a waylayer, hence an asp.

roilcip, -e, -roe, f., anything

hidden or mysterious.

roileanaim, vl. roi-leanmain, v. tr., I pursue, follow after.

roileanamain, -mna, f., close

pursuit.

roileannán, -áin, m., a follower, a hanger-on.

roileann, roileannoa. See raoileann, raoileannoa.

roitéim, f., a light leap.

roiléimeac, -mize, a., lightly leaping, sprightly, nimble.

roilizieac, -tize, a., secret. See

roluišteat.

roill; 50 r., quietly, softly, slowly, by degrees, gently; often transl. awhile, for awhile, yet; wait! stay! (50 roitt is the ordinary word for yet, still, in Roscommon, N. Mayo and Don.); roillin= a little while; 30 poillin, for a little while; ní beao as out a baile 30 roill, I'll not be going home for awhile; tá ré as cup bairtise so roill, it is still raining (Con. and U_{\cdot}); roitt! roitt! easy! easy! wait! wait!

róilleac, 50 róilleac, for awhile. poilleamain, -mna, f., act of suit-

ing.

roilleamnac, -aize, a., meet, proper, fitting, suitable, expedient.

 \mathfrak{r} 01lliziteat, -tize, \mathfrak{a} .; \mathfrak{r} 00 \mathfrak{z} 01l

ri 50 r., she cried softly.

roillim (gov. the dat. with oo), vl. poitteamain (first syllable pron. "fell"), v. tr., I fit, suit (Con.). See peilim.

roittin, m., a little while (used

adv.).

roiltreac, -rice, a., declaratory,

explanatory.

roillpijim, -piujao, v. tr., I show, reveal, exhibit, publish, explain; illustrate, describe.

roillriste, p. a., published, declared, made manifest; illustrated.

roillristeoin, -ona, -oinioe, m., a publisher, a proclaimer.

roittriužao, -rižte, m., act of exhibiting, showing, explaining, illustrating; a manifestation, an evidence, an illustration.

roméall, m., a small cloud

(O'N.).

roinnim, vl. -neao, v. tr., I temper, (as the blade of an instrument), knead; I compose, set in order (as a poem); I make neat or tidy (also runnim and puinim).

forme, g. id., pl. -aca, f., a spring, a fountain, the source of

a river.

róin (roineann), f., a race, a tribe, a ship's crew, a company.

róin, -e. f., pursuit (Kea.).

roin- (ron-), intensitive prefix, as in roin-jeal, roin-neant, etc.

roip, -e, -eaca, f., a hem, a fringe, a border, a limit, a barrier; a boundary, an edge.

 \mathfrak{F} ói \mathfrak{p} , -e, f., help, aid, assistance;

Tan r., irreparable.

roinb, -e, -eaca, f., grass, herbage, pasture, land.

roinb, -e, -eaca, f., a welt, a scar, an impression.

roinbeac, -bis, -bise, m., an elder, an elderly person.

roinbeac, -bije, a., covered with welts, corns; rough, coarse.

roilib-reali, -rili, pl.id., m., a stout, lusty man.

roιμοιζιm, -ιυζαό, v. tr., I finish, perfect.

rombim, -beso, v. intr., I appear, present myself (O'N.).

roin-buiatan, f., an auxiliary word, as an adjective, an adverb.

roin-briathat, -aite, a., adverbial, adjectival, etc.

roιη-τρίζ, f., strength, force; oppression.

roin-bhíosac, -aise, a., strong,

powerful, oppressive.

rointie (pron. rointie), p.a., old, aged; weak from age; full, perfect, faultless, experienced, trained, perfected.

experience; senility.

roipideadal, -dail, pl. id., m., instruction, exhortation, monition; catechism, doctrine; a lecture.

roinceautac, -aize, α , instructive, doctrinal.

rospice aolac, -asj, pl. id., m., ateacher, an instructor.

pospiceann, -cinn, m., end, extremity, conclusion; maturity; the lower part of the spine; the very end; a point, a pivot.

roincear, -a, m., fat; fat meat;

anything savoury.

rospicearamast, -mta, a., fat, savoury, oily; na neite roincearamla, good things at table, "pinguia" (Kea.).

roin-céimnizeac, -zize, a., going

before, preceding.

roin-céimnizim, -niuzao, v. intr., I proceed, advance before.

roin-céimniusao, -nisce, m., the act of preceding, going before, advancing, leading.

rospicte, indec. a., learned, pro-

ficient, perfect.

roin-beaus, -einse, a., very red. roin-oeansao, -sta, m., act of wounding.

roin-veapsaim, -av, v. tr., I redden, wound, wound grievously.

romonip, f., sweet briar.

romeact, f., act of helping, suc-

couring.

rospeann, g. rospine, d. rospinn, dpl. róinnib, f., a troop, a body, a crew; a crowd, a company; a committee; an army; chessmen; the furniture of a dresser; romeann riccille, a set of

roi

chessmen; romeann báro, a boat's crew.

romeannes, indec. a., having a retinue.

roin-éisean, -sin, m., great violence, oppression; extortion.

roin-éizeantóin, -óna, -óinite, m., a violent or cruel person; an obstructor.

roin-éigneac, -nige, a., extremely violent.

roin-éignize, g. id., f., violence. roιη-έιςηιζιη, -ιυζαό, ν. tr., Ioppress, force, constrain (roiné15n1m, id.).

roinre. See roinbie.

roipreact, -a, f., perfection; old age, senility. See roinbreact.

τοιη-ἐιαρμιιζε, g. -ἐιαρμιιζὲε, f.,a minute questioning.

roin-fliuc, -ice, a., very damp, wet.

roin-ziobat, -ait, pl. id., m., arag used to staunch a leaky vessel (O'N.).

roiης neam, g. -nim, -niξte and-nite, pl. id., m., act of building; a building.

roingnizim, -nead, v. tr., I build (also roingneamaim).

roinsniste, p. a., built.

roinsnisteoin, -ona, -oinioe, m., a builder.

τοιμιαμαά, - Διζε, α., preposterous (O'N.).

roinizim. See ruinizim.

róinim, vl. róinitin, róineact, v. intr., I help, save, deliver, succour, relieve; 50 bróinio Ola opm, may God help me.

rómm, v. intr., I suit, fit (vo, to) (Don.). See oipim.

roin-imeall, -mill, pl. id., m., a border, a hem, a circle, a rim; a limit, a boundary, a frontier; the circumference of a circle.

roin-imeallac, -aize, a., external, outer, front, extrinsic.

rómion. See ramion.

roughly, in phr. 10' forgult = 10' éazmuir, without you, in your absence (Con.).

róinitin, -tne, f., act of helping,

succouring, delivering; a help; a healing.

roin-leatan, -leitne, a., very broad or wide, extensive, comprehensive, abundant.

roin-leatnużao, -uiżte, m., act of widening.

roin-leathuitim, -utao, v. tr., I extend, expand, enlarge.

roin-leiteau, -tio, m., an enlargement, an expanse.

roin-leiteavac, -aiξe, α., ample, extensive, very wide; róinleiteavamail, id. (Ker.).

roin-leitne, g. id., f., an enlarge-

ment, an overspreading.

roin-tion, m., adequacy; a great number or quantity.

roin-tionar, -nta, pl. id., m., act of completing, filling up, multiplying; a supplement, an appendix.

roin-lionaim, -lionao, v. tr., I complete, fill up, multiply; supplement.

roin-tiones, indec. p. a., completed, perfected, fulfilled.

roipm, -e, pl. -roe and -eaca, f., a form, an image, an ideal, a manner, a usage, a ceremony; 1 br. muice, in the form of a

roipmeac, -miże, a., formal, in style.

roinneac, -niż, -niże, m., a rollingstone (O'N.).

poinneac, -niże, a., in a rolling manner.

roinneacán, -áin, pl. id., m., a roller; one who rolls or topples. ροιη-neaμτ, -neiμτ, pl. id., m.,

great violence, oppression. roin-neaptiman, -aine, a., violent, oppressive, overbearing.

roin-neaptuižim, -užao, v. tr., I strengthen, empower.

roinnéir, -e, f., a furnace.

roin-niata, a., eager, intent, fierce.

roignim, -neao, v. intr., I topple, tumble, roll down on, incline (O'N.).

roin-nimneac, -niže, a., very

venomous, bitter, virulent, passionate; sore, painful.

roinread, -rice, pl. id., m., act of harrowing; a harrowing; tearing; rubbing one against another; contending; shuffling (in dancing) (also runnearo).

roinreall, -ála, f., act of rum-

maging (also ruinreáit).

rom-rénoead, -ote, m., dropsy. roiprim, -read, v. tr. and intr., I harrow; I rub against another (te); I tear; I struggle or contend with (te); I pull; I shuffle in dancing; as repacate 'r as roupread, pulling and tearing; roinrisim, id.

róipreineac, -nize, a., suitable,

fitting (Don.).

poin-teasarc, -airc, pl. id., m.,the primary instruction anything, generally used in the plural as the rudiments or elements.

rointeamail, -mla, a.,

brave, stout.

roincit, -e, a., powerful, mighty, strong, hardy, able, courageous, patient (also ropearl).

roincite, g. id., f., strength, stoutness, hardness, courage,

patience.

roinciteact, -a, f., courage, fortitude, bravery, strength, pa-

roincim, -e, f., the "snowdon" for attaching the hook to the fishing-line (Con.).

róintin. See róinitin.

róirc, -e, -eaca, f., an ewe.

roirce. See roisre.

roiream, -rim, m., recovery, refreshment. See paoiream.

roirceao, -cisce, m., hire, wages; act of hiring, employing.

roircizim, -iuzao and -ceao, v. tr., I hire.

roircisteoin, -ona, -oinioe, m., a paid servant, a hireling.

poircine, g. id., f., rest, calmness; seriousness, taciturnity.

roircineac, -nize, a., graceful, sedate.

pointineact, -a, f., seriousness. sedateness.

roitin. See ruitin.

roiche (roince), woods, thickets: pl. of rotan; hence the name Firies in Co. Kerry.

Fortheamail, - \dot{m} la, m., woody.

full of thickets, bosky.

rolać, - a_1 , - a_1 , - a_2 , a_2 , act of hiding, covering; a veil, a mask hiding-place; 1 br., concealed hidden; cup 1 br., to hide; rotac oo batt, as much as would cover your limbs (E. R.); as a., secret, veiled, hidden.

rolacán, -áin, pl. id., m., a covering, a hiding-place; a secret

treasure.

rolace, rolacean, salad, waterparsnip.

rolačtam (rulačtam), -ana, f., toleration, long suffering.

rolavón, -óna, -ónnoe, m., a bleeder, one who lets blood.

rolaideact, -a, f., purity of blood, good breeding; relations, kindred; capatt rotaroeacta, a thorough-bred horse.

rolaiżeać, -żiże, a., secret, hid-

den.

rolaiżeoz, -015e, -05a, f., a pod

rotaine, g. id., pl.-proe, m., a mean person; a person of small stature (M.).

rolam, -oilme, a., empty, void, vacant; poor, without means.

 $\mathfrak{polamal}$, - \mathfrak{mla} , \mathfrak{a} ., bloody, bloodthirsty.

rolca, in phr. o'iorrao ré an rotca zé, he would eat anything (some say, an róca té).

rolcao, -aio, pl. id., m., a bath, a wash, a dipping; a cleansing

of the hair by bathing.

rolcaim, -ao, v. tr., I bathe; I cleanse by washing; I dip in

rolcannac, -aize, a., billowy, boisterous; from rotc, a flood

rolláin, -e, a., sound, wholesome, healthy.

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rottáine, g. id., f., wholesomeness, health, soundness.

rollámeact, -a, f., health, wholesomeness, soundness.

rollamain, -mna, f., a support, a prop.

rottamnac, -aiże, a., supporting, propping up; edifying.

rollamnužao, -uište, pl. id., m., act of ruling, governing; prop-

ping up; edifying.

rollamnuizim, -użao, v. tr., I rule, govern; support; I edify. rollamnuizte, p. a., supported,

ruled, governed, edified.

rottarac, -aiże, a., evident, clear (also rotturac).

rollárac, -aiże, a., deceitful, fallacious (A.?).

rottur, gsf. roittre, a., manifest, evident, clear.

rotturac, -aiże, a., clear, plain, evident.

rolmac, -aiz, m., a vacancy, emptiness.

rotmact, -a, f., emptiness, want. rotmaire, f., advantage, opportunity, leisure.

rotmairim, I excel the excellent

(0,N.).

rolmużao, -uiżce, m., act of emptying, pouring out; devastation.

rolmuitim, -utao, v. tr., I empty, pour out, clear away.

rolmuize, p.a., emptied, poured out, cleared off.

rolorcao, m., act of burning slightly, singeing.

rolorcaim, -ao, v. tr., I burn, scald, singe.

rotorcain, -ana, f., a tadpole; wood crowfoot.

rote, g. ruite, pl. id. and rotes, m., long hair of the head; the hair of the tail of horses, cows, etc.; the tail itself; cnám an ruite, the tail bone; rotereactive, with dishevelled hair; anything, with neg., nothing.

roltac, -aiże, a., hairy, having long hair.

rol-tactao, - cuiste, a thorough

worrying, a choking (M.): often rola-tactaro.

roto-teabain, -e, a., long-haired. rolt-liat, -léite, a., grey-haired. roluaimneac, -niże, a., very swift, nimble, active, prancing.

roluamain, -mna, pl. id., f., act of hovering, flying about, tottering, fluttering; flight, giddy motion, skipping, bustling, distraction; an r., in giddy motion; unsteady gait.

rolużao, -uiżce, m., a bleeding, a shedding of blood (also flying,

fluttering, O'N.).

roluizim, -użao, v. tr., I bleed, let blood.

roluizim, vl. rolač, rolačao, rolużao, v. tr., I cover, hide.

roluiste, indec. p. a., covered, hidden, concealed.

roluižčeač, -čiže, a., secret, hidden, sudden, concealing, hiding.

roluisceoin, -ona, -oinioe, m., one who covers or hides.

rotútac, -aize, a., supple, agile, nimble.

rotútao, -aro, m., a supple or agile plying of the nerves or sinews.

romaon, -oin., pl. id., m., an under steward; a non-commissioned officer.

romór, -óir, m., homage, obedience (also rożmór or roomór.).

romórac, -aiże, a., obedient, respectful, dutiful.

romóraim, -ao, v. tr., I obey, I respect.

romóruioe, g. id., pl.-ote, m., asubject, one bound to obedience.

ronouspe, g. id., pl.-price, m., a freeholder (*McFirbis*, quoted by

ronn, g. ruinn, pl. id., m, longing desire, fancy, liking, pleasure, delight; predisposition; zá ronn opm, 7c., I long to, etc.; I am predisposed to (even of involuntary actions); cá ronn unticioe onm, I feel disposed to vomit (against my consent):

oo stac ronn é, he felt inclined (even of involuntary action).

ronn, g. ruinn, pl. id., m., a tune, a song, an air; ronn oiaoa, a hymn.

ronn, g. ruinn, m., land, earth, climate.

ronnmarke, g. id., f., inclination, desire, proneness, eagerness.

ronnmaineact, -a, f., inclination, propensity; also melody;

humour; delight, joy.

ronnman, -aine, a., willing, desirous; diligent, energetic; melodious; eager; tuneful, pleasing, cheerful,

ronnmanact, -a, f., inclination,

propensity; melody.

ronnra, g. id., pl.-roe, m., a hoop, a fillet, a band; ronnparoe cózca, the moulding or framework hoops used by a cooper in steadying the skeletons of vessels; r. cózálaca, id.

ronnraine, g. id., pl.-niće, m., a

hooper, a cooper.

ronnrcot, -oite, -ota, f., a meadow flower (bachelor's button).

τοπητόιη, -όηια, -όιηιτόε, <math>m., a

cooper. See ronnraine.

ronomaio (ronáio, ronóio, 7c.), -e, f., mockery, derision; a sneer; ir reapp riol realta ná ríot ronomaioe (Ker. prov.). Conomaroeac, -ois, pl. id., m., a

jiber, a jester.

ronomaioim, -maio, v. intr. (with rá), I mock, jeer, deride; ná bí az ronomaio rúm, do not mock me.

ronrups, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a chisel; an na tocailt le ponrupa ar an zcloic, being cut in the stone with a chisel (F. M., A. D. 1545) (used in béantazain na Saon).

rón, -ónn, m., the clamp of a rick of turf; as cup roin an chuaic mona, clamping a rick of turf

(Clare). See carreal.

ron- (ron-) (intensive prefix), great, extreme; before, upon, beyond.

róη-abaro, -oe, a., early ripe, ripe before the time; precocious.

ronao, -nta, pl. id., m., a roost, a

seat, a bench, a loft.

ropaisir, -e, -eaca, f., a forest; a wild beast's lair (also a gluttonous person or beast).

ropáil, -ála, f., excess, superfluity; can b'ronail ouit, it

was lucky for you (U_{\cdot}) .

ropáil (ropáileam, ropáileao), -ála, pl. id., f., an offering, an offer; a gift, an ornament; an order, a command.

románteao, -tre, -trioe, m., a requisition, a command. See

ropail.

rope-arnm, m., a nickname; also a

pronoun or epithet.

ron-aine, g. id., pl. -proe, f., a waiting, a watch, a vidette, a guard, an ambush; Rinn na F. and ano na r., place names in W. Ker.),

rop-aspeac, -pize, a., careful,

heedful, attentive.

rop-aipim, -pe, v. tr., I watch,

wait, expect.

ron-sithirim, vl. and imper. ron-Aitur, v. tr., I foretell, forebode.

 \mathfrak{p} ópát, -áit, \mathfrak{pl} . id., \mathfrak{m} ., the groove in the head of a spindle wherein the rneans or band plays, which puts the spindle in motion.

ronalaim, vl. and imper. ronait. v. tr., I offer (as a sacrifice), I

command.

rojián, -áin, m., greeting, salutation; rouán oo cun an, to greet, to salute (U., Con., and Scot.).

román, -áin, m., hemlock (Con.). ro-nann, m., a short verse or song. romaon, -e, -roe, f., a sandy

ropaoir, -e, -eaca, f., a forest; the haunt of wild beasts. Sec.

romaisir.

ropar, -air, m., a law; a basis; history, knowledge; understanding; depth, foundation; institution; ropar rocal, an etymological dictionary; ropar rears,

a general or fundamental account, a history.

ropar, -air, m., gravity, sedateness, ease; hence roparta (also

ronarca, indec. a., solid, settled, well-established; grave, steady,

sedate.

ropartact, -a, f., sedateness, gravity, sobriety, solidity.

ropbs, g. id., m., land, glebe-land; the possessor of glebe-lands; a sharer in a benefice; cf. cómanba (cómponba).

ropbaint, -anta, f., an increase,

profit, emolument.

ron-brailte, g. id., pl. -croe, f., joy, a sincere welcome.

ron-bráilteac, -tije, a., acceptable, very welcome.

ron-bráilteacar, -air, m., joy, sincerity of welcome; hospitality.

ropbpaim, I begin, commence, increase, etc. See róbnam.

ron-bhat, m., a cloak, an upper garment.

ron-bruac, m., a pinnacle.

rope, g. ruspe, pl. ropeanna, m., a table fork, a prong (A.).

roμcaċ, -aiże, α., forked, peaked. ropeamár, -áir, pl. id., m., airs, capers; r. cainnee, pedantry; unsteadiness, as a stone about to fall (in Con., ropcamár).

ropeaoin, -e, f., an ambiguity, a play on words, a quibble.

rop-coméso, -ts, m., act of guarding; ward, watching, protection (ron-coimeáo, M.).

ron-coméagam, vl. and imper. -coiméao, v. tr., I guard, pro-

ron-coméaouroe, m., a guard, a protector, a defender.

ron-choiceann, m., the foreskin (also scruff, epidermis).

ropoail, -ala, J., straying, erring (O'N.).

ron-oonar, -air, m., fore-door, vestibule; the lintel of a door; a porch. See ran-vonar.

ropoponn, -puinn, pl. id., m., the

loin; the womb (O'N. has ron-

ronoub, -a, pl. id. and -aca, m., an eyelid; a fringe; as a., very dark; ropouba na rút, the eyelashes, the black of the eyes; (P. O'C.); ropouba na horoce. the thick darkness of night.

roproubam, -ao, v. tr., I darken,

ron-raine, g. id., f., act of keenly watching, guarding. See ron-Aine.

ron-raineac, -nize, a., vigilant,

observant, very cautious.

ron-faipim, -faipe, v. intr., I lie in wait for (with ap); tr., I watch,

ron-focat, -ait, pl. id. and -cta, m., a bye-word; a preface; a pronoun.

τοη-γόζαητας, -αιζε, α., premoni-

tory.

τοη-γόζηα, -ζαητά, pl. id. and -ζηαιόε, m., act of forewarning, foretelling; a summons, a forewarning.

τοη- τόζη αιπ, - ζη αό, imper. - ζαιμ, v. tr., I give warning, pre-

monish.

 $fon-\dot{f}ua$ $fon-\dot{f}ua$ fona bellman, a proclaimer.

ron-runneoz, -015e, -05a, f., a window-shutter; a lattice before a window; a balcony.

ron-zabán, -ála, f., forcible possession, usurpation; climbing.

ron-zabam, -zabán, v. tr., I take forcible possession of, I usurp; I climb.

ropsac, -aise, -a, f., a stripper of more than one year's standing, that is, a cow that has not been in calf for one or more years (vó-żamnac, thi-żamnac, a stripper of two or three years' standing, etc., Con.).

ron-zamm, f., a convocation, an

assembly.

ron-zainmim, vl. -zainm, v. tr., I convoke, I summon, I notify. ropitac, -aice, f., an election.

ron- $\dot{\varsigma}$ oin, f., a severe wound.

ron-żonam, -żon, v. tr., I wound severely.

ron-żnuaim, f., austerity, harshness.

ron-żhuamos, indec. a., austere.

ron-lámar, -air, pl. id., m., superiority, chiefship, supreme power or authority; possession, usurpation.

ron-tamuizim, -użao, v. tr., I usurp, possess forcibly (also ron-tamuuzim, and, in M., ron-

táimrižim).

rontann, -ainn, m., spite, grudge; force, violence.

ron-toireim, -torcaö, v. tr., I

singe, burn.

rop-loirce, p. a., enkindled, blazing.

ropma, g. id., pl.-roe, m., a seat, a bench, a form.

ropmao, -aro, pl. id., m.. envy, emulation, a grudge(with te).

ropmaoac, -aiże, a., envious, grudging.

roμmáit, -áta, pl. id., f., hire, wages.

ponmálac, -aiţ, -aiţe, m., a hireling; a paymaster; as a., belonging to hire or wages.

pommáturoe, g. id., pl. -ote, m., a hireling; one who works for his day's wages, a labourer.

román, -áin, pl. id., m., a type, a mould; a sound, noise.

ron-moin, -mona, f., turf lying

for a season on a bog.

ron-molao, -lta, m., act of eulogising.

ron-molam, -ao., v. tr., I praise,

I eulogise.

τομιώση, m., the greater number or portion; as a., very great (also uμπόη),

rop-oroe, m., a tutor, a grinder. rop-oroear, -orp, pl. id., m., tradition; a rudiment; elementary instruction.

ron-óμολ, indec. a., all golden, glorious; renowned, famous.

ρομ-όμου ζαό, -uiţċe, m., predestination, act of predestining; a previous order. roμ-όμουιζιπ, -υζαό, v.tr., I prodestine, order before-hand.

roppacán, -ánn, pl. id., m., a surveyor.

ron-μασαμς, -αιμς, m., providence, foresight.

τομμάη, -áin, m., violence, anger, wrath, fury; strength.

ronnán, in phr. cuin ré r. ain, he saluted him (Con. and U.). See ronán.

roμμάπας, -αιζε, α., violent, fierce, wrathful; as subs., a strong fellow.

τομμάπτα, indec. a., angry, wrathful, presumptuous, resolute.

roμμάπταċτ,-a, f., violence, wrath, anger; courage, valour.

poppear, -air, m., a large or fat paunch.

τόμτας, -Διζε, α., forceful, powerful, strong.

póppamail, -mla, α ., forceful (A.).

ron-pmuainim, -neao, v. tr., I premeditate, forethink.

premeditation, forethought.

ropi-ruioim, -ruioe, v. intr., I preside.

ron-ruioteoin, -ona, -oinioe, m., a president.

roptać, -aiż, m., comfort, painlessness, ease; reap roptaiż, a comfortable man. See ruptact and roptact.

τομτας, -Διζ, m., a basin.

roptact, -a, pl. id., f., comfort, help; a refreshing, an improvement, a turn for the better in sickness (also ruptact).

potent, powerful. a., strong,

roμταmlacτ, -a, f., strength, might, fortitude.

poptan, -am, m., plenty, much, abundance; a tie, a band.

roptar, -air, m., common grass in swarths after the reaper or mower; straw, litter; also the middle of anything (O'N.).

τομτώπ, -ώιπ, m., fortune (A.) (also τομτώιπ, -e, f.).

roμτύπας, -αιζε, α., fortunate;

ro-nuaro, -aroe, a., reddish, of a dirty red colour.

ro-ηματαη, -αιη, m,, onslaught. ro-ημίπας, -αιζε, α., bedraggled, soiled, tossed, unkempt.

rest, repose, an easement (ror).

rór, ad., also, too, moreover, yet, as yet, still, further, besides; τυιτελό τός, furthermore; ατ τός, yet still, but yet; τός is used for still and yet: an öruit τέ ann τός? is he there still? (that is, has he not gone yet?); απ τάιπις τέ τός? has he come yet? τά τέ tuat τός, it is still early; σέαπραιό τέ πυο mait τός, he will be a good man later on.

ropac, -aiże, a., at rest, motion-

less.

rorao, -aro, -aroe, m., an atonement; a rest, respite, delay; cessation of arms; a prop, buttress; an encampment; a ditch,

a trench (Lat. fossa).

poparoeact, -a, f., herding cattle while they are grazing; the placing of cattle for a time in clover or meadow, where it is necessary to see that they do not injure themselves.

pitch, toss; I stay, rest,

lodge.

roγcaö, -aiö, m., act of sheltering, shelter; a place of security or refuge; an enclosure; ταοδ an roγcaiö ve'n vτom, the shelter side of the bush; τάιm an r., I am under shelter.

rorcaván, -ám, pl. id., m., a shade, an umbrella; a sconce (also rar-

caván).

ropesite, p. a., open, opened; frank, candid; in this latter sense ropesitees and opesitees are more common (also opesite).

rorcaitreac, -rite, a., openhanded, generous; frank, candid.

rot

porcailteact, -a, f., generosity, openness (also ventilation).

porcaint, -e, f., act of cleansing, purging, winnowing. See parenao and porchao.

ropelaim, -cailt, imper. -cail, v. tr., I open, unlock. See

orclaim.

populužao (populao), -uižėe, m., a chink, an opening in ploughing.

rorcnao, -aoa, m., act of purging, winnowing, cleansing (also rare-

naó).

rorcnam, -ao, v. tr., I purge, eleanse, winnow.

rorton σρομτ, -uiμτ, m., camp, encampment, siege.

fortonzpontać, -ai \dot{z} , -ai \dot{z} e, m.,

a defender of a camp.

ropta (rópt), ad., also, too, in addition to; bí mé ann ropta, I was there also (Don.); in M., bíop-ra ann teip; in Con., bí mé ann rheipin. (Provincial form of róp.)

ping, hindering, dissuading; a

laying hands on.

rorcam, vl. rorc, rorcae and rorcae, v. tr. and intr., I hire, retain; I stop, hinder, dissuade;

an rortac, hired.

portuoac, -ais, pl. id., m., one who is hired; a strong, lazy person (in M. sp. l., partuoac, which is very common in an uncomplimentary sense).

ropcuizim, vl. -cużao, v. tr., I hire (also rapcuizim and roipcizim).

roruizim, -użaż, v. intr., I rest, stop, stay; am still. See roram. różaż, -aiż, -aiże, m., a disease in horses affecting the nostrils;

glanders; a horse-wasp. potain, -ana, f., shelter, covert.

See ruitin.

rotannán, -áin, pl. id., m., a thistle; r. mín, sow-thistle. rotan, -ain, m., wind, confusion.

rotan, g. -and, pl. ronthe, m., a wood, a forest; a woody swamp. Potapac, - 15, m., a ruin.

rotapasa, g. id., m., hurry, con-

fusion, fussiness.

rotpasact, -a, f., a bathing, a cleansing, an immersion.

rotpazao, -a10, -a10e, m., a bath, a bathing, an immersion.

rothazaim, -ao, imper. rothaiz, v. tr., I bathe, dip, immerse.

rotnom, -nuim, m., noise, a great clamour, commotion; an intense noise.

rochum, -huim, pl. id., m., great figwort, scrophularia nodosa.

rpais, -e, -astaca, f., the inside roof of a house; the rafters; an arch; i n-áinoe an na rhajtacaib, up on the rafters; na rnaitis, the rafters (Clare).

 r_{1} r_{2} r_{3} r_{4} r_{5} r_{5} r_{6} r_{6} r_{7} r_{7 in house walls or house roofs.

rμαι leac, -liξe, f., seaweed.

rpainne, -e, f., France (with article).

rmainneir, -e, f., the French

language.

Thainre, g. id., pl. -rioe, a fringe. rpainreac, -rize, a., curled (of the hair).

Thair-ciot, -ceata, -ceatanna, m.,

a slight shower.

rpama, g. id., pl. -10e, m., the frame of a door, a frame (A.).

Thanclur, -tora, pl. id., m., tansey (tanacetum vulgare); tur na Phainnce.

rpanneac, -ais, pl. id., m., a rat: a Frenchman; as a., French (a rat prop. is tuć †panncać); ceanc rhanneac, a turkey; cnó rpanncac, a walnut; arceann rnanncac, large furze or gorse, etc.; bolzac rnanncac, syphilis.

rpaoc, g. -oic and -ois, m., heath, heather; rpaoc camózac, tho tall heath called "Mediterranean

heather."

rnaoc, -oic, m., fierceness, fury, hunger; ruaoc ruacal, tooth rage for food.

Fraocac, -aize, a., heathy,

heathery; as s. f., a heathery waste; cf. beánna phaocaije, the entrance to a heathery expanse on Bray Head, Valentia.

Phaocaroe, indec. a., angry, furi-

ous, fretful.

rpaoċ-ainzio, -e, α ., furiously raging.

rpaocán, -ám, pl. id., m., the whortle-berry (also rnaocóz).

 r_{1} $aoctac, -a_{1}$, m, heather (Don.). rnaoc-linn, -e, -ce, f., a stormy

rnaoc-maona, m., a fierce dog.

Thaocman, -aime, α ., furious, fierce, angry, ferocious.

rμαοċός, -ό1ζε, -ό5α, f., a whortle-

rhaocta, indec. a., furious, angry. rpaoctact, -a, f., fury, rage, fierceness.

rpar, g. -air and -ara, pl. id., m., a shower, hail; small shot, seed;

any small, round grain.

Thar, -aire, a., abundant; free, independent, liberal, nimble; also an intensitive prefix, as rpar-lútman, very nimble, etc.

rnarac, -aize, a., showery, fruitful, copious, generous; niall p., one of the kings of Ireland of the Hy Niall race.

τηαρ-λεμελό, -μιζε, α., very light,

airy (rhar is intensive).

rnar-zonta, indec.p.a., grievously wounded, having numerous wounds.

rpeachao, -aro, pl. id., m., labour, exercise.

Present time, present tense in grammar. rpeachainceac, -cize, a., modern.

rneachuisim, -nam, v. tr., I labour,

work, exercise.

rneasain, -anita, f., the act of answering, responding (also rneasan, m.); rneasame, id.

rpeazantac, -aize, a., answerable. suitable, responsible, responsive.

rueazantón, -óna, -ónnoe, m., a respondent, a defendant.

rneasna, -santa, pl. id., m., an answer, a reply; act of answering. rneasnac, -aise, a., responsible, responsive.

rneashact, -a, f., adaptation, suitability, answerableness.

rpeaspaim, -spa and -saint, imper. - 3ain, fut. pheiseon- (also rμεαζμός-, v. tr. and intr., I answer, reply to, respond, suit.

rnéam, g. -éime, pl. -éama and -éamaca, f., a root, stock,

lineage, origin.

Γμέαπας, -Διζε, α., original, having roots, radical, fibrous, rooted; rnéamanail, -mla, id.

rnéamact, -a, f., originality;

taking deep root.

rpéamaim, -mao, v. tr. and intr., I take root; I spring from; I found, establish; I settle, set, sow, plant.

rpéam-rocal, m., a root, i.e., a

radical or root word.

rnéam-rnaoileat, -lte, m., a pulling or dragging by the roots, the act of extirpating.

rpéam-phaoilim, -lead, v. tr., I pull or drag by the roots, I

extirpate.

rpéamužao, -uižte, m., a taking root; descending from (as from

a parent stock).

rnéamuizim, -użao, v. tr., I take root, I spring from (as a race from a parent stock). rnéamaim.

rpeanzac, -aiż, -aiże, m., a dog-

theanne, f., curviture, crookedness, distortion.

rpeanncac, -aize, a., winding, turning, bending, warping.

rheanncaim, -ao, v. tr., I bend, twist, bias.

Theap, -eipe, -a, f., medicine (O, N.).

Theapao, -pta, m., healing, curing (O,N.).

Theapaim, -ao, v. intr., I bounce, skip, kick, run; I heal.

"nespaine, g. id., pl. -proe, m., a bouncer, a skipper, a runner (also a doctor, a physician, O'N.).

rnear-, in certain compounds: upwards, against, contrary to. O'N. has rhearc, upwards.

Priearcaim, -ao, v. tr., I ascend (O'N.).

rnear-coiméao, m., a warding or guarding against.

rpear-zabáit, -áta, f., a climbing, ascent; the Ascension into Heaven.

rnear-zabaim, -zabáil, v. tr., I climb, ascend.

rpearcal, -ail, m., attendance; act of waiting on, serving; lot, fate, providence (also rnear- $\tau_{\Delta 1} l, f.$).

rnearcalac, -aize, a., provident, foresighted, attentive, careful

in ministering to.

rheartalact, -a, f., a service; attendance; act of waiting on.

rpearcalaim, -at and -atao, v. intr., I minister, attend, wait on, prepare.

rμεληταίνιος, g. id., pl. -οτε, m.,

a waiter, attendant.

rneirin, along with that; as well; bí mire ann pheirin, I was there also (Con.).

Thio, prep. = thé, through (U.). rprice, g. id., pl. -anna, f., a partition between two rooms

(O'N.).

rμιζ, g. -ζοε, pl. -ζοιόε and -żoeaca, f., a flesh-worm; a mite; ní luża an rpuż 'ná mátain an uitc, the smallest mite may cause evil; ní't oineao na phisoe ann, it is of no account (said, e.g., of an accident); ní't raic na rhizoe eaponta, there is not the least difference between them; tuac na rhizoe, nothing; rhiz an ζάιμε, a dimple, the appearance or first beginning of a laugh (Con.); variously written phis, THIS and THISTO.

τηιζοεος, -οιςε, -οςa, f., a fleshworm; a letter. See phis.

rμιζοίη, g. id., pl. -nièe, m., the barb of a fishing hook or arrow. See Fris.

ppingeac, -piże, a., curled, tortuous (of the hair). See ppainge.

rμίοcanta, indec. a., active, vigor-

ous; pert.

phiocnam, -aim, m., care, diligence. phiocnamac, -aige, a., careful, attentive, diligent; sharp, keen, barbed, piercing, bristly, rough.

ρμίο chamait, -mta, α., careful, diligent; keen, sharp; barbed,

piercing.

parching; phioctab, id.

parch. Line or parch.

rμιοċτ-οιζeann, m., a frying-pan;

τριοτ-(τριτ-), prefix, against, back, contra.

rhiota, m., a breeze (Mayo).

rmozáit, -áta, f., the motion of a shoal of fish when it appears suddenly on the surface (Mayo).

priotáiteao, -te, m., attendance, service; pean priotáite, a servant; bean priotáite, a nurse.

pμιοτάιτιπ, - άιτελό, v. tr., I serve, minister, attend (at table, etc.); το ρμιοτάιτελο δόμο cugainn τη cóτη gran cum bío, a table and neat preparation for a meal were provided for us.

rmocaine, g. id., pl. -mioe, m., an

interpreter (O'N.).

pretation, a word, a saying; a discussion; a discourse; a spoken word; pean priocail, an interpeter.

rinotalac, -aiże, a., speechful,

responsive, fluent.

rpiot-bac, -aic, -aca, m., the barb of a fishing-hook. See ppitbeac.

phioż-buaitim, -uataż, v. tr., I baffle, repel, allay, check, strike against.

pinot-buaitteac, -tige, a., subduing, baffling, checking, striking against.

prinot-buatao, -aitte, m., repercussion; return-beat (of the pulse).

Τριοτ-buille, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a back-stroke.

ppioż-oiżeann, m., a frying-pan. See ppiocz-oiżeann.

priocoin na Ráca, the head fairy (Con.).

τριοτότας, -a, f., ministering; carving (also τριοτάιτεις).

rμιοτόλαιm, -ao, v. tr., I carve (O'N.). See rμιοτάιλιm.

priotóltac, -ait, pl. id., m., a carver.

rnit. See phiot.

τρίτ, was found, pf. ps. of oożeitim, I find, get, receive; used extensively in poetry, where oo is sometimes prefixed; τρίτ το hote 140, they behaved badly (Clare and Con.); man τρίτ το ταπ-145 ομεαπ πα heineann, as the people of Ireland were weak (D. Ruadh); το τρίτ το τάιη, who were of base birth.

pricteac, -eice, -a, f., the barb of a hook.

rmit-beaht, -einte, f., an opposition, a contradiction.

rμιτ-θελμτλιm, v. tr., I object to, I gainsay.

prit éirc, f., bait for fish. pritioeact, -a, f., antipathy.

Priting, -e, f., return track; a turning back, a relapse; i br. na coname, back by the same road; shortness, directness; hurry.

ρτιτίη, -e, a., eager, earnest, peevish, cross, fretful, sore; cor
ἡτιτίη, a sore foot (Om., etc.).

perusal.

rμιτρέωμε, -eiμce, f., a return of love, mutual friendship.

Troc, m., a frock (A.).

rnoz, pl. -zanna, m., a frog, a toad; tá mé eaopa bhacac ("brackit" = speckled) azur tiat man bíonne na prozannaive ine an bróżman (Meath).

tasting, testing, proving, making

trial of; a proof; pl. sometimes rnomanna.

promaim, -ao, v. tr., I taste, test, try, prove, make trial of.

rhomes, p. a., tried, proved.

of play, a mock wedding.

ruacaro, -e, -roe, f., a jilt; a harlot.

ruacair, -e, -ioe, f., a hole, a den, a cave; the earth of a fox.

ruacar, -air, pl. id., m., an outery.

ruacarac, -aiże, a., given to

shouting or shricking.

ruact, -a, m., cold, chilliness; ruact raitce, sickness from alternate exposure to heat and cold. The two worst forms of sickness in childbirth are ruact raitce and sorta eotiain (W. Ker.); g. also ruait (Con. and U.).

ruactaine, g. id., pl. -proe, m., an

engraver (O'N.).

ruactán, -áin, m., a chilblain.

ruao, -a, pl. id., m., an apparition.

ruanac, -DAIZ, m., act of plundering, carrying off by force, forcing, bringing or carrying away, snatching away, whipping off; being blown (by the wind); violence, abduction, rape.

ruadact, -a, pl. id., f., robbery,

abduction, depredation.

ruadaine, g. id., pl. -pride, m., a rambler; a restless person.

ruadam, -aim, m., presage, omen; inclination, predisposition; haste, activity; τά σμοξεμασαμ εμές, your predispositions are evil, you promise badly; τά εαδάιττε απ συιπε σοιέτ, you have high aims or notions like the poor man's cabbages (they had a disposition to grow up tall); ευασαμ ταιτίξε επος, frost is the forerunner of mud; ε. εεαμτάπηα, a presage of rain.

ruaopac, -aize, a., active,

nimble, ready, busy, pre-disposed to a thing.

rumour; a prohibiting, a hindering; rambling.

puaopuisim, -usao, v. intr. and tr., I hasten, hurry; I thwart, eross, forbid (puaopaim, id.).

ruaouiżeać, -żiże, a., ravenous,

given to depredation.

ruaouiţim, -oac, v. tr., I spoil, take by force, abduct; I carry off (as a child by the fairies); put to flight, drive away, blow away (also ruaoaim).

ruaouice, p. a., abducted, swept away by force, carried off by the fairies or "good people."

ruaouijteat, -tije, a., ravenous,

rapacious.

ruajáil, -ála, pl. id., f., a sewing, a seam, a stitching.

ruażam, -żáit, v.tr., I sew, stitch, bind together.

ruażálam (ruażam), -ażán, v. tr., I stitch, join together.

ruaξαητα, indec. p. a., proclaimed, published, warned, commanded (also rόξαητα).

τυαζαμτόιη, -όμα, -όιμισe, m., a

proclaimer, a crier.

ruajós, -ó15e, -ó5a, f., a thrum or end in weaving; a needleful of sewing thread.

τυαζηαό. See τόζηαό.

ruazhuizim, v. tr., I announce, etc. See rózhaim.

Fuarce, g. id., pl. -croe, m., a clown.

ruaicle, g. id., pl. -liōe, m., a wretch, a clown. See ruaice.

ruaio, in phr. an r. (with gen.), throughout, all over; an ruaio an ciże, throughout the house; an ruaio na páince, all over the field; an a bruaio, amongst them (ruaio is the form used in M. and S. Con., ruo elsewhere).

 μ ruaro, -e, f., a remnant.

ruaioneao, -μιο, m., a ghost, a spectre; also a quick reeling motion; capering, reeling; τά γέ αη γ., he is a vagrant.

ruaiţte, p. a, sewn, stitched; bound up, tied, inherent; σ'ṛάξ-aib i mbpón roola ruaiţte, she left Fodla bound up in grief (Fer.); a bruit uairte ceatpaip ruaiţte i n-a héadan zan rmát, in whose unblemished visage the nobility of four is inherent (Manus MacArdle).

ruail-reaván, -áin, pl. id., m., the ureter (also reaván ruail).

ruaim, g. -ama and -aime, pl. -amanna, f., sound, noise, clamour, report, echo.

ruaimeint, f., vigour, force, effect-

iveness; sense.

ruaimeinteamail, -mta, a., sensible; efficient, forcible.

Fuarmneac, -ni $\dot{\xi}$ e, a., noisy, sounding, echoing.

ruaimneamail, -mla, α ., noisy,

sounding.

ruammitim, vl. -neac and -iużao, v. intr., I sound, resound, echo. ruan- (ruan-) (cold), intensive

prefix.

ruain, 3s. pf. of vo-zeivim, I find. See vo-zeivim.

ruain-beann, f., a cold mountain-peak (A. MacD. O'Daly).

ruan-beintte, p. a., cooked and allowed to cool (as cold meat, as distinct from raw meat).

ruan-cheatao, m., a shivering with cold.

ruaiη-ċηιοċaim, -ċηιċ, v. intr., I tremble of cold.

ruain-chit, -cheata, m., a cold tremor.

ruaine, g. id., f., coldness, neglect; out i bruaine, to get cold, to become neglected.

rnameact, -a, f., coldness, chilliness,

ruain-reaptain, f., cold rain.

plaster, a poultice; a mixture of oatmeal and cold water applied to a burn.

ruannéatac, -aig, pl. id., m., one who is careless or indifferent about his business; a good-fornothing farmer, etc.

บลเท-ทอเท้, -e, f., a numbness of the fingers, etc., from cold (also ryanneam).

ruain-rcéal, -éil, pl. -éala and -éalta, m., a silly or foolish

story.

ruain-rchéioeac, -σiże, α., bleak, exposed.

ruanticio, -e, m., a negligent, indifferent person; one who is usually behind time (M.); neglect or waste; ruanticio maoine, decay or waste of wealth (P. O'C.).

fuantitioeact, -a, f., coldness,

chilliness.

ρυδιτη, -e, -ιόe, f., a fissure, a cave, a ravine; a lair (also

puaitip).

rual, -ail, m., urine; sordid water.
rualactan, -ain, m., long-leaved
brooklime, veronica anagallis
(also creeping water parsnip,
sium nodiflorum).

rualaván, -áin, pl. id., m., the urethra. See ruail-reaván.

puatán, -áin, pl. id., m., a chamber pot; a fool, an idiot; a silly, insignificant fellow.

rualans, -ains, m., giddiness, distraction, derangement, madness. rualar, -air, m., a tribe, a family.

rual-bhortac, -aige, a., diuretic; as subs., g. -aig, m., a diuretic.

puat-corc, m., the strangury, difficulty of urine.

rual-torcao, -oirce, m., heat in urine, difficulty in discharging urine.

ruat-roiteac, -tit, m., a chamber-pot.

reporting.

resounding.

puamán, -áin, pl. id., m., continuous noise; noise in the ears; the noise of rivers, etc.; a rebound; great rejoicing (also a shadow, a scarcerow).

ruap, -ape, a., cold, chilly; bleak, uninviting; raw; thriftless; comfortless; unimportant; un-

mortared, dry; nuain in ruan é an teactaine, in ruan é an rheatha, when the messenger is of little importance, the reply is of little worth; rattaire ruana réanann bean tite tuana réanann bean tite tuana comfortless or cheerless house makes a thriftless or unsteady housewife.

ruan- (ruann-) (cold), intensive

prefix.

ruan-aröbéir, -e, f., the bleak ocean.

ruapaım, -aö, v. intr., I grow cold, I become cold or tepid; I become careless or indevout; an τέ δίοπη απυιζ γυαραπη α curo, he who is from home may expect that his food will become cold.

τυαμάτας, -αιζε, α., cold, chilly. τυαμάτας, -α, f., chilliness, coldness

τυαμάη, -άιη, m., a spring, a well, a cold fountain, a bath; a pool where cattle stand to cool themselves; any cooling place; του τυαμάιη, a cold well, a spring well (Om.).

ruanánac, -aise, a., full of fountains or springs; cool, distant,

indifferent.

puapánoa, indec. a., cool, heatless; distant, indifferent; jealous.

ruanar, 1 s. pf. of oo-zeibim, I find, get, etc.; genly. ruanear in sp. l.

ruan-botao, m., an unpleasant scent; a cold, damp smell.

ruan-bruitte, a., cooked and allowed to cool; half-dead, half alive (of persons), to is used ironically in the same sense (Don.).

ruanc, -ainc, m., anything that stops a leak or chink; what coopers staunch their vessels with; the inner portion of the body; cuip ré an reian go ruanc ionnam, he stuck the knife in me to the very marrow (Ker.).

τυαη- τη άδα ο, m., hypocrisy. τυαη- τη άιδτεας, -τιςe, a., hypo-

critical.

ruaμ-ċμαραό, -pta, m., benumbing.

ruanoa, indec. a., cold, chilly, frigid.

ruaμόλότ, -a, f., coldness, cold, chilliness.

ruaμό áιl, - ála, f., coolness, indifference, jealousy.

ruanidatai, -aije, a., cool, in-

different, jealous.

ruantac, -ais, m., the weedy marshy edge of a lake or river; a sudden flood of rain, a freshet.

ruanuizim, vl. -pao and -puzao, v. tr. and intr., I get cold, cool, freeze, chill; refresh (also ruanam).

ruanuiţe, p. a., cooled, refreshed. ruanuiţeοιη, -οηα, -οιηιόε, m., one who fans or cools; a fan; a refrigerator.

ruação o, -e, f., animosity, spite, rancour; act of grumbling, complaining.

ruarcant, -e, f., act of loosing, solving; redemption, release from bondage; relief from pain.

puarcaitze, p. a., redeemed, delivered, released; relieved.

puarcailteac, -tiże, a., aperient; giving freedom.

ruarcailteact, -a, f., redemption, deliverance.

ruarcailteoip, -opa, -oipide, m., a redeemer, a ransomer.

ruarcaltóin, -óna, -óinite, m., a redeemer.

ruarctao, g.-catca and -ctuiçce, m., act of releasing, solving; solution; deliverance, redemption, ransom (also ruarctuiçao).

ruarclaim, vl. -cailt, imper. -cail, v. tr., I release, deliver, redeem, ransom. ruarchao, -canta, m., fright, terror, affrighting.

ruartuijteoin, -ona, m., a redeemer. See ruarcattoin.

ruarnao, -aro, m., anger, astonishment, tumult.

ruarnuižim, -užao, v. tr., I distract.

ruarnuiteac, -tite, a., tumultuous, astonishing.

ruat, -a, pl. id., m., a shape, a phantom, a spectre. See ruao. ruat, -a, m., hate, hatred, enmity, abhorrence, aversion; 17 r. tiom, I dislike.

ruatair, -e, -ive, f., a crevice, a cave (puatair often in sp. l., M.). See ruatair.

ruatar, -air, m., an uproar, a rout.

ruacarac, -Διζε, α., dreadful, horrible, detestable, abhorrent.

ruatmanne, g. id., f., hatred, abhorrence, disgust.

ruation, hatefulness. f., abomination, hatefulness.

ruatman, -aine, a., hateful, detestable; object of hate (to, az).
ruat muice, m., harebell, hya-

cinthus nonscriptus.

ruatuiţim (ruatam), vl. ruatat, v. tr., I hate, I detest, I abominate; I conceive a dislike to (as to food, or as a bird shuns her nest).

ruatuite, p. a., hated, abhorred,

detested.

ruatuisteoin, -ona, -oinioe, m., a

hater, an envier.

ruo; apr. (with gen.), throughout, all over, through, through the length of, among, amongst; apruo na bruo, right through (in M. ruaro) (refers to space). See ruaro.

ruzós, See ruazós.

rúib, prep. prn., 2nd pl., under you, towards you, to you; emph. rúib-re; rázaim rúib réin é, I leave the matter entirely to yourselves. See rá.

furo. See puaro and puo.

ruideac, -diże, a., free, copious,

willing; as sol so ruroeac, crying copiously or freely:

rúiz, pf. 3 s. and imper. (poet.) of rázaim, I leave.

ruiż-, ruiżb-. See 00-żeibim.

ruizeatt, -żitt, pl. -iżte, m., a word, a sentence; judgment; pl. ruiżte, speech, talk, words.

ruizeatt, -itt, pl. id. and -żte, m., a remnant, remainder, leavings, residue, balance. The days in January are called ruizte (ruiote) .1. the dregs or remnants of the year (P. O'C.).

purjeatt barptive, m., the effects of an imperfectly performed baptismal ceremony; it was believed that when the baptism was from any cause defective some calamity or some imperfection of body overtook the child.

ruite, pl., words, speech, language. See ruiteatt.

puiţteac, -tiţe, a., adjudicating. puiţteac, -tiţ, pl. id., m., a remnant, refuse, balance, leavings.

rungtum, vl. rungte, v. tr. and intr., I relate, tell, speak to, judge.

ruit, g. rota, pl. rotanna, f., blood, gore; a family, tribe; ir iao rotanna ar an rotcao an taoc nan taz, these are the bloods (races, tribes) from which the strong hero sprang.

ruit-beaptac, -aiże, a., of bloody deeds.

ruit-cionneac, -aiże, a., guilty of blood.

ruileac, -liże, a., bloody, shedding blood.

ruitioeact, -a, f., bloodiness. See rotaroeact.

ruilim, ruil, etc. See ataim.

ruitingeac, -zige, a., patient, enduring, long-suffering.

ruitingim, vl. ruiting, v. tr., I suffer, bear, tolerate, permit, allow; I bear (as food or drink); vl. also ruitroin (U.).

puilingte, a., patient, enduring, suffering; suffered, endured.

ruilingteat, -tige, a., patient, enduring.

ruilingteatt, -a, f., patience, for-

bearance, toleration.

ruiliużao, -iżće, m., letting, bleeding, wo bloodwounding, reddening with blood.

ruitreac, -tije, a., bloody, blood-

shedding, cruel.

ruilteact, -a, f., bloodiness,

cruelty, bloodshed.

rumeao, -nce, m., act of baking, roasting, cooking, kneading; forming; Jan r., Jan rárcao, untidy, slovenly.

rumeadóin, -óna, -óinide, m., a

baker, a kneader.

rumearoómeact, -a, f., the busi-

ness of a baker.

runnime -eao, v. tr., I knead, bake, boil, dress; I work up, as a

subject in a poem.

runn, prep pron. 1 pl., towards us, under us, to us; emph. rúinn-ne and rúinne; rúinn réin a beio an rcéal, the matter will devolve on ourselves. See rá.

ruinneao, -nio, m., a finishing, a conclusion; setting (of the sun); the West; 50 r. a raosail, to

the end of his life.

ruinneam, -nim, m., momentum,

force, energy; vigour.

rumneamac, -aize, a., energetic. In Der. puinneamac is used in the same sense as ruanac, insignificant. See ruinneamail.

ruinneamail, -amla, a., forceful, nimble, active, lively, energetic,

spirited, earnest.

ruinne-néall, -néill, -néallta, m., the shades of evening.

ruinneoz, -015e, -05a, f., a win-

ruinnpeos, -015e, -03a, f., an ash tree; r. coille, the herb called virga pastoris; the mountain ash.

ruinpeac, -riz, m., common enchanter's nightshade, circae lutetiana.

ruince, indec. p. a., tempered; set

in order; kneaded; made neat or tidy; r. 1 noán, put pithily in a poem (E, R).

rumceoip, -opa, -oipioe, m., a baker; a boiler; a dresser.

ruinteoplact, -a, f., the business of baking, boiling, etc.

rumeac, -ta, m., a delay; act of watching, waiting, tarrying, staying; az r. onc, waiting for

rumeacam, a., attentive, vigilant, deliberate, circumspect.

ruspeacar, -asr, m., act of waiting for, expecting; bi me as runeacar teat, I was expecting you (Don.).

ruipeac-leanmain, f., the "follower" that accompanies the seine-boat in seine-fishing.

ruineann. See roineann.

ruin-reiteam, f., an overseeing.

ruin-reitim, -reiteam, v. tr., I wait; espy.

ruipizim, -neac, v. intr., I wait, tarry, delay, watch; deliberate. ruipmisim, -iusao, v. tr., I form,

ruinnéir. See roinnéir.

fashion, mould.

ruippe, g. id., m., harrowing, the act of harrowing; shuffling (in dancing). See rospreso.

ruippeoip, -opa, -oiproe, m., a harrower; a searcher; an officer; a rummager; a juggler

(also roinreoin).

fuippeoipeact, -a, f., harrowing; rummaging; searching; juggling.

p. a., harrowed; ruippišče, ruffled.

ruiprim, ruiprisim. See roiprim. ruirceán, -áin, pl. id., m., a softshelled crab.

ruipeoz, -013e, -03a, f., a lark; ruireoisín nuao na móna, the bog lark.

rúite, rúiti, prep. prn., 3 sing., under her, towards her. See

puitin, g. potna, f., shelter, protection; 1 bruitin a céite, all together.

putact, -a, J., cooking, roasting, boiling (also puatact).

rulangim, vl. rulang, imper.
-ang, I suffer, bear, endure,
permit, allow; I bear food,
drink, etc. (also rullingim).

rutáin, in phr. ní rutáin oo, it is not avoidable for a person, it is necessary, one must, ought; ní rutáin (without prep.), it must; ní rutáin teir, he judges it imperative, is not content without; rutáin, rather ropáit, .i. iomropichao, too much, overmuch; ex., ní ropáit ouit, 'tis not much for thee; ir ropáit ouit, 'tis overmuch for thee, (P. O'C.).

rulang, g. -aing and -angta, pl. id., m., a suffering; patience, forbearance, endurance; a prop, a foundation, a buttress; a stud, a boss; rulangta an aignió, the passions of the mind.

rulanzać, -aiże, a., patient, able to endure, forbearing, hardy,

suffering.

pulançac, -aiţ, pl. id., m., a sufferer, a patient, one that endures.

rulanguióe, g. id., pl. -öte, m., a sufferer.

pulpace, -a, f., corrupt gore or blood (pulpao, id.).

rúm, prep. prn., 1 sing., under me, towards me; emph. rúm-ra; tá ré zo téin rúm réin anoir, I am the sole arbiter now. See rá.

runoaimeine, -e, f., foundation.

runnya. See ronnya.

rupáit, -áta, pl. id., f., an offering; a command; an excitement. See ropáit.

rupairce, comp. rupa, a., easy;

ruffure (Don.).

rupátaim, vl. rupáit, imper. id., v. tr., I order, command, require, request, desire, ineite, induce, offer. See ropátaim.

runar, comp. rura, a., easy.

ruparta, indec. a., easy to do, practicable.

τυμπόρ, -όιμ, m. (υμπόρ, id.), generality, the greater part (also τομπόμ).

runnarioe, g. id., m., act of awaiting; a resting, a staying; a

variant of unnarioe.

runnáil, -ála, f., the act of rolling (Der.).

runtact, -a, pl. id., f., help, comfort, relief, ease. See rontact. runtain, f., sufficiency, bail, security.

ruητιιζιm -ταέτ, v. tr., I help, comfort (also rοητιιζιm).

runcuizceoin, -ομα, -οιμίσε, m., a helper, a comforter (also roncuizceoin).

rur, in phr., 1 brur (opp. to tall), on this side, here; in this life; tall 'r 1 brur, here and there.

rura, comp. of runar, etc., easy. ruranne, g. id., -nioe, m., a fussy person.

τύγταμ, -αιμ, m., fussiness, rush, confusion.

put, in phr., 1014 put read, altogether.

rúτ, prep. pron., 2 s., under thee, towards thee; emph. rúτ-γα. See rá.

rúta, prep. pr., 3 pl., under them, at them, through them. See rá.

3 (ζοητ), the seventh letter of the Modern Irish Alphabet.

 $\overline{5}$ á, ' $\overline{5}$ a=a $\overline{5}$ a ; ' $\overline{5}$ a $\overline{1}$ á $\overline{0}$ =a $\overline{5}$ a $\overline{1}$ á $\overline{0}$; ' $\overline{5}$ a $\overline{1}$ 7c.

Sá (cá), what? where? Sá méav? how much? Sá rìor vam? how can I know? Sá rao? how long? See cá.

Sa, zat, g. zai, zaoi; d. za, zai; pl. zaoi, zaete, zaoite; gpl. zat, zaeteat, zaoiteat, dpl. zaoit, zaeteat, zaoitib, m., a dart, javelin, spear, arrow; sting; beam; zat ziéine, sun's ray. See zae.

5ab. See 30b.

Saba, y. id. and -bann, pl. -zaibne, m., a smith, a blacksmith; zaba

ξελί, a locksmith, a silversmith; ζαθα ουθ, a blacksmith.

ζάθας, -λίζε, α., dangerous, perilous, difficult.

Sábao, -aio and -bca, m., want, need; distress; danger, peril; 1 ηςάbao aibne, in danger of rivers; τά ςάbao asam teip, I have need of it; ní 5. oam, I need not.

Sabao, -a10, pl. id., m., a trick, an artifice.

Sabadać, -daiže, a., cunning, artful.

Sabadaine, g. id., pl. -proe, m., a cunning fellow.

Sabaoán, -áin, pl. id., m., a receptacle, a storehouse.

Sabas, an arm of the sea (Clare). See sás.

Sabail. See 3abal.

Sabáit, -áta, f., vl. of sabaim in its various meanings; conception; sabáit muine san rmót, Mary's Immaculate Conception; réit sabáta muine san rmót, the Feast of the Immaculate Conception; a conquest, an invasion; rean sabáta, a conqueror; colonization; a draught or "take"; spoil, booty; a receiving; sabáit (éadais asur mancaideacta), style and turnout

Sabáit, -áta, -áta, f., an armful of anything; ζ. réin, as much hay as can be taken between the outstretched arms (the word is somet. pron. ζαβάι, but one should expect ζαβάιι; it is common among speakers of English also, as a gwawl of hay, of turf, etc).

Sabáil, -ála, f., leaven.

Sabart cine, f., the ancient law of

gavelkind.

Sabaim, vl. zabáit, v. tr. and intr., irreg. (see Parad.), I take, receive, seize, lay hold on, apprehend; governing various nouns, as zab mo comainte, take my advice; zab mo teat-reéat, pardon me; zab reatb, take

possession of; having as subject passion, emotion, dread, disease, etc.; vo žab rcannhav é, he was seized with terror; oo jab reanz Comár, Thomas became enraged; oo żab chuaiże oóib é, he conceived pity for them; sometimes the order is reversed, as oo jab ré thuaj; used intr., I conceive; I go, with object like bóżan, rliże: żab ré an bóżan, an crliże, an cheo, he passed the way; with adv., as Sab a baile, Sab i leit, Sab amaė; an luan ro šab topainn, last Monday; with prep. az, I set about; oo jab ré as a Seannao, he proceeded to cut it; with prep. sn, I treat, deal with, especially maltreat, beat, with or without the mention of an instrument; zeobrah oht, you will be beaten, flogged; Seobaro ré oo'n maroe onm, he will beat me with the stick; bí ré az zabáil o'á coraib Aip, he was kicking him; with cum, I take, receive for or to myself, adopt; zab čužat é, take it to thyself, also adopt him; with te (né), I go with, take to, take up with; as Sabáil le céipo, taking up a trade or profession; 5ab ré te Seaján, he took the side of John; vo jab ré le muinnoin mátan, he resembles his mother's people; żab ré cuan, it reached port; oo Sabadan lonspone ann, they encamped there; I believe, decide; 546aim-re onm, I believe, I convince myself; zabaim te m'air, I take it for granted; with prep. ó, I take from; oo żab ré a cúiz véaz uaim, he won fifteen shillings from me; oo 346 ré an piożacz, he assumed the throne; with prep. oo, I am, I keep (at); cáim az zabáit oo, I am at it, I keep at it; in p. a., ta an capall zabta, the horse is harnessed; with um, I put

on; vo hat ré an t-éavac ume, he put on the clothes.

Sabaim, -e, f., a song.

Sabain, -bna, pl id. m., a calf

(also zamain).

Sabaineact, -a, f., a smithy; the work of a smith (also Saibneact).

Sabaine, g. id., pl. -proe, m., a prattler (also cabaine).

Sabaineact, -a, f., prate, tattling

(also cabaineact).

5 abantín, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a little or young goat; in Munster usage, potatoes or such things sold by a son or daughter without the father's knowledge, for pocket money. English speakers call this a "goat." "Copp" is used in parts of Kerry (the smugglers used to pretend that the smuggled article was a corpse).

Sabainín μεοότα, m., a jack snipe (in Clare the word is zabainín

bainne beinbte).

Sabáirce, g. id., m., cabbage, cole-

wort. See cabáirte.

Sabat, g. Saibte, and -ait, pl. Saibte, Sabta, and Saibteaca, m. and f., a fork, a pitchfork; an opening, an estuary, a creek; the space enclosed at the confluence of two rivers; the groin; a beam, a prop, a pillar; Sabataoitis, a dung fork, dim. Saibtín, Sabtós; a pillar, a descendant, a branch, a scion; S. Seineatais, a genealogical branch; Sabat is generally m., sp. l. M., especially when it is used for the groin, etc.

Sabátaċ, -aiţe, a., taking, catching, receiving, seizing, spoiling, preying, conquering, passing or

going by.

5abat baoire, pl. sabta baoire, foolish pillars, frail or trembling pillars or forks (P. O'C.).

Sabal-Luacam, -cha, f., forked

rushes.

5abátta, p. a., fermented; beoda 5., fermented drinks; for other meanings see 5abam. 5 ab át τ ar, -air, m., invasion; conquest; hire for a time; stewardship; rule, holding (of land), occupation under rent; a rented farm; a take of anything (as fish); an 5, held under payment of rent; reamann an 5, land held under rent.

Sabal-τημιτ, m., a mammary abscess (Con.).

Sabálturoe, g. id., pl. -oce, m., a farmer, a husbandman.

Sabán. See zobán.

Sabann, -ann, pl. id, m., an enclosure for straying cattle made on the land where they are trespassing; a pound; a jail.

Saban, -ain, pl. id., m., a kind of

fish called scad

Saban, -ann, pl id., m., a goat; 5. riaban, a wild goat; a metaph name for a white or pied horse (P. O'C).; a bundle (of sprits) (Don,).

Sabantann, -anne, -a, f., a goat fold; fig. a stable; 5aban-cnó, id.

Saban οιόċe, m., a snipe, a jacksnipe (also ζαδαιμίη ηε οὐċα).

Saban-ulca, m, a goat's beard (O'N.)

Sábaτaμ, -aiμ, m., need, want, famine.

Sάδατμας, -aiţe, a., needy, poor; ir ζάδατμαiţe tiom...'ná, I need... more than,

Sábla, g. id., pl. -rôe, m., a gable (A.).

Sabtać, -aiże, a., forked, divided, peaked.

Sablaim, -ao, v. intr., I spring, branch out, shoot forth (of a plant, also of a family).

Sablán, -ám, pl. id., m., a branch, a fork of a tree; 3ablán baoire, a temporary fit of madness (P. O'C.).

Sablánac, -aige, a., forked, branched, divided.

Sabtán Sannine, m., a sand martin. Sabtán Saorce, -ánn Ś., pl. id., m., a kind of swallow

Sabtán mana, m., a small creek or inlet of the sea.

5abló5, -ó15e, -ó5a, f., a prop orsupport; a small two-pronged fork made from the limbs of a shrub or furze bush, used in the left hand when cutting the tops of furze, shrubs, etc.; in Galway the 5. is smaller still, and is used to keep the movable bottoms of the reaznazaroe (baskets) in their place; an undersetter; the little forked upright used to support a pitfall for catching birds in winter (another upright connecting it with the bow is called the Comáirín bhéasac or baicín).

Sabtużao, -uiżce, m., a branching off, as a family; propagation;

genealogy.

Sabtuiţim, -uţao, v. intr., I spring, branch out, shoot forth (of a plant, also of a family).

Sabnac, -aiże, -aca, f., a stripper, i.e., a cow not in calf that yields milk (also samnac).

Sabnact, -a, f., the work of a blacksmith, a smithy (also sabaineact; saibneonact is used in Don.).

Sabnac, -aiże, a., goat-like, skipping, bouneing, capering; abounding in goats.

5ab- \dot{p} ná \dot{c} , m., housewife thread $(5aba-\dot{p}$ ná \dot{c}).

Jabia, p. a., taken, seized; harnessed, yoked. See Jabaim.

Saċ, g. often ʒaċa, adj. pr., each, every; relics of inflects. are found in ʒaċ n-aon, ʒaċ noune, etc.; the preps. te, τρέ, με become teip, τρέρ, μιρ before ʒaċ; ʒaċ με tá (or ʒaċ 'te tá), every other day; ʒaċ uite níö, everything; ʒaċ με 'r eaö, tit for tat; ní öeanna ré ʒaċ níö maiċ = aon níö maiċ; ʒaċ a (ecl.), all.

5Δ0, -Δ10, pl. id., m., a withe; a twisted twig or osier; ctaσ̄Δημε 5Δ10, a villain fit for the gallows. It would seem as if victims were hanged formerly by means of withes, cf. 1 5Coμcai τ΄ τοιμ

το ζεμοέταμ mé man reéat le ταο, may I be hanged in Cork, in the east, as a portent $(\mathcal{O}'D)$.

540, m., stealing. See 5010.

500 (coo), what?

 5άὁ, want, danger. See ξάβαὁ.
 5αοαιὁεαὸ, -ὁιζε, a., robbing, thieving.

Savaroeact, -a, f., robbery, plun-

der

Savaim, vl. -ao and zav, v. tr., I lop off, I pull; I steal, I take away (also zavuizim). See zoioim.

Sabaineamail, -mla, a., doggish,

houndlike.

Sadannín, g. id., pl. -nide, m., a

lap-dog, a spaniel.

Saoán, -áin, pl. id., m., noise; shouting; saoán teinear, a fiery explosion (Kea.); the human voice; a note in singing (obs.).

Saoán, -áin, pl. id., m., a little

withe.

5αὐαη, g. -αιη, pl. id., dpl. gaὑηαιδ (5αὐαηαιδ), m., a hound, hunting-dog; beagle, dog, mastiff; 5αὐαη 5αοιτε, a bloodhound, a mad dog.

Sασαμας, -αιζ, -αιζε, m., a tough withe; fig., a slow, tedious, inactive person; cóm μιζιπ Le 5.,

as tough as a withe.

Saosait, -e, f., act of running furiously, "gadding" (of cows). Saotune (coll.), salmon after

spawning.

Sαόμας, - Διζe, α, fond of dogs;

abounding in dogs.

Saouroe, g. id., pl. -ote, m., a thief, a robber; pl. Saouroeanna (Don.).

Saouiţim, -oao, v. tr., I steal, rob, plunder, snatch away, carry off.

Saouiţte, p. a., stolen, plundered, carried off (also zaota).

Jae, g. id., pl. zaete, a dart, a javelin, a spear. See za.

Saeceat, -oit, pl. id. and -oeata, m., a hero; an Irishman, a Highlander; a Catholic, as distinguished from a Sapanac (Albanac, U.) or Protestant.

Saeoeatac, -aige, a., Irish, Gaelic; also Irish-made, simple, unsophisticated, easy-going; common, native, cf. cabáirte Saeoeatac, aiteann Saeoatac, 7c.

Saeoeatacar, -air, m., the manner or fashion of the Irish or

Scotch.

Saeveatz, g. -vitze, d. -vitz, the Irish language; the dialect of the Highland Scotch; Manx, the dialect of the natives of the Isle of Man (Saevitze is often used as nom. s. and Saevitanz, M.; in Don., Saevitac, g. -e).

Saeoealz-phiotal, -ail, pl. id., m., a word or phrase in Irish.

Sae σ e at-μί, m., an Irish king.

Saeceatta, a., Gaelic; Irish or

Highland Scotch.

Saeveattact, -a, f., the state of being Irish or Scotch; Gaeldom, Irishry, the native race of Ireland; bean oe'n Śaeveattact, a woman of the Irishry (Art MacC.); S. Atban, the Highlands of Scotland.

Saeoitze, f., the Irish language; Gaelic; prop. gs. of Saeoeatz,

which see.

Saete, ζαεταό, ζαετίδ, n., g. and dpl. of ζα, ζατ, m., spear, dart, javelin; beam. See also ζαε.

Sar, -a, pl. id., m., a hook, a crooked instrument; a fishing

gaff (5st, id.).

Sarann, -ann, m., henbane; Sarann muc, swine bean. Also f., g. -anne: chann Saranne

(Mon.).

δάζ, -άιζ, pl. id. and ζάζα, m., a cleft, a chink, a fissure, a crack; a narrow deep opening between rocks; a crack on the skin of the hands or feet (pron. ζάδαζ (gowg) in Clare); nom. also ζάιζ, f.

Sázac, -aiże, a., leaky, full of

chinks or cracks; apt to open into fissures (also 3\(\delta\)\(\delta\).

ξάζαιm, -αό, v. tr. and intr., I split into fissures, grow into chinks or flaws.

 Sa_1 , g. and d. of Sa, $Sa\dot{c}$, m., a

dart, a spear; a beam.

Saibtín (dim. of sabat), g. id., pl.
-ioe, m., a small fork or groin;
a narrow inlet of the sea; Coip
an Saibtín, a place near Caherciveen — opposite river-bank

(pron. zóilín).

Sánöteac, -τίζε, a., querulous, complaining, distressed; eager, fierce, pitiful (as the shouts of one in distress); dangerous; συπε ξ., a person constantly complaining (also costly, as έασας ξάηδτεας, costly clothes, P. O'C.).

Sáibteac, -tize, pl. id., m., a per-

son in want.

Sáro, m., a father (*U.* and *Mea.*).

Saroín, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a twisted twig, a little withe (dim. of Sao).

Σαιόμίπ, g. id., pl. -ιόe, m., a lapdog, a little dog(dim. of ξαόμ).

Sá13. See 3á3.

Saiżoeać, -viże, α ., spruce, foppish (Kea.).

Saize, g. id., pl. -ziroe, m., a fop, a vain person (dim. zaizin).

Saizeamail, -mla, a., vain, frivolous.

Saizio e act, -a, f., foppery, frivolity, the manner of a coxcomb.

Sait, -e, f., wind, steam, vapour, smoke; tong saite, a steamship; báo saite, a steamboat. See sat.

Sail, -ala, f., valour, bravery.

See 3011.

Sailb, -e, f., a slight shower with wind.

Sáilbeac, -biże, f., spray, mist; a slight misty shower.

Saitbeac, -bige, a., peevish, testy, angry; tempestuous, stormy; also flattering, fawning, soothing.

Saitheán, -áin, pl. id., m., a storm, a tempest; wet, wild weather; Saitheán báirtige, a heavy fall of rain, accompanied by strong wind.

Sailb-rion, f., rough, stormy weather.

Saite. See zoite.

Sailín, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a parasite; also a small jet of smoke or vapour; a little smoke of a pipe.

Sailíneac, -niże, a., flattering,

parasitical.

Saitt-ceape, f., a duck.

Sáitleac, -lig, m., the jaw, gum, or cheek; as a., having large chops.

Sailleamain, -mina, -manca, f.,

an offence.

Sáitteos, -015e, -05a, f., a blow on the cheek; a dash of liquids from one vessel to another (Con.).

Saill-rine, f., a foreign race; a tribe of enemies.

Saitt-1arc, m., the pike-fish.

Saittim, -tme, f., the river on which Galway town is built; the town takes its name from the river (P. O'C.).

5aillimeac, -mije, a., foreign, strange (also pertaining to Galway); as subs., a Galway-

man.

Saittreac, -rige, -reaca, f., a foreign woman; an earwig; a kind of black insect; another name for the beamb-bast (also aittreac, dim. saittreos and aittreos).

Saill- \dot{r} ion, f., a tempest, a storm,

rough weather.

Saill-pionac, -aiże, a., stormy, tempestuous.

Sailteann, -tinne, f., a fair lady (poet., from Seal-rionn).

Saimbiaσόιη, -όηα, -όιηισε, m., a broker.

Jaimbioe, g. id., f., interest; zaimbioe an zaimbioe, compound interest. See zaimbin.

Saimbin, g. id., m., a morsel; usury, interest; Saimbin Tobac,

a morsel of tobacco; ream sambin, a broker, an usurer; tá a curo ainsio amuis am sambin aise, he has his money lent on interest.

Sampe, g. id., pl. -proe, m., an awkward person (Con.).

Samoéat, -éit, m., a slang word

for mouth (N. Con.).

Sameam, g.-nme and -nime (pron. Samioe), f., sand; the masc. form is found in books; as oéanam samime, carting sand from the sea; pott na samme (pron. Samioe), the sandpit; tan connca riana samme, over wild sand-mingled waves (O'Ra.); m. in Con. and U.

Sainim. See Saineam.

Sainmeac, -mige, a., sandy. Sainne, g. id., f., a small dart, an arrow; com ofpeac te 5., as straight as an arrow.

Samme, g. id., f., scarcity, scanti-

ness, hunger.

Sainneac, -niż, -niże, m., a place where reeds grow; as a., scaly, finned; full of reeds.

Samneact, -a, f., scarcity, want,

hunger.

Samneom, -ona, -omioe, m., an archer.

Sammeoneact, -a, f., archery. Sammioe (coll.), the scales of a fish.

Sáin, -e, pl. id. and σánta, f., a cry, shout, outery; laughter, a laugh; σáin maoióce, a shout of congratulation. See σáine.

Saint-béal, m., a thick or coarse

mouth; thick lips.

Samp biao, -bío, m., coarse food.

Jaino-ché, f., gravel.

Sample, g. id., f., roughness, coarseness, ruggedness.

Sainti-eac, m., a strong horse, a powerful steed (T. G.).

Sambeact, -a, f., roughness, coarseness.

Saipt-éatac, -ait, -aite, m., a coarse cloth, a rough garment.

Sainö-easan, m., a rough arrangement. Sambéal, -éil, m., gravel, free-

Sambéalac, -aize, gravelly, a., rough, rocky.

Saintéalta, p. a., gravelled.

Samb-fion, -a, -ca, m., sour or strong wine.

Sainb-iactac, - $\Delta 1\dot{\Xi}e$, f., loud

screaming.

Jainoin cheazac, m., bruisewort, a sort of plant growing on rocks by the shore, good for bruises.

Saint-linn, -e, f., rough sea,

stormy lake-surface.

Samb-rion, f., bad weather, storm.

Sáin cata, f., a war cry, a battle shout.

ξáιμ ċμελς, f., an echo.

Jáinoeac, -Diže, a., joyous, fes-

Sáipoeacar, -air, m., joy, glad-

Sáinoear, -oir, m., joy, pastime, gladness.

Σάιμοιζιm, -ιυζαό, v. intr., I rejoice, make merry (also zám-01m).

Sáiproín, g. id., pl. -rôe, m., agarden, a haggard, a yard.

 ξ áinoiu ξ a \dot{o} , -i $\dot{\xi}$ \dot{c} e, m., delight, act of making merry; pleasure;

congratulation.

Saine, g. id., pl. -nte, m., laughter; a smile, a laugh; act of laughing; ζάιμε σόιζτε, a sarcastic laugh; mion-záine, a smile; Sáine oo oéanam, to laugh; with raoi, to laugh at; as saine, laughing; rcot-záme, a horse laugh; záine is somet. f.

Samealac collam, f., stinking hedge-mustard; erysimum al-

liaria.

Sains, -e, -eaca, f., a cormorant, a diver.

Same, g. id., f., fierceness.

Sainzeac, -zize, a., cross-tempered.

Jainzeac, -313, pl. id., m., a cormorant, a diver (501113, id.).

Sains-éan, m., a cormorant, a diver (= ranns-ean, P. O'C.).

Sains-Sníom, -a, -anta, m., aharsh act; a fierce deed.

Sains-zníomac, -aize, a., bigoted,

prejudiced; harsh.

Sainthe, g. id., pl.-proe, m., a cormorant, a diver (P. O'C.thinks this is the same as

rainizhe).

Baipio, comp. -e and Bioppa (last of these forms is from zeann; O'B. gives zaipoe, sooner), a., short, brief, near, precise, (of time, place, relationship, resemblance, etc.); tá ré zainio 1 ngaot oam, he is closely related to me (also 501110).

Sáipioe, g.id., m., act of laughing; laughter; as saimine tiom, smiling at me (appreciatively); ΔΣ ζάιμιός onm, laughing at me

(Don.).

brevity.

Sammoin, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a periwinkle.

Sáipim, -pròe, v. intr., I laugh; call, shout, cry aloud; 5áinim rá oume, I laugh at a person.

Sain-inzean, f., a niece, a granddaughter.

laughter.

Fainirneac, -niże, a., lewd, ugly, dreadful; idle.

Sámteos, -015e, f., garlic, allium sativum; záinteoz fiadain, wild garlie; Jainteoz muine, crow garlic, allium vineale.

Saipim, y. zapima, pl. id. and Sammanna, f., act of calling; appealing to; summons, call; praise, fame; name, title; a state, a condition of life; a calling, an avocation; an n-a zanm, called, termed; oo cun ré zainm, he summoned; zainm beatao, a profession; ζαιμπ coiliz, a cock's crow; zaipm pórta, a publishing of the banns of marriage; 50111m rcoite, a summoning of an assembly (an expression frequent in folk-tales).

Sainmeac, -miże, a., calling, naming.

Sainm-jiotta, m., a crier; any

servant.

Saipmim, vl. -meao and Saipm, v. tr., I call, summon, name, designate, term (with oe).

Saipmint, -e, f., eleaning or seutching flax; thio Saipminte, a cloven tongs used in cleansing flax from woody fibre.

Saiμm porτa, f., marriage banns; proclamation of marriage.

Sainm rcoite, g.id., f., an assembly of bards, a meeting of learned men; a convocation; an assembling as of parliament; a call to members, etc., to assemble.

Sainnéal, -éil, -éalta, m., a gran-

ary, a barn.

Sáinneoin, -ona, -oinioe, m., a

gardener.

5aini-riac, g. -réit and -aic, m., a vulture, a cormorant; fig., a glutton.

Sainre, g. id., f., grease; smut, lewdness; wantonness.

Sampeac, -piże, a., greasy, smutty, lewd, wanton.

Sampeac, -piże, -peaca, f., a lewd woman, a harlot.

Sampreamail, -mila, a., greasy, smutty; filthy; wanton, lewd, obscene.

Saippeamtact, -a, f., greasiness; lewdness, debauchery.

Sainteoin, -ona, -oinioe, m., a scold, a shrew, a virago.

Samtéal, -éil, pl. id., m., a garter. See zamtéan.

Sainτέαη, -éin, pl. -éinite, a garter, a rag, a tatter; prollta 'na ξαιμτέιμιτιδι, torn in tatters (also ζαιμτηέαλ, ζάιμτιμη and ζαιμτέαλ).

Sáinteoin, -ona, -oinite, m., a crier, a caller, a shouter, a bell-

man

Sair, -e, f., a stream; nom. also saire, more properly caire, which see.

Sairce, g. id., f., valour, bravery, prowess, heroism, feat of arms

(also nom. Jairceao); luct Jairce, brave men.

Sairce, g. id., m., a hero, a champion.

Sairceac, -ciż, -ciże, m., a hero, See zaircioeac.

Sarpceao, -cro, m., act of valour; bravery, feat of arms. See Sarpce.

Sairceamail, -mla, a., valiant, courageous, valorous, heroic.

Sairciveac, -vis, pl. id., m., a champion, a hero, a warrior, a knight.

Saircioeact, -a, f., heroism, bravery, valour, heroic feats.

Saire, g., id., -rioe, f., the current of a river; a small brook.

Saireac, -riże, a., abounding in shallows, or currents.

Sarrearo, -rre, m., flowing, act of flowing.

Saipišim, -iušao, v. intr., I flow, I stream, I gush; zaipim, id.

Sairín, g. id., pl. -nive, m., a little stalk, a sprig, a sucker; Sarán, id.

Sairpeaván, -áin, pl. id., m., a wasp or hornet (P. O'C.).

Saip-peantán, m., dandelion. See caip-peantán.

Sairte, g. id., pl. -tioe, f., a trap, a snare, a gin; a noose, a halter, dims. Sairtín and Sairteos.

Sairte, g. id., pl. -tibe, f., paint (O'N.).

Sairteac, -tiże, a., trap-like, snare-like; full of snares or pit-falls.

Sairtioe, g. id., pl. -ote, m., a painter; a wheedler, a trepanner.

Σαιττιόεαċτ, -a, f., painting; wheedling, trepanning.

Sairtište, p. a., ensnared.

Sairtim, -tearo, v. tr., I lay a trap for, I deceive.

Sairtín, g. id., pl. -ioe, m., a low cunning fellow; 5. ré ctoic, a chatter - stone (also cairtín, which see).

Sairciún, g. -iuin and -úna, pl. id., m., a gudgeon.

Sait, a spear. See 34.

Kaitleans, -linse, f., a kind of

fish, the spearling.

Sáitre, g. id., pl. -rioe, m., a bout, a turn, a foolish trick, a showy gesture, a swagger; in M. sp. l. the form is zeárcproe, and it is always used in the pl., meaning antics.

5at, g, 5at, m, breath of wind; flame, a sudden blaze; smoke, vapour, steam; sat oe'n piopa, a smoke of the pipe; 3al 3aoite, a puff of wind. See 5011.

Sáta, g. id., pl. -tarbe, m., a gale of wind; záta cíora, a term's

rent.

Jalac, -aiże, a., brave, valiant, courageous; as subs., a hero.

Salac, -ais, m., hake, a species of fish (Mayo).

Salac, -aise, a., reeking, smoking; uirce 5., boiling water (Don.).

Salán, -áin, pl. id., m., a puff of wind, smoke, vapour; a burst of flame; zalán zpéme, a turn of sunshine.

Salánac, -aize, a., noisy, breezy,

steaming.

Salánca, indec. a., gallant, fine, decent, generous; gaudy, well-

Salántact, -a, f., gentility of manners; decency, respectability; gallantry; intrigue (rare).

Salan, -ann, pl. id. and -a, m., disease, plague, sickness, distemper, illness; distress, trouble; Jalan buroe, jaundice; Jalan pluice, swelling of the jaws, the "mumps"; zalan renutac, the "itch"; zalan oóbac, melancholy; satan ruait, the gravel; zatan oub, cholera; Salan bneac, small-pox; Salan te, scarlatina; Jalan uirceamail, dropsy; zalan incinne, brain fever; zalan mí-ližteac, the green sickness; zalan cam, a sheep disease; 3alan cleiceac, a disease in fowl; camaζαίαη, "staggers" in sheep (M.).

Jalan-Żoim, f., anguish, sickening

Sall, g. saill and soill, pl. id., m., a foreigner, a Dane, an Anglo-Norman, an Englishman; a Protestant; a cock (Lat. gallus).

Sallac, in phr. tá z. món éirc teat, you have a large draw (said of fish caught by a line (Don.).

Sallaroe, g. id., pl. -ote, m., a flatterer.

Sallán, -áin, pl. id., m., a pillarstone, supposed to be thrown by giants from the hills; a little rock, bit of stone; the name of several townlands.

Sall-bolzac, -aize, f., the French

Kall-cnó, m., a walnut (for decl. see cnó).

Saltos, a., foreign, strange, surly; pertaining to an English-

Sattoacar, -air, m., foreign manner or custom (recent). See Salloact.

Talloace (also Jalleace), -a, f., foreign manner or tendency; using foreign airs; English association; the Englishry or foreign race of Ireland; 1r é Dápace na Salleace oo ream mire oiob, the tyranny of the English parted me from them (Peter O'Dornin).

Jall-Šaečeal, m., an Anglo-Irishman; an inhabitant of the Hebrides (P, O'C); a native of Galloway in Scotland; one of the Norse-ruled Irish in the Viking Period who had renounced their baptism.

Tall-Sacocalz, -vilze, f., bad Irish, Irish constructed after the manner of English phrase-

ology (recent).

Talloglac, -ais, -aise, m., a heavy armed Irish soldier, a gallowglass; a servant.

Salt-poc (salta-poc), -puic, pl. id., m., a foreign buck, a term for the English.

Sall-ponncac (Salla-ponncac), - α 1, α 2, of foreign manners.

Sallea, Salleace. See Salloa, Salloact.

Sall-chomps, g. id., pl. -10e, m., a trumpet, a clarion.

Tall-thompoin, -ona, -oinioe, m., a trumpeter, a clarion player.

Talluanac, -aiże, f., soap (from sall and wan = cuban, froth); zallaomeac (Con.).

Saltuanán coitte, m., wild angelica; zaltuanán riadain, id.

Satt-ú1μ, -e, f., a foreign country; the "Pale" (Kea.).

Jalpa, Zapla, Con. forms of

Salan.

Talpac, -parze, a., diseased, infected, sickly, infirm, unsound; as subs., a sickly, infirm person; a little boy, an old child.

Kalnużao, -uiżte, m., a sickening, a becoming distempered or

diseased.

Jalnuijear, -jir, m., sickness; štac mé zatpuržear, I took sick (Cav.)

Jalpuižim, -užao, v. tr., I make diseased, infect, sicken (also zalanuizim).

Saltán, -áin, pl. id., m., a steam-

boat (recent).

Jalún, -úin, pl. id., m., a gallon.

Sam, -a, -aroe, m., a soft, foolish person. See 5amal.

Samaileact, -a, f., silliness, folly, loitering about aimlessly. See samal.

Jamain. See zabain.

Samat, -ait, pl. id., m., a silly person, a fool; a stoic. (Samat does not mean a camel, though cámat or cámat does.— $P. O'\bar{C}$.) See amal.

Samapall, -aill, m., a stupid person (N. Con.); also 5am-

ainte.

Samba, g.id., pl.-roe, m., a wedge, a jamb; a wooden clamp used for steadying the oars in a boat; 5. me, a lump of butter. See 5lam.

Sambún, -úin, pl. id., m., a leg, a gammon, a haunch (P. O'C.).

Kamnac, f. See zabnac.

Sámur, -uir, m., proud gait or carriage. See cámar.

Sámurac, -aize, a., of proud gait, or bearing, pretentious.

cámarac.

San, prep. (genly. with accus., somet. by analogy with dat.); zan aipzeao, without money; 5an ... act, only; agur 5an 10nnam act oonán, while I am only a weakling; san ım' rocain ACT Comár, with only Thomas accompanying me; zan ... ná, neither...nor; zan nat ná ronar ont, may neither luck nor prosperity attend you; 5an oo plaince as einne, may nobody else get your health (said in reply to the toast, reo ré o' řlámce, etc.); zan a řano rin oe luizeacán bliaona ont, may you not have so much illness during the year (said in thanksgiving for a good deed occupying little time); Jan ampar, no doubt, certainly; ζαη δρίζ, valueless; zan moitt, without delay; zan eazta, without fear; 3an burbeacar oó, in spite of him (no thanks to him); 1 5an rior oó, without his knowledge; Jan anam, lifeless; Jan reoinling, penniless; zan is used with verbals as a negative: 3an A beit, not to be, without being; the verbal is somet. omitted in the second of two co-ordinate clauses, the verb, too, is often omitted in phrases signifying to wish: cf. the following amples: 17 mait an puo zan beit breofore, it is good (a good thing) not to be sick; the zan out oo péin oo teanamna, on account of not obeying you; o' earbaio san ciall oo beit aca, through their want of sense; azur zan mo pian ap an otalam, while there is scarce a trace of me on the ground (through

being so attenuated); san réan one, may you not prosper; 1mteatt san rilleat out, may you go and not return; after relative forms of the verb: an naoroean éasar asur san í 1 n-éizean a runtacta, the infant that dies which is not in need of help (Kea.); Διτηιζε vo thí neac agur san anmain 'n-a bun, one's repentance in which he does not persevere (Kea.); zan . . . zan, neither ... nor (stronger than san ... ná); zan réit zan ruil, having neither sinew nor blood.

Sanoat, -ait, pl. id., m., a gander

(somet. zanoan).

5an-rior, m., secrecy; only in ds.

15., in secret; 15an-rior oon

raosat, unknown to the world;

15an-rior out, unknown to

you; 1 brior if 1 5an-rior,

secretly and openly.

Sanzaro, -e, -roe, f., deceit, false-hood; meanness; a giddy fel-

low.

Sangaroeaċ, -oiġe, α., false, deceitful, knavish; calumnious; as s., deceit, craft, knavery.

Sansaroeact, -a, f., falsehood,

craft, knavery.

Sanzaine, g. id., m., a trickster, a knave.

Sann, gsf. Sanne, a., scarce, scanty, empty, small, short, stunted, tight, straight; ir Sann a bi an raosal one ir teact annro, how pressed for room you were elsewhere that you come here; ir Sann oam, I shall scarcely (Neilson).

Sannaburoe, g. id., m., weakness

(Der.).

Sanncot, m., slender fare (O'N.).

See cotuzao.

Sann-curo, f., collation (Donl.); scarcity, penury (U.); an ż., in a state of penury, penurious.

Sann-cuir, -e, f., scarcity, scanti-

ness, penury.

Sann-cuireac, -riże, a., penurious, scanty, scarce.

Sannoal. See sanoal.

Sanntan, -ain, m., want, hunger, scarcity.

Sanntanap, -aip, m., want, hunger, scarcity.

ξαππταρί, -αιρί, m., want, need;
πί't ξ. αξαπ teiρ, I don't need
it (Ker.).

Sannuiţim, -uţao, v. tr. and intr., I tighten, press, straighten; grow scarce, become thin.

5λοδαμ, -λιμ, m., contiguity; means of attaining a thing, opportunity of doing a thing; in phr. 1m' ξλοδαμ, near me, etc.; λμ mo ξλοδαμ αξαπ αιμ, I have no opportunity of doing it (Clare); ξλη συι 'ηλ ξοιμε ηλ 'ηλ ξλοδαμ, without approaching it at all, without going "next or near" it; 1 n-λοη ξλοδαμ το δειτ com taining it at all approaching it in strength; ηί't ξοιμ ηλ ξλοδαμ ας τομάς λιμ, Thomas is not near his equal (in strength, etc.) (pron. ξλομ, M.).

Saoval, Saovalac, 7c. See Saeveal, Saevealac, 7c.

Saoi, g. and pl.; Saoib, dpl. of Sa, Sait, spear, dart, beam, etc.

Saoro, -e, a., lazy, slothful; whence saoroeact, saoroeanta, 7c.

Saordeal, Saordealac, 7c. See Saedeal, Saedealac, 7c.

Saoilín, g. id., pl. -rôe, m., a parasite, a flatterer.

Saoilíneact, -a, f., flattery. Saoine, g. id., f., diamond flint.

5αοις, -e, f., wisdom, skill; artistic power, genius; 5. 'na méaμαιδ, artistic subtlety in his fingers (O'Ra.); of skilled speech.

Saoip-briatrat, -paise, a., skilled in speech (O'N.).

Saormean, -mine, a., wise, skilful, gifted, talented (also saor-

man). Σαοιτηθος, -οιζε, -οςα, f., a whirl-

wind, an eddv.

Saot, y. Saoit, pl. -ta, m., relationship, kindred, family; coll., relations; relative, relation; Saot

na zcnám, blood relationship; cáinoe zaoit, relatives.

Saotac, -a15, -a15e, m., a sweetheart, a beloved one; as a., beloved, very dear, related (to another).

Saotact, -a, f., kindness, attachment, lovableness; the friendship of relatives (also zaoltačt).

Saot-rine, g. id., pl. -aoa and -aca, f., relatives.

Saotman, -aine, a., allied, related, friendly.

Saot-rtioct, -rteacta, pl. id., immediate posterity.

Jaon. See Jaoban.

ζαομέλο, -Διό, -Διόε, m., glen, watered by wooded stream.

Saor, -aoire, f., skill, eraft, sagacity, wisdom, prudence (nom. also saoir).

Saorac, -aiże, α., prudent, skil-

Saorman, a. (P. O'C. says saorman, prudent, is not said, but 300t, prudent). See 3001pmean.

5aot, -01t, -a, m., the sea; a stream left at low water.

500t, -01te, -a, f., wind; 5. an rocail, a hint, a mere suggestion; 3. puao, a blasting wind; 5. Zuaipoeáin (also 3. Zuaipnéin), a whirlwind; anrao Zaoite, a tempest; muileann Saoite, a wind-mill; Saot a ocuaro, the north wind, a calamity; mo żaoż a ocuaró, like mo cheac, 7c., oh woe! Saot a noear, the south wind; 3aot anian, the west wind; 300t anoin, the east wind.

Saot, -a, pl. id., m., a dart; a stitch or shooting pain; zaoża inmeaciónaca, interior pains.

See SAE.

Saot, -oite, a., wise, prudent,

skilful. See zaopman.

Saotać, -aije, a., windy, bombas-

Saotacán, -áin, pl. id., m., a fan (O'N.).

Saotaine, g. id., pl. -pive. m., a

long-winded talker; a vent; the mouthpiece of a bag-pipe.

Saotán, -áin, pl. id., m., a wind-

Saot Suarnoearn (Saot Suarnnin), m., a whirlwind.

Saotman, -aine, a., windy, blustering, flatulent, bombastic.

 $\nabla ao\dot{\tau}$ manac, -aize, α ., blustering, flatulent, windy.

Saotmanact, -a, f., windiness, flatulency, anguish.

Σαοτημιζιm, -ηυζαό, v. tr., I winnow, I fan, I ventilate.

 ξ soctatac, -ai ξ e, f., a blowing. San, m., ordure in the intestines;

the pulp of fruit.

San, m., nearness, proximity. scantiness; profit, advantage, good; ní naib zan oo'n creanouine beit leir, there was no good in the old man urging him; 1 nzan oó, near to him, it, etc.; 'n-a zap, near him; as a., near, close at hand; san éinneac an mo San, no one near me ($Paul\ O'B$.); ní't san vam beit, there is no good for me to be (N. Con.); ir món an san rin, that is a God-send (Don.); 5an denotes closer proximity than zaoban.

5a11abó5, -615e, -65a, f., wild mustard, synapis arvensis (also

3476ó3).

San-aomaio (coll.), the gunwale of a boat, from the shoulder to the stern (Tory).

Sanaroe, g. id., m., a garden. See

Sapparoe.

Kapáinín, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a little blotch, a pimple, a small

boil (also zonámín).

 α ., useful, Sapaniail, -mla, profitable, neighbourly; warm, snug, friendly; zapać, -aiże, id.

Sapan, -ain, pl. id., m., a blotch, a

pimple. See zonán.

San-atam, m., a great-grandfather.

Σαμό, - Διμόε, α., rough, rugged, coarse, rude, boisterous; frequent in compounds, as 3416rion, rough weather; 5apto-

Σαμβαάτ, -a, f., roughness, coarse-

ness, ruggedness.

Sanban, -ain, pl. id., m., bran, husks; act of shelling; ξαηβάη booaiξ (phaireac), wild kale (Don. and Der.); ξαηβάη ctoice, a kind of shell-fish used for ornamentation (Ker.).

Sanbánac, -aiż, -aiże, m., a

coarse, tall person.

Saμΰ-ġoċaċ, -aiġe, α., hoarsevoiced.

Σαμό-ζυαιγ, f., a convulsive fit,

extreme agony.

5ληθός, -όιξε, -όςλ, f., the mustard plant; ξ. ηtέιθε, club's moss, or wolves' claws (O'N.); a large stone.

Janb-conn, -cuinne, -connca, f.,

a boisterous wave.

Saphuaic, -e, -eaca, f., a storm, a tumult; confusion, disturbance of mind (also caphuaic).

Santuaiceac, -ciże, a., boisterous, noisy, clamorous; disturbed in

mind (M_{\cdot}) .

Տորսայիա, -użaö, v. tr., I make rough (also გորսայա, -aö).

Sancatta, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a grown-up, unmannerly, lazy fellow (U.).

Σάμολ, g. id., pl. -1 σe, m., a guard,

a garrison.

Sanoa, g. id., pl. -στα, m., a garden; ξαμόα rineamna, a vine-yard; ξ. οιμεασταιρ, con-acre.

Σαπόανόιη, -όμα, -όιμιτο, m., a

gardener.

54ης, -Διηζε, α., fierce, rough, cruel; bitter, acrid.

Sanzacz, -a, f., fierceness, cruelty, harshness; sourness, acidity.

Saplac, -ais, pl. id. and -aca, m., a baby; a naked or starving child; 5. veaps, a new-born babe; An 5. Coileánac, a certain crabbed child in Munster folklore.

Saptacán, -ánn, pl. id., m., an impertinent boy (O'N.).

Japma, -nn, -nna, f., a beam. a

weaver's beam; a rudder; a gallows; a bar or headland (nom. also 5anmann).

San-mac, -mic, pl. id., m., a nephew; a grandson, or great-

grandson.

Saμmaoóiμ, -óμa, -óiμiöe, m., a crier, a proclaimer.

Saμ-mátaιμ, f., a grandmother or great-grandmother.

Japm octa, m., a weaver's breast-

beam.

Saμm-μαιςίη, g. id., pl. -ioe, m., a weaver's cloth-beam (ξαμπαιπη, f., id.; also ξαμπαιπη αη μαιςίη).

Σαρμαό, -μάο, -μαότα, m., a boat.
 Σαρμαιόε, g. id., pl. -ότε, gpl. id.,
 a potato-field; a crop of potatoes,

a garden (M.).

Σαμμαπτα, p. a., cramped, stunted, (Om.); ξαεύεαις ξαμμαπτα, cramped Irish.

Σαμμόλητόιμ, -όμα, -όιμιόe, m.,

a gardener (Don.).

Sappamail, -mla, a., lascivious.

See Saippeamail.

Saprún, -úin, pl. id., m., a young boy, a youth (M., cf. Fr. garçon)

Σαμτα, p. α., well-chiselled, beautiful (of the countenance, etc.).

Santac, -aiże, α., warty, covered with corns.

Σαμταό, -τυιζτε, m., act of clamouring (Kea.).

Sapranne, g. id., pl.-prive, m., a stout youth.

Saptan, -ain, pl. id., m., a bonnet, a cap, a hat (from sapt, the head, O'N.).

Sáμταοι, -aoit, pl. id., m., a garter (W. Clare); σοιμτέαι (Con.).

Sántóin, -όμα, -όιμισe, m., a shouter, a howler.

Sar, -air, pl. id., and Sarra, m., a a stem, a stalk, a plant, a bunch; metaph. a young man, a scion, a soldier, a warrior, a military servant; somet. a weakling; the umbilical chord (Mayo); gas (recent).

Sarac, -aiże, a., bushy, abounding in stalks; indignant, furious.

Karnao, g. -aio, dpl. -naioe and -plada, m., a mob, a clan, an army; a company of soldiers or attendants; a collection of men for any purpose; zarnaioe, youths (Der.), used as plur. of zarún, a boy (Don.). See zar.

Sarta, indec. a., wise, skilful. clever; brave, bold; neat,

spruce, brisk.

Fartact, -a, f., quickness, skill,

ingenuity.

ξarτόξ, -ό1ξe, -όξa, f., a trick, a device, an artifice; an active female.

Sarún, -úin, pl. id. and sarnaide (Don.) m., a boy, a youth, a servant. Some think zarun=zar úη, a fresh or young scion, lad, etc. See Sanrún.

Jat. See Ja.

Satacán (510tacán), -áin, pl. id.,

m., a little boy (O'N.).

 \mathfrak{F} é, g. \mathfrak{F} éiro, $\mathfrak{p}l$. \mathfrak{F} éana and \mathfrak{F} éaona, m., a goose; cháin žéio, a goose (implying a progeny); Ait-żé, a goose without goslings; éan Σέιτο, a gosling; pl. ξέαζα (Don.), ζέατο, pron. ζέατο (Con.); somet. f. in nom. s.

Ké, though, although; before forms of v. 1r, ζέ'η; ΔĊτ ζέ, even though. See ζιό.

Seáb, a short trip on sea or land; tus ré seáb amac raoi an ocín, he made an excursion into the country (Con.).

Seab, -a, m., enchantment; rá zeabaib, enchanted (Der.).

Seaban, -ain, pl. id., m., a little fish with a big head found in pools by the sea (Con.).

Seabnos, -ó1se, -ósa, f., the seaswallow (Aran).

Séao, m., a goose. See 5é.

Seao, -s, pl. id., m., a compact spot; a buttock, a haunch; a white star on a horse's forehead (rceso, id.); a small plot of ground.

Seaván, -áin, pl. id., m., a buttock, or haunch; the rump; a bird's

craw.

Seavanac, -ais, -aise, m., a despicable fellow (Don.).

Kéaolann, -ainne, -anna, f., a

goose-pen (P. O'C.).

 $\mathbf{5}$ eaθός, -όι $\mathbf{5}$ e, -ό $\mathbf{5}$ a, f., \mathbf{a} big, rough, corpulent woman (O'N.): a buttock (Don.).

Seavur, -uir, m., a species of fish,

the pike.

Searca, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a gate (Der. and Don.). See zeata.

Teartóin, - óna, - óinioe, m., a gate-

keeper. See zeacoin.

 \mathcal{S} éaz, g. \mathcal{S} éize, pl. \mathcal{S} éaza, f., abranch, a limb, a member; the hand, the arm; a branch of family descent; a scion; a young woman.

Séasac, -aiże, α., branched; having branches or boughs;

flowing (of the hair).

Séazaim, -ao, v. intr., I branch forth, spring from (also zéaz $u_1\dot{\varsigma}_1m$; 3s. pf., $oo\dot{\varsigma}_2\dot{\varsigma}_3\dot{\varsigma}_1\dot{\varsigma}_1\dot{\varsigma}_1$.

Séasán, -áin, pl. id., m., a branchlet; a limb; a scion, a descendant; an arm; zéazán oe'n muin, an arm of the sea.

Séazánac, -aiże, a., branching, having branches or boughs.

Kéak-ölaoi, $g.\ id.,\ pl.\ ext{-te},\ f.,$ branching locks of hair.

Seat, gsf. 51te, a., white, bright; fair, good; ní zeat lear é, you

do not like him.

Sealac, - α_1 je, - α ca, f., the moon; the white circle in a slice of a half-boiled potato or turnip; ream zeatanže, a lunatic; oroče žeatarže, a moonlight night.

Sealacán, -áin, m., the glair of

an egg; white of an eye.

Seatact, -a, f., clearing up (of

weather).

Sealao, -lta, m., a clearing up, brightening; bleaching, whiteness, brightness; 3. an tae, the dawn; rean zealta éavais, a fuller.

Sealaim, -ao, v. tr. and intr., 1 brighten, whiten; I bleach; intr., I clear up (as the day, weather, etc.); I shine, dawn (as the day) (sealuisim, id.).

Seatán, -áin, pl. id., m., sudden brightness; lightning; lustre; a blaze or flash of light; 1 nzeatan tae, in the broad daylight; zealán na rúile, the white of the eye; the white of an egg.

Seal-bán, -báine, a., bright and

fair.

Sealban, -ain (pron. 5ealún, M.), pl. id., m., a sparrow; z. zuib neamain, the hedge-sparrow (also 5. caoc); 5. cuitinn, the bull-finch; 5. buroe, the yellowhammer; 5. rc10bó1t, the barn or house sparrow; zealbainin rléibe, the bog linnet, dim.

Seall, g. 5111, d. Seall, 51011, pl. 5111, m., a promise, pledge; wager, bet, prize, favour; regard, desire, love; zeatt te, equal to, the same as; 1 nzeall ap, 1 ηςιοίι αμ, by means of, on the strength of, in return for, on account of, owing to; 1 nzeall, 1 n510ll (with gen.), in need of; 1 nott baine, in charge of the goal (Mon.); man zeall (zioll) An, in return for, in consequence of, on account of, because, for = because of, in regard of; zeatt te, almost; zealt te beit chiochuizte, almost completed; Seall leir and Seall Leir oó, in answer to questions, as 'bruit ré chiochuiste ror? zeall leir, or seall teir oó, is it finished yet? almost so; 1 ngiott te, in pledge for; zeatt oo cun te, to bet, wager with one; zeall oo cun ar, to bet on; reapann 1 nseall, mortgaged land; ni't son jestt size sin, he has no regard for it; ain- \dot{z} eatt, great regard; also g. zealla, pl. zealla.

eallao, -lta, m., act of prom-

ising; a promising.

eallaim, vl. -ao and -aniain, pp. seattes, v. tr., I promise; I assert; I state on my authority; I assure; sometimes used

ironically, as oéangao, zeatt-Aim ouit é, I will, I'm sure, I have a "great notion of it."

 \mathcal{L} eallam, -aım, m., a promise

(Kea.).

 \mathcal{L} eallamain, -mna, -mnaca, f. act of promising; a promise or vow; a marriage contract (in sp. l., Seallamaint).

Keallman, -aine, a., desirous,

anxious.

Sealles, p. a., promised, pledged. Seallthande, pl. (coll.), children (U_{\cdot})

Sealóz, -ό1ze, -ό2a, f., a salmon fry, a little trout or salmon; a white eel (dim. sealóisín).

Teal-nuitneac, -niξe, α., white

Seal-reian, -reeine, -reeana, f. white knife, surgical instrument.

Sealt, -eilt, -eilteanna, m., a madman, a lunatic; Kleann na ngeate is the name of a beautiful glen between Tralee and Dingle, whither all lunatics are supposed to direct their course when at large. See Seitz.

Sealtac, -aise, a., fearful; jealous; astonished; skittish.

Sealtact, -a, f., insanity; as ımteact aμ ζ., going mad.

Seatzaise, g. id., f., madness, rage, fury.

Sealtaine, g. id., pl. -proe, m., a

Sealtóipi, -ópia, -óipiróe, m., a bleacher.

Sealcuisim, -usao, v. intr., I fear, I dread; I am timorous.

Sealuisim, -usao, v. tr. and intr., I whiten, bleach; I grow white, begin to shine, dawn.

Sealuiste, p. a.,bleached. whitened.

Seam, m., prattle; cf. cuip usic an Seam.

Seamac, -aiže, a., blear-eyed (Meath).

Seamaine, y. id., pl. -price, m., one of the masked mummers who went to houses on the occasion

of marriages, etc. (Roscommon, E. O'G.); elsewhere they were called cleatainioe (G. J.).

Seamanne, g. id., pl. -nioe, m., a

prattler.

Seamaineact, -a, f., prattling $(O^{\flat}N.).$

Teamánac, -ais, -aise, m., a servant; a footman; a driver; a guide; a strong fellow (zíománac in some places, M., etc.).

Seaman, -ain, m., corn in the blade; a green blade of corn;

corn-grass.

Seamsait. See rceamsait.

Seam-oroce, f., a long night, a winter's night; a long period; 5. na 3céaota bliadan (Iver.); ir Zeann Zeam-oroce 10' rocain, short is the winter night in your company (Fer.).

Seamnac, -aize, a., of deep, fresh tint (from zeaman, corn-grass). Seam-rúileac, -lize, a., blear-

eyed.

Sean, -a, -ca, m., favour, affection, love, liking, fondness; a humour, a mood, a frame of mind; laughter, a smile; zean oo beit an, to be beloved; zean záme, a hearty laugh; oo maoio opainn Jean Jaine, we burst out laughing (early mod. Ir.).

Seanac, -aiże, a., greedy, covetous. Seanamait, -mta, a., lovely, loveable, acceptable, decent, modest.

Seanamlact, -a, f., loveliness, amiability, beauty, grace.

Seanain, m., January; Cailtionn Seanain, the Calends of January, New Year's Day (hence perhaps tá Coitte, the usual expression for New Year's Day); also Sionbain.

Seanar, -air, m., chastity, modesty. Seanarac, -aise, a., chaste, modest,

affable, amiable.

Seanaróς, -όιςe, -όςa, f., a chaste, modest, amiable woman.

Seanzao, -sta, m., a mauling, a beating down $(O'N_{\cdot})$.

Seanzaim, -ao, v. tr., I maul, I hammer, I beat down.

Seansaine, g. id., pl. -nioe, m., a mauler, a hammer.

Seanmnaroeact, -a, f., chastity. purity, virginity, modesty.

Seanmnuide, indec. a., chaste, modest.

Keanmotá, ad. and prep., besides, over and above, except (obs.). Also ceanmotá.

Seannaine, g. id., pl. -nioe, m., a hammer, a mallet. See zeanz-

aine.

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Seannaineact, -a, f., a hammering, a pounding; a sharpening.

Seanne, -einnee, f., a snub-nose. Seanncac, -aise, α , snub-nosed,

vicious.

Σεληπολιζε, g. id., f., snub-nosedness, deformity of the countenance.

Seanncán, -áin, pl. id., m., a snubnosed person.

Seanncanac, -ais, pl. id., m., L name for the luchorpán (leprechaun) in Mea, and portion of U.

Seanncar, -air, m., ill-temper, surliness.

Seanncós, -óise, -ósa, f., a snub-

nosed person.

Séan, -éine, a., sharp, sour, bitter, intense, acute; severe, strict; sharp-pointed, edgy, observant, keen; forward; zaoi cóm zéan teo, you are as high (as near the game) as any of them (in cardplaying); tá an báo tall cóm zéan leo, as well forward (of sailing-boats, in racing).

 ξ éanaiðeact, -a, f., sharpness,

bitterness.

Seaplán, -áin, pl. id., m., act of bewailing; a complaint; an accusation; a remonstrance; supplication; a cry, a sob, a groan; an té nac thuat leir oo cár ná véan vo žeanán leir, do not make complaint to the person not likely to be in sympathy with you.

Seapánac, -aize, a., complaining, groaning, murmuring, querulous;

accusative,

Seanánaim, vl. Seanán, v. tr. and

intr., I complain, murmur, groan,

accuse; complain of (An).

Seanb, -einbe, -eanba, f., "scab," a disease in sheep; a scab, itch, mange; an excrescence; zeamb-65, dim.

Seanbac, -aise, a., scabby, mangy,

itchy; rough-surfaced.

Séan-blarca, indec. a., sour, tart. Σέαη-ἀμάο, g. id., -ἀμάιο, pl. -cháoa, m., tribulation, bitter misery.

Séan-chuinne, g. id., f., well-cut roundness (of the breasts, etc.).

Séancuir, -e, -eanna, f., cleverness, quickness of intellect, subtlety.

Séan-cúireac, -rize, a., quickwitted, clever, crafty, shrewd, ingenious, subtle, bitter, sus-

Σέαη- $\dot{\mathbf{r}}$ αοδηα $\dot{\mathbf{c}}$, -αι $\dot{\mathbf{c}}$ e, α ., sharp-

edged.

Séan-rocat, -ait, pl. id., and -rocta, m., a clever saying; a sharp or hard speech, a repartee, a gibe, a witticism.

Seans, -einse, -a, f., a blotch, a

boil, a blister (O'N.).

Séan-sa, m., a javelin, a dart (O'N.).

Seansac, -aise, a., blotched, blistered.

Seansaim, -ao, v. tr., I blister, I

 $\mathbf{5}$ έλη- $\mathbf{5}$ οιη, f., a sharp wound.

Séan-zonao, g. -zonca, m., act of grievously wounding.

Séan-leanaim. See Séin-leanaim. Séan-tons, m., investigation; close, minute examination.

Séaμ-mazao, -aio, m., a sarcasm,

a bitter jest.

Seanmain, -e, f., Germany; usually with art. in nom., gen. and dat.

Seammainir, -nire and -nre, f.,

the German language.

Seaumánac, -naise, a., German; as subs., a native of Germany, a German.

Seapp, ysf., zioppa, a., short, near (of time or space); curtailed,

abridged; transitory, deficient; ir ain ba žionna moitt, little delay did he make, he easily or readily performed it.

Seapp, -a, m., a weir for catching

Seannao, -nca, m., act of cutting; a cutting or shearing; a gnawing; a ravine; a tax; a tribute, cess, a division; zeappao amac, Seannao apportioning; crionnais, vaccination; zeappao na bolzaiże (Ker.); rean an jeannta, cess-collector (Don.); 5. opúiccín, a crack in the foot from walking in the dew; an 5., diarrhœa.

Jéan-paoapcac, -aije, a., sharp-

sighted.

Σεαμμασόιμ, -όμα, -όιμισε, m., a cutter.

Seanna-Sumo, m., a cornerake, a quail.

Seappaiceac, -cije, a., voracious.

Seannaim, -ao, v. tr., I cut, lop off, mow, shear, slice, hew, shorten, clear; I tax, fine, charge; żeapp ré an-téim, he took a great leap (Der.); zeappaim an méro reo opt-ra, I fine or tax you to this extent; I apportion (as a pension).

Seappán, -áin, pl. id., a horse, a gelding, a nag, a hack; in Louth, Con. and U. 5. is used of a horse, as opposed to capall, a mare; in Don. beitivesc without any qualifying word means a horse, but beitroeac bó, a cow, and somet. b. Seanpáin, a horse; zeappán zainime, a little fish, a sand-eel.

Seapp-análac, -aije, a., brokenwinded; suffering from short-

ness of breath.

Seappa-tamall, m., a short space of time; zeapp-tamall, id.

Seapp-booac, m., a boy, a stripling.

Seappoac, -ais, -aise and -ais, m., a nestling, an unfledged bird; fig., an infant.

Seapp-caile, g. id., pl. -trõe, m., a young girl, a maiden.

Sea

Seann-eamballac, -aise, a., bobtailed.

Seannitiao, m., a hare. See 51111-\$140.

Seapp-roipm, f., an extract, an abridgment.

Seann-Sainro, -e, pl. id., f., ahorse-leech, a leech of any kind.

Seapp-zluair, f., a gloss, a short note, an abridgment (O'N.).

Seann-speamannac, -aise, ready at repartee, witty of speech; insolent, giving "short answers."

Seapp-masao, m., sarcasm (Con.). Σελημός, -όιζε, -όζα, f., a portion, fortune; fate, destiny; a cut, a lot, small portion; zeappóza ouba na nootas, the short dark days about Christmas.

Seann-raostac, -laise, a., short-

Беаннісь, р. а., cut, gashed, divided, marked off; amerced; tá phíorún bliaona zeaphta Ain, he has been sentenced to

twelve months' imprisonment. ζελημτόιη, -όηλ, -όιμιόε, m., a cutter; a cold-chisel.

Seann uirc, the stormy petrel (Tory) (from seann=little bird, and urc, animal oil).

ξέαη-γεμύσα $\dot{σ}$, -u $\dot{σ}$ έ $\dot{σ}$ e, pl. id., <math>m.,

an investigation.

Séaprmact, -a, m., severe punishment; severity; dire tyranny; sharp correction.

Séan-tuispeat, -rise, a., sharpwitted, sagacious; quick of

comprehension.

Séapusao, -uiste, m., a souring, a sharpening; a soliciting, an

enticing.

Séapuisim, -użao, v. tr., I sharpen; I rail at; I whet, entice, solicit; I make sour; intr., I grow sour; I become acute; I quicken my pace, etc.

Sear, -eire, -a, f., a bond, a spell, a prohibition; a taboo, a magical injunction, the violation of

which led to misfortune and death (genly. in pl.); several zeara were often laid on the same hero; zeara onoma onaoroeacta, a special kind of Seara, for which see Kea.; the Polynesian taboo somewhat resembles the zeara; pl. also Seappaca: 3010é na Seappaca acá ope? what on earth is coming over you (Don.). Seara, pl. of Sear or Seir, f.,

spell, obligation, etc. See zear. Séaraván, -áin, pl. id., m., a shrub,

a plant; a kind of weed.

Searaim, -aò, v. tr., I conjure (O'N.).

Seapán, -áin, pl. id., m., a kind of small fish; an oath, a vow. See

Stopán.

Σελρηός, -ό1ζε, -όζλ, f., a divination practice; superstition; spell, charm; ζεαγρόζα Samna, All Hallowtide divination ceremonies.

Γελημόζας, -λιζε, α., superstitious (Donl.)

Seappoin, -ópa, -óppiòe, m., a conjurer.

Seartal, -ail, m., necessity, want; a defect.

Seata, g. id., pl. -10e, m., a gate, a door.

Seataine, g. id., pl. -proe, m., a small cake; a splinter of wood for lighting; a long rush; 5. comita, a rush dipped (in tallow) for lighting; a man of slight build.

Seatóin, - óna, - óinioe, m., a porter,

a doorkeeper.

Sé riadain, a wild goose; a term applied to an Irish exile after the Jacobite wars. See 5é for decl.

Seib. See oo-zeibim.

Séibeann, -Binn, pl. id., m., a fetter, a prison; a hobble, trouble, great distress (also zeibinn).

Séibeannac, -aise, a., of or belonging to a prison; distressed. Séibeannar, -air, m., bondage,

sore distress.

Seibléio, -e, -ioe, f., a sloven, an untidy person.

Seibléideac, -dize, a., slovenly,

untidy, unkempt.

Seroeat, -ort, pl. id., m., a fan. Séizeamail, -mla, a., branching; having branches or boughs.

Séis-rittee, p. a., with bent or folded arms (Kea. Poems).

-siże, a., white-Seil-ciocac, breasted.

Seitear, -tip, m., traffic (O'N). Séill, .1. Séilleao, which see.

Séillear, -lte, m., obedience, homage, submission; credence; yielding.

Téilleamnac, -aite, a., submis-

Séillim, -leao, v. intr., I obey, serve, am subject to, do homage to; I believe in, yield, agree, accept, submit to (with oo or a clause commencing with 50, 5up, 7C.).

Séillrine, g. id., f., submission,

hostage.

Séittreac, -rije, a., credulous, obedient,

Seitmin, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a pilchard, a species of fish (known also as réinoin).

Seitz, -e, -eanna, m., a lunatic.

See zealt.

Seitzeine, g. id., pl. -nce, f., light emitted from decaying wood.

Séim, -e, -eanna, f., a roar, a cry, a lowing of cows; life, vigour (?); oume zan zém, a lifeless person; somet. used for English word "game."

Beimest, -mite, pl. -mitroe and -mteaca, f., a chain, a bond; restraint, bondage, captivity.

Séimim, vl. zéimneac, (az) zéimnis v. intr., I shout, roar, low, cry with pain.

Seimteac, -lise, a., held in bondage, fettered; as s., a prisoner.

Seimléad, -éid, -éada, m., a gimlet (A.).

Seimtizim, -iużao, r. fr., I fetter. bind, chain.

Seimtize, p. α., held in bondage. fettered (also zeiöliżże).

Séimneac, -nise, f, a lowing of cattle; act of shouting, roaring; act of sounding (a horn, etc.); az zéimniż, shouting, roaring.

Seimheao, -μιο, m., winter. Seimpeamail, -mla, a., wintry.

Seimpim, vl. zeimpeao, v. intr., I winter, take up winter quarters (also zeimniżim, -iużao).

Sein, -e, f., offspring, child; conception; embryo; a swan

(also 51n).

Seineao, -nte, pl. id., m., a generation.

Seinealac, -lais, pl. id., m., generation; genesis; a pedigree;

a family.

Seineamain(τ), -inna, f., act of being begotten; generation; birth; nature; ni'l aon 5. ann is said of an addled egg.

Seineamnac, -naize, a., genera-

tive, genitive.

Seineos, -015e, -05a, f., a gem; a female infant; a midwife (O'N.).

Seinim, -neamain, v. tr., I beget, engender, generate; in pass.,

descend (as children).

Seinn, -e, -eaca, f., a wedge; Jing (Don.); pl. zeannthaca (Con.). See oins.

Seinnipe, g. id., pl.-proe, m., a hammer. See zeannaine.

Seinnipeact, -a, f., a hammoring. See zeannaineact.

Seince (Since), pl., the Gentiles (O'D.).

Seince, p. a., begotten, born; a depreciating epithet of wheat, probably wheat that has prematurely sprouted (Kea.).

Seinteoip, -opa, -oipioe, m., a sower, a planter; a begetter.

Semetroe, a., Gentile, heathen, magical, necromantic.

Seintliveact, -a, f., Paganism, Gentilism.

Sein, -e, f., fat, tallow, grease, suet, lard.

Sém, form of zéan, sharp, etc.,

in compounds where second part begins with slender vowel or consonant.

Séiμe, g. id., f., sharpness, acuteness, keenness, shrewdness, ingenuity; sourness, acrimony; harshness; closeness, narrowness; extremeness.

Séineact, -a, f., acuteness, sharpness, keenness, extremeness.

Séineavar, -air, m., sharpness.

 $5\acute{e}_{1}$ η - \dot{z} $n\acute{i}$ $o\dot{m}$, -a, -a η \dot{z} a, m.

Şέιμιζιπ, -ιυζαό, v. tr. and intr., I whet, I sharpen; I become observant. See ζέαμιιζιπ.

Séin-incinn, -e, f., sharp-sightedness, ingenuity.

Séiμ-incleaccac, -aiζe, α., keenwitted.

Séin-iút, m., subtlety.

Séin-leana σόιη, - όμα, - όιηι σe, m., a persecutor.

Séin-teanaim, -namain, v. tr., I persecute; I follow hotly, follow

closely. $5\acute{e}_{1}\eta$ -leanmain(τ), -mna, f., persecution, misery.

Séιη-mínιuǯaŏ, -iǯċe, m., a short commentary, a gloss.

Séin-neimneac, -niże, a., agonizing, very painful.

Seignin, g.id., pl.-ioe, m., a girdle, a girth (O'N.).

Seinη-ceaης, f., a partridge (also ceaης ξεαηη).

Seinnreac, -riże, -reaca, f., a lass, a damsel, a girl (also ζημητεας and ζιομητας).

Seinηγεος, -013e, -03a, f., a little girl. See 3eiηηγεας.

Seir, -e, f., a vow; forbidden custom; a restriction, prohibition. See Sear.

Séir, -e, pl. id., f., a swan; a shout, a cry of pain.

Séir, -e, -eanna, f., a tribute, a gift (Fer.).

ξέιγς, -e, -i ve, f., a creaking noise.ξέιγελό, -γτε, m., act of shouting, wailing.

Séirim, -reso, v. intr., I shout, I bawl, I yell.

Seit, -e, f., a fright, start, a jump; oe żeit, suddenly; bain γέ ξείτ aγ, he frightened him, made him start.

Seitim, vl. Seit, v. intr., I start,

jump with fright.

Seob-, fut. stem of Sabam, I take, seize, go, etc., which see.

Seob-, fut. stem of vo-seivim, which see.

Seoc, -oice, f., the windpipe, the neck; a yoke.

Seocac, -ais, -aise, m., a vagrant, a stroller, a parasite, a glutton, a mime (formerly the seocaise were recognized as a distinct class; now the word is used only in contempt, especially of females).

Seocać, -aiże, a., ravenous, voracious.

Seocamait, -mta, a., strolling, parasitical.

Seocamtact, -a, f., the act of strolling and begging; playing the parasite.

Seocán, -áin, pl. id., m., a pipe, a reed, a fife (also veocán and viúcán). See viúcán.

Seocuizim, -uzao, v. intr., I act the stroller or parasite.

Seoin, -e, f., a shout, a cry; a confused uproar; a joke, fun (also a fool, the object of ridicule).

Seoir, -e, f., a belly, a paunch; a scrip, a budget, a satchel; the womb.

Seoipeac, -piż, -piże, m., a gormandiser.

Seoirte, g. id., pl.-tite, m., a lazy person.

Seolann, -ainne, -a, f., a goosehouse (also Séalann).

Seotbac, -baiż, -baiże, m., the gills of a fish; the upper part of the throat, a jowl; ζ. ούβατα, a double chin; ζeotμαċán, fat under chin (also ζeotmaċ or ζeotμaċ and γceotbaċ).

Seolpac. See zeolbac.

Беога, g. id., pl. -1 ое, m., a yawl,

a fishing-boat.

Seoraván, -áin, pl. id., m., a small stalk; a shaft or arrow, fig., a slender person. See ζέαγαναη.

Seoppat, -ait, pl. id., m., a lean child (Con.).

Seorpatzacz, -a, f., want of virility (Con.).

Statt, g. Séitt, pl. Statta and Séitt, m., a cheek, a jaw; Statt oo cinn, the jaw of thy head

(O'D.).

Statt, g. zéitt, pl. ziatta, m., a hostage, surety, pledge, deposit, forfeit, wager, a captive; also for ziattao .1. zéitteao, act of obeying, yielding to, etc,

Siatlac, -ais, m., the jaws; as adj., jaw-like, having prominent

jaws.

Siallacán, -áin, pl. id., m., a longvisaged person (O'N.).

Siallao, m., act of obeying. See Séilleao.

Siallaroeact, -a, f., captivity.

Siall-bhat, m., a cravat, a neckcloth, a muffler.

51all-comeáouroe, g. id., pl. -urote, m., one who has charge of captives, a jailor.

Σιαμάιη, m., pl., the molar teeth (= ξέαμάιη ?, Con.); ξέαμαιηη

(Don.).

Stappa, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a joist, a support (Con.).

Staticán, -áin, pl. id., m., a periwinkle.

51bé, whoever, whosoever, whatever, whatsoever, he that. See cibé.

Sibin, g. id., pl. -iòe, m., a little scrap, a shred, a jag; dim. of

510b.

Siō, conj., though, although, yet, howbeit; though it is. See Siō-eaō: Siō τρα aċτ, however, howbeit, albeit; Siō So, although that.

Sičeač, conj., though, although, howbeit, however, be that as it

may, nevertheless, yet.

Storne, g. id., pl. -nive, m., the

fundament, the main intestine (O'N.).

Sizeattar, -air, m., a tickling or itching; this and five following words begin with c in Don.

Σιζιτελό, -τιζε, α., ticklish, easily tickled.

Sigitim, -tc, v. tr., I tickle, excite, irritate (also 5i5tim).

Sigilt, -e, f., act of tickling or itching.

Sizleact, -a, f., tickling, ticklishness, nervous excitement.

Sizteapac, -aiże, a., ticklesome; surprising, unusual; bí tuac na hóptaioeacta an-żizteapac an pao, the hotel charge was surprisingly high (B.).

Sit, Site. See Seat, white,

bright.

51te, g. id., f., whiteness, brightness; a fair one; a term of endearment.

Sileac, -lize, -eaca, f., broom, heather (O'N).

Siteacτ, -a, f., whiteness, brightness.

5ι Leagup, -υιρ, m., a horse-leech (O'N.).

Sitioe, g. id., pl. -oce, m., a little trout. See zeatóz.

Sitioin, m., a salmon or trout fry, a minnow (Don.).

Sittizín, g. id., pl. -iòe, m., a giddy little person (often ztizín).

51tlin, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a word for a large potato, esp. a bright-skinned potato; 51tlin pháta,

a large solid potato.

Sillin, g. id., pl. -ioe, m., a gelding; a sleek, good-looking young horse; an eunuch; imminic oo oein bilomaicin siobatac Sillin cumarac, often has a ragged colt become a shapely horse.

Sil-méanac, -aige, a., white-

fingered.

Silmimeos, -oise, -osa, f., a water adder (O'N).

Simpeán, -áin, pl. id., m., the treadle of a spade (Aran).

5in. See Sein, birth, offspring. Sineapálta, indec. a., general. Sin-réacaint, f., a gaping look. Sinio, g. id., pl. -e, a guinea (A.). Kinn, a wedge (also oing). See

Zeinn and oing. 510b, -a, -anna, m., a tail, a scrap,

a bit, a morsel, a pick, a pluck, a pull, a peck.

Stobac, -aize, a., rough, hairy, untidy, tattered, ragged.

Slobalm, -ao, v. tr., I prick, I peck

at, I pluck, pull, tear.

Stobat, -ait, pl. id., m., a rag, a clout, a cast garment; fur, down, hair; 510bail ceansail, swad-

dling clothes.

510balac, -a15e, a., torn, tattered (of a garment, etc.); dressed in tattered clothes (of a person); hairy, woolly, unkempt, untidy. Sioblacán, -áin, pl. id., m., a rag-

ged, unkempt person; a beggar.

Σιοδόζ, -όιζε, -όζα, f., a rag, a fringe; a handful; the handful of flax taken at a time by clovers or flax-teasers (U_{\cdot}) ; a gipsy; an untidy woman.

510bόζαċ,-Διζe,α.,ragged,fringed. Stobreathe, $g.\ id.,\ pl.$ -proe, m.,

a hussy, a saucy girl.

Stoburp, f., in phr., puz ré ap Speim Stoburre ain, he seized him by the throat (Con.).

5100, conj., although.

Stodatine, g. id., m., the fundament. See 5101pme.

5100 at, -a11, m_{\bullet} , flattery.

5100alac, -aite, a., flattering, self-

satisfying.

5100am, -aim, m., restlessness, unsteadiness; zá 5100am món one, you are very restless (lively), giddy (Don.).

5100amac, -aije, a., restless, light, airy (of persons).

5100án. See zeaván.

5100ap, -aip m., dung, ordure; broken sour milk. See rc100an. 5100an, -ain, m., fussiness (Don.

and Con.).

Sioonán, -áin, pl. id., m., a barnacle; also edible sea-weed.

510 ο τρά τ (Lat. jam vero), conj., nevertheless, however, used in resuming a narrative (also c100 cnáče).

Siopać, -aiże, a., officious. Siopact, -a, f., officiousness.

Stopathe, g. id., pl. -hide, m., a client; a busybody.

Σιορός, -όιζε, -όζα, f., a char

woman, a gipsy (O'N.).

Síos, g. Síse, f., a squeak, a slender sound; with neg., not a word; níon tabain ré zíoz, he said never a word; ni naib zioz ar, id.

Síosaim, -ao, v. intr., I squeal or

scream; zíoztaim, id.

5101c, a reed, a cane. See 5101cac. Stotcac, -aiże, -a, f., a kind of reed or besom that grows on marshy land, and of which brooms are made; broom, cane; 5. rléibe, broom; 5. nime, butcher's broom; a place where reeds grow; a cane plantation.

Stolcathe, g, id., pl. - μ roe, m., a flippant fellow, a cad, a wavering person; one who gathers

Siotcamait, -mta, a., broom-like; reed-like; made of brooms or

Siolcós, -óise, -ósa, f., a broom,

a cane. See 5101cac.

Stotta, g. id., pl.-roe, m., servant, "gillie," attendant, youth, manservant, lad, page; a guide, a horse-boy, a driver; an owner, an agent (with gen. of the thing owned or done), a fellow; 510tta Ainm, armour-bearer; 510tla corre, footman; ziotta eic, groom; 510tta múčáin, chimney-sweeper; 510lla cupair, m., an ambassador; 510tta na nzaoan, the dog owner; ziolla Σμάσλ, a confidante; often used in personal names, as 510tts fora, Stotta mutte, Stotta poit, the servant of Jesus, Mary, Paul; Stotta Soittin, the devil (501ttin, a tormentor); 30 ocusaro an ziolla zoillín

teir cú, may the devil take you

(O'N.)

Stottatoeact. -a, f., attendance, service, guiding, driving, horsemanship; the management of an affair (nom. also 510ttact).

S10ttama1t, -mta, a., servant-like. S10ttó5, -ó15e, f., fury (S. Cork).

Siomac, a lobster. See 5110mac. As a., small-eyed, lobster-eyed. See 510m-rúileac.

Siomać, -aiże, a., hairy, woolly

(O'N.)

Siomaine, g. id., pl.-prioe, m., a

wool-gatherer (O'N.).

Síománac, -aiz, -aize, m., a huntsman, a servant, a sportsman; a strong fellow; a postillion. See zeamánac.

510m-caoc, -caoice, a., purblind,

pink-eyed.

Siom-rúileac, -liże, a., lobster-eyed, small-eyed.

eyeu, smair-byeu.

Sion, conj., although, notwithstanding, although not.

Sionac, -aiże, a., greedy, voracious.

Sionact (zeanact), -a, f., gluttony, voracity, hunger.

Sionbain, indec., January. See

Seanain.

Sion 30, conj., even though not, although not, although, though.

Sion Sun, conj., even though not, although not (before past tense);

although, though (id.).

Sίομας, -aic, pl. id., m., a fight, a contest; noise; contention, strife, tumult; chat, prate, talk; a crack; ir reapp ruin rleive 'ná τύρ ζίομαις, the end of a feast is better than the beginning of a quarrel.

Sionacac, -aize, a., noisy, prating,

tumultuous.

Sιομασάη, -áin, pl. id. (= raocán or raocός), m., a periwinkle; a limpet, a sea-snail.

Sionaic, -e, f. See Sionac.

δίομαι ceac, -ci je, a. See σίομ-

Siopiamać, -maiże, a., hungry, greedy.

5ιομμα (comp. of ξεαμμ, short), nearer; σά ξιομμαστ σο συιπε α σότα, ιτ ζιομμα σό α téine, however near be one's coat to one, his shirt is nearer to him still, i.e., there are degrees in closeness of kinship.

5ιομμαότ, -a, f., shortness, nearness; 5ιομμαότ μαόαιμα, nearsightedness; ι ηδιομμαότ mile oo'n άιτ, within a mile of the place; τάιο πα taete αδ out ι ηδιομμαότ (πό ι ηδιομμαό), the days are becoming shorter; μιπ έ α μαιο'μ α ξιομμαότ αδατ, there is the entire thing for you.

Sιομμαό, -αιό, m., shortness, brevity; a shortening; 5ιομμαό γαοζαιι, shortness of life.

Sionnairoe, g. id., m., a buttock or paunch; a crupper or girth; a low-sized, stout, little boy or girl. See Sionza.

5ιομη-anál, f., asthma.

Sιομμυζαό, -uιζτe, m., a shortening, an abridging, a curtailing.

Σιομμαιζιm (ζιομμαιm), -użażo, v. tr., I shorten, abridge.

Sιομμιιζτε, p. a., shortened, abridged.

5ιοητα, g. id., pl. -ιόe, m., a girth, a band; the waist (A.); γά bun mo ξιοητα, below my waist See 5ιοηπαιοε.

Sιομτας, -Διζε, α., shrunken, shrivelled, skimp; short, stunt-

ed.

Siontacán, m. See Sionnaire.

Σιομτάιτ, -άια, f., a mending, dressing, repairing, trimming, patching.

Sioptálaim, vl. 310ptáil, v. tr., I patch, repair, mend; tuck up

my clothes.

Storán, -ám, pl. id., m.; in pl., stockings (socks) knit for market (Don.).

Siorán, -áin, pl. id., m., the fish called pike (Supp.).

Síorcao, -cta, m., act of creaking, making a grating sound.

Síorcán, -áin, m., a grating noise,

a gnashing (as of teeth). See víorcán.

Síorcánac, -aize, a., making a grating or gnashing noise.

Siorcap, -aip, m., a gnashing, jarring, grating.

510póz, -ó1ze, -óza, f., the fish called pike. See ziorán.

Stort, -a, m., barm, yeast.

Stortaine, g. id., pl.-nioe, m., a strong old man, a sturdy old fellow; "an Stortaine 7 an cailleac," "the old man and old woman," the name of a children's game (Om.).

Stortaineact, -a, f., strong old age; going from company to company (as a curious, inquisi-

tive old man).

510ca, g. id., pl. -10e, m., a piece, bit, a fragment, a shred, a scrap, an item, an appendage; 510ta mait, a good distance away, said of walking to a place (Don.); 5100a roża (also c100an roża), a fragment; tá ré 'na 510catoe roja agac, you have crushed it to fragments, rendered it worthless (M.).

510camáil, -ála, f., petty jobs,

details (Con.).

Sinte suainte, g. id., hurlyburly; confusion (P. O'C.). The word occurs also as the name of a woman in a folk-tale. A woman had a vast quantity of wool, flax, etc., to spin, and was at her wits' end to find time to do it, when a strange woman entered her house, and, on learning her perplexity, offered to take away the wool and flax, and return them in the shape of cloth, but would keep them herself in case the owner of the flax and wool did not remember her name when she returned. She departed, taking with her the flax and wool, and the other kept repeating the name Sinte Suainte, which she gave her. After some days she quite forgot the name, and remained for

weeks in great distress, as she believed she had now lost her yarn for ever. One day as she wandered by some lonely rath she heard the sound as of a woman spinning. As she spun she sang—

"Oá mbeao fior as an mnaoi uo Jun Sinte Suamte

m'ainm,

Beinn-re réin zan bhéio zan anaiht"—

"Did that woman know that Sinte Suamte was my name, I should myself be without frieze or yarn." The listener rejoiced to hear the long-lost name, and kept assiduously repeating it till the owner of it returned with the cloth. welcomed the visitor by name, saying-

"Dé oo bests 10' flaince, a Sinte Suamte"-

to which the other replied angrily, and, leaving the cloth behind her, vanished.

Σημήτιο, g.id. and -Διό, pl. -ὑΔέΔ and Simprerote, m., a hare.

Σιμητελό, -rι \dot{z} e, -reλόλ, f., a girl. See zeinnreac.

Siubán, -áin, pl. id., m., a fly, midge or gnat (P. O'C.).

5105005, -015e, -05a, f., shell of a barnacle (Ker.).

Siuin, -e, f., a cry; ziuin clamráin, a complaining cry, a hum (U. and Con.). See zeoin.

Simpléro, -e, -roe, f., an implement, an instrument.

Tiuinneac, -nis, -a, m., a barnacle (Aran).

Σιμιττίρ, g. id., pl. -ιόe,m., a justice of the peace; a magistrate. Siúltaideac. See diúltaideac.

Siumair,-e, f., a pine tree; bogdeal (the form Jumar, m., is

found also).

Siumar, -air, m., the pine or fir tree; bog-deal. (P. O'C. says Jiúr and Jiut are the correct forms, and that ziumar and Ziubar are erroneous).

Siumarac, -aize, f., a fir wood; pine, bog-deal (Con.). See zium-

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Siunáin, gills of a fish (Ker.).

Siúpains. See siuipneac.

Siumnáit, -áta, f., jobbing; as σέαπαṁ ζιυμπάλα, doing light jobs (M.).

Siúp, Siuip. See Siumap, Siumaip. Siurca, g. id., pl. -ioe, a tankard, a can; barm, yeast. See 5107c. Siúrca, m., a stout, lazy person.

Siurcáil, -alá, f., tucking up one's clothes (improp. for 51011-

Cáil).

Σιυρτός, -όιζε, -όζα, f., a stout

little girl.

Stac, -aice, -aiceaca, f., the fist half open; the palm of the hand; a claw, a clutch, a paw, a fork, a prong, a quiver; a handful, a grasp; power, sway, authority, command; bein cum Cozain moin uí néill an Elac, bear to Eoghan More O'Neill the chief command (Fer.); 3tac tomairroe, a measuring fist, a fistful.

Slacac, -aiże, a., grasping, forked; fist-like; big-pawed.

Slacao, -cta and -cuiste, m., act of taking, receiving; an acceptance; acceptation; grasp.

Slacaván, -áin, pl. id., m., a

repository.

Σίας ασόιμ, - όμα, - όιμι το e, m., a

receiver, a catcher.

Stacaim, -ao, v. tr., I take, receive, grasp, seize, take hold of, catch (disease, etc.), conceive; undertake; aitheacar oo stacao, to repent; comainte oo 5., to take counsel; meirneac oo 5., to take courage; bioosao oo ż., to start with fright; z. te, I accept.

Stacaine, g. id., pl. -niòe, m., a catcher, a taker, an apprehender.

Stacaineact, -a, f., handling, touching, pawing, groping, feeling, catching.

Stacán, -ám, pl. id., m., a little fist; a fork's prong; a small

fistful (dim. of stac, as is also zlaicin).

Slac-cumarac, -aise, a., stout-

handed, valiant (O'Ra.).

Stactać, - $a_1\dot{z}$, $pl.\ id.,\ m.,\ a\ hand$ ful, a fistful; a small bundle held in one's arms.

Stacta, p. a., caught, seized, apprehended, taken, received (also zlacuizte).

Stactact, -a, f., feeling, the sense

of feeling.

ΣΙαόμας, -Διζ, -Διζε, m., a large bright fire (Clare).

Staraine, g. id., pl. -proe, m., a noisy babbler, a prater.

Stapanneact, -a, f., noisy bab bling.

Starannac, -ais, m., noise, din, prattle; a jargon; an starannac námao ram, that jargon of the enemy, i.e., English (E. R.) (Starainne, id.).

5laz, -a1z, m., clocking, noise,

clamour, prate.

Stazanne, g. id., pl. -price, m., a babbler, a foolish prater (also zlaizin).

Slazaineact, -a, f., foolish or impertinent talk; garrulity, boasting.

Stazán, -áin, pl. id., m., the clapper of a mill; 5. voltair, the knocker of a door.

Tlazapam zpé, a foolish, nonsensical talker (Meath).

5lá5laċ, -a1że, f., act of cackling (as a hen); a cackling noise.

Slasnaim, -ao., v. intr., I chatter, babble, prate.

Slaib, -e, f., dirty water, mud, puddle; a sink. See taib.

Staic, -e, -ioe, f., a hollow place (Der.). See 31sc.

Starcin, g. id., pl. -nroe, m., a small handful, a little bundle, a faggot; fetters for sheep,

etc. Staic-teaban, m., a manual.

Staroin, g. id., pl. -roe, m., \mathfrak{d} glutton.

Slaroineac, -niže, a., gluttonous Staroineact, -a, f., gluttony.

5tar5ín, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a silly, talkative fellow.

5táim, g.-e, pl. -eaca and -eanna, f., censure; a pitiful complaint; a great noise, a yelling. See 5táim.

5táim, -e, -eaca, f., a censure, a bad report; a murmur, a complaint, a satire. See 5táim.

Staim-riac, m., a gluttonous raven or cormorant; a glutton.

Stáimín, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a glutton; a spendthrift.

Starmin, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a noisy little fellow.

Staimineac, -niż, m., a chatterer. See ztaimin.

Stámíneac, -niţ, pl. id., m., a glutton, a spendthrift; a family nickname, na Stámíniţ.

Staimineacc, -a, f., uproar, clamour.

5taine, g. id., f., purity, cleanliness, brightness; ζtaineaċτ, id.
 5tain-eotaċ, -aiże, a., of clear knowledge, perspicacious.

Slain-cioolacao, -laicce, pl. id., m., a pure gift or offering.

Stare, g. id., f., greenness, viridity, an azure hue; brightness, lustre (of the eye); greyness; comp. of Star, green, etc.

Starpe, g. id., pl. -proe, f., a rivulet; pronn-żlarpe, a fair or

bright stream.

Staireac, -riże, -reaca, f., a quagmire (Don.).

Staip-liat, -téite, a., greyish. Staipneat, -nit, m., a large bird found in winter (Con.).

Stam, g. Staim, pl. -arioe, m., a piece of wood fastened to an oar or paddle; it contains a hole for the thole-pin (cnosa); sometimes stamba or clampa (West Coast).

5tam, -a, -anna, m., a shout, a yell, a bark, a howl, a loud complaining noise; a snatch, a clutch.

51ám, -áim, m., a scold; a satirist; a murmurer.

Stámaim, -mao, v. tr., I devour, eat up.

Stamaim, -ao, v. tr., I bawl, roar, cry out.

Stámaim, -aò, I pull about, maul (N. Con.).

Stamaine, g. id., pl. -nioe, a prattler, a complainer, a howler.

Slamaineact, -a, f., gluttony.

Stamarrcin, g. id., pl. -nroe, m., gnashing of the teeth.

5lamzait, -e, f., howling, screaming; the loose howling of a pack of hounds, as opposed to zeoin, a concerted howl.

Stamparc, -airc, pl. id., m., anything that makes an ugly,

caekling noise.

Stampán, -áin, m., grumbling; act of grumbling (Clare); stamap, id. Prop. ctampán.

Stan, gsf. Staine, Stoine, a., clean, pure, clear, sincere, innocent, bright, white; ad. use, completely, as remiorea Stan, completely ruined; thanks stan, quite exhausted; manb Stan, quite dead.

Stan- (clean, bright), intensive prefix; Stan-ruan, -ruane, clear cold, very cold; Stantuat, -tuaite, very swift.

Stanao, -nτa, m., act of cleaning, purifying, weeding, etc.; a táma oo ġtanao ap, to wash his hands of it; ζtanao ap comnteona, as much as would clean a candlestick, with neg., nothing; the afterbirth of a beast; a sworn denial of a charge. See ζtanam.

5lanaσόιη, -όηα, -όιηιτο, m., a fuller, a cleanser, a purifier, a weeder.

Stanaim, -aö, v. tr. and intr., I clean, purify, cleanse, clear; stan τά τέιπ ό, clear yourself (of a charge); intr., I go away, clear out; stan ar mo μασαμς, leave my sight; é stanaö, to clear off his bill, to pay him in full; stan ar an tíoncaib, clear out of our way; I weed.

Stanamait, -mta, a., cleansing.

Stan-aoobact, -a, f., grace, beauty, comeliness.

Stanar, -air, m., cleanness, brightness.

Stan-bápp, m., a good head of hair.

Slan-ούτμαζτ, -a, f., good will, zeal.

Stan-żeat, -żite, a., pure, white, perfectly clean.

Stan-matal, -att, pl. id., m., a clean garment, cloak.

Stan-naom, -naom, pl. id., m., a pure saint.

Stan-padapcac, -aize, a., clear-sighted.

Stanta, p. a., cleansed, purified.

Stanzacz, -a, f., purity, cleanliness.

5lanτόιη, -όηα, -όιηι το e, m., a purifier, a cleanser, a weeder; in pl., -όιηι το e, snuffers.

Stantonpeact, -a, f., purging, cleansing, purifying.

Stantušao, -tuište, m., purification; act of cleansing.

5lan-uζοαμ, -Διμ, pl. id., m., a refined author.

Stan-uirce, m., pure water (Kea.), more gen. uirce 5tan.

51λού, -οιύ, m., a shout, a call; a cry, a roar; coοιλο τοιμ όλ ξιλού, sleep between two wakening calls.

Σιαούας, -ὑαιζ, m., act of calling, shouting, a roar, a shout, etc.; demand (in the mercantile sense); a call, a visit; bιαούας (Con.). See Σιαούαιm.

Staoöaim, vl. ζιαοöαċ, ζιαοö, v. intr. and tr., I call, cry, shout, cry out, crow (of cocks); ainm oo ζιαοόαċ αη, to give a name to.

Slaooρac, -aiże, f., a shouting, calling, hooting.

5lao10, -e, f., glue (O'N.).

Staoroteac, -tiže, a., calling, inviting, attractive.

Slaotaμ, -aiμ, m., a noise, a babbling.

5lar, g. 5lair, pl. id., -ara and -aireanna (poet.), m., a lock, a

fetter, a bolt, a hold; 1 nglapath, in bonds; an glap oo cup an an oonur, to lock the door; an glap oo baint oe'n oonur, to unlock the door; pá glap, locked up; glap béanla, an injunction to speak only English (S. O'N.).

Star, -aire, a., green, verdant (as grass); grey (as a horse or cloth); grey, bright, lustrous (of the eye); cold, inclement: tá ζtar, a rough, cold day; ζtar-aimrean, rough weather; bluish grey, as the sky; ζtar caonac, of natural colour, un the colour.

Staraim, -aö, v. tr., I lock (O'N.).
Starain coitte. See tarain coitte.

Stapanne, g. id., pl. -nive, m., a lock-maker, a lock-picker, or turnkey.

Starain téana. See tarain téana. Starán, -áin, pl. id., m., the fish called whiting; a salad; watercress; a sort of edible sea-weed; oyster-grass or sea-liverwort; also the dawn.

Starán; starán vanac, a green finch; starán tinne, a grey linnet; starán rataiże, a willow wagtail or water-wagtail (Sh.).

Star-bán, -áine, a., pale green, wan.

Stap-bánao, -nza, m., act of growing deadly pale.

Star-bánaim, -aō, v. intr., I grow deadly pale.

Stap-zaibtinn, very green grass, through which water generally runs (Der.); the grass which produces the best milk; cf. an Stap-zaibtinn, a celebrated cow which never could be fully milked; cf. legend of Datop Déimeann in Four Masters, Vol. I.; also Stap-zaibneac, cf. codait an Stap-zaibneac ann (said of rich land) (Ker.).

Star-żamnać, f., a pale or grey stripper (this colour betokens a large yield of milk). See pre-

ceding word.

Star-soum, -summe, a., of an azure or pale blue; as subs., an azure or pale blue colour.

5lar-żομτ, m., a green field.

Star-mas, m. and f., a green, plain.

Star-mitiżteac, -tiże, f., a pale green colour.

Slap-muin, -mana, f., the green sea.

5taγ-ούαμ, -u1ύμε, α., pale green. 5taγό5, -ό15e, -ό5a, f., a whiting; a kind of salmon.

Starός, f., the water wag-tail; rúil na staróige, "sheep's eyes." See starán.

Starparo, -e, f., verdure, greens,

vegetables.

Staphuiżim, -użażo, v. tr., I make green.

Star-rnaiom, f., a tight or fast indissoluble knot or binding.

Stap-uaine, indec. a., verduregreen; as subs., the verduregreen colour; in Con., 5tapuain.

Stap-uaineact, -a, f., verdure, greenness; act of colouring or dyeing green.

Stapuiţim, -uţaō, v. intr. and tr., I become green; I colour green.

5té, indec. a., clear, bright, pure, perfect; open, plain, manifest.

Sté-, an intensive prefix, very, enough, truly, perfect (chiefly Sc.).

Steacac, -aiże, a., struggling,

striving, combating.

Steacaroeact, -a, f., strife, contention; also buffoonery, trickery, cuteness.

Steacaim, -cao and steic, v. intr., I wrestle, struggle.

Stéact, -a, f., brightness, clear-

Steacuive, g. id., pl. -vie, m., a combatant; a wrestler; also a buffoon; a trickster, an impostor; reacan an steacuive milip rleamain 'r an teansa tiom leat, beware of the sweet crafty trickster and the obsequious tongue.

Steacuitim, -cao, v. intr., I combat, I fight.

Stéattan, -aine, a., pure, clean, spotless.

Steamarc, -e, f., grinding noise of the teeth in anger.

Stéamaire, g. id., f., neatness, beauty.

Stéamair, a., very good; 30

zléamait, very well.

Steann, -a, -ta (g. also stinn and stinne), m., a valley, a glen; tá mé as out ríor an steann, I am going down the hill (Meath).

Steannac, -aiże, a., full of valleys

or glens.

Steann-rúiteac, a., having deepset eyes.

Steanntamail, -mla, a., steep, shelving.

Steanntán, -áin, pl. id., m., a small glen.

Stéanac, -ai \dot{z} e, α ., splendidly blazing; terme \dot{z} téanac, a glaring fire $(P.\ O'C.)$.

5téanac, -aiζe, α., making loud noise, obstreperous; pugnacious (Con.).

Sleánaö, m., a beating (Con., Don.); σημπαιόε σ'ά ηςleánaö, drums beating (Don.).

Stéar, -éir, pl. id. and stéireanna, m., a manner or condition; a custom, fashion, method or means; preparation, order, trim; harness; an instrument or machine; the key in music; the lock of a gun; furniture; an Stéar eite, by other means; an Stear, so that, insomuch that; ztéar mantia, a murderous weapon; ζίέας τόμμαιώ, funeral preparations; pl. 51éireanna, novelties, luxuries for a feast; zléar na noolaz, Christmas requisites; 51éar ceoit, musical instruments, anything that produces musical notes; 5010é 'n Sléar a bruil cú? 5010é 'n stéar atá ont? how are you? (Sligo); 50106'n 516ar

a noeáπna τú é? how did you do it? (Sligo).

Stéaraö, -rca, m., act of harnessing, dressing, preparing. See Stéaraim.

Stéaravóin, -óna, -óinive, m., an engineer; a harness-maker.

5téaγaim, -aö, v. tr., I harness, I dress, prepare, trim, set in order, put in tune; I bundle up; a δάιγ, ό ξτέαγαιγ τεατ γά ο' ογεαιτ έ, O death, since thou didst bundle him away with thee under thy arm (McD.); I design, as on canvas (E. R.); 5téaγ τομ mo ξεαμμάη, harness my nag for me (song).

Stéarán, -áin, pl. id., m., a dresser

or dress-board.

Stéartann, -anne, -anna, f., a vestry or ward-room; a dress-room, a kitchen (P. O'C.).

Stéarman, -aine, a., orderly,

regular.

Sléartact, -a, f., neatness, pre-

paredness, order.

Sté-zeat, -zite, a., very bright, clear, white, beautiful (also sté-zeat and sté-zeat).

Slégileact, -a, f., pureness,

whiteness.

Sleic, -e, f., a wrestling, a contending, a struggle, a contest; act of contending, struggling (Sleic, id.).

Steicearoni, -ona, -oinioe, m., a

wrestler, a combatant.

Sterome, g. id., pl. -moe, m., a long, thin person (often applied to fishes, M., also to sharpedged instruments, as sterome rperte, sterome recine, meaning a formidable-looking scythe, knife, etc.).

Stéineac, -nige, a., clear, plain, distinct; cim 50 Stéineac é, I

see it distinctly.

Stéip, -e, a., neat, clean, fair, clear, bright.

Stéin, -e, a., eligible, preferable.

Stéme, g. id., f., much, plenty, a great deal; also choice, selec-

tion; select troops; 5. Laoic, a choice or chosen hero.

Stéip-iomtán, -áine, a., prepared, arranged, finished.

Stérie, g. id., f., purity, cleanness, neatness.

Sterteaμán, -árn, m., act of fumbling about; a violent, bustling hurry (also Steataμán and Sμειτεατάπ).

Sterceapánuroe, g. id., pl. -oce, a

fumbler, a lounger.

Sté-mian, f., clear intellect.

Steo, g. stiao, d. stiao, pl. stiaoa, m., strife, battle, fight, tumult, noise; cá steo món aca, they are making a great noise.

Steo-brown, f., press of battle

(Fer.).

Steooac, -aiże, a., noisy, quarrelsome; mournful.

Steo-reap, m., a fighting man (Fer.); cf. 5teo-mapp, Mars of the battles (Id.).

Steonium, -read, v. intr., I chat-

ter, babble.

Steorfin, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a chatterer, a babbler.

Steorce, indec. a., ready for fight; spruce, tight.

Steoice, indec. a., pretty, neat, charming, delightful, handsome.

Steoπός, -όιςe, -όςα, f., a lark (0'N.).

Sleoptac, -aiż, -aiże, m., a sportsman.

Steotán, -áin, m., glue (O'N.).

Steotós, -óise, -ósa, f., a fishing boat, a yawl (also steoiceos). Sté-tuisreac, -rise, a., of clear

understanding.

5liav, -aiv, m., strife, war. See 5leo.

Stradame, g. id., pl. -moe, m., a combatant, a warrior, a dueller; an 5. San amm, an epithet of the Pretender.

Stiavaine, g. id., pl. -pive, m., a prattler, a babbler, a prater.

Stiadam, -aim, m., talk, loquacity, gibberish, pertness; chattering of birds; τά ζιαθαμιρ γιαπρα 2 Β

na n-éan 50 ciuin, the chattering and melody of the birds is silenced (O'Ra.).

Straopać, -arže, a., loquacious, lively, sprightly, mirthful; agi-

tated, impetuous.

511b, -e, -eanna, f., a lock of hair; long hair; unkempt locks of hair hanging over the eyes; a person having dishevelled hair (also 5t10b).

Stibeac, -bige, a., full of hair; having long, unkempt, shaggy hair; careless (also 5110bac).

Stibin, g.id., pl.-roe, m., long hair; a fold or loose tress of hair; a shred of cloth, etc.; an untidy

511c, -e, a., wise, prudent, cunning, ingenious, artful, versatile, capable, expert, dexterous,

nimble.

Sticisit, -e, f., cunning, cleverness; act of playing tricks.

 $\mathsf{Sticin}, g. id., pl.$ -roe, m., a spancel for the front legs of a cow (Der.); also staicin.

Klipio, -e, f., uproar, noise; prate,

· babble.

51, 3eap, -31p, pl. id., m., a cricket. Stisin, g. id., pl. -ioe, m., a little bell, any little jingler or tinkler.

Slisinceacc, -a, f., jingling, tink-

ling.

Slincioeact, -a, f., sorcery, wizardry; notaroe na 5., a bicycle (Con.); 5. is a metathesis of zeinclibeacc.

Stincin, g. id., pl. -ibe, m., a silly

Stinn, -e, a., pure, clear; manifest, plain, visible; also sharp, keen, shrewd, clear-sighted; ouine 5tinn, a sharp or shrewd man; zlinn - bpeatnuiteac, clear or sharp-sighted.

Slinn, -e, -ce, f., the firmament, the heavens; o'esceall ré 1 nslinners an aein, it flew into the air; the tolling of a bell

(O'N.).

Slinn, -e, -ioe, f., the frame on which a fishing or measuring line is folded; nom. also stinne, and Stionnos in Sligo.

Klinneac. See Kleannac.

Slinneamain, -mina, f., act of investigating, examining closely; gazing on fixedly; manifesting; 5linnim, I aim (B_{\cdot}) .

Tlinceac, -tize, a., flexible,

pliable (O'N.).

Stinceacc, -a, f., flexibility, pliability.

Stiobac, -aise, a., hairy; having long bushy hair.

5l10bό5, -ό15e, -ό5α, f., a person with loose, long, untidy hair; a filly.

Kliobózač, -aiże, α., having loose, long hair; unkempt, untidy.

Strocact, -a, f., capability, aptitude; cunning; prudence, wisdom. See 5t10cap.

Strocar, -air, m., cunning, eraft, ingenuity; prudence; clever-

ness (also 5ticear).

Stiopaine, g. id., pl. -proe, m., a prater, a chatterer.

Stiopaineact, -a, f., chat, prate, chatter.

51105, a tinkle, a jingle.

Stiosaine, g. id., pl. -proe, m., a jingler, a tinkler; a boaster, a prater.

Stiosaineact, -a, f., tinkling, jingling, ringing; constant talk-

ing or boasting.

 $5105a\mu$, -a1 μ , m., vain, empty noise; prattle, boasting; ream 51105a1p, a boaster; ub 51105-A111, an addled egg (also ztuzan).

Thozapnac, -naize, f., a jingling, tinkling, or ringing noise (also

5l105anrnac).

Sliospac, - α iże, α ., of empty

noise; boasting, vain.

Stiospinizim, -uzao, v. intr., I ring, tinkle; prate idly; 51105naim, id.

Stioz-rchat, m., a quagmire (O'N.).

Stromac, -arse, a., slovenly, awkward.

Stromac, -ais, pl. id., m., a lobster;

a person with long limbs; 5110móz, f., id.; 5. ppáneac, a crawfish.

Σιοπασόιη, -όηια, -όιηιτοe, m.,

a lobster-catcher (G. J.).

Stiom-rúiteac, -tize, a., lobstereyed, pink-eyed; cf. Stiomac an zéine a vá rút (Aonghas na n-Aor). See ziom-rúiteac.

Strongos, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a frame for winding a fishing line

(Con.).

Stionnoáit, -áta, f., act of wind-

ing a fishing line (Con.).

Stionnoan, -ain, m., joy, cheer (Con. and parts of M.). See reteonoan.

Stionnoanac, -aise, a., cheerful,

joyful (Con.).

Stiopaine, g. id., pl. -proe, m., a prattler, a babbler.

Stiormaine, g. id., pl. -proe, m.,

a lisper.

Stiormaineact, -a, f., affected lisping.

Stioτός, -όιζε, -όζα, f., a fishing boat. See ζιεοτόζ.

511ú, g. id., m., glue (A.).

Stuck, g. ta., m., gate (1).

Stuck, -ais, pl. id., m., a stupid dolt (this is, of course, only a derived meaning). The epithet caoe is often used in connection with stuck, and speakers of English often say, "you blind gliveach" (Ker.).

Stiúτοός, -όιζε, -όζα, f., a thickwitted young person (Don.).

Sliúparcnac, -aiże, f., creaking (as of old stairs, etc.).

5tiurcac, -aise, a., slow; 5tiurca, id.

Sliuptact, -a, f., slowness, tardiness.

Slocan (Slocan), -ain, pl. id., m., a rattle or wheezing in the throat.

Slocannac, -aiζ, -aiζe, m., a difficulty in breathing; the deathrattle in the throat; ξlocan, id. Slocac. See Slocac.

Sloo reilio, asthma (N. Con.).

Σιοζαίμε, ζίοζαίμε α τ. ζίοζαμ. See ζίοζαίμε, ζίοζαιμε ζίοζαιμε α τιοζαίμε α τ. ζίοζαιμε α τ. χίοζαμ.

Stozamáit, -áta, f., a hen's cackling.

5toine, cleanliness. See 5taine.

Stoine, g. id., pl. -nioe, f., glass; a pane of glass; a drinking glass; a glassful; stoine oeattmaisteat, shining glass.

Stomesc, -niże, a., vitreous.

Stoineaσόιμ, -όμα, -όιμισe, m., a glazier.

Tloineamail, -mla, a., glassy.

Stonnie, indec. a., glass-like, belonging to glass; glazy, bright, clear.

Stonniżim, -nużao, v. tr., I glaze,

vitrify; 3toinim, id.

Stóin, -e, f., glory, fame, renown; Stóin σίοπλοιπ, vainglory (nom. often Stóine).

Stóipiżim, -iużaż, v. tr., I glorify; an tan to stóipiżeaż fora, when Jesus was glorified.

Stón-tíonza, p. a., filled with pride, conceited, ambitious.

Stóip-mian, f., ambition, pride. Stóip-mianac, -aize, a., ambitious,

vainglorious.

Stóin-mianact, -a, f., vainglory,

ambition, pride.

Stóιη-μέιm, -e, f., a glorious career, triumphal course; pomp, pageantry.

Slóiη-μéimeaċ, -miże, a., pompous, spectacular, triumphal.

Stoman, -ain, pl. id., m., a muzzle; a device to prevent young animals from sucking; a bridle.

Stonn, m., nausea.

Σίόη, -όιη, -όητα, m., sound, noise, voice, speech; pl. ξlόητα = utterances, words.

Σιόμας, -αιζε, α., noisy, turbulent, clamorous; άμο-ξιόμας, loud-

tongued.

Stópacán, -ánn, pl. id., m., a noisy person, a bawler.

Stónaim, vl. stón, v. intr., I howl, I make a coarse sound.

Stópap, -air, m., young, soft, sappy grass; stópairín, id. (S. Cork).

Stóposet, -s, f., glorification.

Slón-żnádac, -daiże, a., with loving voice.

Stóp-maoroeam, m., boasting, bragging.

 Slop -maororm, vl. -beam, v.intr., I boast, brag.

5lópman, -aine, α., glorious, famous, renowned, celebrated.

Slópmanuizim, -użao, v. tr., I

glorify.

Slótac, -aiże, f., animal slime, esp. on the approach of parturition or copulation; frog spawn; glanders (somet. 5toosc, pl. ztóżaca also used).

Slotan, -ann, m., noise in the throat; stotan im' bházaro, the death-rattle in my throat

(Scan.).

Stuaineact, -a, f., brightness, clearness, neatness; 3tuaine, id.

Stuarr, -e, f., a gloss, a commentary; a device, an invention; as cun studire, commenting.

Stuaire, g. id., f., neatness, prim-

ness.

Stuaireac, -rije, a., affecting,

pathetic.

Stuareact, -a, f., act of moving, travelling; walking, proceeding; movement, motion; bímír AS Stuarreact, let us set out on our journey.

Stuairim, -react, v. intr., I set out, I start, advance, march, proceed, move on, repair to; I spring from (of family descent).

Tluair-minitim, -miniutao, v. tr., I comment, expound.

Studifte, p. a., moved, provoked. See ro-jluairce.

Stuan, -aine, a., bright, effulgent, clear, pure.

Stuanoa, indec. a., bright, glorious, effulgent.

Tluz (31103), g. 3tu13 and 5tu34, m., a gurgling noise, a tinkle.

Sluzač (31103ač), -a1je, a., stammering, making a gurgling noise.

Slusaine, g. id., pl. -nice, m., a glutton; a boaster. See 51105-

Stuin-chior, m., a garter (O'N.).

Sturneac, -nize, a., full of knees

Sturneac, -nize, f., the herb milkwort; 5. mon, spotted arsmart (O'N.); 5. beas, common knotgrass; 5. beans, a weed which grows in dried-up ponds, very bitter to taste; 5. oub, climbing knot-grass.

Kluin-reacaim, -ao, v. intr., I

genuflect.

Sluin-seinim, -neamain, v. tr., I beget, generate (as children); also I spring from (of descent); ó'n jlúin-jein Tomnatt, from whom Domhnall descended (O'Ra.).

Tluinizim, -iuzao, v. tr. and intr., I generate; I am descended from; I separate into branches.

Sluiniužao, -ižte, m., a separating into branches or degrees; descending from, generating.

Klún, g. slúme, d. slúm, pl. stuine and stuna, f., a knee; a generation; a degree, a step; the joint of a reed; portion of a boat-frame; 5tún caoibe, the side-knees of a boat; 5tún rearta, the upright knees of a boat; slun an sluin, step by step; niceann an biceamantar react nglún', the vice of stealing becomes hereditary to the seventh generation.

Stúnaim, -ao, v. intr., I genuflect;

zlún-lúbaim, id.

Slún-corac, -aiže, a., bandylegged.

Stún-túbao, -bta, m., a genuflection, act of genuflecting.

Tlutan. See Slotan.

Snáoán, -áin, pl. id., m., a murmur. See cháoán.

Snáir, -e, f., a chink, a cleft, a fissure; a frown; a crease or wrinkle in the forehead; membrum famineum; the haunt, seat, or couch of a hare. See 5núir.

Σπάιτ, -e, a., customary, habitual.

See znát.

Snáit-béanta, m., the vernacular tongue.

Snáit-béar, m., a manner, an habitual mode of action.

Snáit-cear, m., constant or usual affliction.

Snait-cior, m., a custom or tribute.

Snáit-cleactao, m., usual prac-

Snaite, g. id., f., business, work

Snaiteac (Snaiteac), m., Lusiness (Mon.); ζ naiteat also an adj. See snaite.

Snáit-eolar, m., experience.

Snáit-reall, m., habitual treachery (E, R).

Snáit-Fiann, f., standing army of the Fenians.

ζηάιτ-ιαμπαιητ, f., usual consequence.

Σπάιτ-pιαπ, f., constant pain.

Snáit-jearam, m., perseverance. Snait-thiall, m., steady progress. Snamán, -áin, pl. id., m., the seasnail that clings to the rocks

(O'N.).Snaoi, g. id., pl. -te, f., the countenance; a grin.

Snaoi, g. id., f., pleasure, liking; oá méao o'á breicim é, ir amlaro ir luža mo j. aip, the more I see him, the less I like him.

Snaoi, indec. a., pleasant, delightful, courteous, gentle, respectable; ní znaoi o'aoinne aon nío o'ót wait, it is no pleasure for anyone to drink from you. See 5nao1, subs.

Snaoroeamait, -mta, a., modest, pleasant, delightful; polite,

handsome; hospitable.

Snár, -áir, pl. id., m., a fashion, a habit, a custom, a manner; a statute.

Snar, -air, pl. id. and -ca, m., a hare-lip; a chasm (O'N.).

Snárac, -aise, a., hare-lipped. Snaracan, -ain, pl. id., m., a harelipped person (O'N., etc.).

Snaracz, -a, f., habit, custom. Snaraineact, -a, f., gathering, amassing, hoarding (O'N.)Snát, g. -a and snáit, pl. id., m.,

custom, wont, habit, usage, manner, fashion; oo hat (oe hat). as is wont, usually, customarily, habitually, for ever, always; usual, customary; ip znát te, it is customary with, he is in the habit of; ba snát lear, it was your wont, it was ever thus with you; ní znát, it is not usual; man nac znát, as it is not usual. Snáit, gen., is used as adj. = usual. e.g., catao znáit, a customary haven, etc.

Σπάτ, α., usual, frequent, customary, habitual; in phrases like η ζηάτ le, ζηάτ may be looked upon as a noun or an adjective.

Snátač, -aiše, a., customary, constant, usual, common, habitual; ir 5. te, it is customary, it is one's custom; 50 5., usually. See snát.

Snátamait, -mta, α., general, com-

mon, usual, customary.

5nátamtact, -a, f., universality; frequency; state of habitual.

Snáċ-ċuiṁne, g. id., f., continual; remembrance; tradition.

Snát rocat, m., a proverb, a byeword.

Snát-Salan, -ann, m., chronic disease.

ζπάτός, -όιζε, -όζα, f., a hare's lair (M_{\cdot}) ; the couch of a wild beast; a place for hiding money, etc.; money hidden in a stocking, etc.

 $\nabla n \acute{a} \dot{c} u \dot{c} \dot{a} \dot{o}$, $-u \dot{c} \dot{c} \dot{e}$, pl. id., m.,tradition, manner, custom; act of frequenting, haunting; tá ré an znátužao, it is being prac-

Snátuitim, -užao, v. tr. and intr., I practise, exercise, use; am accustomed to.

Snátujšteon, -ona, -onnite, m., a frequenter; an inhabitant; a practitioner.

 $\mathsf{Sn\acute{e}}, g.id., pl.$ -ice, f., a kind or sort, a species; a form or appearance; an apparition; a countenance; a colour; a good appearance; a favour; oo snéitib an báir, of the different sorts of death; tá zné az teact ain, he is improving in his appearance; an accident (in philosophy): rá żnéitib apiáin azur ríona, under the accidents of bread and wine.

Snéadamail, -mla, a., comely, shapely, handsome; favourable.

Snéadamtact, -a, f., kindness, tenderness, comeliness, beauty;

Sné-rtiuc, -rtice, a., of tearful aspect (O'Ra.).

Snéiteac, -tiζe, α., seemly, favourable (O'N.). See znéadamail.

Sním. See vo-zním.

Sníom, -a, pl. id., -na and -anta, m., an action, a doing, a feat; a good or evil deed; a division of land equal to the twelfth part of a ploughland, entering into many place names, as an Oá Śníom, Sníom 30 leit, townlands in Ker.).

Sníomac, -aise, α , active, busy, laborious; feat-performing.

Sníomačar, -air, m., activity; business; efficiency; agency.

-A, f., Sníomaco, efficiency, activity.

Snίο \dot{m} ανό \dot{m} , -ό \dot{m} α, -ό \dot{m} ητό \dot{m} ο, \dot{m} ο, an actor, a factor, an agent; zníomóny, id.

Sníomaim, -mao, v. tr., I perform, I achieve.

Sníomaine, g. id., pl. -proe, m., an actor, an agent, a factor.

Sníomaineact, -a, f., factorage, agency, capacity, power.

Thiomanitac, -aite, a., active, busy; of great deeds.

Sníom-cumarac, -aise, a., powerful, effective; capable of great things; zníom-cumactac, id.

Sníom-żlan, -żlaine, a., of pure deeds.

Sníompao, -aio, -apta, m., an act, a deed; in pl., conduct.

Sníomtóin, -óna, -óinide, m., an actor, an agent, a factor, a featperformer.

Tníomužao, -uižte, m., action, operation.

 \mathfrak{Z} níomu \mathfrak{Z} im, -u \mathfrak{Z} a \mathfrak{Z} o, v. tr. and intr.,

I act, perform, do.

Snó, -ta, pl. id. and -ótaroe, m., business, affairs, commerce, occupation; concern; o'aon-znó, on purpose, for a joke; cf. o'sonam. Inó beaz was the ancient name of a district in S. Con. See am.

5nob, -nuib, -anna, m., a knot in timber; also 5nom (O'N.).

Snópacz, -a, f., grunting of a pig

(Aran). See znúrsct.

Snότας, -Δ1ζε, α., busy, active; officious, fussy; busybody-like (also znótaijteat).

Σηότυζαό, -uiżte, m., profit, gain, traffic; obtaining, winning; 5. neam-10nnpaic, dishonest gain.

Σηότωιζ, g. -e and -te, pl. id., m., an office, a business, a profit.

Thótuitim, vl. -utao and -tean, v. tr. and intr., I get, win, obtain, profit; I make prosperous; I appoint, ordain; oo żnóżuiż ré, he hath commanded; 30 n3nótuitio Oia ouit, God prosper you; σασαιό σο ζηότυζαό onainn, to gain something by

Snúir, -e, pl. id. and -roe, f., the face, visage, countenance; an

appearance.

Snúir, -e, f., the lowing of a cow. Snúir, a notch, a fissure, a chink; membrum fæmineum; a hare's couch; a frown, crease, or wrinkle on the forehead; zá Znúir 'na Znaoi, there is a frown of sorrow on her face (O'Ra.). See znáir. See also P. O'C. under 5núir.

Snúireac, -riže, a., featured; oeaż-żnúreac, well-favored; ομος-ζηύιγελς, ill-favored.

Znúreac, -riže, a., notched, chinked; full of clefts or fissures.

Snúireac, -rije, a., lowing, moaning (as a cow).

Snuir-meallaim, -lao, v. tr. and

intr., I counterfeit, deceive, dissemble.

Snúir-meallcóin, -óna, -óinióe, m., a deceiver, a dissembler.

Snúr, -úır, -úra, m., a neigh; a lowing.

Znúracán, -áin, pl. id., m., a sourfaced, ring-nosed person (O'N).

Snúracz, -a, f., the under-lowing or moaning of a cow; cry of a dog, etc. (also znúržait, znuarzait and znúpajinac).

Snúractac, -aize, f., act of quiet lowing (as of a cow to her

calf).

Snúržait, -e, f., act of quiet lowing (as of a cow to her calf); a plaintive noise. See znúireacc. Snúr-nán, -náme, a., modest,

serene, unruffled.

50, prep., to, towards, unto, up to, till, until, during; prefixes h- to vowels; with the article becomes Sur (Sur an, Sur na); with rel., Sur a; mainly used after verbs of motion, céro, ciz, chiall, 7c.; also after repiobaim, I write to; of a limit in time, when used before the *infinitive*, is followed by oo of the agent: 30 razáit báir oó, till he died; ó . . . 50 . . ., from . . . to . . .; 50 ceann bliaona, to the end of a year, for a year; 50 oci, to, unto, until, till, for=until, as far as; 50 ocí pm, till then; so nuise, so nuise pin (or peo), unto, until, to, so far, up to that; sur an air, to the place; ní maipicipie 30 vaille, no maining is so bad as blindness, there is no maining up to blindness; the forms zur an, zur na, Sur a. are obs. in sp. l.

So, prep., with, along with; eclipses, and prefixes n- to vowels; rare now; occurs in phrases: mite 30 teit, a mile and (with) a half; rtat 30 ochian, a yard and (with) a third; 30 brior oam, to my knowledge, in my judgment (changed to 50 prop vam in Don., 30 riorac Dam in Mon., and 1 brior Dam in M.); tá 50 n-oroce, a day and a night (in M., tó ζο n-οιόċe); ζο ζομιήπη tinn (pron. in Don. 30 cumain tinn), as far as we can recollect.

No, conj., that, so that, until, till; eclipses; before past tense (and also before present forms of the assertive verb, as in Sunab) it becomes Sun, and aspirates; no 30, no 3up, till, until; often as connective particle in compd. conjs., 10nnur 30, man 30, tan ceann 30, 7c.; Fr. que; act 30, act 3un, but that, only that, provided that, when; an easta 30 ocuscrinn, lest I might fall; 50 mba, may he be; 50 mba hé ouic, the same to you (answer to salutation, Con.); 30 paib mait agat, thank you.

50, particle; prefixed to adjectives, and somet. to nouns, turns them into adverbs; prefixes h- to vowels; 30 tuat, quickly; 30 cealzac, craftily; 30 vána, boldly; so hámite, especially,

particularly.

56, g. id., m., a lie, a deceit; doubt; a blemish or fault; zozaille zó, one sent on a fool's errand.

Sob, g. Suib, pl. id. and Soba, m., a protruding mouth; the bill or beak of a bird; a snout.

Joba. See zaba.

Sobać, -aiże, a., beaked, having a

long bill; talkative.

Sobać, - $a_1\dot{S}$, m., sword-fish (Tory). Jobacán, -áin, pl. id., m., a person with a penurious, forbidding expression of face; a little bird frequenting sea-strands. zobaván.

Sobaoán, -áin, pl. id., m., a little bird that frequents sea-strands; hence the proverb, ní tis teir an ngobaván an vá tháis vo rnearcal, the gobadán cannot attend to the two strands; also the little bird (titling) that attends the cuckoo; a flatterer; a parasite; a botch (Mayo).

Sobaim, -ao, v. tr., I peck (of birds), pick, bite at.

Sobante, g. id., pl. -nioe, m., a tattler, a busybody, a talebearer.

Sobarneact, -a, f., chattering,

tattling, grumbling.

Sobán, -áin, pl. id., m., a calf's muzzle; a gag; an obstruction of speech from an extrinsic cause.

Sobánac, -aiż, pl. id., m., a tattler.

See Sobaine:

Joban. See Zaban in its various

meanings.

Sobtac, -aiz, -aize, m., a mouthful; a luscious morsel, esp. applied to butter taken fresh from the churn, or to very rich, ripe blackberries (M.).

Sobóz, -όιζε, -όζα, f., a little bill or mouth; a sand-eel; a dog-

fish.

Jobuiste, indec. p. a., beaked,

picked.

Sos, g. suis, pl. id. and sosa, m., a nod, a wag of the head; the nod, beck, or cackle of a goose; ni't sos ann, he is lifeless.

Soz, -u1z, pl. id., m., a syllable, a tittle; a childish name for an

egg

Soζάċ, -Δiże, α., nodding, wavering, reeling; vain, frivolous. See ζυαζάċ.

Sosaván, -ám, pl. id., m., an unsteady article of furniture,

Sοζαιόε, g. id., f., a childish name for an egg; Sοζαιόε Ó Sοζ, cá ποέαπταο mo neao, a Munster dréachtán. See 3οζ.

Sozaroe, g. id., pl. -σιόε, f., a coquette; a giddy, foolish person; a midwife (also ξοξαιμε,

Mayo).

5ος Διοθας, -οις e, α., coquettish. 5ος Διι, -Δια, f., the cackling of a hen or goose; 5ος Δη, id.

Sozatte, g. id., pl. -tròe, m., a stoic (O'N.); a dotard, a fool, a silly person. See ζό.

Sozaine, g. id., m., in planting potatoes, one who puts seed,

potatoes, etc., into the holes made by the pribin; a midwife (Con.).

Sosaineact, -a, f., the act of placing seeds in the holes made

by the rcibin.

Sozattać, -aiż, m., the cackling of a hen, goose, etc.

Soz-caitteac, f., a doting old woman.

Sossait, -e, f., eackling like a

hen (also doting).

Soibín, g. id., pl. -ive, m., a small mouth; the beak of a bird; a sand eel (also zuibín, dim. of

300).

5οις, -e, f., an inclination of the head; a scoff, a taunt; cuin ré 5οις αιμ réin, he inclined his head disdainfully, cf. cuin ré Leit-ceann αιμ réin (also poic).

Soiceamail, -mla, a., scoffing,

taunting.

5010, g. 5000, f., theft.

Soro-réacam(t), f., a sly glance. Sorom, vl. Soro, v. tr., I steal, plunder.

Soιστe, p. a., stolen.

Soizín, g. id., pl. -ioe, m., a silly person, a coxcomb; a small turf heap set to dry (Con.).

Soit, -e, f., prowess, chivalry,

valour, virtue. See 5011.

Soile, g. id., pl. -live, m. and f., the appetite, the throat, the stomach, the larger intestine; béat an żoile, the pit of the stomach (Mayo C. S.).

Soilim, vl. 301, v. intr. and tr., I cry, weep; weep for, lament.

Kóilín. See zaiblín.

Soitteamain(v), -mna, pl. id., and -mnaca, f., grief, sorrow; intense feeling, trouble; trespass, damage, prey, inroad, offence.

Soillim, vl. Soilleamain, v. intr., I am troublesome to; I prey (upon, an); Soilleann oo oneoroteact onm, your illness affects me; oo soill an tear ain, the heat affected him; vl. also Soilleao.

Soittin, g. id., pl. -ioe, m., a tor-

mentor; 51011a 50111in, the devil (O'N.).

Soim, -e, f., pain, anguish, hurt; malice.

Soimesc, -miże, a., painful, vexatious.

Soimeamait, -mta, a., malicious, painful.

Someamlact, -a, f., painfulness.

Soim-ríoc, m., painful fury.

Soin, -e, pl. Sona and Sonta, g. pl. Son, f., act of wounding; a wound, hurt, a stroke, a stab; a dot; g. also Sona.

Soinceap, -cip, pl. id., m., a pillory; a pair of stocks.

Soineac, -nize, a., wounding, injuring.

Soineac, -niż, -niże, m., one who wounds.

Soinim, vl. Sonao, and Son, also Soin, v. tr., I wound, injure, hurt, stab, gore.

Soine, g. id., f., nearness, contiguity; also comp. of zan, near; im' żoine, near me; inzoine an τiże, near the house.

Soineact, -a, f., nearness, prox-

imity, contiguity.

Somese, g. id., f., rudeness, surliness.

Soinzeac, -ziże, α., grumbling, surly; foolish, doting.

Songeact, -a, f., peevishness, surliness; rashness; foolishness, dotage.

Sommin, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a pimple (O'N.).

Sommiceac, -niže, a., pimpled. Sommiceac, -ciže. See sommiceac.

Sointe ac, etc. brief, etc. (of time or distance, etc.). See

Soipioe, f., shortness, brevity.

Soinim, vl. Soinim or Sainim, v. tr., I shout, cry, invoke, call (upon, an), summon; call, name, designate; pass. -ntean, followed by oe of the person or thing named. See Sainim.

Sommin, g. id., pl. -10e, m., a pimple on the skin. See 50113in.

Soipm, -opma, f., choice; a term

of endearment; mo ţ. tú! bravo!

Soipme, g. id., f., blueness. Soipmeact, -a, f., blueness.

Sommin, g. id., pl. -roe, m., the flower blue-bottle, pansy, heart's ease; three faces under a hood (O'N.).

Soinn, -e, -ioe, f., a gurnet, a

species of fish.

Somméao, -éro, pl. id., m., a species of fish, the gurnard.

Soint, -e, a., bitter, sour, salt; sad, painful (also χυίητ).

Sοιητ-δηιγελό, m., the breaking up or tilling of a field; Sοιητδηιγελό cηοιόε, misery, calamity.

Soinc-bnirim, -eao, v. tr., I break

up or till a field.

Soipte, g. id., f., tartness, saltiness.

Sommeact, -a, f., a craving desire or longing; starving; greediness; famine; saltiness.

Sointeos, -oise, -osa, f., a sour apple; a crab-tree.

Soint-sníom, -a, -manta, m., austerity; an act of penance.

Sointin, g. id., pl. -ioe, m., a little field; a small field of corn; Sointin bhanain, a little fallow field (Fer.).

δόιγέιμ, -έλμα, -έιμιτὸε, m., a hosier, a dealer in stockings (P. O'C.).

Soirce, g. id., pl. -tioe, m., a net, a snare; a halter. See Sairce.

Soirte, g. id., pl. -tibe, m., a jury (Don.). See coirte.

Soirce, g. id., pl. -croe, m., a gossip; a guest.

Soirteat, -tije, a., gossiping; hospitable.

Soitneac, -nige, a., wounding (from soitne, a lance, a spear).

Sot, g. Juil, m., act of weeping, crying. See Jul.

Solán, -áin, m., weeping.

Sot-caoinim, -nead, v. tr. and intr., I lament, bewail.

Sot-cuma, m., grief, sorrow, mourning.

Sot-ζάιμε, pt. -ζάμτα, m., a weeping, a lamentation, a loud noise; sound of weeping.

Somao, somet. for 30 mbao, cond.

of assertive v. 1p, to be.

Somapáit, -e, -i ve, m., a booby; a fellow with his mouth wide open (Der.); Somac, id. (Don. and L.).

Son, so n-, prep., with, along with (before vowels). See so,

prep.

Jona, 30 n-a, with his, with her,

with its, with their.

Sona, sonao, so that; sonao oe, whence; sonao an rin, wherefore (Early Mod.).

Jonac, -aize, a., wounding, de-

structive.

Sonao, -nza, m., act of wounding;

a wounding.

Sonavóiμ, -óμα, -óiμive, m., a piercer, a wounder; zonaiμe, id.

Sonaim, -ao, v. tr., I wound, I

gore, stab, injure.

Sonza, indec. p. a., wounded, hurt, stabbed.

Sonta, indec. a., pungent (of sayings).

Sonzac, -aiże, a., given to wound-

ing or slaying.

Sonuize (30 nuize) ad. phr., to, until, unto, so far, up to this; 30 nuize rin, up to that time.

Son, conj., that. See zun.

Son, g. Suin, m., heat; the heat of incubation, act of incubating; laughter, pleasure; τά απ ζέ απ ζίνη, the goose is hatching, or in hatching heat; ceanc ζίνη, a hatching hen.

5οη, g. ζυιη, pl. id., m., matter formed by inflammation; a blotch, a boil; máταιη ζυιη, the core of an abscess; dim. ζομάη,

Somin.

Σομας, -Διζε, α., foolish, fickle;

inflamed, heated.

ζομαό, -μέα, m., act of burning; blushing; heat; σέαν σο ζομαό, take a shin heat.

Sonaiceamait, -inta, a., croaking,

screeching, complaining; 5011-

Σόμαιό, g. id., m., a goal (N. Con.). Σομαιm, vl. ζομαό and ζομ, v. tr., I heat, warm, burn; bask; hatch.

Sonáinín, dim. of sonán, a pimple,

a small boil.

Sonán, -ánn, pl. id., m., a pimple, a blotch on the skin arising from heat.

Sons, sonsac. See sans, 7c.

Sopm, g. ζυιμm, m., blue, the colour blue; a bluish green colour (as of very tender grass); máitín an ζυιμm, the blue bag.

Sopmac, g. Sopmic, pl. id., m., a nephew, a grandson (also

Sapmac).

Sommán, -áin, pl. id., m., a bluebottle; a greenish trout.

Somm-star, -aire, a., of an azure

or blue colour.

5ομm-μόο, m., the track of a boat; lit., blue track; the way to heaven (O'N.).

Somm-norc, m., a grey full eye,

a blue eye.

Sonm-norcac, -aise, α., blue-eyed (poet.).

Sommuiţim, -uţar and -mar, v. tr. and intr., I colour blue; I become blue; I whet (a sword, etc.); also χομπαιπ, -ατ.

Sont, g. Suint, pl. id., m., a field, corn-field, garden; a plain; a field of grown corn, as opposed to Seaman, corn-grass; the Irish letter S; tub-żont, herb-garden; ubatt-żont, an orchard; dim., Suintín or Sointín.

Sonta, g. id., m., hunger; scarcity, famine, destitution; stinginess; gs. used as α., stingy, miserly, as ημισίη 5οητα, a miserly little

creature.

Sontac, -aiże, a., hungry, starving, stingy, greedy.

Sontacán, m. See zontán.

Sontán, -áin, pl. id., m., a stingy person; a stunted or starved person.

Sont- $\dot{\varsigma}$ tana \dot{o} , -nta, m., weeding. Sont- $\dot{\varsigma}$ tanaım, -a \dot{o} , v. tr., I weed,

I clear of weeds.

Sontušao, -uište, m., act of afflicting, hurting; affliction; ir 5. Liom, I feel it as a wound.

John Jan. - użaż, v. tr., I starve; I hurt, wound, oppress, pain,

afflict, injure.

Sopraniste, indec. p. a., injured,

wounded; starved.

Σομώη, -ώιη, pl. id., m., the hip, the buttock (of an animal).

So reao, hereto, hitherto, yet.

δόττα, g. id., pl. -1 oe, m., a ghost; ξόττα, a male sprite; ζόττας, a female sprite; mí-tí ba raoitige ná ζόττα, a paleness more wan than a ghost's (Fer.).

Soċaċ, -aiċe, a., vocal echoing, resounding (also censorious, given to blame or reproof).

Soċaċ, -aiċ, -aiċe, m., a stoop, a tendency to bend; in pl., vaunting, airs, pretentions, boastful antics, gesticulations; τά γέ coir na τειπεαὸ ir ζοċαὸ αir, he is beside the fire in a stooped posture (Ker.).

Socáil, -ála, f., the act of cutting or "gutting" fish, etc. (A.).

Socián, -áin, pl. id., m., a shrill voice or noise; opprobrium, blame, censure.

Spábáit, -áta, f., act of engraving

or inscribing (A.).

Snabame, g. id., pl. -moe, m., a jester, a prattler, a precocious youth, a young boy, a little lad (properly chabame).

Spabaineact, -a, f., impertinent

talk. See chabaineact.

Spábátaim, -ao, v. tr., I engrave, carve.

Sμαδαμ, -aiμ, m., small fragments of anything; 5. móna, turf mould (Don.). ξ₁ιabóξ, - \acute{o} 1ξe, - \acute{o} 5a, f., a prattling little girl (O'N.).

Σημάτηός, -όιςe, -ός α , f., a morsel; a crumb of bread, etc. (Don.).

ξηάο, g. -a and -áιο, m., love, affection, amity, amiability; trust; an ξηάο, for the love of; γαου-ξ., foolish love; γεαρι-ξ., fond, intense love; τίμ-ξ., love of country, patriotism; 1 ης. te, 1 ης. αμ, in love with.

Σμάο, -άιο, m., a grade (A.). Σμάολ, g. id., m., a grade (A.).

Sμάτολό, -τολιζε, α., loving, affectionate, amiable.

Sparram, -aim, m., esteem, preeminence.

Σμασαπαċ, -αιże, a., estimable.

Spáðamait, -mta, a., loving, lovable, affable, affectionate.

Sμάσmai μεαότ, -a, f., fondness, amiability.

5πάοπαη, -Δημε, α., generous, affectionate, amiable; affable, courteous.

Σμά ο ὑιζα ο, -uiζ τ e, m., act of loving.

δράδυιζιπ, -υζαό, v. tr., I love.
 δράδυιζτεοιρ, -ορα, -οιμιόε, m.,
 a lover.

Spar, -air, m., a mark, especially in writing or print.

Sparao, -aio and -ria, m., act of grubbing or taking off the surface of the lea (in whole or in part), a portion of lea thus treated; act of writing; penmanship; dried moorland (Con.).

Spiaradóineact, -a, f., burning dried moorland (Con.). See

Sparao.

Spiapaim, -paò, v. tr., I write, serape, carve; I grub, i.e., take the surface off the lea.

Sμαράη, -άιη, m., an axe for grubbing or cutting fine furze;
ξμαράη ηα ζειος, stone-crop,
wall pepper;
ξμαράη bán, white horse-hound;
ζουθ, black horse-hound.

Σματός, -όιζε, -όζα, f., a hoe. See Σματάπ.

51135, - \$15, pl. id., m., the cawing

of a crow; the cackling of a hen before laying; a shout.

Sμάζαιμε, g. id., pl. -μιόε, m., a crier, a shouter, a screamer.

ξηάζζαι, -e, f., the clucking of a hen, the crowing of a cock or daw; ζηάζαιι and ζηάζαιιας, id.; ςηάζζαιι, ςηάζζαιι (Don.).
ξηαιβ, -e, -eanna, f., an almanac

(O'N.).

Spáibín, g. id. pl. -roe, m., a writing office.

Sμάιδίπεας, -a, f., writing in an office, clerical work.

Sparteac, -liż, -liże, m., an un-

tidy overgrown person.

Sparrne, g. id., f., horsemanship, riding; an alarm; a jarring or grating noise, the grunting of swine, the neighing of horses; noise, tumult, stir (nom. also sparann).

Σημαιτηθοίη, -οημα, -οιηιόθ, m., a

writer, a penman.

Sparpneomeact, -a, f., writing,

penmanship.

Spairniżim, -iużao, v. intr., I make a noise, tumult, bustle. Spairnim, -neao, v. tr., I write.

Spairnim, -nead, v. tr., 1 write. Spai \dot{z} (Spai \dot{z}), -e, f., a herd, stud (of horses); steeds.

Sμάις, -e, -eaċa, f., a village, a hamlet; ζμάιζίη, dim.

Spanse, g. id., f., superstition (O'N.); spanseact, id.

Sηλιπέλη, -éιη, pl. id., m., a gram-

Σπάιπ, g. ζηάπαὰ and ζηάιπε, f., disgust, dislike, abhorrence, aversion, hatred, shame, horror (of, αζ; at, αη); ugliness; reproach; 17 ζ. tiom, I hate; ζηάιπ άιζ οης, the shame of fate(?) on you! may fortune hate you!

Spáineamail, -mla, a., odious,

hateful, ugly, horrible.

5πάιπεος, -οιςε, -οςα, f., a hedgehog, a porcupine; an urchin; fig., a buffoon, a jester; 5. réin, a lap cock of hay (Don.).

Spánnism, -nusao, v. tr., I hate,

despise.

Spanne, -e, -eaca, f., a frown, a disdainful expression of face; a whetting of the teeth; disgust.

Spanneiżim, -iużań, v. tr., I disdain, loathe; I set the teeth on edge, grind the teeth in anger.

Spláinne, g. id., pl. -neaca, m., grain, a grain of corn; a small particle; a small quantity; 5. té, 7c., a small quantity of tea, etc.

ξτάιππελċ, -niże, α., granulous.
 ξτάιππυιżim, -iużaċ, v. intr., I granulate, become grain.

Spáinnín, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a little

grain; a pinch of tea, snuff, etc. Spáinnreacán, -áin, m., roasted corn (also phóinnreacán).

Sprámpeac, -pige, -peaca, f., a species of large seagull (Mayo).

Sμάιητελό, -ριζε, -ρελόλ, f., a grange, a granary; a farm.

Sμάιητεος, -015e, -05a, f., a hard, brittle cake.

δηάιτς, -e, f., the mob, the rabble; a low class of people; ribaldry, obscenity, filth.

ξηάιγτεαπαιλ, -mta, α., pertaining to the rabble; vulgar, obscene, mean, vile; in Om. ξηάιγτεαλας. ξηάιγτεαπλάςτ, -a, f., vulgarity,

obscenity, meanness, vileness.

Snaitin. See snatain.

Spaite, business (Con. and U.). Spaiteat, -tit, m., busy (Con.

and U_{\cdot}).

Spamainc, -e, f., a mob; a low

class of people.

Sμαπαρ, -αιρ (σμορ or σμυρ), m., a snout; the mouth; a contraction of the mouth; a grinning expression of face; a grin, a frown; cuiμ γέ σμαπαρ αιμ γέιπ, he grinned.

Spamarac, -aiże, a., grinning;

nice, neat.

Sηαπαγεαέ, -aıξ, pl. id., m., one of the mob or rabble rout.

Sμαπαρςαμ, -αιμ, m., rabble; refuse.

5μαπός, -όιζε, -όζα, f., a buffoon, a jester; a prattling female. See Σμαδός. Spampairc, -e, f., a multitude, crowd, flock; the rabble.

Snamraine, g. id., pl. -nice, m., a grinner; one with a curious expression of the mouth; 511amaróz, id., znamaróizín, dim. id. Snamrcan (Con. and Don.). See

Snarcan and Snamarcan.

Σπαπράιμιόe, pl., m., vain showy people (South Cork).

Σμάπ**ί**αċ, -Διζ, m., corn.

Spán Lacan, or spán connóise, m., the small herb or weed called duck's meat.

Snánna, indec. a. (zpánoa), ugly, hideous, hateful, detestable, horrid, nasty, abominable; ún-ż, very ugly; spáice is comp. and super. form in Don.

Σμάπηαċτ (ζμάησαċτ), -a, f., ugli-

ness, deformity.

Thán-ubatt, m., a pomegranate. Spaorta, indec. a., filthy, obscene,

Σμαογταότ, -a, f., obscenity, filth. Σμά**ρ**λ, g. id., pl. -roe, a prong, a dung fork; a grape (A.).

Σμάρ, g. id., and -a, pl. -a, m., grace, favour, aid, help, succour; in M. and Don. sp. l., pl. spárta (nom. also Snara).

Σμάγα mail, -mla, a., full of grace; gracious (in M. sp. l. znárt-

Tháramlact, -a, f., grace, favour, mercy; graciousness (in M. sp.

l. snártamlact).

Sμάγcaμ, -aiμ, m., a low crowd; the dregs of the people; a mob; an Sparcap San mear, the contemptible set (E. R.); a quarrel, a fight (also thárcan); znárcan tám, a hand to hand conflict.

Spárman, -aine, a., gracious, favourable.

Τράρπαραότ, -a, f., graciousness. Τράτα, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a grate

Σματαιη, -e, f., a flock, a multitude of insignificant things (as insects, pebbles, etc.), used in a derogatory sense; 5. miolac, one of the plagues of Egypt;

5. cheacán, a heap of small potatoes, a poor crop (M., etc.); a mob, a low tribe of people; cf. an jhaitin-phuit cealsac Cailbin an éitig (Scan.).

Sμέ (ζηέ), g. id., pl. ζμέιτα and ζμέιτης, f., a kind or sort, a species; in pl. ornaments, trinkets, toys; zpéite zeanamla, charming toys or trinkets: delph, china (ché); τά ζμέιτης maite asam beaptouiste 10' comain, I have settled on good gifts for you (E.R.).

Speabán, -áin, m., dropwort.

Σμεαδός, -όιςε, -όςα, f., a small kind of sea-gull (Con.).

Σμέλιτο, -cτλ, m., act of screaming; shouting (also rchéacao). Spéacaim. See rchéacaim.

Theso, -s, pl. id., m., a stroke, a

blow; an incitation.

Theadao, -ota and ouite, m., act of pressing, beating, torturing; 5. bar, wringing or beating hands in grief; burning, scorching; scorching heat; zneavao cuzat is a common form of imprecation, also, but less common, speadad ont; speadad aipsid, plenty of money.

Speadam, -ao, v. tr., I strike, I whip, urge on, press; burn, scorch; zneao im' oiaio an ceot, quicken the music after me (said by a dancer); oo thead ré ain (or teir), went off quickly (walking, etc.).

The abat, -ait, pl. id., m., a griddle. Speadán, -áin, m., a torturing; mo 5., alas; a creaking; parched corn; snuff; heat in the blood; Speadán dáine, copulation heat in cattle; also itch, leprosy (O'N.).

Speadánac, -aise, a., burning, scorching, nettling, inciting, urging, beating; also noisy, ohstreperous.

511eaorac, -a15, m., a pain, a

smarting (Don.).

Speadnac, -naise, a., exulting.

shouting (Kea., T. S.); also speatnac.

Spieavoς, -όιςe, -όςa, f., a grill, a griddle; a slap of the hand; a rod, a whip, a lash; also a blaze (O'N.).

Sμελο-ρυόλιμ, -e, f., a torturing; loss.

Spearca, indec. p. a., struck, whipped severely, scorched.

Struck, scourged, whipped; incited, scorched.

Sμέας, -έιςε, f., Greece; used with the article, an ζμέας, na Σπέιςε, 7c.

ξτέαζας, -αιζ, pl. id. and -αιζε, m., a Greek; as α., Greek (also ζτέιζεας).

Sμέαςας, -αιζε, α., Greek; bright, grand, splendid, cheerful, gaudy; má'r ςμέαςας απ μέαςος, πί μιοςταμ α ςπάπα, if the peacock be gaudy, its bones are not picked.

Sμέαζόιμ, -όμα, -όιμι ό e, m., one versed in Greek, a Greek scholar.

Speattac, -aise, -aca, f., clay, loam, filth, mire; ground beaten or trodden on; as place-name it signifies a bare, moist, trampled place; as a., clayey, filthy.

Speatrac, -Διζ, -Διζe, m., a species of fish, a polypus.

Speamac, -aite, a., grappling, grasping, griping.

Speamaroe, g. id., pl. -oce, m., a flesh-hook; a grappler.

ξηελπυζαό, -υιζτε, m., act of seizing, sticking to, clutching, biting, fastening, grappling.

Stieamuisim, -usao, v. tr. and intr., I stiek to, stiek, bite; seize, grasp; gain, obtain; fasten together; I grapple, unite with (te, somet. 00).

Speamuite, indec. p. a., fastened, cleaving to, bound firmly together; stitched, sown; taken hold of, bitten.

Spean, g. Spin, m., the bottom of the sea, lake, or river; the gravel or coarse sand of the bottom of the sea or lake, or of a river; the sandy sediment at the bottom of a vessel containing fluid; coarse sand, as distinguished from Sannin, fine sand; also irritation; to cump fe spean an mo choiceann, he irritated my skin.

Speanao, -nta, pl. id., m., an engraving.

Sμεληλούιμ, -όμλ, -όιμισε, m., an engraver.

Speanaim, -ao, v. tr., I carve, grave.

Speann, g. Spinn, m., fun, mirth, sport, humour; also love, affection, liking, esteem; mo ċéao speann, my love one hundred fold; te speann, in sport; reap spinn, a humorous man; rcéat spinn, m., an amusing story; as oéanam spinn ap, making fun of (Don.).

Speann, -pinn, m., fur, down, beard, hair.

Speannac, -aiże, a., hairy, furry, bearded, bushy, bristly.

Speannamail, -mla, α ., pleasant. Speannamlact, -a, f., gaiety.

Speannman, -aipe, α., witty, facetious, pleasant, comical, amiable, affable; queer, strange (M.); τη σρεαπημάρι απι γεέαι έ, it is a strange or queer story (M.).

δρεαπημέαὸ, -uiἐċe, m., act of irritating, irritation; man ἐρεαπημέαὸ an Ὁia, to irritate God (Kea., T.S.). See δρεαπ.

Spieannuizim, -użaż, v. tr., I incite, exhort, provoke, defy, exasperate. See zpean.

Sμε annui Śim, -u Śa·ö, v. tr., I love; I make pleasing.

Speants, indec. a., neat, beautiful; polished; engraven, carved.

Spear, -a, m., the amount of anything done at a time; 5. cooatta, a continuous sleep; 5. żuit, the amount of crying done without intermission, etc.; a heat, a spell (also opear).

Σμέαρ, -έιρε, f., embroidery. Κπέαρ, g. ζμέιρ, m., furniture; needlework, embroidery (also fine clothes); protection; spréir-citt, a sanctuary.

Sμέλη, m., custom, practice; σe żμέλη, usually, habitually, com-

monly.

Spéarac, -aize, a., accomplished;

skilled in embroidery.

Snéaγαιοeαcτ, -a, f., the art of shoemaking; embroidering, trimming, dressing.

Spearáit, -áta, f., a drubbing, a

beating.

Stearáilim, vl. -ráit, v. tr., I beat, strike; urge on, drive quickly (of a horse, etc.) (also stearálaim).

Spéarán, -áin, pl. id., m., a web.

Spearmal, -ail, pl. id., m., refuse. Spear-obain, f., a work of em-

broidery.

Spéapuide, gen. id., pl. -de, m., a shoemaker; a trimmer, a dresser, an embroiderer; a kind of small fish (Con.).

Sμέαρυιζιm, -υζαό, v. tr., I excite, urge, hasten (also ζμίορυιζιm).

Speat, -a, -anna, m., a shout, a huzza, noise (O'N).

Speatapnac, -ais, m., noise, clamour, shouting, cheering.

Speatnac. See zpeadnac.

Streate, g. id., -troe, m., a gift, a present (O'N.); in pl., finery, nick-nacks (Don.).

Specifically, -oitt, -a, m., a griding, a "griddle"; also f., gen.

Spitte (for specific) (U.).

Speroin, -one, f., mirth, good humour, jollity; affection, love; mo ξρειοιπ τροιοε έ, he is my heart's love (pron. πρασαιπ in M.).

Sperome, g. id., pl.-proe, m., a stallion (O'N.).

Jueroneac, -niże, a., mirthful, jovial, amiable.

ξμέιξις, -e, f., the Greek language.
ξμειτεάη, -áιη, pl. id., m., a broadsword (O'N.).

Stierm, g. Stierma, pl. Stiermanna, m., a hold, grip, grasp; a bite, bit, morsel, piece, slice,

mouthful; a sudden pain, stitch (in side); bondage; a stitch with a needle; 3. o'razait ap, 5. 00 bheit an, to catch, catch hold of, get a grip of, seize; 3. oo zabail oe, to take effect on, lay hold of, conquer; Speim conraio, the bite of a mad dog; Speim teansan, a lisp; Speim 5110mais, a firm hold (as by a lobster); Sheim an oume bároτe, a drowning man's grip; veaman zheim zuh ceaht cú, upon my word you are a brick (Don.).

Speimim, v. tr., I seize, grasp, I bite. Also speamaim, speam

1151m.

Spermine, g. id., pl.-price, m., a pincers, a grappling instrument.

Speimirc, -e, f., old garments, trash, trumpery, lumber, toys, trifles.

Speimirceoin, -ona, -oinioe, m., a pedlar, a broker.

Σμέιη το δρά τος, -eice, f., the Zodiac; also Σμέιη το δρά τος (O'N).

Spiénp, -e, f., fat, suet, grease (O'N.).

δμέιρς, -e, f., the fibre sediment in animal fat; grease. See δμέιρ.
 δμέιρειm, -ceao, v. tr., I grease.

Speir-stotta, m., a client (Spear, favour, mercy, and Stotta—P. O'C.).

Spéritive (chéritive), pl., delph. Speritileán, -áin, m., haste, hurry,

confusion (W. Ker.).

Stian, -ain, m., the bottom (of lake, well, etc.); base, foundation. See Spean.

Sμιαη, g. Spéine, pl. -a and -ca, f., the sun.

Σηιαπας, -αιζε, α., sunny, pleasant (also fathomable, O'N.).

Spiranao, -nta, m., act of sunning, basking in the sun.

Sμιαπαιm, -αύ, v. tr., I sun, warm in the sun; also I fathom.

Spiranán, -áin, pl. id., m., a sunny chamber, a bower, summer bower, house, or palace, especially on a hill or place exposed to the sun.

Stranános, indec. a., embowered, sunny, brilliant.

Sman - Bátao, -bároce, m., an

eclipse of the sun.

Spian-bhat, m., a summer cloak. Sman-burbe, a. and subs., twilight; the peculiar colour of sunset in summer (O'N.); but buroe is often applied to the full sunshine of summer.

Sman-chior, m., the Zodiac.

Smanbeac.

Sman-cuipim, -cup, v. tr., I set down lucidly (with rior).

Smanoa, indec. a., sunny, solar; bright, pleasant.

Spianoact, -a, f., sunshine, splendour; brightness, pleasantness.

Σηιαη-ταιμεασόιη, -όμα, -όιμιτο, m., a sun-dial.

Spian-flait, m., an illustrious prince. See plant.

Stian-za, m., a bright dart. See

Sman-zal, m., a sunny haze.

Spian-Staine, f., sun-brightness. Sman-Sonao, m., basking in the sun; heating in the sun.

Stian-Sonaim, -ao, v. tr. and intr.,

I bask in the sun, I sun.

Σηιαη-ζηαγασόιη, -όηα, -όιηισε, m., a photographer.

Sman-torcao, m., sun-burn, sunburning (O'N.).

Stran-noin, f., noontide, noonday. Σηιαπόιη, -όμα, -όιμι όe, m., one that heats or basks in the sun.

Spranoipeact, -a, f., heating, warming or basking in the sun.

Smannużao, -uiżce, m., act of sunning, drying in the sun (also znianuzao).

Thianhuizim, -użao, v. tr. and intr., I sun, dry in the sun (as salt fish, etc.); I bask in the

Spian-read, m., the Solstice.

Smib, -e, f., dirt. See onib (O'N.). Snib, -e, -eaca, f., the feathers covering the claws of birds; also a manger (O'N.).

Shib-ream, -rim, pl. id., m., a bold griffin-like man, a hero.

Sníb-inzneac, m., a griffin. See

Stinn, α., accurate; funny, pleasant, fine, elegant; somet. used as prefix in sense of close. intense, earnest, accurate, etc.

Trinn-breathuitim, -utao, v. intr., I think seriously on, medi-

Spinneall, -nill, m., the bottom of the sea or of a lake or river, the ground sand of the sea, etc.; the hard sand, etc., on which the foundations of a building are laid; fig., the depths of the sea (also g. -nitte. f.). See zpean and zpian.

Spinneallaim, -ao, v. tr., I fathom, sound, ascertain the depth of.

Spinn-eolar, m., thorough knowledge (Donl.).

Trinn-reiteam, act of intensely enjoying; as 5. na stoine, intensely enjoying glory (Kea.).

Σμίου, -íbe, f., a claw, a talon; a large bill or nail; a bird of prey with large claws, as a griffin, a vulture; zníb-řean, a bold tenacious warrior; ζηίου-Διτελό, a monster with large claws $(Ke\alpha.).$

Spiobaine, -apea, f., act of teasing or annoying (with an).

Spriobaltac, -ais, pl. id., m., a churl, a miser, a curmudgeon.

Σμίοδολ, indec. a., griffin-like. Sμίου-μρόη, f., a hawk-nose; a crook-nose.

Σμίου-μρόπας, -aiże, a., hawknosed, crook-nosed.

Spiooán, -áin, m., dregs, remains (Don.). See oniovan.

Spioradac, -aiże, α., blood-creeping; tingling (W. Ker.).

Τμιοζαό, -ζέα, m., act of urging, inciting.

5η105 Δ1m, -3 Δ0, v. tr., I urge; as spiopad ip as spiosad, earnestly urging.

Tríom, -ime, -a, f., a griffin. See

Sprionzal, -art, m., zeal, spirit, care, assiduity, grit.

Smopár, -áir, m., haste (with an) (Mayo, C. S.); also optopár.

Spior, -ir, m., embers, hot ashes; heat; fire; pimples, blotches, spots or rash on the skin; an ti thir an ó15-111, of the colour of the blush of the young lily (Fer.).

Spiorac, -aise, pl. -aca, f., fire, burning embers; ashes containing small coals of fire; véançaio ré 5., he will work havoc (Con.).

Spiorao, -rta, m., act of burning, stimulating, urging; encouragement, excitement (also zníor-

นรังช่).

Spioráil, -ála, f., a whipping.

Snioraim, -ao, v. tr., I urge, encourage, abet, incite, provoke, exasperate.

Spior-żopao, -pta, m., burning

Σμίος-ζημαό, f., a ruddy cheek (Art McC.).

Spior-taitneamat, -maite, flame-bright, resplendent.

Spioruizim, -użao, v. tr., I excite, stir up. See znioram.

Sprotal, -art, m., coarse sand, gravel.

Spir, -e, f. See spior.

Spir-beo, a., burning, live (of a

Spircin, g.id., pl. -10e, m., a broiled piece of meat; a piece of meat suitable for broiling; the word occurs also in a place name, Sleann Spircin, a townland in East Kerry, but whether precisely in this sense is uncertain.

 $\Sigma \mu i r$ -neim, f., burning venom,

violence.

Σμιάγς, - úιγςe, f., a large number. Spobaine, g. id., pl. -price, m., a miser (M.).

Spoo, gsf. spuroe, a., quick, active, prompt, early; phátaite Spood, early potatoes; 50 5., shortly, quickly, soon.

5μοσάη, -áin, pl. id., m., a boat. Spoo-foctac, -aise, a., of hasty

words, voluble.

Spoo-parapic, m., a glance, a view, a vision.

Shoo-ppain, -e, f., a brisk struggle.

5105, -a, -aroe, m., a haunch; in pl., the haunches; an a 5405016. on his haunches; a frown (O'N).

Σμος A, g. id., pl. -1 oe, m., a bent posture; a feeble, ill-fed old animal; also an enfeebled old man or woman (W. Ker.); 5ηος Διό, id. (Con.).

Shosaim, -ao, v. tr., I foot, set upon end; ας ζμόζαο móna, setting turf-sods on end to dry (also as chuiceao mona and cnutaifit, Ker.). Znuaizeat.

Sposaine, g. id., pl. -price, m., a hunchback.

Σμόζάη, -áin, pl. id., m., a small heap of turf sods set cone-like on their ends to dry in a bog (Clare): 5015in, id. (Con.).

Snoro, -e, f., a stud of horses or brood mares (also 511015). Also

311410.

Sporoe, indec. a., spirited, bighearted, hearty, generous.

Sporo-éizneac, -niże, a., precipitate, hurried.

Snoro-mean, -mine, a., swift, rapid.

Snoro-pranao, -nca, m., act of briskly torturing.

Spors, -e, a., funny, comical (Mayo).

Spointin, g. id., pl. -roe, m., an important person; a very pretentious person (O'N.).

Sponntur, -tuir, m., groundsel, senecio vulgaris.

Spopari, - siri, pl. id., m., a sewer, a gully.

Spotac, -aite, a., curdled, coagulated, curd-producing.

Spuas, g. spuaise, f., the hair of head; nom. in sp. l. genly. 5114A15.

Spuazac, -aiz, -aize, m., an enchanter, a magician, spectre, goblin, "browney"; often a hero or champion.

Spuazač, -aiże, a., hairy, long

maned.

Sinazaine, g. id. pl. -price, m., a hair-dresser.

5 μιαιό, g. -e, pl. -αόα, -αόπα and -e, f., a cheek, a brow, an edge of a ridge or furrow; also τημαό.

Sημαιό-rliuc, -ice, α., having wet cheeks, mourning.

Spuaro-żeat, -żite, a., bright-cheeked.

ξημαιζεαό (móna), m., act of raising turf sods on their ends (footing) in small clusters to dry (Con.); in Kerry, chuicea ὁ móna is used, which is a contraction for cumaicea ὁ; cumpeac ός is the little heap of turf so raised, called ζημαιζίη or ζοιζίη in Con. In parts of Ker. cnucampt or cnocampt móna is used.

Sημαιζίη, g. id., pl. -ιόe, m., a little heap of turf. See ζημαιζεαό.

5tuaim, g. -e and -ama, f., gloom, displeasure, ill-humour, surliness, a frown.

Spuaimín, g. id., pl., -roe, m., a sullen little fellow.

 $\mathbf{S}_{\text{nualm-teac}}$, - $\dot{\mathbf{c}}_{1}\dot{\mathbf{c}}_{e}$, pl. - $\dot{\mathbf{c}}_{1}\dot{\mathbf{c}}_{e}$, m., a gloomy abode.

Spuamacán, -áin, pl. id., m., a sour-looking gloomy person.

Spuamoa, indec. a., gloomy, frowning, glum, grim.

Spuamoacc, -a, f., sullenness, surliness, gloominess.

Spuanać, -aiż, -aiże, m., the male of the spring salmon (Mayo).

ξηάς, -άις, pl. id., m., a wrinkle; a lie; fierceness, anger, displeasure.

Σηύζας, -Διζε, α., stern, fierce, surly, stubborn, vicious, wrinkled.

Stuzam, -aim, -amaioe, m., a blow; tuz ré zhuzam 'ran ceann oam, he gave me a blow on[the head (Don.); cnazán, id.

Sμάιο, -e, f., fear, terror; San S. μοιṁ ἀπεαὐαιθ, not afraid of wounds (A. McU.).

Spuro, -e, f., malt, beer (O'N.); thick stuff called "wastings" in stilling (Der.).

Spuis, 1., 30 puise or 30 nuise. See pois and nuis.

Spunt-tearc, m., a cheese-mould (O'N.).

Σμύm, m., an ice-floe; ζμύmanna, pl., large sections (as of ice).

Σμάγcán, -áin, m., act of growling or grumbling (Con.).

Sημέ, g. ςηοτλ, pl. id., m., curds; ςημέ buróe, biestings; ςημέ cáire, cheese curds; ζημέ τύιρ biestings (Clare).

Sputáil, -ála, f., the grunting of

a pig.

Suaz, -a1ze, -a, f., folly; a silly, vain, light-headed person.

Suazac, -aiż, pl. id., m., a whimsical, fantastic fellow.

Suasaċ, -aiţe, a., light, frivolous, unthrifty, dizzy, unsteady; suasánaċ, id.

Suagaine, g. id., pl. -niòe, m., a stoic; an imprudent person; one who hangs around tap-room doors, dining rooms, etc.

Suaisin, g. id., pl. -ioe, m., a silly, vain, light-headed fellow.

Suailneac, -niţe, a., having shoulders or branches.

Suaitneán, -áin, pl. id., m., a shoulder gusset (in M. sp. l., Suaiteán).

Suaitnižim, -iużao, v. tr. and intr., I shoulder, cope, match with.

Suambhe, g. id., f., a fluttering, a waving (of flags) (Om.); Suampris in Der., Saoppais in Mon.

Suamoeán, -ám, pl. id., m., a whirlwind, a vertigo; ζαοτ ζυαποεάπ, a whirlwind.

Suame, g. id., pl. -μιόe, m., rough hair; a bristle; a generous man; αċ-Ṣuame, a second Guaire, one equal to Guaire in generosity; a sand-bank above high-water mark (Aran).

Suameac, -mise, f., the hair on a horse's tail (Clare); bristles; 5. muice, 5. Spaineoise, the coarse hair or bristles of a pig, porcupine, etc.; Gorey, Co. Wex.

Suameac, - μ 15e, a., rough, bristly. Suameacán, -ám, pl. id., m., a

hairy, bristly person or object; a vain, silly person.

Suarrin, g. id., pl. -roe, m. (dim. ofzuaine), a little sand-bank.

Suarnne, g. id., f., a whirling; cuitice Suainne, a whirlpool (M.).

Suainneán, -áin, m., a whirlwind; a grumbling, complaining.

Suainneánac, -aize, a., complain-

ing, grumbling.

Suarr, -e, pl. id., f., danger, jeopardy, strait; labour; 1 nz. temb, on the point of undergoing the pains of childbirth (McD.); $5an\ddot{b}-\dot{5}uar$, a convulsive fit, a paroxysm.

Suarr-beant, f., enterprise, ad-

venture (Fer.).

Suair-beamac, -aize, a., enterprising, adventurous, perilous.

Suarreamant, -mta, a., dangerous. Suarpin, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a gosling (in Ker., 5óırtín) (A.).

Suat, -ait, m., coal.

Suata, g. Suatann, pl. Suaitne and Juailneaca, f., a shoulder; met., a man, a person; an Suatainn, alongside of; ir maot Suala San bhátain, unprotected is the man (shoulder) without a friend; zuala an żualamn, shoulder to shoulder.

Sualabóin, -óna, -óinibe, m., a

collier.

Sual-aisteac, -tize, a., with coalblack face.

Sual-clair, f., a coal-pit. Suatoa, indec. a., coal-black.

Sual-oat, m., jet-black, the colour of coal.

Sual-lons, f., a collier ship (O'N). Suanac, -aiże, a., giddy, whimsical, fantastical (O'D., who is quoted by P. O'C.); from zuan, a fool (O'N.).

Suanact, -a, f., folly.

Suapoat, -ait, pl. id., m., a petrel. Suapoal, -ail, m., wandering, strolling; an 3., wandering (M.).

Suapnán, -áin, pl. id., m., a wheel, a crane, a jack (O'N.).

Suarac, -aise, a., perilous, hazardous, painful, adventurous.

Suaract, -a, f., danger, jeopardy, peril; an adventure; an suaract bair, in the throes of death.

Suarman, -aine, a., dangerous,

hazardous, perilous.

Súo, g. zúio, m., gout; champa an Súro, the cramp of gout (M.).

Suoa, g. id., pl. -röe, m., a species

of fish, the gudgeon.

Suöö (obs.), a college, university; Suob ba hainm oo bot leiginn a mbío \dot{o} Colum (O'N.); an armoury.

Suobac, -aize, a., studious.

Suobaine, g. id., pl. -nioe, m., a collegian, a student.

Suz, zuzatlać, 7c. See 303, 303allac, 7c.

Suzán, -áin, pl. id., m., a noggin (Don.).

Surve, g. id., pl. id., f., act of praying, beseeching; prayer, intercession; Juite (Con., Mea. and

Kuroeacán, -áin, m., a prayer; an

imprecation.

Surceact, -a, f., advocacy, intercession (O'N.).

Surveactain, -ana, f., act of praying, supplicating (poet. form. See zuive); zuiveactaint, id.

corrupt Suroeal, for AOIDEALL, "gadding," of cows.

Suroim, vl. zurve and zurveac-TAIN (poet.), v. tr. and intr., I pray, beg, request, beseech.

Suroceoin, -ona, -ontroe, m., a petitioner, one who prays.

Suit, -e, f., the act of boiling. bubbling. See Suite.

Suite, g. id., f. and m. See soite. Suitim, vl. Jul and Jot, v. tr. and intr., I weep, cry; lament, bewail, bemoan.

Suitimne, g. id., pl. -nice, f.,

calumny, reproach.

Suitimnesc, -nite, a., calumnious, reproachful.

Suitimnizim, -iużaż, v. tr., I cal umniate, reproach.

Suite, -e, f., the act of boiling,

bubbling.

Sumin, g. id., pl.-roe, m., a pimple, a blain, a spot. See zoinin and

Summe, g. id., f., blueness.

Summin, g. id., m., woad, blue,

Suinc, -e, a., salt, sour, bitter; sad, painful. See 501pt.

Surréad, -éro, -érorde, m., a gus-

set (A.).

Surre, g. id., pl. -troe, m., a semicylindrical chisel (G. J., Vol. III., p. 12).

Surrein cloice, m., a stone-chatter (Clare). See cairtín rá cloic.

Sul, g. Suit and Sola, pl. id., m., a weeping, bewailing, crying; lamentation.

Súna, g. id., pl. -10e, m., a gown. Súnzac, -aiże, a., narrow-loined, awkward; also narrow-shoul-

Súnzaine, g. id., pl. -proe, m., a narrow-loined, awkward person.

Sunna, g. id., pl. -10e, m., a gun;

Συπηασόιμ, -όμα, -όιμισe, m., a gunner.

Sunnaine, g. id., pl. -pioe, m., a gunman, a shooter; Zunnaipe oipeac, a sharp-shooter.

Sunta, p. a., wounded. See zonta. Sup (30 po), conj., that, so that, till, until (before perf. tense); nó ζυμ, id.; sċτ ζυμ, but that, only that, provided that. 30, conj.

Sun=Sunab and Sunb, pres. and past of assertive v. 17, that it is, that it was (the b or b omitted before consonants).

Supab (50+n+ab), the pres. of the v. 1r, after 50, used before vowels; zunab eao, may it be so; zunab é an bár a leazraio tú, may death overthrow you. maire, zunab eao, well, may it be so; avein ré zunab é réin a maint é, he says that it is he himself slew him; it becomes zun (not infecting) before consonants. Sun(b), the perf. of the v. 1r, with 50; becomes 5unb before vowels and Sun before consonants.

 Σ uμό ζ , -όι ζ e, -ό ζ a, f., a species of small seagull with black head and white body (Mayo).; prop. zeabnóz.

Sunnán, -áin, m., the cry or noise of suckling pigs; zuinnin, id.

Συμμύη, -ύιη, pl. id., m., the haunch.

Sur, prep., to, towards, unto, till; old form of 50, prep., to, before the article.

Sur, g. Suir, m., strength, power, force, vigour, motion, moment; 3an 3ur, worthless.

 Σur , g. Σur , m., inclination, desire:

opinion, conceit (O'N).

Surman, -aine, a., strong, powerful; keen, sharp; passionate, angry.

Surtat, -ait, m., wealth; a load, a burden; means; ability.

Surtatac, -aije, a., wealthy, pompous, influential.

 Σ urcó Σ , -ó Σ e, -ó Σ a, f., a hussy; a stout, awkward, ill-proportioned woman.

Sut, g. zota, pl. zota, zotanna, m., voice; the articulate or musical voice; a vote; pron. Sur (N. Con.); a vowel, a vocable.

Σύτλ, g. id., m., gout (A.). Súo.

Suca, g. id., pl. -roe, m., puddle, mire, mud, filth, dirt.

Sutatac, -ais, pl. id., m., a man cuckold-maker (O'N.).

Συταίός, -όιςe, -όςα, f., a woman euckold-maker (O'N.).

Suc-turanca, indec. a., of eloquent speech (Wat.).

1 (vat, the whitethorn tree), an auxiliary letter in the Irish Alphabet, used to express aspiration, to prevent hiatus, etc.; in modern Irish it is sometimes used instead of a dot over a letter to represent aspiration,

and when Irish is written in Roman characters it is very commonly so used; it is written after the letter to be aspirated, thus, tize = tizhe; h- is prefixed by the article to all plural nouns beginning with a vowel, except in the genitive case, when it prefixes n-; h- is prefixed by the possessive prn., a, her, to nouns beginning with a vowel; h- is also often prefixed for euphony to the second of two words, one ending and the other beginning with a vowel.

h' for t, thy (before vowels).

ná! interj., ha! used by repetition in laughing; somet. he! he! he! he! is used, somet. also ha! ha! ha! ha! ha! ha! halbert (Fer.).

halla, gen. id., pl. -roe, m., a hall

(A.).

hata, g. id., pl. -roe, a hat (A.).
hatán, -áin, pl. id., m., a hood
(McCur. Dic. and in Don.).

hé, interj. halo! used with a loud voice in calling a person at a distance: héla Séamair, halo! James; often used also in speaking English.

hươa, gen. id., pl. -roe, m., a hood. hur, in phr. ní oubant ré hur ná har, he did not utter a tittle. huzaro teat, go along, get out

(Con.).

huntéin, -éana, -éinide, m., a hunter (horse) (A.).

Πυμμύ! interj., hurru! an exclamation of triumph or defiance.

1 (ioòa, the yew-tree), the eighth letter of the Modern Irish Alphabet.

i, pers. prn., she, her, it; emph., ire; i reo, this; i rin, that; i riúo, that over there, yon, yonder.

i, or ui, g. of ó, ua, m., grandson, descendant; also pl. of same, descendants, offspring.

1, y. id., f., an island.

.1., abbreviation for 1000n or earon, that is, to wit, namely, videlicet, viz., i.e.

1 (eclipsing), prep. [in pronom. combinations, 10nnam, 10nnat, Ann (mas.), innte (fem.), ionnainn, ionnaib, ionnea, with art. 'ran, 'rna (pl.); before rel. 1 n-a, 'n-a, often written 'na; the 'na is often omitted, the eclipsis remaining; before poss. adj. 1 n-a or 'na; before bun, your, it becomes in; before zac and nac it becomes 1r, but 1n 5ac, 1 n5ac, also], in, into, on, upon; marks the term of rest or state in which a thing is; 1 n-aimrin, in time, also at service; 'ran áit, in the place; after verbs of motion: cuaro ré 17 ceac, he went in; after verbs like cun, out, tabaint, etc., as cun i scéill, to remind; cun 1 ocheo, to arrange, settle; often in compound preps.: 1 n-a5a10, 15c10nn 1 5coinne, 1 5comain, 1 brocain, 1 mearc; also with a variety of nouns to express modal relations: 1 briaonaire, in the presence of; 1 3chuż éin, in the shape of a bird; 1 n-easan, set in order, edited; as out 1 breabar, improving; after the subst. verb: τά ré 'n-a rean, he has reached the stage of manhood; tá ré 'n-a razant, he is a priest; τά ré coolao, he is asleep. pronom. combination ann (in it) is used thus: annro, here; annrúo, there; annpain, there, then; ir otc an raogal aci ann, it is an ill world; ni't ann act 140, they are (both) very intimate, lit., there exist none but themselves; ann or anny is sometimes found as a prep. for in or inr. 1 governs nouns of time in an adverbial sense: 1 mbanac (generally written a mbánac or amánac), tomorrow; 1 noiu, to-day; 1 n-ujiaio (anujiaio), last year; 1

mbtiaona, this year. The prep. 1 has in nearly all the more recent MSS, been written a, and the pronunciation favours the change, In the oldest MS, it becomes a before a consonant followed by a broad vowel, but in recent printed books 1 is more generally used.

14c, abbr. for racait; το cup τ'ιας αμ (τ'ιας αμ (τ'ιας απ), to make (a person) do (a thing); also ιας αλ, as cuppeat-ra ιας αλ ομτ, τς., I will compel you, etc. (M. and Con.).

1ac (prop. gs. of eo), a salmon

(obs.).

1ac, a scream, etc. See 1acac.

14cac, -415, m., loud lamentation; screaming, yelling.

lacao, -ca, m., a screaming, a calling, a shouting.

14ctac, -41ze, f., act of sighing or groaning; a sigh, a loud cry.

1actao. See 1acao.

1acτap, skim milk. See ίοςταμ.
1ao, they, them, emph. 1ao-ran;
1ao ro, these; 1ao rain, those;
1ao rúo, those over there.

1so, land, etc. See 1st.

1αοάο, g. 1αοτα, m., closing, shutting; confine; ré 1αοαο απ τιξε, within the house; rá 1αοαο μαιξε, within the grave (Fer.); 1γτιξ rá'n 1αοαο, within the enclosure (McD.).

140am, vl. 140ao, p.p. 140a, v. tr., I shut, I join, I hedge, surround, enclose, shut, brace, buckle.

1ΔΟ-γαη, emph. for 1ΔΟ, which see.
1ΔΌτα, p. a., shut, closed, hedged, joined, surrounded; τομυγιαότα, back or closed door; tám
1ΔΌτα, an ungenerous hand.

1aotać, -aiże, a., apt to close or

shut up.

1aract, for riaca, in phrase cuinreao σ'iaract ain, I will make him (do so and so).

1azan, -ain, pl. id., m., a wanderer, a stroller. See éazan.

a stroller. See éagan.

lain-breit, f., an after-judgment;
an after-birth (O'N.).

1ain-réan, m., aftergrass (O'N.).
1ain-tionn, -teanna, m., small

beer.

1att, g. éitte, pl. iatta and -taca, f., latchet, thong, leash, string, boot-lace; opuim-iatt, a caul.

1all-chann, m., a shoe, a pattern

(P. O'C.)

1 allός, -όιζε, -όςα, f., a shoemaker's thread, a small leathern thong.

lalltán, -ám, pl. id., m., a bat

(obs.).

1altτός leatain (ialtτός only, declined), f., a bat (also rciatán leatain and míoltóς leatain).

1amaineac, -μiże, a., lonely; áiτ iamaineac, a lonely place.

lamaineact, -a, f., state of being lonely; the loneliness felt at cock-crow (W. Ker.).

lanuain, m. (better Seanain),

January.

1aμ, indec., the west; aniaμ, from the west; ξαοτ απίαμ, westerly wind.

1aμ, western, remote, used as a prefix, as 1aμ-muma, West Munster.

1aμ (eclip.) prep., before article 1aμγ, now more usually written aμ, after (postquam with pluperf.), at, on, with verbal nouns, to express past time, 1aμ noul a baile öó, after he had gone home; 1aμ mbeit 'n-a rasant oó, after he had become a priest.

1αμας, -αιζ, m., red fur on the skin from woollen cloth (O'N.); τά ιαμας αμ mo ἡμόιη (P) (O'N.); roughness in the skin from ex-

posure to cold (Don.).

1aμας, -aiţ, m., binding; descendant, progeny (?); τά τέ ο'ά ἐιαραὸ αξ ιαμṁαμ ξαπ ιαμας ξαπ ἐάιτ 'ran τραοξατ (McD.); ξαπ ceanξατ ξαπ ιαμας, without bond or tie.

1 a pacán, - á 1 n, pl. id., m., a descend-

ant (O'N.).

ing from another.

1αμαζα, coll., arrears; η caol α τις πα hιαμαζα, it's slyly the arrears gather (Om.) (1αμ-αζα).

tanam, conj., indeed, then, moreover; afterwards, lastly; just, also.

1aμann, -ainn, m., iron; a smoothing iron; bόταμ ιαμαιπη, railroad; cμότο ιαμαιπη, ξμότο ιαμαιπη, a crow-bar.

1ара рило, g. 1арло рил1ое, f., a

weasel (P. O'C.).

1aμbatt, -aitt, pl. id., m., the tail, the end, the tail-end; i n-iaμ-batt an τραμμαϊό τιαμ, at the extreme end, at the very last moment of summer (Ker.). See eaμbatt.

141-buille, m., a back-stroke.

1an-ceann, m., the noddle, the

occiput.

1αμολιόε (and ιαμομαιόε), remainder, residue, relics, posterity, vestiges; ιαμολιόελες and ιαμομαιόελες, id.

1an-bear, m., the south-west.

1apoparde. See 1apoarde.

1apřlait, -ata, pl. id. and -aite, m., a feudatory lord.

14ητιατές η, m., a lordship or principality governed by a dependent chief.

1αμγιίζε, f., act of asking from (oe). See γιαγμιίζε.

1appuizim. See piappuizim.

1 aμβatt, -aitt, pl. id., m., a skirmish, a battle. See 10μβait.

14η-ζαοτ, f., the west wind.
 14ηςτώι, -e, -eaca, f., a remote corner, a backward place; often with art.: τά γέ 'na comnuive

'pan 14p3cú1t.
14p3cútac, -415e, a., retired;

inner; shy.

14μ3cútτλ, indec. a., remote; inhospitable, churlish; backward.

1αηζούτταὸτ, -a, f., remoteness.
1αηζηό, g. id., pl. -ζηότα, m., distress, anguish, grief; an elegy or lament.

1aμξηό ο α ċ, - ο αιξε, α, sorrowful, bewailing, lamenting.

a chieftain. pl. -aroe, m., an earl,

1antacc, -a, f., an earldom.

1aμtair, -e, -ioe, f., an entailment, an encumbrance, a burthen; fig., a person who is useless, and only an encumbrance, as 1aμtair mná, a wife who is merely an encumbrance; mé 'ceanzat te hiaμtair, to wed me to a woman who is an encumbrance; earnest money. See 1aμtar.

14 pre- 14 jan - 14 jan 1 jan

pare, anticipate.

14ptann, -anne, -anna, f., a back house or apartment; a rear or back room, a larder or pantry.

1aμtar, -air, m., "earnest money" given at fairs, etc. See iaμtair. 1aμπαίμτ, -aμτα, f., consequence;

issue of an affair; riches.

1αμmair, -e., f., wealth, treasure, riches; a relict or remainder.

14μπαμ, -41μ, pl. id., m., a remnant, a remainder; posterity; a person or animal of wretched appearance; an elf, left in place of a child by the fairies.

1αμμαμάη, -áin, pl. id., m., a remnant; an ομίουαμ ιαμμαμάιη,

the dregs.

1 apmbéanta, m., an obscure or obsolete phrase or expression, a word that makes no sense by itself; an indeclinable part of speech; an adjective, an adverb.

14μmeιμζε, g. id., f., matins, morning prayer, nocturns (obs.).

naphoineact, -a, f., an enquiry, pursuit (Four Mas.).

1aμπa, g. id., pl. -naröe, m., a hank of yarn, a chain of thread; a hasp; dim. 1aμπin.

1ajmać, -ai $\dot{\xi}$, -ai $\dot{\xi}$ e, m., an iron instrument; in pl., irons, chains, etc.

tool.

1symaroe, indec. a., of iron.

1apnaroeacc, -a, f., quality or consistence of iron.

14moin, -ona, f., the afternoon. 1aμπόιμ, -όμα, -όιμι oe, m., an iron-

monger.

1aprnua, g. -nuí, pl. id., m., a remote successor in the male line, as great-grandson, etc. See us.

1411ός, -ό1ζε, -όζα, f., a pullet, a young hen; also a weasel; evil, mischief; also the devil.

1αμόζας, -αιζε, α., wicked, mischievous.

1αμόζας, -a, f., erring, straying, wickedness.

14puir, -e, f., distemper, dropsy (O'N.); malice; 1. neime, a venemous ill-feeling.

ιδηρυιγεδό, -γιζε, α., distempered,

dropsical, malicious.

iannacc, -a, f., an attempt, an effort; a thrust; an instalment; the amount given at a time in charity, etc., a "hand-reach"; tus ré iannact rá n-a manbao, he made an attempt to kill him.

lappaotar. See lappatar.

1apparo, -aoτa, m., act of asking, seeking (to get), desiring; it is not used of asking questions, where riarnuize is employed; as tannato vétnce (or véanca), begging for alms; cuineao 5an 14pparo, one who comes to a place uninvited; an iapparo, sought for; used in Don. and Con. in sense of 1411114ct; aim (Mon.).

lanpaim, vl. lapparo, v. tr., I ask, ask for, seek, demand, request, enquire, invite, entreat, search, look for, try, want, desire = ask, give directions (with an); nannaim is not used of asking a question, riarnuisim is the word

used.

1appainne, g. id., pl. -nice, f., a weasel.

14ppacac, -aiz, m., an attempt. 1αμματαό, -αιζe, α., asking, hegging, petitioning; disposed to seek favours; 14ppaotac, id.

lappacar, -air, pl. id., m., a petition, begging; tuct iappatair, petitioners.

1αμμός, -όιζε, -όζα, f., trouble, contention; anguish, grief. See 14105.

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1αμητά, p. a., sought, asked, de-

manded.

Tappear. See lappacar.

14ηπτόιη, -όηα, -όιμιτοe, m., a beggar, a petitioner; 14 matóm, id. ในทุทบารู้ teac (เลทุกล tac), soliciting

frequently, requesting.

1Δηημιζτέοιη, -οηΔ, -οιηιτόε, m., a beggar, petitioner, etc.

Tang. See 1an.

1aμrma, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a relic, a remnant; an inheritance; a burthen; a new year's gift; beio ianrma i mbliaona an Špámne maoit (McD.).

1atirmac, -aise, a., encumbered, burthened, entailed, having

followers.

See 1410410e. lancarde.

14Htan, -AIH, m., west, west country, western part; remote district.

14 tan, indec. a., western, west. 1antanac, -aite, a., western.

144-tuaio, indec. subs., the northwest.

1apum. See 1apam.

laract, -a, f., a loan; laract na n-1aract, lending of a loan; an 14ract, on loan, on credit.

laracta, a. (prop. gs. of laract), loaned; strange, foreign; oume 1Δγαότα, a stranger, a foreigner.

1αγαςτας, -αιζε, α., belonging to a strange, foreign. loan; 14 racta.

laracturoe, g. id., pl. -ote, m., a

creditor, one that lends.

1arc, g. éirc, pl. id., m., a fish; fish; 12 rcanna, individual fishes; 1arc meanmac, shrimp; 1arc rliozač, shell-fish: 1arc zlar, cured fish which still retains its green colour; sarc learuite, seasoned fish which has changed to a yellow colour; sarc an čtáż, fish at spawning.

larcac, -aiz, m., act of fishing; the sport of fishing; (coll.) fishes; as a., suitable for fishing; oubán

14rcais, a fishing-hook.

1

1aγcaσόιμ, -όμα, -όιμισε, m., a fisherman. See ιαγcαιμε.

1arcaim, -caro, v.intr. and tr., I fish, catch fish.

1arcaine, g. id., pl. -nroe, m., a fisherman.

1αγελιμελέτ, -λ, f., act of fishing. 1αγελιμε cóιμπελέ, m., an osprey;

king-fisher.

1arcán, -áin, pl. id., m., a small fish, a kind of shell-fish scraped off the rocks by means of a spade and used extensively as manure; tarcán roctaba, a wicked little fish (Mayo).

larcan, -ain, m., fish, fishes (coll.);

the sea (M. MacArd.).

1arc-toc, m., a fish pond.

14t, -4, -41toe, f., land, country,

region.

1Δτ-ξίας, -ξίαις, α., of green fields; a common epithet of

Éine.

it (uit) (dpl. of ó, ua, m., a grandson, descendant), tribes, people; also districts, common in place names, as it taoţaine, Ive Leary, in Co. Cork.

15, ye, you; emph. 15-re, yourselves, ye yourselves. See r15.

1be, g. id., f., a drinking, a quaffing; ibe or; e, drinking (Cear. O'D.) (also 1bne).

16eac, -5i $\dot{\xi}$ e, a., soaking in wet. 16ea μ , g. 15i μ , pl. id., m., freestone, whetstone.

15 m, vl. 15e, v. tr. and intr., I drink, quaff, suck.

ic, -e, f., cure, remedy, balsam.

ice, g. id., f., an embalming; balm, cure, remedy. See ic.

iceac, -ciże, a., curing, healing, remedying.

iceamtacτ, -a, f., the power of healing, curing, remedying.

icroe, g. id., pl. -ote, m., a physician; hence the family name, munntean icroe.

icroeact, -a, f., physic, surgery.

10', in thy.

ioe, g. id., f., fate, destiny: wretched state, plight, condi-

tion; péac an foe atá ain, see the wretched plight he is in; tus pé foe na muc ip na maonaire onm, he treated me like a pig or a dog, i.e., he abused and scolded me severely.

ĺσελċ, -σιże, α., consuming.

Toiţim, -iuţaō, p.p. -iţte, v. tr., I use, consume; waste, spend, destroy.

foiţċe, p. a., consumed, exhausted, dried up; τά αn min foiţċe, the meal is exhausted, consumed.

1014 (e1014, eaoan), prep., between, among; in pronom. combinations, earphat, earphainn, earphain, earphain, earonta, but 1014 é, 1011 i, and somet. 1011 tu and 1011 rib are found (often pron. oin); somet. with a pair of nouns to express totality: 10111 ream ir bean, men and women, all; 1014 beas asur món, great and little, all; of comparison: τρ eacopica acá ré, the comparison lies between them; in a peculiar phrase: 1011 (beit) escopis, a mean between the two extremes; 1011 muin ir Sman, between sea and sun, anywhere in the world; 1011 tu ir Oia, 'bruil an rcéal man rain? I adjure you before God, tell me is the matter so?

roin, ad., certainly, indeed; after

neg., at all.

Tomearcán, -ám, pl. id., m., a putting asunder; a peacemaker. Τοιμ-mínuʒaö, m., interpretation

(0'N.). 1pin, -e, -ioe, f., a gooseberry bush.

See ipin.

1rpeann, -pinn, m., hell, the infernal regions.

1ppeannac, -aiż, pl. id., m., a demon, a wicked person.

1ppeannoa, indec. a., hellish, infernal.

11- (101-), prefix in composition; with sing. subs., or with adj. or verb, it signifies variation or diversity; with pl. subs. it signifies numerous, many, as 11 plant,

a beast, serpent, or monster of many forms, properties, or qualities; 10tčtoč, a stone of several virtues; 1tčeaµz, of many red colours; 10tčuč, of various black hues; but 1tp1apza, many beasts, serpents, or monsters (P. O'C.).

116éanta, g.id., m., manylanguages possessed by one individual.

11béantac, -aige, a., of many tongues; linguistic (O'N.).

11béarac, -aige, a., versatile, arch, sly, crafty, of all fashions.

ticeáno, -cémoe, f., manifold art;

many trades.

11 ceápoac, -aige, a., of mixed or various trades; as subs., an artist skilled in many trades.

11 ceánoaroeact, -a, f., the quality of having many or various arts or trades.

11 ceápouroe, m., a jack of all trades.

11 ceapnac, -aiζe, α., multiangular, having many angles.

11céapao, m., act of torturing in various ways; a severe torture.

11ceotac, -a1ce, a., melodious, of many melodies.

11 challac, -anże, a., having many meanings.

11cionnzac, -aiże, a., very culpable, guilty of various crimes.

11ctear, m., a variety of plans, dexterity.

11cteaγac, -Διζe, a., of many plans or wiles; very accomplished.

11. σealbać, -Δiże, α., well-featured, of good complexion; well-shaped.

11 oéanao, -nca, pl. id., m., variation.

1löéanaim, -aö, v. tr., I vary.

11eap, -11p, m., multitude, plenty. See 10tap.

ite, g. id., f., oil, esp. lubricating or machinery.

1 teit, in phr., 6 poin i teit, from that time to this (often i te, a teit, a te), to the account of, to the credit of. See teat.

11 filleso, -lee, pl. id., m., complication.

11trillteac, -tige, a., complex.

11 † eanbac, -aiţe, a., leprous (O,N.).
11 † néiteac, -tiţe, a., divers, different, manifold, complicated.

11 spear, m., all manner of embroidery.

11 ξμέαγας, -αιζε, α., dressing, trimming, in various ways.

11. oeact, -a, f., diversity, variety, abundance.

11 nomao, m., very many, sundry, a great multitude.

11le. See 1 leit.

11leabaμ, -aiμ, pl.id., m., a volume, a tome; gen. -aiμ, used as adj., of many books.

11teabrac, -aiże, a., voluminous. 11mite, m., many thousands.

11 milip, -lpe, a., very sweet, rank, rich in flavour.

11 pian, -péine, f., pain or punishment of various kinds.

11 pianao, -nca, m., act of torturing variously.

11 piart, -péirte, -piarta, f., a serpent, snake, adder.

1ιριαγτας, -αιζε, α., abounding in beasts, serpents, etc.

1lμín, g. id., pl. -ròe, m., an eaglet (dim. of rolaμ).

11 tunnee, m., a ball, or dancing festival; a diversified dance.

11 rearam, m., distance.

11treanzac, m., a linguist (O'N.).

1tcriotta, g. id., pl. -aròe, m., a polysyllable.

1m, -e, m., butter (pron. im in M. generally; in some other places pron. eim).

1m- (10m-), intensive prefix, great, very, exceedingly.

very, exceedingly.

1m' (contr. of 1 mo), in my.

1m (um), about, around. See um. 1 mac (amac), out (with motion). See amac.

tmár (=1 mbár?), interj., in a deprecating or incredulous sense (with negatives); ní heað imár, you don't mean to say that it is so (M.); beið ré an an aonac imár, surely he will be at the fair (M.); also amár.

1mbánac, to-morrow. See bánac. 1mbealuizim, -uzao, v. tr., grease, besmear, anoint.

1mbeaμτας, - Διζε, α., expert, alert; given to play or pranks.

1mceannuitim, -nac, v. tr., I make merchandise of.

1mceimnizim, -niużao, v. intr., I walk around, I proceed.

1mcéine, f., remoteness, distance (with respect to time or place).

1mceineact, -a, f., remoteness, distance (of time or place).

1mc1an, -céine, a., very distant, far, distant, long, remote; used as noun, with gen., a long distance; 1 n-1mcein, 1 n-1mc1an, far away; 1 n-1m15céin, id. (McD.).

1mcianaim, -ao, v. tr., I banish, exile, send to some remote

place (O'N.).

1mchescao, -cts, m., act of devastating widely.

1moéanam, -nca, m., fashion.

1moeanbaim, -ao, v. intr., I prove fully.

1moeanzao, -zta, pl. id., m., reproach, punishment, reviling. 1moeanzaim, -ao, v. tr., I reproach,

revile.

Imoioean, -one, f., protection, detence, preservation; act of guarding (against, An).

1moion, -in, m., protection, defence.

1méao, m., great jealousy.

1méadac, -aise, a., very jealous.

Iméadaire, g. id., pl. -rinde, m., a jealous person.

Iméaomaμ, -aiμe, a., very jealous. 1measta, g. id., f., great fear, dread, terror.

1meazlac, -aize, a., awful, terrible, dreadful.

1meagluigim, -ugao, v. tr., I terrify.

1meall, -mill, pl. id., m., a border, a verge, an edge; the confines of any place; in-imeall a ceile, verging on each other, also following each other closely, consecutively.

imeallac, -aige, a., on the borders, remote from the centre.

1meall-bóno, m., a margin, a

verge. See bóno.

Imeapta, p.p. and g. of imipt, played, achieved, inflicted; tá mo cántaroe imeanta azam, I have played my cards; zá ctear éigin imeanta anoir aige onta, he has played some tricks on them now.

Imeantar, -air, pl. id., m., a playing of a game, etc.; treachery, roguery.

Imearc, prep., amidst (with gen.).

See mearc.

Imeince, g. id., f., going, departure, migration. See imince.

1milim, -leao, v. tr., I lick. See ımlığım.

1milleac, -lis, m., borderland, common in place-names, as Emlaghmore, etc. See meatt.

1mioll, border. See imeall. 1mipc, -e, f., a flitting, departure.

Image, g. id., f., a shifting of household goods and furniture from one holding to another, as in the case of a farmer having several holdings at a distance from one another (Don.); departure, migration; baineao 1. ar crazanc, the priest was transferred to another parish (Don.); emigration.

1mine uabain, a capricious change of residence. See imince.

Imipe, g. imeapia, f., act of playing (games), gambling; inflicting (pain, penalties); play, exercise, a game; bóno na himeanta, the card table (somet. b.an meanta.)

1miniteat, -tije, a., given to play; gambling.

1mleacán, g. -áin and -áine, pl. id., m. and f., the navel; the centre or stock of a wheel; imtinn, -linne, f., id. (Don.).

1mleacan, -leicne, a., very wide, expansive.

1mleoz. See imleacán.

imliže, y. id., f., a licking, a lapping with the tongue.

tmližim, -liže, v. tr., I liek or lap with the tongue.

imti\(\frac{1}{2}\text{Te}, \ p. \ a.\), licked, anointed.imtinn, -e, f., the navel (in the lit., and still spoken in \(U.\)).

1mtiocán. See imteacán.

Imnioe, g. id., f., anxiety, care, diligence; ι. το δειτ αμ, το be uneasy. See impníom.

1mnioeac, -oige, a., anxious, careful, attentive, diligent (also imneaoac); imnioeamait, id.

1mproe, g. id., pl. -aca, f., prayer, supplication, intercession, entreaty, request; 1. το cup cum,
1. το σέαπα αμ, to request, to beseech.

1mpioeac, -ois, pl. id., m., inter-

cessor, petitioner.

1mpι ο e a c, - ο i ζ e, a., intercessory, imploring.

1mp1\(\theta\), -e, m., an emperor (nom. also imp1\(\theta\)e).

1mpineact, -a, f., an empire, a reign.

impineán, -áin, pl. id., m., a boastful Imperialist, a "jingo" (recent).

Impeaman, -eimpe, a., very thick,

fat, fleshy, plump.

impear, -pip, pl. id., m., quarrel, strife, contention; the word enters into place names, as Cnoc an impir, in Kerry.

impearam, -pear, v. intr., I strive, contend, contest, wrangle.

Impeapán, -áin, pl. id., m., strife, contention, controversy.

1mpearánac, -aige, a., unreasonable, controversial, contentious.

1mμεριμός, g. id., pl. -ότε, m., a disputant, a contending person.
 1mμειώμε, g. id., f., fatness, thick-

ness, stoutness.

Impim (impim), fut. stem impleocy.
vl. imipt, v. tr. and intr., I play, gamble, inflict (pain, death, vengence, etc.), practice, act upon, exercise; with ap, I trick, humbug, etc.; ctear σ'imipt ap, to play a trick on; ομασισεάτο' imipt ομάλ, to place them under druidic spells; a readar

o'impeadan oó, the excellent good they did for him; impeocado m'anam tib, I will risk my life against you; o'imin ré an conar teo, he played the mischief with them; impeam conainn, let us continue our play (Oidhe C. U.).

1mpipim, -pear, v. intr., I strive, contend, contest. See impear-

aim.

impeac, rage, fury (O.N.); as adj.,
revengeful.

ing, shunning.

impeacan, -ain, m., rage, fury.
impeacan, -ain pl. id., m., the edge, border, verge, outside.

1mṛeaċτρaċ, -aiṣe, a., extreme, external, outside; as subs., anything that lies on the outside, the outside horse or ox in ploughing.
1mṛeaρc, m. and f., love, warm

affection.

1mṛeaριας, -aiζe, a., loving, affectionate, amorous.

impeancam, -ao, v. tr., I love warmly.

Impneam. See impniom.

impniom, -a, m., fatigue; diligence; grief; danger; care, concern; oéan impniom oe'n ocenno, attend to the fire, .i. utilise it in time; oéan impniom anoip, bestimutes yourself now. See imnioe.

1mṛniomac, -aiţe, a., careful, solicitous, diligent, industrious;

distressful.

1mteset, -a, pl. id., f., act of going, departing, proceeding, traversing; migration, expedition; progress, departure, adventure, proceeding; a feat; appearance; gait; réac an imré, behold teact atá appearance, or mode of procedure; as imceace, leaving, departing, going, may express definite sense; as out, which also means going, requires to be followed by an adverbial phrase, as, cáim as out a baile, as oul 50 Concars, etc.; bi as

imteatt, be off (also with prefixed z- after art., as an z-1m-

teatt).

1mteacta, f. pl. of imteact, the proceedings of any body of persons or society, e.g., 1mteacta กล Chomoáime, the proceedings of the bardic assembly.

Imteacturbe, $g.\ id.,\ pl.,$ -bte, m.,one who is going, a walker; nac vear an t-imteacturve é rin,

does he not walk nicely.

1mtiţim, vl. imteact, fut. imteocao, cond. imteocainn, p. p. imtijte, v. intr., I go, go away, set out, depart; imcis onc, go on; imtis teat, begone; with te or an, generally, I depart, set out, proceed; o'ımtık ré Ain or Leir, he departed, set out. 1mtiţte, p. a., gone, past (of time);

finished; vanished, dead. 1minearcaine, -anita, f., a wrestling, struggling; overthrowing,

overwhelming.

1mchearchaim, -aiμc, v. tr., I wrestle with, struggle with; overthrow, overwhelm.

1muis, ad., outside (of rest); imuis ir amac, out and out, altogether. See amuis.

1 n-, the prep. 1 before vowels; inr

before the article.

in, older form of an, article, the; also of an, interrog. particle

(eclipses as interrog.).

1n- (10n-), prefix, denoting fitness, aptitude, etc.; prefixed to p.p. of verbs, = fit to be -ed (Lat. -ndus); prefixed to the gen. of nouns, denotes a person capable of the action expressed by the noun, thus, incheroce, to be believed; invéanta, to be done.

in, somet. for rin or rin, that, in the phr., b'in é, that was it; b'in Jalan nac znátac, that was a disease that is not common.

1na, 1 n-a, 'n-a or 'na, in his, in her, in its, in their, in which, in whose; upon which, etc.; ina ceite, joined, united together; ina timceatt, around him, it;

ina biaib rin, 'n-a biaib rin, after that.

1ná (10ná, 'ná), conj., than, after comparatives.

1nan, 1 n-an, 'n-an, in which (before past tense).

1ηρη (1 η-ρη), in our (eclipses).

inbe, g. id., f., quality, dignity,

rank (O'N.).

Inbean, -bin, pl. id., m., a harbour, a haven; the mouth of a river; na hinbig san éisneaca, the river-mouths without salmon (O'D.) (pron. infor, innion in M.).

Inbean, -bin, vl. n., m., act of feeding, pasturing; met., backbiting; tá ré az inbean ont, nó tá ré as rasail indin one, he is backbiting you, he is criticising you adversely. (P. O'C. gives theform ınɔiun as preferable; the pron. in South M. is insion, but in West Clare they say inniún.)

inbeanaim, vl. inbean, v. intr., I graze, feed; "inbeatiato," "feed on," as the oinreac said to the

inbéime, a., blameable, culpable.

inceannuite, a., saleable.

incinn, -e, f., the brain; brains, talent, genius.

incinn rtéibe, f., a kind of jelly found in marshy land.

incheacao, -cca, m., a plundering; a prey.

incheroce, indec. a., to be believed, credible, trustworthy (also incredible, not to be believed).

1 noán, in one's fate, fated, within one's power; má tá ré i noán our ritteso, if it be allotted to thee to return. See oan, fate.

1noé, yesterday. See ois.

incéanca, to be done, fit to be done, practicable, feasible.

inveoin, (=aimveoin), used in phr. 1 n-in ocoin, in spite of. See aimoeoin.

inoia, g. id., pl. na hinoiata and na hinoiaca, f., India; inoia Coin, East India; na hinoiaca Coin, the East Indies; na hinoiaca Cian, the West Indies.

inviolta, a., saleable, payable.
inviolita, indec. a., to be blamed, blameable, faulty.

inoiu, to-day; an maioin inoiu, this morning.

neac, -nit, m., a gird, a taunt, a rash word; a push, a blow.

1neac, -niże, a., liberal, generous; as subs., generosity. See oineac.

Ineacao, -cca, m., evil, want. Ineactuizte, a., to be feared.

ineatlaim, -aò, v. tr., I arrange, fit, adjust; direct.

1nreadma, a., capable of efficient action, serviceable, fit for active service.

1nréan. See inbean, pasture, etc. 1nréinneada, a., fit to rank among the Fianna.

infin, a., fit for a husband.

1nřiúčač, -aiže, a., prying, closeinspecting.

1nṛ˙u˙ca˙o, -c˙ca, m., act of viewing, prying, closely examining; choosing, selecting.

1npiúcaim, -cao, v. tr., I scrutinise, examine, look attentively at.

ințneazanta, a., answerable, responsible.

ing. See eans.

1njeatta, indec. a., neat. See

inzealtar, -air, m., pasture, pasturing, grazing ground.

nzealthao, -aro, m., pasture, pasturage, a fielding or grazing.

111 zean, g. -zine, d. -zin, pl. -zeana and -zeanaca, f., a daughter, a girl, a virgin, a (young) woman.

inżeilim, vl. inżeilt, v. intr. I feed, graze, pasture.

njeit, -e, f., act of grazing, pasturing (on, an); a pasture.

Ingilim, ingilt. See ingeilim, ingeilt.

Inżin, inżion. See inżean, f., daughter, etc.

1nzin, -e, -ioe, m., a mason, a stone-cutter; also a mason's line, a carpenter's rule; an anchor; grief.

1n รู้เน็ท, เทรู่เน็ทฉาพ. See เทษอลุท, เทษอลุทลาพ.

Ingléro, -e, -roe, f., a fishing-hook; a clasp (O'N).

in 5ne, in 5nib, pl. and d. pl. of ion-5a, f., a nail, elaw, talon.

Ingneac, -nige, a., taloned.

1n5ni5im, -iusao. v. tr., I nail, claw, fang.

1ngníoma, a., fit for, suitable.

1ηζηιυζαό, -iζte, m., a nailing, clawing, fanging.

inspeamaa, -aise, a., elutching, ravenous, greedy; persecuting (also inspeamae).

Inżneamtać, -aiż, pl. id., m., a

pursuer, a persecutor.

ing, clutching.

inżpeamuiżim, -użao, v. tr., I grasp, clutch; persecute.

inition, -eama, -eamanna, f., act of pursuing; persecution; grasping, seizing.

Inżpeimim, vl. inżpeim, v. tr., 1

persecute.

in ξηειπτελέ, -tiţ, pl. id., m., a persecutor; pót, inξηειπτελέ na heagtaire, Paul, the persecutor of the Church.

iniappaca, a., to be sought for, requested, required (Kea.).

1n10, -e, f., Shrovetide; O10ce 1n10e, the night of Shrove-Tuesday; pabapta10e pua0a na h1n10e, the violent tide-storms of the vernal equinox, which is roughly about Shrovetide.

1n1lt, -e, pl. -1oe, f., a handmaid, a bondwoman, a maid.

numicacia, a., fit to set out; ready to start (Kea.).

1moctann, -ainne, f., act of protecting (an).

innomparo, a., worthy of mention, worthy of fame (F. Mac Eochadh).

Inipre, g. id., f., weakness, feebleness.

1nır, g. ınre, ınnre, d. ınır, ınnır, pl. ınrıöe, ınreaca, ınreanna, f., an island; a river bank.

Inir eatsa (or éitse), g. Inre e.,

a name for Ireland (the noble island).

tnir pait, g. inre pait, f., Inisfail. infrte, g. id., f., lowness, humility. infrteact, -a, f., lowness, meekness, humbleness.

Iniplizim, -iużao, v. tr., I lower, I

humble, I abase.

1níptiužao, -ižte, m., act of abasing, lowering, humbling.

hence (P. O'C.). See mainning.

1nitte, a., edible.

1niúcaim. See infiúcaim.

inteanca, a., fit to be followed, imitated.

intentin, gs. as a., that can be cured, curable.

intéiξτe, α., legible.

Intercreet, a., excusable (Donl.).

inteos. See innteos.

1η1ιςτουμ, -ομα, -ουμιόε, m., a forager.

Intir. See iontar.

nme, in phr. 1 n-1nme, capable of, able to; ní μαιδ ré 1 n-1nme obaiμ α σέαπαm, it was not fit to do work (through old age) (Don. C. S.). See inneamait.

1nme, g. id., pl. -mroe, f., an estate or patrimony; land; also worth,

value, esteem.

1nmesc, -miże, a., rich, having

property, powerful.

1mmeaoónac, -aige, a., internal, inward; middle, moderate, mean, indifferent.

1nmeaoónact, -a, f., moderation, temperance.

inmeallea, a., fallible, liable to be deceived.

1nmeapta, a., to be borne in mind; probable; 1p 1. σάιπη, I think it probable that, we must bear in mind that, etc.

inn, pers. prn., we, us; emph. inn-ne, ourselves. See rinn.

inne, g. id., pl. innioe and inneaca, f., the bowels, the entrails, womb, the centre point; inne aizéanoa, the ocean depths.

1nneac, -niż, m., the woof in

weaving.

Inneacao, -cta, m., vengeance, in-

dignation, displeasure.

inneatt, -nitt, pl. id., m., mien, carriage, deportment, state, position, attitude; preparation, arrangement, position; dress, attire, an apparatus or instrument; a trap; order, array; retinue; cuipeao ap inneatt é, it was set up, set in order (as a trap, etc); inneatt imceacca, travelling array; cuip inneatt ap, prepare a person; cuip inneatt te, draw up in array; somet. cinneatt in sp. l.

nneallam, vl. inneall, v. tr., 1 prepare, make ready; equip; in-

tend, design.

inneates, p. a., arranged, set in order; trapped; neat, graceful; ready, active, easily set in motion, as a piece of machinery; ba hinneates a taiptest, her pace was quick or graceful (E. R.).

1nneatcacc, -a, f., readiness, brisk-

ness, expertness.

Inneam, -nim, m, increase, gain, profit (O'N).

inneamail (with cum), able, capable, earnest, eager, willing.

Inneoin, -ona, -onaça, f., an anvil; innean, id. (Don.).

1nneonao, -nca, m., a striking on the anvil; a beating, stamping.

1nneonaim, -ao, v. intr., I strike on the anvil; I beat, stamp.

1nneor-, fut. stem of innipim, I tell.
1nnitt, -e, -eaca, f., a gin, a snare,
 a trap. See inneatt.

innitt, -e, a., safe, secure; ready.

Innitte, a. See innealta.
Innir, f., an island. See inir.

Innipim, indic. pres. innipim, innipim, fut. inneopao (somet. innpeoc-), vl. innpint (also innipin, and in Don., innpe), p.p. innipte, v. tr., I tell, mention, speak of, relate, narrate (to, oo); also vl. innpeact (Con.).

innipin, g. -pre and innpre, f., act of telling, declaring; narration; pean innipre, or pean innipre,

a narrator, a story-teller (also

innrinc).

innipre, p. a., told, described, narrated; oo-innipte, indescribable.

Inniuin. See inneoin.

Inniún, -úin, pl. id., m., an onion.

innlead, g. -nilce, -nlige, and -neatta, m., act of preparing, making ready.

Innteán, -áin, pl. id, m., a machine: innleán meatlaioeacta, a reaping machine (Der.).

innteos, -015e, -05a, f., a doll; a trap, a snare.

Innme. See inme.

innrene (innree and innreine), g. id., f., speech, talk, eloquence; gender, sex; rip-innrcne, masculine gender; bain-innrene, gender; bainrinfeminine innrene, epicene gender; neiminnrene, neuter gender.

innrcneac, -niże, a., eloquent. innre, act of telling, declaring. See innirim.

1nnreact, -a, f., act of telling. See innipim, 7c.

 $1nnrin(\tau)$, -ree, f., act of telling; a narration.

Innte, innti. See inte.

inneite, g. id., pl. -troe, f., abudget (O'N.).

inneacta, a., saleable (also inneaca).

Innesta, a., fit to run.

1nr, form of in (1-n), in, used before article.

inrepiobaim, -ao., v. tr., I inscribe.

inge. inge Sall, the Hebrides; inge Sall-Saedeal, the Orkney Islands (sic P. O'C., but it must mean an island or peninsula near Galloway); inre honc, the Orkney Islands; inre Cao, the Shetland Islands. See inir.

inreac, -rize, a., insular; i neininn inpis, in the island of Eire (T.

McD.).

injertze, a., fit to lead the chase. ince (innce), prep. prn., 3rd sing., in her. See 1, prep.

inceacta, a., fitting, suitable, appropriate to come.

ioc

incinn, -e, f., mind, intention, spirit, disposition; courage; te hintinn as ot, drinking in a spirited manner (E. R.); an aon 1. te, agreeing with.

intinnesc, -niże, a., mental, intelligent, wise, merry; spirited. incle, g. id., pl.-troe, f., a snare.

incleace, -a, f., the mind, intellect; understanding; ingenuity; cunning, deceit; réac an intleact atá 'na bolz, observe the cunning or deceit that is in his heart; incheace (Con.).

incleactac, -aite, a., intelligent, intellectual, witty, sagacious, ingenious, crafty, subtle.

Increacanta, a., to be avoided.

1ncreotca, a., navigable. 10baim, I drink. See ibim.

10blao, -a1o, m., state, plight, condition; bí ré 1 n-10blao bocz, he was in a poor condition (Don.).

10c, -a, pl. iocaroe, m., a payment, rent, a requital, a tax; rean an ioca, the tax-gatherer; ioc, a tax, is opposed to cior, a rent; in Ker. ioc is understood to mean the county cess.

1oc. See ic.

ioc, -a, f. (coll.), sprats.

locact, -a, f., act of paying, making amends for.

Tocaro. See ioc.

iocao, -cta, m., act of embalming,

curing, healing.

Tocaroeact, -a, f., farming; the renting or hiring of a farm or tenement; act of paying or atoning for a thing; payment, atonement.

Tocaim, vl. foc, p.p. focts, v. tr.and intr., I pay (to, te); I pay the penalty of; make restitution.

locaim, vl. ioc and iocao, v. tr., I heal, cure, embalm.

locar, -air, m., payment, amends, retribution.

foc-tuib, -e, -eaca, f., a healingplant.

ioctur, m., healing by herbs; a

healing-herb.

loc-rtáinte, g. id., f., balm, healing balm, balsam; a cordial; nectar.
 loc-rtáinteac, -τιςe, a., remedial,

healing.

10cz, -a, f., elemency, kindness; pity; confidence, trust; cump 1 n-10cz, entrust to; 17 10cz 110m, I pity (U).

1οċτ, -a, f., children, progeny. 1οcτa, p. a., paid, discharged (as a

debt).

iocταιμίη, g. id., pl. -nroe, m., a spoon-fed suckling pig: an extra banbh in the litter for which the sow has no teat; a little man; a runt (Ker.).

10ctamail, -mla, a., clement, mild,

merciful.

locταμ, -αιμ, pl. id., m., bottom, lower part, the southern part; skim milk (opp. to uacταμ); a woman's skirt; a skirtful; iocταμ τμάζα, low water.

lying; ταταμί, low land.

locτaμán, -áin, pl. id., m., an inferior, a subordinate, an underling, a subject.

1ο cταμάμας, - Διζε, α., inferior,

subordinate.

inferiority.

loctan-canar, m, the bassus can-

tus in music (P. O'C.).
10ctapròa, indec. a., inferior, low, subordinate.

ioċταμόαċτ, -a, f., inferiority, lowness, subordination.

1οċτṁaμ, -aιμε, α., merciful, element.

ioċτηλιζe, g. id., f., lowness, inferiority, subordination.

locuroe, g. id., pl. -oce, m., a paymaster; a tenant.

ioc-uirce, m., healing liquid; sheep-dip.

100, -a, pl. 100na, f., a pang, a pain, a stitch; a dart; 100na, pangs, anguish (Kea.).

100. -a, pl. id., f., a chain, a brace-

let.

100a, g. id., pl. -aoa, m., the yew tree, the name of the letter 1.

10οάιt, -e, f., Italy; cηίος na h10οάιte, the region of Italy (also 10οάιη).

100áiteac, -tige, a., Italian, Italic;

as subs., an Italian.

100áitir, -e, f., the Italian language.

100al, -a11, m., an idol.

10 ο α t-α ο μα ο, -μο α, m., idolatry.
10 ο α t-α ο μα ιπ, -α ο, v.intr., I adore
idols, I practise idolatry.

100alos, indec. a., idolatrous, be-

longing to an idol.

10 \dot{o} \dot{o}

10 oan, -a, pl. id., m., a spear, a pike or other sharp weapon.

iooan, -ame, α., pure, undefiled; sincere, clear; hence, eipíooan, foul, defiled; όξ iooan, a chaste virgin.

100a μ -tamatt, m., a distance, a space between two objects.

10 ο baiμτ, g. -baita, pl. id., f., an offering, a sacrifice, immolation; act of sacrificing.

10 ο bη a ο, - baμ τ a, m., act of offer-

ing, immolating.

10 obpaim, -ao, v. tr. and intr., I offer sacrifice.

10 ο taca ο. See a ο taca ο, (P. O'C. says 10 ο taca ο is sometimes written, though not properly, α ο taca ο; 10 ο taca ο is commonly written τιο ο taca ο, in the sense of "to bestow.")

10 οn α (pl. of 10 ο), f., = 001 ξear, pain, toil, labour, travail, anguish; also sickness in child-

birth.

ioonact, a, f., purity, cleanliness. toon (eaon), that is, that is to say, namely, to wit, videlicet, viz., i.e.; usually abbrev. to .1.

10 run, -uin, m., the gooseberry

bush. See ipin.

105 α 10, g.id., m., the lower orifice of the stomach.

1οζάη, -áιη, pl. id., m., the craw; a bird's stomach.

ioξαμ, -αιμ, m., verge, border; outline (of the face); αμ ioξαμ

20

an Steanna, on the verge of the glen; iosan na ppeine, the horizon (M.).; cf. piosam.

iożania, indec. a., well-shaped or

outlined.

1ος man, -maine, a., enthusiastic, emotional; peevish (also 105a111).

101-. See 11-.

101 α 1, - α 11, m., an eagle (also riotan).

101an, m., much, plenty; variety,

diversity.

lotanaim, -ao, v. tr., I change, I vary; I enumerate.

1014 jos, indec. a., numerous, manifold, plural, various; plentiful, affluent.

10lanoacc, -a, f., variety; diversity: also abundance, multiplicity.

101átac, -taite, a., indented; abounding in fords or creeks.

101busosc, -osiże, a., victorious, triumphant.

101clóoac, -aize, a., changeable, of various ways.

101corac, -aise, a., having many feet.

101choroeac, -orze, a., discordant, disagreeing; not of one mind.

101choroeact, -a, f., discord, de-

bate, strife.

- Δ_1 $\dot{\Sigma}$ e, α ., comely, 101chotac, graceful; changeable in features or visage.

10lcpuaro, -e, α., very hard, stub-

born.

10lcumacτac, -a15e, α., all-powerful.

10lcumairc, -e, f., a miscellany.

10loamrao, -aro, m., a ball, promiscuous dance, a countrydance.

1010ánac, -aiţe, a., skilled in various trades or arts; ingenious; polytechnic; as subs., a person skilled in various trades or arts, a Jack-of-alltrades.

10loatac, -aize, a., many-coloured,

variegated.

101 raoban, -bain, pl. id., m., manyedged (weapons); usually in pl., many weapons, complete

101 różancać, -aiże, a., most fit. 101rojlumis, indec. a., learned.

101 \$ 100 ar, -01r, pl. id., m., a great rejoicing; festivity.

10130tac, -A13e, a., of various tongues, polyglot.

1015 páinneac, a., of many grains. 1015 pánna, indec. a., ugly, horrid,

hateful, monstrous.

1015pánnact, -a, f., ugliness, hideousness.

101 maitear, -tears, f., great benefit, much good.

101 maoin, -e, pl. id., f., varied wealth, riches; many treasures (pl.).

101 maoineac, -nite, a., full of

treasures, rich, opulent.

101mooac, -aise, a., manifold, various.

1οιρόταο, -rca, m., polygamy.

101 pac, - 15, m., an eagle.

101 pao, -aro, m., plurality, multiplicity; uimin 101 naio, the plural number.

10 t μυζαό, -uiζėe, m., multiplica-

tion, act of multiplying.

101 multiply. 10m- (1m-), intensive prefix, great, very, exceedingly, many.

10m = um, prep. in compds., about,

around. See um.

10mao, m., a great quantity, abundance, plenty; a great deal, much, many, a great many; a multitude; too much, too many (M.); in parts of M., an iomao =too much, 10manca=a great

10maoac, -aize, a., numerous, infi-

nite; proud, haughty.

10maoall, m., sin, wickedness, concupiscence. See aball.

10maoamail, -mla, a., numerous. 10maoamtact, -a, f., the many, multitude; a glut, plenty.

10maouzao, -uizte, m., act of

multiplying.

10maouisim, -usao, v. tr., I multiply

10mazallam, -azall, v. tr., I discourse with, I counsel, advise.

f., a dialogue, a mutual discourse (10mazatt, id.).

10maib, prep. prn., 2nd pl., on or about ye. See um, prep.

10maro, -e, f., envy, rivalry; a conflict.

10maroeacc, -a, f., competition,

rivalry.

iomáiţ, -e, pl. id., f., an image, a statue, an idol; fig., a weak, inactive, helpless person.

lomáiξneac, -niţe, α., imaginary,

ideal (P. O'C.).

10máil, -ála (used in Om. for

10máin). See 10máin.

10máin, -ána, f., act of playing at hurling; a hurling match; act of tossing, driving; 10máin comóμταιγ, a hurling match (D. and G.); báiμε comόμταιγ, id.

10mainn, prep. prn., 1st pl., on us, about us, etc. See um, prep.

10main-bnéaς, -éige, -éaga, f., exaggeration.

10maine, g. id., pl. -μιόe, m., a ridge; a wrinkle.

10maineac, -niże, a., ridged, scalloped in ridges.

10maitbean, -bin, m., act of rebuking, reproaching (Δη).

Iománaim, -áin or -áint, v. tr., I toss, whirl, fling, hurl, drive, urge, press.

10mánuroe, g. id., pl. -oce, m., a

hurler, a player.

10man, prep. in composition = earoan, between.

10maμιδαιό, -e, pl. id., f., a controversy, dispute; 1. ċaċa, a trial of battle.

10maμικας, -aiğe, α., superabundant, excessive; copious, abundant, profuse; proud, haughty, overbearing; cf. 1γ 10maμικας απημιο ομίτ, γε.

10 maρικαιό, g. - Αιόε, f., addition; excess, too much; it is sometimes preceded by the article; an 1., like an 10mao, takes gen. after it (nom. also 10maptca).

10maμċuμ, -ċuιμ, m., a carrying, bearing, a ferrying; reaμ 10mαμċuιμ, a ferryman.

10mapicupaim, vl. -cup, v. tr., I

carry, bear (Kea.).

10maμο, -aiμο, m., encumbrance, ill-fortune, disease, affliction, calamity; permanent wounding or maiming. See 10moμο.

10 π αμτοαρ, -αιρ, m., a contest, emulation (Mon.); 10 m αμτοαρ απ φίο b αιμό e te n-α πάταιμ, the yellow piper's contest with his mother (prov.) See 10 m αμταρ.

10maμγcáit, -áta, f., a wrestling, a struggling. See 10mμαγcáit.

nomanicar, -air, m., industry, experience, activity; contest.

10mbáoao, -bároce, m., act of overwhelming, swooning.

tombároim, -áoao, v. tr. and intr., I overwhelm; also I swoon.

of mutually smiting; conflict; mighty beating or striking.

10mcáineao, -cáince, m., act of censuring.

tomcáinim, -neao, v. tr., I censure, reproach, rebuke.

10mcaot, -caotte, a., very narrow.
10mcaμ, -caiμ, m., act of carrying, bearing; a lift, a jaunt; a mode of conveyance; deportment, carriage, behaviour, conduct (generally in a good sense); as 10mcaμ tent, pregnant; what is carried or borne; the rope or fastener by which a basket, etc., is carried; any frame, carriage or conveyance for dead or living; pron. 10mpaμ (M.).

10mcaμac, -aiçe, a., of graceful deportment, well-behaved; also bearing, carrying (also 10mcμac).

10mcapaoóip, -ópa, -óipioe, m., a porter.

10mcaμaim, vl. 10mcaμ, v. tr., I bear, carry; endure, tolerate; with refl. pr., I conduct myself; 10mcaiμ τά γέιπ, behave your-

self (also 10mchaim, pron. 10mphaim, M.). See 10mcan.

10mcaμός (10mcμός), -όιςe, -όςa,

f., a female porter.

10mcarao, -rta, m., vertigo, dizzi-

10mcarao10, -e, f., great accusation; great contention.

10mclaromeorn, -ona, -ornioe, m., a swordsman, a fencing master.

10mclóo, -ota, m., act of vanquishing; turning away from.

10mcornaim, vl. 10mcornam, 10mcorain(t), imper. 10mcorain, I

defend (against, An).

10mcornam, -aim, m., act of defending oneself against, (an); a defence; a keeping; a sovereignty.

10mcnotaim, -Ao, v. tr., I sprinkle. 10mcubaro, -e, a., very suitable,

convenient.

10mcubaroeact, -a, f., fitness, propriety; convenience.

10mcup, 10mcup. See 10mcan. 10mos, g. id., pl. -10e, f., a bed, a couch; a bench, a seat, a throne.

10mos, compar. Lis, many, much, abundant, numerous; used as adj. both attributive and predicative; common as indef. pron., "many a," especially with 1r: ir iomós tá soibinn, many are the delightful days; in M. often contracted to 'mó: an 'mó (an 10moa) ream ann? how many men are there?

10moainzean, -ainzne, a., strong,

firm, solid.

10mooimin, -ooimne, a., very deep.

10mojiuioe0ip, -0pa, -0ijiioe, m., a besieger, an encloser.

10monuroim, vl. id., v. tr., I enclose, surround, besiege.

10moużao, -uiżce, m., act of increasing, multiplying. See 10maouzao.

10mouitim, -utao, v. tr., I increase,

multiply, augment.

10mzabáit, -áta, f., act of shunning or avoiding; circumspection, prudence; management, conduct.

10mzabaim, -zabáil, v. intr., I take, reduce (as a castle, etc.): I shun, avoid.

10m saot, -Aoite, -Aota, f., violent

wind, whirlwind.

10m tuaireact, -a, f., a departure; an excitement.

10mláine, g. id., f., integrity; fulness.

10mláineaċτ, -a, f., accomplishment; fulfilling; filling up.

10mlaireact, -a, f., the act of ferrying; the course of the wind; a draft; cf. tá an 1. az ceace ó binn an cize, the whirlwind comes from the gable of the house; somtact, id.

10mtán, -áin, m., the entire, the

whole, all.

10mlán, -áine, a., whole, complete, perfect; ad., 50 hiomtán, entirely, perfectly, fully. See 10milán.

10ml α 010, -e, f., an exchange.

10mlorcim, -orcao, v. tr., I burn or singe.

10mlorcao, -cta, m., act burning.

10mluao, -aio, m., talk, speech, conversation, discourse.

10mluaoail, -ala, f., wandering or straying, moving about.

10mluaroim, -luao, v. tr. and intr., I speak of, talk of, mention.

10mluar, -luar, m., fickleness, inconstancy.

10mluat, -luaite, a., very swift; fickle, changeable, inconstant.

10mlu1c, -e, f., change, exchange; restlessness, giddiness; 10ml 4010.

10mluiteac, -tize, a., restless, giddy.

10moμo, -01μο, pl. id., m., reproach, mishap, disfigurement, disease; 10moproso, id. See 10mapo.

10mopouižim, -opoužao, v. tr., I reproach, expostulate with;

10moprosim, id.

10moμμο, conj., indeed, in truth, however, moreover, likewise, also, but, now.

them, about them. See um,

prep.

10mpáit, -áta, f., turning; an 10mpáit na baire, at the turn of the hand, during the turn of a hand, etc. (M.). See 10mpóo.

nompóö, -puiste, and -póòa, m., act of turning, converting; conversion, turn, twist. See 10n-

cuizim.

10mpuiţim, -ρόυ, -ράιι, v. tr. and intr., I turn, change, vary, become converted to.

10mpuiţċe, p. α., turned, changed,

converted.

10mμάο, g. - Διο and - Διοτε, pl. - Διοτε, m., act of talking aloud, discourse, conversation, rumour, report, fame, notice, mentioning; abundance, plenty.

10mμάιτοιm, -μάτο, v. intr., I think or meditate on, I muse, contem-

plate.

10m μάτοιm, vl. 10m μάο, v. tr., I publish, report, speak of (also 10m μάσαιm.

10mμάιοτε, p.a., famed, celebrated; also thought out, meditated.

10mμάι οτελό, -τίξε, α., talked about, famous.

10mpaım, -am, -ao, imper. 10maip, v. intr., I row, sail, voyage.

id., m., act of rowing, rowing; a voyage.

10mpamaim, -pam, v. intr., and tr.,

I row, sail.

10mμamuroe, g. id., pl. -oce, m., a rower, an oarsman.

10mparcáil, -ála, f., wrestling, contending (also 10maprcáil).

10mpolt, -a, m., confusion, error; 10mpolt aitne, mistaken identity.

10mμottaim, -Δό, v. intr., I go away, depart; I stray, err.

10m μαζαό, -ζάλ, m., prancing, rout, defeat, invasion; act of putting to rout, banishing; also skirmishing, attacking.

10m jua zaim, -ao, v. tr., I drive,

rout, banish; attack.

10 mpuazaine, g. id., pl.-prioe, m., a rover; an invader.

10m μún, -únn, pl. id., m., a secret,

a design, a wish.

10m raotan, -ain, m., extreme exertion, great labour; puffing, panting from work or exhaustion.

10mpcaoilim, -leaö, v. tr., I disperse, scatter, rout.

10mpcaoilte, p. a., dispersed, scattered.

10mpcaoιtτeoιμ, -ομα, -οιμιόe, m., a dispenser, a squanderer.

10mrcapao, -nta, m., act of sepa-

rating (from, te, ó).

10mpcapaim, -ao, v. tr. and intr.,

I separate, I separate from (te). 10mrcapca, p.a., separated, divided, parted.

10mptaine, g. id., f., fulness; perfection.

10mptámeact, -a, f., fulness, completeness; perfection.

10mptán, -áine, a., full, entire, complete.

10mplánujao, -uijte, m., perfecting, completing.

10m řtánuižim, -užao, v. tr., I perfect, complete.

10m ἡμυτ, -ἡμοτα, -ἡμοταπηα, m. a counter tide.

10m ruioe, g. id., m., an investing, a besieging, blockading.

10mṛuitim, -te, v. tr., I invest, besiege.

naunt, frequent.

tomċnúċ, -a, m., great envy; covetousness; zeal.

10m τη τότι, -όμα, -όμη τόε, m., a jealous lover, an envious person.
10m τη τότις im, -υζαό, v. tr., Ι

desire, I covet, envy.

10m τροm, -τριιme, α., very heavy, weighty, ponderous.

10mτúr, -úir, pl. id., m., departure; tá a 10mτúra, the day of his

departure or death.

10mtúra, in pl., adventures, feats.

10mtúra, prep. with y., as to, as for, concerning, with respect to, with regard to; 10mtúra

Comáir, to return to Thomas, as for Thomas (phrase used in resuming a narrative after an episode).

10muppa. See 10moppo.

ton- (in-), prefix, denoting fitness, worthiness, aptitude, maturity, etc.; prefixed to p.p. of verbs = fit to be -ed (Lat. -ndus); prefixed to gen. of nouns, denotes a person being capable of the action expressed by the noun.

10na, 1na, 'n-a, in his, in her, in their; in which, in whose; upon

whose or which.

10ná, 'ná, than, nor; with pl. nom. following, written 10ná 10 (Kea.).

10nao, -a1o, pl. id., m., place, position, tryst; 1 n-10nao, in place of, instead of (with gen.); 10nao cinnte coinne, a certain trysting-place; 10nao γραιγτεοιγιελέτα, a gallery, a portico; γεαρ 10naio, a locum tenens, one in place of another, a lieutenant, a vice-regent.

10navać, -aiże, a., inaccessible

(Don.).

tona σα cτ, -a, f., a residence, a dwelling.

10navaim, -ao, v. tr., I place, set, fix, situate.

10naoar, -air, m., locality; the situation or place of a thing.

10ηΔόμυιζτε, p. a., adorable. 10ηΔιΰ, prep. prn., 2nd pl., in you;

emph., 10na16-pe. 10ná10. See 10ná.

10nainn, prep. pron., 1st pl., in us; emph. ionainn-ne.

ionainm, a., fit to bear arms.

10nairτiμ, a., ready to start on a journey.

10nalτόιη, -όηα, -όιηιτόε, m., a bather.

lonam, prep. pron., 1st sing., in me; emph. 10nam-ra.

tonamatt, -mta, a., like, similar, resembling; 50 hi., equally, alike.

10namtact, -a, f., likeness, similarity.

tonann, -ainne, a., the same, iden-

tical, equal, equivalent, alike; ionann pin nó a páö, that is to say.

10nannar, -air, m., equality, uni-

formity; 10nntap, id.

10naonais, a., suitable for a fair, or holiday; festive.

10 nap, -aip, pl. id., m., a cloak, a mantle, a robe; a tunic.

10η (1 η-Δη), in which, with past tense.

10nap (1 n-ap), in our.

10napaim, -ao, v. tr., I clothe, cover, dress with a mantle.

10nat, prep. pron. 2nd sing., in thee; emph., 10nat-ra.

10 nataμ, g. -aiμ, m., bowels, entrails, intestines.

10nba10, -e, f., time or hour; a particular time; the time of a woman's pregnancy (pron. 10no 0, O'Br.); ztac τ'1., take your time (Con.).

tonbotzaim, -ao, v. tr. and intr., I

fill up, swell, extend.

ionbuaince, a., fit to be dug or reaped.

ionicals, dpl. of olineat, m., protection; deed of generosity; an ionicals, under the protection of.

10ncaicine, a., eatable.

toncarite, a., fit or capable of being thrown; missive; edible, fit to be consumed, fit to be worn. toncar, -air, pl. id., m, likelihood,

expectation, prospect.

10ncoméatra, a., suitable to be kept, observed.

10ncolnuzao. See 10ncolnuzao.

ioncolnuzao, -uizte, m., incarnation.

10ncolnuizim, -uzao, v. intr., I take flesh, become incarnate.

toncolnuisce, p. a., become incarnate.

10ncomanta, a., worthy of note. 10ncomtain, a., fit for fighting.

toncomnuize, p. a., habitable.
toncompaic, a., able or competent
to fight.

10ncoppuiţte, a., movable.
10ncopanta, a., defensible.

toncuin, a., proper to be put, etc.

10ncupta, a., practicable; fit to be sewn or grafted.

1οπολιηζηιζτε, α., fortifiable.
1οπολογία, α., condemnable.

10noóizce, a., combustible, fit to be burned.

10ποηαδάιτ, - áta, f., humouring, pleasing; ní réivin tiom τώ σ'ιοπομαδάιτ, I cannot possibly please you.

tonoual, α., usual, customary; 1ρ 10 noual an doine as bάιρτις, Friday frequently proves wet

(Con. saying).

10nouiteamait, -mta, a., desirable.

10noútaije, a., desirable.

10noútai Šteact, -a, f., desirableness, covetousness.

10nour. See 10nnar.

tonpaiμε, -e, f., act of stirring, moving, wallowing; relief; elbow-room; ταθαίμ ιοπραίμε ι ζευμαπζημάς οί, give her relief in her difficulty (McD.); βαίπ γέ ιοπραίμε αγ, he jostled him.

ionza, g. id. and ionzan, pl. inzne, f., a finger or toe-nail; a claw, talon, hoof; ouine σο cun an a ionzain, to put a person on his guard.

longabáit, -áta, f., an attacking, a charging; a subduing or reducing

(as a stronghold).

10nzabaim, -báil, v. tr., I attack,

charge, subject, reduce.

10nzabaim, -báit, v. tr., I manage, conduct, regulate; also I avoid, shun.

10n sabála, a., fit to be taken.

10n Šabča, a., acceptable.

longać, -aiće, a., having nails; clawed, hoofed.

10ngantac, -aige, a., wonderful, strange, surprising; 50 hi., in wonder, wondrously.

tongantar, -air, pl. id., m., wonder, surprise, miracle, marvel; 1. 00 beit an oune, to be surprised.

10ηχαμ, α., convenient, seasonable.
10ηχαμας. είξε, α., convenient, seasonable.

10nglac, -aiż, m., sharp pain in

the fingers from cold (Con. and U.).

10nztan, -aine, unclean. 10nzna. See 10nznati.

10ης η ανό, g. - αιό and - ζαητα, pl. - ζαητα, - ζαηταιό e and - ζηαιό e, m., a wonder, surprise, marvel; 17 1. tiom, I wonder; ηίό η ας 1., and what is not surprising; 1 δραο ό δαι te δίσηη η α hισης η αιό e, it is at a distance that one finds wonders.

10n5naioim, v.tr. or intr., I wonder. 10n5naip, -e, f., the being without or in want of, absence from; 1 n-1., in want of (with gen).

10η ξηιάιο, α., worthy to be loved,

dearly-loved.

tending cattle. See inbean.

in calf. g. -air, m., the being

tontaoi $\dot{\xi}$, α ., in calf, springing; $\dot{\zeta}$ an \dot{v} of i., the cow is springing (U.).

tontar, -air, m., a candle, a light, brilliancy; pionnra 30 n-iontar c'eotair, the acuteness and brilliancy of your knowledge (Fer.).

10ntarta, a., inflammable.

irreg. comp. annpa, a., dear, beloved, courteous.

tonmaine, g. id., f., love, affection. tonmaineac, -niże, a., lovely, desirable, amiable.

10nmaite, a., pardonable.

10nmaoroeam, m., a matter to be proud of.

10nmaorote, p.a., fit to be boasted of or grudged.

nimar, -air, pl. -a, m., treasure, wealth. See ionnmur.

10nmúnτe, a., teachable, doeile.
10nnáine, g. id., f., modesty, bashfulness.

tonnámeac, -miże, a., naturally bashful, shy, modest.

tonnattać, -aiże, a., washing, bathing.

10nnalτόιμ, -όμα, -όιμιὑe, m., a bather, a washer.

10nnaμbacτ, -a, f., banishment, expulsion.

lonnapbao,-bτα, m., act of expelling, exiling, banishing, routing, destroying.

10nnapbaim, -bao, v. tr., I banish,

exile, expel, destroy.

10nnar, conj., with 50 and 5un, so that, insomuch that, however, in order that (sometimes other words intervening between 10nnar and 50); 10nnar nac, so that not; contr. to 'nur 50, 'nur nac in E. M.

10nnat, emph. -ra, prep. pr., in

thee. See 1, prep.

trails. See 10natan.

10nnfuan, 10nnfuaine. See fionn-

ruan, rionnfuaine.

10nn ruaμαό, -ητα, m., refreshment, alleviation. See pionn-ruaμαό.

10nnlao, -nalta, m., act of wash-

ing, cleansing.

10nntaiom, -ntao, I wash. See

a washer, a bather.

10nnlaim, -nlaö, v. tr., I wash, bathe, cleanse.

10nnlúit, -te, a., active, fit for service,

10nnmuin. See ionmain.

10nnmur, -uir, m., wealth, riches, means; resource.

10nnmurac, -aiże, a., rich, resourceful.

10nn μας αρ, -αιρ, m., uprightness, justice, innocence, chastity; continence; ξαδ ρέ ραοι n-α 10nn-μας αρ, he went bail for him; 1. το σέαπα m eaτομέα, to see fair play between them (Don.).

10nnnao, -aro, pl. id., m., an attack

(Kea.).

in Don. ionnpaice, honest.

10nnplaic, -ce, m., a just upright man.

10nnruiöe, g. id., m., an approach; an attack, meeting; an assault, an invasion; σ'ionnruiöe, towards, to, to visit; σοm' ionnruiöe, approaching me; σ'ionnruiöe opm (contr. ionnropm, annropm), to me (Don.).

10nnruioim, -ruioe, v. tr., I approach, draw near, advance

upon.

10nnηui ὁ τeac, -τi ζe, α., attacking, charging, visiting, approaching; as subs., an aggressor, one who attacks.

10nncaoba, fit to be trusted.

10nnταοιδ, -e, f., trust, confidence (with αγ); ní't αοη 10nnταοιδ αζαπ αγ, I have no confidence in him; also as α., trustworthy, reliable: as, ní h10nnταοιδ é, he cannot be trusted; ná ταδαιμ 10nnταοιδ teiγ, don't trust him. See 10nnταοιδα.

10nn cramait, the like, similitude

(also ionnramait).

10nncramita, g. id., f., similarity, parallel case.

tonntramtuncte, a., capable of being compared (with, te); equated.

tonnua, m., a remote male descendant, as a great-great-grand-

10ηημαζαιμ, α., marriageable. 10ηβόρτα, α., marriageable.

10 ημάνο, α., suitable to be said; to be said.

10ημάτοιπ, -μάο, v. tr., I celebrate.
10ημάτοτε, a., fit to be said;
proper to be celebrated.

tonpluižim, -użaό, v. tr., I cloak, I cover.

tonpamait, -mta, f., similitude; the like; peatzaine a ion-ramta, a hunter like him.

tonpamail, -mila, a., such like, the like.

the like.

tonramtact, -a, f., likeness, similarity.

tonrmacτuiţte, a., corrigible. tonrmuainτiţte, a., imaginable. 10n roitrižim, -iużao, v. tr., I illuminate, enlighten.

10η τοι τιζτε, α., revealable, accountable.

10nfoilpiužao, -ižte, m., act of illuminating; illumination.

ionrepuim, -e, f., an instrument (also ionpenuimine); cf. ionrenuim ónos (Fer.).

10nruis. See 10nnruioe.

tonta, prep. prn., 3rd pl., in them;

emph. 10nta-ran.

10ητάιι, -áta, f., turning; ap 10ηcáil tanc, during the time of turning round. See 10mpóo.

10nteacta. See inteacta.

10ncontac, -aite, a., fruitful, fit for cultivation.

tonτημαζ, -aiζe, a., miserable, pitiful.

10ncraonuiste, α ., fit worked, arable.

loncruièce, a., fit to be dwelt in, habitable.

10ncusta, a., fit to be brought or put; nío ir ioncuzča ouinn o'an n-aine, a thing which we should take notice of.

10ητιιζιm, -τάιλ, -τόζαό, v. intr. and tr., I turn over, change; I roll, turn, wind; cioncuisim (N. Con.).

toncuigre, a., very clear, selfevident, comprehensible. 10ncuizce.

ioncuisce, a., to be understood; inferable; fit to be understood, comprehensible.

loncuizceact, -a, f., fitness to be understood, comprehensibility.

10ημιζεαρ, -ζιρ, m., a dish.

10pball, -aill, pl. id., m., a tail.See 14 post and earball.

10μόδιο. See unicóro.

10pcuill, -e, -ioe, m., a captain, the commander of a crew.

1ομ \dot{z} αιt, - \dot{z} αιte, f., an onslaught, an attack, a battle; contention.

10pżalać, -aiże, a., quarrelsome, fighting.

10 пригр, -e, f., dropsy.

10μμαό, -Διό, m., household stuff,

furniture, apparel, attire, ware, merchandize; าร างพอง างหนอง as Culais Cuatail, many are the garments, etc., of the Land of Tuathal (Fer.).

loral. See ireal.

Torbainim, vl. Torbaine, v. tr., I abuse; I harm, damage.

10γbaint, -e, f., hardship, tossing about; abuse, harm, damage; tus ré i. ain, he ill-used him.

10 pcao, -a10e, -a0a, f., the hollow at the back of the knee; the hollow under the arm; a hough, a ham; a step or degree in relationship; tá 10rcao 5401t azam teat, I am related to you; cuip bealao rá oo cuio 10 rca1010e, grease your hams, quicken your pace (N. Con.).

10ρ61ρ, -e, f., hyssop.

lopta, g. id., pl. loptaloe, m., an apartment, place, habitation, dining room, an inn.

1ογτάη, -áin, pl. id., m., a cottage,

a hut, dim. of 107ca.

loptar, -air, pl. id., m., an entertainment, a lodging: a housing, quartering.

10t, g. ests, f., corn. Sec 1t.

100a, g. 100ao and 100an (M.), f., a devouring thirst.

10tac, -aiże, a., extremely thirsty. 10 \overline{a} , $-a_1$, m, a very thirsty person.

1οċ-ċnuinniżim, -iużaö, v. intr., I gather, I purvey or forage.

10tla. See 10tlann.

10 $\dot{ au}$ lann, g. -ainne, d. -ainn, pl. anna, f., a haggard, a granary, a barn, a threshing floor.

locman, -maine, a., exceedingly

thirsty.

 $1\dot{p}$ in (irin), g. id., pl. -ni \dot{o} e, m., the gooseberry tree; the name of the diphthongs that begin with 1; also a hyphen.

Imal, -aile, -ala, f., an answer, a reply; a salutation, a greeting; níon cuip ré inial onm, he did not so much as speak to me (O,B.).

thir, g. thre, f., faith, belief; law,

justice; teabanh impe, religious books.

impr, g. impre, f., a record, a chronicle; an era, an epoch.

πριτ, g. πριτ, f., a suspender for hanging a load by; cf. te πριτιό a reérie, by the suspenders that sustained his shield; muic-πριτ, the rope by which a basket is fastened over the shoulders round the neck; also engir.

insert the arms when carrying

it on the back (Don.).

1μητελό, -μιζε, α., lawful, just, true, faithful, sincere, pious, religious, devotional.

imp-teaban, m., a code of records or chronicles; a diary, a day-

book, a journal.

ημη-muin, f., a γύζάn or strap passed over the head or across the chest when carrying a ctiab (Don.). See muic-ημη.

1ηη, -e, -eaca, f., a skirt; end, conclusion; 1ηη na bliaona, the

year's end. See eapp.

ir (see Parad.), verb of simple assertion; ir rean mé 7c., I am a man etc.; ir cuma tiom, I am indifferent; ir mait an rcéal é, it is good news; ir iongnao tiom, I wonder. It is used to express compar. and super. of adjectives, as an ream ir ream, the best man; ir reapp on 'na αιηζελο, gold is better than silver; cf. níor meara=nio-irmeara, somet. nio-ra-meara; also ir iomoa rean ann, great is the number of men there; ir ceanc oume bionn 7c., few are the men who etc. 1r ream mire 7c., can be converted into real ir ead mire 7c. In the present tense in is omitted with ní, nac, and the interrogatives cia, chéao, an; an real ir mó cait, the man of greatest fame; ream ir mon cail, a man whose fame is great. It is also used as a simple copula connecting a subject and predicate directly.

1r, conj. = azur, and, etc. See azur.

tre, she, herself, itself (f.); em-

phatic form of i.

1γ ea ở ('γea ở), it is this, this is it or what; γea μ 1γ ea ở é, he is a man, and not something else; 1 ξCομαιζ 1γ ea ở αυη ea ở é, it is in Cork he was buried.

ireat, -rte, a., low, low-lying; humble; secret; or ireat,

secretly.

ireat, -pit, m., low-lying districts; το τρέαπ-τρίοις απ τ-ίρεαt απ τ-άριο, the low ground swallowed up the high lands (O'Ra.); 1 5 corrigeat (= a5 or ireat), secretly (U.), also 'corrigeat.

irean, g. irin, pl. id., m., a young

goose, a chicken.

1pm (1+an), in the.
1pméao (?), the switch the

sprinkles holy water (W. Ker.). Ipte, g. id., f., lowliness.

irleact, -a, f., low-lying ground.

irteact, -a, f., lowliness.

īrteán, -áin, pl. id., m., a valley,

a low place, an incline.

irligim, -iugao, v. tr., I cast down, abuse, humble, lower; also intr., I become humbled, come down.

îrliste, p. a., lowered, humbled;

sloped, inclined.

ing hymiliation

ing, humiliation.

1rτ=inr an, in such phrases as irτ-οιόċe, or arτ-οιόċe, in the night.

into (with motion); tan irreac, come in; cuaro ré irreac, he went in, irreac teir, id.

irτiξ, ad. (in the house), in, within, inside (a state of rest); as a., inside, inner: an τλου ιγτίξ, the lowest (figure) or nearest (date); ran ιγτίξ, stay in the house, do not go out; υ'ιλημ γέ λιμ υειτ ιγτίξ 50 tá, he asked him to give him a night's

lodging; $\tau \acute{a}$ an cáirtoe ir $\tau i \dot{\xi}$, the time is up (poet.); pron. or $\tau i \dot{\xi}$ (U.).

10', 10'=11 00, in thy.

1t, -eata, f., corn, grain. See 10t. 1te, g. -ite, f., act of eating;

eating, food.

treacán, -áin, m., continual munching, always eating; reac ireacáin, an eating house, restaurant (Don.); ef. ótacán.

and cf. the phrase, tújina, tjomán, maioróe, iteán, wheel,

whorl, spindles.

1ceoz. See esceoz.

tim, vl. ite, v. tr., I eat, devour, consume; nion it na cait an Lá oum rór, the cats have not eaten my day yet=the day is not spent yet.

1 τ΄ το m μά τ΄, g. - άτο τ e, pl. - άτο τ e, m., backbiting, murmuring, detraction; a grudge.

1 τιο τιά το τελέ, τίξ, pl. id., m.,

a backbiter.

1τιοπράι ότε ατό, -τιζε, α., detractive; as subs. a slanderer (Donl.).

tin, g. iteanac and -e, f., a corn field, corn-producing land, arable soil; tillage.

1ubaile, m. See iubal.

1ubal, -ail, m., a jubilee, a jubilee season, an era.

1 u baρ, - a ρ, pl. id., m., a yew tree.
1 u baρ r l é i be, m., mountain sage (also r á i ρτε r i a o a in and r á i ρτε cnuic).

1uban talman, m., rough spleen-wort.

1ublatoe, a., joyous, merry, pleasant.

1μέλη, - ċμλċ (coll.), f., spawn, roe of fish. See eoċλημ.

1ucaineos, -oise, -osa, f., the pea of fish; a spawner, female fish.

1uo; a n-1uo, 1 noiu, to-day. See

1 úται ἐεαċ, -τοιἐ, pl. id., and 1 úται ἐ
 (in poetry), m., a Jew.
 1 úται ἑεαċ, -ἐιἐe, a., Jewish.

1050, m., a jug (A.). 1ú1n, g. 1ú1ne, f., June.

1uητίη, g. id., pl. -íριöe, m., a judge; a justice; a magistrate; also ζιμητίρ.

1út, g. 1ú1t, m., July.

1út, g. 1ú1t, m., knowledge, guidance, mark, direction, course, mariner's compass; vom' 1út, to my knowledge; an a'n-1út, together (U. and Om.) See umalt.

1úl-caint, g. -e and -eac, pl. -eaca,

f., a mariner's chart.

1útman, -aiμe, α., knowing, skilful, intelligent, wise, learned, judicious (also eotman).

1úlmanac, -aiże, a., wise, learned.

1υμηαό. See 10μηαό.

(tung, the quicken tree), the ninth letter of the Modern

Irish Alphabet. lá, g. lae, poet. laoi, d. lá, ló, laoi; pl. laete, láite, laeteanta; gpl. Laeteat, dpl. taetib, m., a day; often one day, once; tá n-aon, aon tá amáin, one day, once upon a time; tá'n n-a bápac, the morrow, next day; tá eite, another day; an tá eile, the other day (also an tá ceana and an tá ré oeineao); an lá noime, the day before, the other day; tá raome, a holiday; meadon lae, mid-day; an tá moin, to-day; 30 tá, till morning; an vá tá raozail ir oo mainreá (also an vá tá ir vo mainreá), all your life; bí ré 30 mait lá, he was once good; tá vá nabar i n-áit áinite, once as I was in a certain place; 30 tá, always: cf. ir mait Oia 30 tá, God is always good (Don.); anaite tá, a certain day (obs.).

ta, older form of prep. te.

tab, m.; in phrase like 'ré an tab é! how precious it is! (iron.).

láb. See láib.

Lábac, -aige, a., abounding in mire, dirty.

tábacán, -áin, pl. id., m., one who works in the mire.

Labáo (táo), -á10, pl. id., m., a water-course.

Labaint, -banta, f., act of speaking; speech; a saying; nighear tabanta, slowness or impediment in speech; tá an saot as Labaine 30 hapo, the wind is howling (Ker.).

Lábán, -áin, m., dirt, mire.

Lábánac, -aiz, pl. id., m., a labourer,

a plebeian.

Lábánacz, -a, f, low, dirty work; a draggling; vulgarity (also Lábántact).

Lábánta, indec. a., dirty, draggling, vulgar; pertaining to a labourer or plebeian.

tabanta, p. a., spoken, said.

Labantac, -aite, a., talkative, clamorous.

Labantact, -a, f., loquacity, talkativeness.

Labra(o), g. Labanta, m., act of speaking; a speech, a word; Labna Lán, logic, oratory.

Labraim, vl. Labaint, v. tr. and intr., I speak, talk (to, le), say, discourse; sing (of birds), as Labangaro an cuac, the cuckoo will sing; I yelp (of dogs); somet. Labhuitim.

Labrar, -air, m., the laurel or bay tree (Lat. laurus); also tabhaio

and tabnoz, f.

Labrarac, -raize, a., abounding in

bay trees.

laca, g. -n, pl. -in, and in Der. -naive, f, a duck; phartaca, duck, wild fowl, widgeon; taca riadam, a wild duck; nór Lacan, a plant called duck's meat; taca ceanniuao, a redheaded duck, the herb celandine; taca toctannac, a Muscovy duck.

Lacao, -cza, m., the act of diving. lacadóin, -óna, -óinide, m., a

diver.

Lacaim, -ao, v. intr., I dive.

Lacarpe, y. id., pl. -proe, m., a diver. See Lacapoin.

Lacarre, g. id., pl. -trõe, m., abatement, as of rent.

Lacán, -áin, pl. id., m., the com-

mon reed (O'N.).

Lacanta, indec. a., smooth, sleek, comely, graceful, good-looking (of a woman).

Lacap, -aip, m., ducks (collectively); tacan na cine, the ducks of the country (Mon.).

Lachac, -aiże. α ., abounding in

ducks.

Lact, -a, m., milk; fluid of any kind; tears; bó oo jtacao aji a lact, to feed another's cow for the sake of her milk; tá ré as oiút an a tact, he is suck-

Lactao, -tuiste, m., the act of milking; the act of shedding tears; as lactao a noeanc, pouring tears from their eyes

(E. R.).

Lactaim, -ao, v. tr., I milk; I shed tears.

Lacc-ainm, -e, f., a dairy.

Lactan, -ann, m., a brood of chickens (Der.).

Lactinap, -aipe, a., comely; wide; milky; copious (of tears, etc.).

tactna, indec. a., grey, dun; as subs., m., g. id., a coarse grey dress.

Lacuroe, g. id., pl. -oce, m., a drake.

Lábac, -aize, a. See Lázac.

tápáit, -áta, pl. id., f., a lading (A.).

Láoains, -e, -ioe, f., a thigh, the

Labannicín, m., the little finger.

Ladan, m., a lather (A.). Lavan, g. and pl. -ain, m., a scoop,

a ladle; muiteann an taoain, a mill having scoop-wheels, used also = noise, e.g., ná bí az ceanam muileann an l. ouio réin, don't be making so much racket (Mon.); vo cuip ré a l. 'ran cómpáo, he "put in his oar," joined in the discourse.

Ladan, -ain, pl. id., and -ona, m., a fork; the space between the toes or fingers; the hand; a handful; a toe, a prong; a portion of land between two rivers that meet obliquely; the fingers of the hand taken together; a hand grip; taòna oo cor, your toes (Der.); Lavan mon, the big toe (Con.); also Lažan; Laban =toes genly. (Don.).

Ladanzanact, -a, f., slingeing or loitering by the fireside (O'N).

Lavannar, -air, m., boldness, impudence; Lavannact, -a, f., id.

Lατοληίος, -ό15e, -ό5a, f., a small fork; a pitchfork; the hand; a handful (also tażanός, taöμός, lashos).

laos, m., snow.

Lαόμας, - Λιζε, α., having large toes; forked, pronged; branching.

Laonac, -aize, f., a disease be-

tween the toes (O'N.).

laopáil, -ála, f., handling, clutching; passing the hands through (of a liquid).

Laopaim, -paò, v. tr., I beat,

Laonann, -ainn, pl. id., m., a churl, a robber, a rebel, an outlaw.

laonannea, indec. a., thievish, plundering.

Laonanntact, -a, f., plunder, rob bery, outlawry. laopán tháza, m., the sand-

tripper, a species of bird (Aran); laoμán, dim. of laoaμ.

Lασμόζ, -όιζε, -όζα, f., a small fork or prong; a fistful.

Laour, -uir, m., might, power; also boasting.

Laourac, -aize, a., powerful, mighty; also boasting.

lacteamail, -mla, a., daily; ouine t., an open-mannered person (Don.).

Laeteamlact, -a, f., dailiness.

Laz, gsf. laize, a., weak, feeble; little, low, mean; ba tas an 101511ao, little wonder; ba Laz terr é véanam, he considered it mean to do it; ir tas oo mearar 30 7c., I little thought that, etc.

Las

Laz, g. Laz, pl. Laza, m., a hollow. a cavity; las na laime, the hollow of the hand; 1 tas na horoce, in the depth of night (also to_{5}).

táżać, -áiżte or -áiże, a., pleasant, courteous, obliging; neat, decent, tidy, orderly, friendly; oume tázac, a nice, pleasant,

obliging person.

lazacan, -ain, m., weakness.

táżacz, -a, f., agreeableness, friendliness.

Lažao, -aiote, m., remission, indulgence.

lazao, -zta, m., act of weakening. lażaim, -żaż, v. tr., I ordain; pardon, remit.

Lazaim, -ao, v. tr., I weaken, slacken, remit; níon taz ré cor, he did not slacken his pace.

lazán, -áin, pl. id., m., a lakelet; a small cavity; an lazán, also an losán, the Lagan, a district in Co. Donegal, in the barony of Raphoe.

Lazánac, -aiże, a., full of small hollows, cavities.

Laz-análač, -a \dot{z} e, α ., short of breath, weak, consumptive.

Laʒap, -aւր, -ʒpaċa, m., weakness ; mo tazan! my weakness! alas! tainiz lazan ain, he got a weakness.

lαg-bμ $i\dot{g}$, f., weakness, powerlessness; impotence.

Laz-bhíozac, -aize, α ., of little strength.

Laz-bhíozman, -anne, a., weak, exhausted, impotent.

laz-choroeac, -orze, a., fainthearted; as s. m., g. - $\dot{o}_1\dot{\varsigma}$, pl. id., a feeble-minded person.

lażoużaó, -uiżte, m., act of decreasing, diminishing.

Lazouizim, -użao, v. tr. and intr., I diminish, decrease, lessen, assuage.

Lazouizte, p. a., diminished, decreased.

laz-żlónać, -aiże, a., weak-voiced.

taz-támac, -aiże, α., weak or feeble-handed, helpless.

Las mana, low tide.

laξμας, -Διζε, α., large-pawed; branching, broken. See Laoμας.

laz-padapcac, -aize, a., dim,

dim-sighted.

Lagraine, g. id., f., freedom, manumission (tarcaine is a modern form of this, with altered meaning). See tarcaine.

táżtać, -aiże, a., generous, noble, civil, obliging. See táżać.

Laziáirte, g. id., m., an abatement. See Lacáirte.

Lazużao, -uiżce, m., a weakening, an enfeebling.

Lazuiżim, -użaż, v. tr., I weaken, enervate.

Láib, -e, f., mud, mire; mould (Lóib, poet.).

Láibéin, -e, -ioe, f., a laver (A.).

Laibín, g. id., m., leaven.

lass talk (W. Ker.).

taroe, g. id., pl. -anna, f., the blade of a spade (Don.); narrow

spade, loy.

laive, g. id., pl. -eanna, f., a stake, a post; vá laive an vonuir, the two door-posts; leaż-laive, the shaft of a car, cart, etc. (In two latter uses often spelled luiże (luive).

Laivean, -one, f., Latin; téigeann Taivean caoin, learning and

beautiful Latin (U.).

taroeanza, indec. a., Latin-like; comely, graceful, decorated.

Lάισιη, gsf. Lάισηe, comp. id. and τμειγε, a., strong, powerful; firm; stout; 50 Lάισιη, (to strike, knock, etc.) hard; Lám Láισιη, tyranny, oppression, high-handedness.

Laroneacar, -air, pl. id., m., a

Latinism.

Laroneamart, -mta, a., Latin-like.

Latinist.

Láropeact, -a, f., strength, force.

λάισμιζιm, -ιυζαό, v. tr., I strengthen, invigorate.

Láige, g. id., pl. id. and -anna, f., a mattock, a spade, a "loy"; the blade of a spade (Don.) (also Láice).

laize, g. id., f., weakness, faintness; laize na zpéine, sunstroke.

laizeact, -a, f., weakness, debility.

laiżeao, g. id. and laiżio, m., smallness, fewness.

Laiżean, -żin, pl. id., m., a spear, javelin.

laižin, g. -żean, d. laižnib, m., Leinster.

Laiżneac, -niże, a., belonging to Leinster; as subs., a Leinsterman; an Laiżneac táżac, the affable Leinsterman.

Láim (ds. of lám, a hand), in phr. láim le, near to, beside, by, hard by, adjacent to, at hand; an láim, engaged in (written lám in a passage in Book of Leinster).

láim-beiμτ, f., a muff, a sleeve. láim-ceáμτο, f., a handicraft, the

occupation of an artisan.

táim-ceánoamait, -mta, a., mechanical, skilled in handicraft.

táim-ctear, m., a sleight of hand, a feat of jugglery.

Láimoeanar, -air, m., restraint, captivity.

Láim-béanta, p. a., made with the hands, hand-made.

láim-deang, -einge, a., red-

Láim-oia, m., an idol, a god made by hand.

Láim-öiaöaċτ, -a, f., idolatry.
 Láim-éaċτaċ, -aiże, α., mighty-handed.

Láim-freartat, -ait, m., handservice, attendance.

Láim-ţheim, m., a handle, a grasp, a grip (declined like zneim).

Lánin-140ta, p. a., close-fisted, stingy; tenacious.

Lámíneac, -niż, -niże, m., a trout

resembling the fiddle - fish (A chill).

Laiminn, -e, pl. -mne and -ioe, f., a glove; M. form of Lamainn.

láim-leaban, m., a hand-book, a manual.

láim-leizear, -zir, m., surgery (also táim-leiseact).

láim-leisim, -leisean, v. tr., I manumit, set free.

láimtiaiz, -leaza, pl. id., m., a surgeon.

Lamphe, g. id., pl. -proe, f., a lamprey.

láim-rciat, f., a shield, a target. Láim-rchíbinn, -e, -i oe, f., a manuscript.

Láim-rchíobao, -bta, m., penman-

ship.

Láimreáit, -áta, f., act of handling, grappling with, touching, feeling; assaulting.

Láimrizim, -iuzao, v. tr., I handle, touch, assault. See lamuitim.

láimriste, p.a., handled, taken in hand; attacked with personal violence.

Láimpiużao, -riżte, pl. id., m., a handling, a pawing, grasping, embracing, touching, feeling; attacking; grappling with.

Láin-beo, -beora, a., of good

courage.

táin-bliadain, f., a full year (O'N.). Láin-ceiteann, f., an entire troop or company.

Lám-certeapnac, -art, pl. id., m., a

trooper, a foot-soldier.

laincide, g. id., pl. -dide, f., a spancel (Clare). See langard

Laincir, -e, -ioe, f., a spancel, a rope for tying a beast by the feet; cf. náp caitio an muc an Laincir, said of a highlydressed, ignorant person.

lamoéal, -éil, m., a partition cutting off a room from another

part of the house.

láin-véanaim, -am, v. tr., I com-

plete, perfect, finish.

láin-véanta, a., complete, perfect. lám-véantact, -a, f., completion, perfection.

Lamoéan, -éin, -éinide, m., a lantern (also tanncaen).

táin-veapöta, p.~a., fully persuaded; fully proved.

Láin-veanticact, -a, f., much assurance.

Láin-veapbužav, -uište, m., full assurance.

Láin-veimin, -mine, f., full persuasion.

Váine, g. id., f., fulness.

lám-eac, m., a strong steed.

Lámeacc, -a, f., fulness.

Lám-reaptac, -aije, a., extremely active.

Lám-jéan, -éme, a., very sharp, exceedingly or perfectly sharp.

láin-jiallao, -lta, m., act of completely yielding (to, vo) (Kea.).

Láin-meanmnac, -aize, a., exceedingly cheerful or high-spirited; quite elated.

Lainneac, -niże, a., armed with a

spear; bright, radiant.

Lamném, -éana, -émioe, m., a sail; the halyard of a ship; a rag, a tatter; tá ré 'n-a lainnéinib, it is torn in long shreds.

Lainn-lape, m., species of fish; any scaly fish.

Lainnin, -e, f., brilliancy, effulgence.

táin-μέιο, -e, α., fully prepared, fully ready.

Láin-néi oeact, -a, f., full readiness, full preparedness.

 ${f t}$ áın-pérörm, -péröeaö, $v.~tr.,~{f I}$ finish, perfect, despatch.

Láin-jiéim, -e, -eanna, f., full scope, full power, full authority; rá t., in full power, course, etc.

Láin-ceann, -ceinne, a., full strong. táin-triubat, m., full progress; an (rá) láin-criubal, in full

swing.

láιp, g. lápac, pl. lápaca, f., amare, a brood mare; tain apail, a she-ass. The gen. tana occurs in Rubatt na tápa báine, "The Grey Mare's Tail," a celebrated waterfall in the Donegal mountains, and Cuar na lána

báine, near utao bpéandain, Valentia Island.

Láipeam (= rotáipeam, rupáileam?), an offering (B.).

Láinín, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a little mare, a young mare.

taircim, infin. tarcao, v. tr., I smite, strike, overwhelm.

lairne, g. id., pl. lairneada and -nide, f., a flame.

Lairte, g. id., pl. -tioe, m., a shoelatchet; a latch; tairte oonair, a door-latch.

Lairce, g. id., pl. -ziòe, m., a heavy, stupid fellow.

tait, -e, f., a measure of land, containing 216 feet, or 72 yards (Sup.).

taiteać, -tiţe, f., mud, mire. taitir, -e, f., a lattice (A.).

Láitheac, a. and ad., present, presently, without delay; bí ré Láitheac, he was present; Láitheac baill, presently; Láitheac bonn, id.

Láitheac, -niţe, -neaca, f., the ruins of a building; a site;

láitheán, id.

Láitheoigín, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a little site; the trace left of the site of anything, as of little cocks of hay in a meadow; a little heap of anything barely covering the site, or within a larger site.

Lάιτριζιm, -ιυζαό, v. tr., I extirpate, root out, destroy; σοιλιζ
 Liom a λάιτριυζαό, I am grieved at their being rooted out.

Láichiusao, -iste, m., extirpation,

rooting out, destruction.

Lám, g. Láme, pl. Láma, f., a hand, an arm; a handle; tám σο ταθαιμτ ρά, to put a hand to, aid in; tám te, near, near to, beside, by, hard by, adjacent to; σ'ιοπρυιζ tám teιρ, he turned against him; τά bμόο απ τραοζαι táime ομm, I am extremely proud (Con.).

lám, g. láme, pl. láma, f., a hand; a term used in counting fish, eggs, cabbage plants, sheaves of corn, etc.; it usually represents three, sometimes six; a hundred of fish, etc., usually comprises forty "hands"=120, with two "hands" and two extra fishes thrown in—total, 128 (Ker.).

Lámač, -aiże, a., ready-handed, dexterous, active; also belonging to the hand, having

hands.

Lámac, -maiste and -macta, m., act of shooting, hurling, flinging; dexterity, hand-exercise; the report or firing of guns; and cum Lámaiste, a weapon for shooting (E. R.); Lámac o'á reaoiteao, shooting going on (U. song).

támacán, -áin, m., creeping on hands and feet (in M. taman-cán; O'N. has tamacap). See

lámancán.

Lámacar, -air, m., handling; possession; groping on all fours. See Lámacán.

Lámacap, -aip, m., warlike manœuvres; report or shooting of guns; Luct Lámacaip, bowmen, slingers, artillery.

Lámačuižim (Lámačaim), -užao and -čao, v. tr., I shoot, dart

forth.

lámaö, -mta, pl. id., m., a handling, a seizing, a grasping.

Lámadar, -air, m., a handling; business; bí Lámadar móji aige, he had great business on hand.

lámasán, -áin, pl. id., m., a glove;

groping (also támacán).

támáit, -áta, f., abundance, plenty (esp. of things one can handle); overflowing, frothing (as a liquid).

Lámaim, vl. -ao and -áil, fut. teomao, cond. teomainn and teompainn (Donl. gives fut. táimeocao), v. tr., I dare, presume; I handle, manage, take in hand.

Lamainn, g. taimne, pl. id., and

laimnioe, f., a glove.

Lamainneoip, -opa, -oipioe, m., a

glover, a glove-dealer, a manufacturer of gloves.

Lamainneoipeact, -a, f., glove-

making.

Lamainn cat leacain, f., common navel-wort (umbillicus veneris). Lamainn ianainn, f., a gauntlet.

Lámaine, g. id., pl. -nioe, m., a gunner, a shooter, a fowler.

lámán, -áin, pl. id. and -ánaioe, m., a gauntlet, a glove. See lamainn.

Lámancán, -áin, m., creeping on hands and feet (as a baby). See

Lámacán.

lamanz, -a, m., ling, a species of fish. See lanza.

Lám-apm, -apm, -apma, m., a hand-weapon.

lámar (.1. uplámar), m., possession.

Lám-baor, -aoire, f., unhandiness, the letting things drop from the hand.

Lám-baopac, -aiţe, a., unhandy, apt to let things drop from the hand.

lám-clán, m., battledore; a weaver's "slay board."

lám čtí, f., the left hand.

Lám-comaine, f., clapping of hands.

tám-chann, m., the front pillar of a harp (Fer.); the handle of a flail (U.); pron. tamppann (Don.).

lám-cup, m., a laying on of hands,

imposition of hands.

τάm ὁ eap, f., the right hand.
 τάm ἐ a oa, indec. a., long armed.
 τάm ἐ a inc., -e, f., a handling, a groping.

Lám Láronn, f., force, violence, tyranny; a strong hand.

lám-muileann, m., a hand-mill. lamnán, -ám, pl. id., m., a small glove; a bladder; a purse.

Lámός, -όιζε, -όζα, f., a water-pail. Lám-όμο, m., a hammer, a hand sledge-hammer.

Lampa, g. id., pl. -10e, m., a lamp. Lampan, -ann, m. coll., a mass of of things brought together (?); in phrase evoir tumpar 7 tampar, between odds and ends (Don.); also used as tumparnac 7 tamparnac (P. of Inver); tumparna 7 tamparnae (Glenties); O'R. has tampar, an unfledged bird.

Lampμός, -όιζε, -όςα, f., a glowworm.

Lámμός, -όιζε, -όζα, f., an igno-

rant, silly woman.

lám-pcaoileaó, -lte, m., manumission, freedom, liberation.

lám-rcaoilim, -leaö, v. tr., I emancipate.

lám-rmacz, m., hand-power; authority; paternal authority.

Lám-topao, m., manufacture (in the strict sense), as of wool, flax, cotton, silk (pron. támppao in Arm.).

Lám thom, f., heavy hand; in-

justice, oppression.

lámużaó, -uiżże, m., act of handling, seizing; shooting, tossing, projecting; assaulting.

Lámuitim, -użao, v. tr., I handle, grasp, seize; treat; glove;

assault; dare.

támui \dot{z} te, p. a., seized, handled,

grasped.

tán, g. táin, m., abundance, plenty; the full of, a number, many, much; progress, success; a lán, its full of = many; mo tán, 7c.; oo bi lan mon ruc, you had great success, you escaped well; lán react mbó talman, the grass of seven cows; bi a lan vaoine láicheac, there were many persons present; tán na miors, a full or entire month (so also tán na bliaona, reactmaine, 7c., Don.); tán rúite, an eyeful, as much as would satisfy the eye; tán a' máta, quite enough, as much as could be borne.

lán, g. tám, pl. id. and tánta, m., the full, fulness; the flowing

tide; tánτα móμα, full tides; τά γέ 'n-a tán áμιο, or τά γέ 'n-a áμιο-tán, it is high tide (Sligo and Don.).

tán, m., mould, clay, in phr. az catao tán, moulding potato

stalks (Con. and Don.).

tán, gsf. táme, a., full (of, oo), complete; satisfied; perfect.

tán- (tán-), intensive prefix, very, extremely, entirely, quite; denotes perfection or superiority.

tána, g. id., pl. -ioe, m., a lane, a narrow street, an avenue, a level walk; also a lawn (West Ker.).

lánac, -ais, -aise, m., a mullet.

tánact, -a, f., fulness, completeness, perfection.

lánaim, -ao, I mould (as potatoes,

etc.) (Con.).

tánama, -mna (nom. often tánamain), f., a married couple, a pair; nom. tánamain, pron. tánúin (Con. and Don.).

lánamnac, -aiże, α., pertaining to

carnal intercourse.

Lánamnar, -air, m., carnal intercourse.

lán-aoir, f., full age.

Lán-aopta, indec. a., of full age. Lán-banamail, f., a likelihood, a

probability.

Lán-τροιο, -τροιοε, f., dire bondage, great difficulty.

Lán-buroeac, a., exceedingly

grateful.

Lán-ctor, a., distinctly heard; used in 17- constructions.

lán-cóρuζαο, -uiζte, m., a plentiful portion, full share.

Lán-copac, -aize, a., perfect in legs or feet.

lán-curo, f., a plentiful share.

Lán-cumact, m., full power; great strength.

Lán-cumar, m., full or great power $(gs. -a_1r, as a.)$.

Lán-Daingneact, f., perseverance. Langa, g. id., pl. -ive, f., ling, a species of fish (nom. also Lang).

langaro (also tangaroe), -e, f., a

fetter between the fore and hind feet.

Lanzaine, g. id., m., foam.

tangat, -ait, pl. id., m., spancel from front to hind leg (U.). See taincip and tangaro.

tanzán, -áin, m., spent fish; what remains of a potato when seed-

lowing of a deer.

lán-tożao, m., a plenary indulgence.

sets are cut from it (Don.); the

lán-luat, -aite, a., prompt, very

quick; early.

tán-tuar, m., quickness, promptitude; an tán-tuar, promptly, instantly.

lánmaineact, -a, f., fulness, re-

pletion.

Lánman, -aine, a., full, complete, plentiful, perfect; Lánman ar

réin, self-conceited.

tán maμa, m., full tide, high water (at either spring or neap tide); tán maμa μαπαμτα, high water at spring tide; tán maμa meatleabaiμ, high water at neap tide.

lann, lainne, a., strong, bold. See

lonn

tann, -ainne, -a, f., land, a church, a house, a receptacle; used also in compounds, as teabantann, a receptacle for books, a library; tann Oé, a church; amanctann, a theatre; eactann, a stable, etc.

lann, g. lanne, pl. -a, f., a swordblade, the blade of a pen-knife, spade, etc.; also applied in the pl. to the fins or scales of a fish, or to scales of any kind on the

skin.

lannac, -ais, m., mullet.

tannaine, g. id., pl. -proe, m., a swordsman, a lancer, a fencer, a gladiator.

Lannoain, -e, -eaca, f., the inner or best room in a farmhouse, the parlour; a partition, closet, pantry.

Lannman. See Lonnman.

Lán-oitte, p. a., well-versed in (with an and 1).

langa, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a lancet, a lance.

langarde, g. id., pl. -oce, a pike-

man, a lancer.

Langaroeact, -a, f., sword-fighting (also a sacrificing or lancing). tán-rúit, f., a large or full eye.

lán-rúiteac, -tize, a., large-eyed,

full-eyed.

tán rút, m., an eyeful (said of anything which gratifies the eye). See tán.

lán-calam, f., the mere earth, the bare ground; gs. as a., fully

prostrate.

lantaop, -a, -aröe, m., a lantern. lán-collao, -lca, m., perforation; boring or piercing through.

lán-collaim, -aò, v. tr., I perforate, bore or pierce through.

Lán-creanc, f. and m., strong love. Lánużao, -uiżce, m., moulding or earthing potatoes or other crops (Mayo); γλοτηυζλό, id., in parts of M., in other parts, as cun ché.

LAOB, -AOIBE, a., biassed, crooked, oblique, partial, prejudiced; whence taoboa and taoboacc

laoc, g. laoic, pl. id. and laocha, m., a hero, a champion, a warrior, a soldier; an active youth; also a layman (laicus).

Laocamail, -mla, a., heroic, brave,

chivalrous.

laocar, -air, m., heroism; joy,

pride, gratification.

Laochao, -aio, m.(band of) heroes or champions, warriors or active youths.

laocta, indec. a., heroic, brave, champion-like, warrior-like.

Laobán, -áin, m., pith, pulp, marrow; also Laoroeán.

Laobánac, -aise, a., pithy, pulpy, sappy.

laoz, m., snow (also taoz).

lao5, g. lao15, pl. id., m., a sucklingcalf, a very young calf; tao; bó, a cow's calf; laos plada, a fawn; taoż attao, a wild calf, i.e., a fawn, Laoz mana, a seacalf; tao's oeoit, a suckling calf;

Lao's is very common as a term of endearment, as mo tao; tú, reao, a laoz, 7c., and is used extensively by persons speaking English; note that in the expression tao's beoit, the word beoit is purely exegetic, as tao's may be taken to mean a suckling calf.

laożać, -aiże, a., abounding in

calves.

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Laożaim, -aö, v. tr., I flatter, fawn on, soothe.

laożlać, -aiże, -aċa, f., a cow that has newly calved,—hence that has a large flow of milk; taożtać bamne, a milch cow. (The word is commonly written latjac; it is pron. toitíoc, hence the curious form Laoz-Lizeac, with derivation "calflicker," given by some.) See loilišeač.

lao1, lao1 \dot{o} , g.id. and - \dot{o} e, pl. -1 \dot{c} e, -oce and -oeanna, f., a lay, a

poem, a song, a hymn.

Laoro-reary, f., a historical poem; used loosely of any poem (in poetry).

 $t_{\text{A01}}\dot{\xi}\dot{r}$ eo1t, - $\acute{\epsilon}$ ta, f., veal (pron. taoisfeoit in M., -feoit (ol)

shortened in U.

taom, -a, pl. id., m., a blaze of fire; a shining brightly; taom ceineao, a flash of fire.

laom-coip, -coipe, f., sparkling

foam.

Laomoa, indec. a., blazing, flaming; bright as a flame.

laomoact, -a, f., a conflagration, a burning, a glowing.

lapa, - \dot{o} , - \dot{o} e, \dot{o} e, \dot{o} e, \dot{o} e, \dot{o} e, \dot{o} e, a paw, the fist. $lapa\dot{c}$, $-a\dot{z}$, $-a\dot{z}e$, m., a swamp, a marsh.

lapaoán (lapán), -áin, pl. id., m., a kind of sea-fish; also a bird called "diver"; a small, inactive person (Don.); a clumsy person.

lapáit, -ála, f., act of using the paws, pawing; of a frog swim-

ming (Con.).

Lapaine, g. id., pl. -proe, m., one that paws or pats with the hand.

through water, etc.; pawing or handling soft mud, etc.

lapżail (lapaożail), -e, f., pawing, handling. See tapáil.

Lán, g. tán, m., ground, floor; middle, midst, centre; presence; an tán, on the ground, fallen, laid low, level; an tán, rá tán, tán, in the middle, in the midst; ceant-tán, the very centre; conp-tán, id.

tar, g. tarr, pl. taranna, m., a flame, blaze, light; a shining,

brightness.

lára, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a lace;

the side rail of a cart.

laraö, -rτα, pl. id., m., act of flaming, burning; flame; blushing; zeal; 'na laraö, lit, lighted (candle, etc.); an laraö, in a blaze, on fire, lighted up; cun an laraö, to set on fire; τά an różman an laraö, the harvest is ripe.

Lapaim, -paö, v. tr. and intr., I burn, light, kindle, shine, blaze;
 I blush; nán tap niam te náine, who never blushed with shame.

lapain, -pμαċ, -pμαċα, f., a flame, a blaze; lapain τeinnτηιże, a flash of lightning; pá βάμη laphaċ, on fire.

woodpecker (better staran

coille).

tarain téana (glarain téana), f., the blue herb of the meadow; a caustic herb growing in meadows called spearwort (by some called meadow crowfoot).

laramail, -mla, a., flaming, in-

flammable.

lapán, -áin, pl. id., m., a flash of anger; passion; a flame; recently used for a lucifer match in M.; lapán peinze, the heat of anger.

taránta, indec. a., passionate, fiery, flaming.

larántact, -a, f., a habit of anger. See larán.

Larapoa, indec. a., flaming, fiery, brilliant, splendid.

Lapapoact, -a, inflammability, inflammation.

Lát

larc, -airce, -a, f., a rod, a switch, a whip, a lash, a thong.

larca bhóize, m., a shoe's welt; also a shoe-latchet.

larcao, -cta, m., a switching, whipping, lashing, severe beating.

tarcaim, -cao, v. tr., I chastise, whip, lash, beat violently, stamp, press; oo tarc ré teir, he pressed forward, went off.

Larcaine, g. id., f., abatement, reduction, abatement (as in rent); discount; ease, cessation.

tarcame, g. id., pl. -moe, m., a strong, active, vigorous man; a rollicking character.

Larcán, -áin, m., discount.

larman, -aine, a., lightsome, bright, radiant.

taγός, -όιςe, -όςa, f., a small flame or blaze; a little fire; a short fit of passion; tıam na taγόιςe, Jack o' the Lantern (Mon.).

larnac (coll.), m., flames, blazes, flashes of fire.

nasnes of nre

Lappac, -aiţe, a.. flaming, blazing, lighting.

tart, -a, pl. id., m., a lading; ballast; tart tumze, freight.

tarta, p. a., inflamed, burned, lighted.

lartaim, -aö, v. tr., I lade, ballast, load.

tatać, -aije, f., dirt, slime, mire, puddle, mud (also taiteać).

Lάταιμ, g. Lάιτμεας and Lάτμας, pl. Lάιτμεας, f., an open space, place, site, spot; appointed place of meeting; position, presence, company; 1 Lάταιμ, beside, in presence of, present, before, presently, soon; 'na Lάταιμ, in his presence; oe Lάταιμ, in presence of, before, present at, in the eyes of, at once, immediately, presently, soon; αμ αn Lάταιμ reo, in this spot, instantly; αμ αοn Lάταιμ, in one spot; τις 1 Lάταιμ, come

up, approach; out aγ a tάταιμ, to leave him; ι τάταιμ Όέ, before God, in God's presence (a common form of asseveration); γά τάταιμ, at the present time, just at present; also τάτιμ.

tażaint, -anta, -antaiöe, f., a great measure, a great deal; tażaint beag, a small quantity. tażaint, -anta, f., ale, beer, malt, liquor.

tátan, -ain, m., vigour, strength;

also an assembly.

te, prep., with, along with, by, through, at [it prefixes h to vowels; before 3ac and an (the art.) becomes terr; takes n before possessive pron.); in pronom. combinations, 110m, tear, terp (m.), ter or terre (f.), tinn, tib, teo; the prep. ne, nir (with art.) is often used for te; te and ne are often found indiscriminately in modern MSS.], with, in the company of; cuaro ré le coir Comáir, he accompanied Thomas; 546 tiom, take up with me, come along with me, abide with me; used to denote the instrument with which a thing is done: oo zeannar te rcem é, I cut it with a knife; to denote the person or agent by whom an action is performed: oo chear coltra le Coileán, thy skin perforated by Collins (McD.); an n-a reniob' te haodazán ua Racaille, written by Egan O'Rahilly; Holofernes, tén baineao an ceann le mnaoi, Holofernes, whose head was cut off by a woman (i.e., by Judith, who cut off his head herself) (Kea.); even of mental actions: an can beaucao tinn sup, while I supposed that (E. R.); with a view to: te hazaro comtainn, with a view to battle; expressing desire or longing for a thing, or hope in a person: cá rúit le Dia agam 50 . . . , I hope in God that

...; tá coinne agam leir, I expect him; with, in the sense of help, succour: Oia linn, God help us; cabhuis tiom, help me; for or of: 17 cura 17 cionntac teir, it is your fault; belonging to: ir tiom-ra é reo, this is mine; denoting a judgment or mental attitude towards a thing: 1p rava tiom an oioce, I deem the night long; 17 0015 tiom, I think; ir mait tiom beit ός, I like being young, but ir maic oam beic oz, youth is good for me (independently of my mental attitude towards it); ir cuma tiom, I do not care; ir cuma oam, it does not affect my case; expressing the following of a profession or state in react mbliaona Leanbaroeacc, r. mb. le rcolaroeact, ip p. mb. le céino, seven years devoted to childhood, seven to schooling, and seven to a trade; along with, away with (before nouns that connote motion, as a stream, the wind): é oo reaoiteao teir an nzaoit, to let it away with the wind; against, leaning against: bí a onom te batta, his back leant against the wall; cia ir rát te Vanain? who is a defence against the foreigners? with tr. vbs. it gives the force of a passive: an ream ir reamn le razáil, the best man to be found; te hinnring, to be told; but with intr. vl. te react, to come, in the future, etc.; to express thanking, welcoming, speaking to: buioeacar le Oia, thank God; tabain tiom, speak to me; denoting proximity to: táim te coitt, beside a wood; te hair na Siuine, beside the Suir; of time, during, in the course of: le n-a linn, in his day; te raoa, for a long time; expressing addition to: cuip puro leir, add something to it, or prop it up; tá ré as out

te

te n' atam, he resembles his father; ní héan-maitear beit teat, there is no good in urging you, counselling you, arguing with you; cartleao móplán tear, much has been expended on you-but cailleao monán one, you have lost many; ran tiom, wait for me; éire tiom, listen to me; ní tiz tiom é béanam, I cannot do it; ní tiocrao liom é oéanam, muna mbeao zun cabnuiż Séamur tiom, I would not have been able to do it, only that James assisted me; τά σειμελό leir anuly, he is done for now, also, it is all over now; o'ımtıt ré le ruaco ir le rán, he went to the pot, came to nothing; cia hé riúo aníor le coir paopais? who is that coming up with Patrick? Tá rúit agam teir, I expect him, it, etc.; le luije na spéine, at sunset; tuit ré terr an aitt, he fell over the cliff; opuro ruar tiom, come close to me; te hair tiom, beside me (West Ker.); cait ré ctoc terr an magna, he threw a stone at the dog; te camatt some time back; after adj. translated as, in com ... te, as ... as; com rava le, as far as; of, as in rtize te n-a noibint, means of banishing them; te with acá implies favour: atá ré leo, he is favourable to them. When te precedes the infin., it (1) indicates purpose: te beit, in order to be; cáim te out, I am to go; or (2) gives it a passive signification, as in te clorrent, to be heard; te resceást or rescrinc, Various to be seen, visible. idioms: te corp, beside; teo' toit, by your leave; te héavan, in face of; le hazaio, for; terr rin, with that, thereupon; beanann (baineann) le, it concerns, refers, applies to; te prop na rút, in a twinkling; consnam terr, to help. Note .-

Tá ré az out te n' atam, in Don. is not used in the peculiar idiom, he resembles, or is "taking after," his father.

te, in phr. 1 te (a teit), hither, to this side (after verbs of motion), as atá ré az teatt 1 te, he is coming hither (east or west, not north or south); used in poetry for teit. See teat.

'le, .1. ala, in phr. 3ac 'le lá (somet. corruptly 3ac ne lá),

every other day, every alternate day; cf. Mid. Ir. cech ata tá, every other day; zac oanna tá, id. (Don.).

léab, g. téib, pl. id., m., a piece, a fragment, etc. See teaòb.

teaba (teabaö, teabaiö), g. teabaa, teapaa, teapaa, teapaa, teapaa, teapaa, teabaiö, dat. teabaiö, 7c.; pl. teapaaa, teapaaa, 7c., f., a bed, a couch; a resting place; a site or position; 1 teabaiö an teomain, in the place of the hero; teabactúim, a feather bed; 1 teabaiö (with gen.), in the place of (used generally in Con., as 1 n-áic, 1 n-ionao, in M.).

teaba beaz, f., a pallet.

teaba beants, f., a wild beast's couch (such as a hare's).

teaba rtocuir, f., a flock bed. téabaroe, g. id., pl. -oroe, m., a silly, worthless person.

téabaroeac, -orże, a., silly, worth-

Leabain, -e, a., long, limber, broad, smooth, pliant; trailing, loose.

teabaineacc, -a, f., a long stretch; flexibility; state of being loose.

teaban-piob, f., a long neek.
teaban, -ain, pl. id. and -bna, m.
(Lat. liber), a book; teaban
unnaiżė, a prayer book; an
teaban το ταδαίητ, to swear,
to take an oath; ταδαίη an
teaban ain, swear it is so, you
may be sure it is so; το rpatp
pé an teaban, he kissed the
book, he swore by the book;
ταρι α' teaban (also ταρι α'

teabna, and contractedly teabna), by the book, I assure you (corrupted to leósa and leóca in U.); oan an leaban breac, by the Speckled Book, is still used as a solemn form of asseveration in Ker. among persons who never otherwise heard of famous Leaban bнеас the (bneac = speckled with letters?).

Leaban, -ain, m., the inner rind or bark of a tree (Lat. liber).

leaban-car, -carre, a., long and plaited (of the hair).

leaban-claroeam, m., a long sword.

teaban-chob, m., a long pliant hand (i.e. from wrist to fingertips).

leabaμ-ċuaċ, f., a long, loose curl. Leaban cuimne, m., a diary.

leaban cunntair, m., an account book, a note-book.

leaban-rott, m., long hair.

Leabantann, -ainne, -anna, f., & library.

teabantannuioe, g. id., pl. -oce, m., a librarian.

teaban-pur, m., long pliant lips. leaban-roc, m., a long shaft.

leaba ruic, f., a ploughshare. Léabóz, -ó13e, -ó3a, f., the fish

called sole. leabhán, -áin, pl. id., m., a booklet. Leabhużao, -uiżce, m., smoothing,

making even; beating, hammer-Leabhuiżim, -uża $\dot{\mathbf{o}}$, v. tr., \mathbf{I}

smoothe, make even; beat, strike.

teabiac, -aije, a., belonging to a

leabtacar, -air, m., the act of going to bed; lodging (pron. leapacar); leabtanar (leapanar), id.

leabuizim, -użao, v. intr., I bed,

sleep.

leac, y. tice, pl. teaca and teacaca, f., a stone, a flagstone, a slate, a sheet (of ice, etc.), a tombstone; teac an reaglais, the hearthstone.

leaca, g. leacan, pl. leiche and teacameaca, f, a cheek; a brow; the side of a hill.

leacac, -aize, α., flaggy, abounding in flat stones.

leacapán, -áin, pl. id., m., a cloth to cover the cheek or neck.

teacaim, -ao, v. tr., I flay, destroy, slay.

leacanta, indec. a., stiff; precise. neat; well-to-do, comfortable (Don.).

Leacantact, -a, f., hardness, stiffness, rigidity, preciseness.

Leac orône, f., ice, a sheet of ice; leac oroin (sp. l., Ker.).

téact, -a, -aroe, m., a lesson or lecture.

Leact, $g.\ id.$, pl. Leactarbe, m., a grave; a pile of stones or mound to mark a grave; a monument.

leacta, g. id., pl. -nna, m., a statue (Donl.); used somet. for leaċτ.

Leactán, -áin, pl. id., m., a mound; a funeral pile; a flag jutting out over a precipice.

léactán, a lecture, a document.

Leac uaiże, f., a gravestone.

leacuitim, -utao, v. tr. I embed, fix firmly.

leacuiste, p. a., embedded.

leadaideact, -a, f., idleness, laziness.

leadaine. See leadhao.

teadán, -áin, pl. id., m., a litany; oo léigead na leadáin ain, the litany (for the dying) was read over him, his life is despaired of (also teaváin, f.).

leaván, -áin, m., a fine head of

hair.

leaván, -áin, pl. id., m. the herb teazle; teaván tiopta, g. -áin t., burdock; teaván úcaine, m., fuller or cortner teazle (P, O'C.).

leavanta, p. a., mangled, torn, made into shreds.

learb, -a, pl. id. and -aca, -naca, -tpscs, m., a rag, a shred, a stripe, a streak, a shaving; a scraw (of earth), a clod; an

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untidy, useless person, esp. a woman; teaoba bnóz, worthless shoes; as cantao leaobac, tanning hides (Don.); the hide of a beast. Pron. téaob (Don.).

leaobac, -aize, a., full of patches or clouts; patch-like; untidy;

clotted; worthless.

leaobao, -bta, m., a smiting, striking, clouting, slapping (also téa \dot{o} báil, U.).

leaobaim, -ao, v. tr., I strike,

smite, pelt.

leaobán, -áin, pl. id., m., a shred, a patch, a piece, a clod; teaobán bacaiz, a tattered beggarman (dim. of teaob).

Leaobánac, -aiz, pl. id., m., the

male of any fish.

leaobán teatain, -áin t., pl. id., m., a bat (the animal).

leaobός, -όιζε, -όζα, f., a piece,

a fragment, a tatter.

leaobhac, -ais, m., clouts, etc. See Leaobhaio.

teaobharo, -e, f., clouts, tripes, pelts.

leaσός (leaπσός), -όιςe, -όςa, f., a blow, a slap, a hit (also terpeos.

tearing, cutting, dissecting; whipping; destroying (also

Leavaint).

Leaopaim, -σαιμτ and -σμαό, v.tr., I mangle, beat, smite; tear, rend, dissect, main (chiefly of the body, while a word like néabam may be used more generally of shields, clothes, etc.).

leaopán, -áin, m., delay, dilatori-

Leaopánac, -aize, a., slow, tedious, lingering; σεληθηάτλιη teaopánac ólacán, drink is a slothful brother.

leappántact, -a, f., obtrusive

familiarity (Con.).

leaopánuioe, g. id., pl. -oce, m., a slow, tedious person, a loiterer (in M. sp. l., Lioopánuroe).

leadurde, g. id., pl. -ote, m., a sluggard, one too lazy to work;

1. na tuaite, a character in Con. folk-tales.

Léaduizim, -użad, v. tr., I distend, widen; I beetle (téao is the same as terteso, breadth).

léas, -a, pl. id., m., a precious stone, a jewel; na léaz lóżman,

of the valuable jewels.

leazao, m., friendship; a kindly feeling towards, leniency; 7. teasao asam teas, I feel kindly towards you. See leasao, infra.

leasao, -sta, pl. id., m., act of laying low, throwing down, prostrating; act of reaping, mowing, felling, lowering; a fall, an abatement, reduction, casting down; teasao 'sur teonao ont, be you thrown down and wounded.

lea $\dot{\xi}$ a \dot{o} , g. - $\dot{\xi}\dot{c}$ a, and - $\dot{\xi}$ a \dot{o} ce, pl. id., m., act of melting, solution, smelting; a liquefaction (the p.p. teasca is pron. teacca).

léazao, the act of reading. Sec

léiteao.

Leazao buroe, the herb known as

Our Lady's Mantle.

leazao laozame, a well-known weed that grows on peat land (Ker.).

Leagavoin, -όμα, -όιμι ve, m., a melter, refiner, smelter, founder.

leaξáιο, -e,- ι \dot{o} e, m., an ambassador, a legate.

léaς \dot{a} 10, -e, - \dot{a} 0e, f., a legacy; an oblation, an offering.

léazaim, I read. See téizim. leazaim, -ao, v. tr., I lay down, put down, throw down, pull down, destroy, prostrate, drop, lay, leave down; reduce, lower;

leażaim, -żao, v. tr and intr., I melt, dissolve, smelt, fuse; I

thaw.

teasan, -ain, pl. id., m., a version or variant setting of anything; cum ré leasan eile am, he altered it to read otherwise (Con.); pl. also -naca.

leazar, cure, remedy. See teiz-

ear; téagar (Don.).

fell, reap, mow.

léaςγa, g. id., pl. - Διόe, m., a lease (E. U.).

teasta, p.a., laid, thrown down, reduced, mown, reaped; teasta amac, spread out, laid out, marked off; laid out, as a corpse.

teasta (pron. teasta; somet. teastatote is used), p. a., melted, molten, dissolved, thawed,

smelted.

teaţċśnaċ, -aıţ, pl. id., m., a pining or declining child, a wastrel.

léastoin, m., a reader. See léit-

čeoin.

lea対τόιμ, -όμα, -όιμιτος, m., a founder, a smelter, a refiner.

leagτόιη, -όηα, -όιηιτο, m., a leveller, a feller, a caster or thrower down, a demolisher.

leat zaım, -zaò, v.tr., Isuck, lick, lap with tongue (P. O'C.).

team, gsf. terme, a., tasteless, unsalted; insipid, raw; foolish, silly; importunate.

leam, -a, -anna, m., an oar; an

oarsman; the elm tree.

Leamacar, -air, m., folly, silliness.
Leamac buide, m., marsh mallow (some call the herb lady's mantle, or lion's foot, by this name—
P. O'C.). See Leazad buide.

teamaoar, -air, m., insipidity; folly; want of taste; importu-

nity.

lteamainn, -e, -roe, f., a slut

(Mayo).

tree; the rind of a tree between the bark and timber.

lteaman, -ain, pl. id., m., a moth, a night moth (also teaom and

leaoman).

teaman muiże, m., wild marsh mallow (variously corrupted: teamac buide, teazad buide,

lleamar, -air, m., tastelessness, insipidity; levity; fun, freak, folly; ir é an teamar é! what

frivolity! Leam-baoir, f., insipidity, folly.

team-baot, -baoite, a., foolish, simple.

leam-σάπας, -αιζε, α., rash, foolhardy.

leam-oánact, -a, f., rashness, foolhardiness.

Leam-ruaine, f., tepidity.

Leam-ruan, -ruanne, α., tepid, insipidly cold.

team-ζάιμε, m., an insipid or pointless laugh, a hollow smile.

Leam-zaiμισe, m., act of laughing pointlessly or insipidly.

team-tact, m., milk hot from the

Léam-Lút, m., a swift pace; an a Léam-Lút, in full gallop. See Léim.

leamnacz, -a, m., new milk, sweet milk.

leam-náiμe, f., foolish shame, coyness, bashfulness.

leam-náipeac, -piże, a., coy, bashful.

teamóio, a lemon. See tiamóio. teampagán, -áin, pl. id., m., a pimple on the eye.

Léan (Luan), g. Léin, m., the loin; hence P. O'C. derives toc téin,

the inside flank.

téan, g. téin, pl. -nτa, m., woe, grief, sorrow, affliction; mo téan ξέαμ, alas! τά téan ομτ, you are terrible (Don.); ταοι téan, in affliction; a stiffness or swelling in the loin (W. Ker.).

téana, g. id., pl. -roe and -nca, m., a meadow; swampy ground; a

lawn.

téanao, -nca, m., act of ruining, destroying. See teonao and téanaim.

teanaro, -nra, m., act of following; tuct a teanra, his followers.

teanaim, vl. teanmain, teanmain, and somet. teanao, v.tr. and intr., I follow, pursue, persevere in, go on (with a thing); follow up, continue, go on with, adhere, cling to (with oe); tean oe, follow on, persevere; when not tr., teanaim takes generally prep. oe, but often also an, and

somet. le; lean leat, lean ont, and lean viot, continue on, proceed; na bhéithe ro leanar,

the following words.

téanaim, -aò, v. tr., I damage, injure; I ruin, destroy. See teonam. (In sp. l. there seems to be a distinction drawn between téan, téanao, and teon, Leonao; téan is often used in phrases like mo téan, téan ont, etc., where teon is not used; on the other hand, teonso, Leonarm, are the ordinary words used in the case of spraining, dislocation of the limbs, etc., whilst téanao and téanaim are confined to poetry, and used in a general way of ruining, destroying, etc.).

teanamain, -mna, -mnaioe, f., a beloved one, a sweetheart, a favourite; a spouse. See tean-

nán.

teans, g. tens, pl. id. and teansaire, m., a child, a baby; a term of endearment; an teans, the youngest child, the child in the cradle (the pl. teansaire is pron. teansaire in M.).

like, childish; young, youthful. leanbact, -a, f, childishness,

timidity.

teanbaroe, indec. a., childish, innocent; childlike; teanbaroeac, id.; b. genly. not asp.

teanbaroeact, -a, f., childhood; simplicity, innocence. See teanbact; b. genly. not asp.

teanbán, -áin, pl. id., m., a baby, an infant; a term of endearment; teanbáinín, dim. (the b is sounded without asp., and it is somet. so written).

Leanbánact, -a, f., infancy, child-

hood.

leanb-luarcao, -cca, m., the rocking of a baby in a cradle.

leant-tuarcaim, -cao, v. intr.,
I rock a child, as in a cradle.
leanoός, -όιςe, -όςa, f., a ble v.

with the open hand, a clout (Clare).

teans, -a, -aroe, m., a slap, a blow (used in *Clare*, teansame is used in *Ker.*).

teanzao, -zża, m., a slapping, a striking, a licking.

teanzaim, -zao, v. tr., I slap, strike, lick.

teanzaine, g. id., pl., -niòe, m., a slap, a clout. See teanz.

teanmain, -namna, f., act of following, pursuing, continuing, adhering, clinging (to, ve, vo); also teanamain(t) and teanmaint.

teanmain, -ana, f., substance, property, wealth, acquisition, provision.

teanmanac, -aiţe, a., having riches, possession (also tean-amnac).

teanmanac, -ais, -aise, m., a follower, a pursuer; as adj., following, pursuing (also teanmanacc.).

Léanman, -aine, a., sorrowful, distressed.

teann, -a, -ta, f. or m., ale, strong beer; a humour in the body; any liquor; teannoub, melancholy, gloomy fits, hypochondria. See tionnoub.

teannán, -áin, pl. id., m., a lover, paramour, concubine, favourite, leman.

teannán ríoe, m., a familiar spirit, an endearing phantom.

leannántact, -a, f., attachment, adherence, concubinage.

Leannoa, indec. a., tipsy; addicted to the drinking of ale.

teannóip, -ópa, -óipiroe, m., a brewer.

teapa, -n, a bed; teapa iomitama, a row-lock (Tory). See teaba.

Leah, g. tih, m., the sea, the surface of the sea; also need, necessity, want; ταμ teah, foreign, oversea; 1 3céin teah, far over the sea (E. R.); many; a great number; teah món oaoine, a great number of people.

téan, clear. See téin. téan, plenty. See teon.

Léap-amanc, m., clear sight.

Léanoa, indec. a., clear, evident; also orderly, regular, systematic.

teans, g. teinse, pl. teinseaca, f. (also g. teins, pl. -a, m.), a plain, a beaten track, road, or pathway; a declivity, slope (also teansa, teansaioe).

leaμsac, -aise, a., steep, sloping,

having declivities.

leaμ5án, -á1n, pl. id., m., a height; the slope of a hill.

leapstaine, g. id., pl. -proe, m.,

a sluggard, a lazy person. Léaμ-żlan, -żlane, α., extremely

bright or clear.

Léaμζυρ, -uιρ, m., sight, visibility,
clearness; order, regularity;
téaμόἀċτ, f., id.

léan-loircim, -lorcao, v. tr., I

consume by fire.

leap-madad (-madpa), m., dog-fish.

teaμός, -όιζε, -όζα, f., a larch tree.

Léaμ-rcáit, -áta, pl. id., f., a map.
 Léaμ-rcμύσαιm, -σασ, v. tr., I examine closely, investigate.

Léan-rmuainean, -nice (also téan-rmuaineam, -nim), m., consideration, reflection, meditation, imagination, fancy.

V. intr., I consider, reflect,

imagine.

leap-taoroe, f, a spring tide;

the sea tide.

tear, -a, m., benefit, profit, advantage, improvement, welfare, good luck, happiness; an rtizio σο teara, in the way of your prosperity, on the road of luck; σο στυσαιό Όια πο tear σαπ, may God send me happiness, etc.; σο στυμπό Όια αη σο tear τύ, may God direct you; tean σο tear, follow the wiser course; tear-τριίξε, the way of success (Fcr.); αη πας μιζτεαμ α tear συιός, for whom it

is not necessary to pray; ca tenzeann cú a tear, you need

not (Om., E. U.).

lear- (teir-), in compounds like tear-atain, tear-matain, teiringean, 7c., step-father, stepmother, step-daughter; tearainm, a nickname.

tear, g. teire, pl. teara, f., the thigh; ubatt na teire, knuckle of the thigh bone or hip; also manure (=tearużao); pls. also

learna and tearnaca.

léar, g. téir and teoir, m., a
bright spot; a ray of light, a
ray (of reason or sense); ni't
téar αζατ, you have no sense
whatever; a sore, a blotch, a
pimple.

téar, g. téir, pl. téara, m., a quantity of corn equal to thirty-two grains in counting; téarnaca, wisps of straw, ears of

corn.

léar, g. téir, pl. téara, m., a lash, a stroke, a blow, a stripe.

téar, m., a fixed period of time, a lease (A., but of considerable antiquity).

Léapac, -aiże, a., emitting rays
 of light, flashing; blistered,
 spotted, marked.

learac, -aiże, a., interesting, ad-

vantageous, profitable.

teapac, -aiże, a., belonging to a tiop or fort; court-like, palace-like.

téarac, -aiţe, f., blains, blisters. téarac, -rca, m., act of beating, striking, slapping, whipping, slashing, lacerating, cutting.

Léaraim, -aō, v. tr., I beat violently, I lash, whip, lacerate.

tear-ainm, m., a nickname.

tear-atam, m., a step-father (P. O'C. says it also means a father-in-law, but it has not this meaning in the sp. l., and the same is true of the other compounds of tear).

téapbaine, g. id., pl. -nièe, m., a helmet adapted to admit light. teapc, gsf. teipce, a., sluggish,

lazy, loth, unwilling, reluctant; 1p t. t10m, I am reluctant.

tearcamant, -mta, a., unwilling, loth. See tearc and terrceamant.

teap-capa, f., a false or feigned friend.

tear-clann, f., step-children.

tear raininge, m., seaweed manure. tear-tuigim, -tuige, v. intr., I lean or lie on my thigh.

lear-mac, m., a step-son.

lear-mátain, f., a step-mother.

tearnac (coll.), m., the loins,

thighs.

teaγταμ, -αιμ, m., a cask, a vessel; a small boat; a beehive; a cask of inferior butter (Ker.); fig., a useless animal, a helpless person; teaγταμ an aonaiz, the cup from which everybody drank at the fair (M.).

learτιαμ (teat-ir-τριαμ), ad., behind (with ve); in the west

(often pron. Laiptian).

tearusao, -uisce, m., act of repairing, amending, improving, cultivating, correcting, maintaining; manuring, act of dressing (as one dresses vegetables or meat with sauce); act of curing (as fish, fruit, etc.); tanning of hides; manure, dressing; a point welded on to a ploughiron when worn (in other words, the repair of a plough, etc., is called tearusao).

teapuiżim, -użaż, v. tr., I repair, amend; educate; retain, maintain, preserve; I manure, I dress; cure (as fish, fruit, etc.).

teapuite, p. a., improved, corrected, repaired; manured, dressed; cured, preserved (as fish, fruit, meat, etc.).

teapuiţċeoin, -ona, -oiniċe, m., a repairer, improver, dresser, preserver, manurer; a tanner.

teat, prep. pr., 3rd sing., with thee, by thee (also plot); emph., teat-ra.

teat, g. teite, pl. -anna and teiteanna, f., a half; a side, a moiety, a part, a piece; teat is used for one of a pair: test-cor, one foot; teat-ruit, one eye; teattám, one hand; an teit, rá teit, separately, severally, apart; oo 5ac teit, on every side; oo Leit, with respect to, in regard to; 1 leit, aside; 5ab 1 leit, come aside, come here! cuin 1 leit, lay to the charge of: Lest Aη teit, individually, side by side, on both sides, on either side, equally; oo'n teit ircit, in the inside; oo'n teit eite, on the other hand; 1 test-caoib, aside, to one side; ó roin a teit, from that time to this; 1 Leit ir 50 naib ré ann, as if he were there, pretending he was there; leat-ir-tian (leartian, larcian), in the west; teac-ipcoin (Learcoin, Larcoin), in the east; leat 17015 (leapois), within doors; teat-ir-muit, (tearmuis), out of doors; teatir-tior (leartior, lairtior), below, etc.; 1 Leit is often written 1 te; 1 teit also=in regard to (M.).

teatac, -aite, a., duplex, in two,

in two equal parts.

teatac, -aite, f., a kind of broad seaweed, "wrack."

Leatac buroe, f., common lady's mantle (alchemilla vulgaris); sea-ribband. See Leatao buroe,

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teatao, -taa, m., the act of widening, spreading, circulating, extending, opening out; perishing, famishing; an teatao cor, astride (Ker.).

teatao, -a1o, m., breadth; teatao móμ, broad-cloth. See teiteao.

teataoac, -aiţe, a., large, wide, extended; copp teataoac, white spoonbill, a bird of the crane family.

Leat-ασαμς, f., one of two horns. Leat-αζαιό, m., one side of the

face (also teat-pluc).

teatam, v. tr. and intr., I distend, widen; gape; stretch out;

spread out, spread a rumour; in pass., I perish, famish; I divide, halve; oo teat mo ruite oum, "my eyes spread on me," I opened my eyes in astonishment.

teat-amaoán, m., a silly person,

a "half fool."

leatan, gsf. leitne, a., wide, broad.

leatanac, -ait, pl. id., m., a page of a book (teatán, id.).

leatan-pur, m., a big mouth, lips

wide apart.

leatan, -ain, -thaca, m., leather; the skin, the hide; rean léin-15te leatain, a tanner; as cantao teatam, tanning leather (U.).

leat-bocτ, -boicτe, α., somewhat

leat-bonn, m., a half-sole; pl.

-bonnarde (Don.).

leat-bμό, f., one side of a quern, one of the stones forming it; 17 olc a meilleanny leat-bnó. badly does a defective quern grind (Con.).

leat-bμός, - υμόιζε, f., one of a pair of shoes; tá leat-bnóz

AISE Leir, he favours him.

leaċ-buinne, m., a half wave; τά an báo an leat-buinne, (?) the boat leans to one side, has heeled

Leat-caoc, -oice, a., blind in one

leat-ceann, m., an inclination to one side; a droop; "a half-one" (half-glass) of drink (Don.); cuin ré leac-ceann ain réin, he leaned his head on one side.

leat-clao, m., a shaft of a car, etc. (P. O'C.); also teat-cliat, leat-laide and leat-luite).

leat-cliat, -cléite, -cliata, f., a shaft, as of a car or cart.

leat-cluar, f, one ear; oo cui ré leat-cluar ain réin, he set himself in a listening posture.

leat-cluarac, -aite, a., having but one ear (also an leatcluair).

leat-colpa, m., a young or halfgrown heifer or bullock. See colpa.

teat-cor, f., one leg; tá ré an teat-corr, he has only one leg.

Leat-chuinn, -e, a., elliptical,

oval-like, half-round.

leat-chumne, g. id., f., a hemisphere, a semi-circle; halfroundness.

leat-chuinneact, -a, f., halfroundness.

leat-curo, f., a half-share, a halfmeal.

leat-cuma, g. id., f., advantage, unfairness or partiality in distributing food, etc.; tá an teat-cuma agat onm, you have the advantage of me; oo beinir an leat-cumais onm, you did not give me my share (teatcomais, M.).

teat-bonar, m., a half-door, a

hatch-door.

leac-oonn, m., one of the two

leat-oubán, m., one of the kidneys.

Leat-ourne, m., one of twins;

leat-ceann cúpla, id.

leat-rocal, m., a hint, a suggestion, a half word; an adage; Tuizeann rean léizinn leatrocat, a learned man understands a hint.

leat-żlún, f., one knee; a grade in family descent, on one side

only. See 51ún.

leat-ζηυλό, m., one cheek or brow.

leat- $\dot{\zeta}$ uala, f., one shoulder; a mate, an associate; τά l. Διμ, he carries one shoulder high.

lea $\dot{\tau}$ -lám, -láme, f., the other hand, one hand; tá ré an leattáim, he has only one hand; bí ré 'n-a teat-táim aize, he held it in one hand.

leat-lám, f., distress, poverty, want of help, wretchedness; tá leat-lám ain, he is overpowered with excess of work or press of business (Ker.).

leat-lámac, -aiţe, a., distressful, wretched, needy, in want of help; very busy (Ker.); τάιμιο leat-lámac σά μίμιο inoiu, we are really in need of assistance to-day, we are over busy.

leat-tanama, f., a half-couple; a

man or wife.

teat-tuite, g. id., m., leaning, reclining, a half-stretching; the shaft of a car.

teat-tuiţim,-tuiţe, v. intr., I loll,

I recline.

leat-mant, -mainte, a., half-dead; quite exhausted.

leat-mar, m., a buttock (also

leat-mára).

leat-muincille, m., one sleeve.

teatnán, -ánn, pl. id., m., a stick with a broad flat end, like the blade of an oar, for drying corn in a pot.

teatnuţao, -uiţte, pl. id., m., broadening, spreading, extend-

ing, widening.

teathuitim, -utato, v. tr., I spread out, continue, widen, extend, flatten, scatter.

teachuiste, p. a., widely spread,

flattened, extended.

teatός, -όιζε, -όζα, f., a plaice, a flounder, flat-fish; t. öán, a sole; t. öeaμζ, a flounder; t. †ίομ-μιτε, a fluke; t. muiμe, a kind of large turbot called talbot; teatað teatóιζε ομζ, may you perish or be flattened as cold as a plaice; also teaðbóς.

leat-pinginn, f., a halfpenny (in

Ker. sp. l., lest-pinge).

leaż-púnτ, m., a half-pound, eight ounces; a half-sovereign (rare in this sense); teaż-punτα (Don.). leażpaċ, -aıże, a., leathern, made

of leather.

teat-mann, m., a half-verse, a hemi-stitch; one-half of anything.

leatpannac, -aite, a., partial,

biassed, unjust.

léathóro, a ball, etc. See tratμότο. leat-μογς, m., one eye; an leatμογς, having only one eye.

leat-proofte, m., a withered old

man.

test-recotteán, m., one of two boards or planks cut or sawed asunder.

I split in two; I hack, mangle.

leat-ppon, f., one side of the nostrils.

teat-pruse, f., one side of a hill, etc.; one side of the head.

leat-rúil, f., one eye.

leaċ-ṛúileaċ, -liţe, a., one-eyed. leaċτa, p.a., spread out, extended, scattered; rumoured; perished, famished (as with cold); τά γέ leaċτα ομτ, it is rumoured of you (Ker.).

leatrate, -a, f, expansion, ex-

tension, spreading.

leat-taob, f. and m., one side, aside, askance, sideways; also a flitch; out oo leat-taob, to go aside; 1 leat-taob, aside; cupp 1 leat-taob é, put it by, put it aside.

leaċ-ταοΰαċ, -αιζe, α., biassed, partial, unjust; το t., privately,

apart.

leat-tomailt, g. -e and -alta, f., half-eating, a half-meal.

leat-tomatta, p. a., half-eaten. leat-tomar, m., back weight; cf.

cloc leat-tomair.

teatthom, m., oppression, affliction, distress; burden, grievance; pregnancy; an teatthom, oppressed.

Leatthomac, -aite, a., oppressive, afflicting, causing sorrow; preg-

nant, heavy-sided.

teatrnomact, -a, f., oppression (O'N.).

leatτριιme, f., oppression; pregnancy

nancy.

leat-uain, -uaine, f., a half-hour.

leat-uilleann f. one elbow: an

leat-uilleann, f., one elbow; an acute angle.

teat-urrinn, f., one of two corners or angles; also one of the temples of the head.

leat-uppa, f., one of the two side-

posts of a door.

téi (téite), prep. pr., 3rd s., f., with her; emph., téi-re. See te, prep. teibeann, -binn, pl. id., m., a long stretch, a stride.

teiteann, -tinne, -teanna, f., the deck of a ship or scaffold; a gallery; side of a hill (teit-teann).

terbroe, g. id., pl. -oroe, m., an awkward clown; an idiot.

téic, -e, pl. id., f., neglect, failing, weakness; out i téic, to decline; níομ τάπης αοπ téic 'na ξεμεισεαṁ, their faith did not fail in the least (Ker.) (=leak?). teice, indec. a., delicate.

téice, g. id., pl. -ciòe, m., a clown, an awkward person (Louth).

tercearo, -croe, a., neat, elegant (obs.).

leiceanta, indec. a., exact, precise, neat, comely. See leacanta. leicneac, -nize, f., mumps, a

swelling of the jaws.

teicte, indec. a., smart, active. teio, -e, f., a longing, a desire.

tero, -e, f., a stir, a pace; ní řéaoraroe con ná tero oo baint ar, he could be made neither to stir nor move; a sign, a hint.

lerobín, g. id., pl. -nroe, m., a little clod, a scraw; an awkward person; lerobín ocaman, a kind of small fish, water-fish.

teroeoς, -οιζε, -οςα, f., a slap, a blow, a hit, a knock. See teαρός.

léromeac, -mize, a., strong,

valiant, brave.

terrean, m., a flat-soled foot; cf. 510tta na terrean (Don., A.?); perh. for terrean (from tearar).

leipteanac, -aiż, -aiże, m., flat-

soled person (Don.).

léize, g. id., pl. -eanna, m., a league, three miles.

teiżeać, -żiże, a., medical, medicinal.

leiżeact, -a, f., the practice of medicine,

téigeao (téigeam), -gre, pl. id., m., act of reading, a perusal.

Leizean [téizean(τ)], -zin, pl. id., m., act of allowing (into, 1), letting (fall, go, escape, etc.), permitting, giving; ceasing from (with ve); teizean ομτ, pretending; teizean νίοτ, unburthening; teizean teat, overlooking, condoning; teizean ταμτ, permitting, etc. (pron. teozain(τ), M.; a running before a jump (Con.).

téiżeann, -żinn, m., reading; learning; a lesson; mac téiżinn,
scholar, student; aor téiżinn,
students; rożtum téiżinn,

studying.

léizeannta, p. a., proficient,

learned.

léigeann-tuigre, -piona, f., learned acuteness.

Léizean, -zin, -a, m., a siege (O'N).

léiξeaμτα, p. a., besieged; cf. be-

leaguered.

teiżear, -żir, pl. id. and -żireanna, m., medicine, remedy, cure, recovery; act of healing, curing; a salve; reap teiżir, doctor, medicine-man; ni't teiżear azam aip, I have no help for, I cannot help it.

leiżearać, -aiże, a., healing,

sanative, medicinal.

teiżeapaim, -żeap, v. tr., I cure, heal, remedy.

leiżearta, p. a., cured, healed, remedied.

leizim (léizim), vl. leizean(z), leizin(z), leozain(z) (sic pron., M.), v. tr., I let, suffer, permit, allow, lay, lay down, leave, let go, let fall, let off, give, put, throw, cast, knock down, emit, utter (a cry, etc.); leiz amac, let out, loose, disclose; leiz onz, pretend, "let on"; leiz ar, let out; ná leiz ar é, do not permit it to expire (as fire light); leiz oo, do not interfere with; leiz oi imécact uinci let her go away; leiz oam

réin (stress on oam), let me alone; teiz rá Oia é (more usually ráz rá O1a é), leave it to the disposal of Providence; te15 1, admit into, allow to come in, lead into (e.g., temptation); teis irceac, let in, admit; teis ó, put away from; ná teiz uait é, do not let it go, do not give up your hold of it; ters prop, let down, let fall, or hang down; teis oo rcít, take your rest; náp leisio Oia rain, God forbid it; leiz amuża, let go astray, permit to be lost or wasted; teiz teir, unloose, give freer rein to, slacken hold of, as a rope or something bound by a rope, enlarge (as a garment), give (a person) his own way; ní teigread teac é, I will not let you escape without reprisals for it, I will not let it go with you; cease from (with oe); teix oe o' cuio mazaio, cease your humbugging.

leiżim, -żeao and -żeam, v. tr., I

read, say, speak, tell.

léizce, p. a., read, perused, spoken, pronounced.

léiżteoin (léażtóin), -ona, -oin-

ioe, m., a reader.

leiţteoin, -ona, -oinite, m., a founder, a refiner (also leaţtoin).

Léizteoineatt, -a, f., a reading,

the act of reading.

téim, -e, -eanna, f., a leap, a jump, a bound, a start; tí sac aon téim aize, he was bounding continually; thí téim an táitliúna, the name of a certain constellation (Con.).

Léim, -e, -eanna, f., the rush of waves between rocks or adown cliffs; a promontory or cliff jutting into the sea (common in

place names).

Leime, g. id., f., folly, simplicity, childishness, insipidity, tastelessness; teime na teime oam onuioim 'na chuini-cuainim,

oh folly of follies for me to approach her (O'Ra.); γάμιιξeann ζιιος an teime, wisdom exceedeth folly.

lessness, folly, childishness.

Léimeavoíin, -óna, -óinive, m., a leaper, a jumper.

teimear, -mir, m., folly, childishness, simplicity; 'ré an teimear é! what childishness! See teim-

eact and leamar.

téimim, vl. téim, téimneac or téimpeac, v. intr., I leap, jump, start, bound; vo téim ré ar a botz (or ar a comp), he leaped wildly, he bounded.

Leimne, g. id., f., lukewarmness,

tepidness, insipidity.

léimneac, -niţe, a., leaping, jumping, desultory.

Léimneac, -niţe, f., act of jumping;

Léimpeac, -niże, f., act of leaping; leaping, jumping; Az Léimpiż, jumping.

Leinb-bneit, f., child-birth; child-

bearing.

Léine, g. id., pl. Léinteaca, f., a shirt, a shift, a mantle, a linen garment, a surplice, an alb; Léinio (U. genly.).

léinteoz, -015e, -05a, f., a little

shirt or shift.

ténntín, g. id., pl. -ròe, m., a little shirt or smock; map comapia 'η mo rcéal τά mo ténntín ουδ αρ mo òρom, as a proof of my story my poor shirt is black on my back (for want of a washing).

teippeacán, -áin, pl. id., m., a pigmy, a sprite, a leprechaun.

Lént, -e, a., visible, plain, clear, open, manifest, conspicuous; close, careful; often used as an intens. prefix.

Léin, -e, f., destruction, ruin, woe; mo téin, alas! téin οης, ruin seize thee! míte téin οης, a

thousand woes on thee.

1éiη, an adj. used adverbially; 5ο
 1éiη, entirely, altogether, wholly;
 140 50 téiη, every one of them;

uite 50 téin, altogether, together; 30 tuat téin, quickly and swiftly.

léin-cheac, f., complete ruin, plunder; often used as exclama-

tion: mo léin-cheac!

léւր-cuւրւm, -cuր, v. tr., I put, set down; oo léin-cun 1 zclóo, to print.

téme, g. id., f., clearness, evidence; also order, system, method.

téme, g. id., f., rigour, austerity, piety, devotion (obs.).

léipeacτ, -a, f., clearness, evidence; also method, order, system.

leinz, -e, -roe and -eaca, f., a path, a way; a footstep; a plain; a rout; a reason, motive, pretence (O'N.); an Leins, in a bad state; é oo leizean an leinz, to neglect it; an leins na saoite, in the track of the wind; teins talman, a tract of land. leans.

léιμιζιm, -ιυζαο (léιμιm), v. tr., I give rise to, set, arrange.

léipiżim, -iużao, v. tr., I beat, strike, subdue, lay prostrate; I pound (as flax).

léimizteatt, -a, f., statement; arrangement, adjustment, settle-

Lémmere, g. id., pl. -tròe, m., a mallet, a hammer or beetle

(témprein, id.).

léipiużao, -iżte, m., act of preparing; preparation, arrangement; a beating, striking, laying prostrate; as t. lin, pounding

Léin-mear, m., high esteem; a balancing; consideration.

Léiji-mearaim, vl. -mear, v. tr., I estimate, balance, weigh.

léin-millearo, -le, m., complete destruction.

lém-neic, m., clear statement; detailed enumeration; selling wholesale.

temp-reprop, g. -pip and -propes, pl. id., m., desolation, utter destruction.

Léin-remoraim, vl. -remor, v. tr.,

I destroy utterly, annihilate, ruin, desolate, ravage.

tém-remorta, p. a., annihilated, utterly destroyed, ravaged, de-

spoiled.

téιμ- \dot{c} ιοπόt, - \dot{c} ιοπόιt, pl.~id., m., act of carefully gathering up.

leir, -e, -eaca, f., a hip; the thigh; uball na leire, the hip joint; teir caoin-reola, a leg of mutton. See lear.

terr, prep., with, by (form of te used before the article, etc.); terr rin, with that, thereupon.

terr, prep. pr., 3rd s., m., with him, it; at, to or by him, it; belonging to him; emph., terrean, teir-rean; teir réin, by himself, alone, with itself, alone; cia teir? whose? also uncovered, unprotected; tá mo lám teir, my hand is uncovered: cá mo lám a éir, id. (Don.); indeed, truly, really, also; tá an ní bneoroce, the king is ill, τά, teir, he is indeed = is he really? (M.); bior rein terr ann, I was there also; agur Tura terr, and you also (M.).

leir-beiμτ, -e, f., a pair of breeches

or trousers.

terrce, g. id., f., slothfulness, laziness; hesitation, unwillingness; idle talk (nom. also terrc).

teirceact, -a, f., slothfulness,

laziness.

teirceamait, -mta, a., lazy, languid, sluggish, inactive.

leirceamlact, -a, f., slothfulness, laziness.

terrceán, -árn, pl. id., m., a lazy person.

terreeorn, -ona, -ornive, m., an idler.

leir-cliamain, m., a step-son-inlaw; in this and similar words the prefix is pron. lear.

Leir-beanbhátain, m., a step-

brother.

Leir-oeinbrigh, f., a step-sister.

thigh (O'N.). See terp and lear.

Leirineact, -a, f., halting, wagging; lameness.

leir-ingean, f., a step-daughter. leir-leanb, m., a step-child, an

illegitimate child.

leir-rilioce, m., step-children; step-offspring.

terrτín, g. id., pl. -röe, m., a kind

of small fish.

leit (ds. of test, side, half) in phr. ταμ 1 leit, come hither; rá teit, apart, special; 1 teit, up to this place or time; 1 leit ir 50, as if; 50 teit, plus a half; bliadain 30 leit, a year and a half; out 1 leit mo leaban, to take to learning as a profession. The word test in these phrs. is often written te, esp. in poet. See lest.

leit, -e, f., a species of fish. leitbeact, f., partiality (O'N).

leit-béal, m., one side of the mouth; an unevenness of the lips or edge; tá teit-béat ain, he has uneven lips, or it is deformed at the verge.

teit-beo, indec. a., half-alive;

half-dead.

leit-bliatain, f., half a year.

leit-céao, m., fifty, half a hundred; half a long hundred, or

sixty.

leit-ceal, m., partiality, exclusiveness; exclusion from an invitation; common in the latter application in U.: pinn riao tert-ceat onm, they did not invite me with the rest.

" δί Δοσαισίη αμ δόμο ann 'n-áit Öoimnic tií Domnaill; bi'n teit-ceat com mon rin O'á béanam."

-Don. song.

leit-ceann. See lest-ceann. ใชาช่-cestหลma, f., a half-quarter in weight or measure; one

leit-cíoc, f., a single breast. Leite, g. id., f., a plaice. leatos and leit.

léite (téi), prep. pr., 3rd s., f., with her, by her; emph., léi-re.

teres, y. id. and -an, f., gruel, stirabout.

léite, g. id., f., greyness, mouldiness, whiteness; the rot, a disease in sheep; agur an téite ım' cut, while my head is hoary (J. O'Connell).

léiteacτ, -a, f., greyness, mouldiness, hoariness, whiteness.

leitear, -tio, pl. id., m., breadth, width, space, roominess.

leiteabac, -ai \dot{z} e, a., broad; proud, arrogant, conceited.

leiteadar, -air, m., conceit, arro-

gance.

leitéiro, -e, f., kind, sort, the like, the like of, its like, such, any such, equal, the same, such as; a t. oe, with noun, a t. azur, with verb, a t. rin (oe), such and such.

leitéir, -e, f., fun, ridicule,

laughter.

leit-eolat, -ait, -aite, m., a smatterer; a half-learned person; a novice.

 $tei\dot{c}$ - \dot{c} esta \dot{c} , f., half-moon.

leit-ziall, m., one cheek or jaw. Léitio (Om.). See Leitéio.

 $oldsymbol{t}$ eı $\dot{ au}$ ı $oldsymbol{t}$ ea $\dot{ au}$ a $\dot{ au}$, for $oldsymbol{t}$ eı $\dot{ au}$ - $oldsymbol{t}$ ea $\dot{ au}$ a $\dot{ au}$, an tertitiz, separate, by one's

self, or by itself.

leit-imeall, -imill, $pl.\ id.,\ m.,$ the uttermost part; an edge, a brim, a border, a coast; cf. a bun 'r a bápp, a láp 'r a leit-imeall.

leit-imeallat, α., bordering, external; an noune leit-imeall-

ac, our outward man.

Leit-iomancac, -aize, a., partial, biassed, prejudiced, unjust.

Leit-iomanicato, -e, f., partiality, bias, prejudice.

Leit-10 read, f, one ham

hough.

Leitin, g. -e, pl. -each and leatpaca, f., the side of a hill; a steep ascent or descent; a cliff; found somet. in place names, as in Leivip Opeac, Letterfrack.

leicin, f., a letter. See ticin (invariably pron. Leitin in M.).

léiċ-leac, f.,, a grey stone, a tombstone (T. G.).

tert-tear, m., partiality, selfishness.

terċ-tearaċ, -arţe, a., turning to one's own advantage, selfish, partial, factious.

leit-leat, -leite, f., separation,

partiality.

leit-leatac, -aite, a., separate, alone; partial.

leic-leadar, -air, m., partition,

separation, partiality.
leitlip, -e, f., separation; cuadant an l., they went to live apart,

they isolated themselves.

teittireac, -riže, a., keeping to

one's self, not living or mixing with others; ourne beat teritinead if ear é, he is a man that keeps to himself.

Leiż-mite, $g.\ id.,\ m.$, half a mile. Leiż-pinginn (teiż-piżinn), -zne

eic-pinzinn (teic-pizinn), -zne -znice, f, a halfpenny (in M. sp. l. teac-pizne). See teac-pinzinn.

Léiτρελċ, -ριζ, pl. id., m., a band, a fetter, a manacle; téiτριπη, id. Leiτρελċλρ, -λιρ, m., injustice in dealing; partiality, factiousness;

separation.

leitpeaoac, a., partial, one-sided. leitpeap, m., sequestration; áiτ i t., a secret place, as a privy, etc. leitpro, in phr. ap t., apart (Con.). See leitpeap.

leit-μίζο, f., half a kingdom.

Leitur mant, f., paralysis (Con.). Leitréal, m., an excuse, an apology; a substitute for something; 3at mo l., excuse me.

leitréatac, -aite, a., apologetic,

giving excuses, evasive.

leitrcéalaim, -ato, v. tr., I excuse, apologise.

leit-plearao, f., one thigh, a single thigh.

leo, prep. prn., 3rd pl., with, by them.

leoòac, -aiz, m., a cleaving, cutting, mangling.

leordam, -ao, v. tr., I cut, hack, mangle.

teoţan, -aın, pl. id., m., a lion.
See teoman.

teoince, p. a., wounded; sprained; disabled.

teomete, in phr., v'á teomete pém, of their own accord (M.); v'á teometišit pém (Don.).

teomesace, -a, f., pains in the

bones.

Leoin-żníom, m., retribution, satisfaction; penitential satisfaction, the third part of the Sacrament of Penance.

teoman, -am, pl. id., m., a lion; a hero, a warrior (it is a very common word for warrior in poetry).

teomanta, indec. a., lionlike;

brave, valorous.

Leomantact, -a, f., likeness to a

lion; bravery, heroism.

teon, -oin, pl. -ta, m., a wound, a sprain; an affliction. (This noun is not heard at least in M.; teonao, teonaim, 7c., are all heard; téan is heard, but in a different sense. See téanaim.

teonaro, -nra, pl. id., m., act of injuring; damage; spraining;

a wound; an affliction.

teonam, -ao, v. tr., I sprain, wound; I damage, injure, afflict.

teonts, p. a., damaged, injured, afflicted, sprained, wounded.

See teomte.

Leonzacz, -a, f., injury, hurt, ruin. Leonużaci. See veonużaci.

teon, indec. a. and s., enough, plenty, sufficiency, sufficient, plentiful; 50 teon, enough, plenty, in plenty, sufficiency, "galore"; 17 teon tiom, I am satisfied. See ton.

teoμ-öóitin, g. id., f., sufficiency, enough, "full and plenty."

teop-ξηάρα, m., sufficient grace. teotaim, teotao, γc. See teotaim, teotao, γc.

len (te' η = te + α + η o), with or by whom, which (with *past* tense).

Li (Li $\dot{\xi}$), g. id., pl. Lièe, f., colour; the complexion; the sea (O'N.).

tia, m., a stone, great stone; tia páit, the stone on which the ancient Irish monarchs were crowned; an tia páit 'n-a táil as Séimnis, Lia Fail moaning

in the centre (O'Ra.).

tia, comp. a., more in number or quantity, ní tia bhaon 'ran muh; the drops in the ocean are not more numerous; ir tia tá mait 'ná báμμ áite againn, more often do we have a good day than a kiln-cast (prov.); ní tia μυίθε im' ceann'ná maμ σ'ιαμμαρ ομτ é, I have asked it of you as often as there are hairs on my head.

trabán, -ánn, pl id., m., a large fish of the porpoise kind (Tory.).

11α-τηό, -τηίόη, f., stone-quern, a grindstone.

lade; a ladleful, a measure.

Liacapinac, -aiże, f., sighing.

liac buiçoe, f., broad-leaved pound-weed.

trac-tán, m., a ladleful, a spoonful.

Լոձċ-Լoǯձյւ, -ձւյւ, m., yellow waterlily.

11acoz, -61ze, -6za, f., a salmon trout.

liacμό, m., a pig-sty; from lia, a hog (O'N.)., and cμό.

liact, -a, f., a great number, a multitude; a liact, so many, such a large number; liactaise (Con.).

Lιαςτόιμ, -όμα, -όιμισε, m., a lec-

tor, a reader.

liaöbóg, -όισε, -όσα, f., a flounder. liag, g., téige and tíge, pl. -a, f., a stone, flag, flat stone, headstone, a (precious) stone; tiag tóżman, a precious stone (tia, teag, teog, tíog, etc., id.).

Liażainne, g. id., pl. -nice, m., a lazy slothful person (Ker.).

liazán, -áin, pl. id., m., a small stone a hand stone; an obelisk.

Liasan, -ain, pl. id., m., a trowel. Liasantact, -a, f., plastering. Lias-ceats, f., a bookin adorned with crystal or other stones of value.

Uιαζιπαύ, -Διύε, α., gem-like, brilliant; ba Uιαζιπαύ α ρεαμγα, her body was brilliant as a gem (McD.).

Lιαζόιμ, -όμα, -όιμι $\dot{\sigma}$ e, m., a steersman ($M\alpha yo$).

liaiž, g. leaža, pl. leaža, m., a physician, a surgeon.

liαiτ-μεού, m., hoar-frost (also léiτ-μεού).

liamán, -áin, pl. id., m.., the elm-tree (O'N.). See leamán.

Liamnacar, -air, m., wooing, courting (also Liomnacar).

that, gsf. and comp. teite, a, grey, white, hoary, mouldy; anan

Lintac, -aite, a. pale, wan, white,

blank, plain.

liatao, g. liaite, m., a growing grey or mouldy, a grey tinge; colouring as of tea with milk, cf. ni'l liatao an té aici, she has not enough of milk to colour the tea.

liatao, the rot in sheep (so called in Thomond). See téite.

Liacaim, -cao and -cacan, v. intr. and tr., I make grey, grow grey, whiten; I colour, as tea with milk.

Uatán, -áin, pl. id., m., grey colour; spleen in man or beast.

Unatán, -áin, pl. id., m., common marigold.

Unat-ban, -baine, a., pale. Unat-burde, a., tawny.

List-buide, m., the jaundies.

liat
tat
tat-

liat-tuacaro, -e, f., hoar frost. (Sch.).

11 a t-1 u a c a 1 μ, - c μ a, pl. id., f., hoar frost.

líaċ-tur, m., mugwort; tıaċtur móμ, id.; tıaċtur beaz, the herb mouse-ear, auricula muris.

Liatóz, -óize, -óza, f., a grilse, a greyling, a salmon trout. Sec térces.

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Liatnao, -aro, m., a sliding, rolling, gliding.

Ustraim, -pao, v., intr. and tr., I roll, glide, slide; I upset.

Liathán, -áin, m., a grey colour, sky colour.

liat-μεού, m., hoar frost.

Uιατρόιο, -e, pl. -ιόe, and -eaca, f., a ball, a football; a knob, a roller.

 $t_{1a\dot{c}\eta\dot{o}10ea\dot{c}c}$, -a, f., ball playing,

footballing.

Լոձ-այայր, f., a hoary number; a

long line (of ancestry).

liat-uirce, m., water coloured with milk; a sort of dropsy in sheep which often proves fatal.

tío; in phr., cá mé 'mo tíb, I am dripping wet (Con.). See libin and Lipin.

116, prep. pr., 2 pl., with you, by you, emph. 116-re.

Libéireac, -rize, a., careless, unconcerned.

Libioeac, -οίζε, α ., dirty, slovenly, awkward, foolish.

Libin, g. id. pl. -10e, m., sometimes Libin Leaman, a minnow, sprat, small fry of any fish.

Libineac, m., an untidy person, one dripping wet (Don.).

Libné, g. id. m., livery.

 l_{1c} , -e, α , wanton, lascivious (O'N.). Licneán, -áin, pl. id., m., a wedge for the coulter of a plough.

troe (turoe), y. id., f., a jot, a little bit; a hint, an inkling (Aran).

Li-oealbao, -bia, m., act of painting, burnishing, japanning. li-oealbaim, -bao, v. tr., I paint,

burnish.

llí-oealbióin, -óna, -óinioe, m., a painter, japanner, burnisher.

Ure, f., the River Liffey.

llíz, -e, -że, f., colour, complexion, otc. See 11.

llíż-oeanc, m., a brilliant eye.

lliže, reinz-tiže, g. id., sick bed, a lying down; a bed.

Lize, g. id., f., a licking or lapping. $\text{Li}\dot{\mathbf{z}}\mathbf{e}, g. id., f.$, a tomb, a monument, a grave.

 l_1 żim, vl. l_1 że, and l_1 żnesć, v. tr.I lick, lap.

Lizneacaim, -neac, v. tr., I lick (M.). See 1151m.

liżτe, p. a., licked, lambent.

Uste, indec. a., tall, pliant, athletic, lithe (of a man) (O'N.).

Lizze, g. id., m., gruel, stirabout. See terce.

Lizzeacán, -áin, pl. id., m., a stirabout stick.

 $t_{1}t_{1}$, -e, pl. id., f., a lily.

Lite, g. id., pl. Litioe, f., a lily; tite na ngleanncán, lily of the valley, fancy lericon.

Limircéan, -éin, m., space, room;

franchise (O'N.).

Limitréineact, -a, f., territory, district.

Linoéan, -éin, m., a large stone (Con.).

line, g. id., pl. -ncroe, f., a line, a lineage, a race; tine vineac, a right line.

lín-éadac, -ai \dot{z} , -ai \dot{z} e, m., linen cloth, linen clothes; gs. lin-

éavais, used as a.

líneáil, -ála, f., lining (also tínín.) Lingeao, -zte, m., act of leaping upon (an); jumping, getting past (ταμγα); coming to, proceeding (from, oe); leaping out (amac); flight; giving way to, setting to; alighting.

Ungeamain, -mna, f., a leaping, jumping, skipping, alighting.

Lingim, vl. - zeao and - zeamain, v. intr. and tr., I leap, spring, bound (upon, an), start, attack; enter (into, 1); rush away, escape (from, ó); overtake (an); plunge, fling, bounce, skip, dart, alight.

Línižim, -iužao, v. tr., I delineate,

draw, design.

Linisteoin, -ona, -oinive, m., a delineator, a draughtsman, a designer.

Liniużao, -iżce, m., a drawing, de-

lineation, designing.

linn, y. linne, pl. linnee, linn-Tibe, f. (definite) time, period, generation, course; pé linn, at

the time of, during the lifetime of; te n-a tinn, in his time; te n-a tinn pin, at that time, just then; te tinn na huaipe pin, during the course of that time.

tinn, pl. -te, -teaca, -theaca and -tioe, f., a pool, pond, lake, water; tinntioe puada na raiphze, the brown waters of the sea.

tinn, prep. prn., 1st pl., with us; emph. tinn-ne and tinne.

linn-riactac, -aiże, a., many-toothed.

Linn-phut, m., a sea current.

tinnteac, -tiz, m., a pond, a drain.

See linntheac.

Linntpeac, -μιζ, m., a pool of water; a drain, a sewer; ruit a choice 'na tinntpeac réinear, she pours forth her blood in pools (O'Ra.).

Lin-pladapic, m., common eye-

bright.

Liob, -a, pl. id., f., a lip; a big lip. Liobagac, -aig, m., a floating weed. Liobap, -aip, pl. id., m., anything hanging loosely or untidily; a hanging lip; an untidy person.

Liobannac, -aiże, a., awkward, slovenly, tattered; generous.

tiobarta, indec. a., slovenly, untidy, awkward; stout, unwieldy; ouine tiobarta, an unwieldy person (Don.).

Liobóro, -e, f., slowness, tough-

ness.

Liobóroeac, -orçe, a., tough, slow, lingering, lazy.

Lioboroeact. -a, f., slovenliness, untidiness, awkwardness.

thick lipped, awkward.

Liobnacán, -áin, m., a slovenly person.

Liovać, -aiże, a., lisping.

Liován. See Leaván.

liopán an úcaine, m., teazle (dipsacus fullonum).

líoz, -ize, -a, f., a stone, a grave-stone. See líaz.

Liozao, -zta, m., a whetting, a

sharpening, a smoothing, polishing.

Líozaim, -aò, v. tr., I whet, sharpen, smooth, polish.

Liożan, -aın, pl. id., m., a trowel. See Liażan.

liozaμ, -aιμ, pl. id., m., a flat light stone for casting (Ker.).

Líoż-żlan, -żlame, a., brilliantly clear or pure.

Líoςμαό, -ζαμτα, m., a licking, a lapping with the tongue.

Liozpaim, -pao, v. tr., I liek, lap with the tongue.

tiom, prep. pr., 1st s., with me, by me; emph. tiom-ra.

Líomao, -mta, pl. id., m., a furbishing, smoothing, polishing, whetting, sharpening, filing.

Líomavoin, -óna, -ónnive, m., a polisher, a furbisher, a smoother, a whetter.

Liomaim, -ao, v. tr., I furbish, smooth, polish, whet, sharpen, file.

Liomán, -án, pl. id., m., a file or rasp; a grindstone or whetstone; also gnashing, grinding, cutting; cf. Liomán nó Liomán placat. Liomán spéine, m., a sun-fish.

Líomatáirte, m., space, extent; t. na pappóirte, the extent of the parish (Cork).

Líom-bμó, f., a grindstone, a whetstone.

Liomnaim, -aò, v. tr., I impute or ascribe to; "ní péroip coip im' teit oo tíomnaò, ní beánnap 5010 ná bhoir ná bhuisneap" (A. McC., quoted by P. O'C.). (Liamnaim is the word in prose, and is used specially of the imputation of fornication, etc.).

Liomóz, -óize, -óza, f., a pinch; cf. bain Liomóz ar (Con.).

Líomóro, -e, -roe, f., a lemon; an almond.

tíomċa, p.a., smoothened, polished, sharpened, filed; excellent, as language, etc.; highly-finished; sharp, cutting, as a weapon.

liomea, g. id., m., swiftness; utility; as teact leip an

Liomita, coming with great

swiftness (Om.).

Liomtact, -a, f., polish, refinement, excellence (of speech, language, etc.).

Lion, g. Lin, pl. Lionza, m, a net, a gin; Lion riadais, a bird-net

(O'N.).

tion, g. tin, pl. id., m., a number, quantity, a supply, a part; the full number; all; a rate; tion rice céao ream, the number of twenty hundred men; tion cice, a household, a family living in one house.

tion, -a, -ta, m., a line, a fishing

line (Tory).

tion, g. tin, m., flax; linen.

Lionac, $-a_1\dot{z}$, m., the blood and water corruption that issues from a sore or wound after the bnaca (Aran).

Lionao, -nca, pl. id., m., act of filling or swelling; a filling, fulness; replenishing; a swell-

ing in the stomach.

Lionail. See Lineail.

Lionaim, -ao, v. tr. and intr., I fill; I become filled; satiate.

lionán, -áin, m., small flax; also linen clothes (P. O'C.).

líonán, -áin, m., seaweed; floating seaweed, seaweed driven ashore by the flood-tide (Ker.).

Lionbán, -áin, m., a tract of uncultivated land; also name of a

village in Mayo.

Lion corpe, m., a fetter, a spancel. Lionmarpe, g. id., f., plenty, an abundance.

Lionmaineact, -a, f., abundance,

fulness, plenteousness.

tionman, -manne, a., numerous, abundant, plentiful, copious, full, populous, number, extent.

tionn, g. teanna, m., the phlegm, bile, choler.

tionn, g. teanna, pl. teanna, m., ale, string beer. See teann. tion na mban proe, m., fairy flax,

purging la k. Lionnouö, -ouiö, pl. id., m., bile, choler; melancholy bumour; also porter; as beanam tionnous, grieving; 'r an tionnous scuinne mo choice 'n-a read, while the melancholy humours are stagnant in a corner of my heart (McD.).

Lionnpuao, -puaro, m., choler, bile; melancholy humour; also

ıle.

lionnpużać, -uiżće, m., the operation of the humours (P. O'C.).

Unontaė, -aiże, α ., fond of ale (T. G.).

Lion-obai μ , f., net-work, wreathed work.

líonpaó, -aró, -aróe, m., a net, network.

Lionparò, -e, f., overflowing, fulness.

Lion-nit (Lion-nuit) m., great distress; a weight of sadness; great excitement of grief.

Lion-pitim, -pit, v. intr., I run fast with excitement; I am dis-

tressed, grieved.

Unonrea, g. id., pl. -roe, m., an abusive term for an old man.

Lionta, p. a., filled, full, sated, satisfied; crowded.

Liontact, -a, f., fulness, bloatedness; oá Liontact, how full soever (E. R.).

tioncán, -áin, pl. id., m., a net, a

tiopa, g. id., pl. -ioe, m., a sluggish, unwieldy thick-lipped person.

Liopairte (Liopartac), indec. a., unwieldy, heavy of movement.

tιοραμο, -αιμο, pl. id., m., a leopard.

Liopa 1100a, m., ray-fish.

liopián, -áin, pl. id., m., a maturelooking person of small stature; cf. nít leant ná tiopián aca.

lior, g. teara, pl. id., m., a house, fort with circular moat, (earthen) fort, "lios," rath, habitation, fortified place, court, fort; tioracán, id. (M.).

tiorcán, -áin, pl. id., m., the "clamp" or slight piece of wood fastened to an oar at the point

where it enters the row-lock (Mayo.).

tiort, a list (A.). Also tiorta.

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Liores, indec. a., importunate; prolix, slow, lingering, tedious; lumbering.

liopta, g. id. m., a ledge.

tiorcacán, -áin, pl. id., m., a slothful person, an idler.

lioptact, -a, f., importunity; tediousness.

Liorcáil, -ála, f., an enlisting in the army; rainzeant liortala, a recruiting sergeant (A.); also Lipteáil.

Lioptálaim, v. intr., I enlist (in the army) (A.).

Liortatac, -ais, -aise, m., a lazy person.

Liotaim, -ao, v. intr., I am dis-

mayed, astonished. Upin, g. id., pl. -10e, m.; a minnow; táim im' tipín báiote, I am wet to the skin as a minnow $(Ker.); \tau \acute{a} m\'{e} m\'{o} t\'{i}b, id. (Con.);$

Tá mé 'mo tíbíneac (Don.). Lipin, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a little fort or tion; common in place names.

Lirne, g. id., pl. -nioe, f., a handful of flax. Also the thigh (O'N.).

Urpin, g. id., pl. -nioe, m., a frog (Sligo).

Liceanoa, indec. a., literary, literal.

 t_1 τε aμ \dot{o} a \dot{c} τ, -a, f., book-learning, literature (P. O'C.).

Uncomaine, g. id., pl. -price, m., a dissembler, cajoler.

Livin, g. -the, pl. id. and -theses, gpl. -tpesc, f., a letter (of alph.); a letter, an epistle; Livin Láime, an epistle sent by

hand.

Licineac, -niže, a., epistolary.

Lizip, -e, f., (in heraldry) the white colour of skin or fur (P. O'C.); com zeat te titir is a common expression.

Liúpaide, g. id., m., a rake, a rascal, a schemer, a rogue.

Liuouive, g. id., pl. -oce, m., a sluggard, a lazy person; a leering, scheming fellow (also tiúoaroe).

 U_1u_5 , u_1 , u_2 , u_3 , u_4 , u_5 , u_5 , u_5 , u_5 , u_6 , u_7 , u_8 a yell.

Uιάξας, -αιξ, m., great noise (Don.). Uiúżaine, g.~id.,~pl.~-nióe, m.,~a

crier, a bawler, a shouter. Liúżaineact, -a, f., crying, howl-

ing, shouting.

Liúż-żoitim, -żot, v. intr., I scream, cry aloud, howl.

 \mathbf{l}_{1} úżnać, -arże, f_{\cdot} , act of screaming, crying, loud lamenting.

Liunac, -aize, a., puckered, shrivelled.

Lιυμαό, -μτα, m., act of beating, striking.

Liunaim, -av, v. tr., I beat, strike.

tó, dat. case of tá, a day.

lobao, -bca, m., act of rotting, putrefying; rottenness, festering, putrefaction.

lobabar, -air, m., rottenness, putrefaction.

lobaim, -bao, v. tr. and intr., I rot, become putrid, putrify.

loban, -ann, pl. id., m., a leper; a sick person, a weakling.

lobna, g. id., f., leprosy; also any infirmity, sickness, or distemper (also tobain, tubain, tubna).

lobpacz, -a, f., leprosy, distemper (also Lubnact).

lobnamail, -mla, a., leprous, foul, distempered.

lobia, p. a., rotten, putrid, corrupted.

lobiact, -a, f., rottenness.

toċ, -a, pl. id., m., lake, lough, pool, sea-inlet.

toc, m., a place (O. Ir. tocc, Lat. locus); dim., tocán, id.; modern form is toz, dim. tozán.

loc, g. tuic, pl. id., m., a stop, a hindrance.

toc, m., a sheep or goat fold, etc.; toc an mansaro, the marketplace. See toca.

loca, g. id., pl. -nna or -roe, a sheep-fold, a pen, a pound (this is the form used in W. Ker.); a lock (of wool, etc.).

locaim, -ao, v. tr., I hinder,

refuse, balk, stop; I reject, throw out; I pen, confine; collect into a pen or pound (W. Ker.).

locaim, -ao, v. intr., I flinch or

fail.

locain, -cna, f., sea-grass.

locáirte, g. id., m., an abatement (in rent, etc.). See Lacáirte.

local mozaip, -ail mozaip, m., brook-lime (veronica becca-

bunga).

tocán, -án, pl. id., m., a small lake, a pool, a "flash," a puddle (dim. of toc).

lócán, -áin, m., chaff.

toċan, -aine, a., spotted, speckled; éan locan, ppiéacán tocan, } a magpie.

locánac, -aize, a., full of small lakes; like or belonging to a

small lake.

locaμ, - α ιμ, pl. id., m., a plane. locaroa, indec. a., withered, decayed, bare, bloomless, stripped $(P. \ O'C.):$

an ranaine théan nán téill man Orcan 1 notiao,

ba calma téim, tuz céadta Location 1 bpian,

1 nglaraib 30 oaon, 3an néim Jan cometiom Jan pian. -(McD.).

locaposce, -a, f., state of being

withered, decayed.

locanmán, -áin, pl. id., m., a pigmy, dwarf.

loc bleine, m., the portion of the body just below the ribs.

loctannac, -ais, pl. id., m., a Scandinavian, a Dane, a foreigner; Oub-toctannac, a Dane, as distinct from room-loctannac, a Norwegian (but all these terms are often used vaguely of Danes and Northmen in general).

loc léin, m., the groin; a corrupt gathering in the arm-pits; the flank (prop. toc bteine); Lough

Lein, near Killarney.

Loc-maiom, f. and m., the bursting forth of a lake or spring

(P. O'C. gives the form toc comarom).

Lóchann, -ainn, pl. id., m., a lamp, a candle, a light, a torch, a lantern.

Lóchannac, -aize, a., bright, brilliant, abounding in torchlights.

toċτ, -Δ, pl. id., m., a fault, crime; an accusation; flaw, blemish.

locts, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a loft. loctac, -aise, a., faulty, defec-

tive; sinful.

loċτuζαό, -uiζċe, m. a blaming, censuring, reproaching, faultfinding.

loċτuiżim, -użao, v. tr., I reprove,

condemn, find fault with.

lócuirce, g. id., pl.-ci \dot{z} and -ci $\dot{o}e$, m., a locust; tócuirce ceannann, the bald locust.

tóo, g. tó10, pl. id., m., a load, a burden, a freight; a basket (Clare and Con.; toos (Om.) (A.).

lóoáil, -ála, pl. id., f., a loading, a cargo (A.); also tápáit.

tópáitim, vl. tópáit, v. tr., I load (A.).

todaim, -ao, v. intr., I go, pass, To lovaman ruar, we went up (O'Ra.); tooan, they went (the form toodim is obs.).

lován, -áin, pl. id., m., a puddle, a little pool.

lovan (tozan), they went. lovaim.

lóouiţte, p. a., laden, burdened

lorta, a loft (Don.). See tocta. loz, g. tuig, m., a hollow, a pit, a pool, a dyke of water; a little fish resembling a worm dug up out of the sand and used as bait.

tos, m., place (O. Ir., tocc): pott in Mointis mo los spairnio oroci féli moling; cec món húi maolconaine mo loz rchibino (Eg., 1780, Preface to Cáin bó rpiáich—K. Meyer.)

lóż, m., a price, a reward, a gift; value, payment, recompense,

reparation.

See Las.

tóżać, -aiże, f., a green wood growing in marshes (tineait uaine).

lóżao, -aio, pl. id., m., an allowance or exemption; an indulgence.

lóżam, -aò, v. tr., I forgive,

remit, pardon, indulge.

lozall, -aill, pl. id., m., the hollow behind the eyes; also the hollow region between the hip and small rib (P. O'C.).

lozán, -áin, pl. id., m.; side of a country, locality; small pit or hole; hollow of the hand; in the first sense a derivative from O. Ir. tocc, place. See toc.

lóżos, g. id., pl. -roe, m., an allowance or exemption, an indul-

gence. See lóżao.

tόζολότ, -A, f., indulgence, re-

mission, forgiveness.

lóżmáil, -ála, f., indulgence, remission, reward, allowance (used in sp. l. M.).

lóżmaineact, -a, f., stateliness, excellence, grandeur; value,

worth.

ίόξmap, -maipe, α., precious, valuable, gem-like, brilliant; ba Liożmao Lożman a peanra (McD.).

Lózóineacz, -a, f., lamenting, bewailing, crying aloud; as 1.,

weeping aloud.

lóżża, p. a., pardoned; in compounds like ro-tóżta, easily forgiven, venial.

loibne, g. id., f., rottenness, state of being diseased or leprous (also tuibne).

Loiceact, -a, f., dotage, doting (O'N.).

lóiceso, -cio, pl. id., m., a candle, a lamp, any light.

loicesosine, g. id., pl. -price, m., a chandler.

Loize. See Laize.

loisic, -e, f., logic, the art of reasoning.

loizioeact, -a, f., payment, reward.

loilizeac, -zize, -zeaca, f., a cow

after calving; a milch cow (also laożlać).

loim, -e, f., a wave; milk.

loim-ceirneam, m., constant complaining.

loim-oiogbail, f., a ruinous or severe loss.

toim-oiúteao, m., a flat refusal or denial.

toim-oiútcaim, -oiútcao, v. tr.,

I refuse flatly.

torme, g. id., f., nakedness, bareness, poverty, want; má onuloeann cú teir an toime, opuropro an torme tear, if you become familiar with poverty, poverty will become familiar with you.

Loimeact, -a, f., bareness, baldness, nakedness (also tumeacc). toimic, -e, f., a plaster for taking

off the hair.

loimíneac, -ni $\dot{\varsigma}$, pl. id., m., a rustic,a rude, shabby person. (P. O'C. gives "a little fellow that works in loam or puddle.")

loim-líonaim, -ao, v. tr., I gorge,

I cram.

toim-reign, f., a razor (P. O'C.). toim-repior, m., ruin, destruction. tóin, -e, -ioe, f., a light blast or puff of wind; a small quantity of anything; toin rein, a light wisp of hay; toin zaoite, a blast of wind (Clare). See tóicne.

loinz-bureao, m., a shipwreck. loing-buirim, -eao, v. tr. intr., I shipwreck, I suffer shipwreck.

loinzeac, -ziże, a., pertaining to ships, nautical.

toingear, -51r, m., a fleet, a navy; exile (Mid. Ir.).

Loinzearac, -aize, a., abounding in ships.

loingreac, -ris, -rise, m., mariner, a sea-rover.

Loingreoin, -ona, -oinioe, m., a shipman, a mariner, a sailor; a pilot.

loingreomeact, -a, f., act of sail-

ing; navigation.

toingrisim, -riusao, v. intr., I sail, set sail.

lomo, -e, -eaca, f., a churn-dash

(also toine or tuine).

tomite, g. id., m., a churn-dash; a small churn (M.); tanaro (Don.).

toinn, f., pleasure, etc; ir toinn tiom, I like (U.). See toinne.

toinn-béimeannac, -aize, a., of mighty strokes.

toinne, g. id., f., joy, gladness, rapture; great excitement; rage; strength, force.

toinneac, -niże, a., joyful, glad, enraptured; agitated; also neat,

elegant, pretty.

tomneact, -a, f., joy, gladness; rage, anger, fierce excitement; (also strength, power).

tomneamant, -mta, α ., elegant,

pleasant, neat, cheerful.

toinneanoa, indec. a., glistening, bright, glorious.

loinneapoact, -a, f., a shining, brightness.

loinneozać, -aiże, a., joyous, merry, gleeful, jolly.

loinn-reapzac, -aiże, α., furiously

angry, raging.

loinnin, -nneac, -nneaca, f., a shining, brightness. See tann-A111.

tommeso, -piste, pl. id., m., a shining, a brightness. See tonn-

1140.

Lóipín, g. id., pl. -nioe, m., a rag; a stocking without the vamp, worn without the shoe; fig., a fault, a defect; ní't don tóipín A111, it is perfectly finished, or faultless.

loins - beant, f., leg-harness;

(stockings).

loinsim, vl. tons and tonsao, v. tr., I seek out, enquire, trace, search, follow, pursue.

loingneac beaus, f., a kind of

weed.

loinsneán, -áin, pl. id., m., a fetter or shackle for the feet; legarmour; also a little foot, shank, stem, or stalk.

Loin-Iníom. See Leoin-Iníom. loip, -e, -roe, f., a fox (O'N).

lorrceac, -cize, α., burning; cíoclorceac, having the breast seared, hence an Amazon.

loirceann, -cinn, -na, m., a frog, a locust, a salamander, a louse.

torreanta, indec. a., fierce, fiery, blazing.

lorrceancact, -a, f., impetuosity, fieriness.

torrerm, -orcao, v. tr. and intr., I burn; I fire, shoot at (te). Correneae, -niξe, α., burning.

lorrenize, g. id., f., intensity of heat.

loircheán, -áin, m., burning, destruction; corn burnt the ear instead of being threshed; torrenean one is a common form of imprecation in Ker.; anán torrcheáin, bread made of oatmeal, the oats for which had been singed.

loircte, p. a., burnt, scorched, parched (also torreiste).

loire, g. id., f., a flame. luirne.

loipt, -e, -esca, f., a panel, a

pillion.

lóirce, g. id., pl. -cròe, m., a sluggard, a lazy person; also lúirce.

tóirte, g. id., pl. -tiòe, m., a lodge, a booth, a tent; lodging, entertainment; dim. Lóipcín.

lóirtesc, -tize, pl. id., m., a trough; a slothful man.

Lóirceamait, -mta, a., slothful. lóirtín, g. id., pl. -nióe, m. and f., a small lodge; lodging; entertainment; a tabernacle, a tent; an torrein, in lodgings.

loircín, g. id., pl. -ioe, m., a small

sea-fish.

lóirtíneac, -niz, pl. id., m., a lodger. loit, -e, pl. lota and loiteanna,

f., a plague; a wound; an ulcer. loit-beantac, -aize, a., destruc-

lorceoz, -orze, -oza, f., the nettle tree (lotus) (O'N.).

loιτιζτe, p. a., wounded, hurt; spoiled, destroyed (also toice).

loicim, vl. tor, v. tr., I hurt, wound; spoil, impair, destroy. See lot.

loit-milleao, m., a severe wound; act of seriously damaging.

lóitne, g. id., f., a breeze; a storm; tóitne zaoite, a breeze.

lom, g. lume, f., bareness, poverty, distress, adversity; the bare substance of a thing, without exaggeration; tom ceint, bare justice; tom na riginne, the naked truth; tom bréise, a naked lie; mo tom! my affliction!

lom, gsf. tuime, a., bare, naked, bald, shorn; thin, lean, spare.

tóma, g. id., pl. -aroe, m., the great northern diver; a rustic, a boor, an ill-mannered fellow; tóma zan eotar, an ignorant boor (Ker.); tóimín, tóimíneac, a rustic, etc.

lomao, g. tomta, m., baldness, nakedness; a shearing, stripping, exposing; a desolation; tomao caonac, sheep-shearing; a tom-

Ao, its revealment.

lomaσόιμ, -όμα, -όιμι $\dot{\sigma}$ e, m., a shearer, a shaver; a plunderer.

lomaim, -ao, v. tr. & intr., I shear, shave, strip, peel, lay bare, plunder; I rub, chafe; I grow bare or bald.

lomannesse, -ciz, pl. id., m., a thin bare beast; a bare or ill-clad

person.

lomaine, g. id., pl. -nice, m., a shearer, a stripper, a shaver, a fleecer.

lomaine, -anta, f., a fleece; a shearing, a peeling, a shaving.

tomáirteac, -tiže, a., bare, bald,

stripped, shorn.

tomán, -áin, pl. id., m., a bare, bark-stripped log; a peak, a rock of which the summit only is exposed; lomán Samna, a rock off the coast of Kerry, between the Skelligs and the shore.

tománac, -aiz, pl. id., m., a bald man; a poor, bare person.

lom

toman, -ann, pl. id., -mnarie, and

-a, m., a fleece.

lom-ληζαιη, f., wasting, ravaging. tomanita, p.a., shorn, shaven, bald, bare, fleeced.

lomanitac, -aite, a., given to fleecing, stripping, flaying (tom-

tsc, id.)

lomantacán, -áin, pl. id., m., an

ill-clad person.

lomantóin, -óna, -óinite, m., a barber, a shearer, a stripper, a plucker (also tomtóin).

lom-cor, f., a bare leg, a naked

lom-corac, -aize, α., barefoot. tom-follur, a., clear, manifest.

tom-ruan, -aine, a., bleak-cold, bitter-cold.

tom-táitheac, ad., on the spot, immediately, instantly, there and then.

tom-tán, -táine, a., full to the brim, quite full.

tom-torreneac, -nize, a., with

flaming ardour.

lomna, g.id., pl.-arõe, m., a cable, a rope, a cord, a string; dim. tomnán, id.

lomnán, -áin, pl. id., m., a bladder (W. Ker.); also a cord, a string.

lomnoct, a., naked, stripped, exposed.

lomnoctact, -a, f., nakedness, bareness, the state of being stripped.

lomnoctato, -ctta and -tuiste, pl. id., m., act of laying quite bare; thorough exposure; nakedness.

lomnoctaiže, g. id., f., utter nakedness.

tomnocota, indec. a., naked, bare, stripped.

Lomnoctuizte, a., naked, stripped. lomparac, -aise, a., niggard, sparing.

lompa, -ao, -aroe, m., a fleece.

See loman.

lompacán, -áin, pl. id., m., a bare. naked fellow.

lompao, -μυιζτε, m., act of shearing, fleecing, flaying.

lompaim (lompuiţim), vl. lomaipt, v. tr., I shear, fleece, strip, flav.

tomics, p. a., stripped, peeled,

bared, shorn.

tom-tatan, m. and f., bare earth. tomton, -ona, -onprioe, m., a barber, a shearer, a fleecer.

lon, g. tuin, pl. id., m., a blackbird; an ousel; tonoub,

id.

tón, g. tón, m., store, provision, necessaries, commissariat, food, fare; tón anma, Viaticum; capantt tón, baggage horses.

tónaim (tónuiţim), -aō, v. tr., I forage; I supply with provisions, particularly for a journey.

lonán, -áin, pl. id., m., a tale-

bearer, a prater.

tonout, m., a blackbird; a Jacobite, a rapparee, a hero (E U.).

See ton.

tons, g. tunnse, pl. -a, f., a ship (pron. tunse in parts of U.); tons cosaro, a warship; tons saite, a steamboat (recent).

longa, g. id., pl. -roe, f., the fish

called ling.

longać, -aiże, a., fierce. See lonnać.

lonzać, -aiże, a., abounding in ships.

longaro, -zra, m., a casting, a throwing.

longaro, -zta, m., a devouring, a consuming, eating; a meal.

longarán, -áin, pl. id., m., a rocking or slow motion hither and thither (as of a vessel becalmed at sea, or of a pendulum).

tongaim, -ao, v. tr., I eat, consume; lap; destroy, devour.

longanne, g. id., pl. -price, m., a swallower, a glutton.

longame, g. id., pl. -mioe, m., a pilot, a mariner, a sailor.

tong-bacao, -cta, m., an embargo (O|N).

long-bacaim, -cao, v. tr., I lay an embargo.

long-braine, g. id., f., the prow of a ship.

long-romeann, -romne, pl. id., f., a ship's crew.

longlann, -anne, -anna, f., a dockyard.

tonς ρομς, -ρυιμς, pl. id., m., a camp, a fort, a fortress, a palace, a tent, a harbour, a garrison.

lonzpojitać, -aiże, a., possessing

castles or palaces.

lonz-raon, m., a ship-wright, a ship-carpenter.

lonz-τροιο, f., a sea-fight.

tonn, ysf., tuinne or toinne, a., bold, powerful, able, strong, severe, outrageous, impetuous.

tonn, g. tunne, f., indignation, rage, anger; a heavy swell on the sea; timber skates used in launching boats.

lonna-bile (tonn-bile), m., a

strong champion.

tonnac, -aiţe, a., bold, angry; powerful, impetuous. See tonţac. tonnact, -a, f., strength, activity;

impetuosity.

lonnapos, indec. a., brilliant.

lonn-brunz, -e, f., act of fiercely burning.

lonncaiμτ, -e, f., a spancel (Con.). lonn-ζαμζ, -aiμζe, a., fierce, irritable.

tonnman, -manne, a., fierce, violent, angry.

lonnmac, -maiże, a., bright, glittering, shining.

tonnpaó, y. -napita and -paró, pl. -paróe, m., brightness, shining, resplendency, a light, a gleaming, a sparkling, a mass of brightness; a haze; often prontúpam in W. M.

tonnjungim (tonnjuam), -jiao, v. intr., I flash, shine out, gleam, grow bright.

lonnużao, -uiżce, m., act of re

joicing, growing glad.

tonnuğab, -uığte, m., an abiding or continuance; a dwelling or sojourn.

lonnuṣ̈́ao, -uiṣ̈́ce, m., a strengthening.

tonnuiţim, -υζαό, v. intr., and tr., I get into a passion; I provoke, exasperate; I rejoice, grow glad, become enraptured; oo tonnuiţ, he blushed or grew red, he scoffed or mocked; ceapb tonnuiţe, ridicule.

tonnuizim, -użaż, v. intr., I

strengthen, grow strong.

Lonnuiţim, -uţaö, v. intr. and tr., I dwell, reside, haunt, frequent. Lópa, g. id., pl. -aröe, m., an old

stocking worn without the shoe, and usually vampless; topin, dim., id.

tópuir, g. id., pl. -rioe, m., an untidy, bedraggled person.

ton, indec. a., and s., enough, plenty, sufficient. See teon.

Lonc, g. Lunc, m., murder (O'N.).
Lonc, gsf., Lunce, α., fierce, cruel.
Lón-coméao, m., act of securely guarding (Kea.).

Lópoλėτ, -A, f., a sufficiency.

16p-rulanz, m., satisfaction; act of suffering sufficiently.

tong, g. tunng, pl. id., m., a step, a track, a trace; an example; act of following, searching for, tracking; race, progeny, succession, posterity; τalam tunng, tilled land; an a tong, on his track, in search of him. See tongsm.

long, g. lunge, pl. longa, f., a leg, a shank; the shin; a club, a staff, a log of wood. See

10150.

loηξα, -n, pl. loηξαne, f., the shin; a leg; a stalk; Cαός na loηξαn, Tadhg who has (stout) shins; loηξα ἀφαίτα, the plough-tail; loηξα ἀμαίπη, the trunk of a tree.

toηζαό, somet. used instead of toης, in sense of searching,

seeking, etc.

longaine, g. id., pl. -nioe, m., a tracker, a follower, a pursuer, a searcher.

lopsaineact, -a, f., act of tracing out, a tracking, an investigation, a search.

loηζán, -ám, pl. id., m., the handle of a spade, pitchfork, etc.

loηζάπας, -αιζ, pl. id., m., a sluggard, a lazy person, a suppliant; ξειṁεαι ιοηζάπαιζ ξειṁραο ξοητας, a hungry winter is the sluggard's fetter.

top-chuaise, g. id., f., compassion.
top, g. tuip, m., increase, growth;
recompense, requital; effect,
consequence, account, sake,
virtue; ar a top rin, owing to
the effect of that; ar ban top,
for your sake; ar top a σμάταη,
on account of his kinsman.

tor, m., an herb, a leek. See tur. tor, g. turr, pl. id., m., the point or end of anything; the tail;

also a press (O'N.).

torao, g. torre, f., a kneadingtrough, a "losset" (in the Co. Cavan the farmer calls his welllaid-out field his fine losset); also a table spread with food.

torc, gsf. torce, a., lame (O'N.).
torca, g. torce and torce; ce,
pl. id., m., act of burning, singeing, scalding; torca, ruart,
the gravel; torca, saore, a
belching, blasting, flatulence;
torca, noendiaries.

lorcán, -áin, pl. id., m., a frog; torcán an claice, id.; a sort of

aray.

tórta, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a panel or pillion; a lazy person. See

toire and toire.

tor, g. tuir, pl. id., m., act of hurting, wounding, spoiling, impairing; a hurt, an injury; damage, destruction; a wound.
tora, g. id., pl. -ioe, m., a loft

(Con.). See tocts.

lotap, -aip, pl. id., m., a wardrobe; a trough; a cauldron; also a greyhound; an assembly (O'N.).

totan, they went. See todan. total, -tuill, pl. id., m., the socket of a candlestick (O'N.).

tua, a kiek; oo nao théan-tua, gave a mighty kiek (O'N.).
tuac, g. tuac, and tuaca, pl.

luaca, m., a price, a reward; value, worth, wages, equivalent.

luacaro, -e, f., frost (O'N.); also hence oub-tuacam Luacain, (P, O'C.).

luacain, -cha, f., wintry weather, frost (occurring in Liat-Luacain,

oub-luacain, 7c.).

luacaiμ, -cμα, f., rushes, sedges; luacam Zalloa, soft rushes; Strab Luacha, a well-known district in Kerry.

luacán, -áin, m., chaff. See tócán. luacann, a torch (Lat. lucerna).

See Lochann.

luacapnac, - a_1 ż, m., a rushy place.

luacman, -maine, a., precious, valuable.

luachac, -aiζe, α., rushy, sedgy; abounding in rushes,

Luacuizim, -użao, v. tr., I reward,

hire, price.

tuao, -arote, m., act of mentioning, referring to, speaking of, hinting; betrothing; uttering, pronouncing; mention, course (te, to, of).

tuada, g. id., m., the little finger;

dim. Lúroin.

luadail, -e, f., motion, movement; act of moving, stirring; majoin rut rmuain roebur a cora oo luadail, one morning ere Phœbus dreamed of stirring his foot, of beginning his journey $(O'R\alpha.).$

luadam, vl. luad and luadad, v. tr., I mention, refer to, speak of, tell; betroth (also tuaivim).

luavanne, g. id., pl. -nive, a flaxwheel.

luaday, -aip, m., vigour, activity, nimbleness; oo claon mo tuaoan, my vigour drooped (McD.); tá luadan na 5cor Lerr, he is nimble (Mayo).

luadan, -ain, m., report, rumour.

See Luaonao.

Luadóz, -ó13e, -ó3a, f., a leech; also a sort of fish.

luavjiać, -aiże, a., moving, restless, fidgety; cf. Laoż Luappać. luaopa \dot{o} , -a \dot{o} , -a \dot{o} e, m., a report; fame, renown.

luaroe, g. id., pl. -oce, f., lead; a plummet; peann tuaioe, a lead-

tuaitt, -e, m., a mimic (O'N).

luailleac, -lize, a., jesting, given to mimicry.

luaillim, -allao, v. tr., I mimic. Luaimneac, -niże, a., swiftly moving, nimble; waving, ranging, flying; volatile; skipping, panting; fickle, restless.

luaimneact, -a, f., restlessness, fickleness; a habit of frisking or skipping. See Luamaineact. luaimnisim, -niusao and -neact,

v. tr., I wave, move.

luaimni \dot{z} ċe, p. a., waved, moved;

undulating.

Luain-cheac, f., dire ruin; Luaincheac teanb, dire ruin of children (O'Ra.).

Luaineagán, -áin, pl. id., m., a

grovelling person.

luarreim, -arcao, v. tr., I swing, rock, move hither and thither.

luaircteac, -tiże, a., swinging, rocking, jolting.

luait, -ata, f., ashes; ruiptín rá subcinericium panem luait, $(Ke\alpha.).$

luait-béalac, -aite, a., loquacious, communicative (of secrets).

luait-beautat, -taite, a., hasty, prompt, nimble, resourceful.

Unaite, g. id., f., swiftness, agility. Luaiteact, -a, f., agility, activity, swiftness.

luaiteao, -tio, m., quickness, agility.

luaiċ-éiμţe, f., rising up quickly, a quick recovery.

luait-5pior, f., ash embers. See 511101°.

luait-juiopac, f., ashes hot with small live embers. See Spiorac.

Luait-mean, -mine, a., quick, nimble, agile.

Luait-méanac, -paise, a., light fingered (of pickpockets, etc.).

Luaitpeac, - piz, m., ashes, cinders, a heap of ashes; Céadaoin an

Luatμιζ, Ash Wednesday; σe'n cataιμ 50 lénμ σein Luaiτμεας, which converted the whole city into a heap of ashes (E. R.).

τυλιτρελό, -μιό, m., dust, ashes.
 τυλιτρελώλιτ, -ώτλ, α., dusty,
 covered with ashes.

Luaitpeamán, -áin, m., ashes. See Luaitpamán.

ในภาร์ทย์ล์ท, -ล์ท, m., dust, ashes. ในภาร์ทาร์ทท, -านรู้ลง๋, v. tr., I pulverise, reduce to dust; I sprinkle with dust.

Luaithiużaro, -iżte, m., act of pulverising, reducing to dust; sprinkling dust on.

tuam, -aim, m., an abbot, a prior, a prelate; cf. tuam teapa moine (O'N.).

tuam, -aim, pl. -a, m., a corpse, a carcase.

tuamain, -mna, f., a veil; act of stirring; motion.

tuamame, g. id., pl. -mioe, m., a navigator, a pilot, an astronomer (somet. tuamame).

Luamaineact, -a, f., navigation, sailing.

tuamaineact, -a, f., activity; volubility.

tuan, -am, m., the moon; Monday; tuan an tStéibe, also tá an tuain, the Day of Judgment; Oia tuain, on Monday.

tuan, -ain, pl. id., m., the loins, kidneys.

tuan, - α in, pl. id., m., a son, a lad; a greyhound (O'N.).

tuanairceac, -ci $\dot{\xi}$, -ci $\dot{\xi}$ e, m., a captive, a person in fetters (O'N.).

luanaircim, -arcao, v. tr., I fetter, bind, enchain.

luancao, -a10, m., the eclipse of the moon.

luapoa, indec. a., common, vulgar; awkward, sluggish.

tuar, g. tuair, m., speed, quickness, swiftness, despatch; ituar, speedily; te tuar a cor, by his swiftness of foot; oá tuar, how swiftly soever; oá tuar o'an, as soon as (Don.).

Luarc. See Luarcao.

Luapcać, -aiże, a., moving, rocking.

luarcao, -cta, m., act of moving, shaking, rocking.

Luarcaine, g. id., pl. -proe, m., a rocker, a swinger.

luarcameact, -a, f., act of rocking, swinging.

tuarcán, -áin, pl. id., m., swinging to and fro; a rocking; a swing, a cradle.

tuarcánac, -aige, a., unsteady, rocking, swinging; impetuous, hasty, rash; as subs., the name of a bleak district in Kerry, about midway between Killarney and Kenmare.

tuarcánact, -a, f., unsteadiness, the act of continued rocking or swinging.

luarcanta, indec. a., quick-tempered, hasty, rash. See luar-cánac.

luarcánuioe, g. id., pl. -oce, m., one who swings or rocks, a rower.

luarcia, p.a., tossed, rocked.

tuaγταμ, -αιμ, m., motion, movement; maioe tuaγταιμ, the threadle of a spinning wheel, cor caγαιόe, id. (Der.).

tuat, -aite, a., early, swift, quick, fast, fleet, nimble, speedy, active; go tuat, quickly, soon, speedily; nó-tuat, too soon, too early; cóm tuat agur, cóm tuat te, as fast as, as soon as; ní tuate, 7c., no sooner, etc.; an oá tuat agur caittrean an teanga, the very moment the tongue is lost.

tuatac, -aiţe, a., dusty, ashy, powder-like (generally the gs. of tuaiţ is used instead of this adi.).

Luat-aizeantat, -aiţe, a., light-minded, volatile.

tuataım, -tao, v. tr., I hasten, move; I mill (cloth).

Luatapán, -áin, pl. id., m., a sealark.

Luatar, -air, m., swiftness, speed;

 anátac, shortness of breath.
 See tuar.

tuaċ-bao, m., a fly-boat, a fast boat, a skiff.

tuaż-τάρς, m., a swift-sailing boat. tuaż-camnτeac, -τιζe, a., talkative, quick-spoken.

ในล่รัฐญา, f., gladness, joy; laughter; a shout of triumph.

Luatiane. See Luatian.

LuacζάιμεΔc, -μιζε, α., joyful, exultant, gladsome.

tuatżánnim, v. intr., I rejoice, exult.

luaż-lámać, -aiże, a., dexterous, nimble-fingered, off-handed.

luat-lámact, -a, f., dexterity, jugglery, legerdemain.

tuatmanneact, -a, f., activity, swiftness.

tuacmaμ, - aiμe, a., active, nimble, swift.

luat-mapeae, -ait, pl. id. and -aite, m., an express mounted messenger.

Luac-muin, f., a spring tide; a

quick tide.

Unaτός, -όιςe, -όςa, f., a handful of potatoes cooked in "red" ashes, or ashes containing little live embers; phairteat, id. (Don.).

Luatμann, f., a narration in verse.
 Luatμamán, -ánn, m., dust, ashes.
 Luat-tonnac, -naije, α., of swift waves.

luacuţao, -cuiţce, m., a hastening, an accelerating.

luatuitim, -utao, v. tr. & intr., I haste, hurry. See luataim.

Lúb, g. Lúibe, pl. -a, f., a loop, an entanglement, a hasp; also a pothook, a curve, a maze, a bend, an angle, a corner, a plait, a fold, a staple; also craft, deceit; a little loop or stitch in knitting; túb an táμ, a dropped stitch in a stocking, in Der., the back seam in knitting; túb Laoan, "by hook or crook."

Lúbac, -aiże, a., folding, bending; crafty, subtle, deceitful; ser-

pentine, crooked.

libao, -bża, m., the act of bending, folding, winding, evading.

túbaim, -aò, v. tr., I bend, stoop, incline, turn, twist, warp.

túbaine, g. id., pl. -μιόε, m., a strong man; a crafty fellow, a cringer, a trickster, a rogue; mo ceachan oe túbainióib ζηοιόε, my four strong stalwarts.

Lúbán, -ánn, pl. id., m., a bow, a loop; a pair of fire tongs made by bending a piece of iron hoop-

ing; a door-hasp.

Lubán, -áin, pl. id., m., a lamb; a fatted lamb or kid.

luban, -ain, pl. id., m., a leper. See toban.

Lubapáil, -ála, f., whispering.

Lubapnać, -aiże, f., herbs, weeds, vetches (pron. Lutapnać).

túbannac, -aiże, a., wriggling, twisting one's self; gambolling; shifty, tricky, unreliable.

Lúbapnai 511, -e, f., act of writhing, twisting, bending; Lúbapnac,

f., id.

Uü̈̈sjont, -żunnt, pl. id., m., an herb-garden, an orchard, a garden, a yard.

Lμρόζ, -όιζε, -όζα, f., a noose.

tubός, -όιςe, -όςα, f., a flake, a drop; tubός γηεασταιό, a snowflake.

tubμα, g. id., f., leprosy. See tobμα, 7c.

tubμaċ, -aiże, α., leprous. See tobnaċ.

Lúbia, p. a., bent, looped.

tuċ, g. tuiċe, pl. tuċa, tuċain (in Ker. sp. l., pl. also tuċaiʒ), a mouse; tuċ ἐμαπποαċ, or simply μαπποαċ, a rat; tuċ μέιμ, a shrew or field mouse; tuċόʒ and tuiċín, dims. In U., tuċόʒ beaʒ, a mouse, tuċόʒ móμ, a rat, tuċóʒ = either rat or mouse.

tuc, shreds of extraneous matter in tallow that is being melted

down (Ker.).

lucaine, g. id., pl. -pioe, m., a mouser.

lucameact, -a, f., mousing, acting the cat.

luctann, -ainne, -a, f., a prison (O'N.).

lucός, -όιςe, -όςa, f., a young mouse, a mouse; lucός mόμ, a

rat (U.). See luc.

tuċt, -a, pl.id., m., a burden, a load, ballast; a cargo, the contents of a vessel; tuċt tuinge, freight; tuċt mo ġtaice, my handful; tuċt mine, the quantity of meal ground at a time (also taċt).

tuċτ, -a, m., people, folk, family, company; a party, a crew, a tribe; tuċτ οιδμε, workers; tuċτ ριυδαίλ, walkers, beggars; tuċτ ceannuiʒċe, buyers; tuċτ οίοτα, sellers; tuċτ céiμοε, tradespeople; tuċτ éin-τίμε, fellow-countrymen.

Luczaine, g. id., pl. -prioe, m., a

whirlpool, a gulf.

Uuċτṁձιμε, g. id., f., capaciousness.
 Uuċτṁձιμεἀċτ, -A, f., capaciousness.

luctinap, -aipe, a., abundant, wide, capacious.

luccuśao, -uiżce, pl. id., m., a loading, a freighting.

luctuizim, -użao, v. tr., I load,

freight, burden.

luctuițte, p. a., loaded, laden.

túo (perhaps for túċ), m., energy; ξαη túo ξαη táċαη, without strength or energy, helpless (Con.).

túo, g. túio, pl. id., m., a lazy

person.

lúos, g. id., pl. -sioe, m., the little finger (Lúioín, id.).

lúoazán, -áin, pl. id., m., the little finger.

Ludainim, -aint, v. tr. and intr.,
I wallow, grovel; besmear with
mire.

twisted thread (P. O'C.).

LύοΔη, -Δη, pl. id., m., a fawning, flattery.

luoap, -aip, pl. id., m., a slovenly person.

luoapaċ, -aiţe, α., slovenly, sluggish, grovelling.

luoapact, -a, f., slovenliness, sluggishness.

luoan-ċnáin, f., a big-bellied sow (P. O'C.).

Lυσαμόλ, indec. a., lubberly. Lυσαμόλος, -λ, f., lubberliness.

tuopaća, hinges, basis, foundation; tuopaća an choroe, the heart-strings (McC.). See tunopać.

luopamán, -áin, pl. id., m., a lazy,

idle fellow (Aran).

tuz, -a, pl. -anna and -aroe, m., a worm-like little fish found buried in the soft sand on the shore, and used for bait (Ker.).

lużaoóz, -ó1ze, -óza, f., the little finger. See Lú10ín and Lú0a.

tużan, somet. in sp. l., M. and Con., for tuża, in phr. like ní tużan trom an rúża ná é, I esteem him as low as soot (the correct expression is ní tuża onm an rúża ná é, whence tużan, which is used corruptly as above; cf. ip beaz onm é).

lużancán (lużnacán, lupnacán),
-án, pl. id., m., a sprite; a
pigmy; a fairy believed always
to carry a purse containing a
shilling; a "leprechaun."

Lużoużać. See Lażoużać. Lużouiżim. See Lażouiżim.

lużoujżeoją. See lażoujżeoją. Lużnar, -a, the Kalends of August; lá lużnara, Lammas Day, the first of August; lużnarao, .i., a festival or game of Lugh Mac Eithne, which was celebrated by him in the beginning of August (Cormac's Glossary); mí na lużna, oroce lużna, are also heard, as in Cork.

Lúib. See Lúb.

tuib, -e, pl. id. and tuibeanna, f., an herb, a plant, grass; tuibeanna icte, healing herbs.

Luibeac, -biże, a., grassy, abound-

ing in herbs.

tuibeannac, -naiże, f., a light soft weed; weeds in general; vetches. See tubannac.

luib-eolar, -air, m., botany. luib-eoluibe, g. id., pl. -be, m.,

a botanist.

túibín, g. id., pl. -nioe, m., a little loop or noose; a little curl; a little corner; a little angle; a sharp turn; fig., a fair-haired maiden.

Lúibíneac, -nize, a., crafty, cunning.

Lúibíneact, -a, f., craftiness, cunning.

luib na mataioe reanz, f., a kind of herb.

luibneac, -niz, m., a heap of weeds.

luib-piaγτ, f., a caterpillar (also tuir-piarc).

ในเช็นe, g. id., pl. -หางe, m., a coat of mail; harness, livery (also libné).

Luibnizim, -iużao, v. tr., I put on armour, harness, dress, accoutre.

luro, -e, f., a rag, a tatter; a trull or slut; with neg., nothing; zan oinear na luive onta, without even a stitch of clothes on them.

lui σελό, -σιζε, α ., ragged, slovenly. Lúroín, g. id., pl. -nroe, m., the little finger; túroicín, id.

luiže, g. id., m., act of lying down, lying, reclining, position, situation; ım' tuice, lying down; tuiže reotačain, lyingin, illness in confinement; luise irceac an, an encroachment on; 'n-a teat-luite, half-leaning, reclining.

lui $\dot{\xi}e$, g. id., pl. $\dot{\xi}\dot{\xi}e$, m., an oath; an imprecation; beinim-re luiže, I swear; puo oo čupi 'na luise opainn, to impress something on our minds (in latter phrase possibly tuite = lying).

luizeacán, -áin, pl. id., m., act of lying in wait, an ambush; one who lies in wait; a lying down in sickness; sickness, disease; luizeacán bliaona, a twelvemonth's sickness, sickness in the course of a year.

luizeán, -áin, pl. id., m., a nave, a centre.

luise reolao, m., lying-in, labour,

travail; teabaro turge-reotca, child-bed.

luizim, vl. luize, v. intr., I swear. luiğim, vl. luiğe, v. intr., I lay down, lay; centre (one's thoughts, etc.); I lie down, lie, settle down, rest, alight; oo luis a aisne an a ceathan ctoinne, his mind centred on four children; I begin to do a thing: oo luig ré an gol, he began to cry; I press upon, weigh heavily on, affect greatly.

Lui ς ín, g. id., pl. -ni $\dot{o}e$, m., the flat surface at the top of the head; Luizin a baitir, the crown of his head; dim. of taz or toz, a

hollow.

Luime, g. id., f., bareness, baldness, poverty (tuimeact, id.).

 t_{u_1m} - t_{1nn} , f_{\cdot} , a pond of new milk. luimneac, -niż, m., a lake or body of water; Limerick; Lumneac laiżean, Little Limerick, Co. Wexford; also g. -niże, f.

tuımpμé, g. id., f., a piece of bare pasture; a thin, fleshless person (also tuimpine).

lumgear, 51r, m., a fleet, shipping. See toingear.

luingneátta; ir t. téanman oo

cinn báino ir éizre (S. na Ráitineac).

luingreopact, -a, f., voyaging,

Luinne, for various meanings see

Luinneoz, -015e, -05a, f., a song, a lay (Rathlin, G. J.); a chorus or lilting verse of a song.

Luinn-iarc, m., swordfish. lainn-iarc.

lumpine, g. id., pl. -price, m., a watchman; a silly, babbling

 \mathbf{t} ύιμείη, g.~id.,~pl.~-ηιό $\mathbf{e},~m.,~$ a cripple.

túincíneac, -niż, pl. id., m., a small inactive person.

Lúipeac, g. - μ i \dot{g} and μ i \dot{g} e, pl. -neaca, m. and f., a cuirass, a coat of mail, a breast-plate, armour; cf. Latin lorica.

Luinz-reamparo, f., a mailed club. lungne, f. pl., shins, legs [pl. of

Lui

lonzaj.

luingneac, -nige, α., long-legged. Luip, -e, -eanna, f., the quicken bush, the name of the Irish letter 1.

luireas, -rise, f., the haft of a knife or sword, the small iron part that goes into the handle; luireas an claidim, the part of the sword which goes into the

Lurrin, g. id., pl. -nroe, m., a little herb.

Luirne, g. id., pl. -neaca, f., a flame, a blaze, a blush, a ray, a dart, a bright colour 1 bí turne 'na rnóö, bright was the colour of her face.

Luirneamait, -mta, a., flaming,

blazing, flushed.

túirce, g. id., pl. -ciòe, m., a sluggard, a clown. Also tóirce.

lúit, -úite, α., nimble; lúitchit, quivering.

Lúiτ, -e, pl. id., f., a vein.

lúit-clear, m., sleight of hand; dexterity, jugglery.

lúit-ċμit, m., a vigorous trem-

bling; quivering.

Lúite, g. id., f.; agility, vigour. Lúiteac, -tiz, m., veins, nerves. Lúiteatt, -a, f., vigour, activity. Lúicéir, -e, f., fawning (as of a dog).

Lúitéireac, -rije, a., fawning, for-

ward, bold.

lúit-rial, m., a vigorous, generous man, as a., vigorously generous.

Lúma, a clown; Lúma Tuippeac, a lazy clown (túma is the word used in B.). See toma.

lún-báρc, m., a strong ship (E. R.) (perhaps=lonn-bape or long-

banc).

Lúnopac, -ais, rl. id., m., a pivot, a foundation, a seat; a stay, a hold; mooring; é cozaint o'á Lúnopacaio, to take him from his moorings, to upset him (M.). Also Luonac.

lungaim. See Longaim (O'N.).

lungaine. See tongaine.

lung. See long.

lunga. See longa.

tur, g. tuir, m., strength, power; design, intention; an aon tur. on purpose, intentionally.

lur, g. tora, pl. id., m., a leek; an herb, a plant, a weed, a flower. lurac, -aize, a., belonging to herbs

or leeks.

lur an batta, m., pellitory of the

lur an coine, m., coriander. tur an Colmain, m., Columbine.

Lup an $crao_1, m., fennel.$

lur buide bealtaine, m., marsh marigold.

tur column citte, m., St. John's wort, yellow pimpernel.

lup-cuac, -aice, -aca, f., a caterpillar; tur-cnum, id.

lur-cumeoz, -oize, -oza, f., a caterpillar.

lup zan atain zan matain, m., duck meat.

Lup zanb, m., goose-grass.

lur-żoμτ, m., an herb garden, a botanic garden.

lur leat an tramparo, m., gillyflower.

lur tiat, m., common lavender. lur mic beatait, m., betony (behonica).

lur Mic Cuimin, m., eummin.

lur m_1 oe, m_1 , mouse ear, scorpion grass; tup miota, id.

lur móր, m., great white mullen (verbascum thapsus).

lur món baineann, purple foxglove, lady's glove.

Lup muipe, m., marigold.

lur na treacóz, m., black tansy. lur na brhanneac, m., common

tansy (tanacetum vulgare). lur na ochí mballán, m., valerian ; valerine.

lup na reapnaise, m., sundew. lur na rota, m., shepherd's purse, (thlapsi bursa pastoris).

lur na zcnám, m., samphire.

lur na zenám mbrirte, m., common comfrey.

lur na zcnapán, m., great figwort. lur na horoce, m., night-shade.

lur na taoċ, m., rosewort.

lur na taoż, m., orpine or golden saxifrage.

lup na teac, m., eyebright.

lur na teaván, m., wild teazle.

lur na mban ríoe, m., foxglove. lur na mbheileoz, m., the whortleberry.

tur na meata, m., honey-suckle

(lonicera).

lur na míol móp, m., common mallow (malva sylvestris).

lur na n-eicheoz, m., cloud berryshrub.

tur na nzonm-oeanz, m., blackberry plant.

lur na pinzinne, m., marsh pennywort (hydrocotile).

lur na rcop, m., clown's all-heal (panax coloni).

lur na ríotcána, m., loose-strife

(lysemachia). tur na Spaine, m., pellitory of Spain, pyrethrum.

lup na pratóz, m_i , berry-bearing heath.

lup na ceangan, m., the herb called adder's tongue.

lup poinc, m., peony, paeonia. lurnacán, -áin, pl. id., m., a botanist, a herbalist.

lupparò, -e, f., an herb; herbs, plants, herbage.

lupparo na oppaocán, f., berrybearing heath.

Lupparo na zeine boinnize, f., bear whortle berries.

lupparo na paop, f., clown's allheal.

luppóz, -ó1ze, -óza, f., a charm by means of herbs.

Lurcaine, g. id., pl. -proe, m., a flatterer.

Lurcaineact, -a, f., flattering.

Lúpcap, -aip, pl. id., m., flattery, fawning; capering (as of a dog when pleased to see a person)

Lúγτης, -siže, α., fawning, flattering; forward, "cheeky"

(Mayo).

lurchuisim, -nusao, v. tr., I flatter, fawn on.

 $\mathsf{L}\mathsf{u}\dot{\mathsf{c}}, g. \mathsf{L}\mathsf{u}\dot{\mathsf{c}}\dot{\mathsf{c}}$ and $\mathsf{L}\mathsf{u}\dot{\mathsf{c}}\dot{\mathsf{c}}, m., \mathsf{strength}$ vigour, activity, power; an tút, brandished vigorously (E. R.), swiftly, with vigour.

lúċ, g. lúiċe, pl. lúċaċa, f., a nerve, a vein, a tendon, an

artery.

1úτλ, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a bow, a cringe, a fawning.

tútač, - a_1 ž, m., nerves, veins, tendons (also túiteat).

lúcáil, -ála, f., a louting or bowing; a fawning, cringing,

crouching.

ness, delight, pleasure; laughter; Lútháin oo beit an, to be rejoiced.

Lútháineac, -nite, a., joyous, joy-

ful, glad, merry.

tútmat, -ais, m., sinews, nerves, tendons; the inner marrow (also túiteat and tútat).

id., J., Lucinaine, g. activity, vigour.

Lútimaineact, -a, f.,

activity, suppleness. Lútmap, -aipe, α., vigorous, nimble, active, strong, quick; 50 túżman, quickly.

1 (muin, the vine), the tenth letter of the Modern Irish Alphabet.

má, conj., if; with ir becomes má'r; generally used with present and future tense, whereas oá is used with the imperfect conditional; má tá although that; má ir eso, márreao, if so, if it be, yet, nevertheless; má tá réin, still, nevertheless; bi aipsead aise, Azur má bí réin, ba mait ré é, he had money, and if he had, he dispensed it liberally; má is also somet. used with imperfect and conditional: má beao, if it would be, and it will

be; vá mbeav, if it would be, but it will not; vá mbeav annseav agam, votrann vo rtánne, if I had money (but I have not), I would drink your health; má ntear anán, ní uaitre ruanar é, if I have eaten bread (and I have), it was not from you I got it; má ntinn anán, vo viotann ar, if I ate bread, I paid for it; má civeann tú Comár, abant tent teact ipteac, if you see (i.e., should see) Thomas, tell him to come in.

má (máö), m., a cause; a prohibition; cuiμ γε σε má ομπ ξαπ ε σ'innμinc σαιτ, he forbade me to tell it to you (Cork).

mab, -a1b, pl. id., m., a tassel, a

fringe.

mabός, -όιζε, -όζα, f., a pet, a term of endearment.

mabόζaċ, -aiże, α., fringed, hung

with tassels.

mac, g. mic and meic, voc. a mic, pl. mic, maca and meic, m., son, boy, child; descendant; copy; mac teabain, copy of a book; mac míora, a son one month old; mac mallactain, the individual of cursing, the origin of cursing, an epithet for the devil; mac an cuit, kitten; mac apail, the foal of an ass: mac impearain, the pupil of the eye; mac léiginn, mac rogluma, a student; ir aepioeac an mac é, he is a merry soul; Zein mic, a male child; clann mac, male children; mac atta (Sc. mac talla), an echo.

mac, used adjec. as prefix, boyish, youthful; mac-sniomanta,

youthful actions.

mac, field; hence amac, out of doors, after verbs of motion.

See maca and mas.

maċa, *g. id.*, *pl.* -roe, *m.*, a lawn, a milking place, a field where cows are kept at night; a herd of cattle.

mácait, -ata, f., a stain, a wound, a defect; Lat. macula.

macaim, -cao, v. tr., I bear or

carry; I fondle.

macaine, g. id., pl. -nrioe, m., a plain, a field, a low-lying open country; a field of battle.

macall, -aill, m., the herb bennet

or avenus.

macatta, m., an echo (also mac-

maċatt coitte, m., wood avenus. maċatt piaċain, g., -aitt piaċain, m., common avenus, bennet, geum urbanum.

macall uspee, g. -astl uspee, m., water avenus, geum rivale.

macamat, -mta, a., filial, gentle. macamtact, -a, f., sobriety; the state of being son-like (O'N.).

macamlao, -tta, m., fostering,

tosterage.

macán, g. -áin, pl. id., m., a boy;

youthful hero.

macánta, indec. a., excellent, gentle, modest, childlike, decent, meek, honourable; in M. sp. l. (also E.U.), honest.

macantac, -aiże, a., filial, quiet,

gentle, docile, mannerly.

macántact, -a., f. gentleness, meekness, modesty; honesty; puerility; cáit na macántacta, the reputation of not being quarrelsome.

macantar, -air, m., kindness, meekness; honesty (M.). See

macánta.

macaom, -aom, pl. id., m., a young person, a child, a boy, a lad, a young man, youth; macaom mná, young woman, young lady.

mac-cléineac, m., a deacon, one

who ministers.

macoa, α., virile, manly, masculine.

mac σάς, -a, f., virility, manliness. mac guipme, m., the master or doctor of poetry (O'N.).

mac ʒan ataın, m., a fatherless son; the herb called duck's meat or duckweed.

mac-żníom, g. -a, pl. -żníomanta, m., a youthful exploit, a boyish feat.

mac teabain, m., a copy of a book. mac téiżinn, g. mic téiżinn, pl. id., m., a student, a scholar.

 \mathbf{m}_{AC} m₁c, m., a grandson.

mactużao, -uiżte, m., a staining or blotting.

mactuizim, -użao, v. tr., I stain, blot or blur.

mac muηξεαċ, m., a scollop, a species of shell-fish.

macnaireac, -riże, a., hospitable, generous, amiable; merry, frisky,

sportive; running riot.

macnap, g. -aip or -apa, m., kindness, fondness; luxury, sensuality, indulgence, lasciviousness; sport, pastime; act of playing or disporting oneself.

macnapac, -aiże, a., sportive; wanton, effeminate, tender, kind.

See machaireac.

macnuiğim, vl. -użaö, v. tr. and

intr., I beget (U.).

mac octa, m., the bosom grain of corn; the smaller grain of the two, found growing together.

machaet, -aeit, pl. id., m., mackerel; m. capaitt, a herring-hog, a horse-herring (Ker.) (also manchaet). (A.)

macparò, -e, f., youths, young men; male children; an m. όξ,

the youth.

machar. See machar.

macharac, -aiçe, a., sportive, playful; peevish, haughty. See macharac.

macharact, -a, f., sauciness

(0,N.).

macramant, -mta, pl. id., m., like, the like of; equal, equivalent; a fellow, a match; a copy of a book (also macaramant, U. and Mea.).

macramaıtt, -e, -eaca, f., an

emblem.

Macramailteac, -tiże, a., emblematic.

mac roipin, m., a miserable person (N. Con.).

mact, -a, m., a calm sea-wave.

mactaim, -ao, v. tr., I slaughter, butcher (Lat. mactare).

mac tipe, g. mic tipe, pl. coin altra nó magnaide altra, m., a wolf; Cnocán an mic tipe, a place name; somet. pl. mactipide; pron. mactipe (M).

mactnam, -aim, m., act of reflecting on, considering; act of wondering; consideration, thought; astonishment (also mactnation)

macenóιμ, -όμα, -όιμιτοe, m., a

deliberator; a chider.

maċznuġaō, -nuiġċe, m., aet of reflecting, considering; wondering at; chiding; discouraging

(also maccnam).

macenuizim, vl. macenam and macenuzao v. tr. and intr., I am astonished; I deliberate; chide; consider, reflect on (also macenam).

mac-tożaim, -żao, v. tr., I adopt

as a son.

maö (for mbaö), dep. form of cond. of the copula, it would be; vá maö, if it were; 50 maö, may it be, that it would be. See Appendix to Kea., T. S.

máö, g. máöa, pl. máöanna, m., the trump at cards; fortune, fate; fig., a chief, a prince, often applied to the Pretender; Διċ-eaμμαċ máöa, a change of trumps, a political revolution; an máö móμ, the chief trump; τά an máö móμ αιζε, he is in luck; also g. -άιὸ, pl. -άιὸτε.

maoaö, -aiö, -aiöe, m., a dog; maoaö atta or m. attaiö, a wolf; maoaö μιαö, m., a fox; m. μίσχας, dog-fish; m. ζαμδ, dog-fish; m. σμιπτίπ, a small fish resembling ling; m. σοππ, an otter; m. caμμαίζε, a little hard-headed fish about three inches in length (U.); maoaö μίγce, an otter or beaver.

maoao τραοιό, m., a heath-dog; also the herb, yellow lady's bed-

straw.

madao zaoite, m., a mad dog;

a blood-hound or wicked dog: also a kind of cloud that portends a storm, an imperfect rainbow.

madain, prep., about, concerning; madain te Seasán, with regard to John (also maroin).

majanta, indec. a., coy; valiant, dexterous in the use of arms.

Madan. See madhad.

maoan, -ain, m., madder (plant), rubea tinctorum.

maga náma, m., the tiller of a boat (in M. an oar). See maroe.

maomaim, -ao, v. tr., I chase, rout, overthrow, defeat; fight, skirmish.

maomużao, -uiżce, m., act of overthrowing, defeating, routing; an n-a m., overthrown.

maomuisim, -usao, v. tr., I chase, rout, overthrow, defeat, fight, skirmish (maomaim, id.).

maona, g. id., pl. -aroe, m., a dog, a mastiff; maona allta (or maona attarò), a wolf; maona nuao (but rather maoao nuao), a fox; maona unce, a beaver or otter; maona rota, a bloodhound; maopa zlar, a dog-fish; dim. maiopin, as in maiopin nuao, a little fox; maoao, not maona (Don.). See maoao.

Maona chainn, m., a marten; a little animal like a ferret.

inaopamail, -mla, a., doggish, doglike, bold; enormous, wonderful (Don.); mí maopamail, July.

maopamlacτ, -a, f., doggishness.

máż, g. májże or máża, pl. máża, f., a plain, a field, a level district; a battle-field; máż ráit, an ancient name of Ireland.

máz, - $\acute{a}1z$, pl. id., m., a paw;dims., mázán and máizín.

mas, somet. written in surnames for mac, prefixed to names, esp. those beginning with a vowel, t or p.

mázac, -aize, a., fat, plump, flechy; having paws.

mázac, -aiz, pl. id. m., the fishcalled pollock (Don. and Mayo).

mazać, -aiże, α ., given to jokes or jests (O'N.).

mazao, -aro, -aroe, m., act of joking, jeering, scoffing, mocking, humbugging, making fun of: mockery, ridicule (at, rá and an, Don.); rean mazaro, a joker, a jester; ná bí az mazao rúm, do not jest at me; as oéanam mazaro oum, jesting at me (Don.); pron. mozaó in Louth, etc.; ir reapin ruizeall an madaro nó (='ná) ruiteall an moς a1 \dot{o} (= \dot{m} aς a1 \dot{o}) (prov.).

massive (and rmassive), g. id., pl. -σιόε, m., a magpie (P. O'C.). mazaım, -ao, v. tr., I mock, scoff,

deride (with rá).

mazainte, g. id., pl. -tibe, m.the testicles, the scrotum.

mazaintín meadhac, m., male or female orchis.

-anta, f., creeping, masaine, pawing, touching.

mazamail, -mila, a., jeering, joking, jesting, mocking.

mażan, -ain, pl. id., m., fish fry, a bait to fish with, spawn; a sprat. mazantač, -aiže, a., having

testicles, male.

mázcuaipo, mázcuaipo, adverbial expression, round about; cf. Mid. Ir., im-a-cuaint; Manx, mygeayrt; an talam mázcuaint o'á luarcao im' címceall, the land shaking all round me (C. M.); somet changed to ra cuaine in U. and Louth; ní paib tiż leanna rá chaint (P. O'Dor.).

Mażżamain. See matżamain. mazóz, -óize, f., an affected attitude of the head.

masuroe, g. id., pl. -ote, m., a scorner, a scoffer, a mocker.

máż-urce, m., a field lake, field water.

Maicne, $g.\ id.,\ pl.$ -nive, f., kindred, relations, children; a clan, a tribe; macnaro (S. U. and Louth).

maictin, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a large, fierce dog; a wolf, a mastiff.

mΔισε, g. id., pl. -σιόε, -σεδόλ, m., wood; a stick, a staff; oo pus ré a maioide leir so mait, he got on well through life (Ker.); an oar, maroe náma, id., maioe arcail, the pole-oar, the oar used for "poling" in seine-fishing; m. clampa, a clamp-oar; m. oeinio, afteroar; majoioe meadóin uirce, centre oars; maroe néro, a round oar; m. copais, bow-oar; m. rtiúnta, a helm; m. choire, a crutch; m. milir, liquorice; m. rciúnta, a tiller, the stick that moves the rudder, more properly maioe samma; m. rníomita, a distaff, a spindle; m. mearc, a boy's top; m. eolair, tiller (Mayo); m. rnarom, the cross-beam in house-roofing; m. multais, the ridge pole of a house; m. corre part of a loom; m. zanma, a weaver's beam, a rudder; m. burre, tongs, a cleft stick; m. onoma, the piece of timber that runs along the ridge of the roof; onoiceao maroe, a wooden bridge (Don.).; capatt maroe, a hobby horse, a bicycle.

maroeoz, -01ze, -0za, f., a pivot; the peg that supports the wheel of a spinning wheel; the shell concha veneris (pron. marzoeoz,

M.).

Maioin, -one, -oneaca, f., morning; an ma, this morning, at any future time; σο ρόγραιπη αρ maioin τά, I would marry you at any time henceforth; 30 maioin, till day; αρ m. 1 noiu, this morning; maioin, one morning, or a certain morning; nom. maioean (W. M.), maioin (Don.).

Maiom, -aoma, -aomanna, m. and f., a battle, a skirmish, a flight, a rout, a sally, a defeat, an overthrow; a breach, an eruption,

a bursting forth as of water, etc.; cuin ré naon maoma 7 miocorcain ain, he completely routed him in battle (Kea.); maiom mand ont (here it is f.), may you burst to death; maiom tatman, an earthquake; a deep hollow made by a stream; oein ré maiom onm, he did me great injury; tá maiom aintio aise, he has a lot of money; a big surge when it breaks; g., often maiome, f., cf. inir na maiome (nom. also maom).

marom carnne, f., volubility of

speech.

Maróm $\dot{\xi}$ urp, f., an ulcer (P. O'C.). Marómpeac, -ri $\dot{\xi}$, pl. id., m., a rupture.

marom reicne, f., a rupture;

hernia.

marom pléibe, f., a sudden eruption of water from a hill, the subsidence of a hill; marom bárptige, a waterspout, a sudden downpour; imteatra maroma, a retreat from battle.

maioneamait, -mta, a., early in the morning; 50 moc m., in the early hours of the morning.

maronín, g. id., pl. -nroe, m., a

little dog.

maiz, -e, -eaca, f., an affected attitude of the head, a toss of the head; a tendency to topple over (of any object); ατά maiz uiμτe, she gives a proud toss of the head; το cuiμ γί maiz uiμτe γέιπ, she tossed her head; τά maiz aμ mo hata anonn cum tize an óit, my hat inclines proudly to the tavern.

maiżoean, -oine, -oeana, f., a maiden, a damsel, a virgin.

maiżoeanar,-air, m., maidenhood, virginity.

maizeamail, -mla, a., jeering, scoffing, derisive, affectedly proud.

maizeoz, -01ze, -0za, f., a mid-

wife (O'N.).

máiżiptip, g. id., pl.-tpióe, m., a master; m. prooite, a school-

master; m. vampa, a dancing-master, m. punnce, id.

máijiptheact, -a, f., mastery, assumption of authority.

máiţirtreamait, -mta, a., magisterial, authoritative, domineering.

máiξητηεάς, -a, pl. id., f., a mistress; a lady superintendent; a female school-teacher (Lat. magistra).

maiξητηιεας, -τρις, m., mastery, as in the prov., ταιτίζε ζηί maiζητηιεας, practice gives one a mastery.

m'ai'sipchisim, -μεαςς, v. tr., Ι

master, domineer.

maighe, g. id., pl. -nive, m., a salmon; fg., a fine healthy person; often a proud woman (common in maighe mná); m. téan, salmon-trout; m. caitín, a fine, handsome girl (Om.); m. buacatta, a handsome, strong lad (Om.).

mαιζηεαό, -μιό, m., a shoal of

salmon.

maiǯpeán, -áin, pl. id., m., a small salmon; a salmon-trout.

maiż-piarc, a marshy field. See piarc.

mait-bhiathat, -haite, a., eloquent (O'N.).

máitéro, -e, -roe, f., a bag, a wallet, a knapsack.

máitín, g. id., pl. -nròe, m., a little bag or saek.

maitir, -e, f., malice, wickedness, naughtiness.

maitireac. -rite, a., malicious, envious, venemous; destructive.

maitt, -e, f., delay; ξan maitt, immediately (also moitt); ní beiò maitt an biċ onm a öéanaö, I'll have no difficulty in doing it.

mailt-bhistpat, -aije, a., slow of

speech.

maitte, g. id., pl. -troe, f., delay, slowness (also moitte).

matte, part of a weaver's gear, called the headles (P. O'C.).

mailtéau, -éiu, -éiuire, m., a mallet.

mailte pe (te), comp. prep., along with, together with; because of, by means of.

maittiżim, -iużażo, v. tr. and intr. I delay.

máilližim, -leao, v. tr., I wave.

mailliugao, -igte, m., adjourning, delaying.

Maill-piéim, f., doubt, suspense, balance.

mailt-timalt, m., delay, slowness, a slow pace.

maitt- $\dot{\tau}$ niatta \dot{c} , -ai \dot{c} e, α ., travelling slowly, tedious; stately, solemn; as subs. a delayer.

maitt-thiattact, -a, f., dallying or delaying.

or delaying.

Mailt-thiallaim, -thialt, v. intr., I move slowly.

maime, f., a mother, a nurse, mamma.

maincitte, g. id., pl. -troe, m., a sleeve; a glove, a gauntlet (pronin M. muinipate); Lat. manicula; bipuicitte, id. (N. Con.).; muitcinne (Gal.), muinitae (U.) id.

maineap, -nip, m., a manor, a lord-ship.

mainzín, g. id., pl. -nioe, m., a little bag, a budget.

mainio, m., a mad or foolish person (O'N).

 $\mathsf{maini\acute{o}e}$ ać τ , -a, f., madness, foolishness $(O'N_{\bullet})$.

mainiττιη, g. -τρεας (somet. -τρε), pl. -τρεας , f., a monastery, an abbey; mainiττιη toca tein, Muckross Abbey; an mainiττιη τυαιό, Fermoy; an mainiττιη τεαγ, Midleton, m. na Conan, id.

mainipupac, -piże, a., belonging to an abbey or monastery.

mainipreact, -a, f., an abbotship or abbaey.

máintéao, -éio, pl. id., m., a mallet.

mainneact, -a, f., slowth, negligence, idleness.

mainneactac, -aiże, a., sluggish, slothful, lazy.

mainneaccain, -cna, f., an oversight; a delay, negligence, procrastination.

mainneactnac, -aiże, a., slack,

negligent; indevout.

mainneamail, -mta, a., early.

mainneaμ, g. mainniμe, f., an enclosure, a field, a pen, a sheep-

fold. See mainneac.

Mainniżim, -iużao, v. intr., I fail. mainnipir; lá 'p n-a m., on the day after the day after tomorrow (also 1 mainning in phr. 1 mbápac, umanopitati 7 1 mainnihir).

mainne, g. id., f., trifling, fooling (nom. also maining and mann-

101r).

mainneac, g. -nize, pl. -neaca, and mannaca, f., a sheepfold, a fold, a booth, a cote, a stable.

mainréan, -éin, pl. id., m., a

manger, a crib.

Mainte, indec., m., a dress (Eng. mantle?) (U.).

mainbe, g. id., f., lifelessness, numbness, powerlessness. mainb-eac (phonet. main-riac),

m., a still-born foal (W. Ker.). manibeact, -a, f., numbness, life-

lessness, powerlessness.

mainbleac, -Lize, a., stupid, numb, weak, debilitated; ball maintteac, a weak limb or member.

maint-teat, f., one side of the body powerless or lifeless.

maint-neannτός, f., blind nettle, dead nettle.

mainb-pleire, f., a dead weight, a lifeless mass.

Mainc, -e, -eanna, f., a wound, the sign of a wound, cf., an capall ip mó mainc ip é ip Aoinoe caiteann. See manc.

mainceaċ, -ciże, α., having a sore or sores; capall mainceac, a scarred, striped, or galled horse.

mainchéal, -éil, pl. id.,

me ekerel (A.).

manys, -e, f., woe, sorrow; a pity, pity: despondency, regret; as interj., woe! O sad! ir mains Too, woe to, it is a pity of; ir mains ná stacann é, woe to him who doesn't take it; 1r mains a bionn beatb, wee to him who is poor; if mains a cuineann don cruim 'ran craosal, woe to him who sets his heart on the world.

mainzeac, -515e,

sorrowful.

mainsne, f., woe. See mains. mainsneac, -ni $\dot{\varsigma}$ e, α ., sorrowful.

 m_{Alp} n_{eac} , $-n_{1}$, m_{eac} , a lament (Don.).

mainsnisim, -iusao, v. intr., I lament, groan.

maipspéad, -éid, -éada, m., a shoal of fish.

mainspéas, indec., Margaret. (In M. sp. l. the word for Margaret

is maronžéao.)

Maipim, vl. mapitain, maipeaccain, v. tr. and intr., I live, exist, survive, last, endure, continue, dwell, remain; as tr., I wear out (as a garment), last as long as; 50 mainin é, may you wear it out (a new garment); 50 maineam a céite, may each live as long as the other (said by man to intended spouse); 30 maining 1 brav, long life to you (a return of greeting); 30 mainin beo rtán, id.

mainn, -e, f., spying, betraying. mainneac, -nize, a, spying,

traitorous, treacherous. mainnéal, -eil, m., delay, hin-

drance.

mainéalac, -aiz, pl. id. and -Aiże, m., a mariner, a sailor, a shipman, a pilot.

maijinéatact, -a, f., a sailing,

navigation; tediousness.

maijinim, -neao, v. tr., I betray, spy on.

máint, f., Tuesday; Oia máint,

on Tuesday.

mainteactain, y. id. and -ana, f., existence, continuance, living; rtiże m., a livelihood.

mainteannac, -aise, a., longlived, lasting. See mantannac. maint-reoit, f., beef.

Maintin. See mantain.

máintin, g. id., pl. -nice, m., a stocking without a vamp worn to prevent wind-gall.

maintín, g. id., pl.-iòe, m., a bird that never flies but over the sea

(Con.).

maintineac, -nis, pl. id., m., a cripple; ni ioppao na maintinis é, beggars (?) would not eat it (said of bad food) (Ker.).

mαιμτίμ, g. id., pl. -μιόε, m., a

martyr.

mαιητίηεας, -μιζ, -μιζε, m., a

martyr.

Μαιμτίμεαċτ, -α, f., martyrdom.
 Μαιμτμιζιm, -ιυζαὸ, v. tr., I murder, maim; make a martyr of.

maire, g. id., f., beauty, elegance, grace, comeliness, ornament; prosperity, success; behaviour; what is becoming; 50 mbeinio bliabain 6 india rá maire onainn, may this day twelvementh see us prospering; b'otc (ba mait) an maire duit é, it was ill (well) done of you; ir aitireac an m. duit, it is a shame for you, ir caitlee an m. duit, id. (as is also used instead of roo).

maire, interj., well! yet, withal (also maire or muire and mair-

eso).

maireac, -riże, a., beauteous, handsome; graceful; clever; well-dressed.

maireact, -a, f., grace, beauty, comeliness.

máirea o (má 'rea o), if so, then, therefore.

marreamait, -mta, a., comely, handsome, elegant.

maireamtact, -a, f., elegance, comeliness.

mairiżim, -iużaó, v. tr., I adorn. mairiużaó, -iżce, m., act of ornamentation, beautifying.

mairce, g. id., m., twisted straw for lighting the pipe, etc., a match (O'N).

mairceoz, -01ze, -0za, f., the mastic tree (O'N).

mairtín, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a mastiff; a ferocious-looking dog; a bold man; a virago.

mairtinteact, -a, f., boldness,

forwardness (W. Ker.).

maiptin, -the, f., a mixing, a churning (nom. also maiptine).

maiptineacán, -áin, pl. id., m., a

churner (O'N.).

mairτηιζim, -τηιυζαό, v. tr., I churn; I pump, mix, mash.

maiγτριm, -τρεαό, v. tr., I churn. maiγτριυζαό, -τριζτε, pl. id., m., a churning; a pumping, a mixing, a mashing.

mait, -e, pl. id., m., a prince, a noble, a chief, a chieftain, a leader (chiefly used in pl.).

mait, -e, f., a good thing, goodness, a good; success, prosperity; a favour, a blessing, a good deed,

a benefit, profit.

 \mathbf{m} αιτ, -e, comp. reáμμ, a., good, prime, excellent, well; suitable, appropriate, befitting; skilled, happy; useful; kind, agreeable, wholesome; rán-mait, excellent; 50 mait, well; na vaoine maite, the good people, fairies; 17 mait teir, he likes, he wishes, he would like (bao mait); níon mait leir, he would not like; Sun mait te, that he would like; 17 mait oo, it is good for, well for; ní mait oó ann, he did it in vain; 50 paid mait azar, thank you; ná naib mait αζατ (ná μα' mait αζατ), no thanks to you, in spite of you; ní't ré 50 pó-mait, he is not very well; τά 50 mait, very well! very good! ní paib aon mait oo.... there was no use ...; ir mait tiom rain, I am glad of that; ná naib mait azar, that no good may happen to you! cóm mait (cóm mait céaona), as well; zan mait, good for nothing; cao é an mait é, what good is it? com pava agur ir mait lear, as long as you

please; ní mait aτά τιος αζαπ, I don't rightly know; ζιό mait, however good; mait ζο teon, tolerably good, also tipsy.

Mait-béanam, -nta, m., benefi-

cence.

maite, f., goodness; man (an)
maite leat, for your good;
man (an) maite le n-'anam, for

the good of his soul.

maiteam, g. maitime, maitim, and maite, m., act of forgiving; forgiveness, pardon; remission, abatement; maiteat, id. (O'N.).

maiteamnap, -aip, m., forgiveness, pardon, remission (in M. sp. l.

often maiteamnacar).

maitear, -teara, pl. id., m. and f.; weal, goodness; a good thing; benefit; a good deed, kindness, bounty; i mbéal a maiteara, in the beginning of his usefulness.

maiteapac, -aite, a., good, benevolent, kind; useful, service-

able.

máireoz, -013e, -03a, f., land subject to inundations (Mayo).

mait-ξηίοṁ, m., a good deed; ef. a buroean zan zó ba ṁait Էπίοṁ, her party who truly excelled in deeds (O'Ra.).

maitim, vl. maiteam, v. tr., I forgive (το), remit, pardon, abate, often the object is not expressed; mait τόι nn an briaca (an ξειοππα), forgive us our trespasses.

maitmeat, -mije, a., indulgent,

forgiving, kind.

maitmeacar, -air, m., forgiveness, remission, release (also mait-

reacar).

máitρeac, -μίζε, -μεασα, an ewe; any milch beast; πάμ ἀειμίζιο Όια πάιτρεασα απ δαίπηε, may God not visit harshly the milk-producing beasts.

máitheamail, -mla, a., motherly. máitheamlact, -a, f., mother-

liness, maternity.

máithín, g. id., pl. -iòe, m., a little

mother, a mother used endearingly (another dim. is máicheán, only rarely used).

maitteat, -tiże, a., forgiving, re-

lenting. See maitmeac.

maitteatar, -air, m., forgiveness, kindness.

Maitteanap, -aip, m_0 , forgiveness, pardon (Mayo).

mát, -áit, m., act of bruising.

mát, -átt, pl. id., m., a prince, a champion, a hero, a soldier; used of males or females: an mát, the king; an mát, the queen (P. O'C.).

mát, -áit, m., a tax, a tribute,

mata, g. id. and -n, pl. matarie, f., a brow, an eyebrow; the brow of a hill, a slope, a brae.

máta, g. id., pl. mátaroe, m., a bag; a mail, a budget; tán an máta, plenty, abundance, as much as one can bear; bacac an máta, the bag-bearing or begging cripple.

málaio, -e, -ioe, f., a bag, a saddle; a foolish person (Don.).

malaiητ, -e, -aητα, pl. -τεαία, f., change; exchange, traffic, dealing; act of interchanging; act of alternating; difference, variety, recompense; an bruit a malaiητ rin agat? have you any (food) better than that? το malaiητ ni σέαn, I will not exchange you for another (E.R.).

malainteac, -tize, a., pertaining to exchange or barter; variable,

mutual, reciprocal.

malaiptiżim, vl. malaipt, and -iużaż, v. tr., I exchange, change, barter (malaitaim and malaituiżim, id.).

mala-porc, m., a poet. word for eye (E. R., etc.). Note.—No doubt malla-porc = mall-porc, is the proper word. See mall-norc.

malanta, p.a., exchanged, changed,

bartered.

mataηταċ, -aiţe, α., variable, changeable, fickle; mutual, reciprocal. See mataητεαċ.

malanzaim, vl. malainz, v. tr.,

I exchange, barter.

malantóin, g. -óna, pl. -óinitóe, m., an exchanger; malancóin AINSTO, a money-changer, a banker.

malancusao, - cuiste, m., act of

changing.

matcao, -cta, m., peddling, hawkdealing through country.

malcaim, -ao, v. tr. and intr., I hawk, deal, sell in travelling,

carry a bag.

matcaine, g. id., pl. -niõe, m., a porter, a carrier of burthens, a

hawker (O'N.).

matt, gsf. mailte and moilte, a., slow, late, lazy, tardy, dilatory, tedious; 30 mall, slowly, late; an na mallaib, lately, recently, finally (Don.).

mállact (mánlact), -a, f., meek-

ness, modesty.

mattact, -a and -ain, pl. -a and -aroe, f., act of cursing; a curse, a malediction; perdition.

mattactac, -aite, a., accursed, wicked.

mallactuitim, -utao, v. tr. and intr., I curse, swear; call down maledictions upon.

mallaroeact, -a, f., a cursing, a

swearing.

malt-cooac, -aiże, a., late-supping, late at supper.

matt-choroeac, -orge, a., slowhearted.

matt-curo, f., a late supper.

mall-labantac, -aite, a., slow of speech, slow-spoken.

mall-muin, f., neap-tide; pron. malluain.

matt-norc, m., a slow moving eye.

mall-trát, m., late hour or time. mall-uain, -e, pl. id., f., a late time; an na mall-uainib, lately; 30 oci an na mall-uainib, until lately (Tory).

mall-uan, m., a late lamb (mall-

luan, id.)

mallużao, -uiżce, m., act of

delaying, causing to be late, detaining. See mailliuzao.

malluξαό, g. -uiξτe, pl. id., m.,

a cursing, a swearing.

mattuižim, -užao, v. tr., I delay, cause to be late, detain (oftener maillizim).

malluižim, mallužao, v. tr.,

I curse.

malluiste, p. a., cursed; vicious, cross, ill-tempered (of animals and men).

mattuiščeače, -a, f., viciousness;

crossness; ill-temper.

malluisteoip, -opa, -oipioe, m., a curser, a maligner; a peevish person.

matmar, -air, m., a kind of luscious

wine, malmsey.

matóro, -e, -eaca, f., a whip, a scourge, a flail.

malnac, -ais, pl. id., m., a manchild, a boy, a youth; also a big fellow, a giant.

malnaro, -e, f. (collect.), boys,

youths.

mathaio, an exchange, a barter. See mataine.

malpuisim. See malaintisim. mátra, indec. a., mild, gentle,

modest, bashful. See mánta. \mathbf{m} am, g. id. and -aim, a mother.

mám, g. máime, pl. máma, máimescs, f., a fist, a fistful, a handful (in some parts of Ireland the full of two hands taken together is called a mám); zluaireact ó máim an chuaocain, to proceed from the hand of misery or the press of hardship (E. R.).

mám, g. máma, f. (Lat. mamma),

the breast, a pap.

mám, -áime, -áimeaca, f. (tulac nó rliab), a mountain or hill; a mountain pass; common in place-names, as mam Chearna, in Co. Galway.

mama, indec., the breast.

mám.

mámac, -aise, a., hilly, mountainous.

mamaroe, g. id., f., a childish name for mother.

mámlač, -aiż, m., a gripe or handful, a fistful.

mán, a hand (Lat. manus); also mána.

mana. See muna.

manać, -aiż, pl. id., m., a monk, a friar; dim. manacán, id.

manaca, indec. a., single (C.).

manacamail -mla, a., monastic, referring to monks.

mánaoán, -áin, pl. id., m., a glove, a hand, dim. of mán (mánacán,

id.

manaipip, in phr. a manaipip, on the fourth day hence. See

mainnipir.

manaiteaμ, after to-morrow; 1 manaiteaμ, the day after to-morrow (= um an οιμίτεαμ). See οιμίτεαμ.

manaoir, -e, -eaca, f., a spear, a

pike. See next word.

manaoir, -e, f., act of contending or having to do with; ní beinn as manaoir teir, I would have no dealing with him.

manapán, -ám, pl. id., m., a necromancer. This seems to be merely a variant of the name of man-

annán mac Lip.

mancac, -aise, a., belonging to a

monk, monastic.

mancame, pl. gifts, tributes, services rendered in any way; work of the hand, generally service rendered in the way of manual labour. (A donation given to monks for their maintenance, P. O'C.)

man-chum, f., a flesh-worm; a

cheese mite.

manopiác, -áic, pl. id. and -áca, m., a mandrake.

manopácač, -caiż, pl. id., m., a mandrake.

manz, -a, -aio, m., a bag, a budget, luggage (nom. also manza).

1 manzać, -aiż, -aiże, m., a pollock

(Mayo).

mangavóip, -όμα, -όιμιτο, m., a huckster, a news-vendor (W. Ker.). See mangaipe.

mangaine, g. id., pl. -μιόe, m., a pedlar, a travelling dealer, a jobber, a retailer (as mealmonger, cheese-monger, etc.); an mangaine Súgac, the Jolly Pedlar, a name given to Andrew MacGrath, the poet.

manzaineacc, -a, f., hawking, peddling, dealing as a traveller

through the country.

mangant, in phr. ni't mangant im' coip; tá toca bán tem' $\dot{\varsigma}$ 1att (R. I. A. MS., 23, G. 25).

manganta, -n, f., Mangerton, a

mountain in Kerry.

mangcuġaċ ζάιμε, m., a sarcastic laugh, a smile (Don.); μιπηε γί mangcuġaċ ζάιμε, she smiled sarcastically; also meanncuiġit ζάιμε (Con.).

mánta, indec. a., pleasant, sedate, quiet (frequent in poetry).

mántac, -aize, a., affable, gentle. mántact, -a, f., affability, gentleness.

manna, g. id., m., manna.

manna teatan, numbness in fingers from cold (also banna teatan); in Gal., mana-ténn.

mannaμ, -aiμ, m., loosening, unfurling (as a flag, a sail, etc.); o'á mannaμ te móμταγ, being unfurled with pride (Fer.).

mannhac. See bannhac.

mannησό, -naητά, m. (=rcaoiteaó nó stuaireact), a loosening, unbinding, unfurling, as a sail. See mannap.

Mannpaim, vl. -ao and -nap, v. tr.,
I loosen, unbind, unfurl as a

sail.

manne, -a, m., a gap, a chasm, the void made by a bit taken away, the space between the points of a serrated edge; the seat of a lost tooth, a piece broken off a plate (rather the gap made by breaking off a piece); O'N. gives the gum as the meaning of manne, but it seems only a figurative meaning.

manntac, -taije, a., gapped, having bits broken off the verge;

gapped in the teeth, some being lost; stammering through loss of teeth; vá manntaite taoi, though few the teeth you have.

manntacán, -áin, pl. id., m., one having gapped tooth-rows; a stammerer, a lisping person.

manntaine, g. id., pl. -nioe, m., a stammerer, a lisping person;

one who has lost teeth.

manntán, -áin, pl. id., m., one who has lost some teeth. The name of a saint, hence Cill manntáin, Wicklow.

manntóz, -óize, -óza, f., a gap, a gap in the teeth; one who has gapped rows of teeth.

manμάn, -ánn, pl. id., m., a melodious sound, a melody, a love song, the humming of a song or tune, a murmur, a continual noise; complaining. In sp. l. banμán, continual talk.

mannánac, -aiże, a., melodious, musical; noisy. In sp. l., ban-

nánac, talkative.

manruizim, -użao, v. tr., I tame

(O'N.). Lat. mansuesco.

mánτα, indec. a., bashful; modest. mánταċτ, -a, f., modesty, bashfulness.

maoċμán, a beautiful young woman, a fairy woman (occurs in song "μρ-cittan cμεαζάιη," U.); perhaps for maożμάη, from maoż, soft, but the true reading in the song appears to be maoż-ċμοτ, soft hand.

maoo, m., a telling of a gift or giver (O'N.). See maooo eam.

maooann, a disease in cattle and horses accompanied by "ταμτ bruitteacain"; somet. called "haws" in English.

mao σαη, -aiη, pl. id. and -σηα, m., a bait for fish.

maorò, -e, f., a breach.

maoι σε ασόιη, - όηα, - όιηι σe, m., an upbraider; a boaster.

maoroeam, g., maoroce, pl. id., m., act of relating, declaring; act of boasting, glorying in, upbraiding, envying, grudging,

(with an) act of stating, promising, foreboding; a boast.

maoroim, vl., maoroeam, v. tr. and intr., I announce, relate; proclaim, boast, brag, envy, grudge, upbraid (with an somet.), cast against one a favour bestowed on him; ní maororeao réin cia hé mo γτόμ, I myself will not say who is my love (McD.).

maniote, p. a., praiseworthy, honourable, also begrudged; ní maniote rin ont (p. nec.), you are not to be congratulated on that, it is of no advantage to you; ní't ré cum maniote ont,

id. (Don.).

maoiteac, -tiţe, a., boastful. maoit, -e, -eaca, f., a heap, a hill; the head: roitin mo ptaite

oom earbaio ir mo maoil 'na Šábao, the protection of my crown (a wig) wanting to me, while my head has need of it (T. G.); bi an halla as cup Tan maoil le vaoinib, the hall was overflowing with people; cumpread sac braon maoil an cánca, every drop would fill, and put a heap on a quart (Raftery); cuipir rá maoit í te cubpán, you filled it to the top with froth (A. Mac G.); píopa món rava bán ir é lán rá n-a maoil tobac, a great long white pipe filled with tobacco to the brim (E. U.).

maoit-ceann, -cinn, pl. id., m., a

bald head.

maoite, g. id., f., baldness, bareness.

maoiteac, -tiże, -teaca, f., suds; a sink; cow-dung, excrement.

maoiteact, -a, f., baldness, bareness.

Maoil-éacan, g. -ain, pl. id., m., a bald or bare forehead.

maoıl-éavanaċ, -aiţe, α., fore-head-bald.

maoiteann, -tinn, pl. id., m., a brow, a bleak eminence, a beacon, summit or ridge of a

hill; a knoll; óo' maoiteann, a muirin, from thy summit, O Mushra (T. G.).

maoilín, g. id., pl. -nioe, m., a tub; a one-faced hammer; a

hornless cow.

 m_{A01} - l_{10} , m_{0} , an unprotected fort.

maoil- τ rliab, g. maoil- τ rléibe, m., a bare or bald mountain.

maoin, -e, f., wealth, property, substance, means, goods, riches; a term of endearment; mo maoin τú, you are my love or treasure.

maoin-cíochac, -aize, a., covetous,

avaricious.

maoineac, -niţe, a., rich, wealthy; also loving, affectionate; a maoineac, O beloved one, a very common term of endearment; somet. written a buioneac, a maoiniţ, id.; in maoineac, 7c., the vowels are broad.

maoippeace, -a, f., stewardship, the office of a bailiff, sove-

reignty; maoippe, id.

Maoir, -e, -eaca, f., a bag, a hamper; maoir éirc, 500 fishes,

a mease.

naoipeac, -pige, -peaca, f., a doe. naoipeog, -oige, -oga, f., a little pack or bag; a wicker or sugán basket; a wicker-work receptacle to store provisions in; the potato heap in a barn, etc.; a mease (500) of fish (Don.). laoit, -e, f., pain, anguish, anxiety (P. O'C. quotes eight examples of this meaning). See maoite.

Asoit, -e, a., sick, sore, painful; also compassionate, tender;

feeble, weak.

laoite, g. id., f., softness, tenderness; feebleness, weakness; pain, grief, anguish; άὑθαμ maoite γεαοιθεαό an γεσοιθητη, the spread of that tidings is a cause of anguish (Fer.).

Aoitesc, -tije, a., soft, tender;

sick, sore, painful.

Aorteacao, -cta, m., a paining, a grieving.

maoiteact, -a, f., softness, tenderness; pain, anguish, anxiety.
maoitizim, -iuzao, v. intr., I

pain, grieve, mourn.

maoitimeac, -mige, a., vaunting, vainglorious, upbraiding, grudging (also maoitreac).

maoitimeacar, -air, m., glory; a boasting; an upbraiding; a

grudging.

maoitneat, -niţe, a., sorrowful, compassionate.

Manipassionale.

maoitneadar, -air, m., regret, anguish; tá m. opm (W. M.).

mλοιτμιλρ, m., a soft, mellow, flat, moist place (P. O'C.).

maot, g. maoit, m., a votary, a devotee, a servant, a person dedicated; used in names, as maot muine, etc.

maot, -oile, -oileaca, f., a cape, a headland, a promontory; a hillock, summit. See maoil.

hillock, summit. See maoit.

maot, -oite, a., bald, hairless,
tonsured; blunt; bare, deserted,
vacant, empty; full only to the
mouth without a heap (as a vessel of meal, grain, butter, etc.);
reincín maot, a firkin full just
to the mouth, as opposed to reincín rá chuaic, a firkin full and
heaped; humble, shy, bashful;
simple, artless, witless, as opposed to sharp, acute (of
persons); 'n-a maot, hatless,
bare-headed; rice maot, twenty
bare, not twenty-one, etc., (in
card-playing, etc.).

maotacán, -áin, pl. id., m., anything bald or pointless; a hat

which is too small.

maota, -tra, m., act of blunting; act of subduing, calming, etc. See maotuża.

maot-aizeanta, a., dull, stupid, blunt; maot-aizeantać, id.

maol-aizeantact, -a, f., dulness, stupidity.

maotam, -ao, v. tr., I make

blunt; I subdue, calm.

maotán, -án, pl. id., m., a beacon; a bleak eminence; a bald-pated man; the exposed part of a

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fishing weir; anything bald, bare, or edgeless; Rinn Renniuelain. the maolain. ancient name of the Poolbeg, in Dublin Harbour.

maot-áno, m., the highest point; an maot-áno a zuatann, on his shoulders' top; somet. an raoit-áno is used (M.).

maot-ar, -air, pl. -ara, m., a

sandal (G. J.).

maot-ceannac, -aije, a., baldheaded.

maot-čnoc, m., a peakless hill.

maot-cots, m., a foil (O'N).

maot-oonn, the hilt of a sword (O,N.).

maol-μάτ, m., a bare rath, cf.

ma011-110p.

maolužao, -uižte, m., act of blunting (of courage, memory, etc.); act of making dull or stupid; act of allaying assuaging; m. an cháthóna, twilight.

maoluizim, -uzao, v. tr. and intr., I blunt, assuage, pacify; I become bald or blunt, become

Maonuizim, -użaż, v. intr., I

meditate (O'N.).

maon, g. maon, pl. id. and maοιμιζ, m., a steward, a bailiff, a rent-collector, an officer, a herd; an earl or baron.

mαομας, - α ιζε, - α ς α , f., any kind of shell-fish; sea-vegetables.

maoμact, -a, f., stewardship, wardenship.

maon baile, m., a mayor or governor of a town.

maoμ ciμτ, m., an arbitrator (Tyrone). See ceaμτ.

maonoa, indec. a., stately, majestic; often used in poetry to express gentle qualities.

Maonoacτ, -a, f., gravity, sedate-

ness, sobriety.

Maonuišim, -ušao, v. tr., I rule or guide (O'N.).

maor, -aoire, f., softness, tenderness, uncallousness.

msot, -oite, a., soft, delicate, ten-

der, gentle, smooth, compassionate.

Maotao, g. maoite, m., softness, tenderness.

maotaim, -ao, v. tr. and intr.. I moisten, I soften, mollify; re-

maotal, -ail, m., a paunch, belly

or stomach.

maotal, -aile, f., biestings (this is the ordinary word in Ker.; P. O'C. gives maotail, beastings, also thick milk; maotal does not mean thick milk in Ker.; znut burde, id. (Con.

and Don.).

Maotán, -áin, pl. id., m., the tip or soft part of anything (as of the ear); lower or soft part of the stomach, in animals the hollows on either side of spine adjoining the rump; an osier twig; a tendril, cartilage, gristle; a bud; a coward.

maot-choroe, m., a tender heart. maoż-choroeac, -orże, a., tender-

hearted.

maot-tlac, f., a soft, gentle hand. maożtać, -aiże, a., emollient, mellow.

maotiman. -aime, a., lenient,

smooth.

maot-muatac, -ait, pl. id., m., a nice person, a spruce body $(O'N_{\bullet}).$

maot-rúileac, -lize, a., soft-eyed, tender-eyed; given to weeping.

 maot -rúileac c , -a, f., wateriness of the eyes.

mαοτ-τροιζ, f., a gentle foot.

msocużao, -uiżce, m., a moistening or softening; záro a čnáma αμ maożużao ó rmion, his bones are moistened with marrow (O'B.).

 Maotui jim , u jao , v. tr. and intr., I make supple; I soften, moisten, alleviate, mitigate; I become soft or mild. See

maotaim.

man, prep., conj. adv., like to, as, for, since, how, when, where, as though, because, even as, where-

in, inasmuch as, just as, as soon as, so that, thus, like; man abein, as he says; man aoubainc, as he said; man rin, like that, so, in like manner, accordingly, if so, then =if so, in that manner, in that wise; man rin oóib, and so on; man rin réin, even so, notwithstanding; man aon le, along with, together with, in addition, besides; man a (rel. prn.), as, like as, where, how? where? (man an before past t.); man acá, that is, viz., namely, to wit; man acáro, (such) as are; man a bruit, where there is; man 50, as if, seeing that; man an zcéaona, in like manner, likewise, also, as well as, the same; man an zouro eite, like the rest; also man a céile, all the same; man jeall an, because of, on account of, in consequence of, for; man rin oe, accordingly, therefore; man ro, in this manner, so, thus, like this; amait 1r map, as if; 5010é map, how? ir man rin acá, the case is so; nó man rin, or thereabouts, about that amount; man a, where; man a bruit, where: Scotch Gaelic, far am bh'eil; man a hortcean . . . where . . . is nursed; 3ac valta man oilcean, every one as he is brought up; vo ném man, according as; rá man, as; can éir man, after, postquam; thé man, because; man a céite, likewise; man teanar, as follows; man aon, together, as one, as well as, together with; man terr rein oe, as far as his part of it (went); man terr rin be, as with that of it, as for that; man a bi aise, as he was; man in 50 Scuippeá, as you would put; man a naio aise, where he was; man a bruil na ruile, where the eyes are; man in 30 plato an curo este, when, or as soon as, the others were; mo juáo é man rean, I cherish that man.

man, mana, conj., used often for muna, if not, unless.

mánac, often written for mbánac in phr. 1 mánac (1 mbánac), tomorrow. See banac.

manaroeact, -a, f., act of sailing,

navigation.

Mapan, map ap = munap, if not. manarcal, -ail, pl. id., m., a herald, a marshal; a regulator;

an overseer.

manarclact, -a, f., superintendence, regulation; office or rank of a marshal.

manb, g. mainb, pl. mainb, m., a

dead person; the dead.

manb, -ainbe, a., dead, killed, slain; benumbed, torpid, spiritless, vapid.

manbacc, -a, f., languor, weak-

manbao, -bta and manbuitte, m., act of killing, slaving, murder, slaughter.

majibaim, -ao, v. tr., I kill, slay,

slaughter.

manban. See manman.

maμισάη, -áιη, pl. id., m., a corpse, a dead body; a spiritless person, a sluggard.

manöánτa, indec. a., lifeless, inanimate, dull, torpid.

mapbantact, -a, f., inactivity, dullness, torpidity.

majib-caoineao, m., a lament for the dead.

 \mathbf{m} anb-caointeac, - \mathbf{c}_1 , pl. id., <math>m., a lamenter for the dead (O'N).

manb-cat, m., a dead and alive person.

maμδ-σμαοι, m., a necromancer.

manb-onaoroeact, -a, f., necromancy; art of consulting the manes of the dead.

manb-ráirc, a band used in tying the hands or feet of a corpse; a shroud; "mant-raire ont," an imprecation; manb-rarc (Don.).

mano-ruact, m., the painful numbness caused by great cold

(Meath).

majibna, g. id., pl. -aiόe, m., an elegy.

manonac, -ais, pl. id., m., an elegy-maker (O'N.).

mant-phut, -phota, -photanna,

m., track of a boat.

mantita, p. a., killed, slain; awful; a peculiar use in phr. na mitte mantita aca, large numbers of them.

manbitac, -aize, α , deadly, fatal, mortal, cruel; grievous, opposed to venial (of sin).

mαμιθέας, -έαιζ, -έαιζε, m., a

slaver.

manbtóin, -όμα, -όιμισe, m., a slayer, a killer, a murderer.

manb-uan, m., a still-born lamb (pron. manuan).

manbuitim, -bao and -butao, v. tr., I kill, slay. See manbaim.

maric, g. marric, pl. -anna, m., a sign, a mark; a wound; a marking-iron; mane unrepearl, an oyster-mark on the skin (Om.); a bail, a surety; ir mait an manc terr an ainzeao é, he is good surety for the money. the sense of wound maine is the M. word.

manc, m., a horse (obs.),

mancaė, -ai \dot{z} , pl. id. and -ai \dot{z} e, m., a horseman, a rider; a knight, pl., also -caca.

marcacar, -air, m., horsemanship. mancaro, -e, f., horsemen, cavalry.

mancaroeact, -a, f., act of riding; horsemanship; a ride; a lift; vá céav an mancarveact, two hundred horse (Kea., F.F.); ruain ré mancaioeact, he got a ride on a horse, or a drive on a car.

manclann, -ainne, -anna, J., a stable.

manclannac, -ais, pl. id., m., a groom, an hostler (O'N.).

mancituas, -ais, pl. -aiste, m., a cavalcade,; coll. horsemen, riders, cavalry.

manc-rluasac, -aise, a., belong-

ing to cavalry.

Mancuroe, g. id., pl. -ote, m., a horseman, a rider. See mancac. mancuisim, vl. mancaioeact, v.

intr., I ride on horseback, drive on a car.

mancuir, m., a marquis.

man-oμοιζean, m., agrimony.

man-onúct, m., rosemary.

mans, m., a mark (a silver coin); mans amsto, a mark, worth 13s. 4d.

manzao, -aio, -aioe, m., a market; a bargain; a good bargain; a buying or selling; mansao oson, a dear bargain.

 m_{Ansait} , -áta, pl. id., f., a buying, a bargaining; a bargain, barter.

maρίζαιμε, g. id., pl. -μιόε, m., a market man or woman (O'N.); mansacán, id.

manzaineact, -a, f., bargain-

making.

manzáluróe, g. id., pl. -ote, m., a merchant, a salesman, a bargain-maker.

manzamail, -mla, a., market-

able, saleable.

manzan. See manman.

mapta, g. id., m., marl, a kind of rich clay; m. buroe, yellow subsoil.

mantac, -aize, a., marly, clayey. manluzao, -uiste, m., a manuring with marl or rich clay.

manluisim, -usao, v.tr., I manure

with marl.

manman (manisan), -ain, pl. id., m., a brink or margin; the margin of a book.

maμmaμ, -aiμ, pl. id., m., marble; manman-teac, a marble slab, as a tombitone (O'Ra.); spelled may ban and manman also).

maμός, -015e, -όζα, f., a pudding,

a sausage; a paunch.

man-nór, m., the plant rosemary. mánráit, -áta, pl. id. and -átaca, f., a marching of troops; a march (A.); also máirreáil.

manrcaluide, g. id., pl. -ote, m.,

a herald, a marshal.

man ro (man reo), ad., thus, ir this manner.

maple, g. maine, pl. id., m., ε bullock; a cow; a beeve; a car case; the dead body of any weighty animal when butchered and cleaned, such as a pig, cow, etc.; f. in U., g. mainte.

máμτ, - άιμτ, m., Tuesday; Όια

máint, on Tuesday.

mápe, -a, m., March; tá mápea, a day in March (nom. also máρτα); somet. f., as in Don.

mantarceact, -a, f., beeves, cows,

manitain, -tana, f., act of remaining, living, dwelling, abiding, surviving; living, being, life; a preserving prayer in the form of a charm (somet. written mapann, 7c.); ap m., in existence; Leo' m., during your life.

Mantannac, -aiζe, α., everlasting, unfailing, eternal; living, last-

ing; hopeful, blessed.

manitannact, -a, f., duration,

eternity.

mantanta, indec. a., maimed,

disabled, lame.

m aμτμα, g. id., m., martyrdom;murder.

manthao, -ταμτα, m., a maining, a laming, a deforming; ní manchao 30 vaille, blindness is the worst kind of deformation. manthán, -áin, pl. id., m., a disabled body.

πΔητηυζαό, -υιζτε, m., a maiming, a crippling, a disfiguring.

Μαμτημιζιm, -użao, v. tr., I maim, I cripple, I make lame, disfigure. napropulste, p. a., maimed, crippled.

nant-ra = man tura, as you

(emph.) (S.M.).

naprtúr, in line, maptur thom ip opom zan ruatao (C.M.).

παητ-ώγε (also maμτ-ώγεμαό), m., the juice, sap, or fat of beeves. See urc.

napuroe, g. id., pl. -oce, m., a sailor, a mariner, a seaman.

nar, -ar, pl. id., m., a mace.

nar, g. mair, pl. id., and mara, the buttock; hip, thigh, breech; the part of a plough in which the sock is held; used in place names, as an mar Reaman, a townland in Kerry (nom. also mára in sp. l.).

már, má'r (má 1r), if it be, if so.

márac, -aize, a., having large hips or thighs; belonging to the hips, thighs or buttocks; also as subs. one with large hips or thighs.

marán, -áin, pl. id., m., delay, stop, hindrance; trouble; as cabainc maráin vó, making

troublesome for him.

maránac, -aize, α., slow, tedious,

prolix; troublesome.

maránacz, -a, f., checking, hin-

dering, reproving.

marcal, -ail, m, flattery (0'R.).

marcatac, -aiże, a., manly, masculine, muscular, firm, strong; a frequent epithet of a maiden or fair lady in modern poetry; generally in conjunction with maonoa, cf. an Oémone marcalac maonoa (Kea.).; roctaim react oo'n bé-bhuineall maonoa marcatais (E. R.); the position of the word before maopoa is a sign that it is to be taken in the meaning given, though both words are somet. used in contexts where a milder meaning like meek, pleasing, would suit better.

marcalac, -ai $\dot{\xi}$ e, -ca, f., a strong, vigorous maiden, a fair lady; the word is exceedingly common in modern poetry as an ordinary word for a fair lady; cf. 17 tú an marcalac mánta zápoac Seala-cheir (E.R.). See mar-

catac, adj.

marcates, indec. a., manly (P. $O^{\circ}C_{\cdot}$).

marcattact, -a, f., manliness (P. O'C.).

marctac, -aiże, a., manly, muscular. See marcatac.

marla, g. id., m., an offence, an insult, an affront, reproach, abuse, aspersion, calumny, shame, disgrace, scandal.

martainait, -mta, a_{ij} , offensive, reproachful, abusive; base.

martuża, -uiżte, m., shameful treatment; a reproach; a wound; act of insulting, reproaching, treating with contempt.

martuižim, -užao, v. tr., I reproach, dishonour, scandalize, injure, calumniate, insult, blas-

pheme.

martuite, p. a., reproached, cal-

umniated, disrespected.

martuiteac, -cite, a., railing; reproachful, slanderous, insulting; ignominious (also martuiteac).

mapluižčeačt, -a, f., abusiveness,

slander, calumny.

maptuiţceoin, -ona, -onnice, m., an abuser, a slanderer, a calumniator, a reviler.

marmur, -uir, m., gluttony, "craw-sickness," surfeit (W. Ker.); also barmur.

mata, g. id., pl. -10e, m., a mat, a

mattress.

máta, g. id., pl. -ióe, m., a mate, a companion, an assistant; the mate of a ship.

mata. See maite.

Mataim. See maitim.

matan, f., gory matter (O'N).

máταιη, g. -ταη, pl. máιτης, máιτης, g. -ταη, pl. máιτης, a mother; a producer; a cause, a source; máταιη αn uitc, the source or cause of mischief; rean-máταιη, a grandmother, máταιη móη, id.; m. 501η, the kernel of a sore.

mátai μ áöbai μ , f., a cause, a

primary cause.

mátain áit, f., mother of a brood;

a prolific mother.

máταιη bαιγτε, f., a god-mother (m. bαιγτι e, M. sp. l.); cμίγτίη, a sponsor in baptism (A ran).

máταιη δύιό, f., a membrane of the brain; the remnant of corrupted matter from a wound.

mátaιμ céite, f., a mother-in-law; mátaιμ mo céite, my motherin-law.

mátain chuaió, f., a membrane of the brain.

mátaireamait, -mta, m., motherly, tender, kind (also máitneamait).

mátaineamtatt, -a, f., motherliness, kindness (also máitheam-

lact).

máταιμίη, g. id., pl. -ιόe, m., a foster-mother; an aunt on the mother's side (O'N.); also máiτμίη.

mátain na mbattac, f., a fish six inches or so in length, with external rows of teeth (Mayo).

matal, -ait, pl. id., m., a cloak,

a mantle.

matal rimné, m., the chimneybeam; the mantel-piece of a chimney (P. O'C.).

matan, -ain, pl. id., m., a ray; matan polaip, a ray of light.

máταμολ, indec. α., maternal, motherly; of or belonging to a mother; τεληζα máταμολ, the mother tongue.

mátapoact, -a, f., the right or

duty of a mother.

mattamaın, g. -mna, pl. id. and -mnaroe, m., a bear.

matta, g. id., m., fruit, profit,

return (O'N.).

mattac, -aiże, a., mantle-like; wearing a mantle.

matóz, -ó1ze, -óza, f., a mattock. matipletuaż, -a $1\dot{z}$, -a $1\dot{z}$ ce, m., a

crowd, a congregation.

mé, pers. pr., pl. rinn, emph. mire, I, me; mé réin (somet. mé réin), myself, I myself. Mé is often pron. me or mit at present, and the pronunciation mit is recognised by recent native poets, as: má'r áin teat me, tá an cáinte irtit, bí rátta liom, ir pór me (Seatán 'ac peadain); often pron. mea in U.

meab., -eibe, -a, f., a hen (Water.). meabait, -bta, pl. id., f., guile, treachery, subtlety; fraud; flattery.

meabaim, -ao, v. intr., I burst forth; I spring up as water

(obs.).

meabain, -bna, -bnac, f., the mind, the intelligence; sense, memory; ar a meabain, distracted; ar meabain, out of recollection; oe meabain, by rote (oe stanmeaban, id.); m. cinn, intellect, brain-power.

meabat, -a1t, m., treachery, deceit; gs. meabail as a., cf. airling meabail (O'Ra.). See meabail.

meablac, -aiz, -aize, m., a deceitful man.

meablac, -laiże, a., deceitful, treacherous, fraudulent, malicious.

meattacán, -áin, pl. id., m., a crafty, deceitful little person (O'N.).

meablaine, g. id., pl. -μιόε, m., a a traitor, a deceiver (also a modest, bashful man).

meablanneact, -a, f., deceit, fraud,

treachery.

meablužao, -uižče, m., act of deceiving, defrauding; fraud, deception (also act of shaming, or growing modest).

meabluižim, -užao, v. tr. and intr., I defraud, deceive, betray, beguile, flatter; also I shame, I become shy or modest.

meabhacán, -áin, pl. id., m., a memorandum, a note-book.

meabhao, -huiste, pl. id., m., act of thinking, reflecting; meditation, reflection.

meabhánac, -ais, -aise, m., a memorandun, a note-book.

meaδηυζαό, -ηυιζέε, m., act of remembering, studying, committing to memory.

meabnuisim, -usao, v. tr., I recollect, remember, bring to mind, ponder, muse, commit to memory, consider, plan; realise.

meacan, -ain, pl. id., m., any taprooted plant, as a carrot, a par-

snip; somet. meacán.

meacan ailte, m., elecampane; nom. meaca (Cork).

meacan ban, m., common parsnip. meacan buroe, m., a carrot.

meacan burde an trléibe,

mountain or knot-rooted spurge, (Tithymalus Hibernicus montanus).

meacan voża, m., great common burdock (lappa major).

meacan oub, m., comfrey (symphitum officinale).

meacan out riadain, m.; bugle, wild comfrey root.

meacan eara baininne, m., female piony.

meacan eara rininne, m., male

meacan pionn, m., fermertial root. meacan názum, m., horse radish. meacan názum uirce, m., waterradish.

meacan naibe, m., the turnip (O'N.).

meacan parois, m., radish (Rhaphanus hortensis).

meacan μίο $\dot{\varsigma}$, m., common parsnip. meacan pioż pladain, m., wild

meacan rléibe, m., great bastard black hellebore (Helliborus niger

fætidus).

meacan tuabait, meacan tuabait, meacan tuabait, burr, cloth burr (Arctium lappa).

meacan uilleann, m., elecampane

(Helenium).

meacnóiμ, -όμα, -όιμι \dot{o} e, m., a kitchen gardener; one who sells roots.

méso, m., size, bulk. See méro. meső, g. merőe and mesős, pl. meaoa, f., a balance, scales; the beam of a weighing machine; a measure; weighing; pron. meáo in M.

 $mea\dot{o}$, -a, f., mead.

meadac, -aize, a., abounding in

meatiacain(τ), -ana, f., act of weighing, measuring, consider-

meatiacan, -ain, m., force, weight. meadaiste (pron. meadote), p. a., weighed, measured, considered.

meadaim, vl. mead, meád, meadcain, and meadactaint, v. tr., I weigh, I balance, I measure; consider, estimate; I reflect on.

méadat, -aite, -aca, f., maw, paunch, stomach, tripe; nom. also méadail.

méadatac, -aize, a., having a large stomach or paunch, bigbellied.

méadamait, -mta, a., bulky, mas-

méadamtact, -a, f., massiveness,

meadan, g. merone, d. meron, pl. meaona, f., a churn; an Irish quadrangular drinking-cup of one piece, hollowed by a chisel, a "mether."

méadan, -ain, m., metre in poetry;

verse (Lat. metrum).

mέασαμαςς, -α, f., verse, metre; 1 méadanact dána, in verse metre (Kea. F. F.).

ineadan-cuaine, f., a merry tour. meadan-żlónac, -aiże, a., hilari-

ineaob, -eiobe, f., the proper name of a woman; a celebrated queen of Connaught (=nurtured with mead; soft, tender, P.O'C.).

meaobán, -ain, m., intoxication from mead, drunkenness, dizziness (P. O'C.). See míoobán.

meaός, g. meiός and meiόςe, m. and f., whey; dpl. m10 \dot{o} 5 \dot{o} 5, as from mioos $(O'D_{\bullet})$; méaos (Don.).

meaozac, -aize, a., whey-like,

diluted.

meaoςamait, -mta, α., whey-like, serous, diluted.

meaosán, -áin, m., small drink (dim. of meaos).

meaσός, -όιζε, -όζα, f., a short knife, dagger, poniard, dirk; meadós rceine, a knife like a dagger (m10065, id.).

meación (meación), -óin, m., middle, midst; centre (meadan

in M. sp. l.).

meadonac, -aize, a., middle, moderate; middling, average (also meadánac); An Cnoc meadánac, a townland in

meadonardeact, -a, f., mediocrity,

moderation.

meación różman, m., September. Meadón Beimpio, m., December.

meación lae, m., midday, noon, middle of the day; 1 meacon Lae, at midday, at noon; meación tae, dinner (O'N. and still usual in S.U.).

meacón orce, m., midnight; 1 meación oroce, at midnight.

meadonuzad, -uizce, m., an averaging, a taking of the mean. meadonuizim, -uzad, v. tr., I

average, find a mean.

meaoμac, - α iże, α ., merry, glad, joyful, festive, jocund, brisk, lively. See meroneac.

meaonao, -oanta, m., act of making merry, of being glad, of

rejoicing.

meaoμán, -ám, m., exhilaration, inebriation, intoxication, dizziness; tá meachán im' ceann, I am suffering from megrim in the head.

meλόμυζαό, -uiζėe, m., act of rejoicing, being glad, making merry.

meλόμιι $\dot{\varsigma}$ ιm, - $u\dot{\varsigma}$ λ \dot{o} , v. intr., Irejoice, am glad, make merry.

meaotóin, -όμα, -όιμισe, m., a

weigher.

méaousao, -uiste, m., increase, augmentation; act of increasing, enlarging, swelling; 5an Ola 'zá méaoużao, no thanks to

them (Raftery).

Méaduisim, -usad, v. tr. and intr., I increase, augment; grow big, swell, enlarge; add, multiply; abound, cause to abound; enrich; 30 méaouisio Oia cu, οο γτόμ, γc., may God increase you, your treasure, etc.

measna \dot{o} , -ai \dot{o} , m., joy, sport,

pastime (Der.).

méala, g. id., m., grief, sorrow; a great loss, as the death of a friend; ir mon an méala bar Comar, the death of Thomas is a great loss; ir méata món tiom a bár, her death is a great grief to me; hence aitméata, repentance, remorse.

méalac, -aize, a., grievous, sorry,

sorrowful.

ing. See meitt.

meataim, v. tr., I grind.

mestim.

meatan, -aine, a., that cuts, that chews the cud (from meataim = mestim, I grind).

meatb, -eitb, -a, m., a bag, a

budget, a satchel.

meatbac, -aiże, a., sweet, honey-

like (O'N.).

meatbacán, -ánn, pl. id., m., a mallow, properly, but with us it is used for a skirret (P. O'C.), a melon.

meatbός, -όιςe, όςa, f., a bag, a budget; an insignificant person. meatoa, indec. a., honeyed.

meatt, g. mitt, pl. id., m., a ball, a lump, a substance, a knob, a pommel, a heap, a mass, a cluster, chaos; a knoll, a small hill; m. bμάζαο, apple of the throat; often used in place names, as meatt a' ζαβα, the Smith's Knoll, a townland in Ker.

meattac, -aize, a., rich, soft, luxurious, palatable, pleasant,

good.

meattao, -tra, m., act of deceiving, alluring, enticing, coaxing;

deception.

meattaim, -aō, v. tr., I deceive, delude, circumvent, entice, beguile, cheat, allure, coax.

meatlaspe, g. id., pl. -price, m., a

deceiver.

meatlán, -áin, pl. id., m., a little mound or hill (dim. of meatl).

mealtó5, -ό15e, -ό5α, f., the smelt of a fish; fry; a small hill.

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meattra, p. a., deceived, defrauded.

meattrac, -aige, a., deceitful, false; coaxing, flattering.

meatltait, -a, f., treachery, deception, allurement.

meallτόιη, -όηα, -όιηι ο e, m., a deceiver, a seducer, a dissembler.

meattróineact, -a, f., seduction, deceit; playing the cheat.

meatraine, g. id., pl. -nioe, m., a mocker.

méam, -éime, f., a stir, motion; the last throb of life; mant zan méam, dead and motionless. See miam.

meam, a kiss, whence meamact,

meamaim (obs.).

meamain. See meabain.

meaman, -ain, pl. id., m., a part, member, limb (Lat. membrum).

meampam, -aim, pl. id., m. parchment; a scroll.

meana, g. id., pl. -roe, m., an awl (O'.N.). In M. sp. l. meanarce.

meanac, $-a_1\dot{z}$, m, guts, entrails (U.).

meanaite, g. id., pl.-tiòe, m., an awl. See meana.

méanaμ, happy, blessed, in 1r m. vó, he is happy (Om.); 1r méanμα vó (Don.); in Don. méanμα, méaμα; méanτμα (Cav.); Manx maynrey; Early Mod. mo-ξέαπαμ.

Méanrac, f., a yawning, also méanrac, méanrac, méanrac,

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méanraożait, -e, f., act of gaping, yawning.

méanpażao, -aiżte, pl. id., m., a yawning. See méanpac.

meanz, g. meinze, pl. -a, f., deceit, fraud, mean device, craft, guile.

meanzac, -aiże, a., crafty, deceitful, cunning, discourteous.
meanzameact, -a, f., sophistry.

meangaineact $\dot{\zeta}$ áinióe, a sly smile (Aran); meangtaio $\dot{\zeta}$ áine, id. (Don.).

meangán, -áin, pl. id., m., a periwinkle shell, a marine shell, a

snail, M. (P. O'C.).

meangán, -áin, pl. id., m., a bough, a branch, a scion, a graff; blade of a fork (also beangán, beangtán, and meangtán).

meansait, -e, f., act of smiling

sarcastically.

meanz-μάο, m., a deceitful expression; pl. meanz-paroce, sophistry.

meanz-toit, f., deceit, treachery,

cunning.

meanz-tolac, -aize, a., wicked,

deceitful, perfidious.

meanma, g. -an, d. -main, f., mind,courage, spirit, magnanimity, intellect, thought, memory, comfort, consolation, gladness; Stac meanma, take heart.

faintmeanm-laz, -aize, α .,

hearted, weak-spirited.

meanm-laise, f., faint-hearted-

meanm-laizeact, -a, f., faintheartedness; lowness of spirits.

meanmnac, -aiζe, α., glad, joyful; courageous, magnanimous, highspirited, cheerful, gleeful, in high spirits; mental; virile, nimble.

meanmnusao, -uiste, m., act of encouraging, gladdening, giving spirit to; merriment, gladness; exhortation, stirring up.

meanmnuizim, -uzao, v. tr., I refresh, cheer, gladden, encour-

meann, minne, a., clear, limpid; famous, illustrious, celebrated; manifest; open; also $\operatorname{dumb}(O'N.)$; muin meann, the Irish Sea.

meannán, -áin, pl. id., m., a

kid.

meannán aein, m., a jack-snipe (zabainín neoota, id.).

méannpat, m., happiness, joy.

See méanan, méana.

meanntal, meanntalac. means-toil and means-tolac.

méanna, a., happy; ir méanna ouic (also méanthac, méanan and méana. See méanan.

meancán, -áin, pl. id., m. a titmouse.

meancur Záipoin, -uir Záipoin, m., spearmint.

mean, ysf. mine, a., swift, quick, sudden, lively, cheerful, joyous. merry, sprightly, glad, active: raging, enraged; valiant.

méan, g. méin and meoin, pl. méin. -A, -Anna and -Aca, dpl. -A1b and -annaib (cf. vá ritrinn mit ar mo méanannaib), m., a finger; a toe; méan a corre, his toe; leiteao méin, an inch; an méan éaochom, the light finger, proneness to stealing; an mean binn one (where a fem. form is used). I hope you are 'robbing,' that is, having the ace at cards and so entitled to 'rob' the card turned as trump.

méana, indec. a., happy; ir méana oute, it is well for you (Don.).

See méanan.

méaμaċ, -aiże, a., having fingers

or toes.

meanac, -naiξe, α., excited, raging. méanacán, -áin, pl. id., m., a thimble; rean na méanacán, a thimble rigger; com áireamait te rean na méanacán, as handy as the thimble rigger; méanacán na mban ríöe, m., purple foxglove, lady's glove, digitalis purpurea, the tur món baineann.

méanact, -a, f., a fingering, touching of a musical instrument with

the fingers.

meaμαcτ, -a, f., a blunder, an error; blundering; m. céitte, madness, great excitement.

mέληλο, -ητλ, m., a fingering, handling with the fingers.

méanao, -aio, -aioe, m., affliction.

meanaroe, g.id., f., a going astray; the following of a vicious course; madness, frenzy. See mearcán.

meanaroeact, -a, f., folly, error, madness.

méanaim, -aò, v. tr., I touch or handle with the fingers.

mean-aitne, g. id., f., slight acquaintance or knowledge; a smattering; an uncertain knowledge (of a person).

Méanán, -áin, pl. id., m., a thimble; a thin hay rope (Cork). See

méanacán.

Méanán, -áin, pl. id., m., a starfish (Mayo).

mean-anradac, -raize, a., of quick

storms.

meanbacτ, -a, f., a lie, mistake, error (meanba, id.) See mein-

meanbaill (gs. of meanball as

a.), random, haphazard.

meanbatt, -aitt, pl. id., m., error, mistake, random; stupefaction, dizziness; wandering (in mind); An m., raving, wandering (mentally) astray; uncan meanbaill, a random shot; 1r beaz o'á m. onm, I have little doubt about it; tá meanball ain, he is raving, off his head; tá meanball an an brainnge anocc, the sea is raging to-night; meanbatt eolair, a wrong course (esp. in navigation).

meanballact, -a, f., error, distraction. See meanblact.

meanblac, -aise, a., erroneous, mistaking, erring.

meanblact, -a, f., a state of error or confusion.

meanblán, -áin, m., dizziness (Don.).

mean-brear, a., swiftly active.

mean-catma, indec. a., actively brave.

meanoa, indec. a., sprightly, quick, active; also raging, mad.

meanoact, a, f., activity, quickness; rage, madness.

mean-σάπα, indec. a., foolhardy, rash, impetuous.

mean-oánacz, -a, f., foolhardiness, rashness, impetuosity.

meaμοός, -όιζε, -όζα, f., crawfish. mean-σοητασ, m., act of swiftly dropping.

mean-réacaint, f., a rapid glance. meanzánta, α., perverse, obstinate; spirited, brisk; gallant, sportive, wanton.

mean-ζηάο, m., sudden, violent love; fondness, excessive love.

mean-meanmnac, -aite, actively courageous, of courageous action.

méannáil, -ála, f., phosphorescent light on land, as distinguished from bannaizir, phosphorescent

light at sea (Ker.).

méanός, -όιςe, -όςa. f., a pebble, a finger-stone; the distance a finger-stone can be cast; the act of casting it; a thin hay rope made by one person, and coiled up as it is made; a small spool of thread.

mean-ráite, f., brackish water

(Aran).

meanuża \dot{o} , -u $\dot{z}\dot{c}e$, pl. id., m., confusion, agitation; a wandering, an error, a straying; astonishment; want of judgment, desolation; m. mana, stress of weather.

meanuroe, g. id., pl. -ote, m., a

fool, an idiot.

méanuizim, -użao, v. tr., I touch, handle.

meanuisim, -usao, v. tr. and intr., I set astray, baffle; I mistake, err, go astray.

meanuiste, p. a., desolate, reprobate; astonished, baffled, mis-

теаритусеотр, -ора, -отртое, т., a baffler, a confounder; an abettor.

mear, -a and - τa , m., act of thinking, judging, estimating; thought, estimation, opinion; an idea, a consideration; knowledge; esteem, regard, respect, reputation; conceit; rá mear, esteemed; onoic-mear, respect; ni't aon mear azam Ain, I do not esteem him, I think little of him; nuroin 5an mear ir eao é, he is a low contemptible fellow; cao é oo mear ain rin, what do you think of that? bioo mear agat ont réin, have self-respect.

mear, -a, pl. id., m., fruit, produce of the earth, sea, lakes, rivers, trees, etc.; cf. mear calman, mear toc agur abann, mear Daplac or Daiple, 7c., mear vaine an sac coill (O'Ra.),

particularly acorns; mear ráige, beech-mast; somet. fig. of off-spring, descendants; pl. also mearanna.

mear, -a, m., a surveyor's measure; a rod used for measuring

a grave.

meana, worse, compar. of otc, bad; ir meana cait, of the worst

character. See mirce.

meapa (=meapta, with τ slurred over?), used as follows: 17 meapa thom mo matain ná m'atain, I prefer my mother to my father, (the people translate: I think worse of my mother than my father, evidently identifying this word with the comparative of otc, 7c., this is more probable than its derivation from meapaim; cha 'ca 17 meapa teat Tomáp nó máine, which do you prefer, which would you do more for, Thomas or Mary? cf. also:

mo cheac fada heamah,

1r ní hé Seaján ná a clann,

1r meara liom réin mo dall,

atá chíonna, roinbte rann.

Oh, woe, alas! and it is not because of John and his children, I am more concerned about my poor blind mother (it was a mother in this case) who is old, exhausted and weak; the people say: I think worse of you than of my brother, ir meara tiom cu ná mo ὁ eap βμάταιμ, the meaning is I prefer you, I am fonder of you, I'd go farther for you, I'd suffer more for you, you are dearer to me and would cost me more, cf. my dearest enemy (Hamlet), but the phrase think worse of is clearly taken from the comparative idea in means (supposed to be a comparative adjective); cf. also a phrase like ba meara tiom bapp a mein a beit zeannta ná comp an ouine eile.

mearac, -aiçe, a., fruitful, copious, fecund, abounding in fish (of rivers).

mearao, -rea, m., a (high) opinion (Kea.).

mearaoóiμ, -όμα, -όιμισe, m., an appraiser, a valuator.

mearaoóineact. -a, f., the business of a valuator, valuation.

meapaim, vl., meap, v. tr. (often with a clause 50 — or ná — as object), I think, deem, fancy, judge, consider, regard, value, esteem, estimate, suppose, calculate, tax, weigh, count.

mearaine, g. id., pl.-μιόε, m., an

appraiser or judge.

mearamait, -mta, a., estimable, respectable, reputable, esteemed.

mearán, -áin, pl. id., m., a lap-dog. mearapóa, indec. a., measured, temperate, frugal, sober, modest, moderate, content.

meapapoact, -a, f., moderation, temperance, discretion, sobriety.

mearc, midst; 1 mearc (with gen.) in the midst of, amidst, among, amongst, between; governs gen.: 'n-a mearc, amongst them.

mearcao, -cta, -cuiste, m., act of disturbing, perturbation, mix-

ing, mingling, stirring.

mearcaim, -ao, v. tr., I stir, move, excite, confuse, perturb; mix (with, an); mingle.

mearcaine, g. id., pl. -proe, m.,

a disturber, an agitator.

mearcamail, -mla, a., perturbing,

intoxicating (of drinks).

mearcán, -áin, pl. id., m., a mixture; a ball, a lump; particularly a lump of butter, etc.; mearcán mearbaitt, delusion, infatuation; mearcán meartaire, a source of confusion or disturbance, also will-o'-thewisp.

mear-chaob, f., a fruit-tree.

mear-chuinnizim, -iużao, v. intr.,
I gather acorns or any fruit.

mear-chuinniugao, m., the gathering of fruit, especially of acorns. mearca, p. a., mingled, mixed,

confused; grizzled.

mearctac, -aiże, α., apt to mix or mingle.

mear-ċú, f., a lap-dog, a hound. mear-maoμa, m., a lap-dog; fig., an impudent or ill-mannered person; mear-maioμín, id.

mearóz, -όιze, -όza, f., an acorn;

a berry; a bud.

mearnac, -aiże, α., fishy. mearnaro, -e, f. (coll.), fruit.

mearparoe, indec. a., estimable.

meaγμιζαό, -uiζte, m., act of making temperate or moderate; act of measuring, likening, comparing.

meappuisim, -użao, v. tr., I temper; I make temperate or moderate; I liken, compare,

measure.

mearta, part. nec. (of mearaim), probable, likely; estimable. See meara.

mear cuitic attea, m., tutsan, park leaves (hypericum androsemum).

meanuite, indec. a., esteemed, valued.

meat, -eite, a., weak; meatμαθαμτα, a weak spring-tide at
the new moon (Aran); meatteine, a weak, slow fire.

meat, m., decay, decline, withering, failure (e.g., of crops, of a tree, of a person in health, etc.;

cf.:

rice bliadan as teact, rice bliadan so mait, rice bliadan as meat, rice bliadan san nat.

20 years growing, 20 years well, 20 years failing, 20 years useless,

(human life).

meat, gsf. meite, a., rank, fat, dainty (used of living persons or animals, also of meat, soup, etc.).

méatacán, -áin, pl. id., m., a glut-

ton.

meataim, vl. meat and meatato, v. tr., I pine, decay, degenerate,

waste, fail, languish.

meażán, -áin, pl. id., m., a twig, a wieker, a sapling, a weakling; meażán chéiżih nó hiötéin, a sword-chip or split in the bottom of a sieve or riddle.

meażanać, -aiż, -aiże, m., a declining child; a faint-hearted person; a coward, a dastard, a sluggard.

meatanar, -air, m., consumption. meatan mana, m., a sea-rush or

whisk-straw.

méaταρ, -αιρ, m., fat, fatness, savouriness, also méiτeaρ.

meat-ζάιμε, m., a smile.

meatlao, -aro, pl. id., m., a spending, a consuming (pron. meatloo).

méatlat, -ait, m., grease (O'N.).
meatlatte, g. id., pl. -teanna, m.,
a reaper (E.U.); cf. 1τ τοιιτς
coμμάν mait τάξαι του τοιιτς
meatlatte (from meiteal, orig.
a band of reapers).

meatlaroeact, -a, f., reaping.

meatlużao, -uiżte. m., act of fainting, growing weak; act of failing; failure in crops, etc.; bliaoain an meatluiżte, the year of the Failure or Famine.

meatluiţim, -uţao, v. intr., I faint or die; I grow weak or feeble; sink under cold or disease; má meatluiţeann ομτ, if rou foil

if you fail.

meat-patapta, m., ordinary tide; a weak spring tide.

méaτρυζαό, -uiζte, m., a fattening; act of growing fat.

méaċμuiţim, -uţaö, v. tr. and intr., I fatten, grow fat.

meatra, p. α., decayed, failed (of crops); timid, feeble, cowardly; meatre (Don.).

meatrac, -aige, a., perishable, decaying, soft, cowardly; as subs., a degenerate person, a coward, a dastard.

meatract, -a, f., fear, cowardice,

degeneracy.

méatuiţim, -uţao, v. intr., I grow fat.

meibit, -bte, f., shame, disgrace, treachery.

meibleac, -liţe, a., treacherous. méio, -e, m., an amount, a quantity, size. a number (of), magnitude, bulk, bigness; cá ṁéio? how much? how many? what price? an méio, as much, as many, all, as far as, as much as; vá méio, however great, however much, however long; cf. níor méioe, bigger (N. Con.).

méroe, g. id., f., a neck, trunk, back, body; a stump or stock.

meroil, -e, f., act of bleating.

meroill (?), a person, a member;

sac aon meroill aca, every soul of them; sac aon meroill (merole) pramaca, every single soul in the company (Ker.);

ni'l aon meroill beo aca, not a living soul of them.

meroin, g. -oneac, and -one, f., joy, mirth, jollity; music of hounds hunting in full cry.

méroteac, -lize, -leaca, f., a bleating, as a sheep or goat; an τ-υαη ας múneao mérotize σ'ά máταιη, the lamb teaching its mother to bleat.

méiolizim, -leac, v. intr., I bleat (as a sheep).

(as a sneep)

meroneac, -μιζε, α., joyful, glad, festive.

meιομέιρ, -e, f., mirth, pleasure, joy.

meropéipeac, -pize, α., merry, jolly, pleasant, exuberant, frolicsome.

merophic, -e, f., discord, contention.

meis, f., the peculiar cry or "meg" of a goat.

meizeao, -zio, pl. id., m., a goat's chin and beard. See meizeall.

meizeaoac, -aiże, f., the bleating of a goat (U.).

meizeavuižim, -vač, v. intr., I bleat (as a goat).

meizeatt, -zitt, m., the beard on the chin; a goat's beard.

meizeatlaim, -taċ, v. intr., I bleat (as a goat).

meigeattac, -aige, a., bearded, having a scraggy or irregular beard like a goat.

meizeallac, -aiże, -a, f., the bleating of goats.

meisteac, -like, -leaca, f., the

bleating of goats. See meiz-

meite, g. id., pl.-tiôe, f., a handmill.

méile, a meal. See béile.

meitim, -tc, v. tr., I grind, pound, bruise, produce; tell of; I waste (as time).

Méilim, -teac and -leao, v. intr., I bleat as a goat or sheep.

meitipe, g. id., f., hedge-mustard (O'N.).

meitt, -e, f., clack of a mill; a cheek; a protruding or hanging lip; imtizeann an ppheio teip an braitt, ip ranann an meitt an an mnaoi, the dowry of cattle fall from the cliff and perish, but the protruding lip remains on the wife (against marrying a deformed woman for her dowry).

meilm, -e, f., deceit (N. Con.);

cf. meallaim, 7c.

meilmeac, -mige, a., deceitful (N. Con.).

meitrceánac, -nait, m., a kind of seaweed.

meitt, -e, f., act of grinding; fig. uttering, talking constantly; also easting or hurling.

meitceac, -ciże, a., hurling, cast-

mg.

meitreact, -a, f., act of grinding, milling.

meilteoip, -opa, -oipioe, m., a grinder, a miller.

meilτeoiμeacτ, -a, f., grinding, milling.

méin. See mian and mianac.

méineamail, -mla, a., clement, kind, amiable, affable, modest.

méinn, -e, f., mind, desire, inclination, disposition; temper, humour, constitution; beauty; ir méinn tiom, I desire (also méin).

méinneac, -niţe, a., of fair mien;

kindly disposed.

meinnpeac, -pige, -peaca, f., a kid of a year old; meinnpin and meinnpeoς, id.

meint, -e, a., slow, enervated,

weak, spiritless, feeble, silly; mild, soft, sultry (of weather).

meinbe, g. id., f., weakness, folly, want of spirit, dulness; a lie, a mistake.

meinbeact, -a, f., weakness, feebleness, deadness.

meinbeann. See meinbe.

meinblisim, -liusao, v. intr., I grow powerless, become weak.

meint-tite, indec.a., pale-coloured. meinblingao, -lige, m., debility, powerlessness, weakness of body.

meint-riutal, m., act of hobbling

slowly.

 \mathbf{m} énnoneac, -onize, -oneaca, f., a

harlot, an adultress.

méipopeacar, -air, m., harlotry, prostitution.

Μέιμομιζιm, -ιυζαο, v. intr., I commit harlotry.

Mémomužao, -ižte, m., harlotry, prostitution.

meiης, -e, f., rust, stain; reproach; meins iapainn, iron rust.

meinze, g. id., pl. -ziōe, m., an ensign, a standard; a veil, mantle, cloak; meinze čeoiž, a a fog rising out of a marsh or along a river in the evening.

meiης εδς, -ζίζε, α., rusty, musty;

angry-looking.

meiμzeato, -zee, m., a rusting. meiμzeatt, -zitt, m., roughness,

ruggedness.

тендаре, g. id., pl. -proe, m., an ensign (O'N.). See meinze.

Meinilliún, -úin, pl. id., m., a gosshawk, a merlin.

Méinín, g. id., pl. -rôe, m., a little finger; a covering for the finger.

Méinin na maz, m., agrimony (agrimonia eupatoria).

Méinteac, -liz, pl. id., and -a, m., a thief, a robber; a rogue, a villain; a rebel, a malefactor.

Méinteacar, -air, m., felony, theft, villiany; rebellion, treason.

méinteact, -a. f. See méinleacar.

méiptiżim, -iużao, v. tr. and intr. I steal, rob; rebel.

ménulusao, -liste, m., act of thieving, robbing, rebelling.

Méinrene, g. id., pl. -nice, f., a scar; a scar on the hand or foot resulting from windgall; a scar hardened by severe weather: a crevice, a wrinkle, a furrow; the hard flesh on the legs of fowl (somet. méirche and méin-

méinrcheac, -nize, a., abounding in scars, rugged, furrowed; sun-

meintneac, -nite, a., dispirited. weak, feeble, fatigued; meint--ni $\dot{\varsigma}$ e, id.

meintneadar, -air, m., feebleness, weakness, discouragement.

meιμτηιζε, g. id., f., dejection, low spirits.

meinenizim, -niużao, v. tr. and intr., I faint; I discourage.

meiμτηιζέε, ο. a., enfeebled; betrayed.

Meinchiużao, -iżce, m., a betray-

meirc-bhiathat, -haife, a., of

drunken speech.

merrce, g. id., f., intoxication, drunkenness, drinking, exhilaration from drink; An m., drunk, intoxicated, exhilarated; rean meirce, a drunkard.

meirceamail, -mla, a., drunken, given to drink, intoxicating.

meirceamtact, -a, f., drunkenness, intoxication.

meirceoifi, ,opa, -oifioe, m., a drunkard, an inebriate.

meironeac, -nize, α ., fuddled, intoxicated.

meireact, -a, f., act of milking (from meir); cf. meircean na ba, let the cows be milked (O'N.)(obs.).

meireamnact, -a, f., estimation, appraisement (from mear).

méirin, g. id., pl. -ioe, m., a little dish (dim. of miar); méirín ceoit, a tambourine (?) (W. Ker.).

meirneac, g. -niże and -niż, m. and f. (in M. m.), courage, spirit,

manliness; liveliness, strength; cá bheir meirnis ain i noin, he is improved to-day (said of a patient); cionnur atá an meirneac? how are you to-day? (W. Ker.); múrcail oo meirneac. a banba, O Banbha, waken up thy self-confidence (Kea.); reap meirnis cúca, the man of courage is the man for them (said in card-playing); somet. mirneac.

merrneamant, -inta, α ., courageous, self-confident, hopeful, high-spirited, virile.

meirneamtact, -a, f., courage, fortitude, magnanimity.

meirnizim, -iużao, v. tr., I comfort; cherish; encourage.

meirniste, p. a., encouraged.

meirnisteoin, -ona, -oinioe, m., an encourager, an abettor.

meirniusao, -niste, m., act of encouraging, giving confidence to; courage, confidence.

méit, -e, a., corpulent, fat, gross.

See mést.

méite, g. id., f., fatness, greasiness.

méiteact, -a, f., fatness, grossness.

meitest, -tte, pl. id. and -ttescs, f., a band of reapers; a concourse; a number of men employed at any special work, as haymaking, turf-cutting, etc.

méit-eatlac, m., fatlings, fat

cattle.

meitesm, -tim, m., June (the middle month of Summer). The gen. meiteaman is now obs.

Méitizim, -iuzao, v.tr. and intr.,

I fatten, grow fat.

meitin and meitineat, m., searushes, or whisk straw (O'N.).

méitpear, -pir, m., grossness, fatness; suet, fat. See méatar.

meodan, -ain, pl. id., m., the middle, the mean. See meacon.

meodanac, -naize, a., middle; 30 m., middling (in health) (Clare). See meaciónac.

meon, -oin, m., the mind; the fancy; one's nature; a whim, a freak of fancy; ir meon tiom é, it is my desire.

meonac, -aise, a., capricious, fanciful.

meonoan. -ain, m., a short space of time (Con.).

mi, g. mir, mi and miora, d. miand mir, pl. miors, gpl. mior, dpl. mioraib; mi na réile buiçoe, February; mí buroe, July; mí na nootas, December; mi na bó Riabaice, March, the month of the dark-coloured cow, as, according to the legend, a bó mabac, a dark-coloured cow, complained on the first of April of the harshness of March, March borrowed a few days from April, these days were so wet and stormy that great floods came and the bó piabac was drowned, hence March has a day more than April, and the concluding days of March are called Laeteanta na mabaite, the days of the dark-coloured cow: cuimniusao míora, "month's mind," commemoration; pl. míoeannaioe (Don.).

mí- (mío-), negative prefix, dis-, mis-; evil, bad; indicates the

opposite, or want of.

mí, mu, mu'n (with art.)=um, about; mí an uplám, about the floor; mi is M. usage, and mu Sc. mostly.

miabán, -áin, m., megrim.

méanán.

 m_{1} Ac, -A1 $\dot{\varsigma}$, pl. id., m., a measure for dry goods, a bag, a budget,

mí-áo (mío-áo), m., ill-luck, mishap, misfortune, mischief; mac mí-áro, an unfortunate fellow; as véanam mí-áio, doing mischief.

miao, -aio, m., honour, respect,

form, decency.

miadać, -aiże, a., noble, honourable, precious (miaoman id.).

miadamail, -mts, α ., noble, honourable.

miadamtact, -a, f., dignity, honour.

mí-áomapac, -aize, a., unlucky,

unfortunate, unhappy.

miam, g. méime, f., a stir or move; the last throb of life; gasping (P. O'C. spells miam and it is so pron. in M.). See méam. miamsail, -e, f., mewing (as of a

cat.

miamilac, -aize, f., the mewing of cats; the mewling of infants.

mian, g. méine, pl. miana, f. (also g. -a, pl. id., m.), desire, wish, mind; a mind to; good-will, inclination; pleasure, delight; if mian tiom, I desire or intend; τά mian cum bír ain, he has an appetite for food. There is a phrase, mian mic a rúit, current in M., referring to one's appetite being sharpened by the sight of luscious viands; often used in compds.

mianaċ, -aiţe, α., desirous, wishful, longing, covetous, greedy.

mianac, -aiz, -aize, m., a vein of a mine; a mine; a mine; a mineral ore; stuff, character (of persons); material of anything; opioic-mianac, bad stuff, badness of character, a vicious person.

m1anacó1 μ , -ó μ a, -ó μ 1 ν 0e, m., a

miner.

mιαηασόιη, -όμα, -όιμισe, m., a miner.

 m_1 ana \dot{m} a1, -a \dot{m} ta, α ., affectionate (O'N.).

mianar, -air, m., desire, longing, appetite. See miansur.

appetite. See mianzur.
mianarac, -aiże, a., longing, desirous; also luscious, delicate,

mian-bijoro, -e, f., brutal passion, lust.

mາລກ-ບໍ່ກຸນາင່, **-e**, f., a burning desire.

mian-viúttao, m., abnegation, self-denial.

mian-ouit, f., avidity, longing.

mianpac, -aiż, m., act of yawning. See méanpacac, Jc.

miangup, g. -uip and -a, pl. id., m., longing, eagerness, desire, lust, concupiscence; pleasure; affec-

tation (variously written mianzar, mianżar, mianżur, 7c.). See mianar.

mianzupać, -aiże, a., desirous, covetous, lustful; pleasant. See

mianarac.

mιαnmaμ, -αιμε, α., covetous, greedy, lustful; luscious, cloying (of food, meat, etc.).

 $m_{1\Delta n}$ - τ_{01} l, f., will, consent;

pleasure.

mianuţaö, -uiţte, m., act of longing for, desiring, coveting.

Mianuizim, -użao, v. tr. and intr., I desire, long for, wish, intend.

mianuiţte, p. a., desired, desirable; coveted; affected; designed; roi-mianuiţte, very desirable.

miar, g. méire, pl. miara, f., an

altar (obs.) (O'N.).

miar, g. méire, pl. -a, f., a dish, a mess, a plate, a platter; miar čtuarač, porringer.

miaracán, -áin, pl. id., m., a dish-

maker (O'N.).

miartać, -aiż, m., dung, manure. miara, indec. a., distinguished.

mí-beáμτ, f., an evil deed, a bad action; an ill turn.

mí-béar, -a, pl. id., m., ill-breeding or manners; ill-custom.

mí-béapac, -aige, a., ill-bred, ungenteel, immodest, unmannerly, vicious.

mí-binn, -e, a., unmusical, wanting in melody.

mí buroe, f., July.

mí-ċéaoṛaċ, -aiţe, a., displeased, indignant, discontented, obstinate, unruly; vexed, vicious, virulent, peevish.

mí-céaopao, -a, pl. id., m., indignation, displeasure, peevishness,

virulence.

mí-ceannra, indec. a., impudent, petulant.

mi-ceaμτ, -ciμτe, a., unjust; wrong, incorrect.

mí-céillióe, indec. a., foolish, unwise, mad, senseless.

mí-ċιatt, g. míċéitte, f., folly, madness, imprudence; τά τύ αμ

mí-céill, you are mad (nom. also mí-céill).

mí-ciattoa, indec. a., senseless, foolish.

mi-cialloact, -a, f., nonsense, folly.

mí-ciallużaó, -uiţċe, m., a raving, doting.

micialluide, g. id., pl. -de, m., a senseless person, a simpleton.

mi-cialluizim, -użao, v. intr., I rave, dote.

mi-cinéal, -éil, m., unkindness, want of affection.

mí-cinéatac, -aiże, a., unkind; also mí-cineátta.

Mí-cinneamain, -mna, f., misfortune, mischance, mishap.

mí-cinneamnac, -naize, a., unfortunate, luckless.

mí-cinnze, indec. a., uncertain, doubtful.

mí-cinnzeacz, -a, f., uncertainty, doubt.

mí-cion, m., contempt, disesteem, disrespect.

mí-cionntac, -aiţe, a., innocent, guiltless.

mi-ciuinear, -nir, m., disquiet, boisterousness.

mí-cliú. See mío-clú.

mí-cnearta, indec. a., dishonest; uncivil; inhuman.

mí-cneartact, -a, f., immodesty; dishonesty; incivility.

mí-cheroram, -oim, m., unbelief.

mí-ċneiomeaċ, -miże, a., faithless, unbelieving.

mí-chíoc, f, a bad end (O'N).

mí-cújiamac, -aize, a., careless, disinterested.

mioe, g. id., f., Meath; with or without art.

mi-vealbac, -aiţe, a., unseemly, unsightly; ill-formed.

mioeamain, -mna, pl. id., f., act of reflecting on (Δη); meditation.

mí-bíombaileac, -lige, a., frugal, thrifty.

mí-oionzmáit, -áta, f., unfitness, insecurity, weakness, frailty.

mi-oionzmátza, indec. a., insufficient, insecure.

mí-bionzmáttact, -a, f., unworthiness, insecurity.

mí-otizceamait, -mta, a., un-

mí-otipceanac, -aiţe, a., illegitimate.

mi-opeac, -a, pl. id., m., a deformity, an unseemly appearance; till-favour.

mí-opeacamail, -mla, a., deformed, disfigured, ill-favoured.

mí-éireact, f., state of being of no avail or effect; state of being unsubstantial.

mí-éipeactac, -aige, a., vain, of no effect.

mi-reapamant, -mta, a., unmanly, effeminate, spiritless.

mí-ṛeaṇamtaċt, -a, f., unmanliness, effeminacy, spiritlessness, cowardice.

mí-reiteamnac, -aite, a., unsuitable.

mí-†ıúǯantač, -aıǯe, a., inhospitable, unworthy, illiberal.

mí-riúżanzar, m., inhospitality, illiberality; lack of principle.

mí-ţean, m., dislike, disgust, displeasure, discontent; a grudge. mí-ţté, indec. a., unchaste, unclean (O'N.).

mí-żtic, -e, a., unwise, silly, inexperienced, inapt.

mi-żtiocar, m., impudence, folly, imprudence, silliness, inaptness, clumsiness.

mí-żné, g. id., f., ill shape, ugliness, untidiness.

mí-żnérceac, -trże, a., ugly; of ugly countenance.

mí-ǯníoṁ, m., an evil deed, an evil act, a misdeed; mischief, iniquity.

mí-żníomać, aiże, a., ill-behaved, wicked, flagitious, unprincipled.

mí-żpeann, m., loathing, disgust, disdain, displeasure.

mit, g. meata, f., honey; mí na meata, honeymoon; chiatan meata, a honeycomb.

milbeoin, f., mead, methyline.

mítceantán, -áin, pl. id., m., a fleshworm.

mit-ceo, m., mildew. See ceo. mite, g. id. and -av, pl. miteav, mitre, and mitroe, m., a mile.

mite, g. id. and -ao, pl. miteao and mite, m., a thousand.

míteao (míte), g. mítro, pl. mítroe, m., a warrior, a soldier, a champion, a hero; a Milesian. míteao, num. a., thousandth.

miteaota, indec. a., champion-like, knightly, soldier-like, soldierly, warlike, stately, courageous; 50 m., courageously (also mitrora and miteanta).

mileaotact, -a, f., bravery (also

m111000cc.

mileaotar, -air, m., bravery,

valour, prowess.

mil-réanac, -aige, f., a marine weed with a sweet root (Achill).

mí-tí, f., a pale, wan colour; mí-tí ba rítige 'ná ζόγτα, a pale, wan colour, fainter than that of a ghost (Fer.).

milir, -lre, a., sweet, sweettasting, savoury, delicious, pleasant; flattering, coaxing.

mitip-bhiathac, -aige. a., sweet-

spoken, eloquent.

mítíceac, -cize, a., pale, wan.

mitte, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a botch, a bungler; mitte maroe, a botch, a good-for-nothing tradesman; an insignificant person.

mittéao, -éio, pl. id., m., a mullet. mitteao, -tre, pl. id., m., act of spoiling, corrupting, destroying, seducing; destruction, damage, injury; act of bewitching or injuring by fascination.

mitteán, -ánn pl. id., m., blame, reproach, upbraiding; ná cunta m. onm-ra, don't blame me for it.

mitteánac, -aiţe, a., blaming, rebuking.

milleoz, -oize, -oza, f., a little knife.

mittim, -teao, v. tr., I spoil, mar, injure, ruin, wring (of the hand); I bewitch, fascinate, ruin by fascination.

millin, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a small hill, a little knob or lump; dim.

of meatt, and found in placenames, as an mittin bán, a townland in Co. Kerry.

milliún, -úin, pl. id. and -lúna, m., a million; also milleon (M.). milliúnaö, num. a., millionth.

miltimeacan, -ain, pl. id., m., mallow, malva sylvestris; an edible root of the carrot order.

miltreán, -áin, pl. id., m., a smelt,

a fry.

miltee, p. a., ruined, spoiled; small, wretched, miserable; in miltee an tae, it is a wretched day; saprun miltee, a small, wretched boy; puroin miltee, a small, miserable thing; pron. milte (M.).

milleac, -ciże, a., destructive, injurious; deceitful; great, wonderful; cf. ip milleac an cainneoip é, he is a wonderful speaker (Con.); milleineac

(Don.).

milloeacap, -aip, m., destruction, ruin.

mıttæán, -áın, pl. id., m., a miserable wretched fellow; a prodigal.

millteanac, -aiże, a., destructive.

millteanar, -air, m., an injury, harm, damage; a blunder.

millteoin, -ona, -onnio, m., a destroyer, a spoiler; an oppressor, a tyrant.

millteoipeact, -a, f., destruction, injury, oppression, mischief.

mitre, g. id., f., sweetness, savouriness; graciousness, flattery.

milreact, -a, f., sweetness, enticement.

mitreán, -áin, pl, id., m., anything sweet, a sweetmeat, a dainty; a flatterer; also cheese-curds; somet. mitreán is applied to salt, as a preserver of meats, cf. as viol meata ir as ceannac mitreán, selling honey and buying sweets (M. saying), in a certain story the mitreán turns out to be salt; mírteán in sp. l. M.

mitreán mana, a sort of seaweed. mitreán móna, bog honeysuckle.

mitreánta, indec. a., sweet-tasted, sweetened.

milreántact, -a, f., sweet-tastedness, sweetness.

milpeoz, -013e, -03a, f., a sweetmeat, a dainty, a choice morsel.

mıtrığım, -rıuğaö, v. tr., I sweeten, mull, make savoury (mírtığım in sp. l. M.).

mitriuża, - riżće, m., a sweetening, a mollifying; education, refinement (mirtiuża, in sp. l. M.).

mil-reanza, f., a sweet tongue. mi-meanmac, -aize, a., dispirited; negligent, unmindful, thoughtless.

mí-mear, m., disrespect, disrepute, debasement (also vímear).

mí-meapaim, -meap, v. tr., I undervalue, despise.

mi-mearamail, -mla, a., dis-respectful.

mí-meapapóa, indec. a., im-moderate, intemperate.

mí-mearta, indec. p. a., despised, vile.

mí-meartact, -a, f., vileness, meanness.

mí-meirneac, -niţe and -niţ, f. and m., discouragement, spirit-lessness.

mi-meirneamail, -mla, a., dispirited, dastardly, desponding.

mi-meirnizim, -niużao, v. tr. and intr., I discourage; I am dismayed; I terrify.

mi-meirniużao, -niżce, m., discouragement.

mí meooain, f., June; lit., middle month.

mi-mian, f., evil disposition.

mí-míniżim, -niużao, v. tr., I misinterpret.

min, -e, f., meal, flour; min żajiö, coarse meal; min min, fine meal; min buioe, Indian meal; min coifice, min bán, oatmeal; min eofinan, barley meal.

min-(mion-), prefix, small, diminutive, little. See mion, adj.

mín, -e, a., smooth, fine, soft; tame, gentle; sweet; small, mild, fair, tender, delicate; pulverized; réap mín, tender grass; 50 mín, gently, softly.

min, -e, -ve, f., a plain, a fine field; a smooth spot in a mountain, presenting a green surface; often in place names, as na minte oza, na minte pluca, townlands in Kerry; oftenest found in Don.

min-bripim, -bripeao, v. tr., I break into powder, crumble, pulverize.

min-bpiúzait, -5ta, f., burdock (Om.).

mino, m., a crown, a diadem. See mionn.

min-opeac, m., a little image.

mine, g. id., f., smallness, littleness.

míne, g. id., f., smoothness, softness, a polish; gentleness, fineness; a grassy slope; α σεαμθηάταιμ πα míne, my dearest brother (Louth).

mineac, -niże, a., mealy, full of meal.

míneac, f., a polish, smoothness, gentleness, tameness, fineness.

min-eattac, m., small cattle (as goats and sheep).

min-éan, m., a small bird.

min-eapsna, m., ignorance, little knowledge.

min-eapsnap, -aip, m., little knowledge, ignorance.

min-erce, f., down; lit., smooth or small feathers.

mineoz, -01ze, -0za, f., a gentle, meek woman.

mın-réan, m., small grass, little grass, short grass.

min-reaptain, f., small rain, mist. min-reaptain, f., small rain, mist. min-reappao, -pta, m., a cutting

into small pieces; a chopping. min-żeappaim, -aö, v. tr, I mince, hash, cut into small pieces.

mın-ţtıomaċ, m., a prawn, species of shellfish (Mayo).

min-iarc, m., a small fish of any kind.

minic, comp. miones, minice, and minicioe, a. and ad., often, fre-

quent; 50 m., often, oftentimes, continually (opposed to 50 hannam); 17 m., 7c., it is often, etc.

minicín, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a very small pin used by women in

dressing (P. O'C.).

míniǯim, -າuǯaö, v. tr., I smooth, polish, make fine; tame, subdue, make gentle; I expound, make clear, explain.

miniţceoiţi, -oţia, -oiţiice, m., an expounder, a commentator; a smoother, etc. See miniţim.

minioγτηάλας, -a, pl. id., f., an office, a ministration; ministry.

miniorchálaim, -lact, v. tr., I minister.

miniptip, g. id., pl. -τριόε, m., a minister, a parson.

min-iubpac, -aiż m., a small jug

or pitcher.

minusav, -iste, m., act of smoothing, polishing, making fine; act of taming, subduing, soothing; expounding, explaining; an explanation; a gloss, a commentary.

mínteac, -tiż, -tiże, m., a green pasture; very fine grass (also

mílleac).

minnpeac, -pige, -peaca, f., a young she-goat; dim. minnpin; also meinnpeac.

minnreoz, -013e, -05a, f., a young she-goat. See minnreac.

min-peacao, m., a venial sin.

mío-áomaμ, -aiμe, a., unfortunate; inauspicious; awkward; mío-áomaμac, -aiζe, a., id.

mío-áorac, -aize, a., unfortunate,

unlucky (Con.).

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mío-amμar, m., unsuspiciousness. mío-báiτ, -e, f., disaffection, disloyalty (to, te).

mío-bait, f., unthriftiness.

mío-buroeac, -orize, a., unthankful; displeased with (ve).

mio-buioeacap, m., ingratitude, thanklessness.

míoċ, -a, -anna, m., a bushel (also miaċ).

mío-cáoar, m., an affront; irreverence.

mío-ċáσaraċ, -aiţe, α., contemptuous, irreverent.

mío-cáileac, -lige, α., of ill-repute. miocaiμ, -e, α., kind, friendly, loving, affable.

mío-ċáιμοεαċ, -οιże, α., uncivil, unfriendly.

mío-ċáiμτοeaċτ, -a, f., enmity, dissension; dislike, prejudice.

miocaine, g. id., f., affability. miocaineact, -a, f., affability.

mío-captannac, -naige, a., un-charitable.

mío-ċaμċannaċτ, -a, f., enmity, uncharitableness.

mío-cár, m., disregard, dislike.

mio-ctú, m. and f., ill-fame; a reproach, a rebuke.

mio-ċlúiτeaċ, -τιţe, α., infamous, reproachful.

mío-ċooμuiżeannτa, α., untidy, ungainly (Con.).

mio-comizeatt, m., a false act, a breach of trust; backsliding, treachery, deceit.

mío-compeatlac, -arje, a, perverse, unfaithful, backsliding, treacherous.

mío-cóimiżim, -mużaż, v. tr., I maltreat; I defeat.

mío-cómainte, f., evil advice, bad

mío-ċóṁʒaṇ, m., disappointment, inconvenience; roundabout way, indirectness.

mío-cómzajiac, -aiże, a., inconvenient, roundabout, indirect.

mío-ċomċrom,-ruum, m., injustice; confusion, calamity; mío-ċomċrom οης, confusion to you (a common form of imprecation).

mío-ċomċpom, -ċpuime, α., unequal, unjust, uneven.

mío-ċóμuξαο, -uιξτe, m., ill-treatment, discomfiture.

mío-corcain (gs. as a.), unsuccessful, joyless.

mío-ċογcap, -aip, m., rout, defeat. mío-ċpáibċeaċ, m., an ungodly person; as α., godless, uncharitable.

míoct, g. id., m., a mitre; a priest's amice (Lat. amictus.).

mio-cuaino, f., a roundabout, a turning round; a whirlpool; also mio-cuaino.

mio-cuibearac, -briże, a., immoderate, improper, uncommon, strange, blundering.

mio-cumine, f., want of memory, forgetfulness.

mío-cuimneac, -niże, a., unmindful, forgetful.

mío-ċúιρ, f., regard, esteem, affection, love (Scaċán an chiábaro).

mío-cumao, -mta, m., deformity; act of deforming.

act of deforming.

mio-cumar, m., incapacity, inability.

mío-cumta indec. a., ill-shaped, deformed; unfinished, imperfect. míoo, -a, f., mead.

miorat, -ait, pl. id., m., flattery, fawning, a fair speech.

miovatac, -taiże, a., flattering, fawning.

mioramair, -e, f., worthless food, offal (Mayo and Don.).

mioobán, -áin, m., the name of an esculent wild plant that causes intoxication; intoxication, drunkenness; an edible sea-weed dried and seasoned (Ker.); also meaobán.

mιονός, -όιςe, -όςa, f., a long knife, the dagger of the ancient Irish; a pen-knife, See me ανός.

mío-ooimin, -mne, α ., shallow (O'N.).

mio-ouit, f., dislike.

mio-ouitim, -teao, v. tr., I loathe, dislike (also mio-ouitizim).

míooún, -úin, pl. id., m., a meadow, especially ready for cutting.

mío-σάτηλέτ, f., negligence, want of zeal or diligence.

mío-roizoeac, -oize, a., impatient.

mío-roizoeamail, -mla, a., importunate, impatient.

mio-roizio, f., impatience.

mío-rottám, -e, a., unwholesome, unhealthy.

mio-pollámeact, -a, f., unsoundness; bad health.

mío-romór, -móιr, m., disrespect. mío-roptún, -úin, m., misfortune; mischief; τά an mío-roptún σέαπτα αξατ, you have committed mischief.

mío-ροητώπας, -aiże, α., unfortu-

nate

míoζ, -a, pl. id., m., the cry of a plover; a smirk, a smile; a sly look (in this latter sense also rmíoζ).

míozac, -aiże, a., crying like a plover; smirking, smiling; sly-looking (also rmíozac in this

latter sense).

míοχαό, -ζτα, m., erying like that of a plover; míοχιαότ and míοχataό, id.

míozaván breac, -áin bric, m.,

the magpie (Om.).

miozam, -ao and -zżait, v. intr., I cry like a plover.

míozamač, -aiże, f., act of dozing, falling asleep.

mioz buroe, f., woody nightshade (solanum dulcamara) (miozaroe, P. O'C.).

míozżait, -e, f., a crying like that of a plover. See míozao.

mío-ξηαοι, f., displeasure, dislike. mío-ξηάγα, m., infamy, gracelessness.

mío-ξηάρας, -aιξe, α., graceless, infamous.

mío-żpáramlacz, f., gracelessness.

míot, g. mít, pl. -ta, and -tτa, m., a beast, an animal (in general); a louse; a whale; míot cinn, or míot cneir, the common louse; míot món, a whale; míot ποιξε, a hare; míot cpíonna, a moth, a midge; míota cpíonna, in Con.="slaters," little slatecoloured insects found under stones; míota cpíonna, also=wood-lice.

mío-tabaμτα, α., evil-speaking, ill-spoken, ill-said.

mío-tabantac, -aite, a., froward, sullen, ill-spoken.

míotac, -aiže, a., lousy; mean,

despicable; brutish; consisting of cattle; rphé míotac, a dowry of cattle.

mio-tainne, f., sullenness, sadness (also mío-loinne).

mío-tainneac, -niζe, α., thoughtful, melancholy.

miotaine, g. id., pl. -nioe, m., a lousy, contemptible fellow.

míotaine, g. id., pl.-proe, m., the axle or spindle of a mill-stone; míolaine bhón, id.

míolaoc, m., a poltroon, a coward.

mío-taocta, indec. a., unheroic, cowardly.

miotarc, -airce, f., restiveness fawning, desire.

míolarcac, -aize, a., restive. míot-cabán, m., a deer-park.

míotcao, -cta, m., a soothing, a flattering, a cajoling.

míolcaim, -ao, v. tr., I soothe, I flatter, I cajole.

miotcarre, g. id., pl. -proe, m., a wheedler, a cajoler; a parasite.

miotcaineact, -a, f, wheedling, cajolery, flattery; a soothing.

míot-cú, f., a greyhound.

miol zoite, m., a worm in the intestines.

míot zníoba, m., a speckled little fish, used for bait (Mayo).

míot maiže, g. id., m., a hare (somet. written míot burbe).

míol món, m., a whale (somet. móin-míol).

míotrcoite, indec. a., eloquent, affable, debonair (O'Br.).

miotroniceact, -a, f., eloquence. miotra, indec. a., filled with animals.

míolτός, -όιζε, -όζα, f., a gnat, a midge, a fly (conn-miotróz, id.); míolcóz leacain, a bat (leiobín leacain, id.); míolcóz ζέλη, a stinging midge.

mío-macánta, indec. a., impudent,

dishonest.

mío-macántact, -a, f., dishonesty. mío-maire, g. id., f., ugliness, unsightliness, repulsiveness, deformity.

mío-maireac, -rize, a., unsightly, unpleasant.

miomarc, -airc, m., a lance or

spear (obs.).

mío-moo, -a, m., incivility, disrespect, impertinence, an improper habit, insolence; scandal, reproach.

mío-mooaim, -ao, v. tr., I abuse,

insult, affront.

mío-mooamail, -mla, a., ill-bred, unmannerly, uncivil.

mío-molaim, -molao, v. tr., I dispraise, disparage.

mío-muinizim, -iuzao, v. tr. or intr., I distrust, doubt, fear.

mío-muinizin, f., distrust, diffidence.

mío-muiniusao, -ište, m., diffidence, distrust.

Mion, -ine, a., small, fine, minute; pounded fine, made into small bits.

Mion- (min-), small, fine, exact, distinct; used as a prefix, as mion-annáta, little annals; mion-cáirc, Low Sunday.

mío-náούιμ, f., ill-nature, harsh-

ness, inhumanity.

mío-náoúnica, indec. a., unkind, unfeeling, unnatural.

mío-nάούμτας, -a, f., hardheartedness, want of feeling, unnaturalness.

mío-náine, f., shamelessness, immodesty; impudence, assurance, stubbornness.

mío-námeac, -pize, a., shameless, immodest; audacious, bold, stubborn (often applied to children who are stubborn or obstinate).

mío-námeact, f., shamelessness, immodesty; audacity, stubbornness.

mion-soir, f., minority (with re-

spect to age).

mío-naomužao, m., profanation. miona-pluas, -ais, m., anything ground or reduced to fragments; az véanam m. ve, making mincemeat of it (Der.).

mionbac (mionmac), -ais, m., any small or weak thing or things; mionbac an eatlais, the weakling of the herd.

mion-baite, m., a suburb, a vil-

m10

lage.

mion-byladac, -aize, a., lightfingered, given to small thefts. mion-bylaouioe, m., a petty thief. mion-bhuah, m., small little scraps or crumbs (mion-comaint,

mion-buúšaim, -aò, v. tr., I mince, crumble, crush to powder, stamp

(as under foot).

mion-bhúżmán, -áin, m., minced

 m_{10} η- b_{1} \dot{a} \dot{b} \dot{c} \dot{c} e, p. a., finely pounded, crushed to powder.

Miones, comp. of minic, often; frequency; zača mionca, as often as; nío-ra mionca, more frequently; minicio in sp. l.

mioncact, -a, f., oftenness, oft-

times, frequency.

M10n-cainnτ, f., gossip, small talk. mion-cáirc, f., Low Sunday (the Sunday after Easter first Sunday).

mion-caona, f., a small sheep. See

caopa.

 m_{10} n-ċloċ, f., a pebble.

míon-cloc, f., a pumice-stone.

m10n-comμάο, m., gossip; snatches of conversation.

mion-cuapouzao, m., a close or strict search or examination.

m10η-ċυΔησυιζιm, -υζα \dot{o} , v. tr., I search strictly, examine diligently.

mioneużao, -uiżce, m., act of

making more frequent.

mion-cuio, f., a particle; a morsel of food; a collation; a trifle.

mioncuišim, -ušao, v. tr., I make more frequent.

mion-cuit, f., a gnat or midge.

mion-cuir, f., a small cause or motive.

mion-ouine, m., a young person; pl. -oaoine, young or small people, often applied to women and children, as opposed to warriers.

mion-roctóin, m., a vocabulary.

mion-zavaiveact, f., petty larceny, pilfering.

mion-zaouioe, m., a petty thief, a petty larceny robber.

mion- $\dot{5}$ áine, m., a smile.

Mionzán, -áin, pl. id., m., a periwinkle, a sea-shell, snail (mian $x \leq n$, m., and $x \leq n \leq n$, $x \leq n$.

M10n-\(\frac{1}{5}\) Lao\(\frac{1}{5}\) ao\(\frac{1}{5}\), \(m.), \(\constant \) crow-

ing (as of a cock).

mionspac, -aise (coll.), f., crumbs, scraps, bits.

mionspaim, -ao, v. tr., I gnaw. mince, bite (also mionshuitim). mionta, indec. a., gentle, mild,

amiable.

míonlact, -a, f., mildness, gentle-

mion-luaitheao, -hio, m., powder, fine dust.

 m_{10nn} , -a, pl. id., m., a diadem; pí-mionna, pl., royal insignia.

mionn, -a, pl. id. and -aroe, m., an oath; an asseveration; mionna móna, curses; mionna tabaint, to vow, swear; onoic-mionna, mionna éitit, perjury (nom. also mionna); m. món, a curse; oan buis na mionn, by the efficacy of the holy things (an asseveration).

mionnac, -aiże, a., pertaining to skulls, crowns, etc.; pertaining to oaths, vows, etc.

mionnán, -áin, pl. id., m., a kid. See meannán.

mionnán aeiμ, m., a jack-snipe.

mion-narc, m., a brooch, a fastener. mionn μίος όλ, m., a royal diadem. mionn-pann, -a, m., a short verse;

a little poem.

mionnuac, -aic, m., fairy flax, (linum silvestre).

Mionnużaó, -uiżce, m., act of

swearing.

Mionnuižim, -užao, v. tr. and intr., I swear, make oath; 1 swear by; ná mionnuis an bacatt, do not swear by the crozier (O'Keeffe).

mί-οπόιμ, f., dishonour.

mío-nóp, m., damage, harm, trespass (as by cattle) (Aran); also mionup, distraction, unusual conduct.

mío-nópaċ, -aiţe, a., insolent, unusual, morose, uncivil.

mion-μωδ, m., small fragments, useless bits, shreds (Ker.).

mion-μοιηπ, -μοιηπε and -μοηπα, pl. id., f., subdivision.

mion-norcac, -aiże, a., gentle-eyed.

mion-rcot, f., a delicate flower. mion-rcotat, -aite, a., flowery; having fine, delicate flowers.

mion-γεμύολο, -ουίξτε, m., a close or minute examination.

mion-rehúdaim, -ad, v. tr., I investigate, examine minutely.

mion-repurouizim, -użać, v. tr., 1 investigate, examine closely.

mion-rmuaineam, m., a slight idea or thought.

mιοη-ἡμυτ, m., a smooth stream; a rivulet.

mion- \dot{r} úit, f., a small eye, a pink eye.

mion-rúiteac, -tize, a., pink-eyed. mionzán, -áin, pl. id., m., a little titmouse; a sparrow or other small bird.

mionταρ, -Διρ, m., mint, spearmint; mionταρ caiριt, pellitory of the wall; mionταρ caiτ, catmint (mentha catina); mionταρ ριασαίη, wild mint; mionταρ ξαρόα, garden mint.

mionuišim, -ušao, v. tr., I make

small, pulverise.

mionuizte, p. a., broken, cut, or ground small.

mío-páiμτ, -e, f., ingratitude.

míοη, g. míρe, pl. -a and -anna, f., a bit, a share, a small piece, a streak, a portion; tuċτ míρe, beggars (nom. also míρ).

† míομάη, -áıη, m., dizziness in the head; delusion. See mea ὁμάη. † míο-ματ, m., ill-luck, misfortune.

| Míο-ματας, m., m-πακ, misfortune. | Míο-ματας, -αιζε, α., unfortunate. | Míομβαιι, -ε, pl. id. -ιτε and-ιιόε,

gpl. -bat, m., a miracle, a wondrous work, a prodigy; mioptoaite (U.).

míopbaileac, -liże, a., wonderful,

marvellous; also miopbail-teac.

Μιομβαιπ. See maμβαιπ. In East Ker., Glengar, etc., the fut. is miμβeo(ċa)o and miμβeoċaμ; in Kea. (T. S.) cond. is muiμβρεαὸ.

mίομός. See méaμός.

mւօրը, g. mւրը, m., myrrh.

mιομμας, -λίζε, α., belonging to or made of myrrh.

mioptal, -ail, m., myrtle-wood; a myrtle tree.

mío-μún, m., malice, ill-will; a private grudge.

mío-μúnaċ, -aiţe, α., malevolent, malicious, ill-intentioned.

míor, g. -a, d. mír, pl. -a, a month, four weeks (nom. also mír and mí).

míorac, -aige, f., fairy flax, purging flax (linum catharticum); short grass in gen., cf. ní't ran moinféan act an míorac rór, the meadow is still only miosach.

míoramail, -mla, a., monthly. mío-raogatta, p. a., short-lived (O'N.).

mío-ráram, m., dissatisfaction, discontent.

mío-γάγτα, p. a., displeased, dissatisfied; difficult to be pleased; unmanageable.

mío-ἡάρταċτ, -a, f., displeasure, dissatisfaction.

mío-pápuitim, -pápato or -pápati, v. tr., I displease, dissatisfy.

mιογελιγ, -e, f., envy, spite, enmity, a grudge, hatred, aversion.
 mιογελιγελό, -γιζε, α., spiteful,

envious. Miorcán, -áin, pl. id., m., a small

dish; a roll of butter.
miorcar, -air, m., envy, spite, en-

mity, a grudge. See miorcair. miorcuineac, -niże, a., rancorous,

Miorcuineac, -niξe, α., rancorous malignant.

mío-rotar, m., discomfort, misery. mío-rona, α., unfortunate, unprosperous.

mío-rtá, m., an insinuating look, an innuendo (Don.). See mío-rtáio.

mío-reáro, -e, f., defamation, a

misstatement; harm, damage, disorder.

mío-rtáideac, -diże, a., disorderly.

mío-ruaimneac, -niże, a., uneasy, troublesome, uncomfortable.

mio-ruaimnear, m., unrest, discomfort, trouble, affliction, noise.

mío-ruaιμc, -e, α., churlish, ungenerous, disagreeable.

mío-ruaincear, m., churlishness, a disagreeable disposition.

mιορύιμε Δċτ, -Δ, f., measurement, mensuration; a measure.

 m_1 ορύ μ , -ύ1 μ , pl. id. m., a measure (Lat. mensura).

mιοτά, g. id., pl. -ιόe, m., a bit, a fragment, a morsel, a pick.

miotaim, -aö, v. tr., I bite, pinch; take bits from by biting or pinching; reduce by taking away small bits (as one does a loaf, etc.).

mio-ငံລາກຸຽe, m., disadvantage, use-

lessness.

mío-ταιμθεας, -διζε, a., unprofitable, useless.

mio-taitneam, m., displeasure.

mío-taitneamac, -aite, a., displeasing, disagreeable, unpleasant.

Mío-taitnim, -taitneam, v. intr.,

I displease (with te).

miorat, -ait, pl. id., m., metal (miorait, g. -e and -eac, f., id.).

miotalać, -aiże, a., metallic; mettlesome; plucky (miotait-teać, id.).

mιοτάη, -áιη, pl. id., m., a turned or deformed hand (Don.); a vampless stocking, also mιοσάη.

mío-żaom, m., anguish, sorrow (?). The word occurs in a passage in Kea.'s description of hell, σά múċa˙ο ι πυιμ πα mío-żaom ιτ nα móμ-otc ταιπ. Atk. translates "paroxysm, fit"; P. O'C., referring to same passage, translates "a malignant." See mío-żaomaċ.

mio-żaomać, -aiże, a., troubled, unhappy, sorrowful; i nzappoda

zobainn no i mainnin míocaomaiz an comain po (Kea., T. S.).

mío-tapacz, -a, f., awkwardness,

laziness; mischance.

mío-tapao, m., misfortune, mishap, mischance.

mío-taparo, -e, a., sluggish, in-

active, inapt, unready.

mío-ταηθα. See mío-ταιηθε.

(mío-ταιηθε is the spoken

word). mío-tapbac,-aite,a., unprofitable. See mío-tapbeac.

mio-tapbact, f., unprofitableness.
See mio-tapbeact.

mío-tlact, m., dissatisfaction, disrespect.

mío-ttactman, -aine, a., disagree-able, contemptuous.

mioż ná mesż, with neg., no trace whatever.

m10τόζ, -ό1ζε, -όζα, f., a mitten, a glove (m1τίη, id.).

m10τόζ, -ό1ζε, -όζα, f., a bit, a pinch.

mioτόζαċ, -aiże, α., pinching, biting.

miocós buioe, f., woody night-shade (solanum dulcamara).

mio-cost, f., ill-will, unwillingness.

mío-toiteac, -tiţe, a., unwilling. míot-oiteamnac, -aiţe, a., unsuitable, unbecoming, undeserving.

míoċ-oitte, p. a., demerited; ill-bred.

breu.

mío-τμός Δημε, f., mercilessness, want of charity.

mío-τριός αιριακό, -ριζε, α., pitiless, uncharitable.

mío-tuainim, f., an ill opinion.

mío-τυλη, m., an evil omen; act of foreboding evil (mío-τυληλη, id.). See τυλη.

mío-tuanam, -tuan, v. tr. or intr.,

I forebode evil.

mío-tuispeac, -riże, a., foolish, senseless, stupid; also mío-tuispeanac.

mio-cuizrin, f., misunderstanding

(also mio-cuispinc).

mio-tupara, m., a bad omen

(O'Br.).

min, g. -e, pl. -iona and -eanna, f.,a part, a share, a portion; 'n-a ceithe minib, in four parts; fig., top, supremacy; min υπηλ, supremacy (O'Br.); o'ά noáilio rileada mín ór mnáib, to whom poets allot the supremacy over women (O'D.). mion.

mine, g. id., f., swiftness, rapidity. mine, g. id., f., madness, fury; ardour, vehemence; levity;

sport, mirth, frolic; an mine, in a frolic, mad.

mineact, -a, f., swiftness, quickness; also rage, fury, madness; levity.

mi-neact, m., an evil law or

custom (O'N.).

míneann, a portion or share (O'Br.).

mí-péarún, m., unreasonableness, absurdity (A.).

mí-péapúnta, indec. a., unreasonable, absurd.

mí-néin, f., disobedience; opposition; displeasure.

mipeos, -015e, -05a, f., mirth, frolic.

mipeozaċ, -aiże, α., frolicsome,

sportive.

mi-masait, f., rebellion, transgression; irregularity; misrule, disorder.

 m_i - μ_i ażaitceaċ, - c_i że, α ., unruly, disorderly.

mi-majatta, indec. a., unruly, disorderly.

mi-prazattact, -a, f., irregularity,

informality, disorderliness. minim, -eao, v. tr., I part, share, divide.

η τημείη, -έρμα, -έιμι το, η α mirror.

mir, a month. See mi and mior. mi-rcéat, m., a false or calumnious report.

mí-rciamac, -aize, a., ill-looking, ill-favoured, ugly (also mírcéimeac).

mircheac, -nize, a., hateful (Kea.).

mire, per. prn., myself, I myself (emph. form of mé).

mi-readman, -aine, a., heedless, thoughtless.

mí-réan, m., mishap, ill-luck; a calamity.

mí-reolaim, -ao, v. tr., I misdirect, mislead, misguide.

mí-píbiatza, indec. a., uncivil, discourteous, rude.

 $m_{ir}m_{in}$, g. id., m., spearmint;mirimin oeanz, bogmint (mentha aquatica).

mirimine, f., foul play.

mirneac, Jc. See meirneac, Jc. (In parts of U. mirneac, or meirneac, means strength, not courage; uċtaċ, somet. uċtaċt, is the usual word for courage.

See uctac.)

Mirce (or meirce) (=meara be), the worse for a thing: as, an mirce σύinn riarpaije σίος cao ar cú? is it any harm to ask you whence you come? rítear nán mirce é buatao, I thought it was no harm to strike him; ir mirce tiom, I am the worse for; ní mirce oam, I well may; ní mirce tiom, I don't care, I have no objection.

mirceamail, -mila, a., mystical $(m_1 r c_1 \dot{\varsigma} \dot{c} e, id.).$ **m**irréine, g. id., pl. -niõe, f., a

mystery (nom. also mircéin). mηττημε, g. id., pl.-μιόε, m., a sly, creeping fellow.

mí-γτιύμαο, m., misgovernment. mıċöıμ, -e, α., weak, faint, feeble ;

also ignorant, unskilful.

miteacar, -air, m., fear, shyness. miceam, -cim, the middle month; miteam an crampaio, June (somet. miceam simply); miceam an różmain, September. See Meiteam.

mí-teaptac, -aite, a., infamous. mi-teaptap, -aip, pl. id., m., a

reproach, calumny.

mi-teipt, -teapta, pl. id., f., illtestimony; infamy.

 $m_1\ddot{c}_1\ddot{o}_1$, e, pl. - $o_1\dot{o}_2$, f., urgency, convenience; time; high time;

meet, proper, fit or due time or season; ip mitro oó, it is high time for him; ip mitro tiom, I think it high time; as peiteam te n-a mitroioib, waiting on his convenience (said slightingly).

micín, -e, -i o e, f., a glove, a glove without fingers, a mitten. mí-τρεοιμ, f., faintness, want,

weakness.

mi-tμεομας, -μαιζε, α., faint, week, feeble, wanting in vigour.

mná, g. and pl. of bean, a woman.
mo (aspirates), poss. prn., my;
emph. mo . . . -γα; mo téan
ξέαμ, my sharp sorrow, alas!
mo τμιας, alas! what a pity!
often 'mo=11 mo, in my.

mó, comp. of móp, great; an curo ir mó, the most part, for the most part; ní mó 'ná σεαγ=ní μό-σεαγ=ιρ ξμάππα; ní(σ)-γα-mó, more, greater (usually níor

mó).

moċ, comp. moiċe, a., early, timely, soon; used mostly in the adverbial form, 50 moċ, early (in Wat. vooiċ is used for moċ).

moċ-abaio, -e, a., ripe before its

time, early ripe.

moċaroeaċτ, -a, f., early rising. moċap, -app, pl. id., m., a high sea.

 $mo\dot{c}$ - $\dot{o}\acute{a}it$, f., dawn.

močean, močen, as interj., welcome! hail! well done! močean σ'αιτροπ απ οιηθιητ (Fer.);
Ο. Ir. pochen.

moc-matt, early and late (also

moc mall).

moċóιμże, f., early rising (moċóιμιże is the word used in M. and in Con., somet. moċόιοιże). See moιċέιμże.

moċόιριζεΔċ. See moiċ-éiριζεΔċ. moċτ, -oiċτe, a., pregnant, bulky

(O,N,).

moctaim, -ao, I increase, augment; magnify, enhance.

moċ-ċμάċ, m., the dawn of day. moċ, -a, pl. id., m., system, mode, manner; respect, honour, civility; work; array, fashion, condition, situation; measure; an moo, in a manner; an moo 50, so that; an moo an bit, anyhow, at all events; i moo, as, by way of; an an moo roin, in that way; an moo nac, so that not; tan moo, beyond measure.

modardeact. See modardeact. modamant, -mta, a., mannerly, gracious, courteous, gentle, mild, modest, well-bred; systematic,

orderly.

modasty good broading

modesty, good breeding.

moöamμac, -aiţe, a., polite, refined, stately. See moömaμac. mooaμta, indec. a., muddy, rough, dirty, discoloured; surly, grim, forbidding.

moσaμταίτ, -a, f., state of being discoloured; unpleasantness,

surliness.

mooman, -aine, a., fashionable,

modest, stately; gentle.

moὑmaμαċ, -aiże, a., mannerly, stately, noble. See moὑamμαċ. moża, g. id. and -ὑ, dat. -ıὑ, pl.

moża, m., a slave, a labourer, a plebeian (możaroe, id.).

a pieneian (mozaroe, m.).

możarocact, -a, f., exercise, labour, husbandry; liege subjection.

mogatt, -aitt, pl. id., m., a mesh, the mesh of a net; pliop-mogatt, the mesh of double thread along the foot of a net (Ker.).

mozatt, -aitt, pl. id., m., the apple (of the eye); a husk; a globe; a cluster of nuts; shell of any fruit; a mole; mozatt muine, a mole; batt σοσμάιη, a mole (Con. and U.).

mogattać, -aiże, a., full of husks, clustering; plenteous (of the hair); murky (of the atmos-

phere).

mosalóin, -όμα, -όιμισe, m., a mesh-measure; a little rod for measuring the length of thread required for a mesh in repairing a net (Ker.).

mostac. See mosattac.

mostaro, -e, a., soft, tender, delicate, fine.

mos

mostaroeact, -a, f., softness, fineness, tenderness, delicacy.

można, g. id., pl. -röe, m., salmon. mograine, g. id., f., slavery, bondage, service.

moice, g. id., f., earliness, soonness, dawn of day.

moiceact, -a, f., earliness, soon-

moιċ-éiμże, g. id., f., early rising (mocoinize is the spoken word in M.); ir ont a bí an moc-อำหารู้e, how early you got up (said deprecatingly); จo mลากซ an mocoinize é, early rising killed him.

moic-éinzeac, -zize, α ., early rising.

moic-éinzim, -éinze, v. intr., I

rise early.

moicioeacτ, -a, f., early rising; oá m. o'éinjear, however early I arose.

móτο, -e, pl. id., f., a vow; τυς γέ a m., he vowed, swore (nom.

also móroe).

móroe, in phrases: ní móroe 50 bruil, etc., probably there is not; ní móroe zun čámiz, probably he did not come; ní móroe oó, he may not, he is not likely to; ní't vá méro a tartiže nac móroe a rpéir, the more one gets accustomed to it, the more one enjoys it (Meath).

mόισελ \dot{c} , -σι \dot{c} , pl. id. m., a votary; as $a_{\cdot, \cdot}$ -oiże, vowing, swearing; also belonging to an oath or vow.

moroeam. See maoroeam.

móro-zeattao, -zeatta, m., a vow, act of vowing or swearing. 1 móro-zeallaim, -żeallaö,

intr., I vow, I swear.

1 móroizim, -iużao, v. tr., I vow, swear, assert, devote, ascertain (móioim, id.).

mórorżże, p. a., accursed; vowed, sworn, devoted.

moioim. See maoioim.

móioim, -eao, v. tr., I vow, swear, devote, ascertain.

móroin, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a de-

móιοιυζαό, -iżċe, m., act of vow-

ing or swearing.

moiżéanan (mo-żéanan), good luck, a term of salutation like mo cean; also as a, happy, joyous, festive. See méanan.

moistioe, indec. a., soft, plump, well-looking. See mostaro.

 $m\acute{o}_1l$, -e, f., a kind of black worm; most, -e, f., a mole; a heap cast

moitt, -e, -t τ e, f., a delay; a stay, a hindrance; an na moittib, latterly, recently (Don., C. S.); zan mónán moill, before very long (Don.). See maill.

moitte, g. id., f., slowness, lateness, delaying; as out 'un moitte, getting delayed (N. Con.); moille passaipe, defec-

tive vision.

moitteact, -a, f., slowness, lateness; lingering.

moitteadóineact, -a, f., delaying, loitering.

moilližim, -iužao, v. t. & intr., I delay, retard; also moittim.

moιtτίπ, g.id., pl. -röe, m., a small wether; a hogget.

móimeint, -e, -tibe, f., a moment (also moimeit; in M. sp. l. noimeat, or rather neoimeat, is used).

Moimio, -e, -ioe, f., a moment, a minute; an an móimio, on the spot, at once (in sp. l., M.,

neoimeat).

Móin, g. móna, pl. móinte, f., a mountain, an extensive common; turf, peat; a bog; a heap of turf; róo móna, a sod of turf.

móinféan, -féin, pl. id., m., a meadow; mountain grass.

mόιη \dot{g} id., pl. -1 \dot{o} e, m., a little meadow; a croft (O'N.).

moingmean, -a, m., hemlock (also muinmeati).

moins-péalz, f., a comet.

móinín, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a little bog, moor, fen, or marsh; a place for hurling or dancing; a place burned for tillage (P. O'C.).

moinre, g. id., f., a peat pit or

turbary.

móinteac, -tiż, m., moss; móinteac tiat, bog-moss; móinteac mílic, Mountmellick.

móinteamail, -mla, a., boggy,

marshy.

mointean, -ain, pl. id., m., land growing rough, coarse herbage; reclaimed moor; peat-land; a bog, turbary.

móιη- (móη-), prefix, great.

moint, -e, -eaca, f., an ant, a pismire.

month-ceannap, m., high authority,

headship; magnanimity.

móin-ceannarac, -aige, α., having high authority; magnanimous.

móin-ceanτ, m., clemency; also strict justice.

móin-cear, m., the falling sick-ness.

móin-céimeac, -miξe, a., dignified. móin-cion, m., great love or esteem.

móιη-éaċτ, m., a great exploit, deed, or feat; τά γέ 'n-a móιη-éaċτ, it is splendidly done, it is excellent (Ker.).

móιμέις, -e, f., haughtiness, pride. móιμ-բεαμταιη, f., great rain;

snow, hail, wind.

móiμ-reaptanac, -aite, a., rainy, snowy.

móin-ξηίστελετ, -A, f., magnificence.

móin-żníom, m., a great deed, a great act, a mighty action.

móin-żníomać, -aiże, α., exploitperforming, mighty.

móιμίn, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a small species of connor-fish (Ker.).

móin-ionnmurac, -aige, a., of great treasure, very rich.

Móip-leatan, -leitne, a., expansive.

month-meanmnac, -aiţe, α., magnanimous.

móip-mear, m., great reputation or esteem.

móin-mearaim, -mear, v. tr., I magnify, I extol.

móin-meirneac, m. and f., magna-

nimity; high courage.

móin-mionnac, -aiţe, a., greatly addicted to cursing or swearing.

moin-neapτ, m., mighty power.

móiμ-reireaμ, m., seven (persons); τά móiμ-reireaμ ctoinne aca, they have seven children; reireaμ, six (persons).

móιμ-reol, m., a mainsail.

moint, -e, f., dregs, lees, filth (O'N.).

morpresc, -riže, a., dirty, filthy.

moιμτέαι, -éιι, m., mortar. moιμτέαιαċτ, -a, f., plastering.

moιητέλη, -έιη, m., a poundingmortar.

moin-teiceam, m., a great flight. mointeil. See muinteil.

móin-tíoolaice, g. id., pl. -croe,

f., a valuable gift. montrip, -e, -eaca, f., a tenon, a

mortice, a groove.

Móiriam. See múiríom.

moiteat, -tiţe, α., sensible. moiteamait, -mta, α., sulky, nice, pettish.

moιτeamlact, -a, f., niceness, pettishness, sulkiness (from moιτ, preciseness, sulkiness).

mot, g. muit and mota, pl. id., m., a beam, a shaft; a heap; a flock, a number; mot muitinn, a mill-shaft; a wheelstock.

motao, g. mota, pl. id., m., act of praising; praise, thanksgiving; act of awarding; an award; motao beinte, an arbitration or award made by two persons in a disputed case; ro-mota, praiseworthy.

motam, -ao, v. tr., I praise, extol, applaud, commend, glorify; I declare, I award, I arbitrate; I recommend (with oo); motam żú, I envy you (somet. ironically, I do not envy you).

motán, -áin, pl. id., m., a brow, a hill; a small heap or hill, a

mole.

motożać, -aiże, a., praiseworthy;

laudatory.

motcán, -áin, pl. id., m., cheese made from buttermilk; also a slough or bog. See mutcán.

mottać, -aiże, a., ragged, rough, shaggy. See możattać.

mottaio, -e, f., trouble, harm;
ouine zan maint zan mottaio,
a quiet, inoffensive person
(Don.); Sc. mulaid, grief.

mott-cloc (motta-cloc), f., a

large round stone.

molt, g. muitt, pl. id., m., a wether, a sheep; του η na molt, Wethers' Well, near Tralee; τυαιμίπ πα molt, a townland in Kerry.

mottac, -aiże, a., laudatory;

praising, extolling.

moltacán, -áin, pl. id., m., a wether.

motrán, -áin, pl. id., m., a small wether (moitrín, id.).

moltóin, -óna, -óinite, m., a

praiser, a panegyrist.

momaitineac, -niţe, a., small and bulky; as subs., a stirk; a nick-name (W. Ker.).

mómaineact, -a, f., pride (also

moomanact).

momatóz, -óize, -óza, f., a round bundle, dim. momatóizín, id.

monaban, -ain, m., backbiting, detraction; a murmuring, a grumbling; peacao an monaban, the sin of detraction (also monaban, monban, and monban).

mónaoán, -áin, pl. id., m., a red berry found in wild marshy mountains, and growing on an humble creeping plant; "Have you seen the wild monadan glisten in Kerry?" (Ed. Walshe).

monap, -aip, m., labour, work (O'N).

mónapán, -áin, pl. id., m., a bog-

berry. See monavan.
monapa, -n, -nn, f., a workshop
(from monapand da, like ceapoda, from ceapo and da).

monban. See monaban.

monban. See monaban.

mong, g. muinge, pl. -a and -aca, f., the mane or crest of a beast; a beard; long hair of the head; a growth of grass, wood, etc.; hence, a grove, a wood, a forest.

mong, g. muinge, pl. -a, -aca, f., a fen, a moor, a morass, a swampy plain; τμέ imeallaib cuμμαίς, τμέ mongaib, τμέ μίπ-μυαιότιb, through margins of morasses, through meads, through barren moorlands (O'Ra.).

mongae, -aig, -aige, m., whiting (a fish) (merlangus vulgaris), rather pollock than whiting

(Aran).

monzac, -aiże, a., fiery, red.

mongáin, -gáine, -anta, f., a roaring, a noise like that of the sea.

mongaine, g. id., pl. -nioe, m., a shaver, a clipper, a trimmer.

monganeact, -a, f., trimming, clipping, pecking.

mong buide, auburn or yellow

mong-buideac, -dige a., auburnhaired; mong-buide, id.

mongcuroe, g. id, m. a monkey, an ape.

monglac, -aiz, m., the bushy mane of a horse.

mónός, -όιςe, -όςa, f., a bogberry, a moss-berry.

mónόζαċ, -Διζe, α., abounding in berries.

monuap, interj., sorrow; alas! woe is me! woe is the day! used like the Lat. væ; monuap oaoib, væ vobis.

móμ, gsf. móιμe, comp. mó and móισe (mó σe), a., great, big, large, much, mighty, extensive, proud, elated, renowned, prized; ξο móμ-mόμ, especially; ιτ móμ απ τεάλ έ, it is very strange; ní móμ nac, almost; ιτ móμ tιοm έ, I think it too much; ní móμ σαπ έ, I want it all, it is not too much for me; ní móμ tιοm έ, I do not grudge it; ιτ móμ αξ α céite ιαο, they are very intimate; τάριαο 50 móμ

te n-a céite, id.; 50 món tuat, very early; 17 mon te μάο é, he is an important person.

móη, many, used like 10moa or 10mao; móη maigoean, many

a maiden (Fer.).

món; used like O1a as in the salutation, món 1p muipe 1p ράσμαι5 συιτ; the Sun, τά món 'na puiσe, the sun is up; món συιτ, hail! món σο θεατα, hail!

móμαό, -μτα, m., a magnifying,

extolling.

móμα συιτ, hail! See móμ. móμαιο, -e, -ισe, f., a great hill

(Don.).

mónarde, indec. a., great, grand,

proud, haughty.

móμαιόελος, -λ, f., greatness, grandeur, magnificence, pride, haughtiness.

móη-αιζεαπτας, -ταιζε, α., most cheerful, highly elate; magnani-

mous.

mónátta, indec. a., moral (A.) mónáttact, -a, f., morality

(A.)

moμάη, -áin, m., a great deal; much, many, a great many, a great number or quantity; a multitude; followed by gen.; also by oe: móμάη σε σλοιπιό, many people; móμάη móμ, a very great number, a very large quantity.

πόη- δάι ότε α ċ, -τι ξε, α., over-

whelming, destructive.

món-burbean, f., a great multi-

moμċaö, Morrogh, a man's name, esp. Morrogh of the Burnings, a notorious Earl of Inchiquin, who in the time of the Civil War destroyed houses and churches by fire without scruple. His memory is fresh still amongst the inhabitants of Munster. Connaic pé moμċaö, he got a taste of Morrogh, i.e., he has been overtaken by dire calamities; τuς pí muμċaö öó, she

gave him a beating.

móμ-corτarac, -raige, α., highly expensive, very costly.

móη-ċμοιὸe, m., great heart;

magnanimity.

móμ-choroeac, -orge, α., magnanimous; very generous.

móη-ċροιöeձċτ, f., magnanimity;

great generosity.

monc-raot, m., the falling sickness.

moμεταρ, -air, m., eruption (O'N.).

móμ-cuairo, f., a grand tour;

visit of a king to his subjects,

or of a bishop to the elergy of
his diocese.

móμ-curo, f., a great part, a great

deal (with gen.).

 Μόμ-ἐὐιτ, f., pomp, state, pride, haughtiness (generally with art.)
 Μόμ-ἐὐιτεκὸ, -τιζε, α., pompous,

stately, haughty.

món-cuma, f., great sorrow.

Μόμ-ċumaċc, m., great power.
Μόμοα, indec. a., stately, great, majestic, exalted, of high position, proud, noble, magnificent.

móριολό, -λιζε, α., proud, vain;

s. m., a proud man.

móμολότ, -a, f., greatness, ma-

jesty; pride, pomp.

móμοάιτ, -άτα, f., pride, vanity, showiness, boasting, glory, triumph; móμοάιτ, is often used in a good sense, as delight, joy, pleasure, pride: τά m. ομm 'na ταου, I am proud of it; móμοτιη, always implies contempt for others, and somet. offended pride, but not vanity or ostentation.

móμοάιt, f., an assembly, a meet-

ing, a convention.

mónoálac, -aise, α., haughty, majestic, proud, pompous, magnificent; boasting.

món-öλonnact, f., humanity, great

compassion.

móμ-οτιπċeatt, subs., a. and ad., the circuit, all round (also móιμ-τιπċeatt): móμ-τιπ-ceatt θιμεαπη uite, the great Circuit of Ireland.

móji-éinleac, m., act of cutting

off in great numbers, great destruction.

món-rainnze, f., the ocean. món-rtait, m., a great chief.

món-ξa, m., a spear to kill fish.

món-zábao, m., great danger; also

great need. mongao, -zuiste, m., corruption,

act of corrupting. monzaim, -ao, v. tr., I corrupt (monguisim, id.).

πόη-ζάιμοεαċ, -οιζε, α., rapturous, delightful.

món-zámoeacar, -air, m., rapture, delight.

món-zarce, f., heroism, prowess. mónzantac, -aize, a., magnificent.

mónzantact, -a, f., magnificence. móη-żlónac, -aiże, a., boasting, high-worded; noisy.

mόη-ζοτας, -Διζε, a., loud-voiced. món-ζμάο, m., great love.

πιόη-ζημούπωη, -ωιμε, α ., ardently loving; very amiable.

móη-ξηάιη, f., abomination; detestation.

monstac, -aite, a., corrupting, corrupted.

moης \dot{c} α \dot{c} τ, -α, f., corruption, rottenness (monstar, id.).

monzużao, -uiżce, m., putrefaction, corruption.

monguiste, indec. α., corrupt, putrid.

móη-luac, m., a great recompense, a great price, great value.

móη-luai \dot{z} , (gs. of móη-lua \dot{c}), α ., precious, costly, valuable.

 $m\acute{o}_{1}$ -luai $\dot{\varsigma}$ ea \dot{c} \dot{c} , -a, f., great merit, great value.

móμ-maoμ, m., a lord mayor; a high steward; an earl (Sc.). See maon.

monmónta, g. id., m., wormwood (artemisia absinthium).

móμ-móμ; το móμ-móμ, particularly, especially; much more; chiefly, principally (pron. in Ker., Don., etc., móμ móμ, that is, without second m being aspirated).

món-mun, f., a great sea; the ocean.

mónnán, -ánn, pl. id., m., a pail, a milk-vessel, a small wooden dish.

món-oibneac, -nize, a., having much or hard work.

móμ-olc, m., a great evil.

móη-pláiς, f., a great plague.

móη-rcó1p, f., great pleasure, freedom.

món-jluaj, -aij, -aijte, m., a great host, a multitude, an army.

móμ-roizne, f., great comfort, pleasure, delight.

món-roittre, f., great splendour, great brightness, illumination.

món-roillreac, -rize, α., splendent.

món-rhónac,-aiζe, α., large-nosed. monτ, g. muinτ, m., murder, death (Lat. mors); also filth, ordure (O'N.). See multic.

món-τάθας, f., great importance. món-tarobreac, -rije, a., showy, specious; 1r món-taiobreac 100 adanca na mbó tan lean, cows over the sea have showy horns, i.e., things seem more beautiful at a distance.

móμταρ, -αιρ, m., pride, haughtiness; somet. corrupted to mor-TAN (M.), perhaps through influence of murcan.

-Aiże, a., insolent, móntarac, haughty.

 $m \acute{o}_{1} - \dot{c}o_{1} t$, f., great delight, good pleasure.

món-tonnac, -aite, α., of great waves.

móμ-τομαό, m., great fruit.

mόη-τοητας, - α , of great plenty, fruitful.

món-thócameac, -mize, a., shewing great mercy, very merciful.

 $m \circ n$ -uairte, f., high nobility; collect., the great nobles.

móη-uallaċ, -aıże, α ., very vain, proud or boastful; haughty.

món-uarat, m., a great noble. móμυζαό, -uiζte, m., magnifying, extolling, exalting; magnificence.

móμ-υζολμ, m., a great author; a first cause (C_{\cdot}) .

móμιιζιm, -uζαό, v. tr., I magnify; extol, exalt.

morός, -όιζε, -όζα, f., a heap (also muιγεος); m. ἡμέαται τὸε, a heap of potatoes (Don.).

mot, -a, m., the male of any

creature.

moτa, g. id., pl. -10e, m., a mound; a moat; cf. Daile an moτa Ballymote, and moτa ξηάιnne 015e, Moate, Co. Westmeath.

motall, -aill, pl. id., m., a fleece; a bush of hair, shag, or fur.

motatlac, -aite, a., fleecy, hairy,

shaggy.

motan, -ain, pl. id., m., a field, a park; in Co. Clare, a stone fort in ruins; somet. applied to any stone house in ruins, or to any stone enclosure; a woody swamp.

moταη, -αιη, pl. id., m., a tuft, a cluster; a cluster of trees; long, dry vegetable growth of a fibrous

kind (E. Ker.).

moταμ, -aiμ, pl. id., m., a high sea; a loud noise.

moż-cat, m., a tom-cat (O'N.).

możtać, -aiże, a., fleecy, hairy, shaggy; rough; also możattać.

mottacán, -ánn, pl. id., m., a man with a bush of unkempt hair; a man's name.

moτηας, -αιζ, -αιζε, m., a moor, a woody swamp.

motužao, -uižte, pl. id., m., a feeling, a touch; perception.

możuiżim, -użaö, v. tr., I feel, perceive; know; touch; I feel the loss of, miss; I hear; níoμ możuiżear az τεαċτ é, he came without my perceiving it; ní możoċżá púnτ, you would not feel the loss of a pound; σο możuiżear amuiż é, I noticed his absence; σο możuiżear uaim é zo han-món, I missed him very much.

możującać, -tiże, a., feeling, sensible; perceptive; sensitive.

mu (for um), prep., about; mu'n am roin, about that time (Kea., F. F.). See mí.

muao, -aro, m., a cloud; an image; also the middle or midst.

muao, -aroe, a., noble, good; soft, tender; cf. maot.

muadaim, -dad, v. tr., I form or

shape. muan, large, great (the ordinary

M. pron. of món).

mutμán, -áin, m., corn or hay damaged by fermentation.

muc, -uice, -a, f., a pig, a hog, a sow; in pl. swine; dim. muicin, a little pig; muc μεαṁαμ, a fat pig; muc τμιαζ, a poor or lean pig; muc attra, a wild boar or pig.

muča, g. id., pl. -10e, m., an

owl.

múċaō, -ċta, m., act of smothering, stifling, obscuring, quenching, extinguishing; suffocation; asthma.

mucaożait, -e., f., act of grunting

(O'N.).

mucaroeact, -a, f., swine-herding. múcaim, -aō, v. tr., I stifle, smother, quench, obscure, extinguish.

Mucaine, g. id., pl., -nioe, m., a swineherd; a boor, a rustic.

mucamait, -mta, a., swinish, hoggish.

mucamtact, -a, f., swinishness; moroseness.

múcán, -án, pl. id., m., a chimney; a disease in horses' eyes (Con.).

muc cosaro, m., a deep sleep.
muc cosaro, f., a military contrivance whereby besiegers were covered while approaching the walls of a town (See Intro. to Ferriter's Poems).

muctaċ, -aiţ, pl. id., m. a drove of swine; a piggery; the pig-fish or sea-hog (Cork); in place names, as bán na muctaċ, a

townland in Ker.

muc mapa, f., a sea-hog, a por-

poise.

mūćna, indec. a., dark, gloomy, morose; tá múčna, a day of gloominess (O'Br.).

muċός, -όιςe, -όςα, f., broom-rape (O'N.).

muc-naixe, f., a gammon of bacon.

muc puao, f., bream.

muc rneacta, f., a drifted heap of snow.

múċτλ, p. a., stifled, extinguished, quenched; sunken; το-múċτλ, unquenchable.

mucuroe, g. id., pl. -ote, m., a swine-herd (murcroe, id.).

muc-upc and muc-upcao, m., the grease or fat of swine (P. O'C.).
muoaim, muoao. See musaim,

mużaö.

muoán, -áin, m., anything hollow, as a cow's horn when empty

 $(P. \ O'C.).$

muoaptan, -ain, pl. id., m., an ankle; the ankle-bone, the knuckle-bone; the round top or head of anything, as of a pin, etc.

muotac, -ais, m., puddle, sink-

water. See munlac.

muǯa, m., loss; straying, missing, wanting; killing, dying, perishing; destruction; in the phr., out 1 muǯa, to go to loss, to be lost, to go astray; cun 1 muǯa, to cause to be lost; cunțir mo cootao 1 muǯa ομm, you have disturbed my sleep, I cannot fall asleep on account of your action. See muǯaım.

mużao, -uiżce, m., defeating,

destroying, killing.

mużaim, -ao, v. tr., I defeat, destroy, put to death (obs.).

muzomán, -áin, pl. id., m., a wild carrot.

muzużaż. See mużaż.

muzuizim, -użao, v. tr. and intr., I kill or destroy; I die, perish.

muic-reoit, -ota, f., pork, swine-

flesh, bacon.

muicióe, g. id., pl. id., m., a swineherd. See mucuióe.

Muici veact, -a, f. See mucai veact.

murcín, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a little pig.

muicineae, -nit, pl. id., m., a vulgar person; a plebeian.

muic-inip, f., one of the ancient names of Ireland; a small island in Cuan an pin moin, Galway; cf. Oinc-inip, Orkney.

muic-ipip, -e, f., the fastenings by which a basket is held on the back; a soft clumsy rope.

muic-piże (=piże muice), f., a gammon of bacon. See muc-

11013e.

muιο, the 1st pl. termination of verbs separated from the stem, and somet. used as equivalent to "we" in Con. and U., as τά muιο=τάιmίο, we are.

Muioim, -oeam, v. tr. and intr., I spring up, burst forth, de-

feat.

murtéao, -é10, pl. id. and -é10e,

m., a muffler (A.).

muiţ (or muiţ), in phr. a muiţ (a maiţ), out of doors, outside (with verbs of rest); ran amuiţ, stay out of doors; cia hé rin amuiţ? who is he who is without? See amuiţ.

múiz, g. múize, f., gloom, darkness; a surly countenance; a

mist; melancholy.

muizin, g. id., pl. -ide, m., a little mug.

muildeann, m., a high or towering head.

muilceann, -cinn, m., fellwort, pennygrass, (gentiana amarella).

muiteann, -tinn, pl. -tne m., a mill; az out 'ran muiteann onm, puzzling me, getting beyond my control; muiteann zaoite, a windmill; muiteann tuataro, a tucking-mill.

múileoz, -015e, -034, f., a mould;

a condition.

muilte, g. id., pl. -lioe, m., a mule.

muitteán, -áin, pl. id., m., a little bell.

muilleat, -a, -aiòe, m., the diamond in cards; in Mayo muilleat, a diamond (C. S., II., 322).

inuitteoip, -opa, -oipióe, m., a miller (also muitneoin).

muilteoineact, -a, f., business of a miller, grinding.

muilteoz, -oize, -oza, f., a small red berry.

muime. See buime.

Munimeac, -niż, pl. id., m., a Munsterman, as a., Munster.

mun, -e, f., the vine; the thorntree; a bush or bramble; the name of the letter m.

muin, -e, -ioe, f., the neck; back; point of contact of neck and shoulders; an addition; an muin, "on the neck of," upon, above, over, on, on top of; behind, with gen.; an muin na muice, "all right"; oe muin, because of, in consequence of.

munce, g. id., pl. -croe, f., a bracelet, a necklet, a necklace,

a collar.

muin-ceann, m., the height, summit, or surface of anything.

muin-ceap, m., a pillory or stock for the neck.

muncitte, g. id., pl. -trõe, m., a sleeve (pron. in M. munnitate).
muneac, -niţ, -niţe, m., a thicket

of thorns; thorns (also muine).

muineac, -niże, a., pertaining to
thorns.

muineac, g. -niţ, pl. -niţe and muinee, m., a back or hill, a ridge or wave; táim με muineib na móμ-ἡμυτ, beside the waves of the great streams (O'Higgins).

múneact, -a, f., teaching, instruction.

múmeao, -nce, m., instruction, education; good behaviour; once múme, a teacher.

munéat, g. -néit and -nít, pl.
-néit and -nít (in sp. l., genly.
nom. muneát, g. -nít, pl. id.),
m., the neck; the neck or narrow
part of any object; munéat
na táime, the wrist; munéat
maioe náma, the neck or narrow part of an oar, next the
blade; píob munít, the neck,
also the windpipe.

muméalac, -taize, a., belonging to the neck; slender.

muing, -e, -eanna, f.. the mane of a horse. See mong.

muinz, -e, -eanna, f., a sedgy plain, a morass. See monz.

muing-car, -caire, a., having twisted hair; also mong-car.

mungeac, -515e, a., having a flowing mane; belonging to a mane.

muin-żeóc, m., a neck-yoke.

Muinglim, -31t, v. tr., I munch.

municeac, -ciże, a., stiff-necked, obstinate.

muınığım, -ıuğaö, v. intr., I hope or confide in.

muiniţin, -ţne, -ţneaca, f., hope, trust, confidence, cheer; τά m. azam ar, I confide in him.

munifineac, -żniże, a., trustful in, reliant, confidential; stout, confident (with prep. ar).

múnnm, vl. múna o and múnea o, v. tr., I teach, give instruction (to, oo), lead.

Mumużać, -iżte, m., act of hoping or confiding in.

muinmean, m., hemlock (conium maculatum).

Muinncean (muinncin), -cine, f., people, folk, family, tribe, clan; following of a chief; persons; party in the state; a Religious Order; Muinncean Laosaine, the O'Learys; muinntean mo céite, my wife's family and relatives (my "people-in-law"); é réin 'r a muinnteap, himself and his relatives; mac muinntine, filius familias; mic muinntipe, ionann rin hé a háo azur na mic nac bí readite ó lám-rmact a n-aicheac, that is, a mac muinncipe is one who is still under paternal sway; atain paterfamilias muinncine, a (Kea., T. S.).

muinnteapac, -paige, a., having friends or associates; very

friendly.

munnteapos, indec. a., friendly, kind, courteous, familiar; re-

lated; oume mumnreamoa, a friend, a relative; zá ré m. oam, he is a relative of mine: tá ré m. tiom, he is friendly to me.

muinnteapoar, -air, m., friend-

ship, kindness, favour.

muin-neaman, -neimne, a., thicknecked.

muince, p. a., taught, instructed, educated; learned, polite, goodmannered; oea5-m., well-educated, of good behaviour.

muinceact, -a, f., docility, polite-

ness, good breeding.

múınceoin, -ona, -oinioe, m., a

teacher.

muin, g. mana, pl. id., f., the sea; an muin Ruao, the Red Sea; muin n-10cc, the Sea of Wight, the English Channel, a sea between England and Gaul; muin Commian, the Tyrrhene or Tuscan Sea, and often the Mediterranean

muipbeac, -biże, f., a long, sandy beach; sandy soil by the seashore (pron. mujnižeać in Ker.,

munbac Don.).

muinbeac, -biže, a., sandy, as soil adjacent to the sea; talam m., sandy soil, whether inland or maritime (Aran). Some Aran Islanders say that it can only apply to land near the sea.

muipoeacaiże, g. id., f., sandy

soil by the sea-side.

muin-breata, sea laws of Ireland. muιη-δηύςτ, f., a high tide; seawreck; anything borne ashore by the tide.

muin-cheac, f., depredation at sea

(O'N.).

muip-cheacaine, m., pirate

(O'N.).

muine, f., Mary; the common form is máine, but muine is still used for the Blessed Virgin Mary.

muipeac, -μιζ, pl. id., m., a sailor

or mariner.

muineatac, -aize, f., a kind of long grass growing near the sea in soft wet places, it is used by fishermen for making ropes.

muinean, m., a bird of the size of a small duck, and having a darkgrey back and a long narrow white bill (Don.).

muineann, -nne,-aioe, f., a weight, a load (of hair, etc.); a family considered as a burthen or

charge. See munnean.

muipeannac, -ai $\dot{z}e$, a., in heavy

masses (of the hair).

Muipeap (muipioeap), -pip, m., a load, a weight, a burthen; a household, a family; bí muiltean a céibe téi, her weight of hair was hanging down.

muipeapač, -aiže, a., heavy locks of hair; having a

large family to support.

muinean-rolt, m., a heavy mass of hair.

muiη-żéaz, f., a frith, an arm of the sea.

 $mu_1\mu$ - $\dot{\varsigma}e_1\iota c$, f., a mermaid.

mu₁η- $\dot{\varsigma}$ e₁ητ le $\dot{\varsigma}$ τ, f., sea-magic. muinzineac, -niże, α., dull, stupid.

Mulpijean, -żne, -żneaca, f., a burden; a charge; a family; tá muipižean mop aip, he has a large family; rean muminine (also ream mumizin), a man with a family; muinizean mo oá tám, as much as I could lift with both arms (somet. muiniżeall); nom. also muiniżin.

muιμιζιπελέ, -πιζε, a., weighty, burdensome; having a large or

heavy family.

muιμι $\dot{χ}$ nι $\dot{χ}$ im, -nι $u\dot{χ}$ $\dot{χ}$ ο \dot{v} , v, tr., \dot{V} load, burthen.

muιμίη, g. id., pl. -ròe, m. a shellfish.

Muipineac, iniz, m., sea matweed (also muinin); muinin na muc, a kind of edible seaweed, used sometimes for feeding pigs.

muipteac, -tis, pl. id., in., a marsh

(Ros.); a puddle (Kilk.).

mulpleoz, -015e, -05a, f., a stout little person.

muniteos, -015e, -03a, f., a rod basket for sand-eels or wilks (Don.).

muiplim, -teso, v. intr., I crumble.

minin-lingeao, -zee, m., act of scaling a wall.

muinn, -e, f., affection, natural affection, love; somet. muinn.

muifine, g. id., f., fondness, tenderness, natural affection. muinn.

muinneac, -niz, -nize, m., a sheep or goat that loses her young, and runs dry on that account (Aran).

muipneac, -niże, a., fond, affectionate, tender; delicate; cheerfull; full of love (of the eyes) (McD.); somet. múnneac.

muinneac, -nis, -nise, m., a lovable person.

muinneact, -a, f, caressing, fondling.

muinnéir, -e, f., love, affection, endearment.

mυιμπεος, -015ε, -05 α , f., an affectionate young girl.

Multinizim, -niużao, v.tr., I caress, fondle, treat affectionately.

Muinin, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a sweetheart; a term of endearment; little dear; dim. of muinne; a muinnin, my little darling; used very generally in conversation, like sir, etc., in English, where no particular affection is implied: 'r eao, a muinnin, yes, indeed, sir; pron. generally muinnin, except in U.

multineact, -a, f., caressing, fondling.

Muin-nabanca, m., a spring tide; a high sea. See nabanca.

muin-marc, m., a sea-marsh.

muipreionn, -a, -ca, m., a spout-

muippe, g. id., pl., -rioe, f., seashore.

muin-reirc, f., sea-sedge.

muipt, -e, f., mud, mire, corruption; slime (as of copulation).

muipe, -e, -eanna, f., a load, a weight, a burthen; riches.

muin-téao, m., a cable; a warp. muincil, -cle, a., weighty, heavy, awkward (as animals

young); stupid, dull; an bóioín bocc muincil, the poor ungainly cow (of a cow near calving); lazy, heavy (of persons). mulp, -e, -eanna, f., a frowning

lip (O'N.).

múirc, -e, f., a pulp; a vomit; ronn múirce, an inclination to vomit (Aran).

múrcín, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a scol-

lop, a kind of fish.

murre, interj., indeed, well indeed. See maire; muire or maire in M.

muireac, -riże, a., frowning with

blubbered lips (O'N.).

múireán and lurna na múireán, m., the primrose (primula veris). mulpiall, a curb, a muzzle (A.).

muiríom, fear, wonder, excitement.

múiriúm or muiriún, in phr. múiriúm cooatta, a wink of sleep, a doze (M.) See muiríom.

mul, -uil, pl. id. and mula, m., an axle-tree; a conical heap, a mound.

mulac. - aiż, - aiże, m., a sea-calf (also mulbac).

mután, -áin, pl. id., m., a little hill, a knoll, a heap; a stack of corn; a rick of hay.

mutcán, -áin, pl id., m., an owl;

mulca, id.

mulcán, -áin, pl. id., m., cheese made from buttermilk,; Speaoteine oo mulcán ip oo bainne caopac, use a strong fire for mulchán and sheep's milk.

mulocan, m., a manly fist, a shut

fist (U'N).

mullac, g. -a1 \tilde{z} , pl. -a1 \tilde{z} e and -aca, m., top, summit, chief of anything; the head; ríonmullac, the very top; tá ré 50 món 'ran m. onm, he blames me greatly.

mullacán, -áin, pl. id., m., a peak, a hill; a large-headed

person.

mullán, -áin, pl. id., m., a hillock; a mole; a bell; a kind of milking vessel; the paten that covers the chalice in the celebration of Mass; muttáin eibin, round granite stones found in the Aran Islands, always resting on the small end (the islands are of limestone formation).

mullóz, -ó1ze, -óza, f., the paten which covers the chalice;

multán, id.

mutnur, -uir, pl. id., m., pollock

(Mayo), also muntur.

muma, -man, f., Munster (with the article); մր-muma, Ormond; Ծear-muma, Desmond; Շսուmuma, Thomond.

mún, g. múin, m., urine; putrid

water.

muna, conj., with past tense munaμ, if not, unless; muna mbeato, but for; acc muna, unless.

munab, if it be not, unless it be, unless; acc munab, unless; acc munab e(50), but for, only that. See assertive verb 17 (Parad.).

munabap. See monabap, 7c. munabpac. See monabpac.

múnaċ, -aiże, α., pertaining to urine; frequently urinating.

múnao, g. múnae, m., act of teaching, instructing; instruction, learning; education. See múneao.

Múnaim, vl. mún, v. tr. and intr.,

I urinate.

múnaim, I teach. See múinim.

munban. See monaban.

mún rota, m., red murrain (in cattle).

munʒaċ, -aiʒ̇, -aiʒ̇e, m., coal-fish. mun-ʒtaṛ, m., a fetter or shackle for the neck; muinéat-ʒtaṛ, id.

mun- $\dot{\xi}$ larta, p. a., fettered or yoked by the neck (O'N.).

munta, g. id., pl.-Aroe, m., a mould (as for making candles, etc.).

muntac, -aiz, m., a puddle; dirty water; a sink; animal urine or excrement.

| múntóiμ, -όμα, -όιμιόe, m., a moulder; one who fashions anything.

Μύμ, -ύιμ, -ċa, m., a cloud of dust, etc.; a shower; 'na municab Laphac, in clouds of flame; τά γέ 'na mun ċaμ ζμέιη, it is irreparable (Bere.). See γπύμ.

muη, -úη, pl. id. and -ta, m., a wall; a house; a fortification, a bulwark, a rampart, a pro-

tection.

múμ, -úιμ, m., reddish seaweed; múμ ουδ, black seaweed.

mun, muna, munan, and munan, corruptions of muna, unless.

muηαċ, -ai¸ċ, -ai¸ċe, m., murex, purple shell-fish; any kind of shell-fish.

múμαċ, -aiţ, m., slab-mud or puddle got from the sea-shore, used for manure (P. O'C.); seaweed.

múμαċ, -aiṣ, pl. id., m., a moor. múμαċ, -aiṣe, a., possessed of castles.

mupapac. See muipeapac. mup-bnúcc. See muip-bnúcc.

múμ-öμυζ, m., a fort, a stronghold, a walled town.

munconao, -ητα, pl. id., m., anything thrown up by the sea.

muμτολί, -Διί, m., murder, crime, terror (A.). This word is common enough in M. in phrases like mite muμτολί, horror of horrors; it is not often used to denote murder in the strict sense; muμτολή (Don.).

Muր-ἐΔιτόce, g. id., f., sea-marsh. Muր-ԷΔΒάιΙ, -άΙΔ, -άΙσΔ, f., an

arm of the sea.

múηξαιt, -e, f., act of descending in showers; showers of rain.

Μήμζαιτεας, -τιζε, α., showery.
 Μυμιτας, -αιζ, -αιζε, π., kingfisher.

muptur, -uir, pl. id., mackerel (Tory and Don.).

munmónta, g. id., m., wormwood (artemisia absinthium).

muμμαό, -αιό, m., a harpoon.

muni-junice (Riarc na mana), f., sea-shore, a sea marsh; also a district in the west of Mayo.

muμγαιμε, g. id., pl. -μιόε, m., a

consequential person, one who domineers, a tyrant.

muntanac, -aige, a., consequential, domineering, tyrannical.

muppanta, indec. a., domineering, tyrannising.

muntantac, -aiże, a., conse-

quential, domineering.

Μυμγανταότ, -a., f., power, tyranny, haughtiness, domineering; γά m. an σίσπασιπιγ, under the subjection of idleness.

mupturoe, g. and pl. id., a sea-man.

See manaroe.

muntuite, g. id., pl. -tre, f., floodtide; hence surname, us muntuite, O'Hurley in M.

murcaine, g. id., pl. -proe, m., a

gross, fat person.

múrcatzac, -zaiże, a., watchful, wakeful.

múrcattact, -a, f., watchfulness, wakefulness.

múrcán, -áin, pl. id., m., hosefish; sponge, fungus.

múrcán, -áin, m., stench, rotten-

ness, mustiness.

murcán, -áin, m., pith (of wood). múrcánταė, -aiże, a., musty, stinking; múrcánτα, id.

múrclao, g. múrcailte, m., aet of awaking; an awakening, a

rousing.

múrclaim, -cailt, v. tr. and intr., I wake, awake, waken, awaken; múrcail το meirneac, summon up courage; το τάζ balb mo ceanza cum manna το múrcailt το comain, left my tongue silent, unable to sing a verse to welcome you; ας caraò ir ας múrcailt a bó, herding (lit., turning back when they go too far) and wakening his cows.

murcap, -aip, m., a muster, a gathering, a review; lá murcaip, a mustering day; capaill murcaip, horses for a review.

murcan, -ain, m., pride, boasting, vain-glory; arrogance, self-sufficiency.

murtapaċ, -aiże, α., ostentatious, vain, boasting.

murcano, -aino, m., mustard.

murtaμún, -ún, pl. id., m., a braggart; meiteat murtaμún, a number of persons collected by an idle braggart to do work which he could himself have done.

múrún, -úin, pl. id., m., a slight doze; m. covatza, a slight sleep. See múiriún.

muc. See rmuc.

múτα, g. id., pl. -Διόe, m., a stump, a remnant, a ruin, a moat; múιτίn (dim. id.); also móτα.

Mucac. See rmucac.

múzaiże, g. id., f., mouldiness. See

rmúcaije.

muτός, -όιζε, -όζα, f., a hand or glove without fingers; the stump of a tree, castle, etc.

1 (num, the ash tree), the eleventh letter of the Modern Irish

Alphabet.

n, a remnant of case ending projected to the word following, producing what is called *eclipsis* of the succeeding inital consonant. It remains n-before vowels, o and 5; becomes m before b, and affects the consonants τ , c, p, \mathfrak{r} , making them sound like o, 5, b, b, which latter are respectively written before them thus oc, 5c, bp, br. It is found after the numerals react, oct, naoi, veic; after the pronouns, an, our; ban, your; a, their; after prep. 1 (A); after relative combined with prep.; after the article when a noun is governed by a prep., though often aspiration of the initial consonant supplies its place (preps. oo and oe do not project n); after preps. ending in a vowel before poss. pr., le n-a láim, ó n-a ceann; peact n-aon, sac noume, etc., are found in modern MSS.

ná, neg. part., used before impera-

tives, not, do not; ná buait, do not strike; before vowels h is inserted, as ná hiapp, do not ask; used imperatively even in 1st sing.: ná cluinim, let me not hear; used also before some optatives; e.g. ná pabao, may I not be; veatb zo veo ná pabaip, may you never be wretchedly poor; ná paib an raiv pin ve luizeacán bliavna opt; ná pabaiv zan teact, etc., etc. (with other verbs náp is used).

11ά, conj., nor, neither; ní't ón ná ainzeao azam, I have neither

gold nor silver.

i) ά (naċ), conj. that not, ης ρίομ ná runt, used indiscriminately with ης ρίομ naċ Եρυπ, it is true that there is not, etc. (ná is used generally in M., naċ in Leath Chuinn); before pf. tense it combines with μο, becoming náμ (ná+μο), naċaμ (naċ+μο). See náμ and naċaμ.

ná used as an enumerative and descriptive particle, namely, 17 140 na τηι α δί απη πά Τοπάς, Seaζάη, 7c. the men who were there were Thomas, John, etc.

ná, conj., for (Don. and Mayo); prob. the same as nó. See nó (3).

'na, abbrev. for 1 n-a, in his, in her, in its, in their, in whom, in which, in what.

ns, gf. and also pl. of an, def. article, the.

-na (and -ne), an emphatic particle used after 1st person pl., as an

brean-na, our man.
'ná, for 10 ná, than, used after comparatives; 1r reánn ruive 1 n-'aice 'ná ruive 1 n-'ionao, it is better to sit beside it than

sit in its place.

Inac, conj. (eclipses in modern Irish), that not; ό nac (colloq. μαιμ nac), since not; go nac (go στί nac), until not; assertive verb is omitted after nac (which does not then eclipse); η μίση nac σίση σόιδ

chainn, it is true that trees afford them no shelter; before pf. tense it combines with no becoming nacan, which see; after negatives, expressed or implied, ná zo is used in M. for nac; the eclipsis caused by nac is quite modern; beaz nac, beaznac, little but, almost, nearly.

nac (an interrog. part. used in a neg. form), what? how? is . . not? nac ptiuc atá an tá, how wet the day is! nac bear an buacaitt é, what a nice boy he is (ironically); nac é reo taos?

is this not Tadhg?

nacaμ (aspirates), that ... not, etc. (see nac), is the form used before past tense, let not, that may not; when ba, ab of the assertive v. are omitted, nacaμ= was it not, etc.; in colloquial usage nacaμ is now confined to U., and even there naμ is as common; in M. and Con., naμ only is used; often in U. nacaμ= M. na σμμ in negative sentences.

nacanb, was it not? (nac + no + ba,

assertive v.).

 n_{a0} , $-a_{10}$, $m_{.}$, the buttocks.

náoa, g. id., m., a bit, a morsel; with neg., nothing; also nároe

(from Sp. nada).

nάούιη, -e, and -ύηια, f., nature; disposition, kindness, esp. kindness or feeling for one's relatives, parents, etc.; Kea. calls Adam cinn ticin na nάούιμε σαοπια (T.S.); the word nature in English has a host of meanings which will not apply to nάούιμ, as, the system of the world, natural scenery, etc.; O'N. absurdly derives nάούιμ from nac, perfection, and úιμ, earth; also nάούμ.

náoúpac, -aiże, a., good-natured,

kindly, accommodating.

náούμτα, indec. a., natural; goodnatured, kindly (of persons), also kindly (of a soil); bár náoúμτα, a natural death (as opposed to a spiritual death (Kea.); a ὅμίξ αξυγ α ἀυπαγ πάούμὰα, his natural vigour and strength (Kea.); as applied to persons πάούμὰα especially refers to kindness or feeling for one's relatives; a person is called πάούμὰα for shedding tears on hearing of some misfortune that befell a cousin, an aunt, etc., but I have never heard the word applied to persons in regard to their kindness to the poor or to strangers.

náούμτας, -a, f., good nature, kindness, readiness to bestow.

nazaroín, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a precocious youth (Don.); -oán, id. nazar, -e, a., gentle, comely, handsome (O'N.).

náto (or nátoe). See náoa.

naro, -oe, pl. -oróe or -oeanna, f., a lamprey; also an adder, a snake.

naroe, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a man, a husband; a sinner.

naidean. See naoidean.

naróm, -aóma, -aómanna, f., a lien, a bargain, a covenant; an earnest; also a bondsman, a surety (O'N.); naróm na bonuma, an obligation of paying fines. See rnaróm.

narom-ceangal, m., a covenant, a confederacy. See prarom-

ceanzal.

narom-ceanglaim, -zat, v. tr., I covenant, confederate.

naill béil, m., a bridle-bit.

naimoeac, -oiże, a., inimical, spiteful, hateful, fierce.

námoeamail, -mla, a., inimical, hostile, as an enemy, vicious.

námoeamlact, -a, f., enmity, spite, hatred.

spite, hatred.

náimoear and náimoeamnact, id.

námoije, indec.a., hostile, vicious, spiteful.

námoine, g. id., f., enmity, hostility (also námoaine).

nainz, -e, -eaca, f., a foster-

mother; namgín, dim.; namg móμ, a grandmother (O'N.); ef. Nanny and Nain, used for grandmother.

naipcín, g. id., pl. -nioe, handkerchief, napkin; naipcín póca,

pockethandkerchief.

náiμ, f., shame, bashfulness; mo náiμ é, shame! I am ashamed at it! ir náiμ vó é, it is a shame for him, used only in ir phrases. See náiμe.

náiμ, -e, a., noble; modest, bash-

ful.

náipe, g. id., f., shame, confusion, bashfulness, modesty; mo náipe, but more generally mo náipe, or mo náipe, é, shame! O shame! náipe το το το το το με το το με ακλαμεί το πο πάιρε το, my shame art thou; ας caitteamaint a náipe, losing his shame, becoming shameless.

námeac, -mize, a., shameful; bashful, modest, coy, demure.

námeact, -a, f., bashfulness, modesty, shyness.

náiproeacτ, -a, f., bashfulness, shame.

náιμιζιm, -μιυζαό, v. tr., I shame, confuse, make ashamed; ná náιμιζ mé, do not put me to shame (also ná ταθαιμ náιμε σαm).

náipiużao, -piżże, m., putting to

shame; confusing.

naircim, vl. narc, v. tr., I bind; followed by an=I enjoin on, beseech to perform an act.

náiriún, -úin, pl. id., m., a nation

(A.).

náiriúnta, indec. a., national.

náipiúntačt, -a, f., nationality (a new word).

naiteannac, -aije, a., peevish, cross.

natt (n-att), in phr. anatt, hither (after verbs of motion); anonn 'r anatt, hither and thither (strictly thither and hither); anatt tan rannse, hither from across the sea. See att; mam anatt, always up to

the present time (Don.).

pram.

natt, -aitt, pl. id., m., a bridle. See naitt beit.

nattacán, -án, pl. id., m., a bridle-maker (O'N.).

nattóro, prop. attóro, which see. náma, f., an enemy. See námaro. namá, ad., only, alone, except (obs.); old form of amáin.

náma o amail, -o amla, a., envious,

inimical.

námaoar, -air, pl. id., m., enmity,

hatred, hostility.

ກລໍກໍລາວ, g. -ກໍລວ, d. -ກໍລາວ, pl. ກລໍາກ່ວຍ, gpl. ກລໍາກ່ວຍ, dpl. ກລໍາກ່ວຍ, nom. also ກລໍກໍລ, f., an enemy, an adversary.

námaroeac, -orże, a., hostile, violent, inimical; cross, peevish.

namaroize, g. id., f., a peevish, conceited little creature, a spoilt child; usually applied to little girls of perverse manners, or to persons of childish or affected habits (Ker.).

naobός, -όιζε, -όζα, f., a canoe. a coracle. See naomός.

naoòán, -áin, pl. id., m., a well, a spring, a fountain (O'N.).

naoi (eclipses), num., nine.

naoi, m., a man, a person, any human creature; Noah.

naoroe, g. id. and -ean, m. and f., a young child, a babe, an infant, a young girl (cf. báb); η naoroe beaz temb mé σο horteao te ταοιθ ζηάπησε διζ', I am a young child (girl) who was reared beside [the Moat of] Grenogue (Art McC.).

nnaoroeacoact, -a, f., the golden

number.

nnaoroeact, -a, f., infancy.

maoi-oéaz, indec. num., nine-teen.

naoroe. in pl. id. and -a, m., a young child, an infant. See

infant, a young child (this word is used largely in sp. l., it is pron. as a dissyllable with stress on

the first, but the second long, naoi-nan).

naoroeanoa, indec. a., childlike, simple; often an epithet of a fair maiden; cf. naoroeanoa, nareac (Kea.).

naoroeanoact, -a, f., infancy, childhood; simplicity of man-

ners.

naoim-circ, -e, f., a sacristy.

naoim-cleactao, m., a holy habit or practice.

naoim-oéanam, m., canonization. naoim-oéanam, vl. naoim-oéanam,

v. tr., I sanctify, I canonize.

naoimior, -a, f., November, lit.

ninth month (also naoimí).

naoim-10γταό, m., a sanctuary. naoim-neaċτ, -a, pl. id., m., Divine law.

naoım-reancar, m., sacred history, lives of the saints.

naoim-reapcar, m., holy love, devotedness.

naoim-téicr, m., a holy text. naoim-théigrin, f., apostacy.

 \mathbf{n} a orca, f, a snipe. \mathbf{n} a ori, -ori, pl. id. m. a saint, a

holy person.

naom, -orme, a., holy, sacred (used as an inseparable prefix, except in the word an Spionao naom, the Holy Ghost); as a separate adj. naomia is used.

naom-ablann, f., the Consecrated Host.

naomao, -muisce, m., sanctification.

naomao, indec. num. a., ninth; naomao-oéaz, nineteenth (noun coming between naomao and oéaz).

naomaim, -aò, v. tr., I hallow,

sanctify.

nao \dot{m} -aiti γ , f., blasphemy against the saints or holy things.

naom-aitireat, -rije, a., blas-phemous.

naom-aitireoip, -opa, -oipioe, m., a blasphemer.

naom-aitipizim, -iużao, v. tr., I blaspheme.

naom-atam, m., a holy father, of the fathers of the Church.

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naom-corpressão, m., consecration.

naom-corpreasam, -sao, v. tr., I consecrate.

naom-Copp, m., the Sacred Body of Christ in the Eucharist.

naom-cuing, -e, f., holy yoke. naom-ouan, f., a canticle (O'N).

naom-ξασαισελότ, f., sacrilege by stealing a sacred thing, or from a sacred place.

naom-zaouroe, m., one who commits sacrilege by stealing something sacred, or from a sacred place.

naom-żoro, f., sacrilege committed by stealing something sacred, or from a sacred place.

naom-mallużao, -uiżce, m., act of blaspheming, blasphemy.

naom-malluizim, -użao, v. intr... I blaspheme.

παοπόζ, -όιζε, -όζα, f., a small boat, a cot, a canoe; the form of boat to which this is now especially applied is used along

the coast of Kerry. naom-repipe, f., Holy Scripture. naom-rmuaineao, m., holy cogitation.

naom-rpiopao, m., the Holy Ghost (poet.); we also say an Spionao naom (-ppionaio, f., is also used).

naomita, indec. a., holy, sanctified, sacred.

naomitace, -a, f., holiness, sanctification, sanctity.

naom-tairc, -ce, f., a sacristy, a vestry.

naomužao, -uište, m., sanctifica-

tion, act of sanctifying. naom-uroe, f., a holy career.

naomuizim, -użao, v. tr., sanctify.

naonban, -ann, m., nine persons: twenty-seven thi naonbain, persons; naoi naonbain, 81 persons, is a favourite expression in tales, sayings, etc.; it is lengthened commonly to naor

naonbain naoi n-uaine, 729 persons, in U and Mea.

naorca, g. id., pl. -roe, f., a snipe: nom. also naorc, naorcać and naoire; naorcán (Don.).

naorcać, -aiże, -aċa, f., a snipe. (C. gives this word as m., but I always heard it f., as 50b naorcaise; in B. it is m.)

naorcac, -aiże, α., abounding in

snipe.

naopeathe, g. id., pl. -proe, m., a shooter of snipe, a snipecatcher; a stroller, a vagrant, an idler.

naorcaineact, -a, f., snipe-shooting; strolling, idling; also inconstancy (O'N.).

naphún, m., an apron. See aphún.

man, 1 n-an, in our.

nán (ná+no) (aspirates), who... not, which . . . not, that . . . not; whether not; lest; may not; form of ná (nac) (which see) before past tense and somet. before cond.; assertive v. 1r often understood: nán b'réioin, that it was not possible; nán beaz, that it was not little, that it was sufficient.

náη (ná, imperat. part., + μο) (aspirates), used before pres. opt., that not, that may not; náp řeiceao zo bpát apír é, may I never see him again; nán leizio Oia, God forbid! cf. also the quatrain:

nán žeibead-ra bár a coince 'S nan cumtean rior 1 ocal-

am mé,

50 mbero mo capaill ir mo C401/115

Ir mo maoin as react a baile cusam.

nán, -áine, α., shameful; modest, bashful.

ηάη, -άιη, m., shame, modesty, bashfulness.

nápa (=nápab), may he (she, it) not be; náma vé vo beata, never welcome you! nápa vé σο ξηό (rláince, raocan), may your business (health, labour) not prosper; nátia bean gan mac oo mátait, may your mother not be a woman without a son.

ná μα', a colloquial abbr. of ná μαιδ; ná μα' mαιτ αζατ, no thanks to you; ef. ζο μα' mαιτ αζατ; cao é an ιοης παιδ αστ ζυμ πά μα' mαιτ é, what wonder, were it not that it is a matter of no thanks, it must be done. This is not an abbr. of πάμαδ; τά mαιτ αζατ is a possible phrase, but not ιτ μαιτ αζατ.

náμαδ [ná (imperat. part.) + μ (connecting) + αδ (dep. form of ιγ)], may (he, etc.) not be; that there is not, was not; náμαδ é οο beata, never wel-

come you!

náμαιρτε, p. a., wearied, worried, exhausted; τά mo ċnáma náμαιρτε αξατ, you have me wearied out (with talk) (U.).

náμö, was it not? etc., that it was not (náμ and ba, past tense of assertive verb μ); náμö' é, that it was not he; náμö' é? was it not he?

πάρο, -άιρο, m., spikenard; also skill, knowledge (O'N).

πάρτολό, -Διζε, α .. skilful (O'N.). πάρτιτζιπ, πάρτιτζού. See πάιριτζιπ, πάρτιτζού.

 $n \stackrel{.}{a}_{r}$, $-\stackrel{.}{a}_{1r}$, $pl. id., m. a fair, whence the name <math>n \stackrel{.}{a}_{r}$ or N = (O'N.).

naγαμόα, indec. a., Nazarene; loγa naγαμόα, Jesus of Nazareth (McD.).

napapoact, -a, f., Nazarenism.

narc, -airc, pl. id., m., a collar, a chain, a ring, a bracelet; a tie, a bond, an obligation; narc όιμ, a gold chain; maopa nairc, a chained dog.

mimicking me, or ridiculing me (M.); at-narc is omitted from its proper place. See ταοτ

narc

narcao, .cta, m., an obligation, a binding, a fastening; act of binding, fastening.

narcam, -aö, v. tr., I bind, tie, chain, make fast, secure.

narcanne, g. id., pl. -phoe, m., a surety, one that becomes bound for another.

narcaineact, -a, f., act of securing, making sure.

narcap, -aip, pl. id., m., a defence or fortification; also a surety, a

bail, a security.
narchiao, -aio, m., a champion's bracelet; fig. a rallying or bind-

ing chief (O'Ra.).

nat, -a, m., cant. natain, g. -that and -aitheat, pl. nathata and naitheata, f., a snake, a serpent, an adder, a

viper, an asp; nataly neime, an adder, a viper (somet. incorrectly, ataly neime)

παταιμεαότ, -α, f., giving short answers, giving tit for tat; sauciness, forwardness.

nażaspeamast, -mta, a., poisonous, snake-like.

načán, -áin, pl. id., m. an old saying, a proverb (Don.). See

παταμόα, indec. α., poisonous, venomous; used of warriors in a favourable sense.

naċμaċτa, indec. a. pertaining to serpents (as venom, etc.).

rinne (=pinn-ne), vínne, linne,

10nnainne, etc.

neac, indec. indef. pr. (formerly g. neic, d. neoc), one, some one, any one, a person, an individual, any person; with neg., no one; the old d. neoc is still used as nom. in part of U.; aon neac, any one, one; zac neac, every person, every one; zac aoinneac, better zac aoinne, everyone; neac pip ná mná (neoc pip nó mná, E. U.), anyone, man or woman (used always with neg); e.g.:

ní l neoc pip ná mná D'a ndeappaid é zac thát, A dtéid a n-anam zo hippeann zo bhát. neactan, indec. pr., either, one of two (still used in Wat. and Cork); ceactan is used indiscriminately for neactan; ceactan is common in the modern poets, but refers to more than two, as ni ceactan σίοδ σάτι Διηπηιζης 10' γιάι ότιδ mé (E.R.); neactan, is most usual in Wat., etc., in the expression nó neactan aca (pron. nú neaconeac'-a) = or else, otherwise (lit. or one of the two of them, i.e. of the two alternatives); naza cú an rcoil, nó neactan aca, zeoba mé ont; from neactan dicts. give neac-Tanac, neutral, and neactanact, neutrality, but these meanings cannot be strictly deduced from the meaning of the word neac-Tan, if taken without a negative.

nead, g. nide, pl. nid, g. also nid or neid, pl. nid, -dada and -dhada, m. and f. (orig. n.), a nest, a lair; neidin, dim., a name for Kenmare; nead an iolain, the rock called the Eagle's Nest, in Killarney.

nearoac, -aiże, a., pertaining to a

nest.

nestle, make a nest, etc. See neaduitim.

nearoaiμeaċτ, -a, f., nesting, looking for nests; keeping private

(O'N.).

neádanta, indec. a., venomous.

neaoużaż, -uiżte, m., act of nest-

nestle, lie at ease like a bird in its nest; I make a nest.

neasac, -saise, a., jaggy, in-

neazaim, -ao, v. tr., I notch, indent.

néall, g. néill and neoill (poet.),
pl. néalta or néalta, m., a
swoon, a fit, a trance; a wink of
sleep; a glimpse of light; a wink;
i néaltait báir, in the throes
of death; ní bruilnéall padainc

aige, he does not see a wink; néatt buite, a fit of rage; cáim-néatt, fainting fit, death agony, a swoon or slumber betokening death.

neatt, g. neatt and neatt, pl. neatt, neatta, neatta, and neatt, m., a cloud; neatta out a na horoce, the dark clouds of the night; oeansaid an oa neatt, the reddening of the two (first) clouds, the brightening of the day, very early in the morning.

néallac, -aiże, a., cloudy.

néallac, -aige, a., subject to fits or swooning.

néallao, -lta, m., a swooning, a

fainting.

néallavoin, -óna, -ónnoe, m., an astrologer, a star-gazer; the "spier," or man who looks out from the front of the seine-boat for traces of fish, and gives directions in making a haul (Ker.).

néallaoóipeace, -a, f., astrology, star-gazing; the functions of a néallaoóip, or "look-out" man,

in seine-fishing.

néallpaint, -anta, f., act of

dozing or slumbering.

néallpantac, -aiże, f., act of slumbering; az néallpantaiż, slumbering, dozing.

néattrantac, -ais, m., "pig-root," a kind of wild plant root of of which badgers are very fond.

néattman, -aine, a., cloudy. neam, g. nime and neime, pl. neama, f., the sky, the heavens.

not, in-, un-. negative prefix,

néam, g. néime, f., splendour, brightness. See mam.

neam-abaro, -e, a., immature, unripe.

neamac, -aiże, a., heavenly, divine. neam-áo, -áio, m., ill-luck, misfortune; adversity (also neam-

neam-aizeantac, -aize, a.

dispirited.

neamain, -mna, f., tormentil, septfoil (tormentilla).

neam-ainmniste, indec. a., anonymous, nameless.

neam-áιμο, -e, f., remissness, negligence; neamánτ (Don.).

neam-aine, g. id., f., inadvertence, carelessness.

neam-aineac, -nize, a., careless, negligent, heedless.

πέαπαιμεας, -μιζε, α., lonely,

lonesome.

neam-aineacar, -air, m., absence of thought; carelessness, negligence; absence of disturbing thought or grief.

neam-ainio, -e, a., worthless, un-

worthy of notice.

neam-aircineac, -μιζe, α., unable to walk.

neam-aiteanta, indec. a., unknown.

neam-aitheat, -hize, a., impeni-

neam-aitheacar, -air, m., impenitence.

neam-aithize, g. id., f., impeni-

neam- α ιτηιζεας, -ζιζε, α., impenitent.

neam-altac, -aize, α ., smooth, level, without knots.

neamamait, -mamta, a., heavenly, divine; airy.

neam-ampar, -air, m., absence of suspicion.

neam-amparac, -aite, a., indubitable; unsuspecting.

néamanoa, indec. a., pearl-like, brilliant.

néamanoact, -a, f., brilliancy, likeness to a pearl.

néamainn, -ainne, -anna, f., a pearl, mother of pearl, diamond; in U., a beautiful woman (poet.); also néamann,

neam-aoibinn, -bne, a., joyless, unpleasant.

neam-aontuizim, -tuzao, v. tr., I disallow.

neam-apuroe. See neam-abaro. néamanact, -a, f., nervousness;

awe; great fear; a sensation of loneliness.

neam-áητο, -λοιμτος, α ., low, not tall.

neam-ánra, a., youthful.

neam-báio, f., want of love, kindness, or affection; animosity (te, towards).

neam-balb, -bailbe, a., quick, unhesitating, outspoken, distinct (pron. neam-mbalb).

neam-baotal, -ail, m., security, safety from danger.

neam-baożalać, -aiże, a., secure, safe from danger.

neam-blar, m., a bad taste.

neam-blarts, indec.a., unsavoury, insipid, tasteless; inelegant.

neam-blartact, -a, f., tastelessness, insipidity.

neam-blátac, -aite, a., flowerless. пеліт-вост, -01сте, а., rich (lit., not poor).

neam-boz, -buize, a., hard.

neam-bhaitheamail, -mla, a., unbrotherly.

neam-bharac, -ai \dot{z} e, a., meek, gentle, not aggressive (O'N.). néam-bhat, m., a bright robe.

neam-buan, -aine, a., short-lived, fleeting.

neam-burbeac, -bize, a., thankless, ungrateful, unthankful.

neam-burdeacar, -air, m., ingratitude, thanklessness.

neam-bunáiteac, -tiže, a., unfounded, groundless.

neam-cabantac, -taite, a., holpless; unhelping.

neam-cároeac, -orže, a., unpolluted, unblemished, immaculate.

neam-caiteam, m., thriftiness; neam-caiteam bio, want of appetite for food.

neam-capitannac, -aije, a., uncharitable, unfriendly; relent. less.

neam-captannact, -a, f., uncharitableness, unfriendliness, surliness.

neam-cár, -áir, m., indifference.

neam-cárman, -aine, a., indifferent, careless.

neam-cionntac,-aite, a., guiltless, innocent.

neam-claon, -claoine, a., unprejudiced, impartial.

neam-cté, a., skilful, dexterous.

neam-cnazac, -aiże, a., without knots; staunch, without cracks.

neam-cooac, -aize, α., possessed of nothing; having no portion.

neam-cootao, m., wakefulness, sleeplessness, readiness to get up early.

neam-coisite, -e, f., a neglecting; unthrift.

neam-coisilteac, -tise, a., profuse, lavish, open-minded.

neam-coiméao, m., non-maintenance; non-observance (as of commandments, etc.).

neam-coiméadac, -aize, a., unmindful, unguarded; non-observant.

neam-comizeac, -ċıże, hospitable, generous.

neam-compite, indec. a., incomprehensible.

neam-coinzeatt, m., violation of treaty, faith, or friendship.

neam-coingeallac, -415e, addicted to breaking covenants; perfidious.

neam-cóin, -óna, a_{\cdot} unjust, wrong.

neam-cóin, f., injustice, wrong.

neam-corrests, indec. a., unsanctified, unconsecrated.

11eam-coicceann, -cinne, a., uncommon, distinguished; reap bneáż neam-corcceann, a fine distingué man.

neam-coicceannea, indec. a., uncommon, distinguished (M.).

neam-comtrom, m., disproportion, unjust weight.

neam-comerom, -chuime, a., uiljust, uneven, disproportionate.

neam-conác, m., misfortune (g. -conáic, used as a., unfortunate).

neam-connac, -aize, $a_{\cdot \cdot}$ movable; immutable; firm.

neam-coppardeact, -a, f., immutability; steadiness; constancy.

neam-coppuiste, indec. a., unchanged.

neam-cormail, -mla, a., similar, unlike.

neam-cormanteact, f., dissimilarity; improbability.

neam-cháibteac,-tite,a., impious, irreligious.

neam-choroeamail, -mla, joyless, heartless, cheerless.

neam-cubaro, -e, a., unbecoming, improper.

neam-cuiteac, a., unsuitable, unfit, improper.

neam-cuibearac, a., immoderate, excessive; unusual.

neam-cuibμιζτε, p. a., tered.

neam-curo, -cooa, f, poverty.

neam-cuideac. See neam-codac. neam-curoeactamail, -mla, a., unsociable.

neam-cuimne, f., forgetfulness. neam-cuimneac, -nize, a., forgetful.

neam-cumpeac, -pize, α ., infinite, incomprehensible.

neam-cuinre, f., guilelessness.

neam-cuinreac, -rize, α., guileless.

neam-cuir, f., nonsense.

neam-cumactac, -aize, α., powerless.

neam-cumar,-air, m., incapability. neam-cumarac, -aize, a., impotent, powerless.

neam-cúpam, m., neglect.

neam-cúpamac, -ai \dot{z} e, a., careless, negligent.

neamoa, indec. a., heavenly, celestial.

neam-oaon, -oaone, a., cheap, not dear.

neam-oliżceac, -ciże, a., unlawful; neam-olisteamail, id.

neam-oócar, -air, m., despair. neam-oualzar, m., degeneracy

(O'N.).neam-ouil, f., reluctance, unwillingness.

néam-ouitleac, -lize, a., having bright leaves.

neam-ouilmean, -mine, a., not

anxious, not covetous, not desirous.

neam-oumeamait, -mta, a., in-human.

neam-oumeamtacc, f., inhumanity.

neam-σumeaταστ, f., inhumanity. neam-σuτραστ, f., negligence, insincerity.

neam-σύτηαςτας, -αιζε, α., negligent.

neam-eaglac, -aiże, α., fearless, courageous.

neam-eolac, -a1 \dot{z} e, α., ignorant. neam- \dot{r} άδηα \dot{c} η -a1 \dot{z} e, α., unfavourable.

neam-raicreanac, -aite, a., invisible.

neam-railleac, -liże, a., careful, diligent.

neam-raittiże, f., care, diligence. neam-raittiżeact, f., diligence. neam-raine, f., carelessness, negligence.

neam-rallra, indec. α., unfeigned. neam-rożanτac, -aiże, α., unserviceable, useless.

neam-rostumta, indec. a., unlearned.

neam-rolamail, -mla, a., blood-less.

neam-romór, m., disobedience.

neam-ronn, m., reluctance, unwillingness.

neam-roparta, indec. a., difficult to perform; impracticable.
neam-ropart, -e, a., unstable.

neam-ruireac, -rize, a., childlike, innocent, simple, foolish (=neam-zuireac?).

neam-ruparca, α., light, trivial, unsteady.

neam-staine, f., uncleanness, impurity, filth.

neam-żtan, -żtaine, a., unclean, impure, filthy.

neam-żlón, f., ingloriousness, lowness of state.

neam-ຽກລົບລ່ວ, -ລາຽ່e, α., unusual; also neam-ຽກລຳບໍ່, -e.

neam-żnótać, -aiże, a., idle.

ot

neam-ζηάρμαη, -Δημε, α., un gracious, unmerciful.

neam-ζηοπας, -αιζε, α., spotless, unblemished.

neam-żηυαmόα, indec. a., without a frown; joyous.

neam-żurpeac, -riże, α., unconcerned; simple, child-like.

neam-toċtaċ, -aiţe, a., blameless. neam-toċtuiţe, f., unblameableness, blamelessness.

neam-tuccużao, m., an unloading (as of a cargo).

neam-luccuizim, -uzao, v. tr., I unload, disburthen.

neam-maiteat, -tiţe, a., unkind, surly, indifferent, independent, self-confident, uncivil.

neam-maitmeat, -mite, a., unforgiving.

neam-mantta, indec. a., immortal.

neam-manttac, -aiţe, a., immortal.

neam-mapbcact, f., immortality. neam-mbuan, -ame, α., temporal, uncertain. See neam-buan.

neam-motużao, m., stupidity, insensibility, unconsciousness.

neam-możuiżeac, -żiże, a., insensible, unconscious, stupid.

neamnaio, -e, f., tormentil, septfoil. See neamain.

neam-naomża, indec. a., unholy. neam-nuall, m., an anthem or hymn.

meam-ororp, (prop. gs. of subs.), a., without instruction, untaught.

neam-oineamnac, -aige, a., inconvenient, inadequate, unbecoming.

neam-onóip, f., dishonour, infamy, disgrace.

neam-onópac, -aiţe, a., dishonourable, inglorious, ignoble.

neam-onópuizm, -puzao, v. tr., I dishonour.

neam-póiteamail, -mla, a., sober.

neam-pόγτα, indec. α., unmarried. neam-ratac, -aiζe, α., undefiled.

neam-ranntac, -aiże, a., not covetous, not greedy of lucre.
neam-rcátac, -aiże, a., undaunted.

2.7.

neam-rlán, -áine, a., unwell, unhealthy.

11eam-rótárac, -aize, α., uncomfortable, joyless.

neam-rona, indec. α., unhappy, inauspicious.

neani-roγας, -αιζε, α., uncivil (O'N.).

neam-ppéip, f., dislike. disregard; independence.

neam-pppaiceamail, -mla, a., in-active, weak.

neam-rphaiceamlact, f., inactivity, weakness.

neam-γτράιτε amail, -mla, a., frugal.

neam-puaimneac, -niże, a., disquieted.

neam-jubailceac, -ciże, a., unpleasant, joyless; vicious.

neam-ruim, f., disrepute, disrespect; indifference, inattention, negligence.

negligent.

neam-ruimeamail, -mla, α., negligent, inattentive, careless.

ngent, mattentive, careless.

neam-ruttman, -aine, a., morose, peevish, gloomy.

neam-tábact, f., insubstantiality, immateriality; futility.

neam-tábactac, -aiţe, a., ineffectual, futile; immaterial.

neam-tabantac, -aite, a., stingy, churlish.

ทอลm-taganta, indec. a., uncontroverted.

neam-taipteac, -bize, a., unprofitable.

neam-taire, g. id., f., sternness, state of being unfeeling or unrelenting.

neam-taitiţe, f., want of practice. neam-taitneamat, -aiţe, a., disagreeable, unpleasant.

neam-ταηθας, -αιζε, α., unprofitable (also -ταιηθεας).

neam-tapbact, f., unprofitable-ness.

ness. unprofitable-

neam-tataoineat, -nite, a., not given to slander.

neam-tlactman, -aine, a., lean, not fat (O'N).

neam-toit, f., reluctance, unwillingness; o'á neam-toit, against his wishes; an a neam-toit, against his will.

neam-toileac, -lije, a., unwilling,

reluctant.

neami-toilitim, -iutaro, v. tr., I dissatisfy.

neam-connac, -ai $\dot{\varsigma}$ e, a., waveless (O'N.).

neam-topamlacτ, -a, f., sterility, infertility.

neam-τορτάς, -aiţe, a., unfruitful. neam-τορτάς, f., unfruitfulness, sterility.

neam-thátamail, -mla, a., un-seasonable.

neam-τρός αιρεας, -ριζε, α., unmerciful, merciless.

neam-thuailteat, m., incorruption.

neam-thuaittioe, indec. a., uncorrupted, undefiled.

neam-τημαι**ιι**τοεατ, f., incorruption.

neam-uilioeac, -oije, a., not universal, partial.

neam-unpearbac, -aige, a., without defect, faultless; wanting nothing; useless; not in want, not in distress.

neam-ulcaroe, indec. a., beardless (O'N.).

neam-ullam, -lame, a., un-prepared.

neam-umal, -umla, a., pompous, immodest, proud, disobedient, unwilling.

neam-uncóro, f., simplicity, singleness; innocence, harm-lesseness.

neam-uncorocac, -orge, a., unhurtful, innocent, simple, harmless.

neam-uppamac, -aiże, a., contumacious, disobedient.

neam-úγάισεας, -σιζε, α., useless.

neannta, m., a nettle; dims.
neanntag and neanntan; sac
patta man houttean agur an

than a fir an neannta (quoted

by P. O'C.).

neannτa, indec. a., nettlesome, venomous, stinging, peevish; γριομαίο neannτa, a nettleworm, a caterpillar (γρεις neannτa, Con.).

neanntamait, -mta, a., nettle-some, hot, very impulsive.

neanncanán, m., a nettle shrubbery; the name of a village

near Killorglin, Kerry.

neannτός (dim. of neannτα), -όιζε, -όζα, f., a nettle; common stinging nettle; neannτός toircneac, the common stinging nettle; neannτός muine, small dead nettle, red archangel; neannτός ċaoċ, blind nettle.

neapt, g. nipt and neipt, m., strength, might, power; dominion; ability; abundance (with gen.), enough; ni't neapt agam an an nio pin, I cannot help that; zab neapt an, "gain the upper hand over"; τά mo neapt agam, I have enough (Sligo); η neapt οό a teitéro σο σέαπαπ, he to have the power to do so and so.

neapt-żal, g. -żaile, d. -żail, f.,

strength, fury, violence.

neaptmanne, g. id., f., virtue, strength, efficacy.

neaptimaineact, -a, f., virtue, strength, efficacy.

neapromap, -aspe, α., powerful, strong, vigorous, mighty.

neaptužao, -uižte, m., act of strengthening, confirming, certifying.

neapcuisim, -τυξαό, v. tr., I strengthen, confirm, fortify.

neaμτυιζτεοιμ, -ομα, -οιμιτόε, m., strengthener, a comforter.

near, a weasel; prop. ear, which

by which an earthen vessel is turned in a pottery; the earthen vessel itself; also a country, a region; a wound, a hurt (obs.).

near, comp. -a and in Don. neige, near, nigh to; used now in compar.; 1 near oó, near him (Don., but also 1 noear oó, from oear, with comp. veige).

nearer, nearest, next; comp. of near, and used as comp.

of san, rosur, 7c.

nearacán, -áin, pl. id., m., the

next to (O'N.).

nearact, -a, f., proximity, nearness; 1 nearact to, near to. In Mayo it becomes moract; cf. 510 main for Seamman.

nearaiste, p.a., placed beside, bound to, coupled with (O'N.).

nearc, m., a tie, a band, a bale; a stall. See narc.

nearcóro, -e, -eaca, f., a boil, a sore (in sp. l. somet. earcóro or urcóro); nearcóroeaca rola, piles.

nearconoeac, -oise, a., ulcerous,

full of boils.

τιέατα (nιαστα), indec. a., fierce, violent, intent, morose; απαρις nέατα, morose looking (Kea.).

néata, indec. a., neat, tasty, nice

(4.).

néaταστ, -a, f., nicety, niceness, neatness, spruceness (A.); σά néaταστ, however nice.

néro, -e, -eanna, f., a wound; conflict (O'N.).

néroeac, -orje, a., vulnerable

(O'N.). ne₁m, -e, f., poison; keen pain.

neim- (neam-), a negative prefix, as neim-cionnac, innocent, not guilty.

neim-béarac, -aize, a., unman-

nerly, rude, uncouth.

neim-beo, a., dead, lifeless.

neim-beoda, indec. a., slow. tedious, inactive.

neim-beodact, f., slowness, tediousness, inactivity.

neim-bμίζ (neimbμίζ), f., nought, decay; insignificance, weakness.

neim-buíżeac, -żiże, a., weak, powerless.

ness, unproductiveness.

neim-buíożman, -aine, a., void of energy.

neim-ceatzac, -aiże, a., sincere.

quiet, silent.

neim-ceannpa, a., immodest, indecent; unkind.

nence, immodesty.

neim-céilleac, -liże, a., rash, foolish, unadvised.

neim-céittioe, indec. a., foolish,

rash; reprobate.
neim-cinnte, indec. a., uncertain;

undecided; inconstant.

neim-cinnteact, -a, f., uncertainty.

neim-cion, m., disapproval; contempt; reproach; neam-cion ξπάιτ τη τάμ αμ όμοαιδ (Fer.).

neim-cionnta, f., innocence (Kea.).
neim-cionntac, m., an innocent person.

ກະກໍ-ຕ່າວການລວ່າ, -ລາວ່ອ, a., blameless, innocent, sinless, in-

offensive.

neim-cionntact, -a, f., innocence.

neim-cleactta, indec. a., unaccustomed to.

neim-cpiocnuizte, indec. a., infinite, unlimited; incomplete.

neim-chiopzuroe, m., a heathen, an infidel.

neimoe, indec. a., venomous, poisonous.

neim-bear, -beire, a., uncomely, unhandsome.

neim-béipeac, -bige, a., toothless (0'N.).

neim-oiaoa, indec. a., ungodly, impious.

neim-blabact, f., unholiness, iniquity, ungodliness.

neim-vitir, -tre, a., unfaithful. neim-viomaoin, -e, a., diligent, industrious, useful.

neim-víombaileac, -liže, a., frugal, sparing.

neim-oleastac, -aise, a., illegal, not permissible.

neim-otipceanac, -aiçe, a., illegal, unlawful

néimeac, -miże. a.. glittering, shining.

neim-eaztac, -aiże, a., fearless, unappalled.

neimeamait, -amta, a., poisonous. neim-earbaoac, a., unfailing.

neim-éireact, -a, f., inefficiency.

neim-éireactac, -aige, a., ineffectual, inefficient.

neim-eolac, -aize, a., unacquainted, unknowing, ignorant.

neim-eolar, -air, m., ignorance. neim-eolac, -aise, a., ignorant, illiterate, without knowledge.

Heim-riat, -réite, a., ungenerous. Heim-rioc, m., violent anger (Kea.). Heim-riop, -ripe, a., not true, untrue.

neim-rinéanta, indec. a., unjust, unrighteous (neim-rinéan, id.). neim-rinéantact, -a, f., un-

righteousness.

neim-riúntac, -taije, a., unworthy.

neim-żean, m., hatred, enmity. neim-żeanmnaioe, indec. a., incontinent, unchaste.

neim-żeanmnaioeact, f., incontinency.

néim-żein, f., a fair offspring; a fair lady.

néim-żite, f., colour, brightness. neim-żtic, -żtice, a., unwise.

neimiżim, -iużao, v. tr., I poison, corrode.

neim-incleactac, -aiçe, a., blunt, stupid.

neim-10ct, m., suspicion, distrust; cruelty.

neim-iomaticaė, -caiże, a., humble. neim-iomėubaiö, a., unworthy, improper, unfit.

neim-ionann, -ainne, a., not the same, uneven, irregular (e. g., the pulse).

neim-iongantac, -taige, a., natural, ordinary, not strange.

neim-iongnao, m., naturalness, what is not wonderful.

neim-ionmain, -e, a., hated; unpleasant, morose.

neimiużao, -iżce, m., act of poisoning or corroding; poison.

neim-iútman, -aine, a., unskilful, ignorant.

neim-téanuiste, a., inviolate.

neim-learc, -teirce, a., indefatigable.

neim-mear, m., contempt.

neim-mearanda, indec. a., incontinent, immoderate.

neim-mearanoact, -a, f., excess, incontinence.

indec. a., stout, neim-meatra, strong; confident.

neim-meint, -e, a., strong.

neim-meirceac, -ciże, a., sober.

neim-meirceact, -a, f., sobriety, temperance.

neim-meirneac, m. and f., want

of courage.

neimneac, -niże, a., deadly, venomous; sore, painful; peevish; mo cheac neimneac! my deadly ruin l

neimneaca, pl., sores, pains.

neimneacar, -air, m., violence, intensity (as of heat or pain); peevishness.

neim-neaptiman, -aine, a., weak.

feeble.

neim-nío, m., nothing, nought; a nonentity; nothing at all; oo cun an neim-nío, to annihilate; níon bein ré act neim-nío be, he practically ignored it, deemed it of no importance; é o'razail An neim-nío, to get it almost for nothing; ir neim-nio é, it is nothing, it is of no importance.

neim-níoeact, -a, f., nothingness. neimníoim, v. tr., I annul, annihi-

neimniužao, -ižte, m., act of irritating; irritation.

neim-néarúnta, indec. a., unreasonable.

neim-niactanac, -aije, a., necessary, unincumbent.

neim-prazait, g.- $\dot{\varsigma}$ ta, pl. id. and -Slaca, f., disorder, misgovernment.

neim-piażattać, -aiże, a., heteroclite, irregular.

neim-readantad, -aize, a., unavoidable (O'N.).

neim-read, m., depreciation, contempt.

ní

neam-reamsta, indec. a. undecayed, unfaded.

neim-rearmac, -aize, a., unsteady, unstable, inconstant.

neim-rearmact, -a, f., inconstancy, instability.

neim-rpéir, -e, f., loathing, dis-

gust, contempt.

neimppleadac, -aiże, a., indepenpent; followed by te or oo, e.g., cáim-re n. leac, I am independent of you.

neim-te, -teo, a., cold, cool,

tepid.

neim-tear, m., want of heat; cold, coolness.

neim-timicealliteannati, m., uncircumcision.

neim-timicalliteappta, indec. a., uncircumcised.

neiteamail, -mla, a., real.

 $neo_1o, -e, a., shy, modest, bashful,$ as 30 neoro námeac, bashfully and modestly.

 neo_1me_1nc , -e, f., a moment, a minute; in M. sp. l., neomac. See noimeinc.

neom, -ona, f., evening. See nom.

neoll. See néall.

nsiatal, -ait, pl. id., m., the double letter n5; also a reed (ziotcać), a rush. nzútal. See nziatal.

ní (causes aspiration in verb following, though ni bruit is common in MSS., and ní bruain is heard in sp. l., this is due to a w sound being inserted for the r, so as to avoid hiatus; assertive verb is suppressed after ní, and then there is no aspiration), not; ní mait é, it is not good; combining with no before pf. tense it becomes nion; ni beaz oo . . ., it is enough for . . .; ní beag te . . ., he grudges; ní réivin, impossible, it is impossible; ní rutám oo, it is necessary; ní r. te, thinks imperative, makes a point of; ni r. nó, must; ní heao, it is not,

not so, nay, no; ní món tenp, he does not grudge, he is willing; ní mó, no more, not any more, neither, nor: ní mó 'ná pan é, that is as much as it is; ní mó 'ná often=not very, e.g., ní mó 'ná pana cuain pé, nuain, etc.; ní tuża 'ná, neither, nor, e.g. níon tabain canz, ní tuża 'ná cuin pé con ve, Tadhg did not speak, neither did he stir.

ní m., a thing. See nío.

ní, indec., a daughter, used in ósurnames of females as máine ní taogaine, Mary Ni Leary; it is an abbr. of ní uí (from

Inzean Uí.).

nia, = mac γεαταη, nó bμάταη a sister or brother's son, a nephew (obs.); there is no single word in the modern language to express nephew without ambiguity, Σαμπαc is the nearest to it.

niaca, g. id., m., a small particle,

a little bit.

Macan. See maca.

niaö, g. niaiö, m., a hero, a champion, a prize-fighter.

niao, a., strong, mighty.

niaoac, -aige, a., valiant, brave, strong, stout.

major, -air, m., valour, bravery

(niaocar, -air, id.).

niaota, indec. a., strong, fierce, intent; morose (of looks). See néata.

niaotact, -a, f., strength, fierceness.

niall, g. néill, pl., id., m., a champion, a soldier; the proper name of many Irishmen (dims. néillín, niallán and niallagán).

niam, g. néime, J., brightness,

colour (nom. also néim).

niamac, -aite, a., bright, shining. niamac, -mta, m., act of shining, brightening.

niamaim, -ao, v. tr., I gild, colour,

brighten.

niamamait, -mta, a., bright, brilliant.

niaman, ain, m., brightness, brilliancy, neatness.

niamoa, indec. a., pleasant, bright, shining; handsome.

niamoact, -a, f., brightness, lustre, brilliancy.

mam-oatamail, -amla, a., bright, brilliant.

mam-żeat, -żite, a. of a bright white colour.

nıam-ţtan, -ţtaine, a., very bright or splendid.

niam-żlanaim, -aō, v. tr., I purify.

mam-star, -aire, a., of greenish hue.

nιαἡμας, - αιζε, α., bright, shining, neat, beautiful; τιζ πιαἡμας, a beautiful house (M.).

niamuižim, -užao, v. tr., I gild,

colour, brighten.

nianrcot, f., knapweed (centaurea nigra).

'map (contr. for a n-1ap), from the west. See plap.

MIATA, MIATACT. See MIATTA,

matamail, -mla, a., envious (O'N.).

níc, nic (for ní), f., a daughter, used in mac surnames (often pron. níc); it is a contraction of ní mic, the latter being still used in full in Don., e.g., Carriona ní mic an Dáino, etc.

níò, g. níòe, neiċe, neiċ, pl. neiċe, gpl. neite and neitest, m., a thing; a jot, a whit; an affair; a circumstance, a subject matter; a part of anything; son nío, anything (also ém-nío); nío an bit, son nio an bit, anything at all (with neg.); nío éigin, something; nío eile, besides, moreover; véanmar neice, effect, result; 54c nío, everything; sac uite nio, everything, all things; neim-nío, a trifle, nothing; 1r nío t10m, I think of importance; má'r nío é=má'r nuo é, if it is a fact, if

nío-ra (asp.), before comp. a., expresses an addition: nío-ra-mó, somewhat more; greater, longer, farther; nío-ra-meara, somewhat worse; nío-ra-tuaice, somewhat sooner; nío-ra-tuaice, somewhat sooner; nío-ra-breann, better, etc. (often níor reann or nío ir reann; in past time, nío b'reann, nío ba ria, etc.).

niże, g. niżce, f., act of washing,

a washing, a bathing.

niżeacán, -áin, m., the occupation of washing.

niżeaτοόιμ, -όμα, -όιμιτος, m., a washer; one who washes fish, etc. niżean (inżean), g. niżne, pl. niż-

neaca, f., a daughter (U.). niţim, vl. niţe, v. tr., I wash, cleanse.

ηιςτε, p.a., washed.

nizcín, g. id., m., soap, scouring wash ball.

ní't, contr. for ní ruit. See atá. (In Wat. and B. they say ní'n for ní't.)

ním (gním), defect. v., I do, make (pron. as two syllables in Don., i.e., gním). See vo-gním.

nim. See neim, poison, etc.

nimeamait, -mta, a., poisonous, envenomed, baneful. See neimeamait.

ກາທານວັດດັ່ງ ກາທາວັງເທ. See neini-ານວັດດັ່ງ ກeimiວັງເທ.

nimneac. See neimneac.

'nınnıb, with infin. = able to (Don.);
beit i n-'ınnıb é véanam, to be
able to do it (Don.), beit i n-an'
é véanam (Con.); perhaps i prefixed to innme (O. Ir. inveb).

nınrceacán, -áın, pl. id., m., one who interrupts a conversation

(O'N.).

ningceact, -a, f., interrupting in conversation (O'N).

ningcim, -ceao, v. tr., I interrupt in conversation (O'N.).

níodact (nídeact), -a, f., materiality, substance.

mon. See num.

nionaro, -aro, m., prey, spoil, booty (O'N.).

πιορός, -όιςe, -ός a, f., a pinch,

a nip.

níoμ (ní+μο), not; used before the perfect tense, as níoμ cuiμ, he did not put; when the assertive verb ip is not expressed, níoμ = was not, were not, as níoμ ξέαμ an μελμ é, he was not an acute man.

niont (ni+no+ba, past of v. 17), was not; niont ole pain waiz,

you acted well in that.

'nior (anior), up from below, from the north, after verbs of motion; can anior, come up from below; draw close (as to the fire).

níor (nío 1r), particle used before comparatives in present tense; níor mó, any more; with neg., no more, not again (in time).

See nio-ra.

nioγας, -a, f., nearness, contiguity; γαοι πιογας, in or about, within, about; e.g., γαοι π. mite όό, within a mile of him, about a mile from him; γαοι π. ceaς γαίπα το ο΄π το είς, about a quarter to ten (Mayo). See neaγας.

níotač, -aiże, a., gigantic; as subs., a giant (O'N.). See niao.

nır, -e, f., potter's clay; also a potter's working frame (O'N.).

níteamait, -mta, a., real, material, substantial.

nuluirce, g. id., m., water crowsfoot (O'N.).

nó, conj., a part. used instead of 50, that, but it does not, like 50, take dep. forms of verbs; ní rutáiμ nó τά ré ann, he must be there (also ní rutáiμ 50 υριιτ ré ann); ní réiviμ nó ruaiμ ré é, he must have got it. In some places a mixed form, nó 50 υριιτ, 7c., is used.

nó, conj., or; either; otherwise; nó ξο, until, till; with past tense, nó ξυμ; ran nó bualtrear τά, leave off, or I'll beat you; bío το μοξα αξατ, όμ nó αιμξεαν, take your choice, gold or silver; ιτ cuma nó αγαι

rean 3an téiseann, a man without learning is no better than an ass.

nó, nó naċ or nó ná (for present time), nó nán (for past time), since, because; nó naċ mbuaitim or nó ná buaitim (M.), since I do not strike; nó nán buaiteap, since I did not strike.

noc, indec. rel. pr., who, which,

that.

noca (eclipses in Kea., but aspirates in older language), that not; noca n-ruit, there is not (obs.) (also naca). See ca and can, not.

nóca a hocz, 'Ninety-eight

(recent).

nócaomao, a., ninetieth.

nόċaμ, poet. for nuaċaμ, which see. noċτ, f., night; now obs., except in phr. a noċτ, to-night.

noct, a., naked, bare; boct noct, both poor and naked.

πό τ, πό το τ. See ημα το α τ.

noct, notact. See haddet.

noctao, g.-tuite and-tta, pl.id.,
m., act of disclosing, laying bare,
unsheathing, stripping; a discovering, a revealing; a manifestation.

noctaim, -aō, v. tr., I make bare, strip, uncover; bare, unsheath; declare, tell, make manifest, explain; disclose, reveal (oo, to).

noctas, p.a., naked, bare, stripped. noctact, -a, f., nakedness, bare-

ness (noctaroeact, id.).

noċτuġaō, -uiġċe, pl. id., m., a revealing, an exposing; a stripping, a laying bare; a manifesting. See noċτaō.

noctuiţim, -uţao, v. tr., I strip, uncover, reveal, disclose, shew, discover, make manifest. See

noctaim.

noccuisce, p.a., uncovered, naked,

stripped.

non, -oive, -oa (O. Ir., nota, pl., St. G., 6b.), f., a MS. contraction, abbreviation, note, mark, sign; prov. ní beaz non no no eolac, a contraction is quite enough

for the scholar (McCur. Dict.), in Don. if teon not to dume \$\frac{1}{2}\$tic, in which some now understand note = Eng. nod; cf. the saying, "a nod is as good as a wink to a blind horse"); in gram., 'na pát nó 'na not, expressed or understood; a minute, short space of time (O'R.).

nóo. See nuao.

nódact. See nuadact.

nóoso and nóoużso, m., a graft, act of grafting (as a plant).

novame, -e, -mive, m., an abridger, an abbreviator, one who writes with contractions.

novameact, -a, f., abbreviation,

contraction.

noolais, -las, f., Christmas; an nootais, Christmas; nootas, Christmas Eve; maiotae nootas, Christmas Morning; Oroce Lae noolas, Christmas Night; lá noolaz, Christmas Day; nootais na mban, Little Christmas, the Epiphany; an nootais beas in M. means Little Christmas or the Feast of the Epiphany (6th Jan.), but in Con and U it signifies the Feast of the Circumcision or New Year's Day, which the octave of Christmas; similarly mion-cáirc is Low Sunday, or the octave of Easter; nootais mon, is great Christmas or Christmas proper.

nó 50, conj., until, till (eclipses); with past tense nó 5un (aspi-

rates).

πόιδίτελε, -rιζ, pl. -rιζε and

-reaca, m., a novice.

noizin, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a noggin (in Con. a vessel made of wood, and holding nearly a quart); ξάξάη, id. (Don.).

noimeine, -e, f., a moment, a

minute.

nóimio (nóimio), g. id., pl. -ióe, a minute, a moment. See nóimeino.

nóimitín, g. id., m., a little mo-

ment, an instant (common in

sp. l.).

nóin, -óna, f., noon; evening; τμάτηόπα, noon-tíme, now evening; bημας πόπα, evening. See neoin.

nóinín, g. id., pl. -ioe, m., a daisy; nóinín na nzteannca, May lily.

nómín beas beans, m., small red daisy; nómín madaro, id. (Con.).

noinín móμ (or nóinín bán móμ), m., great ox-eyed daisy (chrysanthemum leucanthemum).

noin-péate, f., the evening star.

'חסיף, אחסיף, from the east, after verbs of motion; המָף בְּוּלוֹין אחסיף, may you not return from the east.

nónbaμ (naonbaμ), nine persons (O. and Mid. Ir.).

πομρ, g. nu₁μρ, m., common house-leek (sempervivum tectorum).

nór, g. nóir, pl. -a and -anna, m., a custom, a fashion, a habit, manner; a rite, a ceremony; oo nór, like, just as, also an nór (with gen.), somet. merely nór (with gen.); nór azur beacta, carriage and behaviour; an nór na muc, like the pigs; an mo nór réin, as in my own case; an nór cuma tiom, indifferently (Don.).

nórac, -aiże, a., habitual, usual, adhering to custom; well-

mannered, polite.

nóparòe, g. id., pl. -òte, m., one who understands customs.

nóramait, -mta, a., fashionable, formal, ceremonious.

nóramtact, -a, f., formality; adherence to custom; refinement of manners.

nórman, -anne, a., customary, usual; of good manners, polite, refined.

nópuiżim, -użaż, v. tr., I enact, form, fashion, make customary.

nότα, g. id., pl. -ròe, m., a note, a mark, a bill, a bank-note, etc.; a note of music; a stave of a song; ζαὰ πότα ό n-a béal, every note or stave she uttered (E. R.); nóta púint, a pound note (A.).

πότλημε, g. id., pl. -μιόε, m., a notary, one who takes notes.

ทนง-ชิทุงธ, m., a new garment.

nuacatta, indec. a., astonishing (O'N.).

nuacattact, -a, f., astonishment (O'N.).

nuacattaım, -a \dot{o} , v. tr., I astonish (O'N.).

nuaċaη, -aiη, m., a companion; a sweetheart; a husband or wife; réan azur ro-nuaċaη teat, I wish you happiness and a happy husband or wife; ro-nuaċaη ċuġat, may you have a happy spouse; there is a f. form nuaċaιη, cf. nuaċaιη maiċċuġat.

nuacap-choo, m., a dowry or

marriage portion.

nuao (nua), -aioe, α., new; fresh, recent, modern, not habituated; ar an nuao, anew, over again, entirely new (in M. pron. noo.).

nuaroact, -a, f., newness; news; freshness; novelty; fresh or dainty food; a desire arising from curiosity; τα πυασαστο ορτ το ctaroeam a ποςτασ, you have a curiosity to unsheathe your sword; pάιρέαμ πυασαστα, a newspaper (in M. pron. πόςτ and πόσαισεας).

nuaσar, -air, m., the first of anything; biestings (also núr).

nuaὑ-ῥόρτα, p. a., newly-married; rean nuaὑ-ῥόρτα, a bride groom; bean nuaὑ-ῥόρτα, a bride.

nuaouຽao, -uɪຽce, m., act of renewing, refreshing; renewal, restoration.

nuaouiţim, -uţao, v. tr., I renew, refresh, restore.

nua-ouine, m., a new man.

nua riaonaire, f., New Testament (Kea.).

nuarō-beanta, indec. a., new born.

nuarō-öμειἐ, f., a new birth; the young of an animal.

musice, g, id., f., newness, fresh-

nual beact, -a, f., news, tidings, novelty; newness; fresh or dainty food; bain τύ το n. ap, you satisfied your curiosity (and got tired of it) (Mon.). See nuabact.

nuaro-reéaluroe, m., a news-

monger.

nuall, -e, -eaca, f., a roaring, a howl. See nuall.

nuaip, an uaip, when.

nualt, -ailte, -aca, f., a shout, roaring, lamentation.

mustt, m., a freak (O'N).

nuallaim, -ao, v. intr., I howl, roar.

nuall-rożan, m., a thundering

nuallruητας, -αιζ, -αιζε, m., a howling, roaring.

nualt-sol, m., act of loud weeping; bitter lamentation.

nuatt-żożać, -aiże, a., having a howling or roaring voice.

nuatt-zuba, g. id., pl. id., m., a shout of sorrow, lamentation, roaring.

nuatt-żuż, g. -żoża, m., a howl-

ing voice, a roar.

nuaμ, m., woe, sorrow; now only used as interj., monuaμ or mo

nuan, alas!

'muar, anuar ('n-uar, a n-uar), down from above, from a height, after verbs of motion; cf. piùo puaré, zupa' mó anuaré, lo! it goes up, may it be greater coming down (a nursery expression, used in lifting a child in arms).

nua-topao, m., fresh fruit, the

new season's fruit.

nuise, ad. with so, until; so nuise, unto, until, as far as; so nuise ro, hitherto, up to this; so nuise a bar, until his death; so nuise rin, till then (also nuis), sometimes corrupted to so rnuis in Con.

nuimin, -mneac, -mneaca, f., a

number. See uimip.

numpreac, -pize, a., numeral. See

numinitizim, -iużać, v. tr., I number, reckon, compute, count.

ກິນາຫຼົການຮູ້ລຸດັ່ງ, -າຮູ້ຕ້ອ, m., act of numbering; prop. ນາຫຼັການຮູ້ລຸດັ່ວ.

num, -e, -ve, f., an ash-tree: name of n, the 11th letter of the modern Irish alphabet.

nuna, g. id., m., hunger, famine

(O'N.).

nunaište, p. a., starved, famished

(O'N.).

'numaro = anumaro, anomaro, anumaro, last year, during last year; bi re anno 'numaro, he was here last year; cf. a motiaona, this year (pron.

'nui μ_{15} , M.).

múr, -úir (nuar, nuavar), m., newness, novelty, first milk after calving, biestings; núr na ται-man, the fruit or produce of the earth; núr bó, cow's biestings; biestings is also called bainne buive, bainne nuavain, bainne nuair, ξημίτ nuair, ξημίτ buive. In Ker., maoταί is the usual word for biestings.

O (014, the broom), the twelfth letter of the Modern Irish Alphabet.

ó, g. uí and í, pl. uí, d. ó and ua, voc. a uí, gpl. ua, dpl. uíb and íb, voc. pl. a uí, m., a grandson,

a descendant. See us.

Ó (ua), cousinship; τά γιαυ αμ (or 101μ) α οά ό, they are second cousins; τά γιαυ ι n-ό απάιη, they are first cousins; τάπυιυ ι n-ό te n-a ċéite, we are cousins; ό, ὁά ό, τμί ό, first, second, third cousinship; ὁά ό γ γιοπη-ό, second cousins once removed; ό γ γιοπη-ό, first cousins once removed (Der.); in M. children of the same parents are a haon 'γ a haon ι ηξαοί, first cousins a τό 'γ α τού ι ηξαοί, second cousins a τιί 'γ α τιί ι ηξαοί, etc.; first

cousins also clann na beiμτε (σεληθηλέταμ, 7c.).

ó, interj., O, oh!

ó, alas, woe is me! otazón ó, alas, alas! ucón ó, oh, woe, alas! ó, a on, ó, oh, God! alas, woe is me!

ó, prep. and conj. [in pronom. combinations it becomes ua: uaim, uait, uaito (m.), uaite (f.), uainn, uaib, uata; with art., written o'n or on; with 1r, written o'r or or], from, arising from, by reason of; since. It denotes origin of time or place, or cause, having 50 as a correlative: ó tó 50 tó, from day to day (ó túir oeinead, ó ráil noinn, ó ceann ceann na bliaona, ó taob caob, ó mullac calam, and such phrases are somet. used with the correlative 50 omitted); ó Samain amac, from November onwards: acá bliaoam ó join ann, a year ago; ó Concais 50 Cill Ainne, from Cork to Killarney; oo riolnuis ó Abam, who descended from Adam; cáim mano ó'n múcao, I'm sick to death from asthma; ruapar ouair uaió, he gave me a prize; óm' choroe amac, with all my heart; ó choroe, right heartily; tus ré ó bonn vó é, he gave him a thorough thrashing; denoting separation from, after verbs or nouns, taking away, excluding, removing from, depending, healing, etc.: 1 brao uainn, far from us; reaoit uait é, let him go (from you); ni't don out udio ASAC, you cannot possibly escape it; cibé oume nus uaic é, whoever took it from you; o join a teit, from that time forward; ravó (rav ó), long ago; 1 brao ó join, long ago; denoting want, desire: τός uaim é, azur zan uaim act é, take it away from me, though it is what I desire above all things (expressing the sentiment

of one who likes to be pressed to take what he greatly longs for); somet. combines with the art. and usin, o'n usin, as o'n uain 50 bruilin annro, as you are here; o'n uain 50 nabair annro ceana, as you have been here already; ó bíoir annro ceana, since you were here last; as, since, because: ó taoi-re 10' razant anoir, as you are now a priest; also óin: óin cá ré 'na razant anoir, since he is a priest now; ó ná ruil ré ann (ó nac bruit ré ann), since he is not there; o'r rion rin, since that is true; o'r agat atá na cora, since it is thou who hast legs (who can walk well); in phrases like ó oear, northwards, by north, after verbs of motion, as buailear an bótan ó tuait cum Cháig tí, I took the road northwards to Tralee; ó oear, southwards, by south (this ó is, according to some, used improperly for ba, ra, ró).

ó, conj. See under ó, prep. and

conj.

Obaö, g. obċa, m., a refusal, a denial, a rejection; γεαμ obċa, one that fails or flinches.

Obaim, -Δö, v. tr., I prevent; deny, refuse; an τ-λοη-ρογτα γοιη lé'η hobaö an án Saerean τελέτ, that sole obstacle by which our Caesar was prevented from coming (McD.); ná hiann τροιο, 'γ ná hob í, má'r éizean τοιιτ, do not seek a fight, but do not decline it, if you must fight (T. MacD.).

Obainne, g. id., f., suddenness, hastiness, swiftness (also oibne); in Don. tobainne (from tobain).

Obainneact, -a, f., hastiness, rashness, suddenness (also oib-

neact).

Obain, g. oibne, pl. id. and oibneača, f., work, labour; a task; workmanship; somet. a turn, a trick; a building; ομοċ-οbain, evil work; obain teineao, firework; obain uirce, water-work; an obain, in working order, set going; cun an obain, to start, to set going, to establish; néiotizeao te nanza cun an obain, arrangements were made for starting a class; act of working; tá ré az obain, he is working, esp. of manual labour, but used of work of all kinds.

όbaιη, σ'όbaιη, σ'¢όbaιη, had like, was like to, etc. See ¢όbηaιm.

Obain táime, f., handiwork, manufactory.

Obain lin, f., net-work (also obain lionáin).

Obain rnáitioe, f., needle-work,

embroidery.

Obann, gsf. orbne and obanne, α., sudden, quick, nimble, unexpected, ready, hasty, rash; ná bí obann teo' béat, be not rash in speech (τοbann, Con. and U.).

Obanntar, -air, m., a sudden, hasty, rash freak; a whim.

Obo! O, strange! have a care! Obtac, -aiţe, a., refusing, failing, flinching; as subs., one that refuses, fails, flinches.

Oc (uc), interj., oh! alas!

ocáro, g. -e, pl. -oeaca and ocárore, f., occasion, opportunity; business; an an ócáro rin, on that business.

Ocáro, -e, -eaca, f., a foolish or

awkward person (Ker.). Ocároeac, -orże, a., occasional.

Ocaoro, -e, -eaca, f., a moan (O'N). Ocaoroeacc, -a, f., act of moaning (O'N).

Ocaoroim, -oeao, v. intr., I moan, lament (O'N.).

Ocan, -an, -anoe, m., a kind of brogue or greave.

Ocap, g. -aip, pl. id. and ocpa, m., a loan; interest, usury.

Ocapóin, -óna, -óinioe, m., an usurer, a lender.

Ocar, acar, earliest form of azur. Ocarτόιη, -όηα, -όιηι οe, m., an axle; a huckster (Con.).

Octato, -arto, m., a wailing, a weeping.

Oċbaċaċ, -aiże, a., full of weeping or wailing.

Octán, -áin, $p\overline{l}$. id., m., a sigh, a groan.

Octanac, -aiże, a., groaning, sighing.

Ocón (ucón), interj., alas!

Ocop, -01p, pl. id., m., a plant having a large, pale violet flower (Aran).

Οςμα \dot{c} , -Δμ \dot{c} , -Δμ \dot{c} e, m., a hungry

person.

Ochać, -15e, a., hungry, starved, greedy, mean, miserly, poorspirited, miserable.

Ochaocán, -áin, pl. id., m., a boot-

maker (O'N.).

Ocharoe, pl., a pair of boots or greaves. See ocan.

Ochar, -air, m., the bosom (Don.); gills of a fish.

Ochar, -air, m., hunger, greed; starvation; avarice; intense desire.

Ocharán, -áin, pl. id., m., a hungry

person, a glutton.

Ochóiμ, - όμα, - όιμισε, m., an usurer, a lender; a miser, a meanspirited person (also ος αμόιμ).

Ochtaeih, -aeha, -aeihioe, m., a huxter, a hawker (A.).

Oct, -A, pl. id., m., breast, bosom, lap; the front part of an object; in-oct an baogait, in the face

of danger. See ucc. Occ, indec. num. (eclipsing), eight;

oct-véaz, eighteen.

Octac, -ais, m., a stomacher or breast-plate; the declivity or side of a hill; the delivery of a speech, etc., as distinct from the matter; courage, heart (U. and Om.). See withat.

Octan, m., eight persons.

Octmato, indec. num. a., eighth octmato-toéas, eighteenth.

Oct-mí (Oct-míor), f., October lit., eighth month.

Octmoża (ocmożao), indec. num. eighty.

Octmojadao, indec. a., eightieth

00' = 6 oo, from thy.

Ooan, gsf. urone, dun, dun-col

oured, pale, wan, brown; teaban na hurone, Book of the Dun (Cow), a well-known ancient Irish MS.

Obanac multac, m., the plant called devil's bit (scabiosa suc-

cisa).

Obanán, -áin, pl. id., m., cow parsnip (heracleum sphondylium).

Oban-żlar, -aire, a., azure, pale, pale green.

Ooan-john, -juinne, a., bluish, wan. Oomór, respect,

-móir, m., homage. See romór.

Oomórac, -aize, a., respectful, dutiful.

Oonao, m., lily of the valley $(O^{\circ}C.).$

Οόμαό, g. οόλμτα, m., act of growing pale or wan.

Oopaim, -ao, v. intr., I grow pale or wan.

Ornáro, -e, f., an offering, a sacrifice.

Ornároeac, -015, -015e, m., a druidical priest; lit., an offerer.

Oppail, -ala, pl. id., f., act of offering; an offering, an oblation (A.).

Oppálaim, vl. oppáil, v. tr., I offer, make an oblation (A_{\cdot}) .

Oppáluizim, -użaż, v. tr., I offer,

make an oblation (A.). O_{5} , g. $O_{15}e$, pl. $O_{5}A$, f. and m., a youth, a young person, a warrior.

05, gsf. 615e, a., young; youthful; junior; new, fresh; small, little; αορ όζ, σαοιπε όζα, young people; razant óz, curate; Séamur óz, James junior, when the father is also Séamur.

-05, a diminutive affix in composition, meaning little, young, small, as ouitleoz, from ouitle a leaf; -65 does not always imply diminutiveness, thus béalós signifies a mouthful, not a little mouth; -65 is often affixed to adjectives, and expresses a concrete instance of the quality expressed by the adjective, as Cianóz, a black insect, etc; it

has an independent plural, 615e, in Om., in the expression, react n-óize na coillead, the seven ógs of the wood, and react n-óize an aein, the seven ógs of the air, i.e. seven names of plants and seven names of birds, ending in -65.

Oz, comp. 61ze, a., holy, sacred; whole, entire; hence an Osmas,

Omagh.

όξ, a virgin, etc. See όιζ.

Ozacz, -a, f., virginity, maidenhood.

Ozaroin (a slang expression), a tickling, a start; cum ozaroin ann, tickle him (Con., prop. cozaroín; one says cuzat, cozaroín, in act of tickling a

child, etc.).

Ozam, -aim, m., Ogham writing or character; writing in general; Ozam chaob, branch or virgular Ogham; somet. pron. in Ker. użaim chaob, as if the word were f.

Ozán, -áin, pl. id., m., a young person; the fourth age, the seven ages being: naoroe, leant, macaom, ózán, rean, reanóin,

atlaoc.

Ozánac, -aiz, pl. id., m., a young man, a youth, a lad; a bachelor. Ozánza, indec. a., juvenile, youth-

Ozántačt, g. id., and -a, m. or f., youth, youthfulness (ózántar

and ógánact, id.).

Οξαρτόιη, -όμα, -όιμιτος, m., a host, a keeper of a house of entertainment.

Ozartún, -úin, pl. id., m., a large sea-bird called a gannet (Con.).; soméao, id.

Ozbaro, -aroe, f. (coll.), youths,

young people.

05-66, f., a young cow, heifer; it occurs frequently in M. folktales.

Ożoa, indec. a., pure, virginal. Ożośc, -a, f., virginity, purity, chastity.

Oztác (óztaoc), -áiz, pl. id., m.,

a servant, a vassal; a youth; a soldier.

Oztácar, -air, m., slavery, servitude; a kind of metre in Irish poetry, which is an imitation of the various kinds of ván víneac. but does not follow them in strict adherence to "correspondence," "concord," or "union."

Ózlaroeacz, -a, f., bashfulness,

youthful awe.

Ózlaoc. See ózlác.

Ostarcán, -áin, pl. id., m., a tadpole (P. O'C.).

Ozman, -aine, a., youthful.

Oz-mant, m., a heifer, a young beeve.

Osparo, -e, f. (coll.), young folk, youths.

O1-béalta, indec.a., open-mouthed

Oibliosáio, -e, -i $\dot{o}e$, f., an injunction, an obligation; atá ré o'oibliosáio onm é béanam, I am obliged to do it.

Oibtiozároeac, -oize, α ., obliging,

commanding, enjoining.

Oibliozároim, -oeao, v. tr., 1

oblige, enjoin on.

Oibne, g. id., f., suddenness, hastiness, swiftness (orbneact and obainneact, id.).

Orbneac, -prize, a., laborious, toil-

some.

Oibnice, g. id., pl. id., -cie and-oeanna(16) [the latter in Con. and U.], m., a workman, a labourer; oibnice rpáice, a delver, a spade labourer (Louth,

Οιδηιζιm, -ιυζωό, v. tr., I act, work, work upon, operate; effect; vl. also obain (esp. after

45),

Oibnisteoin, -ona, -oinite, m., a workman, a labourer.

Oibpiusao, -iste, m., act of working; a working, an operation.

Oibreac, -rize, a., terrible, wonderful, strange; vain, silly.

Oroce, g. id., pl. -cesos and oroceants (M.), night; mescón oroce, midnight; oroce apérp,

last night; cuicim na horoce, nightfall; oo tó ir o'oioce, by day and night; 1rc-01oce, by night; the eve of a festival: Oroce nootas, Christmas Eve: the night before a week-day: Oroce Comnais, Saturday night, but 172-010ce Ola Domnais, on Sunday night; pl. oroceanna (Don.).

Oroe, g. id., pl. ororoe, m., a tutor, a teacher, an instructor, a professor; a foster-father; oroe althoma, foster-father; oroe paorptine, father fessor; oroe barrero, godfather; oroe muince, a teacher,

a tutor.

Oroe, g. id., pl. ororoe, m., a traveller, a wayfaring man; an alien; also a host, one that entertains strangers (also Aoroe, 4015e).

Oroeacar, -arr, m., advice, in-

struction, teaching.

Oroeact, -a, f., instruction, teach-

Oroeact, -a, f., a travelling, a wayfaring; an entertainment;

a night's lodging.

Oroeao, -oro, m., tragic fate, death, fate; ir mait an oiteat rin one, it served you rightly (some think that azaro is the word here); ip món an oioeao oéince é, he is a great object of charity; 17 món an ordead rlaice tú, you much deserve to be beaten with a rod (M.). Also 015e40.

Oroeann, -oinn (orgeann), pl. -a, m., a pan, boiler, a caldron made of iron, brass or copper; a small

oven.

Oroeap, -orp, m., instruction, teaching, tuition, counsel; nurture; béat-oroear, oral instruction, tradition (oroear beit, id.).

Oroisim, -orusao, v. tr., I teach,

instruct.

Οιόιμ, g. οιόμε, f., ice, snow; Leac orône, ice. See orsean.

Orone. See oigne.

Oropeamail, -mla, a., frosty, icy,

snowy.

Oiriz, -e, -ive, f., an office, a function, a ministry; a post, an employment, a situation; an office or official chamber or building; Oiriz an puirt, the Post Office.

Oirizeac, -ζiż, pl. id., m., an officer; an official; ο. Δiμm, military officer.

Oirizeamail, -mla, a., official,

belonging to an office.

Oipigioeact, -a, pl. id., f., office,

employment, agency.

Oiż, -e, pl. óża, f., a virgin, a maid.

615-, prefix, young, etc. See 65.615-bean, f., a young woman, a maiden, a damsel.

Oise, g. id., f., youth.

О15-eac, m., a young horse.

Oižeacz, -a, f., virginity, maidenhood.

Oiģeann bituicte, m., a frying pan. Oiģeann, g. id. and -ģinn, pl. -ģne, -ģniģe, and -ģneada, m., a pan, a pot, a potsherd; a cauldron.

Oιζελη, -ζίη, m., snow, ice; scars from cold winds, ice, etc.; teac οιζιη, ice (also teac οιόμε). See οιόμη.

O13-reap, g. 613-rip, pl. id., m.,

a young man, a youth.

Oiģņe, g. id., pl. - μιόe and - μεαόα, m., an heir; a likeness, a copy; ni ἀαταίτη οιξηε μιαπ αμ το τός he is a perfect likeness of Thomas; οιξηε μάπια, an heiress (ban-οιξηε, id.).

Oispeace, -a, pl. id., f., an inheritance, an heirdom, birthright,

patrimony.

Diğneactamaıl, -mla, a., hereditary.

ມີເວັກຂລບໍ່, -ກາບໍ່, m., ice. See oາຮູ້ຂລຸກ. ກ່ຽກຂລຫ້າໄລ່ເຮັກ -a, f., frostiness, cold; state of suffering from chilblains.

ηζηεατα, indec. a., icy, frozen.
ηζηεαταότ, -a, f., frostiness,

coldness; state of suffering from chilblains.

Οιζ-μέιμ, -e, f., complete obedience. Οιζμέος, -οιζε, f., frost, ice, snow.

Oiż-μιαμαċ, -αiże, α., wholly obedient.

Oiξηιό, v. impers. (used only in 3rd per.), it snows, freezes, etc. (O'Br.).

Oiţniţim, -iuţaċ, v. tr., I inherit.
Oit, -e, f., reproach, offence, blemish.

Oil-atain, m., a foster-father.

Oitbéim, -e, f., a stumbling; scandal, infamy, shame; ir snáit oitbéim nó tuireat vá teasav, a stumbling or slipping usually throws him down (Kea.); also conquest (O'N.).

Oilbéimeac, -mige, a., causing to stumble; scandalous, offensive, infamous; also conquering

(O'N.).

Oilbéimim (oilbéimigim), v. tr. and intr., I stumble, I take offence; I conquer, subdue (O'N.).

Oilcear, -ceara, m., a doubt, a secret, a mystery (also roilcear).

Oilcearac, -aize, a., doubtful, secret, mysterious, obscure, disguised (also roilcearac).

Oilcearaim, -ao, v. tr., and intr.,

I doubt.

Oite, other, another, any other; o'oite, well, as expl. (Con.). See eite.

Oileamain(τ), -mna, f., act of nourishing, nurture, food, upbringing, education; cf. the sayings: ir reáppa an oileamain 'ná an τ-οισεαζαγ; ir reáppa a oileamain ná a τόξάιι.

Oileamnac, -aiż, -aiże, m., a stu-

dent

Oileamnac, -naiże, a., nourishing, rearing; educating; profitable.

Oileán, -áin, pl. id., m., an island; an τοileán úη, America; an τοileán, Castle Island in Kerry (also Oileán Ciaμμαιόε).

Oileánac, -aiţe, a., insular; as

subs., m., an islander.

Oileánuide, g. id., pl. -de, m., an islander.

Oileoz, -015e, -03a, f., an olive

tree (O'N.).

Oilim, vl., oileamain, v. tr., I nourish, rear (children), nurse; bring up, educate, foster; cherish, instruct.

Oilithe, g. id., pl. -eaca, f., a pil-

grimage, a sojourning.

Oilitheac, g. -nis, pl. id., m., a pilgrim; one in a wretched plight; as adj., of or belonging to a pilgrim or pilgrimage.

Oilitheact, -a, f., a pilgrimage, a

sojourning.

Oille, g. id., f., vastness, great-

nes. See uille.

Oill-piart, f., a great serpent, a huge viper.

Oill-téao, m., a cable, a warp or heavy rope used in fishing.

Ottneamact, an early name of Connaught; Cúizead Oitneamact, the Province of Connaught (older form Otnecmact).

Oilt, -e, f., nauseousness, horror,

affright, disgust.

otte, p. a., well skilled or trained, well educated, well-bred.

Oilteamail, -mla, a., nauseous, shocking, horrible, disgusting.

Oitreamlact, -a, f., horror, disgust, nauseousness.

Oime, g. id., f., rawness, crudeness.

Oimeact, -a, f., rawness, crudeness.

Oneac, -niż, m., generosity, liberality, mercy (gs. onniż as a.).

Onneac, -niţe, a., hospitable, generous, liberal (O'N. gives the adj., but not the subs.).

Oineacamail, -mla, a., merciful,

generous, liberal.

Oneact, -a, f., liberality, generosity, mercy.

Oinz, -e, -ioe, f., a spout (oiniz, O'N.).

Ommio, -e, -ioe, f. and m., a simpleton, a fool.

Onmiroeac, -oiţe, a., foolish, silly, simple.

On minoeact, -a, f, folly, simplicity. On pe, g, id, f, folly, foolery.

Oinpeac, -pige, -peaca, f., a fool, esp. a female fool; a foolish, giddy woman; a harlot; as g. -riz, m., a foolish man.

Oinreact, -a, f., folly or giddiness

in a female; harlotry.

Ompreamant, -mta, a., foolish, silly. Omprin, g. id., pl. -mioe, m., a foolish, silly person, esp. a woman (dim. of ompreac).

Oip, -e, f., broom, furze, spindletree; name of the letter o and

the diphthong o1.

Oir, the east. See roin and toir.
Oir, conj., for, because, since; in
U. it assumes the form roin,
with prosthetic r and short o;
the o is also shortened elsewhere, as, for instance, in
Thomond (oir, eir); uair also
is heard. See 6, prep. and
conj.

Oιμιθελητ, f., a good action or deed, an exploit. See beant.

Οιηθελητλό, -λιζε, α., doing noble deeds; gracious, precious.

Οιμθεαμταρ, -αιρ, m., worth, merit, excellence.

Oipbioin. See oipmioin.

Oiptioneac. See oipmioneac. Oiptipe, g. id., f., blame, reproach; a curse (nom. also oiptip).

Οιμδιμελέ, -μιζε, α., reproachful, scandalous.

Scandalous.
Oipbipeact, -a, f., act of reproach-

ing, scandalizing. อาศธานาท. -คองจั. v. tr., I abuse.

Οιμβιμιm, -μεαό, v. tr., I abuse, reproach, scandalize.

Ontice a roat, -ait, m., instruction, doctrine, discipline (also post-cearoat, which see).

Oinceat, -cit, pl. id., m., a paddle. Oinceann. See poinceann.

Oipceann. See roipceann. Oip-ceapo, m., a goldsmith.

Oιη-ceápouroe, g. id., pl. -ote, m., a goldsmith.

Oincear, -cire, a., fit, right, suitable; an ni bur oincear, the thing required (O'N.).

Oinceapac, -aize, a., requisite. needy, necessary; merciful.

Oincearact, -a, f., a mess; a portion; need, necessity; charitableness.

Oin-ciab, f., a golden lock of hair; golden hair.

On-ciabac, -aize, a., goldenhaired.

Oincill, -le, f., act of lying in wait (for, an), laying up; provision reserved for the absent; concealment, ambush; provision; government, management, economy; 1 n-01pc1ll, ready for, prepared for (with gen. or an); oo beit im' oincill, to lie in wait for me; 1 n-0111cill an cata, against the fight.

Oipcillim, vl. oipcill, v. tr. and intr., I arrange, provide for; I lie in wait; bear, carry.

Oincire, g. id., f., neatness, fitness, becomingness; oincipeact,

Oincireact, -a, f., a small share, part, portion; a pittance; a poor mess; entertainment, accommodation; charity (P. O'C.).

Oin-circe, $g.\ id.,\ pl.$ -roe, m., a gold-chest, a treasury, a store of wealth, a coffer; a precious

 O_1 η- \dot{c}_1 ητεο $_1$ η, -OηΔ, - O_1 η $_1$ \dot{o}_2 θ, m., a treasurer.

Oin-cheioeam, -oim, m., superstition.

Oipoeanc, a., celebrated, illustrious, worthy, chief, excellent, noble, honourable; also onthbeiμc; pron. in S. M. uiμiμic, and applied to hay, "fragrant," e.g., tá an réan 50 hoinioeinc (perhaps a different word).

Oinoeancao, -cta, m., aggrandizement; act of magnifying or ex-

alting.

Omoeancam, -ao, v. tr. and intr., I magnify, exalt, ennoble, dignify, flourish, am famous.

Oipoeancar, -air, m., excellency, lustre, nobility, splendour.

Oipoleac, -lis, m., a cutting. hacking, hewing, slaughtering.

Omoleacao, -cta, m., act of hewing, hacking, cutting, slaughter-

Oinotioeact, -a, f., a sledging, a hammering, a hacking, a hew-

Oinolizim, -leacao and -leac, v. tr., I cut, hack, slaughter, butcher.

Οιμοηιζιπ, -ηιυζαό, v.tr., I ordain, arrange, set in order.

Oιμόμιτ, f., a dog-brier, buck-

Oineact, -a, f., a faction, a party, a clan.

Oineactar, -air, pl. id., m., an assembly, a convocation, a meeting, a conference, a synod, a

council. See Janoa.

Otheso, m., an amount, a quantity; as much, so much, as many, so many; such = so much, etc.; an equal quantity or number (with gen.); an oinear ro, this much; an oinear roin, that much, so much, such, etc.; an oinear eile, as much again; an oineao azur, an oineao le, as much as, as many as; whilst, as long as: oineao beio 'n-a mbeataio, whilst they shall live (P. O'C.); raio zac n-oipio, for ever so long (Sg. C. M., 8, 11) [paro 5ac n-raio, ib.]; a oá oineao teir, twice as much as it; oo oéanrainn oinear te being, I would do as much as two (also ... 7 oo oéanrao beint); act a oinead (U.), act an oinear (Con. andM.), "but as much" = either: e.g., ní paib Seasán ann act a (an) oineao, John wasn't there either (in W. M. act com beas, "but as little" = either, is used in exactly the same way); Act a oinear, act oinear (Don.); size; ni'l m' oineao-ra ann, he is not as big as I am; othero seems genly. indec.; cf. 50 più oificao an véivio, even to (as much as) the toothache (Don.

song); the form only is often heard in S.U., but apparently not confined to gen.; the word is often contracted to moo (M.).

Oin-easan, -ain, m., due order,

arrangement.

Oipean, -man, -main, m., a plough-

Oineamain(v), -mna, pl. id., f., suitability; harmony, concord; influence; cup 1 n-oineamain, to adapt; vo cuipeav 1 n-oineamain vaoip buis maoit na teant, which were adapted to the tender age of children (Donl.).

Oιμεαώπας, -παιζε, a., fitting, harmonious, meet, proper, fit, expedient, accommodated; cuiμ 50 hoiμεαώπας é, bury him in a becoming way; ní τιος ταὸ γέ οιμεαώπας cun συιπε é μάο, it would not be fit or be convenient for a person to say it.

Oineamnact, -a, f., meetness, fitness; expediency.

itobo, our pour our

Oipeamnuizim, v. tr., I fit.

Oιμελη, -μιη, pl. id., m., a coast, a border; a bay or harbour; a region, a district; οιμελη κατα, a field of battle. See οιμτελη.

Omean-Stan, -Stame, a., of bright borders (O'N. gives pure, sun-

like in the morning).

Oιμελη, -μιη, m., a compact, a contract, an agreement (Scatán na hλιτμιζε, quoted by P. O'C.).

Οιμεισελό, -οιζ, -οιζε, m., a

musician, a minstrel.

Oιμτισελό, -σιό, m., melody, music; delight, entertainment, diversion (σιμτισελές, id.).

Oin-jeall, m., a gold pledge or

pawn; an hostage.

σιη-ἐμέαρ, -éiρ, m., embroidery, ornament, tapestry, needle or tambour work.

Oipiţim, -iuţao, v. tr., I overlay with gold, enchase in gold, form devices in gold.

Oipim, vl. oipeamain, v. tr. and intr.. I suit. fit, become, serve;

oineann ré oam, it suits me, I want it; 'ré oinread 50 món ouit, it is what you would very much need, what would suit you admirably; oineann oam beagán cainnte oéanam teir, I must speak to him for a moment; róinim, id. (Don.).

Ointeac, -tiż, m., act of destroying, slaughtering; destruction, slaughter, havoc. See éinteac.

Oιμ-méao, m., bulk, quantity.
Οιμ-meatta, indec. a., very timid.
Οιμ-meattacar, -aιρ, m., coward-

ice, want of courage.

Oιμ-mian, f., covetousness, avarice.
Οιμ-mianac, -naige, a., covetous, avaricious.

Oip-mianac, m., gold ore, a gold mine.

Oipmioin, -one, f., honour, veneration.

Οιμήποιπελό, -niξe, α., venerable, reverend.

Oint-mine, g. id., f., rage, madness, frenzy.

Oimneao, -nio, m., act of adorning; an ordering, an ordination.

Oipnéalta, indec. a., ornamental,

neat, elegant.

Oιμπέις, -e, f., a tool, an instrument, etc.; οιμπέις čeοιt, a musical instrument (Don.). See λιμπέις.

Oignfip, -e, f., nauseousness (O'B).

Oipnizim, -neao, v. tr., I adorn, ordain, arrange, set in order.

Oipnim, -neao, v. tr., I ordain, put in authority, order.

Oipinipeoipi, -opa, -oipiroe, m., a mechanic.

Οιη-ηί, m., a prince, a local sovereign.

Oιμ-μίζε, f., government, royalty, kingdom; οιμ-μιζεκότ, id.

Oιμτελη, -τιη, m., east, eastern part; early portion, beginning; after to-morrow, the day following; tá a n-οιμτελη, the day after to-morrow, a future day; am an οιμτελη, or um

an-ointean, the day after tomorrow (pron. a manatan).

Ointean, -tin, m., coast, border, shore, frontier; a country, region.

Ointeanac, -aite, a., eastern.

Ointeapact, -a, f., residing in the east.

Ointeanair, a n-ointeanair, the third day hence.

Oiptuait, -e, f., the north-east.

Oir-bréaz, f., an hyperbole. Oir-céimnisim, -niusao, v. tr., I

exalt, dignify, raise to eminence.

Oir-céimniusao, -iste, m., eminence, superiority.

Oir-cheideam, m., superstition. Oir-opeac, m., a shy or modest

face.

Orpín, g.id., pl.-nroe, m., a fawn; a young seal or sea-calf (Cork); the name of a great poet among the Fianna.

Oirne, g. id., pl. -proe, m., an

oyster.

Oιτeoς, -013e, -03Δ, f., a gentle blast, a puff of wind, a light

squall, a gust of wind.

 O_1 τιη, -τηθαό, -τηθαόα, f., a bank or ridge in the sea; a shoal or shallow; a low promontory jutting into the sea; an oyster bank; ortin Samim, sand-bank; oitin móna, a turf-bank.

01, g. 01, m., act of drinking; drink; an z-ót, drink (as a habit); 'ré an τ-ól ir reápp é, it is the best drink; as ot, drinking; váil óil, convivial

meeting.

ot, defect. v., say or said; ot ré, says he, or said he; ot ri, ot riao; older form of the modern an (pron. ain).

Ola, g. id. and -aö, f., oil, ointment; Ola Öéröeanac, Extreme Unction; chann ota, olive, olive-

Olać, - a_1 że, a_1 , oily, unctuous (somet. olava is found in this sense).

Olac, -aiże, a., given to drinking, subject to drinking (also ottac). ótacán, -áin, pl. id., m., a carousal; drink; tippling, act of habitual drinking; in U, all kinds of drinks, an assortment of drinks: roitean rorcailte lán ríon 7 ótacáin (song).

Olazón, interj., alas! act of lamenting, weeping aloud; a loud wail; also otazán: Otazán oub ó, a celebrated Irish air; also

olozón.

Olaroe, indec. a., oily, greasy,

fatty.

Olaroeact, -a, f., oiliness, greasi-

ness, fattiness.

Otam, vl. ot, v. tr., I drink, quaff; used often like the Eng. drink, without an expressed object.

Ola leiţir, g. id. f., a salve.

Olamail, -mla, a., oily.

Olann, g. olla or olna, f., wool (the gs. is used as adj.).

Olape, -aipe, pl. id., m., a hone, a

whetstone (O'N.).

Olahtan, -ain, pl. id., m., a noisome smell (O'N.).

Ολαμτριαό, -Διζe, α., stinking (0,N.).

otc, g. uitc, pl. id., m., evil, harm, an evil thing, misfortune, damage, mischief, spite; man otc Ain, or le hold ain, to spite him; ad. use, ní pačao ann olc ná mait, I will not go there at all, by any chance ('good or bad'); mátain an uitc, the source of evil; ní't rin inr an rcéat otc ná mait, that is not in the tale at all (Don.); gs. uitc, often as adj.; bruit son ole azat cuize? have you any grudge against him? (vó for cuize in Con.).

Olc, comp. meara, second comp. mirce, third comp. mircioe, a., bad, ill, wicked, evil, vile, treacherous; untoward, unfortunate; 30 hote, ill, badly; ir olc terp, he does not like, it is a grief to him, he grieves; ir olc an maire ouit é, you have acted wrongly or unbecomingly in this; otc is used widely like Eng. bad, in reference to moral

or physical evil, as the opposite

word to mait, good.

otca, f., harm, injury, in the expression, an otca te, to harm, to do harm to; má'r an otca teir an eac rain an Siotta beacain ατά τώ, if to harm the G. D.'s steed is your desire (Θαστα an Siotta beacain); cf. the use of its opposite, maire: an maire teir, for his good.

otcap, -aip, m., badness; hatred; naughtiness, mischief; an otcap, as bad as one can be; vá o., whatever be his badness; out in-o., growing worse; agup a otcap tiom é v'eireac, while I was disinclined to refuse him.

Oloár, conj., than, more than

(obs).

Olpaine, -anea, -incide, f., a

growl. See utpaint.

δίζυιγελό, -γιζο, a., vigorous;

50 hó. ὑμίοζταμ, actively and vigorously.

ott, a., great, huge, vast; often

used as prefix.

ottam, g. -aim and -aman, pl.
-amna, -aim and -amain, m. and
f., an "ollamh," a professor, a
chief professor of any science;
a doctor, a learned man; a
ruler or director; o. ceoit, doctor of music, also poet, bard,
minstrel; o. oiaoacta, doctor of
divinity; o. táza, doctor of laws.

Ottam, prepared, etc. See uttam. Ottamain, -mna, pl. id., f., in-

struction.

ollamanta, indec. a., pertaining to an ollamh, to a master, ruler or director; learned.

ollam Sainmio, m., clove for cleaning flax (Mayo, C. S., Vol. II, p. 354).

Ollam-żpeann, m., delight in poetry or learning; wit.

Ottomnac, -aige, a., poetic, learned; as subs., a poet, a learned man.

ottamnact, -a, f., professorship, mastership, superiority; rule, sway, go vernment. ollamnar, -air, m., mastery in any profession; sway, superiority.

Oll-clabaine, g. id., pl. -μισe, m., blubber-lipped person (P. O'C.). Oll-stón, -όιη, m., bombast,

fustian.

Oll-zpáin, -ánac, f., a horrid crime or deformity (O'N.).

Oll-maitear, m., wealth, treasure,

luxury.

Oll-mon, -oine, α., huge, great, vast.

Ollmuizim, -użao, v. tr., I prepare, etc. See ullmuizim.

ottract, -a, f., a wonder, a strange thing; astonishment; often used in the expression 1017110 agur ottract.

Oll-jáit, f., great treasure. See

ráit.

01όζ, -όιζε, -όζα, f., an olive tree.
ότα, p. a., drunk, swallowed;
drunk, inebriated, in saying τά
τύ com hóτα te ζαουιόε, you
are as drunk as a thief (Don.).

Ottać, -aiże, a., given to drink.

Ól-ceac, m., a tavern.

ot-totainm, f., challenging to drink, drinking to a person,

pledging, giving a toast.

otuiţte, p. a., anointed; o. (uttamta?) cum báir, having received the Sacrament of Extreme Unction as a preparation for death.

Oman, -ain, pl. id., m., a press, a font, a trough, a reservoir; oman bairτioe, baptismal font; in-oman na haimitéire, in utter wretchedness or misery (also in-ioman, in-amait na ha.).

Omoact, -a, f., rareness, rawness,

crudeness.

6 móιο, -e, f., obedience, respect
 (U.); 50 βταιξε τά οπόιο παριξεοδαό bean τίξε, you will get the respect due to a wife (song).

ómóroeac, -orże, a., obedient,

respectful.

ómóroeac, -orże, a., cross, illtempered, pettish. Ómór,-óιρ, m., obedience, humility, respect. See romór.

ómórac, -aiże, a., respectful, obedient, humble. See romórac.

Ompa, g. id., m., amber; a gem (also oman and omna).

O'n, from the; o n-a, from his,

her, its, their.

Onconoa, indec. a., strong, brave, able.

Onconoact, -a, f., strength, valour.

Oncú, -con, -con, f., a wild animal of the dog tribe; a wolfdog; a wolf; a leopard; a lynx; an otter; a standard or ensign with the figure of a wolf drawn on it; fig., a strong man, a warrior.

Onpaint, 7c. See unpaint, 7c.

Onpair, -e, f. act of tossing, rolling about, wallowing; a storm, a tempest (Kea.). P. O'C. prefers anpair, and says it is of the same lineage with anpao.

Onzao, -zta, m., unction, act of anointing, smearing, greasing.

Onzaim, -zao, v. tr., I anoint, besmear, daub. See unzaim.

Onzta, p. a., anointed; smeared, daubed.

Onόιμ, -όμα, pl. id. and -όμαċα, f., honour; thrift, as in the expression, ζαη οπόιμ, thriftless (U.); pride, haughtiness (Con. and U.).

Onóinim, -ónao, v. tr., I honour, worship, respect, revere, rever-

ence.

Onόμας, -aiξe, α., honourable, respectable; in Om. it means proud, conceited, as τά γε μόσοπόμας, he is too proud; pocán bμέαπ, οπόμας, a proud, conceited puppy. See οπόμι.

Onόμυζαό, -uiżte, m., an honour-

ing, a reverencing.

Onόμιιζιm, -μυζαό, v. tr., I honour, worship, respect, revere, reverence.

Onópuizte, p. a., honoured, reverenced.

Óη, g. όιμ, m., gold.

On, from which, with past tense

(6 + α , rel. prn., + μ 0, sign of past tense).

O'n = o an, from our.

On, interj. oh!

Ona, interj., oh! (N. Con.).

Opacut, g. -uit, m., an oracle.

ομαό, g. όμαιό and όμτα, m., excellence; an enticing; a gilding.

Opazán, -ánn, m., wild marjoram (origanum vulgare).

Opaib, prep. pr., 2 pl., on ye, emph. -re. See an, prep.

Θηάιο, -e, -eaċa, f., a prayer, a collect, an oration, a speech;
 Θηάιο an τιζεαμπα, the Lord's Prayer.

Ομάισελὸ, -οιζ, pl. id., m., an orator, a public speaker, a declaimer; one who says prayers; as a., declamatory, given to harangues.

όμάισεας, -a, f., oratory, declamation; prayers (also όμάισιο-

eact).

Οπάιτοεάn, -áin, pl. id., m., a pulpit, a reading desk; a place where sermons, etc., are delivered; an oratory or place of prayer.

Θηάισεοιη, -οηα, -οιηισε, m., an orator, a public speaker; όμάισ-

eacán, id. (O'N.).

Oμάισισε, g. id., pl. -ιστε, m., one who prays; an orator.

Opainn, prep. pr., 1 pl., on us; emph. -ne. See ap, prep.

Ομάιρτε, g. id., pl. -τιόε, f., an orange.

Ontonn, m., a gold coin.

Oμ-buroe, indec. a., gold-coloured,

yellow, like gold.

One, g. une, pl. id., m., a small hound, a beagle, a lapdog; a pig; a whale; a torpedo-fish; oo jealt na hunge 7 na heange, he promised anything and everything

Oncán, -áin, pl. id., m., a little

pig; fig., a glutton.

Ομέμα, g. id., m., grief, sorrow.

Onėpaė, -paiże, a., afflicted, sorrowful.

Oμ-cumouiste, p. a., decorated or

mounted with gold.

όμο, g. úμιο, pl. id., m., order (in every sense), arrangement; series; clergy, friars; όμο beannuiξte, Holy Orders, the Sacrament of Ordination; an τ-όμο, the clergy, the friars.

όμο, g. úιμο, pl. id. and όιμο, m.,
 a hammer, a sledge-hammer;
 λάm-όμο, a hand sledge-hammer,
 a hammer; ceap-όμο, a

little sledge.

Oπολ, -an, f., a piece or fragment; o. σε maioe, a short thick stick; 50 ποεληπα σά οπολιπ comthoma σε'n caittis, so that he cut the hag into two equal parts (Feis Tighe Conain, apud P. O'C.); οπολ cipe, the ridge thatch of a house.

onos, indec. a., golden, made of gold, gilt; orange; splendid,

brilliant, excellent.

Oppamait, -nita, a., orderly, be-

coming, regular.

Opoán, -áin, pl. id., m., a piece, a

portion (dim. of opos).

δροάη, -án, pl. id., m., the great toe(?); (O'N. says 'sole of foot');
ό όροάη 50 hupta, from the great toe to the hair of the head, from head to foot (O'N.).

όμ-ολέ, m., the colour of gold. όμο beannuiξe, m., Holy Orders, the Sacrament of Ordination.

Οπο corpreasta, g. úτητο corpreasta, pl. id., m., Holy Orders.
 Οποτας, -αις, -αις, m., an inch. See ónτας.

Onotatoeact, -a, pl. id., f., sledg-

ing, hammering.

Opoturoe, g. id., pl. -ote, m., a sledger.

Oμοιμιζιm, -ιαιθεάς, v. tr., 1 hammer, sledge.

Ομοόζ, -όιζε, -όζ α , f., the thumb, the great toe (dim. of όμο).

Opponár, -áir, m., artillery, ord-nance.

όμο μιαζαίτα, g. ύιμο μ., pl. id., m., a religious order.

Onouzao, -ouizte, pl. id., m., act

of ordering; an appointment; arrangement, order; array, trim, condition; custom; a decree, an order, an ordinance; tradition.

Oprouroe, g. id., pl. -ote, m., one

in orders.

Oprouizim, -użao, v. tr., I order, ordain, appoint, entrust, direct, command, enjoin (on, oo); arrange, dispose; wish; prescribe.

Oμουιζέθοιμ, -ομα, -οιμιόθ, m., an orderer, a commander.

Opzain, f., slaughter. See apzain. Opzan, -ain, pl. id., m., an organ.

Oμξπάς and ομπάς, -άις, m., nauseousness (P. O'C.). See οιμπέις and ομμάις.

Óη-ἡημας, f., golden hair.

Οη-ἡμαζας, -Διζε, α., goldenhaired, yellow-haired.

Optairce. See uptairce.

On-tarta, indec. a., gleaming or shining like burnished gold.

Ón-toinneac, -niże, a., glittering, highly-elegant, well-finished.

On-loirce, p. a., burnished.
Onlugcan,-ain, pl. id., m., a vomit;

also uptacan.

Орт, *prep. pr.*, 1 s., on me; *emph.* -ra. See an, *prep*.

óμ-maιoin, -one, f., break of day. Ομπόμ and υμπόμ. See τομπόμ. όμηα, f., barley. See conna.

Opináio, -e, -ioe, f., ornamentation; an ornament; also housefurniture.

Opnároeac, -orțe, a., decked, trimmed, adorned.

Opnároeact, -a, f., ornament, decoration, embellishment.

Oppnationate, -a, f., raiment; adornment.

Óμ-narc, m., a gold chain. See narc.

Oμπυζαό, -υιζές, m., act of decking, adorning, trimming, dressing.

Opnuizim, -użażo, v. tr., I adorn, deck, ornament.

ὅπό, interj., oro! expressing joy or jubilation, but also used in a vague sense, and largely to fill up a "chorus" in poetry, as: Onó, a reanouine, leazao 'zur

teonations (song).

Ομός, -όιζε, -όζα, f., a sheaf of corn; a wax-end; in dim. onóisín (B_{\cdot}) .

Onp, g. uinp, m., houseleek (semper-

vivum tectorum).

Ομμάιτ, -e, f., squeamishness; nauseousness. See onżnár.

Ομμάιγεαċ, -riże, α., squeamish;

producing nausea.

Οη-γηυτ, m., a gold mine, (O'N.). On-γημιτάς, -Διζ, pl. id., m., a refiner of gold (O'N.); as a., pertaining to a gold mine, abounding in gold mines.

Ont, prep. pr., 2s., on thee, emph.

-ra. See an, prep.

Ομέλ, prep. pr., 3 pl., upon them; emph. -ran. See an, prep.

Onta (anta), g. id., pl. -tarbe, f.a collect, a prayer, a charm; cant onta, an enchanted bull.

Ontannan, -ain, m., Jordan; Shut Ontannam, the river Jordan (P. O'C.). See also Gaelic Maundeville, 91, 95, and other texts.

Ónuizim, vl. ónaö, v. tr., I bedeck,

Or (uar) above; over, upon; or cionn, over, above, overhead, on the top of, in preference to, over and above; ór mo (oo, a, etc.) cionn, above or over me, thee, etc., over (my) head; or a cionn, upwards (of age); vo cun or cionn cláin, to layout (a corpse); ór conne, over against, opposite, "fornenst," before; or a cionn rain, moreover, besides that, over and above; or com-Ain, before the face of, in presence of, in front of, opposite, over against; or apo, on high; openly, aloud, clearly, loudly, publicly; or ireat, secretly, privately, softly; bun or cionn, head over heels, upside down, wrong; or bapp, over and above, moreover, besides; or rainize, over the sea (=tan raite), out or ranginge (Fews, U.). There is now a general tendency in sp. l.

to substitute ar for or in all its uses; in Con. and U. it is doubtful if or is heard, at any rate,

ar is frequent.

or, o'r, abbrev. from o 1r, since it is; since that, because that; or mire, since it is myself; or vesno tiom, since I am persuaded.

Or-, oir-, prefix as in or-chábao,

superstition.

Or, or, pl. id. and ora, m., a deer, a fawn (dim. orfin, and orfin).

Opao, -aro, pl. id., m., a cessation, a pause, a truce, a rest, a desisting from; concord; a confederacy, a league; orao compaic, an armistice (also rorao and and rorao).

Oraim, -ao, v. intr., I desist from,

Orain. See arain and earain.

Operate, -call -calla, f., the arm-pit.

Orcaite, -e, f., an open or cleft; the act of opening; relief.

Orcailte, p.a., opened, wide open. Orcaitteac, -tiże, a., frank, open, unsophisticated.

Orcaitteact, -a, f., ventilation

(E. M.).

Orcan, -ain, m., Oscar; a cham-

pion, a hero.

Orcan, -ann, m., agility in plying the limbs; the motion of the limbs in exercises like swimming; a bound, a leap, a fall.

Orcanac, -naize, a., agile, lithe; heroic; also frail, ready to fall.

Orcanoa, indec. a., heroic, mighty; active.

Orcapoact, -a, f., height, stature;

activity.

Opotać, -ai $\dot{\xi}$ e, α ., of or belonging to the arm-pit; as subs., a wad or bundle carried under the

Orctao, -cailte, pl. id., m., an opening, an admission.

Orclaim, -caile, v. tr., I open, unlock, loose.

Orctán, -áin, pl. id., m., an armpiece in a garment, a sleevegusset; the amount of anything carried under one arm; an armful (one arm); dim. of orcatt.

Or-comarc, m., a meteor (P. O'C.). Óγεμάθαό, -aiò, pl. id., m., superstition.

Orcuitt, -e, f. See orcaitt.

Orcut, -uile, -uilioe, f., the armpit; the space between two converging rivers. See orcaill.

Ortuiste, p. a., opened (Kea., T. S.).

1. 13.).

Ornav, g. -a1v, pl. -ava, -a1ve, or -a1veaca, m., a sigh, a groan; groaning, sighing; a sob.

Ornadac, -naite, a., sighing, groaning, sobbing; mournful.

Ornaroeact, -a, f., groaning, sighing, sobbing.

Ornaitit, -e, f., a groaning, sigh-

ing, sobbing.

Ornuiżim, vl. -naiże, -naiżil, and ornaż, v. intr., I sigh, groan, sob.

Oróz, -ó1ze, -óza, f., a squall. Orózac, -a1ze, a., squally, bluster-

ing.

orpivéal, -éil, pl. id., m., a hospital (this form is used in M. and Con.). See rpivéal.

Orphóz, -óize, -óza, f., an osprey. Orpan, -ain, pl. id., m., a burden

on the back.

Oγγαμόιμ, -όμα, -όιμιόe, m., a porter, a carrier (ογγαμιιόe, id.).

orta, g. id., m., hospitality, entertainment; a lodging, an inn;

ceac órca, an inn.

Óγτα, an abusive term for a woman; cf. a όγτα ὁίοṁαοιη

όμος-ζηότας (M.).

όγτα, α., cold, in a5 τεαċτ όγτα, getting cold (Don.), perhaps for (γ) μαċαγτα, α., from γμαċαγ, cold, coldness (O'R.); τά αη ξειṁμεαὸ γεο αποιγ α5 τεαċτ όγτα, this winter is now turning cold (Don. song).

Ortaioeact, -a, f., lodging, enter-

tainment

Ortánac, -aiţ, pl. id., m., an innkeeper (O'N.). Oγταγ, -αιγ, m., inn-keeping, entertainment.

όρτόιμ, -όμα, -όιμισε, m., a host, an inn-keeper.

Ortóineact. -a, f., hostelry.

Óτ', όο', όο, from thy.

Ot, in phrs.: 17 ot 110m 50, 7c., I am troubled or sad because, etc.; this is a very common phrase in sp. l.; it is probable that ot is purely otc with the consonants slurred over, but the point is not clear (also rot).

Oταιμ, comp. -τηα, a., dirty, filthy, foul; also clumsy, vulgar (of a

person); otharoe, id.

Otalpc, -e, -10e, f., a ewe of a year old.

Otan, -an, m., wages, pay, reward

(obs.). Οταη, -αιη, pl. id., an abscess, an

ulcer, an imposthume.

Oταη, -Δηη, pl. id., m., a sick person, an invalid; a delicate person though not actually sick; also a wounded person.

Otan, -aine, a., sick, weak

wounded.

Otaptann, -anne, -anna, f., an hospital for the sick and wounded.

Otapluite, g. id., f., illness, sickbed.

Otha. See othact.

Oτηαċ, -aıż, m, (somet. f.), dung, dirt, ordure, horse dung; οτηαċ bó, cow dung; οτηαċ capaitt, horse dung.

Otpacamail, -mla, a., filthy,

dirty, feetid.

Οτμάς, -a, f., dirtiness, filthiness. Οτμάπη, -ainne, -a, f., a farm-yard.

Ochar, -air, pl. id., m., an abscess, an ulcer, an imposthume; a sore caused by a bruise. See otan.

Oτηαρ, -αιρ, pl. id., m., an illness, a sickness, a distemper, weakness; o. waine, an hour's illness. Οτηαγας, -αιζε, a., sick, diseased;

as subs. a sick person.

Οτημημάτ, -a, f., sickliness. Οτημητά, f., an hospital.

Othar-tor, m., a sickly wound.

(537)

p (pert, dwarf elder), the thirteenth letter of the Modern Irish Alphabet.

pábáit, -áta, f., a pavement;

pábao, id. (A.).

pábaim, -ao, v. tr., I pave or inlay

with small stones (A.).

paca, g. id., pl. -aroe, m., a pack; often used as in English phr. a pack of robbers, etc.; paca cánτaroe, a pack of cards (A.).

pacaim, -ao, v. tr., I pack, load,

heap up.

pacame, g. id. pl. -moe, m., a a packman, a pedlar; a churl.

Pacameact, -a, f., business of a

pedlar, hawking.

ραċaṇán, -áin, pl. id., m. (in sp. l. baċaṇán), common bogbean, marsh trefoil.

pacuijim, -użao, v. tr., I pack,

load, heap up.

paoat, -ait, pl. id., m., a pail, a ewer.

paoait, -e, f., a name for an old cow (rean-paoait, id.).

pázánac, -aiż, -aiże, m.. a pagan, a heathen.

pázánacτ, -a, f., paganism, heathenism.

pázánta, indec. a., pagan, paganish, heathenish.

pázántact, -a, f., paganism, heathenism.

páioeo5, -015e, -05a, f., a light or torch, made of a soft string of tow dipped in tallow; fig., an untidy house-keeper, a person untidy at meals.

pároín, g. id., m., a dim. of the

name páopaiz, Patrick.

Paioin, -one, -oneaca, f., the Paternoster; a prayer; abain oo paioneaca, say your prayers.

Paioteac, -tiξ, pl. id., m., the

perch, a species of fish (Mayo).
Oatopeac, -niże, a., of or belong-

ing to prayers.

Jaroμεοιμελότ, -a, f., praying continuously or persistently.

Jaιομίη, g. id., pl. -nioe, m., a prayer; a rosary or set of

beads; an paronin painteac, the form of prayer called the Rosary.

páiţe, g. id., pl. -ţeanna, f., wages, a payment, requital, remuneration (A.); γεαη páiţe, a labourer (O'N. writes it páiţeaċ); γάiţe (Mon.).

pail, -le, -leaca, f., a pavement.

See pábáil.

Páil-ċloċ, f., a paving-stone, a stone pavement.

páile, g. id., and pálac, pl. páilioe and páilioeaca, a pailing.

pailipir, -e, f., the palsy, a fit of trembling in the limbs (in M. sp. l., paipitir).

partifireac, -rize, a., palsied,

trembling.

pailir, -e, f., a moat (?), enters into the names of several castles or villages in Ireland: cf. pailir Caonnaiże, Pallaskenry in Co. Limerick; pailir ξηέιπε, Pallasgreany, same county.

Pailliún, -úin, pl. id., m., a tabernacle, a tent, a pavilion (also

pabailliún).

Pailm, -e, -eaca, f., the palm tree; Oomnac na Pailme, Palm Sunday.

Pailm-rciat, -rcéite, f., a gourd,

lit., a palm shade.

pailte, -e, a., abundant, plenteous. pailtear, -tip, m., plenty, abundance.

pailtine, g. id. pl. -nioe, m., a generous hospitable man; meatt a' Šaba na bpailtine, Meall a' Ghabha of the hospitable men.

painéal, -éil, pl id., m., a panel,

a piece of wood.

paintéan, -éin and -éana, pl. id., m., a snare, a noose, a gin, a trap; a binding cable.

paintéanac, -aite, a., wily, insi-

dious

paintéaμaim, -aò, v. tr., I ensnare, entrap.

ράιρέαμ, -έιμ, pl. id. and -έιμιὸς, m., paper; ράιρέαμ πυαιὸεαὸτα, a newspaper.

paipin, g. id., pl. -nice, m., a

Páinc, -e, -eanna, f., a field, a pasture-field, a pasture, a park (dim. paincin, id.).

paintir, -re, f., paralysis, palsy.

See pailinir.

painilireac. See pailinireac. pamirin, g. id., pl. -nice, m., a Pharisee.

ρΔιμιτιγ, -e, f., a tremor in the limbs; the palsy; p. manb, the dead palsy (this is a M. form, see

pailinir).

páint, -e, -eanna, f., a part, a portion, a piece, a share; union, confederacy, friendship, kindness; beit 'n-a páint, to be dear to him; im' páint, on my behalf; blood relationship (Der.); rocal 10' páint, a word in your favour; cá páinc oam teir, I am related to him (Mon.).

βάιμτελό, -τίζε, α., partaking, sharing, dividing; generous, kind, fond, loving, partial.

Painteacar, -air, pl. id., m., participation, partnership.

φ Δίητισε, g. id., pl. -στε, m, apartner, an associate, a sharer.

páintioeact, -a, f., alliance,

friendship, partnership.

páincijim, -iużao, v. tr., I portion, share, divide, partake, communicate, consult with one.

Páintiujao, -ijte, m., act of joining in partnership; act of forming a confederacy; partner-

ship, confederacy.

páir, -e, f., death, passion, suffering, affliction; the Passion of Christ; the history of the Passion (E. R.); páir Aoine, Friday's fast (O'Ra.); pian-páir, torture (Con, and U.).

paireamait, -mta, a., pacific, quiet, tranquil (P. O'C.).

Páirizim, -iuzao, v. tr., I crucify, torment, cause to suffer.

pairte, g. id., pl. -tibe, m., a patch, a piece, a spot; pairce Talman, a little farm; 30 ceann pairce (= rpairce?)=50

ceann camaill, for a while (Clare).

ράιττε, g.id., pl. ράιττι \dot{o} ε, m., a child, a babe; a child male or female of the school-going age.

páircín, g. id., pl. -nioe, m., a little child, an infant, a babe.

pair, -e, -eanna, f., a hump, a lump, a hunch; a chubby child. Paiceac, -cize, a., humpy.

paireoz, -015e, -05a, f., a small lump, esp. of butter, or a small

vessel of butter, etc.

paiceos, -015e, -05a, f., a leveret. pairín, g. id., pl. -nice, m., a clog or wooden shoe.

 $p_{A_1C_1nn}$, -e, f_{\cdot} , a patent. pairine. See paraine.

Paitiunta, indec. a., famous; patented.

paichic, -e, -eaca, f., the headstall of a bridle.

paitmore, m., a short stick or club (O'N.).

paichire, -ce, -ciòe, f., a partridge (nom. also paichirce).

pátár, -áir, pl. id., m., a palace, a mansion.

Pátárac, -aize, a., full of palaces; palace-like.

Pálárta, indec. a., palatial.

patteóz, -ó1ze, -ó2a, f., a blow, a thump; peattrós (Don.); also patteóz.

patmaine, g. id., pl.-proe, m., a palmer, a pilgrim.

Palmaine, g. id., pl. -proe, m., a kind of dog-fish; also ratm-Aine; cf. calmary and calamóin.

palmaine, g. id., pl.-nice, m., a rudder, an oar; a helmsman; patmaineac is also somet. used for helmsman (see O'N.).

palmaineact, -a, f., act of steer-

Palmainim, -neao, v. tr., I steer. Dána, g. id., pl. -aróe, m., a pane

of glass (A_{\cdot}) . panc, -ainc, m., the cow-market at

a fair (Don.).

pancán, -áin, pl. id., m., a bank (of earth) (Mon., Arm.); also bancán.

pancóz, -ó1ze, -óza, f., a pancake. paop; ní p. vam, no joke for me. pápa, g. id., pl. -a1 \dot{v} e, m., a Pope. pápac, -a1 \dot{z} e, a., Papal.

pápact, -a, f., the Papacy, Pope-

dom.

Pápaine, g. id., pl. -nioe, m., a Papist, an abusive name for a Catholic.

pápaineacz, -a, f., Popery, a term

of abuse for Catholicism.

ράράπας, -aige, a., Papal,
"Popish"; as subs. a "Papist."
ράράπας, -a, f., the papacy.

pápánta, indec. a., papal, ponti-

fical.

ράη, -άιη, m., parchment.

paralytic (also, painitireac and pailinireac).

ραμοός, -όιζε, -όζα, f., a pannier;

a hamper.

pápoún, -úin, pl. id., m., pardon, forgiveness; ζαβαιπ ράμούη αζατ (also ζαβαιπ σο βάμούη), I beg your pardon, excuse me; somet. ζαβαιπ ράμούη συιτ (Glenfin).

| βάμι τη, - της, pl. id., m., a parlour. | βαμη, - αιμη, pl. id, m., a whale.

ραμμάιττε, g.id., pl. -τιόε, m. and f., a parish; γαζαμτ ραμμάιττε, a parish priest (ραμμόιττε, M.); it is m. in U.

parishioner; as adj., parochial.

Pappáirτeaċτ, -a, f., parish-duty; keeping in the parish (pappóirteaċτ, M.).

ολημάιττεάπας, -Διζ, pl. id., m., a

parishioner.

θαμμόιγτε, ραμμόιγτεας, 7c. See ραμμάιγτε, ραμμάιγτεας, 7c. Ναμμταγ, -ταιγ, m., Paradise.

Dántac, -aiże, a., partaking. See

páinteac.

λάηταιός. g. and pl. id., m., a partaker; a partner (also ράητιόε).

λαηταίης, -e, f., crimson colour, scarlet colour, pure redness

(P. O'C.).

Antan, -áin, pl. id., m., a crabfish.

Ar, -air, m., a space of time; a

small distance; the portion of a thing done at a heat, as par zuit, a fit of crying; used ad.: tá ré par beaz, it is a little too small; oe par, at once; in part of E. Cork pór is used instead, e.g., tá ré pór beaz.

par, g. pair, pl. paranna, m., a "pass," a permit; in the eighteenth century humorous paranna used to be composed by the poets in a similar vein to the bantancair of the same

period.

paráirte, g. id., pl. -tióe, m., a passage, a pathway, a narrow strait; víol ar a paráirte, to pay his passage (to America, etc.).

paráirreact, -a, f., passage; passage money, fare; the prepaid fare sent from America, called by emigrants "the sailing order." See paráirre.

partalac, -ais, pl. id., m., a stout

child.

parthacán, -ánn, pl. id., m., a stout child (Don.).

pata, g. id., pl. -aroe, m., a vessel, a butter tub (O'N.).

pata, g. id., pl. -aròe, m., a hare. pataċán, -án, pl. id., m., a leveret, a hare about three months old.

pataine, g. id., pl. -μιόe, m., a soft young creature of any kind, a plump child, a well-set but small person, a hare or other small animal in good condition; p. teinb, a soft young child; pataine ξιημέιαιό, a plump hare (W.M.); a partridge (Con.); also paitine.

parallóz, -ó1ze, -óza, f., a fat chubby child; parall, id.

pacán, -áin, pl id., m., a leveret. páτμún, -úin, pl. id., m., a patron; a "pattern," the festival of a patron saint.

pé, indef. pr., whatever, whoever (used in M. and Con. for cibé).

péac (piac), g. péice and péic, pl. péiceaca and péaca, f., a long pointed instrument; the

sprouting germ of a vegetable; a long tail; i noeipeao na péice, at long last, in extremis (Con. and U.); cf. i noeipeao na pepibe.

péacac, -aiże, a., beautiful, neat, showy, gaudy; long-tailed; proud, haughty; also sharp-pointed; spotted.

peacac, -ais, pl. id., m., a sinner

(also peactat).

peacac -aize, a., sinful.

peacao, -aio, pl. id. and -caioe, m., a sin, a transgression; p. an τριηγιμ, original sin (the phrase is used by Ferriter = the sin of the elder, as opposed to claome an τρόιγιμ, the corruption of the younger).

péacattac, -aige, a., having a

long tail.

peacamait, -mta, a., sinful, wicked.

peacamtact, -a. f., sinfulness, wickedness.

péacán, -ánn, pl. id., m., the sprout of a vegetable; a shoot; péacán buróe, m., a primrose, a cowslip.

ρέαcός, -όιζε, -όζα, f., a peacock,

a pea-hen.

peactac. See peacac.

peacuża, -uiże, m., act of sinning, offending, trangressing.

peacuizim, -użao, v. intr., I sin, transgress.

ρέασόιμ, -όμα, -όιμιτος, m., one who plays tricks (Kilk.).

peatáio and peatóio, -e, -eaca, f., a palace (Lat. palatium).

pestt, g. peitt, pl. id., m., a pall, a veil, a covering; a carpet; a winnowing sheet; a pallet, a couch; also a horse; a palfrey; dims. pesttán and pesttóz.

peattac, -aiże, a., matted, hairy,

rough.

peallóz, -όιze, -όza, f., a coarse cloth; a pallet; an ill-dressed woman; pealltóz, id.

pean, g. pin and peana, pl. peana, m., a magpie (Der.); éan peana, magpie.

peann, y. pinn, pl. id. and

peanna, m., a writing pen; peann tuaroe, a lead pencil; nom. also peanna.

peannazán, -áin, pl. id., m., a

pen-case.

peannaro, -e, -oroe, f., punishment, penance; affliction, torment; pranaro, id.

peannaioeac, -oise, a., penal;

painful, tormenting.

peannairoeact, -a, f., painfulness. peannair, -ao, v. tr., I punish, torture.

peannaine, g. id., pl.-price, m., a penman; a scribbler (O'N.).

Peannaineact, -a, f., penmanship; act of scribbling (O'N).

peannamait, -mta, a., pen-like. peann iapainn, m., a style, a

graver.

Peanrúη, -úιη, pl. id., m., a pair of pincers.

péanta, g. id., pl. -taroe, m., a pearl; fig., a fair lady.

Péantac, -aige, a., like pearls; valuable, beautiful.

Péantacán, -áin, pl. id., m., a fair child (O'N.).

péanra. See péinre.

peanra, -an, -ana, f., a person, a soul; an individual; a body; person of a verb.

peanracán, -ánn, pl. id., m., a contemptible person (O'N.).

peanráit, -e, f., parsley.

peanta, indec. a., personal, personable, handsome.

peaprantact, -a, f., comeliness.

pear, -a, m., a purse; pear aingro, a purse of money; pearán, id.

pearaine, peas; cf. pearaine

pearanac, -aiże, a., petulant,

saucy. Pearcaim, -ao, v. tr., I cut, slash.

pear-żaouroe, g. id., pl. -oce, m., a pickpocket (pear, pearán, a

pocket; a purse).
Pear-laopann, m., a highway-

man.

péarún, -únn, pl. id., m., an

aggressive, quarrelsome person; péarúinín, id. (N. Con.).

peaca, g. id., pl. -aroe, m., a pet; a petted animal, as a pet sheep, kid, hare, etc.

Déataide, same as réadraide, peacaroeacc, -a, f., pettedness.

peacamail, -mla, a., pettish.

péacan, -ain, m., pewter; com canaroe le péacan (C. Wal.). peic, -e, -eanna, f., a peck, a

measure (also pic).

Pérceattac, -arje, a., having a long tail.

Pérceatlac, m., the penis (O'N). peroteacán, -áin, pl. id., m., a

butterfly.

perleacán, -áin, pl. id., a pelican. perléan, -éin, pl. id., m., a pillar; also a bullet, a ball, an iron bowl.

 pe_1 lιύμ, -ύιμ, pl. id., m., a pillow;a person with long, unkempt hair (Con.).

peillic, -e, -eaca, f., a skin, a hide, a pelt; a hide-covered hut.

pertuce, g. id., pl. -croe, m., a soft ungainly boy (pleroce, id.).

péin-olige, m., a penal law. péine, g. id., pl. -nide, f., a pine.

peinnéan, -éin, pl. id., m., a pen-

pemriun,-um, pl. id., m., a pension. péine, g. id., pl. -nioe, m., a pair, a couple, a brace; a set (four), as of knitting needles, horseshoes, etc. (rerope, generally in M.sp.l.); péine vealzán (Don.), reione bionán chiocála (M.), a set of knitting needles.

ppeine, the buttocks (O'N.).

Peipiaclač, -aiže, a., dangerous; uain peiniaclac an bair, the dread hour of death (Derry prayer).

perpracut, -urt, m., danger, peril

(from Lat. periculum).

Peinibic, -ce, -cioe, f., a peruke, a wig.

Péipre, g. id., pl. -proe, f., a row, a rank, a perch in length; the fish called perch.

perprit mon, -te mone, f., smallage (apium palustre).

peir-ceanbaine, m., a cut-purse;

peir- $\dot{\varsigma}$ eληη $\dot{\varsigma}$ ότη, m., id.

 \mathfrak{P} éirt, -e, $\mathfrak{p}l$. id., f., a beast, a reptile, a worm, a sea-monster; uill-péire, or oillpiare, a monster; péire an oá-rúiloéas, the river lamprey; péirc na rcapán, the grampus. See

perreal, -cil, m., a pestle.

Déirceamail, -mla, a., beastly, brutish, worm-like.

Péirceánac, -ais, -aise, m., a low, creeping, worm-like fellow.

Déirceoz, -015e, -05a, f., a little worm; a worm; used as a term of abuse (U_{\cdot}) .

ρέιγτεοζαζ, -Διζε, α., wormy,

maggoty.

per-teol, m., a picking of purses. peit, -e, f., the dwarf elder; name of the letter p; the letter p is somet. called pert box.

peit box, g. peite buise, f., the dwarf elder; the letter p.

peitnioest, - \dot{o} i \dot{z} , pl.~id.,~m.,~abig, stout, lazy person or beast; anything stout and heavy.

βέιτρεος, -013e, -03a, f., a peach. Pian, g. péine, pl. -a and pianta, f., pain, punishment, pang, torment; 1 bpéin, in pain; pianta ráir, growing-pains.

Pianac, -aiže, a., painful.

Pianao, -nza, pl. id., m., affliction, punishment, torment; a paining, tormenting, afflicting.

Pianavóin, -óna, -óinive, m., a punisher, a tormentor.

Dianaim, -ao, v. tr., I torture, torment, distress, pain, annoy, punish.

Pianamail, -mla, a., penal.

Planar, -air, m., pain, punishment.

Planarac, -aize, a., punishing. Dian choice, f., pain in the heart. Pian imteacáin, f., a colic.

Pianman, -aine, a., painful. Diannaio, -e, pl. id., f., torment;

affliction.

Pianóiji, -ójia, -óijii oe, m., a teaser, a tempter, a tormentor.

Planóineact, -a, f., torment, vexation, annoyance.

Plan-pair, f., torture.

Dianużao, -uiżte, m., act of tormenting, paining, distressing, annoying.

Pianuižim, -użaó, v.tr., I torment, distress, pain, annoy, punish.

platida, g. id., pl. -aide, m., a peer; an ornament, esp. for a mantel-piece; cf. má caid mipe m' placta, ní platida mé 'ná máta (D. R.).

ριαμοάιι, -άια, f., ransacking. ριαμοάιαιη, -οάιι, v. tr., I ransack. ριαμοάιμιος, g. id., m., a ran-

sacker.

prarcac, -arże, a., rough, rugged

(0'IV.)

playt, g. péirte, pl. id. and playtaide, f., a serpent, a seaserpent; a worm, tape-worm; p. dub, p. donn, an otter; imlead péirte, a district on the Kerry coast. See péirt.

praptac, -arje, a., beastly,

monstrous.

ριαρτός, -όιζε, -όζα, f., a worm, a reptile (dim. of ριαρτ).

píbín, g. id., pl. -nroe, m., a little pipe.

pibineact, -a, f., act of piping. pic, -e, f., pitch; slime; pic talmaioe, slime.

pic. See peic.

pice, g. id., pl. picroe, f., a hayfork, a pike, a long spear, a pitchfork; pice péin, a hayfork, also a large cock of hay made in the meadow.

pizín, g. id., pl. -ioe, m., a small

wooden vessel, a pitcher.

piţinn, g. piţne, pl. id. and piţneaca, f., a penny; teit-p., a half-penny; in W. Ker. somet. piţinn. See pinţinn.

pilbin. See pilbin and pilibin. piléan, -éin, m., a bullet, a ball.

plubin, g. id., pl. -nioe, m., a plover; anything very small, as a small egg (M.); also plubin.

pitibin miozac, a sort of plover which frequents the sea-coast; somet. p. mioz.

Ditiptineac, -nis, pl. id., a Philis-

tine (Kea.).

pilleoc, -oice, -oca, f., an instrument for catching fish in rivers (Don.).

pittin, -ne, -nioe, f., a pillion, a

pannel, a pack-saddle.

ρι Uι úη, - úιη, pl. id., m., a pillow; also peι Uι úη.

pitréan, -éin, pl. id., m., a pilchard

(fish).

pincin, g. id., pl. -nioe, m., a gilly-flower; also a very small freshwater fish, usually so called in English in Ireland (pinkeen).

pinginn, g.-gne and -e, pl.-nioe, f., a penny, a pennyweight (M.); an pinginn if aoinoe, the highest price; coimeáo na pinginne cailleamaint na prillinge, keeping the penny and losing the shilling, "penny wise and pound foolish"; pinginnioe ruana, money in small, unsubstantial sums.

pınnıuın, -úna, -unnive, f., a gable. pınnreac, -piţe, a., pointed, peaked.

pinceáil, -ála, f., act of painting

(A.). Pínceálaim, -áil, v. tr., I paint

or limn (A.). Pίητέλη, -έιη, m., pl. id., m., a

a painter, a limner (A.).

píob, g. píbe and píoba, pl. píobaroe and píoba, f., a pipe of any kind; a bagpipe; the throat; píob unce, a water conduit; píob munéil, the throat, the neck, the windpipe. (In Kerry píop, píopane, etc., are the words spoken.)

píobao, -bta, m., act of piping.

ріовачоін, -όμα, -όιμιτο, m., a pipe-maker.

piobaim, -ao, v. intr., I play on a

pipe.

piobaine, g. id., pl. -pioe, m., a piper; a kind of eel; piobaine mata, a player on the bagpipes.

piobaineact, -a, pl. id., f., act of piping; playing on the pipes; pipe-music.

píobán, -áin, pl. id., m., the throat; a small pipe; the windpipe.

Pioban, -ain, m., pepper; pioban rava, long pepper;

Az véanam meivipirc' v'án

zcheroeam,

1r a bpioban ann zač lá aca, in an Chuicín \mathfrak{P} haoic (G, J_*) , in which the second line appears to have the sense of meddling with, interfering with faith).

Diobancar, -air, m., pepperwort,

garden cress.

Píob mála, f., a bagpipe.

píob taorcta, f., a pump.

Piob urce, f., a conduit pipe, a water pipe.

ploc. See plocán, a pore in the

skin, etc.

 \mathcal{D}_{100} , m., a jot; in M. used with neg. ní to mean "nothing."

 p_{100ac} , - a_1 , e, a., picking, thrifty, careful.

plocao, -cta, m., a picking, nipping, nibbling.

μιοςασύιμ, -όμα, -όιμισε, m., a picker, a nibbler.

piocaim, -ao, v. tr., I pick, pluck, nibble; I choose, select. Procarreact, -a, f, a pinching,

picking, nibbling; idling, trifling. procamail, -mts, a., neat; tactful (Con.).

Piocamlact, -a, f., neatness; tact (Con.).

Piocán, -áin, pl. id., m., hoarseness, wheezing. See ppiocán.

Piocán, -áin, pl. id., m., a smallpore on the skin; a round drip of sweat on the skin (P. O'C.).

ρ1οςό1ο, -e, -1οe, f., a mattock, a pick-axe.

Piocóin, -óna, -óinioe, m., a picker, a nibbler.

Piochao, -aio, m., act of caterwauling.

Piochaim, -ao, v. intr., I caterwaul (P. O'C.).

P10cc, -a, -a1oe, m., a Pict; a painter.

Piocuiste (piocta), p. a., picked, selected; spruce; 30 p. beappta, tastily equipped.

 \mathfrak{P}_{10} láro, -e, -rôe, f., a mansion, a pile of building (also piotóro, peatóro, and peatáro).

Prollarge, g. id., pl. -proe, m., a pill; peattaine, id. (Don.).

 \mathfrak{P}_{10} ló1°0, -e, f., a pillory.

Piotóiji, -óna, -óiniöe, f., a pillar; a pillory; the stocks.

píolóta, g. id., pl. -aröe, m., apilot; also píotó τ roe (M.).

Promáit, -áta, f, act of becoming musty (Staunton, G. J.).

Dionna, g. id., pl.-aroe, m., a peg,

a pin.

Dionnya, g. id., pl. -aroe, m.artifice, guile, skill, cunning; cf. pionnya 30 n-iontar c'eolair (Fer.).

Dionnraideact, -a, f., fencing. Dionnróineact, -a, f., skilfulness, wiliness; fencing.

pιοπόγ, -όιγ, m., penance; worry, anxiety (this word is general

in M_{\cdot}).

píonúr, -úir, pl. id., m., punishdeath; anxiety. ment, pionór (pionúr, not pionúr, in sp. l.).

piop, piopaine, 7c. See piob,

piobaine, 7c.

píopa, g. id., pl. -arôe, m., a pipe of any kind, esp. a pipe for smoking; piopa labant, a reed-whistle (N. Con.).

Diona, g. id., pl. -aroe, m., a pear. píonáro, -e, -roe, m., a pirate.

Dionaroeac, -orse, a., piratical. píopároeact, -a, f., piracy.

D10μό10, -e, -10e, f., a parrot.

ριομμός, -όιζε, -όζα, f., a peartree (O'N.).

píora, g id., pl. -aroe, m., a piece, a bit, a fragment, a morsel, a patch (A.); dim. pírín.

piora, g. id., pl. -aroe, a wooden cup, or deep dish; dim. pirin.

Diopaine, g. id., pl.-prioe, m., a whisperer.

piopajinać, - $ai\dot{z}$, - $ai\dot{z}$ e, m., a whisper.

Propagnact, -a, f., a whispering. Propagnath, -art, pl. id., m., a pistol (A_1) .

pípe, used in phr.: τά μίμιδ pípe (for τά μίμιδ pípe), in real earnest, stronger than τά μίμιδ (Con.).

pip, -e, f., vulva.

pir, -e, -eannna, f., a pea, a quantity of pease; pir out or pir capailt, horse pea, vetch, tare (vicia sativa); pir buide, common yellow vetch (lathyrus pratensis); pir riadain, fitch, vetch, wild pea; other varieties are: pir zeal, pir éanáin, pir mionnáin, pir phéacáin.

Pircín, g. id., pl. -niôe, m., a kitten; pirín (Don.), puirín, id. Pireán, -áin, m., pease, lentils;

tares.

Pιτεάπαċ, -aiż, m., pulse; lentils.
Pιτεάπαċ, -aiże, -aċa, f., the female fish (from the pea-like eggs);
the male is called teaöbánaċ.

pireoz, -0ize, -oza, f., witchcraft, sorcery; a charm, a spell; tuċτ pireoz, wizards, diviners; pireoza, pl., superstitious acts, witchcraft.

pireozać, -aiże, a., like a witch or wizard; belonging to witch-craft.

Pireogact, -a, f., act of bewitching, of setting charms or spells,

pírin, g. id., pl. -nroe, m., a small wooden cup or deep dish used for butter (Ker., et alibi); a little bit; dim. of píora).

ριγμεος, ριγμεος Δά, ριγτμεος. See ριγεος, ριγεος Δά.

Pirt, -e, f., a penny (O'N.).

pic, -e, f., vulva; another form of pir.

piceánta, indec. a., effeminate, lewd.

piceántact, -a, f., effeminacy, lewdness.

piteoz, -01ze, -0za, f., an effeminate person; piteán and piteacán, id.

pitilin, g. id., pl. -ite, m., a bundle (M.).

Pitip, -the, pl. -thise and -these, f., a pitcher (Mon.).

Pittirc, -e, -croe, f., a partridge. Plabaine, plabaineact. See plobaine, plobaineact.

plac. See plaic.

placace, -a, f., eating greedily, gobbling (O'N.).

placao, -cta, m., act of devouring greedily.

placam, -aò, v. tr., I gobble up, devour.

placame, g. id., pl.-moe, m., a gobbler, a greedy person.

placánta, indec. a., gross, fleshy, fat, plump, thick.

placántact, -a, f., grossness, fatness, fleshiness, roundness.

pláżam, -aò, v. tr., I plague. plaic, -e, -eanna, f., a mulct, a

fine, an amercement.

plaic, -e, pl. -eanna, and -ive, f., a maniple; handful, gripe, fistful, mouthful; the fleshy or muscular parts of a person; the thigh; i bplaic a muineit, on the soft part of his neck.

plato, -e, f., a Scotch plaid; a

blanket, a counterpane.

platob, -e, f., a dull, heavy blow (Con.).

pláiż, g. -e and -áża, pl. pláża and pláiżeanna, f., a pest, a plague, a pestilence.

pláiseac, -żiże, a., plaguy.

pláiteamail, -mla, a., contagious, pestilential.

pláiżeanać, -aiż, -aiże, m., a mischievous fellow.

plaincéao, -éio, -éioioe, m., a blanket.

planeiro, -e, -éara, f., a planet. plannin, g. id., pl. -roe, m., flannel.

plainreos, -015e, -05a, f., a red kind of mountain berry (Don.).

plaire, -e, α ., dry, elastic, spongy, inflammable.

pláirín, g. id., pl. -nrôe, m., a plaice (also pláir).

Pláirtéanact, -a, f., plastering (A.).

pláirtéine, g. id., pl. -nice, m., a

plasterer (A.).

plair, -e, -eaca, f., the scalp of the head; plair an cinn, id. (O'N. translates plair the forehead); τά plair αιμ, he is bald (Con.).

plaitin, -e, f., the forehead; the

head.

ptáirín, g. id., pl. -nioe, m., a small plate; small, flat surface.

pláirín, g. id., pl. -niòe, m., the scalp of the head; pláirín an cinn, the roof of the head; pláirín na nglún, the thin bone that covers the knee,

ptántineac, -niţe, a., bald-pated. ptámár, -áir, m., flattering, soothing speech; btámár (U.).

Plámárac, -aize, a., flattering, using soothing speech.

ptámárurðe, g. id., pl. -ðte, m., a flatterer, one who uses soothing

ptána, g. id., pl. -aróe, m., a carpenter's plane; ptána beaz, a jack plane.

planoa, g. id., pl. -aroe, m., a plant, a scion, an offspring, an

offshoot.

planoac, -aiże, a., plant-like.

planoamail, -mla, a., plant-like, filial.

planoużaó, -uiżte, m., act of planting.

planouiţim, -uţaö, v. tr., I plant. planouiţte, p. a., planted.

Planouisteoip, -opa, -oipioe, m., a planter.

plaoircín, g. id., pl. -nioe, m., a little husk or shell.

plaore, -oirce, -ca, f., a husk or shell; the skull; the head; somet. m. See blaore.

plaorcać, -aiże, a., shelly, husky;

having a large head.

plaorcao, -cta, m., act of knocking on the head.

plaoreaim, -cao, v. intr., I knock on the head.

pláp, -áip, m., flattery, deceit; gs. pláip (as a.), deceitful.

ptár, -áir, pl. id., m., a level field; a level plot for spreading turf, hay, flax, etc., on, to dry; a place. ptár, m., the fish called plaice.

ptárán, -ánn, pl. id., m., a level field, a lawn (ptáróz, -ó1ze,

-650, f., id.).

ptártan, -ain, pl.id., m., a plaster, a poultice (A.); also ptártna.

Plárcháilim, vl. plárcháil, v. tr., I plaster, daub (A.).

ρίας τημιζιπ, -υζαό, v. tr., I plaster, daub (A.).

pláruroe, g. id., pl. -ote, m., a flatterer.

plápuisim, v. tr., I soften, soothe, coax.

pláτα, g. id., pl. -αιόε, m., plate; a plate; αιμζεαο pláτα, silver money.

pláτάlτα, indec. α., smooth like a

plate (E. R.).

plaτός, -όιζε, -όζα, f., the bald crown of the head.

pléadait, -ála, pl. id., f., advocacy, pleading; pléideait, id.

Pléadálaim, vl. pléadáil, v. intr., I plead, advocate (A.).

pleagán, -áin, pl. id., m., a small oar or paddle (Achill).

pleáżnacz, -a, f., the act of rowing, paddling.

pleanne, g. pleinne, m., a strong blow (also planne).

pleanncao, -cta, m., a beating, striking strongly (also plann-cao).

pleanncaim, -ao, v. tr., I beat, I strike violently.

pléanáca, g. id., pl. -aroe, m., uproar, confusion, revelry; the playing of children.

pléanuiris, pleurisy.

pléarc, -éirce, -éarcanna, f., a crack, a noise, a loud blow.

pléarcac, -aise, a., cracking, noisy, thumping.

ptéarcaó, -cta, pl. id., m., a crack, a noise, a bursting, a loud blow.

Pléarcaim, -ao, v. tr. and intr.,

I crack, burst, break, strike, fire,

Pléarcaine, g. id., pl. -nioe, m., a burster, a breaker, a cracker.

pléarcán, -áin, pl. id., m., a a rocket; cracker, Sunna pléarcáin, a pop-gun.

pléarcannac, -aize, f., a crack,

a noise, a loud blow.

pleibirte, g. id., pl. -tibe, m., a soft quiet child; a guileless person plubairce and plubaircin, id. (Don. and Con.).

pterbirgin, m., marsh marigold, somet. p. buroe, id. (N. Con.).

pléro, -e, f., diversion, drollery; spite, wrangle; páioin

ptéroe, spiteful Paddy.

pleroce, g. id., m., a stump; a fool; p. amaoáin, a "stump" of a fool; plerocin, a set of stakes set in the ground as a fence (Ker).

ptéroe, g. id., m., act of contending, wrangling, disputing; act of dealing with, having to do with; contention, dispute, wrangle, litigation.

pléroeac, -orje, a., acrid, venomous; droll, witty, merry; spite-

ful.

pléroesco, -a, f., diversion, drollery, act of playing jokes.

pléroeáil, -ála, f., act of pleading; disputing, wrangling (U.). pléroim, -oeao, v. intr., I jest, am

droll or witty.

Dléroim, vl. pléroe, v. tr. and intr., I plead, I contest, fight, defeat, crush; I fight for, vindicate; I deal, have to do with; Tá ré az pléroe na cúrre oam, he is pleading in my case (of a lawyer).

Pléropeact, -a, f., act of playing. Pléro-propria, g. id., m., a struggle

for the mastery.

pleirc, -e, -eaca, f., a strong sudden blow (Con.). See pléarc.

Pléiriún, -úin, pl. id., m., pleasure, enjoyment; fun, merriment.

pléiriúros, pleasant, cheerful. pleire, -e, f., anything heavy and lumbersome, as a corpse; an awkward layer of anything; a frozen clod; a testicle.

pléirre, g. id., pl. -rice, m., a testicle (P. O'C., from Plunket).

See pleirt.

pléirteoz, -015e, -05a, f., a small

point of land (Mayo).

pleoro, -e, -roe, f., a plague; p. onc, a plague on you (Don.).

pleota, m., a fool (pleottin, id.); also means a surly fellow (Con.).

plibin (pilibin), g. id., pl. -nice, m., a plover.

plibirin, g. id., pl. -nioe, m., the herb caltrops or star-thistle

(P. O'C.).

plimp, -e, f., a sudden dash or fall; tuit ré oe plimp, he fell down suddenly; tuit ré v'aon ptimp amain, id. (Con.).

plioma, g. id., pl. -aroe, anything large or great; a strong,

vigorous man.

Pliomaine, g. id., pl. -proe, m., a fresh, good-looking man.

plippin, g. id., pl. -nide, m., a tassel; a shred, a tatter.

Plinipirioe, g. id., pleurisy (in M. pleurisy is called pléroe ampair, which is also a corruption of the English word).

plobathe, g. id., pl.-proe, m., one who talks much and loudly; a person having very fleshy cheeks.

plobameact, -a, f., excessive talking.

ploban, -ain, m., stuttering, stammering (plobannac, id.).

Plobanac, -aize, a., splashing.

plóo, in phr., plóo món osome, a crowd (Con.).

ploo, g. pluio, pl. id., m., a pool of standing water (ploos and plooan, id.).

plocóro, -e, -oroe, f., a stopper, a

bung (ploc, id.).

plooán, -áin, pl. id., m., a pool of standing water.

plovánače, -a, f., paddling or rowing in water.

ptopapán, -áin, m., a puddle (Con.).

ploro, -e, -roe, f., a blanket.

See pluro.

plore, -turre, m., a sigh, a groan. ploreac, -aiże, a., sighing, pant-

ptuair, -e, -eaca, f., a hole, a crevice; i bptuair chuic, in a crevice on the hill (Ker.); also

phuair.

plubaine, plubaineact, 7c. See plobaine, plobaineact, 7c.

plubaiμγίη, -e, m., common marsh marigold (also plubaiγτίη).

plubός, -όιζe, -όζα, f., a small

pollock.

pluc, g. pluice, pl. pluca, f., the cheek; a knob, a knot; a lump; rpeal pluice, a cheek-scythe, a humorous name for a razor.

plucać, -aiże, a., having large cheeks, blubber-cheeked, lumpy,

bunchy.

plúcao, -cta, pl. id., m., act of pressing, squeezing, smothering; suffocation.

plucao, -cta, m., the swelling of

the cheeks (P. O'C.).

ptúčam, -aò, v. tr., I press, squeeze, choke, suffocate.

plucaim, -ao, v. tr., I puff or swell up the cheeks.

plucaine, g. id., pl. -μroe, m., one that has great cheeks.

Plucaiμελότ, -λ, f., impertinence, stubbornness; "cheek."

plucamup, -uip, m., a bulge, a protuberance; the mumps or quinsy; anger; tá p. ain cusam, he is angry with me.

ptúčta, p. a., smothered, pressed,

squeezed.

ptúčza (ptóčza), heaps, drifts of snow, etc. (Con.).

pluos, g. id., m., puddle (also ploos).

pturo, -oe, -oroe, f., a quilt, a blanket (pturoeoz, dim.).

plumbír, -e, -roe, f., a plum (fruit); pron. plumír.

ptúinín, g. id., m., a word sometimes used for indigo.

plúinín reangán, m., sheep's sorrel, mountain clover; (rumex ascetosella, trifolium alpestre).

ptúinín rtiogáin, a kind of hardgrowing little weed that grows in stone-faced fences, used for reducing swellings.

plúinín rneacta, m., snowdrop.

pluma, g. id., pl. -aroe, m., a plum.

plumma, g. id., pl. -arioe, m., a plumb, a lump; curpread-ra p. ar oo rúit, I will raise a lump on your eye; a plummet (somet. plumba).

plumóz, -óize, -óza, f., a plum

tree (O'N.).

plúη, g. plúη, m., a flower; flour, meal; manna; plúη na brean, the choice of men; plúη na mban, the flower of women, etc.

plújiac, -aiże, a., mealy, full of

meal; flowery.

pobat, g. -ait and -buit, pl. pobtaca and puibleaca, m., people, tribe, congregation; teac an pobait, a church or chapel (Don. and Con.).

pobuat, m., potash (Roscom.).

poc, g. puic, pl. id., m., a he-goat; a sudden blow; poc tinnip, a sudden fit of sickness. See boc.

póca, g. id., pl. -aróe, m., a pocket, a pouch, a bag.

pocaoán, -áin, pl. id., m., a beagle.

Pocaroe, g. id., pl.-orde, m., a hegoat (p. 5aban, id.).

pocaine, g. id., pl.-proe, m., a jumper.

pocán, -áin, pl. id., m., a little hegoat.

poc pionn, g. puic pinn, pl. puic or poca pionna, m., a roebuck.

рос даван, *m.*, a he-goat. рос ниас, *m.*, a roebuck. ρός, -όιζε, -όζα, *f.*, a kiss.

ρόζα^ο, -ζ^οα, m., act of kissing. ρόζαιm, -α^ο, v. tr., I kiss.

ρόζαμαι, -mta, a., kiss-like. ρόζόιμ, -όμα, -όμιτο, m., a

kisser (pózaine, id.).

póizín, g. id., pl. -nroe, m., a little kiss, a kiss.

point; used in M. in much the

same fig. way as "point"; ní ὑέαηραιὑ γέ an poinnτe (also an ὑέαηρο) το ὑμάτ, it will never do; ταὶ για νο ματαιμ, every point of my story (E. R.); an an ὑρ. ὑαιρε, on the spot, immediately.

poipín, g. id., pl. -nive, m., a poppy or opium; bíonn poipín bán, oub, nó veanz, the poppy is either white, black, or red.

ρόιμε, g. id., pl. -μιόε, f., a bean.

póinín, g. id., pl. -nroe, m., a bean; a pedlar; also applied to marbles, small potatoes, etc.

ρόιμίη, g. id., pl. -nioe, m., a little hut to hold lambs, etc., while being weaned (Aran); a wicket.
 ρόιμίη γεαηζάη, m., an ant-hill.

pointe, g. id., pl. -rioe, m., a porch, an entry, a gate; a narrow road or laneway (A.).

ρόιμτέλημιός, g. id., pl.-ότε, m., a porter (A.).

póir-żeatlaim, -tamain, v. tr., I betroth, promise in marriage.

pόιτ, -e, -eanna, f., act of tippling, drinking to excess; a great drinking bout; τά pόιτ αιμ, he is in his cups.

póireac, -riże, a., given to drinking.

póitéir, -e, f., drunkenness.

póiteoin, -ona, -oinioe, m., a drunkard.

poitin, g. id., m., a small pot; whiskey made in private stills.

pott, g. puitt, pl. id., m., a pit, a hole; mire, mud, dirt; pott na heochac, key-hole; pott γιος αισος a concealed bog-hole; pott γείστε, a puffing-hole; pott ζηίσμας, hole made by sea-worms in timber; a pole of land; pott ἡμάταισε, a pit or heap of potatoes covered with clay to preserve them; cuaio

an long 30 coin puill, the ship went to the bottom, sank.

potta, g. id., pl. -arōe, m., a scion, a champion.

pottać, -aiće, a., pierceable, penetrable.

pottaim, -ao, v. tr., I pierce, bore, perforate.

pollame, g. id., pl. -moe, m., a nostril; also, a hole (p. na rmón, id.); a satchel.

pollame, g. id., pl. -moe, a holeand-corner fellow; a searcher, a ransacker.

pollameact, -a, f., keeping in holes or secret places; searching, ransacking.

pott veatais, m., a smoke-hole or

chimney.

pottriażaö, m., pampering (Ker.). pottóς, -όιζε, -όςα, f., a pollock, a kind of fish; p. cainηςe, a sea-weed pollock.

polt phóna, m., a nostril. poltóz. See palltóz.

pónao. See bónao.

pónaine, g. id., f., beans; p. \dot{f} nancac, French beans.

pónaine capaill, f., common bogbean, marsh trefoil.

pónap, -aip, pl. id. and -npa, m., beans.

ponne, g. punne, m., a point, a moment, a tittle, a whit, a theme; a point of argument or debate; a moment of danger, etc.

ponncaė, -aiże, a., precise, exact. ponncamait, -mta, a., distinct, articulate; punctual.

ponncamtact, -a, f., distinctness, exactness; punctuality.

póμ, g. póiμ, pl. id., m., seed; a race, a clan; the original stock of a family; the seed of the dock-plant (Meath).

popic, m., a pig, a hog; Lat. porcus. popicán, -áin, pl. id., m., a small fat pig, a small pig, a porker. pópi-ţlan, -aine, a., of noble race.

poppán, -ám, pl. id., m., a little crevice.

poητ, g. puητ, pl. id., m., a mount, a shore, a bank, a ferry,

a passage; a bog; a dry, raised ridge in a bog; pont reaván, a big shoal (prop. bank) of herrings (Mayo); tonz-pont, a camp, fort; a port, a haven; a fortress, a fort; a house or mansion.

ponc, g. punc, pl. id., m., a tune, an air, either sung or played on a musical instrument.

poncac, -aise, a., full of brinks or brims; full of banks or ridges.

poprać, -aiże, a., tuneful.

ροηταό, - Διζ, - Δόλ, m., a bog; a bank of peat; bog-stuff.

Dóncamail, -amla, a., portly, proud, daring, independent.

popcán, -áin, pl. id., m., a crab, a crabfish; p. 5tar, a small, green crab; p. plijneac, soldier crab; p. 14painn, a small species of crab (Achill).

poρτάρ, -úiρ, pl. id., m., a pocket prayer-book; a breviary.

póraö, -rea, pl. id. and pórearoe, m., act of marrying; marriage; cleamnar is a marriage in the making, a match; ainseao pórta, marriage offering; pl. also pórtarbeaca.

poráro, -e, -eaca, f., a posset, a warm drink; also poróro.

póraim, -ao, v. tr. and intr., I marry, I wed; oo por an ragand 140, the priest performed the ceremony of marriage for them; vo por ré i, he married her; oo pórao te Oomnattí, she was married to Domhnall.

pór-cáin, f., a tribute paid at the

time of marriage.

ρογόζ, -όιζε, -όζα, f., a mess (U.).

port, g. purper and -a, m., the (letter) post; a position or employment; Tiż an puirt, the Post Office (M.); Teac an porta, id. (Con.); somet. port and poirc.

porta, g. id., pl. -aroe, m., a pillar, a post, a prop, a support; a situation, a post. See port.

pórta, p. a., married, closely

united (to, le); nuao-pórca, newly-married.

pots, g. id, pl. -10e, m., a pot; pota 5tiomac, a wicker lobsterpot, used to confine and preserve lobsters in the tide; a pottle.

Dotacaenioe, g. id., pl.-ote, m.

an apothecary.

ροτασόιμ, -όμα, -όιμισe, m., a potter.

pota \mathfrak{T} tar, \mathfrak{m} ., a pottle (O'N.). росліне, g. id., pl. -ніое, m., a

large tankard.

pócaine, g. id., pl. -nice, m., a toper, a drunkard; póitine (Mon.).

potameact, -a, f., act of drinking, tippling; drunkenness.

poτάιγτε, g. id., m., pottage. pocamail, -mls, a., pot-like.

potánta, indec. a., thick like pottage.

potántact, -a, f., thickness, like that of thick pottage.

potan, -ann, pl. id., m., a wide ungainly vessel; a pot, a tankard (Ker.).

por-rolac, m., a pot-lid. poz-lur, m., a pot-herb.

phab, compar. pheibe, a., active, quick, elever; s. f., a start, a bound; te phaib na rút, in the twinkling of the eyes phap). See pheab.

See bháca. pháca, 7c.

gives pháca.

ρμάς άτ, - άιτ, m., raw oatmeal mixed with buttermilk; hotch-

potch, olla podrida.

pμάιδ, -άιδε, f., rheum; a discharge from the corner of the eyes; clammy matter, filth; pháibín, dim., fresh cowdung (Don.); pháipín, dim., a mixture of oatmeal and milk.

ρμάιδελὸ, -bi $\dot{\varsigma}$, pl. id., m., a plasterer.

Pháibeacán, -áin, pl. id., m., a plasterer, a dauber.

ρμάιbeaċτ, -a, f., plastering.

Pháibim, -beao, v. tr., I daub or plaster. Pháirinn, -one, f., earnest haste

or business; hurry, flurry, trepidation; trouble, difficulty, need; heed, regard (with 1, Con.); ní téan tiom a bpháioinn, I am not grieved at their trepidation or distress (E.R.); pleasure, delight; confidence; pride; bí ρμάιοιnn móμ αιζε αγτα, he had great confidence in them (C.S.); cf. vo rnámpann an c-uirce 'r an cuite, oá mbao pháioinn vam é.

Djiáioneac, -nize, a., earnest; terrified, in trepidation; needy, distressed; confiding in a person, taking delight in seeing one; bao pháinneac ar a munntin réin é, he took great

pride in his own family. Phainn. See phoinn.

Phánneac, m., a busy throng $(Don_{\cdot}).$

phainn-teac. See phoinn-teac. Dhaip-iompóo, -puizce, m., act of

suddenly turning.

pháirc, -e, f., soft clammy dirt or filth; wildness, extravagance; pastime, unlawful pastime (the word is used chiefly in its figurative application by the M. poets).

Phairce, g. id., f., a mess of pottage; broth porridge; byaoinín phairce, a little quantity of porridge (in M. phairce is not used in nom., but it is used as gs. for phaireac); g. also phaircio (o pron. 3) (W. Ker.).

pháircín, g. id., pl. -nioe, m., an apron, esp. a coarse apron with many pockets; a rag, a clout;

a shoemaker's apron.

Phaireac, g. -rize and phairce, f., pottage; little pieces; broth, porridge; tá ré 'na phairis azat, you have broken it into bits, you have spoiled it (phairce is used as gs. of phairesc in M., also phaire); p. burbe, a kind of kale or cabbage.

Phaireac bhátan, f., English mer-

cury, wild spinach.

Phaireac burde., f., wild cabbage, rape, wild raven.

Phaireac flavain, f., common wild goosefoot, orache, white goosefoot.

Phaireac riaio, f., bastard cress or mustard, penny cress.

Phaireac zant, f., wild mustard. charlock.

Phaireac Star, f., fig-leaved goosefoot.

Phaireac min, f., wild orache.

Phaireac na zcaonac, f., bastard cress or mustard, penny cress.

Phaireac na mana, f., annual seaside goosefoot.

Phaireac na mballa, f., wall goosefoot.

Phaireac τηάζα, f., sea kale.

Pháirléao, -éio, pl. id., m., a bracelet.

Prampáil, -ála, f., act of frisking, leaping.

Prampuisim, -usao and -rais, v. intr., I jump, leap, frisk

phap, quick, sudden; 30 phap, quickly, suddenly. See phab.

ppar, a., quick, ready.

ρμάρ, -áiρ, m., brass; money generally (poet.); a poem (E. R.). Dμάτας, -αιζε, α., brazen; belonging to brass.

práráit, -áta, f., embrasure.

ρμάταιm, -αο, v. tr., I solder with brass; I cover over with brass.

phar-taca, -an, -ain, f., a duck, a wild fowl, a widgeon.

pμάριαιόε, m., pl., brass ornaments. (?)

Práruice, g. id., pl. -ote, m., a brazier; one that deals in brass instruments.

ημάτα, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a potato; rata, pl. rataroe, in Con.; préata in Meath and U.

Dueab, -eibe, -eaba, f., a bounce, a kick, a start; motion, action; zan pheab, spiritless, lifeless; n nveinear na pheibe, at the last gasp.

preabao, -bta, m., palpitation,

panting.

pneabaim, -aö, v. intr., I stamp, kick, spurn; I rouse, bounce, spring, jump; I come suddenly; used idiomatically, as: pneab 10' ruioe, arise, stand up; oo pneab ré'na rearam, he sprang to his feet; pneabraio ré cuzamn táitneac, he will come upon us immediately; oo pneabar, I started, I was startled; pneab anonn cúca 1 mbánac, go over to them tomorrow (without hesitation or delay).

preabance, g. id., pl. -proe, m., a stout, hearty, brave fellow.

pheabanneact, -a, f., acting bravely or gallantly.

ppeabamait, -mta, a., active, vigorous, gallant; spirited.

ρηεαδάη, -άτη, pl. id., m., a parcel, a piece; a patch; a rag; Seaġán na bpηεαδάη, John of the rags.

Preabánac, -aize, a., full of patches; as subs., a ragged

person.

preabánam, -ao, v. tr., I patch, mend.

ρμεαβάπαιδε, g. id., pl.-δτε, m., a patcher.

pneabaoir (pl.), artificial food (Mayo).

preabzait, -e, f., jumping, leaping, bouncing, skipping.

pneabóz, -όιζe, -όζα, f., a kicking or wincing mare.

Préac, -éice, -éaca, f., a root.

ppéacán, -áin, pl. id., m., a crow, a raven, a periwinkle; ppéacán ceannann, ossifrage or osprey.

Ρηθαζάπ cenτεας, m., a kite.
Ρηθαζάπ cnaimiżeac, m., a raven.
Ρηθαζάπ ζεάμη, m., a glede or buzzard.

ppéacán ingneac, m., a vulture.

ppéacán na zceapc, m., a kite, a scald-crow.

ρμέλετα, p. a., perished, famished (as with cold) (Con.); also ρμέλεται ξτε.

ppearoam, the bones taken out of pork when it is to be cured as

bacon $(O'N_*)$.

ρηέαιάιο, -e, -ιόe, m., a prelate.
 ρηέαιάιοεαċτ, -a, f., prelacy.

ρηέαm, -éime, pl. -a and -aca, f., root, origin, beginning, foundation. See γηέαm (ρηέαm is the spoken form, at least in M.).

phéamac, -aize, a., full of roots,

root-like.

préamaim. See préamuizim.

ppéamoa, indec. a., primary, fundamental.

pηέλιἡυζαό, -uiţċe, m., taking root, springing up; descending from (ό, as a race springs from an ancestor).

ριέαπυιζιπ, -υζαό and -maó, v. tr. and intr., I plant, I propagate; I spring from, am descended from; I strike root, settle firmly.

pheap, a., quick, soon; zo p., immediately. See phab and phap. pheap, m., a plait, a wrinkle.

ppearac, -aiże, a., corrugant, wrinkled.

ρμεαγασόιμ, -όμα, -όιμισε, m.,
 the person who thickens frieze
 (C. S., Vol. II., p. 354; Mayo).

ppearaim, -ao, v. tr., I plait, wrinkle.

preatann, -anne, -anna, f., parchment.

prescatt, -citte, f., a double chin; the dewlap of a cow; oo rus ré an prescitt ain, he throttled him; out 'n-a prescitt, to throttle him.

preseteac, -tiże, a., having a double chin; having a dewlap.

ρμέιτ, m. and f., a prey of cattle (O'N.); something of great value; ir τύ an ρμέιτ αζαιπη! how precious thou art to us! ir móμ an ρμέιτ έ! how precious it is! baιπιό amač an ρμέιτ,

recover the "prey" (a lady who had been abducted).

pRI

phiacait, -ata, f., risk, danger; an oo phiacail, at the risk of your life; phiacail báir, danger of death (Lat. periculum).

Priactac, -aize, a., dangerous, risky, troubled.

pribéroeac, -orze, a., private; somet. phibléroesc (Aran).

Phibléro, -e, -roe, f., a privilege. phím (phíom), -e, a. (generally as prefix), first, prime, chief, principal, great.

prim-ceannar, -air, m., primacy. prim-ceáno, m., a prime or chief

artificer.

pμim-ċléιμελċ, -μιζ, pl. id., m., achief clerk, a head book-keeper. Primeso, m., the shrub privet or prime-print (P. O'C.).

Prim-earcail, -e, f., a main beam which reaches from sidewall to sidewall.

prim-readmannac, -aiz, -aize, m., a chief butler.

prim-riabnar, -air, m., chief fever.

prim-zeinze, α., first-born.

prim-żléar, m., the first or chief means.

ppim-zníomuziceom, m., a chief agent.

Plimio (phimioe), -e, f., first fruits; firstlings of any kind (ppimioit, id.).

prim-tior, m., a principal fortress, a chief royal seat.

prím-peacao, m., original sin. Primpeatlán, -áin, pl. id., m, a beetle.

prim-reanmoin, f., act of preaching; as phoiceapt 7 as phimreanmoin voit, instructing them and preaching to them (Kea., T. S.).

prim-reol, -oit, -olta, m., a main-

 p_{him} -teat, -tize, -tizte, m., a chief house.

pringeapátes, indec.a., principal, chief (Kea.); high-principled; stern, rigorous.

Principeac, -riz, -rize, m., an apprentice.

pμίοδάιο, -oe, f., privacy, secrecy; πίοη φηίοδάιο é a eactna, his deeds were renowned (Seatán na Ráitineac).

Pníobároeac, -orże, a., private, secret.

Phioca, g. id., pl.-arbe, m., a goad, a sting; a sting fixed to the end of a goad to drive cattle with $(O^{\prime}B.).$

Phiocao, -cta, m., act of goading,

stinging, prodding.

Phiocaim, -ao, v. tr., I prod, sting,

goad.

Phiocaine, g. id., pl. -proe, m., one who pinches or pricks; a diminutive fellow; a faultfinder (Con.).

priocaineact, -a, f., pinching, pricking; trifling; working in a trifling or careless manner.

ρηιοςόιο. See ριοςόιο.

ppiom-. See ppim-.

 p_{μ} iom, -a, m., a principal; as α., first, primal. See prim.

Príomao, -aro, m., a primate.

Príom-aoban, -ain, pl. id., m., afirst cause, a prime cause.

Príom-atam, m., a patriarch, a chief father.

ρηίοm-ἀαταιη, -ἀηαά, -ἀηαάα, <math>f.a chief city, a capital.

pμίοm-ctáp, m., an autograph, an original.

Príom-cloc, -oice, -oca, f., a chief stone.

priomos, indec. a., primitive, chief.

phíomoact, -a, f., primacy, originality.

príom-σáta, f., ancient history.

phíom-σομαρ, m., a great gate, a palace door.

príom-oμαοι, m., an arch-druid.

ppiom-raio, m., an ancient prophet; a chief prophet; a primate.

priom-rocal, m., a primitive

βμίοm- rume ασόιμ, - όμα, - όιμι ό e, m., a chief baker.

pμίοm-ζαίαμ, m., chief disease. pμίοm-ζίαμ, m., chief lock. pμίοm-ζοιη, f., chief wound.

ρηίοṁ-longpoητ, -puiητ, pl. id.,
 m., a chief palace, a royal seat.
 ρηίοṁ-loτ, -luiτ, m., act of

wounding severely.

ppiom-obain, f., chief work.

priompollán. See primpeallán. príom-rtoinne, g. id., pl. -rtoinn-

ce, f., a principal family; a

principal family name.

ρπιοṁ-τur, -τur, pl. id., m., the first; first chief, first foundation.
 ρπιοṁ-υαὰταμάη, -áιη, pl. id., m., a chief governor; the first

superior of a house or society.

phíom-uactapánact, -a, f., chief

government or sway. Ρηίοπ-υζολη, -λιη, pl. id., m., a

prime author, a chief author.

prionnes, g. id., pl. -aroe, m., a prince; bain-p., f., a princess. Prionnesmail, -mla, a., princely. Prionnesmlact, -a, f., prince-

liness.

Dμιοπτα, g. id., m., print, a print; 1aμ n-a cuμ 1 bpμιοπτα te, printed by (a title page of a ballad dated 1571). Dμιοππα is also found in this, the first Irish imprint; a "print" (of butter).

pμιοπτάιτ, - άτα, f., act of printing; η móμ an obaiμ é pμιοπτάιτ aμ pinginn, it is a wonderful work to print it (a newspape) for a penny; pμιοπποάιτ,

prinnoeáit (Con.).

ρηιοπτάιτιη, -άιτ, v. tr., I print. Ρηιοπτόιη, -όηα, -όιηιὸe, m., a printer.

phíoh, g. phíh, m., a prior; also

ρμεομ (M.).

priorta, g. id., pl. -aroe, m., a pendant, as flesh under the chin (one speaks of the priorta of a goose also); saliva hanging from the mouth.

priortac, -aiże, a., having saliva dropping from the mouth.

priortacán, -áin, pl. id., m., one who drops saliva from the mouth.

phioroz and pipreoz, Aran forms of pireoz, which see.

phiorun, -un, pl. id., m., a

prison.

ρπίορ ún a ċ, - a i ż, - a i że, m., a prisoner, a culprit; ρπίορ ún ó i η, id. (Don.).

pμίομάπαοτ, -a, f., imprisonment;

phioruntact, id.

phirbineac, -niż, -niże, m., a mean little fellow.

թումորնոր, -մրձ, -մորւծe, *m*., pincers.

Pηιοδαίο, -e, -ioe, m., a reprobate, a wicked person.

phobaim. See phomaim.

phóca, g. id., m., a crock.

Pμόcaσόιμ, -όμα, -όιμισε, m., a chamberlain, a proctor.

phoctair, -e, -eanna and -eaca, f., a den, a cave, a vault.

phoiceapt (phoiceact), m., act of preaching, instructing.

phonn, -ne, -niòe, f., a meal, a dinner; food; a surfeit (U_{\cdot}) ; céao- \dot{p} ., breakfast.

ρμόιγελη, -ριη, -λιόε, m., a process, that is the legal document so called (A); γελη πλ υρμόιγελη, a process-server (M.); ρμόιγ, pl. -ελππλ, id. (Con.).

phóirte, g. id., f., a process, a legal document; reap phóirte, a process-server (Om.); in Don. and N. Con. this is also the form used. See phóirear.

promaroe, indec. a., gross, corpulent, fleshy; grave, serious,

composed.

pηοmaroeacτ, -a, f., corpulency, fleshiness; seriousness, sedateness.

prompa, g. id., pl. -arioe, m., what juts out, a stem or extremity; prompfin, id.

phonnaim, -ao, v. tr., I eat, feed, consume; also I break, smash, mince.

phonnaim (= bhonnaim), I deal out, bestow, give (U. generally).

pronntac, -aiż, m., a small meal, a repast, a lunch.

Dhonntanar, -air, m., a gift (U.).

phopa, g. id., pl. -aroe, m., a prop

phopao, -pta, m., a propping. Phóraio, g. id., m., a stout, fat

person (Don.).

ρηοτός, -όιςe, -όςa, f., a hut, a hovel (Don.); also ptotós.

Phuirtéal, -téil, pl. id., m., a batch of potatoes for roasting; phairteal (Don.).

phuzall. See punzall.

pralm, prailm, prattan.

under ratm, 7c.

puatair, -e, -ioe, f., a hole, a crevice, a cave; a wild beast's lair; also puatair. See uatair.

pubat, -ait, m., a people, a congregation; the public; a sept,

a tribe. See pobal.

puball, g. puible pl. id. and puiblice, f., a tent, a pavilion. púca, g. id., m., a pouch, a budget,

a little bag; the dim. form púicín is largely used; cf. póca.

Púca, g. id., pl. -aróe, m., a "pooka," a fairy, a sprite, a hobgoblin; fig., a surly, glum person.

pucaroe, a word used in some places for poc, a he-goat;

pucaroe Sabarn (Con.).

Pucame, g. id., pl. -nice. m., a strolling beggar; p. 3401ce, a curlew (Om.).

pucán, -áin, pl. id., m., a small

he-goat. See pocán.

Dúcán, -áin, pl. id., m., a pouch, a small bag; p. otta, a small pack of wool.

Dúcán, -áin, pl. id., m., a fishing-

smack.

Ducán, -áin, pl. id., m., a buoy; pucán eanzaiże, a buoy for nets.

pucán, -áin. m., a disease in sheep consisting of a pustule on the

lower jaw (Con.).

púca peill (also púca peilleac), m., an egg-like fungus or toadstool; a name given to fungi generally that are not mushrooms; púcán beineac, id. (N. Con.).

ρúcός, -όιςe, -όςλ, f., a covering for the eyes; blind-man's buff; a "stook" of turf set to dry (W. Ker.).

pucoio, -e, -ioe, f., a puff or

blister, a pustule.

ρυόδιη, -όηδ, f., evil, injury,damage, mischief, harm.

Pudan. See pudan.

ри́оан, -aiн, pl. id., m., powder. Púoapatac, -aiż, pl. id., m., a surly fellow, a boor.

Dúonac, -aiξe, a., powdery, powdered; fig., consequential.

ρυόμας, -αιζε, α., hurtful, injurious, detrimental.

Puonacao, m., suppuration, corruption.

Puopuizim, -użao, v. intr., I putrefy, become corrupt.

Puibleacán, -áin, pl. id., m., a publican (in the Gospel sense).

purbleacánac, -ais, -aise, m., a publican (in the Gospel sense).

publice, indec. a., public, common; maitear p., public weal. purbliceact, -a, f., publicity, manifestness; also the public.

publish, -iusao, v. tr., I publish,

proclaim.

Púic, -e, -ioe, f., a veil, a covering; a frown; a sad, morose, or vexed expression of face; cuit ré púic ain réin, he put on a vexed expression of face.

Dúicín, g. id., pl. -nioe, m., a veil, a mask, a vizor, a covering for the eyes; a little bag or budget; blind-man's buff; púicín onaoioeacta, a fairy covering; met., an insignificant little fellow; a muzzle for calves, etc.; púicín is dim. of púca, a bag, etc., or of puic.

Púicín zaoite, m., a night bird, the owl or some other (Kea.,

T. S.).

 \mathfrak{p} uılpı \mathfrak{o} , -e, f., a pulpi \mathfrak{t} .

Duinn, many, much; with neg., little or nothing; an bruit puinn aipsio asat? have you much money? San puinn ain-510, with little or no money;

often in poet. is not followed by gen., as san rásaltar punn, with little or no wealth; somet. written ponn.

puinnte, g. id., pl. -tioe, m., a point, an article, a jot, a tittle; a promontory. See poinnte.

punnteálta, indec. a., precise, punctual.

pumnreáltact, -a, f., punctuality, exactness, preciseness.

punr, f., punch (the beverage); a punch or thrust.

puntin, g. id., pl. -nioe, m., a small port or harbour.

puintleoz, -015e, -05a, f., a mane; a orest; the hair of the head.

puintleozać, -aiże, a., crested, tufted.

purpin, g. id., pl. -nroe, m., a lip; also a kitten.

Duizeac, m., a soft, well-ripened blackberry (Aran).

ρυιτρις, -e, -eaċa, f., a bottle;
 dim. puιτριςίη, id. (P. O'C.).

puttaro, -e, f., a broad, deep river.

pullóz, -óize, -óza, f., a pollock.

punztar, -air, m., purple melic grass (Melica cærulea).

punnann, -ainne, -anna, f., a sheaf.

punne, a point, a moment; a tittle, a whit. See ponne.

punncamail. See ponncamail. punncamlact. See ponncamlact.

Punncán, -áin, pl. id., a Yankee; punncánac, id. (Ker.).

púnc, g. púnc, pl. itl. and -a, m., a pound (in weight); a pound sterling; punc (Don.).

púnta, g. id., pl. -aròe, m., a

pound. See punc.

púntán, -áin, pl. id., m., a round heavy stone; the plumb-bob rule; the plug in the under millstone.

punτán, -áin, pl. id., m., a bunch or cluster.

Puητασόιη, -όηα, -όιμισe, m., Purgatory. pungation, eact, -a, f., purification, purifying; the undergoing purgatorial pains; Purgatory; in sp. l. often phugatoineact.

ρυηζόιο, g. -e, pl. -ive or -eaca (M. sp. l., ρηυζόιο), f., a purgative, a purge, a dose of aperient medicine; fig., any unpleasant work, hardship.

punzónoeac, -onże, a., purgative,

cathartic, laxative.

ринрин, -ринн, pl. id., m., purple (also ринранн). See сонсанн.

ρυημα, g. id., pl. - aroe, m., what juts out, a tail, an excresence; a crevice; dim. puημίη. See ρομμα,

Puμμαιμε, g. id., pl. -μιόε, m., a lank-loined, slender person.

ρύηταιός, g. id., m., a stolid, stubborn fellow (Ker.).

puptatt, -aitt, m., the hair of the head; a mane; a bush of hair, a crest, a tuft (also prutatt). See puintleos.

puηταιταί, -aiże, a., bushy-haired.

pur, g. puir, pl. id. and pura, m., a lip; cuin ré pur ain réin, he pouted.

purac, -aise, a., having prominent lips; surly, grim.

puracán, -án, pl. id., m., one who whines or pouts.

puró10, -e, -10e, f., a posset.

ρuρ μιδε, m., a shrimp.

put, g. id., pl. -anna, m., a puff, a gust of wind; a whiff of smoke.

putacán. See patacán.

Puταμιπας, -αιζε, f., a puffing, panting, blowing, coughing; ας puταμιπαιζ, blowing, coughing, wheezing.

puttail, -e, f., a puffing, a blow-

ing, a coughing.

ρυτός, -όιςe, -ός*a*, *f*., a pudding; an intestine; an animal's intestine stuffed and cooked.

Puτμαċán, -ánn, pl. id., m., a stout, clumsy person (Don.).

Putplaire, -e, f., a chain belonging to a plough (O'N.).

purpall. See puncall.

R (nuir, the elder tree), the fourteenth letter of the Modern

Irish Alphabet.

Rábac, -aize, a., litigious, fierce, bold, intolerant, bullying; fruitful, plentiful; generous; 51ac 50 μάθας é, snatch it (O'N.); very common as a soubriquet.

Rabacan, m., a beacon or warning fire; pop pabacain, a warning

fire (O'N.).

Rabao, -aio, m., a caution, a warning; nabao agur comainte, caution and advice; mains oobein nabao oá cómanrain, woe to the man whose example is a warning to others; tus re nab-Δο οό, he forewarned him; pron. like Engl. row (a broil) in M.

Rábaine, g. id., pl. -prioe, m., a strong, vigorous, athletic person; n. rin, a very active,

vigorous man.

Rabainne, g. id., f., generosity, liberality, prodigality.

Rabainneac, -niże, a., liberal,

prodigal, generous.

Rabanta, g. id., m., a spring tide, a storm, a heavy sea; cf. the saying ní téiteann proipm cap Oomnac ná μαθαμτα ταμ Čéao-

Rabpao, -aio, m., wantonness; sportiveness, frolic; also neab-

1140.

Raca, g. id., pl. -aroe, m., the implement called a rake (M.); a rack.

Ráca, g. id., pl.-arôe, m., a rake (farm implement).

Racao, 7c. See téroim.

Racao, m., and pacail, f., act of raking or scraping together.

Rácáil, -ála, f., act of raking; Δ5 n. réin, raking hay (A., but at least three centuries old); pacáil (M.).

Racaine, g. id., pl. -nioe, m., a repeater, a tattler; a romancer; a loquacious person, a story-

teller.

Racaineact, -a, f., romancing, story-telling, repeating, recount-

ing; sport, pastime; impertinence; pacameact bréas, lying narrative.

Racall (= byaz manb), m., a pall (0'N.); a winding sheet

(P. O'C.).

Racán, -áin, pl. id., m., a rake, a kelp-rake; also noise, bustle, riot.

Racmuireac, -rice, a., wealthy:

proud, conceited.

Racmur, -uir, m., abundance, wealth.

Race, -a, -aroe, m., a fit, as mace Báine and pactarde Báine, a fit of laughing; pact zuit, a fit of crying; nact naban, a fit of wounded feeling.

Racta, g. id., pl. -aroe, m., a

rafter (M.).

Ract-chann, m., arbutus (O'C.).

 $R\acute{a}\acute{o}$, g. $n\acute{a}i\acute{o}$, $n\acute{a}\acute{o}$ a, $n\acute{a}i\acute{o}$ ce, pl. id., m., act of speaking, saying, telling, repeating; a saying, saw, maxim, word, expression, award, decision, judgment; rean-náo, a proverb; at-náo, repetition; ir món le náo é, he is thought much of, he is esteemed; cao cá an aoinne acc páo a béil? what is there characteristic of anyone more than the saying of his lips? F401 náö ir 50, because (Con.).

Rádaim, vl. pád, I say, tell, etc.;

used poet. for aveignm.

RADAIM, v. tr., I give, send, bring, put, give up, deliver, furnish; I toss, I throw away freely; I bestow liberally; as paoao na móna cuzam, throwing turf sods towards me, discourteously fast and carelessly; naoao na reooa, who used to bestow jewels freely; imper. paid: paid na cloca leir, throw the stones at him (M. esp.).

Radaincin, g.id., m., common eyebright (Euphrasia officinalis).

Raddine, g. id., pl. -proe, m., a wanderer, a stroller; also one full of prate or gush.

Rασαιμεαέτ, -α, f., wandering, strolling, night-walking; prating.

Ravaire, g. id., f., abundance (also navainre and neivre).

Radanc, -ainc, pl. id., m., sight, faculty of seeing; a view, a prospect; ap nadanc, out of view.

Radancac, -aize, a., seeing, having the faculty of sight;

observant, optical.

Ráomaill, -e, -ioe, f., a wandering in sleep, dreaming, raving; a vague recollection; τά γέ ας μιτ τρίπ' ηάοπαιllioib, it is floating on my memory (M.); η. eaγαοπτα, a torrent of invective; also μάθαιl.

Ráomaillim, -leao, v. intr., I dream, rave, dote (also pábailim).

Rae, a field, a plain, etc. (it is also written né). See néro.

Raen (μέτη), darkness; in phr. a μαeη, last night (also a μαοιη). Rárat. See μάτια.

Rárta (páorta), g. id., m., a rumour, an unconsidered saying.

Ráplac, -aiże, a., fond of spreading rumours.

Ráptáit, -áta, f., a rumour, gossip. Rapta, g. id., pl. id. and -taróe, a gallery; a raft.

Raptán, -áin, pl. id., m., a rat

(Der.).

RAS, MASA, the season of the short days and long nights; hence MASAIMINE, Jc. (P. O'C.).

Razao, 7c. See téroim.

Razao, - 10, pl. id., m., a saw.

Razao, -aio, -aioe, m., a churl, a clown; an inhospitable person; a listless, weak animal; nόμα 'n μαzαιο,) the crane, the sizte 'n μαzαιο,) stork; τά'n μαzαο ομτ, you are a mischievous imp; σ'ιπτίζ απ μαzαο αιμ, he went to the bad (M.).

Razaine, g. id., pl.-niòe, m., one that sits up late at work.

Razainne, g. id., m., the keeping of late hours; late hours; dissipation, wantonness; nazainneact, id.

Razainneac, -niże, a., reckless; disposed to keep late hours.

Razanneac, -niż, m., one given to dissipation and late hours; a rake.

Razainneact, -a, f. See nazain-neáil.

Razainneáit, -áta, f., the being up late; keeping late hours; nazainneac, id.

Raz-ċaoċ, -ċaoiċe, a., purblind from sitting up late (P. O'C.);

pasoall, id.

Raz-obain, f., work done late at

night.

Ráib, -e, f., rape; ríot náibe, rape-seed; meacan náibe, a turnip; náib uirce, water parsnip; náib ċtoiċe, white maiden-hair.

Raibtéine, g. id., pl.-nioe, m. and f., a hussy; an obstinate youth

(Con.).

Raio, -e, f., bog myrtle, bog poppy.

Raioeamait, -mta, a., cunning, slv.

Raiveamtact, -a, f, slyness, cunning.

Raioe-ionza, f., a comma in writing (P. O'C.).

Raiveoz, -01ze, -0za, f., myrtle, the myrtle-tree (also paivteoz and paivteozać).

Ráioς, -e, -eanna, f., a fit of sick-

ness or madness.

Ráiðim, vl. μάΰ, v. tr., I say, narrate, speak (poet.). See μάὂaim and apeinim.

Raioir, -e, f., a radish root; a

medicinal plant.

Ráιότε, p. a., said, recited; τά γέ μάιότε 50, 7c., it is reported that, etc.

Rároteac, -tiţe, a., sententious, gossiping; tá ré mároteac, somet. used for tá ré márote.

See márote.

Ráioteacar, -air, pl. id., m., a saying, a report; a decision, an award; a contest; náioteacar na rean, the sayings, or proverbial wisdom, of the ancients.

Ráioteap, -tip, m., a saying; act a nárocear de 30, but to say that.

Ráis, -e, f., pursuit (prop. puais). Raise, g. id., pl. -ste, f., the rayfish; n. min, smooth ray-fish; η. ζαηδ, rough ray-fish (Mayo).

Ráit, g. nátac, f., a rail; a "creel" or rail attached to a cart; nait mona, a "rail" or load of turf.

Ráil, g. pálac, f., an oak tree; a huge person.

Raitte, g. id., pl. -troe, m., a vagabond, a wretch, a rake, a dissipated person, a trickster.

Raillioeact, -a, f., rakishness, sportiveness, dissipation.

Raillimín, g. id., pl. -nice, m., a mean fellow (Con.); cf. naitte.

Ráitre, g. id., f., a ledge of timber attached to the outside of the laths of a car to hold the guards

(Con.).

Ráiméir (also náioméir), -e, -ioe, f., a romance, a gasconade, a low composition, rhapsody, a dream; rean náiméire, a rhapsodist, a spouter; pámár (Don.), námáir (N. Con.).

Ráméireac, -rije, a., romantic, gasconading, visionary, rhap-

sodical.

Raimio. See plamaio.

Raimpe, g. id., f., fatness, stoutness, thickness; fat. See peime.

Raimre, g. id., f., a vain, impious woman (Con.).

Rámis, 3 s. pf. of pisim, I reach, attain.

Rainneir, -e, -i \dot{o} e, f., a range, a rank.

Rainnín, g. id., pl. -nice, m., a versicle, a short verse.

Rainre, g. id., f., a range, a sieve. Raipéan, -éin, pl. id. m., a rapier. Raipín, g. id., pl. -nroe, m., a

raisin. Raippin, g. id., pl. -nroe, m., a miser, a mean person; nairpin

Ain, a miserable wretch. Rairte, g. id., m., rain driven furiously by the wind; n. ceaca, n. bairtize, id. (Ker.).

Ráirtéin, -éana, -i $\dot{o}e$, m., a youth, a stroller.

Raiptine, g.id., f., violence, passion. Ráite (náitie), g. id., pl. id., -eaca and - \dot{c} eanna, f., a quarter (of a year).

Ráite, g. id., pl. -átaca, a wreath

(of snow) (Der.).

Raiteat tháza, f., sea colewort (Crambe maritima); náitest, id. (Don.).

Ráiceamail, -mla, a., quarterly. Ráitín, g.id., pl.-nite, m., a small fort or rath, a little mansion; a common place name, Raheen; as a place name g. páicíneac, f. cf. Seatán na Ráitíneac, John of Raheen, an eighteenth century Munster poet, but the name Seatán na Ráitíneac is a common one.

Raicín, g. id., pl. -ioe, m., ratteen a sort of Irish coarse cloth: partin partin, a slang word for

clothes (Om.).

Raitneat, -nite, f., common female fern (aspidium filix fæmina); n. maona or n. muine, common male fern (aspidium filix masc.); paitneat piotamail, naitheat an níoż, or paicheac uirce, water fern, flower fern, or ormond royal.

Raitneacamail, -mla, a., ferny,

abounding in fern.

Raitneacán, -áin, pl, id., m., a fern shrubbery.

Ráta, it happened, came to pass; oo pála ciopmac móp, there came a great drought (obs.).

Rálac, -aiże, a., gigantic, monstrous.

Ralaro, nalaroeact. See naille, paillioeac.

Rám, -a, pl. id., m., an oar, a paddle; rean nama, an oarsman; maive nama, an oar; also náma.

Rámac, -aize, a., oared, furnished

with oars.

Ramao, m., an awkward person or beast; cf. namao rin, n. mná, n. bó, n. caonac.

Rámao, an oar or paddle. See

Ramao, m., a highway, a public road. See nóo.

Rámavóin, an oarsman, a rower. See namuioe.

Ramadóin, -óna, -óinide, m., a traveller, a wayfarer.

Rámavónneact, -a, f., rowing, paddling.

Ramaoóineacc, -a, f., travelling,

wayfaring.

Ramaio, -e, -oi \dot{v} e, f., a name applied to a lean meagre animal, as an ass; a miserable person

(Ker.); also naimio.

Rámaroeact, f., the act of rowing. Rámaille, g. id., pl. -lièe, f., a raving in sickness, doting, dreaming; also náomaitte and μάβαιλε; ας μάπαιλλις, raving also pámaill. (Don.); náomaill.

Ráman (nán), -ainne, pl. id., and -aroe, f., a spade, a hoe; a measure of about $5\frac{1}{2}$ feet, the usual length of a spade, equi-

valent to two paces.

Ramán, in phr. cá pamán rúc, you'll cry for all this (said when one laughs excessively) (Der.).

Raman, comp. perme and permue, a., fat, stout, thick, plump, fleshy; bainne naman, thick milk.

Rám-báo, m., a rowing boat.

Ram-cloc, f., brimstone or sulphur.

Ram-opaisean, - \dot{z} in, \dot{z} ne, m., buckthorn.

Ramirava, old palace of O'Briens near Ennis.

Rámlonz, -luinze, f., a galley, a rowing boat.

Rámóin, -óine, -óinioe, m., a rower, an oarsman.

Rámuroe, g. id., pl.-oce., m., an oarsman, a rower (also námaine).

Rámuitim, vl. pámao and pámaioeact, v. tr. and intr., I row.

Rán. See náman.

Ránac, -aiz, -aize, m., a jennet (Con.).

Ránaroe, g. id., m., a thin, lank person or animal; as α , thin, $\overline{\text{lank}}$ (Con. and U_{\cdot}).

Ranz, -a, pl. id., m., a rank, series,order, degree; a wrinkle; a

river-bank.

Ranza, g. id., pl. -anna, m., a mackerel.

Ranzac. See neanzac.

Ranzaine. See neanzaine.

Ranzalac, m., a very thin person (Con.).

Ranzán, -áin, pl. id., m., a step of a ladder; the bank of a river.

Ranglamán, -áin, pl. id., m., a miserable-looking animal (Don.).

Rann, g. painn and -a, pl. painn and -a, m., a song, a verse, a poem, a stanza, a sentence, a division of a paragraph; na Ceitpe Ranna, the four divisions of the globe.

Ranna, g. id., pl.-roe, m., the welt

of a shoe $(B_{\cdot})_{\cdot}$

Rannac, -aiże, a., distributive, sharing, dividing; as subs., m., the dividend (O'N.).

Rannavóin, -όμα, -όιμι όe, m., a

divider.

Rannaroeact, -a, f., story-telling,

versifying.

Rannaroeact, -a, f., a kind of dan direach metre, of which there are two classes, nannaroeact mon and nannaroeact

Rannaim, -nao, v. tr., I divide, distribute, share, impart (also

noinnim).

Rannán, -áin, m., the lowing of

Rann-páint, -e, -eanna, f., participation, division.

Rann-páinteac, -tiže, a., par taking, participating.

Rann-páinteamlact, -a, f., participation.

Rann-páintioe, g. id., pl. -tiôte, m., a partaker, a participator.

Rann-paintizim, -iuzao, v. tr., I participate in, divide, partake of.

Rann-panterujao, -tijte, m., the act of partaking, a partaking,

Ran

participation.

Rannruzao, -uizte, pl. id., m., the act of searching, rummaging, ransacking.

Rannpuisim, -usao, v. tr., search, rummage, ransack.

Rannpuisteoin, -ona, -oinioe, m., a searcher, a rummager, an investigator.

 p_{\circ} a., divided Rannta, (also nonnta).

Ranntact, -a, f., versification, poetry.

Rann-tonican, -ain, m., produce, crops; plenty.

Rannuoarac, -raise, a., social, affable; rakish.

Rannuroe, g. id., pl. -oce, m., a singer, a songster, a story-teller, a versifier.

Raobao, 7c. See néabao, 7c.

Raobann, g. -ainn, pl. id., m., a loop, an eyelet; one of the loops by which the sail is laced to the mast (Tory).

Raoite, g. id., f., darnel grass; a

weed amongst thorn.

Radifice, g. id., pl. -tide, m., alazy person, an idler (Con.).

Raon, g. paoin, pl. id., m., a way, a road, a path; rout, breaking, tearing; a range of mountains, etc.; a plain, an upland field, a down; paon maoma, complete rout.

Raonać, -aiće, α ., wayfaring.

Raonazán, -áin, pl. id., m., a track, a point, a streak.

Raonaroeact, -a, f., travelling, walking, journeying.

Raonaim, -ao, v. intr., I turn or change (O'N.).

Raon-foltac, -aije, with flowing hair (Kea.).

Raonuroe, g. id., pl. -oce, m., a traveller, a walker, a wayfarer.

Raonuizim, -nao, v. tr., I turn, change, defeat, rule, govern.

Rap (also nop, nob), m., any creature that roots for meat; a hog, pig, etc. (O'N.).

Rapaine, g. id., pl. -nièe, m., a rapparee, etc. See nopaine.

Rápaine, g. id., pl. nioe, m., a

rapier.

Rápal, -ail, pl. id., m., noise, bustle; pápal le húzais, an uproar; napta húza, id. (Don.)

Ráp, -áip, -áipeanna, m., a race; in pl., races (as horse-races).

Ráp, -áip, m., a race, a tribe; pára. id.

Rápac, -ai \dot{z} e, -aca, f., a rambling woman, a jilt, a gipsy.

Ráparoe, g. and pl. id., f., a rambling woman, a gipsy, a jilt.

Rapán, -áin, pl. id., m., a shrubbery, brushwood, underwood.

Rapánac, -aiże, a., of or belonging to a shrubbery, abounding in brushwood.

Rapaoro, -e, -eaca, f., a blotch, a boil, a sore (P. O'C.).

Rarc, -airc, m., talk, speech; prose. Rapcac, -aise, a., talkative, clamorous.

Rárcaine, g. id., pl.-nice, m., a rakish fellow (Con.).

Rapcalac, -ais, m., anything coarse, as hay, etc.

Rarchann, g.-chainn and choinn, pl. id. and -channa, m., a shrubtree.

Rappa, g. id., m., a file, a rasp (A.); a bony old cow, etc.; a thin, wasted person. See nairpin.

Rarmaol, -aoit, m., a sea-calf. Ráptáit, -áta, f., act of walking with long strides.

Ráptain, -e, f., great satiety.

Raptal, -ail, pl. id., m., a rake,a tool in husbandry.

Raptlaim, -tal, v. tr., I rake, gather together.

Rάγύη, -ύιη, pl. id., m., a razor.

Rat, -a, m., good fortune, good luck, prosperity, advantage, profit, increase, success; veajnat, luck, good luck; onocματ, ill luck, bad luck, mis-fortune, bad fortune; ματ is used generally with the article when not part of a compound, as tean an nat õe, he prospered;

30 3cuinio Oia an nat an oo rtioce, God prosper your children; but ομού-ματ ομε, ill-

luck; cuin ó n., ruin.

Rát, g. μάιτe, pl. -a and -anna, f., a rath, a kind of mound common in Ireland; an artificial mound; a barrow; a prince's seat; the rath is more common in the East of Ireland, the lios in the West; μάτ is common in place names, as Rát tuiμc, Charleville; an Rát móμ, Rathmore; tiop na Ráite móiμe, the lios or fort at Rathmore; m. in Con.; nom. also μάιτ.

Ráta, g. id., pl. -roe, m., rafter of

a house.

Ráta, g. id., pl. -roe, a custom or manner. (?)

Rata, g. id., m., a querulous, grumbling child (M.).

Rataroeact, -a, f., surety, secu-

Ratamnar, -air, m., prosperity,

happiness, success.

Ratisalt, -e, f., grumbling at food etc. in the hope of getting

food, etc., in the hope of getting something better (M.).

Rátman, -aine, a., fortified, sur-

rounded with ramparts.

Ratmap, -aiμe, α., prosperous, fortunate, successful.

Ratužao, -uižte, m., act of prospering, increasing; prosperity.

Ratużao, -นเรte, m., forewarning, announcement of one's approach; ท์ อ๋eacaio หลอลอ กล์ หล่นรัสอ์ หอาทั ó ทéitt, neither notice nor warning was given of O'Neill's approach.

Račuižim, -užao, v. tr. and intr., I send God-speed, increase,

prosper.

πe (μe), prep. [Old Ir. μμι, in pron. combinations, μιοπ, μιοτ, μιτ and μια, μιπη, μιδ, μια; becomes μιτ before the article and before 5 ac and nac; these pron. combinations are said to be used in Ulster, and are often found in modern MSS., especially in poetry, though not used ex-

cept in quoting poetry; the modern language né confounded with te, and in modern MSS. they are often written indiscriminately], with, towards. (1) With, as man son né, along with; maille né, along with; it is used after verbs of saying, touching, uniting, fighting, complaining, τάιοτε μέ, united with; 140 oo ceansal ne céite, to bind them together; cuin rhian néo' teanzain, restrain your tongue. (2) Towards, after verbs like opuroim, 7c., in such phrases as pé hażaro, against, "with a view to"; né huce an baogail, against or in the face of danger; pé coir, near; né bhuinnib an bair, at the point of death; by, by means of, used like te; tá mo lám pip=tá mo lám terr, my hand is uncovered (M.). See le.

Ré n- (111a) prep., before. See

1101m.

Ré, g. id., pl. μέιτε, f., a life-time, a period, time, space of time, duration, length; an στιος-γαιό tem' μέ, will he come during my life-time? μοιή μέ (pron. μοιη μέ, Ker.), before the time, beforehand; te μέ τασα, during a long time; βαὰ αοη μέ γοτιη, late and early; also μαε.

'Re, in phr., zaċ 'ne reaö, zaċ 'ne reatt, zc. (alternately), (prop. zaċ 'te reaö, zc.); zaċ 'ne tá,

on alternate days.

Ré, g. id., f., the moon; τά an μέ 'n-a μιτὸe, the moon is up; μέ πιαὸ or μέ ταὸαιll, the new moon; μέ Saṁna, November moon.

Reab, a bit, a shred; cf. mionneab, shreds, particles. See

ηεαδός.

Reabaċ -aiẋ, -aiẋe, m., one who plays tricks; a mountebank; the devil; as a., subtle, crafty. Réabaċ, -aiẋe, a., rending, tear-

ing, lacerating.

Réabac, -ais, -aise, m., a rag, a bit of cloth.

Reabact, -a, f., juggling.

Réabao, -bta, pl. id., m., act of tearing, bursting, lacerating, or act of hacking, destroying; act of violation (of laws, etc.); a rent, a fissure.

Réabaim, -ao, v. tr. and intr., I tear, rend, burst, fall asunder, uproot, mangle, lacerate; I

violate (as laws, etc.).

Reabóz, -όιζε, -όζα, f., a folded string or line; a shoemaker's "end"; ταοι ας σέαπαὶ μεαbός σε, you are breaking it up into shreds.

πέαδός, -όιςe, -όςα, f., a species

of lark; also a linnet.

Reabhao, -δαμόα, m., the act of playing, sporting; play, sport. Reabhaoac, -αιζ, pl. id., m., an

actor in a play (O'N.).

Réabta, p. a., torn, rent, uprooted, burst asunder.

Reacao, -cta, m., the act of selling, as by auction.

Reacaσόιμ, -όμα, -όιμισe, m., a seller, an auctioneer.

Reacabóineact, -a, f., selling,

auctioning.

Reacaim, vl. peic, v. tr., I repeat, cry out, mention, enumerate; I recommend goods, wares, etc.; I sell (also peicim).

Reacaine, g. id., pl. -proe, m., a seller, an auctioneer.

Reacaipeact, -a, f., a sale, an auction.

Reacán, -áin, pl. id., m., a hut, booth, tent, shop in which things are sold.

React, -a, pl. id., m., a right, a law, a decree, a statute, an ordinance.

Reactac, -aiże, a., legal, lawful, constitutional.

Reactac, -aiże, a., strong, mighty, manful,

Reactail, -ála, f., running (U.).
Reactailte, p. a., run; τά γιδ
'coιμ a beit μ. amac aγ 5 aeoilic, ye are almost run out of
Irish (Don.).

Reactaine, g. id., pl. -tiroe, m., a steward, a rector, a lawgiver, a judge; an agent, an overseer, a manager; a dairyman.

Reactanteact, -a, f., pre-eminence, judicature, lawgiving; stewardship, managership; rec-

torship; clerkship.

React-ainm, f., a place or court

of judicature.

Reactamail, -mla, a., legal, lawful, legitimate.

Reactar, -air, m., stewardship; legislation.

React-coingeall, m., a contract, a bond of obligation.

Rescros, indec. a., lawful, legal,

just.

Reactoact, -a, f., legality, lawfulness, justice; also strength, manliness.

Reactman, -aine, a., legislative, giving laws; substantial, stout; proud; perotim R., Feilim the Lawmaker.

Reacτ-raoιμγe, f., freedom, franchise.

React-raoippeac, -pize, a., licensed, authorized.

React-raoipreact, -a, f., enfranchisement, franchise.

Reactuiţim, -taò, v. tr., I decree, ordain, appoint.

Réacuireac. See néad-cuireac. Réad, poet. for nuo, a thing.

Readán, -áin, pl. id., m., a wood-louse, a timber worm, a sort of footed worm bred in wood.

Reaván, -áin, pl. id., m., a pipe, a reed.

Reavanac, -aiţe, a., abounding in timber-worms; as subs., a waste where reeds grow.

Réaὐ-ἀόμοα, m., the reins of a bridle; a cord, line, lash, thong; the reins of the bridle of a seine (in seine fishing).

Réασ-cúir, f., carelessness, indifference, unconcernedness.

Réao-cúireac, -rige, a., easytempered, unconcerned, careless, indifferent; plain, homely. Réal, -ac, -aca, f. (péal, -éil, -Aca, m., in some parts), a sixpenny piece in silver, sixpence (Spanish real) (M.).

Réallavoin, -ona, -oinive, m., an

astronomer, an astrologer.

Réalt, g. néilte, pl. néalta, néilteanna and péaltanna, f., a star; fig., a fair lady.

Réalta, indec. a., clear, visible.

Réaltac, -aije, a., starry, astral, sidereal; clear, manifest (poet.).

Réaltact, -a, f., clearness, visibleness.

Réaltann, a star. See neitteann. Réaltannac, -aije, a., starry, astral, sidereal.

Réalt-burbean, f., a constellation. Réalt-beanc, m., a star-bright eye (poet.).

Réalt-eolac, -aite, a., versed in astronomy or astrology.

Réalt-eolar, -air, m., the science of astronomy or astrology.

Réalt na renaibe, f., a comet, so called from its besom-shaped (Connemara); néalt-an-1apbaill, id.

πέλιτός (μέλιιός), -όιςe, -όςλ, f., an asterisk, a small star; a

star.

Réaltózac, -aite, a., starry.

Réaltóin, -óna, -óinide, m., an astronomer, an astrologer, a star-gazer.

Réam, prefix, before.

Réam, -a, m., phlegm, rheum, catarrh (mucous catarrh); nom. also néama.

Réamac, -aize, a., phlegmy. rheumy, afflicted with catarrh.

Réam-ainmnizim, -iuzao, v. tr., I forename.

Réam-aipoe, m., a prognostic, a

Réamaine, g. id., pl. -proe, m.a traveller, a wayfaring man.

Réam-aitne, g. id., f., foreknowledge, previous acquaint-

Réam-aicnizim, v. tr., I foreknow. Réam-aithip, -e, f., prediction, divination, augury.

Réam-aichtreoin, -ona, -ointide, m., a diviner, an augur.

Réam-aithirim, vl. -aithir, v. tr., I divine, prognosticate, predict. Réam-amanc, -ainc, m., foresight.

Reaman, comp. neimne and neime. a., thick, stout, gross, fat, plump, fleshy, soddened; bainne neam-An, coagulated milk; comp. also neampa (Don.); also naman.

Reaman - cnámac (and cnámac), -aize, a., stout-boned.

Resman-poc, m., a fat buck (a term of contempt for the foreigners).

Reaman-norc, m., a plump eye. Réam-atam, m., a predecessor,

a forefather.

Réam-blairim, -read, v. tr., I foretaste.

Réam-choiceann, g. -cinn, pl. id. and -cne, m., a foreskin, the prepuce.

Réam-raicreanac, -aige, a., pro-

phetic.

Réam-rairnéir, f., a foretelling. Réam-raircine, g. id., f., a prophecy.

Réam-rocal, m., the opening of or introduction to a subject; a preface or exordium.

Réam-lón, m., a viaticum; provision for a journey.

Réam-nóin, f., the forenoon.

Réam-ópoużao, -uiżce, m., predestination.

Réam-ónouisim, -usao, v. tr., I pre-ordain, predestinate.

Réam-nabao, m., a notice, an intimation, a warning, a summons.

Reampact, -a, f., fatness, grossness, solidity (of fluids).

Réam-páo, g. -áro and -ároce, pl. id., m., a former citation, a preamble, a preface, a foretelling; an exordium; also poim-páo.

Réam-pádaim, -pád, v. tr., I foretell, preface, fore-cite, proclaim.

Réam-párote, p. a., aforesaid, before-cited, foretold.

Reampujao, -uijte, m., a waxing gross, fattening, thickening; coagulation.

Reampuitim, -utao, v. tr. and intr., I fatten, make fat; I become fat, coagulate, thicken.

Réam-rmuainim (néam-rmuain-151m), -neam, v. tr. and intr., I forethink, preconceive.

Réam-thát, m., the foregoing time; the forenoon, ante-meridian.

Réam-túr, -túir, m., forefront,

vanguard.

Reans (peann), -a, -aca, f., the loin, kidney; the waist, the

lower part of the back.

Reanz, -a, -aca, f., a wrinkle, a welt, a cord; neanza, id., pl. -aroe; neanza raille, a long, sharp-backed rock. See Theans.

Reanzać (ppeanzać), -aiże, a., wrinkled, welted, cord-like; sinewy, nervous; as subs., a strong, sinewy person.

Reanzaim, -ao, v. tr. or intr., 1

starve.

Reanzaine, g. id., pl. -proe, m., a strong, sinewy, raw-boned fellow; a wrangler.

Reanzaineact, -a, f., the state of being strong and sinewy;

wrangling.

Reanzán, -áin, pl. id., m., a small wrinkle, string, cord, or welt. See rheansan.

Reanzantac, -aiż, pl. id., m., athin, raw-boned, sinewy fellow.

Reann, -a, pl. id., f., a star.

Reannac, - α ; e, α ., sharp, pointed. Reannac, -aize, a., starry, full of stars.

Reannaine, g. id., pl.-proe, m., an astronomer, an astrologer.

Reannaineact, -a, f., astronomy, astrology.

Reannán, -áin, pl. id., m., a little star, an asterisk (neannóz,

Reapazán, -áin, pl. id., m., a young ousel or blackbird; nean, id. $(P, O'C_{\cdot}).$

Reapts, m., a writ (Con.).

Réapún, -úin, pl. id., m., a reason, meaning; reasonableness.

Réspunts, indec. a., reasonable, rational.

Réapuntact, -a, f., reason, ratiocination, argument.

Reatac, -ais, -aca, m., a hough, leg; hough-strings, ham-strings. Reatat, -aite, α , given to running,

racing.

Restacar, -sir, m., rutting, tupping (also neiteacar).

Restarbe, g. id., pl. id., m., arunner, a stroller, a messenger; a vagabond.

Reatarbeact, -a, f., running about, strolling.

Reataim. See nitim.

Restance, g. id., pl. -proc, m., a runner, a racer; a vagabond.

Reataineact, -a, f., running about, strolling.

Reic, g. neaca, pl. id., m., act of recounting, narrating, crying out, recommending goods for sale; act of selling, bartering; act of selling "at a sacrifice"; act of spending lavishly; a sale, an auction; trade.

Réice, g.id., pl.-ceanna, m., a rake, a wild character; wandering, roving (Don.); somet. néic.

Reicim (neacaim), vl. neic, v. tr., I cry out, recount, recommend for sale; I sell, barter; sell "at a sacrifice"; spend lavishly.

Reicipeact, -a, f., recounting, recommending for sale; a sale,

an auction; trade.

Réicr (rex), g. id., pl. péacra, m., a king (often written néix).

Réicp-ruit, f., royal blood.

Reicte, indec. p. a., sold, bartered. Réio, -e, -oce, f., a level plain, a field; péro rtérbe, a level tract of moorland, a smooth hillside (often spelled né or nae).

Réro, -e, f., a rope or withe.

Réro (= η éroceacc), -e, f., peace, quietness; cup an an néro, to

cause to keep the peace.

Réro, -e, a., smooth, calm, level, even, easy, plain, open; straight, disentangled; clear; ready, prepared, finished with; agreed, reconciled; noble (of persons); free; pliant; pérò te, ready for, ready to, even with, done with; pérò pom, ready for= prepared against.

Rero-οίμζε, g. id., f., a ready, clear, or plain direction, i.e., a road cleared of obstructions (D. G.).

Réio-otaoiteat, -tiţe, a., loose-wisped (of hair).

Réròe, g. id., f., evenness, smoothness, calmness; readiness to impart favours, generosity.

Réroeacao, m., the act of settling, an arrangement, an extrication, a deliverance; a reconciliation.

Réi ὑe ἀċτ, f., readiness, smoothness, plainness; also ready service, officiousness (O'Br.).

Réroea σότη, -όμα, -ότητο e, m., a reconciler; a roller, leveller.

Rérò-ġtan, -ġtame, a., smooth, free, clear.

Rérò-ţtar, -ţtarre, a., of a soft bright colour (of the eyes).

Réiviţim (μέινιm), vl. μέιντελό and μέινελό, v. tr. and intr., I provide, agree, make ready, prepare, smooth, reconcile, level; I bargain, make a covenant with (te).

Réroim. See néroizim.

Rérò-leaca, f., a smooth or level

cheek or slope.

Réioteán, g. -eáin and -éin, pl. id., m., a green for games etc.; cf. μειοτεάη απ μιπης, the dancing field; μειοτεάη απ βυαιττε, the battle field; Rειοτεάη Τίζε απ 1αμια, the Field of the Earl's House, a place near Castle Island in Kerry, where the ruins of one of the Earl of Desmond's strongholds are.

Réro-merrneac, m. and f., high

courage.

Réro-pian, m., a smooth course.

Rerore, g. id., f., abundance, plenty, a large supply; generosity.

Reioreamail, -mla, a., abundant,

plentiful; generous.

Reroreamtact, -a, f., abundance, plenty; generosity.

Réro-rotar, m., calm light.

Réroceac, -ti5, pl. id., m., a wild or torn person; an old torn or dismantled article of furniture, etc. (Ker.).

Réroteac, $-\text{ti}\dot{\textbf{z}}$, pl. $-\text{ti}\dot{\textbf{z}}e$ and -teaca, m., a plain, a level.

Réroteac, -tiţ, -tiţe, m., a reconciliation, propitiation, harmony, agreement, concord; analysis, disentanglement; a smoothing.

Réforeact, -a, f., peace, disentanglement, concord, analysis; te 11., in a peaceful manner.

Réioceoin, -ona, -oinioe, m., a peacemaker, one who reconciles;

a cleanser for a pipe, etc.

Rérotizim, vl. réroteac, v. tr. and intr., I adjust, arrange, regulate; I clean, make smooth; I release, relieve; I tease, comb (of the hair, etc.); I agree with, come to terms with (te); I hire or am hired by (te) (M.); I live peaceably with; I solve.

Rérocizce, p. a., settled, agreed;

disentangled; solved.

Reileos, -oise, -osa, f., a yew or

churchyard elm. (?)

Reitzineac, -niże, α ., club-footed; as subs., a club-footed person; cf. cam pertze, and see pertz.

Reilzipe, g. id., pl.-proe, m., a

grave-digger.

Reitiz, -tze, -tzióe, f., a church, a churchyard, a grave; péabaó peitze, an uprooting and consequent desecration of a burialground, which was considered a crime to be visited with sudden punishment; cam peitze, the defect of being bandy-legged, from a superstition that a pregnant woman treading on a grave gives birth to a bandy-legged child; tá cam peitze ann (aip), he has bandy legs See cam.

Réilteac (néaltac), -tige, a.,

star-like, clear, bright.

Réilteann, -tinne, -a, f., a star; fg., a fair lady.

Réilteannact, -a, f., astronomy, astrology.

Réittín, g. id., pl. -ioe, m., a star; a little star; a star-fish; an asterisk.

Réim, -e. -eanna, f., a course, way; a career, a voyage; a position; sway, power, authority, fame; belongings, things appertaining to a person; a list, a catalogue; manner; race; courage; exaltation, pride: as, \$lacaro intinn áitio ir tiéim (E. R.); paoi tiéim, in readiness, equipped.

Reim, m., a ruippeoin or juggler, a stage actor (O'N. and P. O'C.).

Réim- (néam-), prefix, before, pre-, afore-.

Réim-béanta, g. id., m., a preposition.

Réim-briatan, f., an adverb; a preposition.

Réim-burce, a., broken in power, subdued.

Réim-cinneao, -nce, m., predestination, preordination; act of preordaining or predestining.

Réim-cinneamain, f., predestination, fate, preordination.

Réim-cinnim, -neao, v. tr., I preordain, predestine.

Réim-cinntiţim, -cinntiuţao and -teao, v. tr., I predestinate; resolve, appoint.

Réim-cinntiużao, -tiżte, m., predestination, purpose.

Réim-cion, m., a career of affection; a sway of love.

Réim-vineac, -vinige, a., in a straight line, in a direct course; straightway, direct.

Réim-vițizim, -iużav, v. tr., I prevent, go before, anticipate.

Reime, g. id., f., fatness, thickness, coagulation; pride, haughtiness.

Reimeac, -miże, a., arrogant; proud; gross.

Reimeact, -a, f., grossness, thickness, fatness.

Réim-eaopao, -οαρτα, pl. id., m., the forenoon; "milking-time" (C.). See eaoappuo.

Réimeamait, -mta, a., bearing sway or authority; constant,

persevering; rampant; important; also belonging to the roads or highways.

Réimeamlact, -a, f., consistency,

sway, authority.

Réimear, -mre, pl. id., f., the reign of a king, a dynasty; sway, authority; as caiteam mo né san néimear ná neact (E. R.). See néimear.

Réimear, -mre, pl. id., f., a life-

time, a time, a period.

Reimearao, rheumatism (P. O'C.). Réim-eotar, -air, m., foreknow-ledge.

Réim-réacaim, -caint, v. intr., I anticipate, I pre-examine, fore-cast

Réim-péacaine, f., foreknowledge; pre-consideration.

Réim-plaonaire, g. id., f., forewitnessing.

Réim-rior, -reara, m., foreknow-ledge, foresight.

Réim-riopac, -aige, a., having a foreknowledge.

Réim-ţeallao, -lta, pl. id., m., a previous engagement, a promise, a pledge or vow previously given.

Réim-ţeatlaım, -tao and -tamaın, v. tr., I pre-engage, pledge, beforehand, vow previously.

Réim-ţeatlamain, -mna, pl. id. and -mnaca, f., a previous engagement, a promise.

Réimnizim, -iużao, v. intr., I proceed, go, walk; progress, advance.

Reimpe, g. id., f., thickness, fatness.

Reimpeact, -a, f., thickness, fatness, grossness, stoutness.

Réim-rcéataioeaet, -a, f., act of telling stories, holding conversation; a5 μ. τού τέιπ, as they were conversing.

Reimpe, g. id., pl. -reaca, f., a club, a staff, a cudgel, a bat; also a row or rank; a tract of land.

Réimpeac, -pije, a., heroic; famous; of great repute.

Réim-teatraine, g. id., pl. -nite and -neads, m., a forerunner,

harbinger.

Réin, -e (really dat. s. of mian, but now used as nom.), f., rule, authority, will, pleasure, desire, accord; oo néin, according to; oo néin outiair, according to hereditary right or law; oo néin man tiocraio linn, as we shall have occasion; vá péip rin, accordingly; oom' néin, according to my will; tean oo néin réin, follow your own will; raoi péip, ready, prepared; oo néin náoúine, by nature.

Réin, dark, black; darkness, blackness; a ném, last night, the night before; atpuzao (anusao) a néin, the night

before last.

Remeac, -mize, a., old, aged; as subs., an aged person.

'R éir (can éir), after.

Réire, g. id., pl. -rioe, f., a span, a measure, a space of nine inches.

Réire, péireamail, See

nerore, 7c.

Reite, g. id., pl. id. and -tite, m.,

a ram.

Reiteacar, -air, rutting; caona rá perceacar, a sheep seeking the ram; rá perceso, id. (Con.); ré peit, id. (Cork); also peatacar.

- Reite cozsió, m., a battering-

ram; neite néabta, id. Réitizim. See pérotizim.

Reicineacc, -a, f., rutting.

Reitleoz. See perleoz.

Reoo, -oca, m., hoar frost, frost; richeoo, hard frost.

Reodad, -orde, m., act of freezing; act of becoming clotted or solidified.

Reoo-leac, f., ice, a sheet of ice.

Reoo-teacao, -cta, m., act of freezing or congealing.

Reoo-leacaim, -cao, v. tr. and intr., I freeze, congeal.

Reoroim, -oodo, v. tr. and intr., I freeze, congeal; I become clotted or solidified; I cause to freeze.

Reorote, p. a., congealed, clotted (of blood, etc.).

Reorotín, g. id., m., a slight hoar frost.

 $Ré-\dot{r}eat$ (=ait- $\dot{r}eat$), m., a second né-realao time;

realao, id.

Rí (μ í $\dot{\varsigma}$), g. μ í $\dot{\varsigma}$ and μ í $\dot{\varsigma}$, d. μ í $\dot{\varsigma}$, pl. μίζτε (in sp. l. μίζτε), pl.μίοζ α (Kea.), gpl. μίοζ (Kea.), m., a king, a sovereign, a prince; as prefix, excellent, princely, as ní-rean or níz-rean, an excellent man; tá ré 50 píoż-mait, it is excellent.

Rí! an exclamation of surprise

(P. O'C.).

Ria, with her, to her, emph. -ran. Ria, prep. (eclipses), before; takes r before the article. See poim and né.

Riab, sky-colour, hence piabac. Riab, g. péibe, pl. -a, f., a streak,

a welt; thi mata beausa bo bávan timiceall a cuipp, three red stripes were all round his body (said of luzaro Riab-

n Deaps).

Riabac, -aibce, α ., grey, brindled, roan, swarthy, grizzled; taeteanta na piaibte, the days of the brindled cow, i.e., the closing days of March (or the three opening days of April). See mí.

Riabač, $-a_1\tilde{S}$, m., pasture lousewort, or dwarf red rattle.

Riabatt, -aitt, pl. id., m., a tail, esp. a draggle-tail (Con. and Thomond). See probat.

Riabán, -áin, pl. id., m., an oyster

catcher (Con.).

Riabóz (μιαρόζ in parts of Clare), -ó15e, -ó5a, f., a little bird like a lark, the skylark, the hedgesparrow; n. móns, a tit-lark; n. coille, a wood-lark; also néabóz.

Riabóz mainte, f., a small cow

(U.).

Riactain, -ana, f., act of reaching, attaining; p. a tear, necessity (Early Mod.).

Riactanac, -naiz, -naize, m., a needy person; one in a difficulty,

Riactanac, -aige, a., necessary, needful; needy, necessitous; ni't γέ μ. agam, it is not necessary for me, I need not.

Riactanar, g. -air, pl. id., m., necessity, need, want; indispensable duty, exigence; ni't olige as μιασταπας, necessity has no law; πά τροιο αστ με μ., do not fight unless compelled; earlier form, μ. a tear.

Riadaine, in phr. pean-piadaine, a cunning old fellow; also ap-

plied to beasts (Con.).

Riaotann, -ainne, -anna, f., a bridewell, a house of correction.

Riażait, g. -żta, pl. id. and -żtaca, f., a rule, a line, a religion, a regulation, a law, a government, direction.

Riażait-béar, -a, pl. id., m., dis-

cipline, order.

Riażait-ciumair, f., a straight rule or edge; the edge of a spade (E, R).

Riażaitim, -żtao, v. tr., I rule, reign, govern, direct, regulate.

Riażailt-ceannac, -aiż, -aiże, m., a square.

Riażaitceać, -tiże, a., regular, according to rule, orderly, peaceful, sober.

Riażaim, -ao, v. tr., I tear, rend, lacerate; gibbet, hang, crucify.

Riażaijie, g. id., pl. -piòe, m., a hangman.

Riażaineact, -a, f., hanging, execution.

Riażatza, p. a., regulated, under rule; regular, orderly, ruled, governed; mná piażatza, nuns.

Riażaltact, -a, f., regularity, orderliness, religiousness.

Riażaltóiji, -ójia, -ójiiioe, m., a ruler, a governor, a director, a manager, a regulator.

Riażlać, -aiże, a., regular, according to rule.

Riażtużaó, -uiżte, m., the act of ruling; government; discipline; management.

Riażluiżim, -użaż, v. tr., I rule,

govern, manage.

Riam (aniam), ad., always, at any time, ever; primarily used of past time, hence of habitual present time, and generally of any time, past or future; with neg., never, not at all; mam ir coroce, ever and always; bíor mam 10' amaoán, you were always a fool; ní bíonn an catain miam zan rotham, the city is never without uproar; TAO1 HIAM im' coinnib, you are always opposed to me; bei ré mam amlaro, it will be ever so; ní raca mam oo leitéio, I never saw your peer; an ainisir mam reéal an Caipín Deing? did you ever hear the story of the Red Cap? cáim az éirceacc teir an rcéal rain hiam, I am listening to that story all my life; used with anoir in peculiar idioms: as, τά mo ċμοιόe buirce anoir no mam, my heart is broken now or never; tá 'na žeimpeao anoip nó piam, it is winter now or never, etc.; anoir azur piam róip opainn, a Ola, O God, help us now and for ever; 30 pabain mam amtaro, may you ever be in the same state (coroce is primarily used for future time, but, by extension, is used with the habitual present); in sp. l., Don. and Con., main is not used of the future or the habitual present; mam anall, always, up to the present moment (Don.), used by one explaining that his family had always been in possession of certain lands.

Ria n-, prep., before. See noim.
Rian, g. main, m., a path, a track,
a way, a course; a sign, a trace;
good disposition; order; prosperity; in compds., an intensive
prefix; tá a man am, "sign is

on" it; bíonn cú an meirce, ir τά a pian pain opt, you are a drunkard, and "the sign is on you," i.e., you give manifest proof of the effects of drink, you suffer from the consequences of drink; tá a man am, the proof is manifest (where AIR is used impersonally, this phrase is difficult to render in English); cf. bi ano-reumm ann anein, ir Tá a pian aip, Tá na chainn 50 téin an tán, there was a great storm last night, and the result or proof is manifest, the trees are all thrown down; tá man οο ζηότα ομτ (M.), you manifest clearly the effects of your (ill) actions (here man is not the word used in Con.; they say, τά cormalact το ξπότα ομτ); ni't a pian ap an ocalam, the trace of him is not on the ground, he has been reduced to a skeleton; rtioct is a synonym in N. Con. and U., e.g., tá s rtioct ont, 7c. See plioct.

Rianac, -aize, a., well-disposed. Rianai beact, -a, f., wandering or

travelling, wayfaring.

Rianán, -áin, pl. id., m., a path across a field, esp. a tilled field.

Rian-báμc, m., a great ship, or perhaps a sea-ship; ἀτ Cliat na μιαn-báμc, Dublin of the great ships or sea-ships (O'Ra.).

Rian-tot, m., great wounding (O'Ra.).

Rianta, p. a., marked out, arranged (of a place).

Rianużao, -uiżte, m., act of

marking out.

Rianuióe, g. id., pl. -óce, m., a wanderer, a traveller by land and sea.

Rιαμ, g. μέιμ and -μέα, m., act of serving, attending, dividing, partitioning; division, allotment; τά μιαμ α ἐάιτ αιξε, he has as much as he needs (Con.).

RιΔη, g. μέιμε, f., will, desire, pleasure; rule, government,

management, authority, attendance, obedience. See néin.

Riapac, -aiże, a., complaisant, submissive; also serving, attending on.

Riapacao. See ріарао.

Rומְתְמֹכֹד, -a, f., act of pleasing, satisfying; serving, sharing, distributing; ruling, governing.

Rιαμαό, -μόα, m., act of complying with; pleasing; serving; dividing, sharing, partitioning; ruling, managing; ας μιαμαό απ δμόιπ, giving free vent to my grief, humouring it (McD.); μιαμ, id.

Rιαμαιόθαότ, -a, f. See μιαμαότ. Rιαμαιm (μιαμιιζιm), vl. μιαμ and -μαό, v. tr., I serve, satisfy, entertain, please; distribute, divide, divide amongst (aμ); I

rule, command.

Riapaine. See pianuide.

Riahaire, g. id., m., arrears; h.

ciora, arrears of rent.

πιαμέλ, p. a., supplied, provided for; regulated, distributed, served, shared; satisfied, content; γελη μιαμέλ, a dispenser of eating or drinking; a regulator.

Riapużao, -uiżce and -pca, m., distribution, act of regulating,

serving, satisfying.

Riamuroe, g. id., pl. -ote, m., a dispenser of meat and drink; one who regulates affairs; an officer in the houses of princes and chiefs, whose duty it was to provide and dispense food to the household and to visitors.

Riapuisim. See piapaim.

Riapuiščeoip, -opa, -oipiõe, m., a steward; a distributor of food; a regulator of affairs; a sharer.

Riarc, -a, pl. id., m., a marsh, a moor, a fen; low, wet ground; a strand (P. O'C.); a tough-surfaced, rough, uncultivated plain.

Riarcać, -aiże, a., marshy, moorish, fenny; hard, stiff, rough; wild, uncultivated; streaked, as a

pockmarked face; as subs., a marsh, a moor, etc. See μιαρς. Βιαρς-διάτ όπολ, f., marsh mari-

gold (O'C.).

Riarclac, -ais, m., a moor, a marsh, a fen, etc. See plarc.

Riapt, -a, -anna, m., a welt, a streak, a stripe.

Riartac, -aiże, a., welted, streaked,

striped.

Riaptao, -aiote, m., a welt, a fold; the act of turning over (as of the grassy surface of

tillage land). See marc.

Riartait, -áta, f., the act of turning sods in the marking off and preparation of grass-land for tillage; taking the surface off the furrows in the lazy-bed system of tillage; a severe cutting, a lacerating.

Riartálam, vl. -táil, v. tr., I beat violently; I rend; turn the surface of lea-land with a spade;

I strip the furrows.

Rib, prep. prn., 2 pl., with you, to you.

Ribe. See nuibe.

Ríbéro, -e, -eaca, f., a musical reed, a pipe; melody, merriment.

Ríbéroeac, -orge, a., furnished with reeds (as a wind instrument); musical, melodious, merry.

Ribeos, -015e, -05a, f., a rag, a clout, a tatter, a tassel, a

fringe.

Ribeozać, -aiże, a., ragged, clouted, tattered, tasselled, fringed.

Ribe póin, a shrimp.

Ribleac, g. -liż, pl. -liże and -leaca, m., a long string or line; anything much entangled; knottiness.

Ribleacán, -áin, m., a kind of sorrel.

Rib μύπάιη, f., a shrimp. Also μισε μόιη.

Riceau, f., a kingdom; a king's mensal lands (O'R. and O'Br.).
Ricit, -e, f., a pile of turf (Con.).

Rive, g. id., pl. -vive, mire, bogmire (O'N.). See puroe.

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Riveoz, -015e, -05a, f., sweet myrtle; a small shrub (also $\mu = 0$); $\mu = 0$ 5 id.

Rioine, g. id., pl. -nioe, m., a knight; Rioine an Steanna, the

Knight of Glin.

Rioipeace, -a, f., knighthood.

Rioipeamait, -mta, a., knightly. Riż- (pi-), a prefix, meaning royal,

good, excellent.

Ríż-bean, g. níoż-mná, pl. id., f., a queen-like or superior woman, an excellent woman.

Rig-cirre, g. id., pl. -tioe, m., a royal treasury, a royal treasure.

Riţe (μιζ), g. id., pl. μιζτε, -ζτελάλ, f., an arm, from wrist to elbow; a leg or quarter of an animal; a cubit; a felloe; μιζε τλοιμ-τεοίλ, a leg of mutton; ní't λημ λάτ μιζτελάλ, he is only all bones.

Ríże, g. id., f., a kingdom, sovereignty, kingship; a reign; act of reigning, governing, ruling.

Ríżeact, -a, f., act of reaching or

attaining.

Rízedor, -a, f., a kingdom; royalty, Rize-mear, m., the measure of a cubit.

Ríż-reap, m., a prince; an excellent man.

Ríż-rémnio, m., a commander-inchief.

Ríz-réinnioeact, -a, f., the generalship of an army.

Ríġ-ṭiaōuiōe, g. id., pl. -oċe, m., a royal hunter; an excellent hunter.

Ris-sar, m., a royal scion.

Risim, vl. miactain and poctain, v. defect., intr. and tr. (see Parad.), I reach, attain, arrive, come; idiom. phr., ni maints a leap did not need; cf. an mac misteam a teap surve, for whom it is not necessary to pray; with 1, to come into possession of a thing: put maints 1 brlaiteap, before he came into the sovereignity; with te to succeed in

a thing: ní námiz leir é rin oo oéanam, he did not succeed in

doing that.

Riżin, gsf. -żne, a., tough, tenacious, adhesive, stiff; drowsy, sluggish, dilatory; persevering; 50 μ., slowly, sullenly; bí μιζιη ir éineocaio teat, persevere and you will succeed.

 $R_1\dot{\varsigma}_1$ nıcear, $-c_1r$, m., sloth; tena-

city.

Ríż-Lior, m., a royal fort, a castle. Ríż-mionn, -na, m., a diadem, a royal diadem.

Rigne, pinne. See vo-zním.

Rigneadar. See nignear.

Rigneact, -a, f., tenacity, adhesiveness; sullenness, stiffness;

delay, deliberativeness.

Rižneáluroe, g. id., pl.-oże, m., one slow in his movements, a loiterer (M.); niżneálac, id. (Don.).

Righear, -nir, m., tenacity, adhesiveness, stiffness; delay; 100 00 Slanao amac san nisnear, to clear them out without delay; piżnear labanta, an impediment in speech.

Rignizim, -niuzao, v. tr. and intr., I toughen, stiffen; adhere to;

delay, procrastinate.

Riżniużao, -iżce, m., act of stiffening, making tough; of adhering to, delaying, procrastinating.

Ríż-reirc, -e, f., greater burr-reed

(sparganium erectum).

Ríż-żeac, -żiże, -żiżce, royal house or palace.

Ríż-teażtać, -aiż, m., a king's household.

Rileoz, -015e, -05a, f., bog myrtle. See 110003.

Rilleao, g. -liò and -liòce, pl. id., m., the act of sifting, riddling, winnowing.

Rilleán, -áin, pl. id., m., a riddle,

a coarse sieve; a fan.

Rillim, -leao, v. tr., I sift, riddle, winnow.

Ríméao, -é10, m., gladness, delight; finery; pride (followed by ar).

Ríméadac, -aize, a., glad, pleased, proud (of, ar); piż-piméavac, very glad.

Ringean, -51n, pl. id., m., a crow-

bar (= ringer, prob.).

Rinn, prep. pr., with us; emph. rinne-ne; tinn is more commonly used in modern MSS. See né.

Rinn, g. -e and peanna, pl. id., f., a point; sharpness; climax, intensity; the top of anything; line (of battle: acies); a promontory, a foreland, a headland; common in topography, as Ring, Co. Waterford, etc.

Rinn-, sharp (an intensive prefix); cf. ninn-uaine, very green; μιπη-μυαζαό, a great rout

(O'Ra.).

Rinnce, g. id., pl. -anna, m., dance, the art of dancing; ninnce raoa, "country dance"; act of frisking, playing, gambolling; spinning (of a top).

Rinnceac, -cize, a., given to

dancing.

Rinnceoiti, -otta, -oititoe, m., a

Rinneim, -ceso, v. tr. and intr., I dance, I prance.

Rinne, piżne. See vo-żnim.

Rinneac, -nite, a., sharp, pointed, barbed.

Rinn-perceam, f., keen investigation; suspense, contemplation; patient waiting.

Rínn-reitim, -team, v. intr., I contemplate, I meditate.

Rınn- \dot{z} eımeat, f., a fetter or shackle for the foot.

Rinn-norc, m., a piercing eye; also the herb eye-bright (euphrasia), which is also called stan-porc.

Rinn-nuainneac, -nije, a., bristling, coarse.

Rinn-repostać, -aiże, a., having a thin or sharp throat (E.R.).

Ríob, poet. for mab, a bird like a lark; fig., a fair lady.

Riobal, -ail, m., draggle-tail.

Riobanta, indec. a., decked, adorned.

Rioban, -ain, pl. id., m., a sieve; nioban meata, a honeycomb.

Rioblac, -aige, a., tattered, torn. Ríobóro, -oe, f., a spendthrift.

Ríobóroeact, -a, f., prodigality.
Ríobóroim, -óroeac, v. tr. and
intr.. I revel. riot: spend.

intr., I revel, riot; spend, squander money.

Ríobún, -úin, m., a mixture of oatmeal and milk used for food.

Rioct, μελέτλ, pl. id., m., shape, condition, state, plight, way; guise, garb, form, likeness; place; bulk, size; 1 μιοέτ 50 (past 5uμ), so that, in a way to (1 μ. 1μ 50, id.); 1μ. πλέ, so that not; 1 μιοέτ δάιμ, in the throes of death, dying; 1 μιοέτλι του υτ τλίτε, on the point of fainting.

Rioct-aithir, f., mimicking,

aping; imitation.

Rioct-válarveact, f., act of mimicking; buffoonery; stageacting.

Rioċt-ȯ́áturoe, g. id., pl. -ȯċe, m., a mimie, joker, buffoon, stage-player.

Riodalt, -e, f., a riddle (A., heard in Con.); pipeat (Don.).

R100án, -áin, pl. id., m., a wood-

worm. See peacán.

Río˙ζ-(μi˙ζ-), intensive prefix, meaning great, fine, chief, good, excellent.

Ríoξαċτ, -a, pl. id., f., a kingdom, a dominion (also ηίξεαċτ).

Ríożao, -żca, m., the act of crowning or electing a king.

Ríożam, -żao, v. tr., I crown, enthrone as king.

Ríożamait, -mta, a., royal, princely, kingly, regal.

Ríożamlact, -a, f., majesty; royalty.

Ríożan, -żna, pl. id., f., a queen, a princess; frequent in poetry. Ríoż-boż, f., a royal pavilion.

Ríoǯ-bηuǯ, m., a royal castle, a splendid mansion (often μίοǯ-bրoʒ in M.).

Ríoz-colb, m., a sceptre (also

pioz-colba).

Ríoż-copóm, f., a royal crown.

Ríoġ-ċuṇao, -aro, pl. id., m., a royal champion, a great champion.

Ríożos, indec. a., royal, kingly,

princely.

Ríoż-oáit, -áta, f., a royal convocation.

Ríoż-oám, m., a royal poet, an

excellent poet.

Ríoġ-öaṁna, g. id., m., a kingelect; the heir-presumptive of a king; lit., the "makings" of a king (also μίοġ-αὑδαμ).

πίοζ-γάιο, g. id. and -oe, pl. id., m., a royal prophet, an excellent

prophet.

Ríoż-ruit, -rota, f., royal blood,

kingly stock or race.

Ríoż-halla, g. id., pl. -aroe, m., a

kingly hall.

Ríoġtáċ, -áiġ, pl. id., m., a king, a a prince, a nobleman, a gentleman; a respectable old man; somet. an old woman (P. O'C. and O'N.).

Ríożlann, -anne, -anna, f., a king's residence, a palace.

Ríoż-laoċ, -aoiż, -aoċa, m., a prince; an excellent man. See μίοżláċ.

Ríoż-nażaiμ, f., a cockatrice, a basilisk (somet. μίοζ-αζαίμ).

Ríoż-ροητ, -ρυιητ, pl. id., m., a royal palace, a royal stronghold.

Ríoἡμαċ, -aiṭe, α., royal, kingly. Ríoἡμαὑ, -aiὑe (coll.), f., a dynasty, a line of kings.

Ríożηλιόe, indec. a., regal, kingly. Ríoż-μάτ, f., a royal fortress or

palace.

Ríoż-μόο, m., a main road.

Ríoż-pustan, m., a fierce attack.

Ríoż-plat, f., a sceptre.

Riog-ugoap, m., a chief author.
Riom (tiom), with me; emph.

1110m-ra. See né.

Ríom, m., act of enumerating, reckoning, composing (a poem, etc.), arranging, explaining; a number, an enumeration; ni't piom terp, there is no standing him (Con.). See piomao.

Ríomao, -mta, m., act of enumerating, reckoning, computing; act of arranging, of explaining; act of composing poetry, etc.

Ríomaim, vl. píom and píomao, v. tr., I enumerate, I count; I weave or compose (a poem); I set in order, explain.

Ríomaine, g. id., pl. -proe, m., a calculator, an enumerator.

Ríomaineact, -a, f., enumeration, counting, arithmetic.

Ríom-áipeam, m., counting, reckoning.

Ríom-áipmim, -áipeam, v. tr., I count, reckon.

Rionnać, -aiże, a., parti-coloured, of divers colours, spotted (P. O'C.).

Rionn-luatar (mionn-luar), -air,

m., high rate of speed.

Río-μάὁ, m., fuss, confusion, reckless merriment, revelry, a carouse (probably=μαθμαὸ, which see).

Rioz, with thee, to thee; emph. -pa.

See né.

 $R_{10}\dot{\tau}$ ($\eta_{1}\dot{\tau}$), g. $\eta_{0}\dot{\tau}$ a, pl. id., m., a race, running, speed in running; a course; a pursuit, a rush, a flight; τά άμο-μιοτ αιζε, he can run at great speed; ir reann mot mait 'ná opoic-rearam, a well-executed flight is better than a bad stand (against an enemy); tá piot an páir leat, you have tided over the difficulty; onoc-rlaince cuzac 'na mot, may ill-health overtake you in a rush (E.R.); τά μίοτ αμ connec 1 noin, there is a rush for oats to-day, there is great demand for it; n. rocal, a stutter.

Riożao, -aro, m., a rush, the rush made to obtain greater force in taking a long or high jump. See

nucas.

Riożaim, vl. pioż, v. intr., I run, race; I come in a gush, come without trouble. See piżim.

Rιοτ άμο, m., high racing, careering.
Rιοτ τοια, g. με ατα τοια, pl. id.,
m., hemorrhage, loss of blood.

Ríμιδ, in phr. σά μίμιδ, in earnest, in reality, truly, verily, seriously; an σά μίμιδ ατασι? are you serious, is it true? τά γέ αξ cuμ γεαςα σά μίμιδ, it is freezing with a vengeance; παιγε, αποά μίμιδ? now, really? 1 ποά μίμιδ, somet. in M.

Rir, with him, by him, to or from him, it; tá mo tám hir, my hand is exposed (S. Cork), in Don. (Glenties), a hir; emph. hir-rean or hirean. See né.

Rip (an), with, form of ne used before the article; also in pip pin, thereupon, upon that, with that.

Ríp, -e, f., rice.

Rír, in phr. apír (a pír), ad., again, once more.

Ripe, pipeamail. See perope,

peroreamail.

Ripeac, -piże, f., a seaweed called drowning strings; it grows to the length of 20 feet (Con.); ทุนลอัลกลc, id.

Rírín, g. id., pl. -nroe, m., a raisin (this is the usual spelling and pronunciation of the word in

Irish, P. O'C.).

Rit, g. neata, pl. id., m., act of running; running, race; course, pursuit. See niot.

Ričesč, -tiže, a., running, run-

away (also peatac).

Riteoip, -opa, -oipioe, m., a run-

ner, a racer, a runaway.

Ritim, vl. pit, v. intr., I run, rush, gallop; I pass, pass current; I come in a gush; come spontaneously, as ir amtaio a niceann an téigeann cuize, learning comes spontaneously to him, it "runs" to him; pit teat rein, escape, make away; beit as pit ap botánaib, to keep going from house to house; as mit an aibnib, frequenting rivers (as fishermen); ní bío bliadanca i brao as nit, the years swiftly pass; niceann an banantar 1 othi conntae, the warrant passes current in three

counties; jucrio teac, you will escape, or succeed; pit ré tiom, it occurred to me, I thought (usually followed by 30, 7c.); often used simply in sense of I go, where no running motion is implied, though avoidance of delay, especially as regards setting out, is implied: picear anonn an maioin 30 oci an coban, I went over in the morning to the well (avoiding delay); pit irteat azur abain lev' mátain, 7c., go in and tell your mother, etc. (avoiding delay). Speakers of English often use run in this sense; cf. the use of rleamnuitim and slip; vl. also niot, nuit, and as neataro (Don.).

Ritteán, -áin, pl. id. See noit-

leán.

Riú, with them, by them; to, unto or from them; emph. -ran. Ro, prefix of perf. tense (modern

oo), rarely used now, except in compds., such as 5uh, níoh, náh,

nacaμ, aμ, le'μ, ό'μ, etc.

Ró- (nó1-), intensive prefix (aspirates), much, very, great, exceeding, very much, very great; too, too much; in sp. l. nó- in sense of "very" is rare, it is common in poetry, as an maioin 50 μό-moc, very early in the morning; but tá ré nó-moc cum éinizte, it is too early to rise. It seems best to use a hyphen connecting it with adj. when it means very, exceedingly, but to treat it as a separate word when it signifies too. In many prayers in current use nó is used in the sense of very, most, exceedingly, as "an Thionoro Ró-naomita," the Most Holy Trinity, etc.

Ró, g. id., m., good luck, success, prosperity; often met in the dialect of S. U., Mea., etc.; ταμμαιης πό ὁό αρ mo ῥίορα te μό, a pull or two from my pipe with luck (Mea. song by

P. Tevlin); bero an no tinn in rinn as of ain, we shall have success and shall drink to it (Arm. song); so naive an no teas, success to you (Louth); cf. mon in no, great luck (Mid. Ir.); hence the negative term anno; also nos.

κό-áμο, a., most high, very high; μό-áμοe, compd.superl., applied

only to the Deity.

Rob (for no ba), there was, assertive verb. See 1r.

Róba, g. id., pl.-aroe, m., a robe, a garment.

Robao. See nabao.

Robáit, -áta, pl. id., f., robbery, plunder (A.).

Robátaim, -báit, v. tr., I rob, plunder (A.).

Robátza, p. a., robbed (A.).

Ró-baożtać, -aiże, a., very fearful.

Robanta. See nabanta.

Ró-buroesc, -orge, a., very thankful.

Roc, g. puic, pl. id., m., an air bubble; a small excrescence; a fold, a wrinkle; sea-weeds appearing above water; a skate. See puc.

Rocać, -aiże, a., wrinkled, plaited, folded.

Rocaim, -Ao, v. tr., I wrinkle.

Rocain, fell, died.

Ró-cáiproeamait, -mta, a., exceedingly courteous and friendly.

Rocatt, -aitt, pl. id., m. (corrupt for uncatt), a fetter, esp. a fetter for the fore-legs of an animal (as a goat, etc.). In Ker. the word for a fetter joining hind and fore-leg is taincip. See uncatt.

Rocatt, -ailt, pl. id., m., a

coverlet.

Rocatt, -aitt, m., rattle, as nocatt an báir, the death-rattle (O'N); but cf. rocatt an báir 10' tán nán múrcaittean $(E.\ R.)$; also nocaitt.

Rocattaim, -ao, v. tr., I spancel, fetter (prop. uncattaim).

Rócán, -ám, pl. id., m., a ditty, a tune, a song (Ker.); perhaps from το ċan, "sang," common in the headings of poems.

Rocán, -áin, pl. id. (dim. of poc), m., a plait, a fold, a wrinkle,

a furrow.

Ró-ceanamail, -mla, a., very loving.

Ró-ctipte, indec. a., very expert, very clever.

κό-ċροὸ, great treasure, esp. of

cattle (Kea.).

Roct, pret. of μοιέιm, v. tr. or intr.,
I arrive at, come to, reach; το μοστασαμ το Carpeat, they arrived at Cashel (quoted by O'Br.).

Roctain, f., the act of reaching, arriving, attaining, coming (to, an, oo); a journey, journeying;

an ascent.

Roctaine, g. id., pl. -nioe, m., a guest, a customer; one who frequents a place.

Ró-cúpam, -aim, m., carefulness;

eager anxiety.

Ró-cúpamac, -aiţe, a., exceedingly careful, very anxious, very vigilant.

Ró-cupata, indec. a., very courage-

ous; warlike.

Rόο, g. μόιο, pl. id. and μόσα, m., a road, a way, a path, a track, a passage; commonly poetic, bόταμ and beatac being the ordinary conversational words; 'γα μόσ = αμ απ πbόταμ, e.g., " το ατατό 'γα μόσ ομπ γρέμτο εαπ γυαιμς," whereas αμ απ μόσ = on the roadside, e.g., πίσμ τάζ γιασ τεαί μεακα αμ απ μόσ πάμ γκαιμτ γιασ αμ πόμάπ σιζε, they did not pass an alehouse on the road without calling for a large quantity of drink.

Rópac, -aiże, a., fond of journeys, wandering.

Rópac, $-\Delta_1\dot{\xi}$, m., destruction; a scarifying (Don.).

Rόσδισεδτ, -Δ, f., travelling, wayfaring.

Rópáil, -ála, f., rushing, running (U).

Ró-òócar, -air, m., great confidence.

Ró-òócapac, -aiţe, a., exceedingly confident.

Ró-ooineann, f., very severe weather.

Ró-ooineannta, indec. a., tempestuous.

หืองาง่e, g. id., pl. -ง่te, m., a

traveller, a wayfarer.

κό-ὁάτμαἐταἐ, -aiţe, a., exceedingly diligent, very earnest, very zealous.

Ró-eolac, -aiże, a., very skilful,

exceedingly knowing.

Ró-rao-rotz, m., very long hair (Fer.).

Ró-tlait, m., a great prince or

Ró-ronn, m., earnest longing, keen desire.

Ró-ronnman, -aine, a., very desirous, very willing, earnest.

Ró-rulamzteat, -tiţe, a., exceedingly patient, long-suffering.

Roża, g. -an, d. -an, pl. nożna and 11015ne, f., a choice, a selection, option; what is chosen; the best; ir noża teir, he chooses; véan vo noza puv, do what you like; poża veilbe, choice forms; μοζα υμέλιμ, a well-selected aim; poża-żpáo, choice love; ir tú mo noza, you are my choice, my love; ní téroeann pota ó'n péroceac, a better thing cannot be chosen than peace, or agreement; 17 é mo poża é, tożar vam réin, he is my chosen one, I selected for myself (McD.); mé zabáil (Ślacaó) oo nożam an, to choose me in preference to (U_{\cdot}) ; pron. Hé (Don.), and Heota (N. Con.).

Rożaim, -ao, v. tr., I choose, select,

Rożain, -e, pl. noiżne, f., act of choosing; a choice.

Rózaine, g. id., pl. -nioe, m., a rogue, a villain, a knave; often

used like the English rogue, as a term of endearment; cf. "those

pretty rogues" (A.).

κόζαιμεαċτ, -a, f., roguery, villainy, knavery; in U. the sense is not so strong, as it signifies flirting, carrying on light, airy conversation.

Ró-stan, -aine, a., very pure,

thoroughly clean.

Różman. See póman.

Różnaiżceoip, -opa, -oipioe. m., a chooser, an elector.

Ró-żnátac, -taiże, a., very customary, much used.

Ró-ἡμάο, m., great love; cf. μό-

reapc, pó-toil.

Ró1- (nó-), intensive prefix. See nó-. Ró1-beaz, indec. a., very small, exceedingly minute.

Roibín, g. id., pl. -ioe, m., a beard

(Om.).

Rói-ceannya, indec. a., very civil,

exceedingly modest.

Roicim, vl. μοςταιη, v. tr. and intr., I reach, catch, attain, come up to, arrive at (50); 5 μγ α μοισεαπη γαισθηεαγ, to whom wealth comes (Kea., T. S.); πί μοισιο 50 τίμ ταμησαιμε πα 5 τόιμε, they do not arrive at the prophesied land of glory (Kea., T. S.); παὰ μοισεαπη του τόιμι-ξηίομ του σέαπαμ γαη τρασξαί γο, that they do not succeed in making satisfaction in this life (Kea.); for μοισιμ γμοισιμ is now often used. See γμοισιμ and μιζιμ.

Rói-bear, beire, a., exceedingly

handsome.

Rói-òítear, -tre, a., very dear, extremely faithful.

Roiżne, pl. of nożam, the choice, the best part.

Roiliz, -e. -ioe, f., a churchyard.

Rói-tíonman, -aine, a., exceedingly full.

Roilleac, -liz, pl.id., m., the redshank, a sea-bird (Aran).

noitleoz. See proeoz and poitteoz. Róim, -óma, f., Rome (with article); Róim-citt, a church-yard (U.); g. also Róime.

Roim (poime), prep. (in pron. combinations becomes nómam, nómat, noime, in M. noimir, fem. poimpe, pómainn, pómaib, pómpa), before, in front of, to, for, from; used of time and space, also after notions of fear, dislike, etc.; tá eazla azam (or onm) nómat, I am atraid of you; noim bar (M. noim bár), before death; an rinream táinis nómainn, the generation that preceded us; oo cuipear pómam an puo rain a oéanam, I proposed to do that thing; an raotal acá nómac, the period of life through which you are still to pass; an rean bionn as riubal noime (poimip), the man who is a vagrant or tramp, who "walks on ahead"; τά cappais pómat an an mbótan, there is a rock on the road before you; noim μέ (μοιm μέ, M.), before the time, beforehand; noime reo (norme reo), formerly; norme rın (poime rin), before that, previously; ráilte nómat, a welcome to you; veic noimeintive noim a beic, ten minutes to ten; réac nómaz, look before you, look out; always noime in Don.

Roime (noim, before), front, frontage; used in phr. of vo noime amac, right in front of you, suggesting motion, while of vo comain amac implies a state of rest (B.); cf. 10' viaiv aman, after you, coming after you.

Roime (noimir, W. M.), before him, before it; before that time, before; tá ráilte noime, he is

welcome.

Rói-méao, -éio, m., exceeding greatness; excess.

Roim-réacain, f., foresight, forecast; pre-examination.

Roimin = poime, before him, before it (W. M.).

Roimpe, noimpi, before her, before it (of fem. non-personal nouns).

Roimreac, -rize, -reaca, f., a jilt; a harlot.

Róine, g. id., f., hair, esp. of a horse's tail or mane (nom. also 11ó1n).

Rómeac, -nize, a., hairy, bristling. Rómeact, -a, f., shagginess; an

abundance of hair.

 $R\acute{o}_{1}$ n-éadac, -dai $\dot{\zeta}$, -dai $\dot{\zeta}$ e, m., haircloth.

Rói-neant, -neint, m., great

strength.

Róin-téine, g. id., pl.-téince and -téinceaca, f., sackcloth; a hair shirt.

Roinn, g. -e, pl. ponna, f. (commonly nonno, a portion, a share, a division, a lot; the act of distributing, sharing, contending (with, te); somet. used with gen.; ráz azam zan poinnt é, leave it to me undivided; μοιηης (μοιηη) Διηζίο, a sum of money; point rcoláinioe, a number of scholars or school children; nomne retéme, a row (Con.); boosn, a little deaf (Con.).; a continent, as Roinn na heoppa, the Continent of Europe (an Roinn Conpa, id.).

Roinnim, vl. poinn and poinne, v. tr., I grant (to, ne, le); recompense; impart (to, an), assign, allot; divide, share, distribute; mo curo bio a nome lear, to share my food with you; nuo oo noinn onta, to distribute something amongst them; puro oo poinne teo, to share something with them, keeping a part

for one's self.

Romn-pámteac, -tize, a., sharing, partaking of; partnership.

Roinne. See poinn.

Roinnee, p. a., divided, distributed, shared.

Roipín, -e, f., rosin, resin; nóipín

(Don.).

Róirín, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a little rose; a term of endearment;

Róirín Oub, an allegorical name for Ireland.

Róirceac, -ciz, -cize, m., a roach (fish); the surname Roche; the "Roche Country"; as $f_{\cdot, \cdot}$ $g_{\cdot, \cdot}$ -tize, the valley of the Naul in Fingal, in Eng. "The Roche."

κόιττίη, g. id., pl. -1 oe, m., a grid-

iron (Con.).

Roit, -te, pl. nota and notarie, f. a wheel, the rim of a wheel,

Roit-leasao, m., a rolling, winding, turning.

Roit-leasaim, -ao, v. intr., I wind, roll, or turn; I wheel about.

Roitleagán, -áin, pl. id., m., a circle, a wheel; twirling, wheel-

ing, rolling.

Roitleán, g. -eáin and -éin, pl. id., m., a wheel, a pulley, a roller; anything revolving on an axis; the knee-pan; oo riubait an noitleán ain, the wheel went over him (M.); tá mo ceann 'na poitleán az na páiptiöib rin, those children (by their noise) have confused my head.

Roitleánac, -naite, a., having

wheels.

Roitléit, -e, -eata, f., a roll, as of wool prepared by carding for spinning; a tatter, rag, shred; rcolann ré 'na poittéiteacaib 140, he tears them to tatters.

Roitleoz, -oize, -oza, f., a small

Roitleos, -015e, -054, f., a sweetsmelling shrub, like dwarf sallow (to be found in some mountainous parts of Munster); it is considered unlucky to beat cattle with this plant.

Roitleoin, -ona, -oinite, m., a

wheelright.

Roit-lingead, -zte, m., act of rolling swiftly (an); dashing down on (an, of waves of fire) (Kea.); the swift rolling of a wheel.

Rolls, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a roll, a swathe, a volume, a cylinder; parchment; po cun i nolla, to

put on parehment, to write; a roll (as of butter, etc.).

Rollaim, -lao, v. tr., I roll, make into rolls (as hay, etc.).

Rottóin, -óna, -óinróe, m., a roller, a swathe, a cylinder (A.). Rómac, -aise, a., pertaining to

Rome.

Rómaio, prep. prn., 2 pl., before you; forward, ahead. See poim.

nomant, -e, a., successful, prosperous; quiet, easy-going (U.).

Rómainn, prep. pr., 1 pl., before us; forward; used idiomatically to express "the above," beforehand; emph. nomainne.

Rómant, a., very good; too good. Rómam, prep. pr., 1 s., before me;

forward.

Rómánac, -aiż, -aiże, m., a Roman.

Rómánac, -aiże, a., Roman.

nóman, -ain, m., the act of digging, cultivating, tilling; a piece of tillage that requires to be dug up; aċ-nóman, act of tilling or digging a field a second time; act of planting potatoes in beds on which they were grown the year previous, by digging up the bed in portions of two feet in length at a time, and then putting in seed and manure, and covering over; a piece of tillage so treated is called also aċ-nóman; also naman.

Rómapaim, vl. μόπαμ, v. tr., I dig, till, cultivate, upturn (also μαπαμαίm); ατ-μόπαμαίm, I dig up the second time. See

nóman.

πόπατ, prep. pr., 2 s., before thee, forward; abain μ., speak on, in M., abain teat; imtiξ μ., go on, go away, in M., ef. imtiξ ομτ or imtiξ teat; buait nómat an bόταη, go on your road, go ahead; τά γέ μοπατ amac, he is on before you (implying motion); mo τημαξ τά ι ξοσπαιμ an τραοξαίτ ατά πόπατ. I pity you for having to face the world you have to live in.

Ró-món, -óine, a., very great.

Ró-mótroátacz, -a, f., exceeding magnificence.

nómpa, prep. pr., 3 pl., before them, forward. See poim.

Ró-muip, -mapa, f., a high or spring tide, a full sea (C).

Rón, g. póin, pl. póinte and pónta, m., hair; horse-hair; sack-cloth; also a seal, a sea-calf.

Roncaim, -Ao, v. intr., I snore.

Rón-colnac, -aige, a., grossbodied, fleshy, corpulent, porpoise-like.

Ronza, g. id., pl. -aroe, m., rung (of a ladder), a joining spar, the timbers or ribs of a boat.

Ronn, -a, -aioe, m., saliva; a rope of saliva hanging from the mouth; a running from the nose; agur na nonnaioe an riteao teir, white ropes of saliva were hanging from his mouth; nom. also nonna.

Ronn, -a, -aroe, m., a tie, a band; a chain worn round the necks of women, usually of silver.

Ronnac, -aise, a., spitting; of or

belonging to spitting.

Ronncáp, -áip, \overrightarrow{pl} . id., m., the taffrail of a boat; the board underneath the gunwale on which the seats rest (Mayo).

Ronn-zabam, -báit, v. tr., I participate in, take a share in.

Ronn-żalap, m., rheumatism; salivation.

Ronn-ráite, g. id., f., a spittle or spitting; saliva, vulgo chonn-raite or chomnreite (P. O'C.).

Rópa, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a rope (Con. and U.); μ. buin, footrope (of a net); μ. cinn, endrope; μ. σημαίης τορε (A.)

Ropa'o, -pża, m., bursting, tearing through; a sudden or violent putting away; a row, a fight; a blast of wind.

πόρασόιη, -όηα, -όιηι ο, π., α

ropemaker (A_{\cdot}) .

Ropaim, -ao, v. tr., I thrust, I burst, I tear through; I place suddenly or violently; I snatch

away; I cant, sell by auction; oo nop ri rior an concan, she quickly placed the pot on the fire; oo pop rí a lám 'ran urce, she thrust her hand into the water.

ROP

Ropaine, g. id., pl. -price, m., a treacherous, violent person; a robber, a thief; popaine zaro, a villain deserving of the gallows (500, a withe); a virago.

villainy, Ropaineact, -a, f.,

thievery, dishonesty.

Rop, g. purp, m., a wood; dim.

norán, a shrubbery.

Rop, g. purp and pops (poet.), pl.id., m., a promontory, isthmus; a plain, level tract of arable land.

Ror, g. puir, m., flax-seed; any similar kind of seed; also a small aquatic weed like grains, commonly called nor tacan, i.e., duck-weed or duck's meat, otherwise called frog-bit (P. O'C.); riot nuir, flax-seed.

Rór, g. nóir, pl. id., m., a rose; por an trotair, round-leaved sundew; pór na bainpiotna munne, rose of Jerusalem (O'C.).

Róra, g. id., pl. id., m., a rose.

See nor.

Rorán, -áin, -anna, pl. id., m., a shrubbery, a small wood (dim. of nor, a wood).

Rórannac, -ais, m, a plot of roses. Rorannac, -ais, m., a native of the Rosses, in Co. Donegal.

Rorc, g. purpe, pl. id. and popea, m., a poem; a species of poetical composition; prose; norc cata, an exhortative speech before a battle.

Rope, g. puipe, pl. id. and popea, m., an eye; eyesight (poet.); byaonaca pota ar a porcais as cómnuit, blood-drops running from her eyes; also pink, eyebright.

Ropca, g. id., m., a stroke, an

attack (O'Ra.).

Ropcać, -aiże, a., ocular, eye-like. Rorcac, -aize, a., talkative, full of words. See next word.

Rorcac, -aize, a., knowing, skilful (from porc=cuizrin, under standing).

Rorcamail, -mla, a., clear-sighted. Rorc-bán, m., the white of the

eyes.

Rorc cata, m., incitement to battle, address to an army.

Rorc-oattao, -tza, m., blindfolding; an error, a mistake.

Ró-reanc, m. and f., great love; a term of endearment.

Rop lacan, g. nuir lacan, m., lesser duck-weed (lemma minor).

Rór-leaca, f., a rosy cheek.

Róp-lup, m., rose-wort.

Ró-rmacz, m., great authority or sway; great taming or subjugation; tyranny.

Rór muine, m., the flower rose-

mary.

Rόγός. -ό1ςe, -ός1α, 1ε, a rose-tree. Rópta, g. id., m. roast meat (A.).

Róptao, -tuiţte, pl. id., m., the act of roasting, toasting, grilling.

Róptaim, -ao, v. tr., I roast, grill, toast, parch.

Rot, -a, pl. id., notanna and not-Aroe, m., a wheel, a rim of a wheel; not onoa, a precious bodkin (Kea.).

Roża, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a wheel; a ray-fish; noc, a ray-fish (Aran.)

Rotas, -a1s, pl. id., m., a running before a leap; a sudden assault, an onset; also nucas.

Rotáinín, g. id., m., a small, round desk, a plaything wheeled on its

edge.

Rotaine, g. id., pl. -nioe, m., a wild person, one fleet of foot; a child is often called a "notaine beas" (also nuatame).

Ró-taitneamat, -maite, a., very

pleasant; very pleasing.

Rotal, -ail, pl. id., m., a wheel; dim. poitleán, which see.

Rotán, -áin, pl. id., m., a small wheel; notan zaopais, a string of twig withes.

Rotan, -áin, pl. id., m., the hair twisted and plaited; in pl., the twisted bands of rushes that hold the chomán in a spinning wheel.

Rota na 51 intioeacta, the wheel of perpetual motion (Connemara).

Rotan, -ain, pl. id., m., a cycle, a wheel, i.e., a bicycle or tricycle (recent.)

Rôta reama, rhapsody, raimeis (Ker.).

Rożtóz, -όιζε -όζα, f., a roll, a bundle.

Rottóin, -όμα, -όιμισε, m., a cylinder, a rolling-stone, any roller; a wheel-wright.

Rotnáil, -ála, -álta, f., a wheel,

also noitneát (Om.).

πό-τοιί, -τοιλ, f., exceeding pleasure; το mb'i το πό-τοιι, if you only wished it (McD.).

Ró-théan, -théine, a., very brave. Ruacán, -áin, pl. id., m., a cockle; a shell-fish; biao níoż nuacáin, azur biao tuata báinniż, cockles are fit food for kings, limpets only for peasants; also nócan, núcan, nuacan.

Ruact, -a, m., defeat, rout, des-

truction.

Ruactan, -ain, m., clamour; n. abann, the uproar of rivers

(O'Ra.).

Ruao, - Aroe, a., red, reddish, redhaired; violent, strong, valiant; maoa μιαο or maoμα μιαο, a fox; μιαο-cata, the strong battalions; μασαμταιο μιαοα na h1ηιοe, the violent storms of Shrove-tide.

Ruao-, strong, used as intensive prefix (O'N. gives ημαο = τηέαη

nó tároin).

Ruaván, -áin, m., a red dye; redness.

Ruadán, -áin, pl. id., m., a moorish tract.

Rua o ánac, -a je, f., a kind of seaweed.

Ruaσάn atta, m., a sparrowhawk (Aran); somet. μυασάn aitte.

Ruao-boc, -buic, pl. id., m., a stag; a roebuck.

Ruad-buide, a., orange-coloured, reddish yellow.

Ruao-buinne, m., a great wave.

Ruao-caitc, -e, f., ochre.

Ruao-cartceac,-cize,a., ochreous, asphaltic.

Ruaocán, -áin, m., a rocket ($O^{\circ}C$.). Ruao-zaoc, f., a blasting wind; the east wind; a blast.

Ruao-taitinneap,-nip, m., cholera; cholera morbus; juaotait, id.

Ruaoός, -όιζε, -όζα, f., a young hind or goat; also a flaxen cord waxed over, used by cobblers.

Ruao-cuite, f., a high flood.

Ruaz, -a1z, m., pursuit, incursion.

Ruasao, -zċa, pl. id., m., act of expelling (from, ar, o), chasing, banishing, pursuing, persecuting,

putting to flight.

Ruasaim, -aō, v. tr., I chase, hunt, rout, drive, expel, pull, tear, hurl (out of, ap, ó); disperse, put to flight, banish; vom nuasaō cum páin, banishing me.

Ruazaine, g. id., pl. -price and -peaca, m., a wanderer; a hunter, a pursuer, a chaser; any instrument to drive a thing from its place; a bolt; also a small bullet, a slug, a swandrop; p. peaca, an outcast.

Ruagaineact, -a, f., the habit of banishment or expulsion from place to place; act of pursuing,

hunting, expelling.

Ruazaint, -anta, f., rout, expulsion, banishment; nuazaint neata, expulsion.

Ruag-ċaċ, -a, m., onslaught of battle.

Ruaζηαό, -arò, m., expulsion, driving away, banishment (Om).

Ruaghaim, -gaiht, -ghao, v. tr., I chase, hunt, banish; ip σο ημαζαιη γέ na comappain σου ' reaph σο riubluig réaph, and he banished the best neighbours that ever walked the ground (ronnoct, song).

Ruazta, p. a., expelled.

Ruano-breac, m., a red trout such as is found in lakes; tá mianac an poptais ip an puano-bric ann, it (mountain water) smacks of the bog and the red trout.

Rนลเจ้-cัทเจร, f., raddle, red paint. Rนลเจ๋e, g. id., f., erysipelas, a disease called by country people "the rose"; also redness (C.).

Ruaroeact, -a, f., redness, ruddi-

ness.

Ruaio-tionn, m., choler, phlegm; also brown ale.

Ruaiz, -e, f., a rout, a victory (by, az; over, aμ); a flight, a pursuit, a precipitate retreat, a dispersion, banishment; a very short visit; wandering; (U.) in the last two senses, esp. in μυαίζ a ταδαίμε αμ; an incursion, an escapade; az bμείτ α μυαζ μεαδμαίο, carrying off their plunders in sport (Kea., T. S.); buail μυαίζ τιπηγ é, he fell sick. See μυαζ.

Ruaiz-beine, g. id., f., a wheeling about from the rere; bo ninneadan nuaiz-beine, they wheeled about from the rere

(O'Br.).

Ruaizceac, -tize, a., driving out, dislodging, putting to flight.

Ruaitte, g. id., pl. -110e, f., a slattern, a careless, untidy woman.

Rualle bualle, m., confused noise, confusion, a row (Con.).

Ruaim, -e, -eaca, f., a long hair, as of a horse's tail; a fishing line; also the alder tree.

Ruaim, -e, f., a flush of anger on on the face; an impulsive dash, a sweep; bi pice pean 'mo oeio te muaim, twenty men were dashing after me (P. O'Carroll in 10main ata na 5Capán.)

Rusimte, g. id., pl. -tibe, f., a dirty pool, standing waters impregnated with clay; muddy

water.

Ruaimteac, -liže, a., muddy (as disturbed water).

Ruaimlitim, -liutato, v. tr., I agitate, make muddy (as water).

Ruaimneac, -niz, -neaca, m., a long hair; a fishing line (puaimneac iarcaine, id.). See puaim.

Ruaimnizim (puaimnim), -iużao,

v. tr. and intr., I redden.

Ruainne, g. id., pl. -neaca, f., a morsel, a bit, a portion, a shred; a hair, a single hair; with neg., nothing (also nuaitne).

Ruainneac, -niże, a., hairy, made

of hairs.

Ruainneac, -aiz, m., hair, hairs (also poinneac).

Ruainnpeacán, -áin, pl. id., a little thread or hair.

rittle thread or nair.

Ruair, -e, -eaca, f., fickleness, giddiness, inconstancy; a giddy person; a clown, a stupid fellow.

Ruaipeac, -pige, a., giddy, fickle, wavering; false, deceitful; disorderly.

Ruaireoz, -015e, -05a, f., a giddy little girl; dim. μ uaireo15in, id.

Ruaipioeact, -a, f., giddiness, inconstancy.

Ruamnao, -nuite, m., act of reddening.

Ruamuiţim, -uţao, v. tr., I dye red; I give the first tinge in colouring red or black.

Ruar (nuadar), -air, m., redness,

ruddiness.

Ruatame, g. id., pl. -moe, m., a vagrant, a fugitive, a runagate, a deserter.

Ruażan, -ain, pl. id., m., an attack, an onslaught, a sally, a sortie, a course, a skirmish, an invasion, a pillage, an incursion, an onset, a rush, a cast, a fling, a hurling; a storm, a tempest; nuażan éizin, disaster, depredation (D. and G.).

Ruatapac, -aite, a., rushing, gushing forth; flinging, hurl-

ing.

Ruažap-ėtóo, m., wasting ruin; puażap-ėtóo pioż- \dot{r} ota (Kea., T. S.).

Ruatan pénte, m., an attack of worms in cattle.

Ruatμao, -arote, m., a skirmishing, fighting, invading; also a higgling.

Ruba, g. id., pl. -aròe, m., a wound, a hurt; a stroke, a blow, a fray. Rubán attarò, m., a spider (Cork).

See oubán allaio.

Rub- $\dot{\xi}$ oin, f., a wound, a rent, a gash; nub- $\dot{\xi}$ oin uirce, a sluice or flood-gate (P.O'C.).

Rubóz, -ó1ze, -óza, f., a thong of hemp, a shoemaker's wax thread.

See pusoos.

Ruc, g. nuic, pl. nuca, m., the maiden ray; a skate; a rick.

Rúcaċ, -aiʻs, pl. id., m., a rook, a crow; a close-fisted person; a clown, a rustic (M.).

Rucáit, -áta, f., act of throwing up

(as rocks by waves).

Rucátac, -ais, m., weeds thrown up from the sea by the waves.

Rucall. See nocall.

Rúcán, -áin, pl. id., m., noise; a tumult, a noisy war; the throat.

Ruo, g. puro and poos, pl. puoaroe and 1000, m., a thing, an affair, a matter, a circumstance; nuo an bic, anything; nuo éizin, something; nuo eite, another thing, besides, moreover; zac nuo, everything; with neg., nothing; nuo is used idiomatically in conditional sentences: má'r μυο é ζο, if it is the case that; σά mbao μυσ é 30 mbeao ainzeao azam, ní leizrinn uaim rotam cu, if I had money, I would not send you empty away, but I have not; o'iannar ain, má ba nuo é 50 ociocrao mo mátain, an zúna a tabaint o1, I asked him, if my mother came, to give her the gown (but she came); muna nuo é 50 octocraio ciall ouic, beio breall ont, if you do not get sense, you will be ill off; vá mbao nuo é implies a condition the fulfilment of which is now impossible; one often hears from speakers of English "if it is a thing that," etc.; Caos, 7c.,

O Rubarbe, Tadhg, etc., Somebody, used when one forgets the surname (M.).

Ruo, the pith in the branches of

the elderberry tree (Con.).

Ruo beas, a small amount; a child; as ad., slightly, rather, a little; τάιπ μυο beas γυαμ, I am a little cold; somet. elided to μυ' beas; cf. par beas, in same sense.

Rupa, g. id., pl. -aròe, m., a ruffle. Rug, used as perfect tense, 3 s., of bennim, I bear, take, carry, bring, bring forth. See bennim.

Ruz (puc). See poc, a wrinkle, etc. Ruzac, -aiże, a., wrinkled, plaited.

See nocac.

Ruib, -e, f., sulphur, brimstone, rue. Ruibe, g. id., pl. -eaca, m., a single hair, a bristle; a moustache, a whisker; a jot; nuibe cuaitbit, a hair on the top of the head which is pulled to cure a relaxed sore throat (N. Con.); nuibe noibeir, a shrimp (Con.).

Ruibeac, -bí $\dot{\varsigma}$ e, a., hairy, bristling. Ruibeac, -bi $\dot{\varsigma}$, m., a match of brimstone, a lucifer match (O'N).

Ruibín, g. id., pl. -nròe, m., a ribbon, a tape, a streamer, a scrap, a bit; a kind of seaweed that grows in very long strips; the cross-bar that supports the γειατόζα, or detachable bottoms of panniers.

Rúibín g. id., pl. -nive, m., a ruby. Ruibne, g. id., pl. -nive, m., a javelin, a lance; buinne nó rtea $\mathring{\mathbf{c}}$ (P. O'C.); the word also occurs in a poem quoted by Kea., T. S.

Ruibneac, -niże, a., armed with a

lance or spear.

Rúroe, q. id., pl. -eaċa, f., a rush, a bound; τυς γέ μύιοε, he rushed or bounded; téim μύιοε, a running jump; nom. also μύιο.

Ruioe, g. id., m., red water, reddish mineral water, bog, mire.

Ruισέιγ, -e, -eaca, f., a sportive mood; frisking, leaping, gambolling.

Ruioéireac, -rije, a., sportive, frisky, playful.

Ruideoz, -015e, -054, f., sweet

willow.

Rúi το εος, -οις ε, -ος α, f., a rush, a bound, an attempt at striking; τυς απ δό πύιτο εος τέ, the cow attempted to strike him (with her horns) by lifting her head.

aurote, a., steep; long stretched out; pulled tight, as a rope, clothes, etc. (Con. and U.).

Ruiz (nuize), so nuize (another form of nuize)=50 oci, until, up to, as far as. See nuize.

Ruilte, g. id., f., darnel; n. buroe, a kind of soft weed growing in marshes and shores (Con.); nuilte oeans, red darnel; nuilte also means a tall lazy fellow.

Rúm-ceatz, -centze, -a, f., a deceitful intention.

Rúm-cealzac, -aize, a., deceitful, of deceitful intention.

Rúm-clémeac, -miz, -mize and -meaca, m., a private secretary.

Rún-oraman, -mpa, pl. id., f., a mystery; a secret purpose; lit., a dark secret; a divine mystery.

Rúm-olampac, -aije, a., mys-

terious, mystical.

Rúm-orampact, -a, f., obscurity,

secrecy, mystery.

Ruinn, -e, f., fierceness, "wickedness": ir iao as teact te ruinn i n-a n-éaoan, they coming fiercely ("wickedly") against him (Mon.).

Runn nuire, f., male pimpernel. Run-peactaine, m., a secret coun-

sellor

Rúipín, g.id., pl. -nroe, m., a little wench or harlot.

Ruipleac, -Lis, m., entrails.

Ruspe, g. id., pl. -proe, m., a knight, a nobleman, a chieftain.

Ruspeacar, -air, m., a lordship.

Rup, -e, f., the elder tree; the name of the Irish letter R; the cheek.

Ruir (=pir=teir?), naked, exposed; unbound: τά an noż

muir, the string is off the spinning wheel, the wheel is unbound. See μέ and μιγ.

Rúirc, -e, -eaca, f., a whipping, a violent slap; a skirmish; a volley, shot or discharge; a clown, a rake.

Ruspeim, -upcao, v. tr., I strip,

peel, undress; tear.

Rúircim, -úrcao, v. tr., I strike, smite, tear, rend, pelt, slap, squeeze.

Rúspete, p. a., flayed, whipped;

stripped, peeled.

Ruipeamail, -mla, a., disorderly, rash.

Ruipeamtact, -a, f., disorderliness, rashness.

Ruipim, -peao, v. tr., I snatch, wrest, pull, drag, tear, rend.

Ruirín, g. id., pl. -nice, m., a luncheon.

Ruirne, g. id., f., small dust of meal, flour, powder, snuff, dry earth, etc.

πίιτίη, g. id., pl. -roe, m., the knuckle, the ankle bone, a fetlock; a dirty child that loves to play in the mud; a horse's pasterns; fig., a knock of the knuckle.

Rúicíneac, -niże, a., having large knuckles or ankles.

Ruitin- $\dot{\xi}$ níor, f., red shining spots or sparks (Kea., T. S.). See ξ níor.

Ruit-léim., f., a running leap.

Ruitteozać, -aiż, m., sally twigs, small twigs growing in marshy land.

Ruitneat, -niţe, α ., splendid, brilliant.

Ruitneato, -tinte, m., act of shining, blazing, glittering; a flame.

Ruitnear, -nip, m., splendour, brightness.

Ruitnim, -neato, v. intr., I shine,

beam, glitter.

Rúm, g. púim, pl. púmaroe and
-manna, m., a room, a chamber;
the floor: an millionia lion

the floor; ip millea o liom c'rasail 'ran Raic i jiúm uais-

neac, it is a heart-break to me to find you at the Rath ($\pi \acute{a}\acute{c}$ lunc) in a lonely room (McD.)

Ruma. See pum.

Rumáite, g. id., f., a green, low weed in rivers and ponds.

Růnac, -aiż, pl. id., m., a sweetheart, a term of endearment.

Rúnaċ, -aıţe, a., dark, mysterious; confident, trusty.

Rún-Aipim, f., a council-chamber (O'N).

Rún-choroe, m., a bosom friend. Rúnos, indec. a., dark, mysterious,

secret, internal.

Rún ταιηξεαη, m., a firm resolution.

Rún τιαἡμα, a mystery. See
μύιη-τιαἡαιμ.

Rúnman, -aine, a., mysterious.

Runnaė, -aiξ, -aiξe, m., a mackerel. Rún-páiμτεaė, -τiξe, a., sharing in a secret; as subs., one who shares in a secret.

Rún-páinteac, -tiż, -tiże, m., a partaker in a secret; as a., possessing a common secret.

Rún-toit, f., secret will or pleasure. Rúnuroe, g. id., pl. -òte, m., a confidante, any person that knows a secret.

Rúpaċ, -aiże, -aċa, f., a young slut, a slattern, a harlot; dim. μúιρίη, id.; μύραὰ mná nó cailín, .i., bean móμ żaμθ láiσιμ naċ mbéaἀ μό-ἀοίξεαmail, a big, rough, strong woman, not very handsome (Don.).

Rúplac, -aig, -aige, m., a strong fellow, esp. a tail, bony fellow; anything strong; roots running far into the ground; a long string of seaweed (Don.).

Rúr, g. μύις, m., knowledge, skill, science; a profile; scarlet colour.

Rupc, -uipc, pl. id., m., a bark of a tree; a husk, a pod, a crust; a shell; a fleece; a butter tub (O'N.).

Rupcao, -cta, m., act of stripping,

peeling, undressing.

Rúγcao, -cċa, m., act of smiting, tearing, beating, pelting, slapping, squeezing.

Rúrcaim. See núircim.

Rurcán, -ám, pl. id., m., a ship made of bark, a vessel made of bark; a strip of the skin peeled off.

Ruppóz, -ó1ze, -óza, f., a sharp-

pointed stone.

Ruptaė, -aiże, a., boorish, clownish, rustie; as subs., a boor, a clown, a rustie.

Ruptacact, -a, f., rusticity, rudeness.

Rúγτán, -áin, pl. id., m., a lump, a hillock.

πύρτός, -όιζε, -όςα, f., a bear.

Rut, a wheel. See not.

Ruża, g. id., pl. -aroe, m., the fish called "thornback"; a hedgehog.

Rúza, g. id., pl. -aròe, m., a root or stock; a tribe.

Rúcán, -áin, pl. id., m., a knuckle.

S (puit, the willow tree), the fourteenth letter of the Modern Irish Alphabet.

'S, may stand for 1γ, assertive v. is, are, as after conjs. such as ό, má; or for 1γ = Δζυγ, and; or for τος, knowledge, as in τά 'γ Δζωμ, for τά Δ τρογ Δζωμ, I know.

'Sa, in the colloquial abbrev. for inp an; 'ra baite, at home; 'ra

zeimneao, in winter.

-Sa, used with compar., stands for ir, the sign of the compar., with a pleonastic a (aspirating); it is probably the same a as in 7 a reabar, 7c., and so excellently, etc., vá reabar, no matter how excellent, etc.; nívira-meara, somewhat more; nívira-meara, somewhat worse, still worse; mó-ra-các, still more, above all (Kea., T.S.); tuataroe-ra-các, still more quickly (Kea., T.S.).

-Sa, emphatic prefix, 1st and 2nd pers. sing.: azam-pa, at myself; teat-pa, with or by thyself.

Sab, g. paib, m., death (obs.).
Sab, g. paibe, pl. id., f., spittle;
also the bolt or bar of a door or
gate; a short, thick stick.

Sat, -aite, a., strong, able.

Sáb, g. ráib, pl. id.. m., a saw (A.); in Don., reáza; the true word for "saw" is tuipearc, still in use, but pron. thiorc in U.

Sabao, -baio, m., sorrel; a bitter

taste. See ramao.

Sábabóip, -ópa, -óipibe, m., a sawyer; páibéap, id.

Sábadóineact, -a, f., a sawing.

Sábáit, -áta, f., act of saving, sparing, protection; safety, frugality, making or "saving" hay, used colloq. of saving one's soul (Λ) .

Sábáilte, a., safe; plán p., safe and sound (better, plán pottáin); p. a baile ouit, safe home

(to you) (Om.).

Sábaim, -bao, v. tr., I saw, I cut with a saw.

Sabainte. See ramainte.

Sabátac, -ai $\dot{z}e$, a., saving, sparing, careful, preserving (A.).

Sábálaim, -báil, v. tr., I save, rescue, protect, defend, spare; save (my soul); 50 rábálaid Ola rinn, may God protect us (a common ejaculation); réam oo rábáll, to make hay (A.).

Sabatt, -aitt, pl. id., m., a barn, a

granary.

Sábátza, p. a., safe; saved, preserved; 50 pábátza, safely.

Sabán, -áin, pl. id., m., a cub, a whelp; r. muice, a young pig; a savin bush. See ramán.

Sabóro, -e, f., the Sabbath.

Sabra, g. id., pl., -anna, m., sauce of any kind, condiment, gravy (A.).

Sac, g. raic, pl. id. and -anna, m., a sack, a bag; sackcloth; cuinteao i rac é, fig., he was put in a corner (this expression is used in several languages).

Sacaro, -cta, m., act of pressing or filling into a sack or bag; also act of sacking, destroying.

Sacáil, -ála, f. See pacao.

Sacaim, -aö, v. tr., I press into a bag or sack; also I sack, destroy; γαcaö (=γάταὸ?) γαοι ξίαγ é, he was imprisoned (Mayo).

Sacán, -áin, pl. id., m., a little sack or bag; a trifling or unmannerly fellow; a short, weak, corpulent

fellow.

Sacán. See reacán rneactaro.

Sachairíp, -e, f., a sacrifice.

Sachaite, g. id., f., baggage; loading.

Sáchálta, indec. a., satisfied,

pleased.

Sáchamaint, -e, -ive, f., a sacrament (M. sp. l., páchaimín and rachaimín.)

Sácpánta, indec. a., satisfied, pleased, contented; leisurely.

See ráchátta.

Sácpántact, -a, f., the state of

being satisfied.

Sacrain, -an, f., England; there is a nom. pl. form Sacra; cf. i Sacraib na réad, in England of the jewels (E. R.).

Sacrana. See Sarana.

Sacranac. See Saranac.

Sac- γ pata γ , f., a pack-saddle, a straddle.

Sáo. See ráb.

Sábait, -e, a., luxurious.

Sábaite, g. id., f., luxury; delight pleasure, ease, tranquillity.

Saoaileact, -a, f., luxury; delight, pleasure, ease, tranquillity.

Sabattéaparbe, g. id., m., a saddler (A.).

Sabalt, -aill, pl. -ola, m., a saddle.

Sápapact, -a, f_n act of sawing (Don.).

Saöb and Saiöbe, f., a woman's name, very common among the ancient Irish; a good house or habitation; anything good.

Saerúμ, -úιμ, pl. id., m., a season (A.); in M. sp. l., γαerúμ,; in Con., γέαγύμ; γαerúπ (P. O'C.).

Saerúnac, -aize, a., belonging to the season; seasonable (M. sp. l., raerúnac, in Con. and U. réarúnac); raerúnac (P. O'C.).

Sa $\dot{\xi}$, g. rai $\dot{\xi}$ e, f., a bitch.

Sažavaim, -vav, v. tr., I set on, as dogs; as ražavav na mavaive ain, setting the dogs on him.

Sażaro, -e, f., an attacking, an onset.

Sażaim. See pużaim.

Sazat, -aite, a., nice, tender.

Saξaplact, -a, f., delight, content. Saξaple, -aiple, pl. id., m., a priest; paξaple pappairte (or pappairte), a parish priest; paξaple όξ, a curate; com macánla teip an paξaple, as honest as the priest, is a very common

phrase in M. Sazantact, -a, f., priesthood, priestly orders (also γαζαητόιη-

esco).

Sazaptamait, -mla, a., priestly, sacordotal.

Sazantánlact, -a, f., priestliness. Sazantóno, -e, -eaca, f., a parish (P, O'C).

Sazantóineact, -a, f., priesthood; oo jlac an trazantóineact, he was ordained priest (poet.).

Saż-cú, f., a hound-bitch.

Sağtacz, -a, f., delight, contentment.

Sažmaine, g. id., pl. -piioe, m., a kennel; a sink.

Saibin, g. id., pl. -roe, m., herb or plant savin (Lat. sabina.)

Saibín aipeac, fig., a severe wound; o'rás ré raibín aipeac aip, he left him severely wounded (Clare).

Saic-oiatlair, f., a pack-saddle.

Saic-éadac, -aiz, -aize, m., sack-cloth.

Saicin, -che, f., rest, repose (also raizin).

Saicrbéants, g. id., m., the English language.

Saicpēéantamait, -mta, a., of or belonging to the English tongue. Sárò, sufficiency, etc. See párc.

Saröbiji, -bjie, a., rich, wealthy, fertile; bainne paröbiji, good cream-producing milk.

Sarobneact, -a, f., riches, wealth,

fertility.

Saiobnear, -bnir, pl. id., m., riches, wealth, opulence, affluence; variety.

Saiöbniżim, -iużaó, v. tr., I enrich. Saiöbniużaó, -iżće, act of enrich-

ing, fertilising.

Sáioil, -e, f., refreshment, ease; as a., well, at ease, warm. See páoail.

Sáioleact. See pádaileact.

Saroteorn, -ona, -ornioe, m., a jailer.

Sarone, g. id., pl. -nroe, f., a seine, a net; a large sweep-net or purse-net by which fish, particularly mackerel, are encircled and taken on dark nights; two boats, a seine-boat and a follower, are required to work it, and it is used in some form or other in most of the Irish fishing centres.

Sárote, p. a., planted, transplanted; stuck, wedged in; stabbed.

Saroteat, -tije, a., charging, attacking, confronting.

Sároteán, -ám, pl. id., m., a foil; also a fastener used in thatching; one of the perpendicular rods stuck into the scraw in basketmaking; a thrust.

Sairéan, -éin, m., sapphire stone. Sáiz (ráż), a bitch. See ráit.

Saizoeao, m., an egging, abetting, inciting, provoking; hunting, routing (Mayo).

Saizoeoip, -opa, -oipioe, m., an

archer, a bowman.

Saigneoineact, -a, f., archery; glam na muice noc gointean te paigneoineact, the groaning of the pig which is wounded by archery (O'Ra).

Saiżoim, -oeao, v. tr., I egg on, abet, incite, provoke. See raż-

ADAIM.

Saiżoiuiր, - արa, - աւրւթ e, m., a soldier.

Saiżoinineact, -a, f., soldiery, profession of a soldier; bravery.

Sລ່າວ່າທ່າເວັລ, indec. a., soldierly, soldierlike, brave.

Saiże, g. id., m., an attack, a charge. See ionnruice.

Saiżeao, -żoe, pl. id., and -oroe,

f., an arrow, a dart.

Saigeavaim, oao, v. tr., I pierce with an arrow; I incite, I instigate, set (a dog, etc.) at one.

Saiżeav-żatan, m., a piercing pain or disease (also paożav-żatan.

Saijeavoin. See raijveoin.

Saizear, -żre, f., oldness, antiquity.

Saizim, -że, v. tr., I attack. See

10nnpuroim.

Saigneán, -eáin, pl. id., m., dart, flash, thunderbolt, lightning, hurricane, blast of wind.

Saigneánta, indec. a., like a hurri-

cane.

Sail, g. ralac, pl. railte, railteaca and raltaca, f., the willow tree; a beam, a joist; guard or custody; a recess in a kitchen; a shelf of stone (Kilk.).

Sail-beantac, -aiz, pl. id., m., an armour-bearer; pail-beantac nione, a knight's armour-bearer or esquire.

Saibneac, $-111\dot{z}$, m., hops or lupines. Sailce, g. id., f., filth, defilement.

Sailceact, -a, f., dirtiness, foulness, defilement.

Saiteneir, impurity of the skin, esp. dandriff.

Sait-cuac, f, a violet or pansy $(O'C_{\cdot})$; pait-cuac chapánac, the snowdrop (Id_{\cdot}) .

Sáite, g. id., m. or f., saltness; sea-water; salt water; the sea;

pickle.

Saiteac, -tiże, f., the common willow tree, ozier, sallow.

Saiteacán, -áin, pl. id., m., a willow tree.

Saitéar, -éiro and -éara, pl. id., m., salad, eschalott (A.).

Saileán, -áin, pl. id., m., a willow grove.

Saitéan, -éin, -éana, m., a cellar, a salt-cellar.

Sáitear, -tir, m., salt-water, seawater.

Saileoz, -01ze, -0za, f., the sally tree, the common white willow; a little willow; r. öán, the white willow; r. öuö, the black willow.

Saiteozać, -aiże, a., full of willows.

Sáil-ġiolla, m., a waiter, an attendant, a page.

Sáitim, -eao, v. tr., I salute, I hail.

Sáitín, g. id., pl. -i e, m., a little remnant, a small quantity (dim. of rát, a heel).

Sáitín, g. id., pl. -roe, m., an arm of the sea; a great lake or pond.

Sailitif, -e, m. and f., a dirty, unkempt person.

Saitt, -e, -te, f., fat meat; fat, grease; bacon; pickle, brine; a dainty; daintiness; 5an raitt ná 5ein ont, may you get neither fat nor stout (pron. as English seal, W. M.); vúit

bear carice man mire san

reoit Jan raitt, a little spent creature like me, without flesh or fat (Don. song).

Saitteac, -tize, α ., fat, greasy.

Sal

Saitteao, -tre, pl. id., m., act of pickling, salting; a pickle.

Sailteadóin, -óna, -óinide, m., a salter; a curer of butter, fish, etc.

Sailleán, -áin, m., a sort of paste used by weavers (O'R.).

Saittim, -teao, v. tr., I salt, pickle, cure, season.

Saille, p.a., salted, salt, seasoned, pickled.

Saittear, -cir, m., fatness, greasiness.

Sailm, -e, -eaca, f., a psalm, a prayer; raitm na mattact, a litany of curses.

Sailm-ceaval, -ail, m., the sing-

ing of psalms.

Sailm-ceaolac, m., a psalmist. Sailm-ceaolao, m., a

of psalms. Sailm-ceaolaim, -lao, v. intr., I

sing psalms. Sailm-ceolac, -ais, -aise, m., a

psalmist, a singer. Sailmeadóin, -óna, -óinide, m.,

a psalmist. Saitrpionaro, f., a guardian spirit.

Sáim, f., twins; a pair or couple. Saim-beinteac, -tize, a., twinbearing.

Sáim-bheit, f., the bearing of twins.

Sáim-bhiatan, f., a soothing word or expression.

Sáim-bhiathac, -aite, a., soothing or comforting by words.

Sáim-bhiathużao, -uiżte, m., act of soothing or comforting.

Sáim-bhiachuisim, -usao, v. intr., I flatter, I speak favourably.

Saim-ceatzao, m., pleasant deception; blandishment; hypocrisy.

Saim-ceapt, -cipte, a., pleasantly correct.

Saim-oeanc, m., a pleasant eye. Sáim-oille, g. id., pl. -lioe, f., a beetle; a mallet (O'Br.).

Saime, g. id., f., pleasure, ease. quiet, peace, stillness, delight, luxury.

Sáimeact, -a, f., delight, pleasure. Sáim-ζμίοραο, -ρτα, m., allurement, enticement, deception.

Sáimnižim, -niužao, v. tr. and intr., I yoke or couple; I catch, corner.

Sáimniušao, -ište, m., a binding in couples, a yoking.

Sáimpiroe, g. id., f., pleasure, delight; ease, quiet; satisfaction. Sáimpioeac, -oize, a., easy, satis-

fied, contented.

Sáimpioeact, -a, f., satisfaction. Sain, -e, a., unequal, unlike;

especial (Mid. Ir.)

Same, g. id., f., variety, diversity, inequality; rámear, id. Sameact, -a, f., variety, diversity,

inequality.

Samm, -musao, v. tr., I vary, I

Sáinn, -e, f., a corner, a fix; é cup 1 ráinn, to "corner" him, place him at bay (Con.); also rámne.

Sámmizm, -nuzao, v. tr., I corner,

put in a fix (Con.).

Sainne, -e, f., avarice, covetousness, great desire; vengeance; r. cum bío, a voracious appetite; r. cum ainsio, thirst for money; man an aspadan a rainne opm-pa, if they didn't wreak vengeance on me.

Sammeac, -cije, a., covetous, avaricious, illiberal; ranntac, id.

Sáin- μ ic, f., good health; activity; quick running; e.g., tá ré 'na rám-pit (also tám-pit); the c form is more usual in MSS., but is also found in sp. l.

Sain-reagaim, v. intr., I differ,

I vary.

Sam-theab, f., a house; a family; an old family-house.

Sáin- (rán-), augmentative prefix, very, exceeding, excessive, great, most, excellent.

Sain-beannac, -aize, a., having lofty peaks or mountains.

Sáip-béapac, -aige, a., of superior manners, well-conducted, exemplary, chaste.

Sáint-binn, -binne, a., most harmonious, very melodious; really

satisfactory.

Sáin-binneálta, a., exquisitely handsome.

Sáin-bheit, -e, m., an arbiter.

Sáiη-δηίζ, f., an attribute; great strength.

Sáin-bhiożać, -aiże, a., very powerful, very substantial.

Sáin-ceire, f., an important question.

Sáin-ciall, f., great sense.

Sáip-oeapotact, -a, f., full assurance.

Sáin-öeimneac, -niţe, a., fully assured, quite positive.

Sáine, g. id., f., excess, excellence. Sáin-eolar, m., great skill, exceptional knowledge.

Sáin-ream, m., a goodly man, a fine fellow; a poetical term for

Sáin-rialmac, m., a very generous child.

Sáin-rior, m., accurate information, perfect knowledge; azur a ráin-rior azam, 7c., while I am fully aware, etc.

Sáin-zníom, m., a noble action, a

gallant deed.

Sáin-neimneac, -niţe, a., exceedingly envenomed, poisonous, mortal.

Sampe, g. id., pl. -aca and -pte, f., a sieve, a searse.

Sáin-rtioct, m., a noble race.

Sáireamail, -mla, a., merry, cheerful; cf. liúż rultmail ráireamail, a pleasant, merry shout.

Sáirte, g. id., pl. -tiòe, f., common garden sage; r. beaz, small garden sage; r. cnuic, mountain sage, widely used as a cough remedy (r. muice, id.); r. coitte, wood sage; r. riadain, wild sage.

Sáit, -e, f., sufficiency, a sufficient quantity, enough of; riches,

treasure, store of money; satiety; often with the possessives, followed by gen., also followed by oe: e.g., żeobain oo żáiż oe żiotta ionnam-ra, you will find me a sufficient guide; oo żáiż ainzio, as much money as you want.

Sait, -e, -eaca, f., a bitch.

Sait, -e, a., bad, evil; vile, despicable; ir pait thom, I regret, I pity, sad to me is; cf. ir ot thom.

Saite, g. id., pl. id., -tce and -troe, f., a swarm (of bees, etc.); a litter; a crowd, a multitude; a space; an army, a host.

Sáiteac, -tiţe, a., filled, full; glutted; as ad., very, rather; ráiteac 5ann, rather scarce.

Saiteac. See poiteac. (The pron. inclines to parteac.)

Sáiteao, m., sufficiency, satiety, satisfaction.

Saireamain, -mna, -manta, f., a swarm, a crowd; paiteamain beac, a swarm of bees.

Sáitiżim, -iużao, v. tr., I fill, I satiate.

Sáitim, vl. γάταο, v. tr., I thrust, drive, push forward; I launch; I stab, I stick; ní't 'γαη τραοξαί γο αὐτ γάιτιο μόμαπ τη tean-γαο τά, all this life comes to is: press on before me, and I will follow thee.

Sattip, g. id., m., a satyr.

Sat, g. rait, m., impurity, pollution, filth, dirt, dross, defilement; rat chir (=rat cher), dandriff (Con.); also rait.

Sát, g. ráite, pl. ráta, f., the heel; ó ráit 50 mnn, from head to foot (O'Ra.), also ó ráit mnn.

Salac, -aige and railce, a., dirty, filthy, impure, unclean, foul, nasty, sordid, vile, despicable, polluted, defiled; tá ralac, a drizzling day.

Salacan, -ain, m., dirt, filth; weeds; mist; the after-birth of

animals.

Salán, -áin, m., sprat, fry.

Salann, -ainn, m., salt.

Salannán, -áin, pl. id., m., a saltpit; also fine salt.

Salannoa, indec. a., saline, briny.

Salátan. See rolátan.

Sát-bhúżao, m., a bruising on the heel.

Sát-bnúżam, -úżao, v. tr., I bruise the heel.

Salcao, -cuitte, m., a defiling, pollution, rendering unclean.

Salcaim, -ao, v. tr., I defile, pollute, make dirty.

Salcan, -ann, m., pollution, defilement, filth, filthiness, impurity, nastiness. See ralacan.

Sal clusire, m., ear-wax. Salcuac. See pail-cuac.

Salt, g. raill, m., bitterness, satire.

Sall, ad., over yonder (of motion from the speaker); 3ab ratt annroin, go over there (Aran); an rava rall a naza cú? " is it far over you will go?" (Ventry, Co. Ker.); in Aran pron. ratt, in Ker. the -att is pron. like -all of tall, anall.

Salm, g. pailme, pl. id., f., a psalm, a hymn. See paitm.

Salmac, -aise, a., psalm-singing. Salmaine, g. id., pl. -nioe, m., a chorister.

Sálmaineact, -a, f., a singing of psalms.

Satmanneact, -a, f., the state of brine, saltiness.

Sálman, -aine, a., salt, briny. Salm-naroceac, a., psalm-reciting,

an epithet of the clergy. Sátmuin, f., the sea, the ocean.

Sálóz, -ó1ze, óza, f., an end, a heel, esp. the heel of a pipe; the tobacco in the bottom of a pipe.

Saltain, - thac, - thaca, f., psalter, the psalms; a chronicle, often metrical; a psaltery.

Saltaine, g. id., pl. -proe, m., a psalter, a psalm-singer.

Sattaint, g. -e and -anta, pl. id., f., the act of treading, trampling.

Saltóin, -óna, -óinide, m., a salter, a saltmonger.

Satthaim, -caint, v. intr., I tread, I march, I trample.

Saluižim, vl. -užao, v. tr., I defile, profane, dishonour, pollute, contaminate, besmear with dirt, spoil.

Saluijėe, p. a., soiled, dirty.

Sam, g. -aim and -ama, m., summer. summer-time. See rampao.

Sám, gsf. ráime, a., pleasant, delightful, happy, easy, still, calm, quiet, tranquil, mild, sweet, composed, gentle; 50 rám, composedly.

Sámac, -aize, a., pleasant, still, calm, tranquil, mild, peaceable;

libidinous.

Sámac,-a1z,-a1ze, m., a lustful man.

Samac. See ramacán.

Samacán, -áin, pl. id., m., a soft, quiet, credulous person.

Sámacz, -a, f. pleasure, quiet,

happiness.

Samao, -aio, m., sorrel; ramao bó, cow sorrel; ramao caonac, sheep sorrel; ramao coitte, wood sorrel; ramao cuppais, the herb water ebony; ramao reanna, id.; ramao oubac, an herb so called in Con. (P. O'C.); somet. in place names as Lazan a' cSamaro, a townland in the parish of Kilcummin, Co. Kerry; also rabao.

Sámao, -mca, m., act of growing lank, with the bones protruding through the flesh (G. J., Vol. IV.,

p. 201).

Samail, -mla, -mlaca, f., a likeness, similarity, similitude, resemblance, image, appearance, manner; a comparing, a copy; an apparition, a ghost; rá'n ramail roin, in that way; rlán zač ramait (1 zeloič žlair), rlán an cramail, God save the mark!

Samail, -mla, a., like, alike, similar, equal, such, the like, the like of it, its equivalent, its

Samailt, -e, -eaca, f., a ghost, an apparition. See ramail.

Samain, -mna, f., All-Hallowtide; the first of November; Oroce Samna, All-Hallow Eve; mí na Samna, the month of November. The festival of Samain was, and is still, one of the great points of division of the year; the half-year is reckoned from Samain to beatcaine; cf. the reactmaine reacc saying, neamna ó Samain 50 noolais, seven full (or fat) weeks from All-Hallowtide to Christmas: Taobán Teann Tappainz ap, ní berbeam ann ó Samain amac, pull away the strong cross-rooftree, we will not reside in the All-Hallowtide. after Some make Samain = Sam-ruin, the end of summer; tá Samna, the first of November.

Samaincín, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a

primrose.

Samainte, g. id., pl. -trõe, m., a cub, a whelp, a pup; a young babe; a churl, a boor; a fat person, a fleshy animal.

Samainteac, -lize, a., bloated,

lazy, fleshy.

Samaltact, -a, f., similitude, similarity.

Samattán, -áin, pl. id., m., an emblem; a hieroglyphic.

Samán, -áin, -ána, m., a savin bush (juniperus sabina).

Samán, -áin, pl. id., m., a little pig; a little dog (also pabán).

Sámán, -áin, pl. id., m., a light

nap or doze.

Sámar, -air, pl. id., m., delight, pleasure, rapture; somet. given by good native speakers as the pure Irish equivalent for pléiriún, in sense of bodily pleasure; rómar, id. (Don.).

Sámarac (rámar), -aize, pleasant, agreeable, delightful.

Sam-cnaoi, m., act of consuming

slowly, wasting away.

Sám-coolao, m., soothing sleep; pleasant, calm sleep; tá ré 'na r., he is fast asleep.

Sám-chuit, f., a pleasant harp.

Sám-zarta, indec. a., pleasant, sprightly.

Sám-Šlar, -Šlaire, a., pleasantly

bright (of the eyes).

prudent.

Samtacamait, -mta, a., typical.

Samtacar, -air, pl. id., m., a sample, a pattern.

Samtact, -a, f., likeness, resemblance.

Samlao, -malca, m., a resemblance, a type, an apparition.

Samtaroeact, -a, f., phantasy, vision, imagination; a likeness.

Samlaoro, -e, -oroe, f., an appearance, an image; in pl.: visible means, store; apparitions, imaginings.

Samlar. See Samnar.

Samtužao (ramtao), -tuižėe, pl. id., m., comparison, image, emblem, parable, similitude.

Samluizim (ramlaim), v. tr. and intr., I compare; I dream, imagine, think, expect; oo ramtuižeao oam, itappeared (or seemed) to me (W. Ker.); ca ramtócainn teir é, I wouldn't even it to him = Iwouldn't expect it of him(Mon.); ča ramlann rí reoil nó lionn le n-a bhoinn ing an cáicin, she has no taste for flesh or ale in the fasting time (cáice, a fast, abstinence) (Mon. song); σο γαώλυιζεας ζοκαιδαίκζεαο ASAC, I thought you had money.

Samtút, -úite, a., brisk, active. Samnac, - a_1 5e, a_2 , of or belonging

to Hallow Eve.

Samnacán, -áin, pl. id., m., a salmon peal, a salmon trout.

Samnar, -air, m., nausea, distaste: anger, displeasure; in ramlar.

Samnarac, -aiże, a., given to

nausea (Don.).

Samóz, -ó1ze, -óza, f., sorrel.

Sampla. See rompla.

Sampao, -parò, pl. id., m., summer. Sampaota, indec. a., summer-like.

Sám-norc, m., a pleasing eye.

Sampuitim, -użao, v. intr., I summer, pass the summer.

Sampa, g. id., pl. -roe, m., sauce (also rabra).

Sam-read, m., the summer sol-

Samruide, g. id., pl. -dte, m., a

Sámtac, -ais, pl. id., m., a helve, a handle; a pole axe, a battle axe; rámitac cuaixe, the helve of a hatchet; rámtac rin, a tall

Sám-toit, f., benign will; rámtoil Oé, the benevolent will of

Sámtuitim, -utao, v. tr., I put a handle to.

'San, 'r an, definite article, the, after 1 n-, 30, 14p, pla, le, pe, Tan, thé; when no prep. is expressed, ran=in ran, in the; r an also = azur an.

San, emphatic affix, 3rd pl., -selves: aca-ran, at or by themselves.

Sanar, -air, m., knowledge; a secret; a greeting; farewell; a hint, a whisper; a glossary, a dictionary.

Sanarán, -áin, pl. id., m., etymology, glossary.

Sanapánuróe, g. id., pl. -öte, m., an etymologist, a vocabularist, a lexicographer.

Sanctóin, -óna, -óinite, m., a sanctuary; a place of refuge. Sanoponz, -puinze, f., a sect.

Sanntac, -aije, a., covetous, greedy, miserly; as subs., a covetous man.

Sanntact, -a, f., covetousness, greediness, cupidity, inclination, desire.

Sanntužao, -uižėe, m., the act of coveting, desiring.

Sanntuitim, -utao, v. tr., I covet,

desire, lust after.

San z-, definite article, the (older form), whence the z prefixed to feminine nouns beginning with r, as an crainne, and to those beginning with a vowel, as an c-ozánac; the initial r also

somet. coalesces with the previous prep., etc.

Saob, -oibe, a., silly, perverse, foolish, evil, wrong, bad, erring, false, erroneous; mad; apt to be lead astray.

Saobao, -bia and -buijte, m., actof infatuating, deranging, making perverse, twisted; rolling (the eyes) wildly; folly, wildness, madness; darkness, confusion.

Saobaro, a. See raob.

Saobaim, -bao, v. tr., I infatuate, I mislead, delude, lead astray; dissipate; charm, delight.

Saobán céille, m., light-headedness (Con.); also raocán céille. Saob-cainne, f., foolish talk.

rambling speech.

Saob-capa, m. or f., a treacherous friend.

Saob-ciall, g. paoib-céille, f., being beside one's self, doting; nonsense, folly, stupidity; occult meaning.

Saob-come, m., a whirlpool, a

gulf, a vortex.

Saob-conain, f., the wrong road. Saob-chábao, m., hypocrisy, deceit. Saob-cháibteac, -tije, a., hypocritical.

Saob-chut, m., deceitful form, a

strange appearance.

Saob-oatt, -oaitte, a., perversely blind.

Saob-oolb, f., false form; enchantment; apparition.

Saob-ootbao, m., enchantment.

Saob-znáo, m., foolish or infatuated love.

Saob-nór, m., anger; infatuation; bad manners.

Saob-nórac, -raize, a., infatuated, foolish; morose, ill-mannered.

Saob-fruit, m., an eddy, a counter-

Saobia, p. a., dissipated, amused. Saobtact, -a, f., amusement, dissipation.

Saobtóipi, -ópa, -óipiróe, m., a briber, a tempter.

Saobuijė, p. a., amused; bribed; dissipated.

Saoo, -010, m., a track, a trace, a journey; care, attention; state, condition.

Saooman, -aine, a., attentive; in

good condition.

Saożava, m., a dart. See paiżeav. Saożavaim, -vav, v. tr., I penetrate like a dart, I pierce. See paiżeavaim.

Saożaro-milleao, -lce, m., destruction by arrows or darts;

painful wounding.

Saoʒal, -ʒail, pl. id. and -ʒalta, m., the world; life, lifetime; age, generation; worldly wealth; living, subsistence; ir bheáż an raoʒal αζατ é, you have a fine life (M.); nán ráża τύ σε raoʒal é, may you not get such a length of life (C. Wal.).

Saoζalτa, indec. a., worldly, earthly, secular, devoted to the world; an ngnó γαοζαlτα, our worldly affairs; η é an náne γαοζαlτα é, it is a crying

shame.

Saożaltact, -a, f., worldliness; love of worldly things; means of livelihood; wealth; the world; an an raożaltact, for the sake of the whole world; San raożaltact, without worldly wealth.

Saożtać, -aiże, a., long-lived,

living.

Saożtace. See raożateace. Saożtan, -an, pl. id., m., an old

man; a judge, a senator.
Saoġtuɪġɪm, -uġaġ, v. tr., I
lengthen one's life; I make

lasting.

SAO1, g. id., pl. -te, m., a sage, a scholar, a man of letters, a savant, a nobleman; a worthy, generous person; used loosely in poet. for a chief, a captain, a warrior, a good or great man, etc.; in poetry somet. An Traol.

Saoib cealzac, -aize, a., deceitful. Saoib-cime, m., a foolish captive. Saoib-cimeioeam, m., superstition,

heterodoxy.

Saoib-cheiomeac, -miże, a., superstitious, heterodox.

Saoib-eolar, m., false doctrine. Saoib-rcéal, m., a fable, a tale. Saoib-rchíobao, m., a libel.

Saoroeact, -a, f., wisdom, lore.
Saoroean, -oin, -ta, m., the young of any fish, the young of the codfish; r. procars, the young of the coalfish, about six inches in length; r. thurre, the young of the codfish; r. sanamnars, the young of the starfish (Tory).

Saoiteac (ríteac), -lige, a., thoughtful, imaginative.

Saoiteactain, -e and -ana, f., act of thinking, supposing, imagining; thought, reflection.

Saoilim, v. tr., I think, expect, imagine, fancy; also rilim.

Saoilpin, -e, f., act of thinking,

fancying; a phantasy,
Saoittin (rittin), -e, f., thinking,

supposing; a vague recollection, a phantasy (also paoilpin).
Saoin-breit, f., absolution.

Saoin-bheiteamnar, m., absolution.

Saoin-cineálac, -aige, a., freeborn; as subs., a free clansman.

Saoip-otiże, m., free law.

Saoine, g. id., f., festival; Sabbath; solemnity; leave of absence; tá γαοιηε, holiday; τά απ-γαοιμε αμ απ tá ιποια, this is a great festival; αξ σέαπαπ γαοιμε, spending a holiday, keeping a festival.

Saoine, g. id., f., cheapness. Saoineact, -a, f., cheapness.

Saoin-rean, m., a nobleman, a freeman.

Saoin-Lior, m., a free fort, a noble castle.

Saoin-mear, m., free, clear judgment; oe bhiż nac bi raoin-mear na toile an a scumar, since they have not a free and clear judgment (Kea.); a favourable judgment.

Saoin-mearaim, -mear, v. tr., I judge favourably; I cheapen,

undervalue.

Saoin-mearta. p. a., favourably esteemed, judged or sentenced.

Saoinre, g. id., f., freedom, liberty; deliverance, release; cheapness; gs., as adj., belonging to a carpenter or tradesman, as tuat racinre, a carpenter's axe (O'Br.); cutait raoinre, a tradesman's suit.

Sanne, g. id., f., the step of a

spade (S. Cork.)

Sannreac, -rize, a., fond of liberty; as subs., a free man.

Santireact, -a, f., cheapness; immunity, exemption; the trade of a carpenter, joiner, or mason; an art or science; architecture.

Saoinreamail, -mla, a., free,

voluntary.

Saoinreánac, -ai \dot{z} , pl. id., m., a volunteer, an unpaid helper in work. See raonránac.

Saoin-reilb, f., free possession. Saoippiżim, -iużao, v. tr., cheapen; I liberate.

Saoinpinneact. See paoinpeact. Saoin-ptioco, m., a noble or generous race.

Saoircéal, m., the gospel. roircéal.

Saoiċ-ċeap, m., a pillory.

Saoite, g. id., f., a swarm (of bees,

etc.). See paite.

Saoiteamail, -mla, a., skilful, learned; generous, hospitable, noble, well-bred, gentlemanly; philosophical, wise; funny (U_{\bullet}) and N. Con.). See paoi.

Saoiteamlact, -a, f., generosity, hospitality, good breeding; wisdom, learning; mirth, fun (U.

and N. Con.).

Saon, g. paoin, pl. id., m., a craftsman, an artisan, a workman; a carpenter, a builder, a joiner, a mason, an artificer; raon cloice, a mason; paop chainn,

a carpenter.

Saon, gsf. raoine, a., free, noble; cheap, exempt, voluntary; ransomed. released, delivered; permitted, allowed, strained; raon an, free from;

raon one-ra, in addition to you

Saonao, -nica, m., justification, salvation; cheapness, acquittal, act of redeeming, ransoming, setting at liberty.

Saon-arcme, f., a free tribe, a noble

Saonaro, -oe, f., cheapness; facility, ease, fluency (pron. in M. rao.

11á10).

Saonároeac, -orže, a., easy, easily procured; cheap; fluent (pron. in M. raonárdeac); trocrao an cainne zo p. cuize, he would be able to talk fluently (M_{\cdot}) .

Saopaim, -Ao, v. tr., I save, free, deliver, liberate (from, ó), set free, acquit, redeem, rescue, dis-

entangle.

Saon-baile, m., a borough.

Saon-bile, m., a noble scion, a champion.

Saon-booac, m., a clown or labourer freed or exempted from servility.

Saon-bhaz, m., a noble cloak.

Saon-brown, f, free captivity (Kea.).

Saon-bhuż, m., a noble mansion.

Saon-ceao, m., full or free permission.

Saon-clann, f., freemen.

Saon cloice, m., a stonemason, a mason; also raon cloc.

Saon-connuad, -nanta, m., voluntary agreement, a cheap bargain.

Saon chainn, m., a carpenter.

Saon-choideac, -dize, a., freehearted, open-hearted.

Saop-cuaipo, f., a free town or circuit; also circulation; excursion (recent); paop-cuaipo na rota, circulation of the blood.

Saon-cuirte, f., a free or noble

stream; a noble vein.

Saopoa, indec. a., noble, generous. Saonoact, -a, f., nobility, freedom, generosity.

Saon-oáit, -oáta, f., a free condition; freedom, relief, better

fate; privilege.

Saoji-oálac, -aige, a., free, unrestrained; voluntary.

Saon-oume, m., a freeman.

Saoµ-oún, m., a privileged or licensed town, fortress or mansion.

Saon-rlait, m., a noble chieftain.

Saon-żean, m., free or noble affection.

Saon-ztan, -ame, a., nobly pure, undefiled.

Saon-tact, m., noble milk.

Saon-macántact, -a, f., nobility. Saon-mion, a., noble and in small rows (of the teeth).

Saoη-όζιάς, m., a freed or privi-

leged slave or servant.

Saon-oite, a., nobly learned, nobly bred.

Saon-oineac, m., noble generosity or hospitality.

Saoppain, -ana, f., salvation, deliverance; cheapness.

Saoppánač, -aiż, -aiże, m., an unhired workman, a volunteer.

Saon-reams, m and f, noble or generous love.

Saon-reirean, m., noble (company of) six.

Saon-práio, f., free state; paonpráio na nghár, the state of

being in grace (E. R.).

Saontac, -aige, f., freeing, acquitting, liberating; tug an bean eite p. oi, the other woman acquitted herself (to her) (Om.).

Saon-cont, f., free-will, full con-

sent.

Sαομτόιμ, -όμα, -όιμιτο, m., a deliverer.

Saot, -aoite, -aota, m., sorrow, pain, sickness, punishment, tribulation; disorder or disease; labour; a prince; mo τμαοιαό τη mo ταοί tem' tó τά (Fer.); γαοί τημίρε, syphilis; τη γαοί τιοπ, sad to me is, etc., is frequent in modern MSS.

Saotacán, -áin, pl. id., m., a plate,

a dish.

Saotao, -tra. m., a falling, dying, perishing; a killing, slaying.

Saotaim, -aò, v. tr. and intr., I die, fall, perish; slay, cut off.

Saotaμ, -aiμ, m., industry, labour, work, exertion, toil, drudgery; pain, agony; heavy breathing or panting from hard work; τά γαοταμ αιμ, he is doing his best, he is panting or hard-breathing through the force of exertion; tuac γαοταιμ, recompense for work done, reward; 1 n-a γαοταμ, in his care; tuct γαοταιμ, workmen; γαοταμ οός amtac, hard labour.

Saotap, -app, m., the spawn of a salmon, often applied to the hole made by fish in the sandy riverbed for depositing its spawn.

Saotancán, -ánn, m., a sort of grey

plover (O'R.).

Saot-oam, m., a labouring ox.

Saotitan, m., a prince, a judge; a senior or elder; a pillar, a column.

Saotman, -aine, a., toilsome, laborious.

Saożóin, -óna, -óiniroe, m., a wrecker, a torturer; one who injures; a sufferer by pains, labour, or sickness.

Saot-pont, m., an imposthume

 $(P. \ O'C.).$

Saoτρας, -aiţe, a., laborious, industrious, toilsome, diligent, servile.

Sλοτημζαό, -uiζte, pl. id., m., the act of labouring, working, toiling, performing; work, labour, earning, toil, tillage; moulding potato-stalks, etc.; λξ γλοτημζαό απ βάιγ, in painful agony.

Saotpuroe, g. id., pl., -ote, m., a labourer, a tiller; a provider;

an earnest worker.

Saothuitim, -użao, v. tr., I labour, earn, till, toil; plod; take pains; dress (as soil); mould potato-stalks, etc.

Saothuite, p. a., tilled; earned, collected; moulded or "earthed" when applied to a potato-crop,

etc.

Saothuitteoih, -oha, -ohhite, m., a labourer, a tiller, a spadesman.

San, conj., before that, used like rut (chiefly in M.); it is also sometimes met with in MSS. of some 300 years ago.

San, g. rain, pl. id., m., a sheep-louse, a pig-louse; dim. ranán;

also rop, dim. ropán.

Sán. See Tán, contempt, etc.

Sán- (pán-), intensive prefix, very, most, exceeding, excessive, great, excellent; it is prefixed both to subs. and adjs., but may somet. come after a subs.: pean pán, as well as pán-rean.

Sán-aibéil, a., very quick, ex-

tremely fast.

Sáμαιθεαέτ, -a, f., rescue, i.e., forcibly recovering seized property; μιπη γιαο γ. ομέα, they made a "rescue" from them (Don.); also γάμυζαό.

Sápamait, -mta, a., cynical,

contemptuous.

Sán-bhoro, f., durance vile. Sán-caoin, a., very gentle.

Sán-caomnao, m., complete de-

Sán-ċnunn, -e, α., very accurate. Sán-ċnunc, f., a great or famous harp.

Sápoait, -atac, f., a sprat.

Sáμ-ὁοċaμ, m., great woe; great distress or misfortune.

Sán-żoitim, v. intr., I cry freely, I weep.

Sán-táioin, a., exceeding strong, mighty.

Sáp-túċmap, α., very swift, very nimble.

Sán-mait, a., excellent, surpassing

San-oilte, a., well-educated, skil-ful.

Sáp-rcot, f., a true race or progeny.

Sán-rnoiste, p.a., well cut, comely

(of the features).

Sánużao, -uiżte, pl id., m., act of compelling; offending, violating, ravishing, attacking; oppression, fatigue; transgression, trespass;

conquering, plundering; overtaking; subjugation; rescuing; ní τοτο ' τάρυξατό-γα é, not that I want to out-argue you, or give you the lie; ní γέιτη απ γεαπ-γοςαί το τάρυξατό, a proverb cannot be proved false; ní't α γάρυξατό te γάξαιί, better than it cannot be got.

Sánuizeac. See ránuizteac. Sánuizim, -użao, v. tr. and intr., I offend, violate, break, contradiet (as a commandment, a proverb, etc.); I press, transgress. surpass, overcome; survive; conquer, oppress, distress, wrong, harass; catch up on, overtake, rescue violently, injure; I outargue, give the lie to; oo rápuiz rin opm, that surpassed me; ran an ránuizear na véaza, before I got out of my teens; má jánuisim an oioce anocc, if I survive this night (Colm W.); †ánuiţ (ré) onm é oéanam, I failed to do it.

Sápungte, p. a., tired, weary, overcome, overthrown, excelled, injured, beaten; contradicted; taken by force, rescued, overtaken; pron. pápungte in Om. and some other districts.

Sánuiteac, -tiţe, a., oppressive, injurious, offensive, assailing, violent.

Sápuizteoip, -opa, -oipioe, m., a conqueror, a victor, a subduer,

an oppressor, a violator.

Sáp, -áip, pl. id., and -pa, dpl. pápaib, m., an apparatus, an engine, a net; means, method, contrivance; a trap, a snare; one competent to do a thing; ní páp maiteapa é, he is not a means of doing good; ip mait an páp ctiab oo véanam é, he is a good hand at basket-making; páp a véanta cuimnit aip, one capable of doing it it was that conceived it.

Sáract, -a, f., sufficiency, satiety, enough.

Sárao. See ráram.

Sáram, -aim, m., satisfaction, contentment, comfort, reparation for an ill done; act of satisfying, pleasing; cum ráram a baine oe, to exact reparation from him.

Sáramait, -mta, a., capable of

satisfying, satisfactory.

Sarana, g. id., f., England (this is the ordinary word in use now).

Saranać, -aiţe, a., English; Protestant.

Zananač

Saranac, -ais, pl. id., m., an Englishman, a Saxon; a Protestant.

Sárta, p. a., satisfied, contented; satisfying, satisfactory; willing; comforted, having peace of mind; comfortable, pleasing.

Sárta, a., expert, handy; ruineann mait rárta, a good,

handy crew (from rár).

Sáγταċτ, -a, f., ease, comfort, contentment; indolence; happiness; Δη α γάγταċτ, at his ease.

Sáruzao. See ráram.

Sáruizim, vl. ráram, ráram and ráruzam, v. tr., I satisfy, I satiate, I please.

Sáruite, p. a., satiated, satisfied.

Sát. See ráit, enough, etc.

Sátac, -aiţe, a., full, filled, satiated; complete, perfect, sufficient; in phr. tá ré rátac mait, it is pretty good, sufficiently good; also ráiteac.

Sátaö, g. γάιότε, pl. id., m., act of thrusting, shooting, hurling; stabbing, shoving, piercing; a

thrust, push.

Satait, -alta, f., the act of treading (on, aμ); the sole, the sole of a shoe; a treadle; the part of a spade, etc., for placing the foot on.

Sataluiţim, -tailt, v. intr., I tread on, I step on, I crush under foot (with an).

Sátan, -ain, m., Satan.

Satann, -tainn, and -tanainn, m., Saturday; Oia Satainn (or Oia Satanainn), on Saturday. Sátmac, -aiţ, -aiţe, m., a haft, a handle (of a spade, shovel, etc.); rátmac rin, a tall strong man (M.); rátmac rámainne, a spadehandle; rámtac is the correct orthography. See rámtac.

Sácmuizim, -użao, v. tr., I put a

handle to.

Sátmuite, p. a., helved, having a handle to (for rámtuite).

Sácuicim, -użao, v. tr., I satiate

or satisfy.

Sb. For words beginning with Sb. see under Sp.

Scab, -a1b, m., sawdust.

Scabaim, -ao, v. tr., I scatter, lavish, disperse (O'N.); whence reabac, reabace, reabaine, 7c.

Scabáirce, g. id., m., advantage,

gain, plunder.

Scabal, -ail, pl. id., m., a kettle, a cauldron; a booth, a hut, a

shop.

Scabatt, -aitt, pl. id., m., a breastplate; harness, armour; a helmet, a hood, a guard for the shoulder; a scapular, a robe; a screen, a porch; reabatt bairtio, the baptismal robe (of grace).

Scabat, -ait, pl. id., m., a very narrow laneway (W. Cork).

Scatta, g. id., pl. -aroe, m., a scout (McD.).

Scaoán, -áin, pl. id., m., a herring; γ. capaitt, horse herring; γ. ξαιππε, a sand-eel; γ. caiμηξε, a rock herring; γ. ξαιπξε, the fish called ale-wife; γ. caoċ, water in which salt has been dissolved, used as "kitchen" with potatoes (U. and Om.); "byaon piocattaċ nó γάιτε," id. (M.).

Scapa, g. id., pl. -nna, m., a light

boat (nom. also rear).

Scaraine, g. id., pl. -proe, m., a spruce fellow, a bold, hearty man.

Scapanneact, -a, f., heartiness,

vigour; high spirit.

Scarat, -ait, pl. id., m., a scaffold; a booth, a hut (also reabat).

Scapánza, indec. a., spirited, hearty.

Scarántact, -a, f., heartiness, high spirits.

Scap-thoro, f., a naval engagement.

Scazać, -aiże, a., leaky, having small chinks.

Scazao, -5ta, pl. id., m., the act of straining, cleansing, filtering,

separating, opening out.

Scaraim, -ao, v. tr., I strain, I digest; cleanse, filter; I separate, open out (as the legs); in pass., I am derived from, I spring from (as a family, race, etc.).

Scasaine, g. id., pl. -price, m., a

strainer.

Scazaineact, -a, f, straining; also telling lies (O'N).

Scazán, -áin, pl. id., m., a sieve, a strainer.

Scazża, p. a., filtered, strained, clear; pale, bloodless, wasted (of a patient).

Scarbéir, -e, f., seabs, itch, mange. Scaro, -e, f., the husk of grain; the refuse of anything (Don.).

the refuse of anything (Don.). Scarpeac 1015an, f., the flesh separating from the nails (Don.); rcútao 1015an, id. (M.).

Scarp-eaրր, m., the stem of a skiff or cock-boat. See pcarpip.

Scarpin, -ppeac, -ppeaca, f., the stern of a boat or ship.

Sca13-f1actac, -a15e, a., having the teeth wide apart.

Scaigne, g. id., pl. -eaca, f. (from rcagaim), a strainer, a sieve; a fan.

Scarzneac, -niże, a., sifting, riddling, filtering, straining.

Scarzneán, -áin, pl. id., m., a sieve or riddle; a fan.

Scart, -e, f., a dart or pain in the head (Con.).

Scáit. See rcáite. (Scáit is the more common form in modern times.)

Scáite, g. id., pl. -tròe, f., a cloud, a shadow, shade; a hue, tinge, colour; brightness, bloom; a shade of colour, brilliancy.

Scáiteac, -11że, a., shady, shading, shadowy, veiled.

Scáileact, -a, f., darkness, cloudiness.

Scáiteán, -áin, pl. id., m., a light shade or shadow; a fan; a sunshade, an umbrella.

Scáileoz, -015e, \cdot 05a, f., an

umbrella. See rcáitín.

Scáttióeact, -a, f., a shadowing. Scáttióim (rcáitim), -iuóaó, v. tr., I shade, I veil, I mask.

Scáitín, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a shadow; an umbrella; a veil; r. spéine, a parasol.

Scattleoz, -015e, -05a, f., a slap

with the hand.

Scattlin, m., a tansey of eggs and milk, custard (O'N).

Scailliún, -úin, pl. id., m., a scallion.

Scattp, -e, -eaca, f., a sod from the lea, a scraw, a slice, a portion; a hut covered with scraws; a little hut; a den, a cave; a cleft in a rock; scruff (O'N.).

Scattpin, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a scraw; a little hut. See realtp.

Scattpheac, -niże, a., having clefts. Scatteán, -áin, pl. id., m., a slice, a lath, a billet of cleft

wood. See rooitteán.

Scaim, -e, -eaca, f., a cleft, a chink, a fissure; the mouth; a contortion of the lips; a frown; a grin; a snarl; a very angry visage; oo cuin ré ream an réin cusam, he grinned at me (nom. also ream.

Scaimineac, -niż, -niże, m., a shabby person (Con.); the sand

of a lake or river.

Scannin, -e, f., light, pebbly, gravelly soil (Con.).

Scáinim, -neao, v. tr., I cleave, split, rive, rend asunder.

Scáinne, g. id., pl. -nioe and -neaca, f., a skein or clue of thread; a flaw, a crack, a fissure.

Scánneac, -niţe, a., in skeins (of the hair).

Scannean. See rcannan.

Scainte, p. a., scattered, rent

asunder; na opasam chiốta reame o'n seit, the brave champions dispersed by the shower (O'Ra.).

Scáinteac, -tiże, a., cleaving

asunder, dispersing.

Scarpeao, -pte, pl. id., m., act of scattering, spreading (as seed); squandering, dispersing, separating, routing; dispersion.

Scaipim, -peaö, v. tr., I scatter, spread (as seed); I waste, spend,

squander; disperse.

Scaipine, g. id., pl. -nioe, m., a squanderer, a scatterer, a dispenser, an extravagant person.

Scarpteat, -tiţe, a., scattering, distributing, dispersing; liberal;

extravagant.

Scann, -e, -eaca, f., a portion or dividend, share or lot; a portion of anything as of netting, etc.

Scarp, -e, -eaca, f., a place where things are spread out to dry.

Scannt, -e, -eaca, f., shallow water, a rough, stony ford, whence the village name, Scariff; dim. pcanttin.

Scainte, g. id., f., toughness, hardness, firmness, strength.

Scainbeac, -bize, a., tough, hard,

rugged.

Scanpbeact, -a, f., toughness, hardness, strength (also reamb-

roeact).

Scannbin, dim. of reamb, which see. Scannbin na zcuac, a name for the last fortnight in April and the first fortnight in May, ef.:

Scaipbin na z Cuac, Zapb é 'zur ruap.

Scáiiro, -e, -eaca, f., a squirt, a splash; a flux; looseness; a gulp or large quantity of a liquid.

Scántroeac, -oiz, m., a splash; a quantity of liquid, r. oe'n beoin, some beer (P. F.).

Scarpoim, -oeao, v. tr., I squirt,

out, void (as urine).

Scaint, -e, pl. id., f., a loud shout; γcaint ξάιμιόe, a loud outburst of laughter.

Scante, -e, pl. -eaca and reapte (poet.), gpl. reapte, f., the caul of a beast; the midriff; fig., the heart, the entrails; spain mo choice if mo reapt one, may my heartfelt hatred fall on you; a bush; a thick shrubbery.

Scainteac, - τ_1 ; e, - τ_2 ca, f., a thick shrubbery; a thicket.

See reastic.

Scanticeac, -tiże, a., shouting, shrieking, clamorous; convulsive.

Scannicact, -a, f., the act of crying or roaring; a continued shouting.

Scarteam, -tim, m., a period, a space of time; an rear rearinm, for some time.

Scarpteamail,-mla,a.,clamorous,

active, vigorous.

Scantteamtact, -a, f., clamorousness; vehement laughter; alertness, activity.

Scantteoit, -ota, -otatioe, m., a crier, a bawler; one who laughs convulsively.

Scanttim, -teac, v. intr., I shout; I laugh heartily; call, scream, cry aloud, bawl, shriek.

Scaitim, -ataò, v. tr., I lop, prune, cut off, disperse (also rcotaim).

Scaitmean, -mine, α., sharp and nimble (as in pulling the harp-strings).

Scartín. See rcortín.

Scatte, p. a., cut, pruned, lopped off, dispersed; having the grain shaken off (as corn); also receite.

Scat, m., a shriek, a cry; vo car rí rcat (rcot) otozón, she raised a wailing cry. See rcot.

Scát, -áit, -áta, m., a champion, a hero; common in place names, as toċ an Scáit, in North-West Kerry.

Scáta, g. id., pl. -rôe, m., a cup, a bowl; a balance, a scale.

Scalacán, -áin, pl. id., m., an un-fledged bird.

Scalardeact, -a, f., singing in chorus; also reolardeact

Scalaim, -ao, v. intr., I roar, scream, bawl (also rcotaim).

Scátán, -áin, pl. id., m., a shade, a hut; a stage, a scaffold.

Scalapont, -puint, pl. id., m., a

large flat fish.

Scalpaine, -anta, f., a roaring, a shouting; loud laughter; reatrantac, id., also one who roars or shouts or laughs loudly.

Scat-záine, m., a loud, sudden

laugh; a horse-laugh.

Scattać, - α_1 że, f., a blowing

(Con.).

Scattac, -ais, m., the singed stalks of burned heath standing in the ground like the stalk-ends in a stubble-field.

Scattacán, -áin, pl. id., m., an

unfledged bird.

Scattao, -tta, m., a burning, a scorching, a singeing, a scalding.

Scattaim, -tao, v. tr., I scald, singe, burn.

Scall Spéine (reallat Spéine), m., a sunstroke (Aran).

Scattóro, -e, f., abuse, insult. See cattóro.

Scallóroeac, -orže, a., abusive, insulting. See calloroeac.

Scattes, p. a., singed, burnt; bare, bald; paltry, miserable (Don.).

Scattract, -a, f., scaldedness; bareness, nakedness.

Scalltán, -áin, pl. id., m., an unfledged bird.

Scatóz. See rcotóz.

Scalpán, -áin, pl. id., m., a bundle of rods or sticks, often used as a door for cattle sheds, etc.; ní paib an realpan vainzean, the make-shift door was not well fastened (see Intr. to O'Ra.'s Poems).

Scam, the lungs. See reamos. Scamac, -aiże, -ca, f., peel or

Scamaim, -ao, v. tr., I peel off the skin, strip off the bark, I make bare or naked.

Scamaine, g. id., pl. -price, m., one who grins.

Scamal, -ait, pl id, m., a shade, a cloud; darkness, obscuration; a scale; scum, phlegm; exhalation; often used fig.: sorrow, grief, oppression, obloquy.

Scam-chaoi, m., phthisis.

rcam-zalan.

Scam-zalan, -ann, pl. id., m., phthisis, consumption of the

Scam-ztonn, m., a prank, a villainous deed; rcabán, id. (O'B.).

Scamóz, -ó15e, -ó5a, f., the lungs, the lights; rcamán, id.

Scam-raot, m., lung consumption.

See ream-zalan.

Scamtac, -aite, a., peeling, stripping off skin or bark; having the hair falling off; having the skin rising near the finger-nails; as subs., reamitai iongan, a fissure in the skin near the finger-nails.

Scamtact, -a, f., bareness, naked-

ness from skin or bark.

Scanac, -ais, m., cotton, bombast. Scanao, -nta, m., act of composing or scanning verses; taca cum téich do heanag 20 21é, one well skilled in scanning (or composing) sententious expressions (texts) (E.R.).

Scanaim, -ao, v. tr., I compose or

scan (of verses).

Scanamán, -áin, m., fine shingle (Con.); properly reanmeán.

Scannait, -nta, -ntaca, f., reproach, blasphemy; offence, scandal, slander, calumny, disgrace (also reannal, m.).

Scannatac, -aiże, a., scandalous, calumnious, slandering; dis-

graceful, shameful.

Scannatao, -tra, m., act of abusing, insulting.

Scannalaim, -aò, v. tr., I abuse, insult, give scandal to.

Scannán, -áin, pl. id., m., a thin membrane, a film; the caul which covers the lungs; reannán raitte, a caul.

Scannap, -aip, pl. id., m., a fight,

fray, or skirmish.

Scannan-buaropeao, m., the confusion or consternation of battle.

Scannan-buaronim, v. tr., I con-

fuse or terrify in battle.

Scannangait, -e, f., the act of affrighting, terrifying, confounding.

Scannlużao, -uiżce, pl. id., m., a scandalizing, reproaching.

Scanntuiţim, -uţaò, v. tr., I blaspheme, reproach, scandalize, calumniate.

Scanntungiceon, -ona, -onaice, m., a blasphemer, a calumniator, a scandalizer.

Scannpacán, -áin, pl. id., m., a

mean, sordid fellow.

Scannao, g. -napica and -puiçte, pl. id., m., a surprise, a fright; confusion, dispersion; act of dispersing, scattering, dismaying, scaring; fright caused by greed or avarice; tá rcannao cum an traogail ain, he has a passion for amassing wealth.

Scannfuitim, -nao and -nutao, v. tr. and intr., I scatter, scare, affright, confound; disperse through fear, frighten, startle, dismay, terrify; also (intr.), I am frightened, I startle; oo reannfuit an teant, the child grew terrified; and so in speaking English, people say "I frightened," meaning I took fright, etc. This intr. use does not appear to be confined to the 3rd sing.

Scannnuite, p. a., frightened, seared, terrified, dismayed.

Scaob, -a, pl. id., m., a clod, a lump of clay; a shovelful; a layer; the portion (of hay, manure, etc.) taken on a pitchfork. See caob.

Scaobać, -aiże, full of clods, lumps of clay, etc. (not much used).

See caobac.

Scaobao, -bca, m., act of cleaning, clearing of rubbish; shovelling. Scaobaim, -ac, v. tr., I clean, I

clear of rubbish; I shovel.

Scaobóχ, -όιζε, -όζα, f., a little clod, a lump of clay, a shovelful, etc. See rcaob.

Scaotleao, -tre, pl. id., m., act of loosening, untying, spreading, extending, divulging, scattering, loosing, letting go, shedding (blood), separating, releasing, discharging, redeeming; nuo oo reaotleao leir an nsaot, to let a thing be dispersed by the wind.

Scaoilim, -leao, v. tr., I loose, untie, disperse, spread, scatter, unfold, unsew, let out, let go, let fly, let loose, loosen, separate, dissolve, release, disarrange, free, enlarge, extend; redeem, discharge, put off; fire; oo reaoitear tanm é, I let him pass by unmolested, I did not meddle with him; oo reacitear terr, I yielded to his wish; reaoit uait é, let go your hold of it or him; reaoit cuzam é, do not keep him or it from me, let him or it come freely to me; rcaoil amac é, release him from prison; oo reaoitear mo carós, I undid the buttons of my coat; reaoil ain, let fly at him, shoot him, reaoit raoi, id.

Scaoitte, p. a., released, loosed, set free, untied, dissolved, separated, scattered, extended; not kept to rules, irregular, loose; peibide praoitte, loose deibhidhe; tá mo čaróz praoitte, my coat is ripped or unbuttoned; single, as opposed to pópta, married; torn, ripped; lizte praoitte, lithe and active.

Scaoitzeac, -tiże, a., dissolvent, apt to spend or scatter, diffuse; apt to divulge, spread abroad; bountiful; loose; falling loosely, unbound (of the hair); béatroaoitzeac, unable to keep a secret.

Scaoilteact, -a, f., proneness to spread or scatter, to loosen or divulge; diffusiveness; looseness, laxity, rashness; diarrhea. Scaoilteoz, -015e, -05a, f., a sheet, a winding sheet, a wrapper.

Scaoilteoin, -ona, -oinioe, m., one who sets free, a deliverer.

Schoinge, g. id., m., a rabble; a low or despised person: 1m' r. Att leat-caoib rháide ("Spailpín ránac"); a youth, a stripling; an reasinge clam, the mangy lot (McD.).

Scaoit. See react.

Scaott, -oitt, m., fright, terror, dismay; madness; ouine cun i reactt, to frighten a person (Mea.); out an reaott, to go mad (Arm.).; teact an lae til b'éizean vam imteact i reaull, at daybreak I had to depart in fright (Mon., in song).

Scaottaine, g. id., pl. -niõe, m., a

shy or timid creature.

Scaottmaineact, -a, f., shyness, covness.

Scaottman, -aine, a., shy, timid. Scaot, -oite, -oite, f., a swarm, a flight of birds, a multitude; a tribe; the fairies.

Scaotaine, g. id., pl. -nioe, m., a

boaster, a great talker.

Scaotaineact, -a, f. boasting, bragging, talking at random.

Scap, -aip, pl. id., m., a share, a portion, a division. See reasp. Scapao, -pica, pl. id., m., act of separating, putting asunder, separation, parting; spreading.

Scaparoeact, -a, f., a portioning or dividing, sharing by lot.

Scapaim, vl. -pamain(c), -pao, -picain, v.tr. and intr., I put asunder, separate, sever, spread apart, release, deprive of, take away; with te, I part with, leave, give up, go away from; I publish as a rumour; 100 00 reapao ó céile, to put them asunder; ní reappao teip an ainzeao, I will not give up the money; riabhar ont ná reapparo leat, may a fever come on you that will not leave you; reapaim is followed in U. and Louth, not only by te

but also by o and oe: ir é Dápace na Salleace' oo rean mire oíob, the intolerance of the Englishry parted me from them (P. O'Dornin); connaicear Dam-ra zun rean mó ciall oíom, it seemed to me that my senses had left me (old song).

Scapamail, -mla, a., separable. Scapamain, -mna, f., act of parting (with te and ó), separating; leaving; spreading apart (nom. also reanamaint). See reanaim.

Scapaoro, -e, -eaca, f., a tablecloth (also reanáro and reanóro). Scapb, -aipbe, a., tough, hard,

strong, firm (also reaint).

Scant, a ford, etc. See reamb. Scant, -ainte, -ainteaca, f., cormorant.

Scapibaim, -ao, v. intr., I wade through a ford.

Scapo, a squirt or splash. rcáino.

Scápo, - áipo, m., terror, affright; a frightened look; táiniz rcápo 'n-a rúilib, a look of terror came into his eyes.

Scánoac, -aise, a., squirting, splashing.

Scánoso, -ota, m., the act of

squirting, pouring out.

Scáposim, -oso, v. tr., I squirt, pour out, sprinkle with syringe.

Scápoaipe, g. id., pl. -piòe, m., a squirt, a syringe; also a thought-

less babbler.

Scapoaineact, -a, f., a squirting, a pouring out or sprinkling water, etc.

Scápoán, -áin, pl. id., m., a spout, a squirt; a waterfall.

Scaptóro, -e, f., scarlet or crimson colour; scarlet cloth.

Scapóro, -e, -eaca, f., a tablecloth.

Scapta, p. a., spread out, apart; separated, separated from (te).

Scapta, m., a shout, a cry. See realpt.

Scantac, -aite, a., apt to separate, part, divide.

Scantac, -ais, m., the entrails; tow or hards; offings of things; reaptac tin no enable, hards of flax or hemp (also areaptac).

Scapitact, -a, f., partition, sepa-

ration.

Scaptant, -e, a., vigorous, bold. Scaptanm, I throw out (as rubbish, etc.). See captanm.

Scaptaim, -ao, v. intr., I shout, bawl, burst into sudden laughter.

See reallitim.

Scaptálaim, -áil, v. tr., I throw out, spread out (as a heap of hay, etc.).

Scaptannac, -aije, a., parting,

separating.

Scantial, -e, f., shouting, crying, bawling.

Scant-rolar, -air, m., clear moon-

light. Scát, -a, -anna, m., a shadow, a shade, darkness; a screen, a curtain; shelter, cover, defence, protection; pretence, pretext;
sake (in "for the sake of"); good (in "for the good of"); veil, bashfulness, fear; an rcát cámoe, for the sake of credit; an reat, under protection of, by the help of; ná bíoo aon rcát ont 'n-a taob, do not be in the least bashful with regard to it; an reat tinnir, on pretence of being sick, under cover of sickness; an reat an chainn, sheltered behind the tree; raoi rcát an chainn, under shelter of the tree.

scata, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a drove, a multitude, a crowd (in an uncomplimentary sense); a flock

(of birds).

scatac, -aite, a., in locks or small tufts, like hair, flax,

hemp, etc.

Scatać, -aiţ, m., loppings; a fence made of the loppings of trees.

scátac, -aiże, a., shady; bashful,

timid, fearful.

scátacán, -ánn, pl. id., m., the private parts of the body.

Scatacán, -ánn, pl. id., m., a tail; long hair growing on the tail; a switch-tail (also rcotacán).

Scátacar, -air, m., fear, timidity,

bashfulness.

Scatao, g. reacte, pl. id., m., a lopping, pruning, cutting down; skirmishing; a piece, a shred; act of lopping, pruning, cutting down, separating.

Scátam, -ao, v. tr., I shade, screen; I dread or shun; I screen (a

person from justice).

Scatam, -ao, v. tr., I lop, prune,

cut down, strip, destroy.

Scátatać, -aiţ, m., terror, horror (on receipt of some shameful news) (W. Ker.).

Scatam, -aim, m., a period of

time, etc. See realteam.

Scatán, -áin, pl. id., m., a bush, a broom; a furze-bush cut down and withered, used for temporarily closing gaps, for harrowing light tillage, and other purposes (also rcotán).

Scátán, -ám, pl. id., m., a lookingglass, a mirror, a glass, a gazingstock, a cynosure, a spectacle; a beautiful girl; cf. also rcátán na róota, the cynosure of Erin;

in Om., rearán.

Scatán na Stúine, the plate-bone

that covers the knee.

Scátánta, indec. a., mirror-like; handsome, fine-looking; in Om., rcaránta.

Scátántact, -a, f., the act of beholding, looking (on, an); consideration; looking into a mirror.

Scatbaine, γτατβάητα, γτατβάητα τατ. See γταγαίηε, γταγάητα, γταγάητατ.

Scat-bualao, rcat-buailim, 7c. See rcot-buailim, rcot-buailim,

TC.

Scarzait, -e, f., a flock (of birds) on the wing; reargait éantair, a flock of birds in flight.

Scatlann, -lainne, -a, f., a booth,

hut, tent (P. O'C.).

Scatmanneact, f., fear, bashfulness (Mayo).

Scatman, -maine, a., featful, timid, easily taking fright; dreaded, to be feared, terrible; shady,

shadowy; comely.

Scatóz, -ó15e, -ó5a, f., a blossom, a flower; a trefoil in flower; reactor muine, water hemp or bastard hemp, agrimony; rcatóz rionnaió = ceannabán.

Scát-rúileac, -lize, a., weaksighted, heavy-browed, staring; wild-looking, terrified-looking.

Sceac, -ceice, -a, f., a bush, a brier, a bramble; rceac cubna, sweet brier; rceac maona, dog rose; rceac jeal, whitethorn.

Sceacac, -a15, -a, m., a thicket of thorns; also a bush, a brier, a bramble; as adj., thorny, full of brambles; con rceacac, a fairy thorn. See rceac.

Sceacánac, -aize, a., bushy, full

of brambles.

Sceacós, -ó15e, -ó5a, f., a little bush or bramble.

Sceacóro, -e, -roe, f., a haw; in pl., rceacóidide, haws; rceacóroroe maona, the fruit of the

dog-rose.

Sceacóin, -óna, -ónnioe, m., a haw, the fruit of the whitethorn; rceacóiμισe muc, haws (W. Ker.). See rceaco10 (rceacóro is the form used in M. generally.

Sceacharo, -e, f. (coll.), thorns,

brambles, briers.

Sceao, -a, pl. id., m., a spot, a speck; an ornament; a star in the forehead of a beast (also Seao).

- a_1 , a_1 , spotted, Sceaoac, speckled, sky-coloured; marked with a white spot; neall rceavac, cirro-cumulous cloud.

Scéadac, -aize, -a, f., a garment, a cloak, a mantle (céaoac).

Scéadacao, -cta, m., act of dressing, clothing, decking, ornamenting.

Sceanamán, -áin, m., throat (Don.); cainngeocainn an r. araz, I'd pull the throat out of you (Don.). Scéapar, -air, m., dress, orna

Sceadar, -air, m., a spot, a speck a star in the forehead of beast.

Scéaduizim, -użaż, -oacaż, v. tr. bedeck, adorn, beautify garnish.

Scéaz, -éize, -a, f., an intestine.

Scéal, -éil, -eoil, pl. rcéalta (tales, stories), rcéala (news tidings), m., a story, a tale, a legend; a piece of news, tidings intelligence; a new event, deed or word; an embassy; rcéata cteamnair, an embassy dealing with the making of a match rcéala maite, good tidings; ar example, a portent; ir maic ar rcéal tú, you well deserve what

befel you, you are an example to others; 1 Scopeais toin se schoczah me man rcéal le sao má, 7c., may I be hanged ir Cork in the east by a withe as a portent or example to others if, etc. (O'D.); rcéal fiannaio eacta, a Fenian tale; ir món ar rcéal é, it is a wonderful thing cuip rcéal cuize, send him word; leit-rcéal, an excuse oátta an rcéit, "like

said, as you say (common ir conversation). Scéalac, -aize, a., historical, fond of relating tales, fond of tittle

story," just as we were saying

a confirmation of what has been

tattle or news, discursive, communicative, imaginative.

Scéalaroeact, -a, f., story-telling; tidings, news; a tale, a story, a legend; τά γ. ομτ, you are "the mischief," you beat all (Don.)

Scéalaim, -aò, v. tr., I recount.

Sceatb, -eilbe, -aca, f., a slice, a splinter, a fragment. See reeatp.

Scealbóz, -ó1ze, -óza, a splinter, a layer, a layer of flesh, a fragment, a slice, a detached layer of rock, a pinch, a shred.

Scéal-oántac, -aise, relating to

poetic tales.

Sceattán, -áin, pl. id., m., a kernel or pippin, cf. r. ubaitt.

Sceattazac, -aiz, m., wild mus-

tard.

Sceatp, g. -eitpe, pl. -a, -paċa (and -aċaiœ, Con.), f., a cleft; a splinter, a piece, a bite, a slice, layer, a ledge, a fragment; a cliff, a large rock; a blow, a slap.

Scealpac, -aise, a., broken into

chips or splinters.

Sceatpao, -pca, pl. id., m., act of pinching, splintering, cleaving, smashing, breaking into fragments; a smashing, cleaving.

Sceatpaim, -paò, v. tr., I pinch, splinter, smash, break into fragments, split, tear, snatch.

Scealpannac, - a_1 że, f., a pinching,

nipping, snapping.

Sceatpóz, -óize, -óza, f., a chip, a shred, a splinter; a pinch, a nip. See rceatbóz.

sceatpta, p. a., snatched, taken away, snapped up; cut into

layers or shreds.

sceatptact, -a, f., the habit of cutting off in chips, shreds, or

splinters.

Scéatuioe, g. id., pl. -oce, m., a story-teller; a reciter of tales or legends; a romancer; a historian; a newsmonger; ptán an reéatuioe, well be the bearer of the news.

Scéaluiżim, -użaż, v. tr., I announce, relate; rcéaluiżeaż apeip vam zup, I was told last night that (E. R.).

Sceam, skew, oblique; an rceam,

obliquely (A.).

Sceam, g. rceim, pl. rceama, m., polypody, wall-fern (polypodium vulgare); r. na zeloć, id.; r. chainn, polypody of the oak (polypodium quercinum); r. an papaiż, id. See rcím.

Sceam, m., a bark, a yelp, a growl; the noise made by a fox or

dog.

Sceamac. See rceamtac.

Sceamao, -mta, m., a barking, a yelping like a fox or dog.

sceamaim, vl. -mao and -mgait v. tr. and intr., I bark, I yelp; I scold, I reproach, I chide sharply.

Sceamātat, -e, f., a yelp; barking; a using of severe or cutting

words.

Sceam-żoiżneac, -niże, a., yelping, screaming; snappish.

Sceamlac, -aiże, f., act of yelping; az rceamlaiż, yelping (Don.).

Sceamçac, -aiże, a., apt to bark

or yelp.

Sceamtóin, -óna, -ónnioe, m., a yelper, a barker; a snarling, growling fellow.

Sceanac, -aise, a., belonging to a

knife or sword.

Sceanac, -aize, f., the flaying or skinning of a carcass or carrion.

Sceanac, -aiz, m., skin-film, membrane; rceanac raitte, the membrane of a beeve; the scales (of a fish).

Sceanao, -nca, m., a sword-fight; a quarrelling with knives.

Sceanaim, -ao, v. tr. and intr., I fight with a knife or sword; I flay.

Sceant, -einte, -aca, f., a sharp splinter or shaft; a thorn or prickle.

Sceanbaroe, indec. a., sharp-pointed, thorny, prickly.

Sceanfaint, -anta, f., peelings; waste, refuse; e.g., what is hacked and wasted at table.

Sceanfattać, -aiś, -aiśe, m., a waster, a spoiler; wild, reckless person; a wasted, miserable looking person.

Sceanmoa, indec. a., smart, sharp,

fierce (from rceinm).

Scéan, -éin, pl. id., m., a net; one of a string of nine nets which constitute the complete chain (Mayo); rcain, id.

Sceamb, rceambac. See Seamb,

zeanbac.

Scéanoán, -áin, pl. id., m., a ravine, a cataract. See rcánoán.

Sceant, a flesh-worm. See pceant-

Sceantán, -áin, pl. id., m., a crablouse, a flesh-worm; an insect found among the heather (dim.

sce

of rceant or ceant).

Sceat, -eite, pl. -a and -aca, f., a bush, esp. the whitethorn; a bramble, a brier. See rceac, and cf. place-name Fort na Scente.

Sceatac, -a15, m. (coll.), bushes, thorns, a thicket of thorns; a place where thorns grow. See rceacac.

Sceatac, -aite, a., bushy, full of

bushes or brambles.

Sceatacán, -áin, pl. id. m., a bogdeal splinter used for light as a candle (W. Cork); zeacaine, id. (Ker.).

Sceátaine, g. id., m., spawn of certain animals; reeataine proz,

frogs' spawn.

Sceatnac, -aize, -aca, f., a spew, a vomit; act of spewing, vomiting; a trashy person; rceatnao, id.

Sceathużao; -uiżte, m., a puking,

a vomiting.

Sceathuitim, -utato, v. tr., I spew, vomit.

Sceicin, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a little whitethorn bush; cf. placename, Sceicin an Rinnce, in the Galtee Mountains.

Sceroimín, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a fit of laughter; enthusiasm; used only in pl., bi reerorminioe ain, he was very mirthful or enthusiastic (M.).

Sceroin, g. id., pl. -röe, m., a small spot or speck; a small star in the forehead of a beast; a small potato.

Scéil-beantac, -aite, a., a talebearing; as subs., a tale-bearer.

Scéil-beantact, -a, f., act of talebearing.

Scentz, -e, f., a reef of rocks; a steep cliff; a well-known rock off the Kerry coast, containing some very interesting ruins, is called Scentz micit; prop. nom. sing. is reests, and gpl. id.;

cf. zéim na Scealz zo Ceallaib ba com-ctor, the roar of Sceilg rocks was heard at Kells (a place in West Kerry) (O'Ra.).

Scentzeac, -ziże, α ., rocky (0'N.). Sceilmir, -e, f., shame, horror, disgrace; fright, terror; 1r món an náme azur an rceilmir é, it is a great shame and disgrace; rceitmir one, disgrace on you (a strong imprecation).

Sceilp, -e, pl. -eaca and -eanna, f., a cleft, etc.; ni'l rceilp aise, he has nothing at all (ni't reeit

A15e, id.). See realp.

Sceilpeac, -piże, a., wrinkled, furrowed, craggy.

Scéil-teactaine, m., a messenger, a tale-bearer.

Scéim, -e, f., beauty, ornament, personal elegance, comeliness (prop. rciam).

Scéim-chut, m., beauty of shape

or appearance.

Scéim-chucac, -aize, a., of beautiful shape.

Scéimeac, -miże, a., handsome, blooming, comely (also relamac). Scéimeact, -a, f., beauty, comeli-

ness (also rciamact).

Sceimeal, -mle, -lta, f., a penthouse; the eaves of a house; tiling, slating, or thatch that covers a house; the portion of a hay-rick or corn-stack that juts out, and then gradually narrows to the top, forming a kind of roof; chuac rá rceimit, a rick with its keep, a complete

Scéimeamail, -mla, a., handsome, blooming, comely, ornamental.

Sceimle, g. id., pl. -eaca, f., a skirmish, a bickering; a pursuit; a worrying, a torturing; terror, dread; reeimte onc is a common form of imprecation; mo rceimte! woe, alas!

Scermleac, -lize, a., attacking, worrying; daring; volative.

Sceimlisim, -iusao, v. tr. and intr., I skirmish, bicker; I worry, torture.

sce

Sceimtim, -eao, v. intr., I bicker or skirmish with; I worry, I torture.

Scenm, -eanma, -meaca, f., a bounce, a start, a sudden spring, a flight, an escape.

Scennine, g. id., f., haste, speed,

hurry, quickness.

Scennmeac, -niże, a., quick,

nimble, bouncing.

Scenneamain, -mna, f., a flight, a start, a bound; act of fleeing, starting, bounding.

Scenneamnac, -aiże, a., apt to skip or flit away; giddy, skit-

tish. See rceinmneac.

Scenneoz, -01ze, -0za, f., a flight, a sudden start (pcennteoz, id.). Scennpeao, -pio, m., fright, terror (Clare).

Scennice, g. id., f., flightiness,

giddiness.

Scennioeac, -oiże, a., skittish; apt to start; unsteady, bounding.

Scennim, -neao, v. intr., I gush, bud, spring (as a flower), spring (as water), start, burst forth; I flee, start away.

Scenn-tingeao, -5ce, m., a skipping, a flight, a run; act of skipping, running, escaping.

Scennteac, -tiże, a., apt to slip or escape; flighty, skittish. Scenn, -e, -eaca, f., a sharp sea-

rock.

Scéiμο, -e, f., a bleak place. Scéiμοeamait, -mta, α., bleak. Scéiμο-máż, m., a bleak plain.

Sceineac, -niże, a., rocky.

Scéit, -e, m., act of spewing, vomiting, throwing up, shedding, pouring out, overflowing; act of divulging a secret, of betraying one (An); As rcéit of na rúilit, the eyes shedding tears; tá an aba as rcéit, the river is overflowing its banks; As rcéit amac, overflowing; an overflow, an overplus; a spawning; an unravelling of yarn; As rcéit an traáta, unravelling the yarn; rcéit rola, a shower of blood; a great issue of blood; also rcéiteacaint (M.).

Scent, name of the letter X (P. O'C.).

Scent-angcip, -e, f., a boil in the

throat (Con.).

Sceiteao, -τċe, m., a hunt, an onset; γ. ζέαμ, a brisk hunt; ċuiμ mé γ. σe'n maσao inγ na caoiμiζ, I set (incited) the dog on the sheep (Don.).

Scenteoz, -013e, -03a, f., a haw, the fruit of the whitethorn. See

rceacóio.

Scéitim, vl. rcéit, rcéiteat, and rcéiteataint, v. tr., and intr., I vomit, spew, eject; I bud, spawn, put forth, throw up; with an and person, I betray, I reveal one's secrets, I unravel, as yarn; rcéitrit ré onm, he will betray me, inform against me.

Scéitte, p. a., scattered; vomited, spewed; overflown, dispersed, unravelled; tá pcéitte opta, they have been informed on.

Sceobnact, -a, f., fear, timidity.

Sceot. See rcéal.

Sceolanz, -ainz, pl. id., m., a runaway, a deserter, a fugitive; as adj., fleet, swift, agile (also rciúlanz).

Sceon, -oine, f., fright, dreaterror, confusion; a frighten look; táiniz rceon 'n-a rúil a frightened look came into eyes (also rcéan).

Sceonamail, -mila, a., wild cited, terrified, distracted ...

appearance.

Sceon-rúit, f., a wild, staring, mad-looking eye.

Sceon-rúileac, -lige, a., wild-looking, terrified-looking.

Sciam. See rcéim.

Sciamac, -aige, a., beautiful, handsome, fair, lovely, elegant, graceful, blooming, ornamental.

Sciamact, -a, f., beauty, loveliness,

elegance.

Sciamao, -mita, m., the act of

beautifying, adorning.

Sciamoa, indec. a., beautiful, lovely, elegant, adorned, ornamented.

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Sciamoact, -a, f., comeliness, grace, elegance, adornment.

Sciamstan, -aine, a., of fair beauty. Sciamuizim (rciamaim) -mao, v. tr., I beautify, adorn, ornament, bedeck, dress.

Scian, g. peine or peeine, d. peein and reisin, pl. reesna, f., a knife, a dagger; reian raoa, a sword.

Scian beannita, f., a razor.

Scian eite, f., a penknife (Cav.).

Scian fota, f., a lancet.

Scian maria, f., the razor-fish.

Sciat, g. rcéite, pl. rciata, f. (somet. m.), a wing, a fin; a buckler, a shield; a basket in the form of a shield.

Sciatac, -aize, a., winged; having a shield; streaked with white,

Sciatac, -ais, m., a cow having white streaks on her side (O'R.).

Sciatán, -áin, pl. id., m., a wing, a fin; the hand, the arm; a wicker-work partition; hurdles; τά rciatáin móna ré (also ain), he is very demonstrative; τά an t-éan an rciatán, the bird is flying, "on the wing" (Con.).

Sciatánac, -aise, a., winged, widespreading.

Sciatán leatain, m., a bat (the

animal).

Sciatóz, -ó15e, -ó5a, f., a shieldlike vessel of wicker-work for holding and drying potatoes, etc.; the detachable base of a pannier.

Scib, -e, f., the hand, the fist; a stingy housewife; a small boat;

rcibin, dim.

Scibeoiti, -otta, -ottivoe, m., a steersman, a skipper.

rcibine.

Scibim, -eao, v. tr., I steer, guide (a ship); I equip (a ship) for sailing.

Scibine, g. id., pl. -price, m., a

sailor, a skipper.

Scibipeact, -a, f., rowing, sailing,

skipping.

Scroin, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a trifle, a morsel, a small potato, anything small (Don.). See reeroin. Scize, g. id., f., jeering, derision, mockery, scoffing, ridicule, taunt, waggery, buffoonery; burro rá rcize, they burst into derision.

Scizeamail, -mla, a., scornful, derisive, ridiculous, sneering,

taunting.

Sci5im, -zeao, v. tr., I put to shame, mock, deride, scorn, taunt.

Scizine, g. id., pl. -proe, m., a buffoon, a mocker, a derider, a scorner, a taunter, a wag.

Scizipeact, -a, f., the act of taunting, mockery, derision

waggery, buffoonery.

Scite, g. id., f., the shelling of corn; also shelled corn.

Scileao. See reiollao.

Scilice, g. id., f., the shelling of corn; známne rcemn ó rcitic' a grain that escaped shelling; a lusus naturæ ; cf.:

Oá óize í an coill 'na mbíonn an topao boz bláit,

Seobran innce an chionnact zan topao zan blát,

Seobran an oniovan in-ioctan an croitis bionn lán,

'S o'n mbuoin vo rcionvann ríot zan reitie' on cáit. -(páonais ua Ouinnín, a

poet of the 19th century): nom. also reitic, reitize; cf. prov. : casann spainne o'n reil-15e; as reilise éitis, lying

incessantly, "grinding out lies." Scilling, -e, pl. id., -roe and -teaca (Con.), f., a shilling; reilling albanac, a penny.

Scittéao, -é10, pl. id. and -éaoaroe, m., an iron saucepan, a

little pot; a skillet.

Scim, -e, f., a film; a fine covering; a doze, a film of sleep, a vision; rcím opaoroeacta, a fairy film (over the land, denoting prosperity) (O'Ra.); tux rí a rcím vá žnaoi ir a haonta, she gave her prosperity (?) and her consent to his complexion (O'Ra.); cf. reimeal, a film or web, and reim (reeam) na scloc, the wall fern; rcim

(rceam) vanac, oak fern; rcimξίόμας, heavy-sounding.

Scim, .1. cunam, care, anxiety,

solicitude (P. O'C.).

Scim, the scum of liquid. See reimeat and reim, supra.

Scimeac, -mize, a., anxious, soli-

citous.

Scimeat, -mit, m., a film or web; the scum of liquid.

Scimeat. See reeimeat.

Scim-żlónac, -aiże, a., heavysounding (O'Ra.).

Scimte. See reeimte.

Scím-rcuabac, -aize, a., sweeping away (rcim intensive) (O'Ra.).

Scinz, -e, -eaca, f., a yard, an enclosure, a garden; a hut, a booth, a shed; a rug, quilt (P. O'C.); a bed chamber, a bed (O'N.); also reeing.

Scinio, -e, f., a sharp-tongued woman; r. mná, id. (Don.).

Scinm, reinnead, reinn-, Jc. rceinm, rceinn-, 7c.

Scinnioeac, -oiże, a., apt to start, skittish. See rceinneroeac.

Scinnim. See pceinnim.

Sciob, -a, -anna, m., a snatch, a grasp

Sciobao, -bta, m., a snatching,

sweeping away.

Sciobato, -bta, m., a company; rciobao luinze, a ship's crew; act of manning, equipping a ship; act of sailing; reiobao (rcibeao) beatao, the course or order of life (P. O'C.). rcibim.

Sciobaim, -ao, v. tr., I steer, guide; equip (a ship). See rcibim.

Sciobaim, -ao, v. tr., I snatch, snap, sweep quickly away.

Sciobatta, indec. a., neat, tidy,

spruce, trim, active.

Sciobar, -air, m., a little sup, a a little drop of drink, a taste, a mouthful of drink.

Scioból, -óil, pl. id., m., a barn, a garner, a granary; ir mó an rcioból'ná an iotlann, the barn is bigger than the haggard.

Sciobia, p. a., snatched away.

Sciobiac, -aije, a., apt to snatch or carry away.

Sciovar, m., purge; milk sour and broken. See 5100an and rc100.

Scioopać, -aiż, pl. id., m., purge; very sour milk; worthless drink or fluid of any kind.

Sciotta, m., the daffodil (P. O'C.);

also resottam.

Sciotta, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a thin slice or pebble, a flat pebble; dim. rciottán, rciottóz.

Sciottao, -tra, m., act of shelling grain; fig., barging, scolding; being ban as reiollad an a céite, two women barging, also rcilead.

Sciolladóip, -ópa, -óipide, m., one who shells corn; a barge, a

Sciotlaim, -tab, v. tr., I shell grain, separate corn from the husk.

Sciotlam, m., the plant called

daffodil (P. O'C.).

Sciottán, -áin, pl. id., a thin slice, a kernel; a portion of a potato containing an "eye" cut for planting; az zeappao rciollán, cutting potatoes in "sets" for planting; groats, shelled oats; pron. rciolltán.

Sciollóz, -ó15e, -ó5a, f., a slice; a thin pebble. See rciottán.

Scioliza, p. a., shelled, separated from the husk, hulled; also neat, spruce, trim, active.

Sciolltaine, g. id., pl. -nióe, m., a very lean person (Aran).

Sciolltán. See pciollán.

Sciolltap, -aip, pl. id., m., a strip,a rag (somet. rciollcain).

Sciomatta, a., spruce, neat (rciobalta, id.).

Sciopoaim, -ao, v. intr., I flee, I fly quickly; I rush, burst forward; I squirt, I purge.

Sciopoain, -ana, f., a squirt, a

syringe (rcionván, id.).

Scionnao, -pta, m., act of slipping, sliding; r. rocail, a random expression.

Scioppiaim, -aò, v. intr., I slip, slide, tumble.

Scionnamail, -mla, a., accidental, calamitous, mischievous.

Scionη-δηόζ, f., a slipper for the foot.

Scioph-focat, m., a random expression, a hasty word.

Scionn-roctac, -aire, a., using random expressions, committing errors of speech.

Scroppts, p. a., slipped, fallen.

Scionitac, -aise, a., slipping, sliding; as subs., one that slips.

Scionnicán, -áin, pl. id., m., one who slips or slides.

Scionpicaro, -e, a., active, neat, tidy, tight, spruce, busy (Con.).

Scionta, g. id., pl. -ioe, m., a skirt, edge, border; rá m' rciontaioibre, under my protection; a bit, a fragment (Con.) (A.).

Sciontán, -áin, pl. id., m., a tick, a sheet, a coverlet; Aba na Sciontán, the name of a river and townland in East Kerry (where the meaning of pciontán is uncertain. See next word.

Sciontán, -áin, pl. id., m., a parasitical insect. See γceantán.

Sciop, -ipe, f., weariness, fatigue; tergeadap a priop viot, they rested, eased themselves; mo priop! alas! I am wearied (a common exclamation); priop is the M. nom., prip is also used as nom.).

Sciormaitic, m., a schismatic.

Sciot, -a, -anna, f., a partition of wattled rods.

Sciot, -a, -anna, m., a dart, an arrow.

Sciotaim, -aö, v. tr., I elip, l shorten; rciot an rát, elip the hedge.

Sciocaine, g. id., pl. -nioe, m., a giggler, a titterer.

Sciotaineact, -a, f., ridicule, laughter, giggling..

Sciotán, -áin, pl. id., m., a dart, an arrow. See rciot.

Sciot \$\frac{1}{2} \tau_i, -e, \frac{f}{c}, laughing, giggling, tittering, skitting.

Scioτός, -όιζε, -όζα, f., a woman with a short, skimpy dress.

Sciotuižte, p. a., clipped, shortened, skimpy.

Scip. See pciop.

Sciptine, g. id., pl. price, m., a

jester, a prater.

Scít, -e, f., a pause, a rest, stopping, delay, breathing-time; fatigue, weariness; teiz oo rcít, take your rest; zan rcít, without ceasing, unweariedly; véan vo rcít, rest a little.

Scite, g. id., pl. -troe, m., a ray-

fish, the maiden ray.

Scíteac, -tiţe, a., fatigued, weary; easy, patient, quiet, resting.

Scítiţim, -ıuţao, v. tr. and intr., I weary, fatigue; I grow weary or fatigued; also I rest, ease myself, pause.

Scítiugao, -igte, m., a tiring, wearying; growing tired or weary; resting, easing oneself,

pausing.

Sciuițio, -e, -eanna, f., a rush, a jerk; a violent burst of water; reiuițio țieata, a rush, a violent run.

Schulppe, g. id., pl. -proe, f., an affliction, a scourge, a whipping; a rod, an instrument of attack.

Sciuificato, -ree, m., act of whipping, scourging; a whipping, also reinfrato.

Schuhreoin, -ona, -onhoe, m., a scourger, a flogger, a whipper.

Schuppim, -peao, v. tr., I scourge, whip, chastise.

Sciumao, -mta, m., act of baring, stripping, skinning.

Sciumaim, -ao, v. tr., I bare, strip,

Sciúnz, -úinze, f., a puff of breath, a sigh; azur í inr an rciúinz oeineannaiz oein anát, while she was in the very last gasp of life.

Sciúμαο, -μτα, m., the act of scouring, cleansing, purging, purifying.

Sciúpaim, -ao, v. tr., I scour,

purge; tear, burst.

Sciúpán, -áin, pl. id., m., a scouring; a wash-ball.

Sciunta. See reininte.

Sciúprac, -aize, -aca, f., an impudent, saucy girl.

Sciúppao, -pta, m., act of scourging, whipping, beating. rciuinread.

Sciúppáil, -ála, f., a scourging, a

lashing, a severe flogging.

Sciuppaim, -rao, imper. reinpr, v. tr., I scourge, whip, lash, persecute, pursue.

Sciúητός, -όιςe, -όςa, f., a quarter of a farthing, a trifle (Con.); ni't r. ann, there's nothing at all there (Don.).

Sclába, g. id., pl. -roe., m., a slave, a bondsman (nom. also rctát).

Sclábaroeact, -a, f., slavery, servitude; manual labour;

rctábact, id.

Scláburoe, g. id., pl. -oce, m., a slave; a peasant; a labourer; one who does drudging agricultural work (as digging, etc.); ir cú an r., what a wretch you are (Don.).

Sclaröin = claröin, g. id., pl. -röe, m., the draft-post or beam of a

cart.

Sclaimeanact, -a, f., greediness, a propensity to snatch; abusiveness, scolding.

Sclam, -aime, -a, f, a bite, a

nip.

Sclamac, -aize, a., greedy, snatching, grasping, abusive; foulmouthed.

Sclamact, -a, f., abusiveness, scolding; an inclination to snatch or grasp greedily.

Sclamaim, -mao, v. tr., I seize, snatch by force; abuse, scold.

Sclamaine, g. id., pl. -proe, m., an usurper, a snatcher, one who seizes by force; an abusive, foul-mouthed fellow.

Sclamóz, -ó1ze, -óza, f., a rash word, a harsh reply; a nip, a

bite (Don.).

Scláta, g. id., pl. -1 oe, m., a slate, a tile; reac r., a slated house (ciż plinne or ciż cinn plinne, id., M.).

Sclátaine, g. id., pl. -nice, m., a slater.

Sclátóin, -óna, -óinite, m., a slater.

Scláturoe, g.~id.,~pl.~-oce, m.,the wood-louse (oniscus); a "slater."

Scléip, -e, f., ostentation, vaunting, pleasure, pastime, joy, revelry, rowing; as ottmacan rcléipe, starting a row, beginning to fight (Con.).

Scléipeac, -pize, a., ostentatious, vaunting, fond of pleasure, mirthful, given to revelry.

Scléipine, g. id., pl. -nioe, m., an ostentatious fellow, a vaunter, one fond of pleasure revelry.

Scléipineact, -a, f., ostentatiousness, silly vaunting, rollicking

fun, revelry.

Scteo, g. id., m., high language, pompous words; the voice of beagles; also a shade; misery, compassion. See 51eo.

Scleoro, -e, f., a silly person, a sloven, a slattern; slovenliness,

filth.

Scleoroeamail, -mla, a., slovenly, drabbish, sluttish; silly.

Schupac, -aize, -aca, f., a slattern, a slut; a gossip.

Schunact, -a, f., sluttishness; idle

Sclos, $-lu_{15}$, $m_{.}$, the neck, the throat (also retuz).

Sclozao, -zża, m., a clucking noise in the throat; a drawing the last breath.

Sclozaim, -ao, v. intr., I make a clucking noise in the throat; I draw the last breath.

Sclozżail, -e, f., act of clucking in the throat; drawing the last breath.

Sclóro, -e, f. See rcleoro.

Sclóin, -óna, -óince, f., a swivel; the iron hoop mounted on either side of the swingle-tree of a plough.

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Sclónoan, -ain, m., pride, high spirit, enthusiasm, great vivacity, high merriment; boasting, cf. Taos a' retónoain, boasting Tadhg.

Scluiz, he died. See rclozaim.

Schuigin, g. id., pl.-ioe, m., neck of a bottle.

Schuthuiste, in phr. tá an muc rcturnuite, the pig is emaciated (with hunger) (Con.).

Scoblac. See zoblac.

Scoo, g. rcu10, pl. id., m., a skirt, a lappet; the sheet of a sail; tannaing irceac an rcoo, draw in the sail-sheet; rcoo reoit, the sheet-sail; a boat, a smack.

Scoost, -ait, m., thin porridge.

See rcovalac.

Scooatac, -ais, -aise, m., thin porridge; fig. a tall gaunt person: ouine zan iomanca "ceacc anian" ann (Clare).

Scoouioe, g. id., pl. -ote, m., a good-for-nothing person, one who follows his own will.

Scoz, -u1z, -a m., a flighty, lightheaded fellow; rcoisín, id.

Scosaine, g. id., pl.-nióe, m.rcos.

Scozaineact, -a, f., levity, lightheadedness.

Scóro, -e, f., pomp, show, coquetry,

pedantry, pride.

Scóroeamart, -mta, a., showy, pompous, foppish, pedantic; coquettish, flirting.

Scóiz, -e, -eanna, f., the neck, the throat; rcóisín, dim., id.

Scóigin, g. id., pl. -ròe, m., a drunken fellow (P. O'C.).

Scoigneán, -áin, pl. id., m., a fan; a riddle.

Sco15neo14, -044, -01410e, m., a riddle, sieve (Arm.).

Scott, g. -e, pl. -eanna, -eaca, rcolta, rcola and rcoilteac-Aroe (Con.), f., a school; fig. a large number; a shoal (of fish); ápo-rcoit, high school, academy college; máizirtin rcoite, a schoolmaster.

Scortz, -e, -eaca, f., a cleft, a slit, a crack, a fissure, a split.

Scotteac, $-\tau_1\dot{\varsigma}e$, -a, f., a heaving agitation of the stomach; rheumatic pains (generally used in the plural).

Scoilteac, -tize, a., splitting, dividing; that splits or cleaves.

Scotteso, -cte, m., the act of cleaving, splitting, tearing open.

Scoilteán, -áin, pl. id., m., a fissure; a splinter, a slice, a cleft, a crack, an aperture; one of the sets into which a seedpotato is cut for sowing. See rciollán.

Scotteos, -oise, -osa, f, seed potatoes cut into sets (Der.).

Scoiltim, vl. regitt and -teato, v. tr. and intr., I cleave, split, rend, tear, burst, burst asunder; 50 rcoilτιό ré oμτ, may it cause you to burst (a meal, etc.); rcoiterio an concán, the pot will burst.

Scotte-néabao, m., act of cleaving

and rending asunder.

Scóip, -e, f., freedom, roóm, scope, stretch; often used loosely for

pleasure, etc., in poetry.

Scoit, -e, -eaca, f., a pool, a pond; the air of a song; cuin rcoit terr na roctarb rin, sing those words (U.); tabain reoit an ceoil oam, sing the air for me (Om.).

Scort-béants, g. id., m., the Gaelic tongue, the language of the

Scots or ancient Irish.

Scoit-Jéan, - $\dot{5}$ éine, α ., sharppointed.

Scortioeact, -a, f., quackery.

Scoitim, -teato, v. tr., I pull, drag, tear (also reaitim). See reot-

Scoitin, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a little wisp of hemp or flax; a small lock of hair.

Scoit-liomta, indec. a., with sharpened edge.

Scoitneán, -áin, pl. id. and -ána, m., a winnowing riddle; also rcoisneán.

Scoit-neimneac, -nite, a., keenedged.

Scot, g. rcoit, m., a shoal or great quantity of fish. See Scott.

Scot, g. rcoit, pl. id., m., a cry, a shriek, a lamentation; ir bneak an rcol atá aici, she has a beautiful lamentation voice; oo car rí rcot otozón, she raised her voice in lamentation; also said of laughter, etc. (also rcal): bainread ré an r. ar caitinioib óza, he would cause young girls to shriek with laughter (song, Arm.).

Scotac, -aize, a., patronising

schools.

Scólao, -lca, m., the act of burning, scalding, withering; heartburning; mo rcótao! ah, woe! Scotaroeact, -a, f., schooling,

education; scholarship.

Scólaim, -lao, v. tr., I scald, I scorch; I rinse with hot

water.

Scolámoeact. See rcolámeact. Scotáine, g.~id.,~pl.~- μ ròe, m.,~a scholar, a student; one who has some education, as distinguished from an illiterate; rcoláme boct, a "poor scholar," a student who had a great desire for learning, and promised well, but who was too poor to pursue his studies at his own expense. A few such students attended the best schools, and were maintained free of charge in the houses of the neighbourhood. It was usual for the "poor scholar" to receive invitations from his fellow-students to their homes, which he accepted in turn. The neighbours vied with each other as to who should have the honour of being host to the "poor scholar." This custom lasted down to our own day. Scotáin, -ne (U_{\cdot}) ; somet. pron. rcottaine and rclaithe (M.).

Scotámeact, -a, f., scholarship; education; learning.

Scotános, indec. a., scholastic.

Scotb, g. reuitb, pl. id., m., a battle, a skirmish, a conflict; rcolb na rcian, a skirmish fought with knives (O'Br.).

Scotb, g. reuitb and reuitbe, pl. reuitb and reotba, m. and f., a splinter (of wood or bone); a scollop, a thorn, a goad; a wooden pin or wattle used in thatching; a spar, a briar; ní hé lá na zaoite lá na rcolb, the windy day is not the day to procure spars for thatching, i.e., the thatching should be done before the wind comes; rcotb Siumaire, a small block of bogdeal used for firing.

Scotbac, - a_1 , thorny, prickly;

splintered.

Scolbánac, -ais, -aise, m., a youth, a stripling; a wiry lad.

Scolbánta, a., thin, slender; apt

to break into splinters. Scolbántact, -a, f., aptness to

break up into splinters; resemblance to a splinter.

Scotb-zaot, f., sharp, piercing wind (Kea.).

Scot- $\dot{\mathbf{z}}$ áine, g.~id.,~m., loud laughter; horse-laugh.

Scollaö, -lca, m., scolding, clamour.

Scottaine, $g.\ id.,\ pl.$ -proe, $m.,\ a$ clown, a churl.

Scottóip, -ópa, -óipiöe, m., a scold, a brawler.

Scotóz, -ó15e, -ó5a, f., a shriek of laughter; rcotóz záme, a loud, hearty laugh (Don.).

Scolóz, -ó1ze, -óza, f., a rustic, a husbandman, a farmer; an idle officious old man.

Scot-010e, m., a teacher, a school-

Scol-oroear, m., schooling, education; rcol-oroeacar, id.

Scot páma, m., one rowing with another; the inner man, or man who holds the stout part of the oar, as distinguished from the man who holds the handle or ceann an maroe, in a seine-boat

(Ker.); cf. Eng. scull, which, however, differs in meaning.

Scótta, p. a., scalded, scorched, roasted, burned.

Scottao, -aio, m., a cleaving, a splitting.

Sconna, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a tap, a water-spout (W. Ker.).

Sconnac, -aiże, a., rash, hasty,

abrupt, indiscreet.

Sconnaire. g. id., pl. -nioe, m., a reckless fellow; a trifler, a prater, a whiffler, a dunce; also, a tall slender young person who has grown to a height much above his age; a rash hasty person; cf. a reconnaire an equite, thou merry fellow (Condon).

Sconnaineact, -a, f., rashness, abruptness, indiscretion; rcon-

nar, id.

Sconnarac. See rconnac.

Sconn-tabaint, -banta, f., rash hasty talk.

Sconn-tabhaim, -baint, v. tr. and intr., I talk rashly or inconsiderately.

Sconnóz, -ó1ze, -óza, f., a rash, hasty or inconsiderate word.

Sconnça, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a sconce; a drain; a "moat"; a fence; often applied to the drain made by cutting turf.

Sconnpac, -aiże, a., full of drains

or sconces.

Scop, g. rcuip, pl. rcopa, m., a troop, a company; a champion; a stud of horses.

Scop, -cuip, pl. id. and rcopa, m., a rock concealed by the sea; a

shelf or tail of a bank.

Scop, -cuip, pl id. and γcopa, m., a cut, a gash, a section, a mark made by a knife or sword; a slice cut off by a knife; 'γé mo cion oe'n nootaiz γcop oe bpaoán, my portion of the Christmas festivities is a section or slice of a salmon; γcop a cup 'γan ctabap, to cut a noteh in the mantle-piece, which was done in commemoration of an important event; γcop in this

sense must not be confounded with rcón which is of English origin; an rcon an bit, at any

rate (Don.).

Scón, -όιη, pl. id., m., a sear, a cut; a score, twenty; a mark, a notch, a stick on which labourers mark the number of days which they have worked (A.); ταιαπ γεόιη, land rented by labourers to raise a crop on; αn γεόη οο ξιαπαό, to pay the reckoning.

Scopać, -aiż, -aiże, m., a valiant youth, a stripling; as a., possessed of studs of horses.

Scoparoeact, -a, f., a festival, a festive gathering, an assembly; a gossiping visit to a neighbour's house.

Scopáil, -ála, f., a gashing, a lancing

Scopaim, -a \dot{o} , v. tr., I lance, I

scarify, I mangle.

Scopán, -áin, pl. id., m., a little bar or pin formerly used instead of a button; a nail used in carpentry for a brace-button; the pin or peg of a straddle.

Scopn, -cuipn, m., disdain, seorn, dislike, detestation; shame; bao r. tiom é oéanam, I'd disdain

to do it (M.).

Scónnac, -aige, -aca, f., the throat; the wind-pipe; a long narrow defile; ubatt na rcónnaige, the larynx; bun na rcónnaige, back of the throat; m., in parts of Con.

Scottnais, m. pl., straddle pins

(Con.).

Scónnán, -áin, pl. id., m., the throat.

Scónn-cantbe, the flap or lid of the weasand or gullet of the throat (P. O'C.).

Scónnζαι, -e, f., a grasping by the throat; γcónnζαι bράιζοε, id.

Scontur, -uir, m., throat-wort, a kind of plant (O'C.).

Sconός, -όιςe, -όςa, f., a straddle pin; a peg.

Scopóro, a table-cloth; also reap-

Scon γιατηκό, m., the pin or peg of a straddle for suspending a pair of baskets; dim. γιομός γιατηκό, id.

Scontánac, -aiż, -aiże, m., a strip-

ling, a young man.

Scot, -01te, -a, f., a flower, a blossom; a young shoot, a scion, a branch of a family; the hair forming the tip of the tail; a sharp edge or point of anything; a reef; rcot an pobait, the flower of the flock.

Scot, g. γcu₁τ, pl, id., m., a shot; reckoning; joint collection for a feast or reckoning; Δ1μ3εΔο γcu₁τ, compensation for trespass.

Scotac, -aiże, a., producing branches or flowers; youthful.

Scotačán, m. See rcatačán. Scotač, -tta, m., act of tearing (e.g., hair); pulling, dragging,

scutching.

Scotaim, -aō, v. tr., I tear, drag, pull; I shed, drop, leave behind; I scutch, beat a sheaf of corn to make it shed its grain; a5 rcotao tín, pulling flax up by the roots; oo rcoit mé é, I passed him (going in the same direction), I left him behind; tá chuo rcoite a5 an 5capatt, the horse has dropped a shoe.

Scotamail, -mla, a., chosen, select,

choice.

Scot-A01 \mathfrak{p} , f., a fairly advanced age (M).

Scot-Aorta, a., middle-aged,

elderly (M.).

Scot-buaitim, -buatao, v. tr., I thresh lightly or in part; I beat

lightly.

Scot-bualao, -ailte, pl. id., m., the act of threshing lightly or in part; beating out lightly; threshing, beating.

Scor buroe, f., a kind of seaweed used for making kelp and for

manure.

Scot lin, f., a bundle of flax.

Scotóz, -óize, -óza, f., a blossom or flower; an ornamental tassel or tuft, as on a shawl.

Scotos trabam, f., bog-down, cotton-grass.

Schaba, g. id., pl. -nna, m., a passing shower, a dark cloud (W. Ker.).

Schábac, -aiţe, -aca, f., an untidy, ugly, close-fisted woman; anything worthless; rchábac cantliţe, an old hag; reanrohábac cánta, a worthless, "plebeian card."

Schábac, -aiże, a., rough, ragged;

scarce.

Schábacán, -áin, pl. id., m., a rough

scraper or curry-comb.

Schabaö, -baiöte, m., a scratching, an itching; rchabaö rpeile, the sweep of a scythe in cutting; rchabaö μάρμιμ, the drawing of a razor on the face; της γέγςμαβαὸ ρέ, he made a lunge at him.

Schabaoóiμ, -όμα, -όμιο, m., a grasping, avaricious man.

Schábaim, -baro, v. tr., I scrape, I scratch.

Schábán, -áin, m., coarsely-woven cloth.

Schábánac, -aiże, a., rough, coarse.

Schábánact, -a, f., roughness, coarseness.

Sepábánta, a., rough, rugged.
See pepeabánta.

Schazatt, -aitt, pl. id., m., a gold foil, a thin leaf of gold or silver; tinfoil, spangle.

Schazallac, -aiże, a., like gold or

silver leaf, spangled.

Scháib (γcháib), -e, -eaċa, f., a fit, as of wind or rain; γcháib 5aoiċe, a gust of wind; γcháib ċeaċa, a shower of rain. See γchaba.

Schaib-reaga, g.id., m., a handsaw. Schaideoz, -01ze, -0za, f., a small morsel; a diminutive female.

Schárdeozač, -arže, a., ugly; diminutive.

Scháidín, g. id., pl. -ide, m., a diminutive little fellow, a scrap; a small unripe apple; a small

article of food, etc., as a small herring, a small potato.

Schaimín, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a mean fellow.

Scharte, g. id., pl. -troe, m., a

sluggard, an indolent person; r. na víze (Mon. song).

Scharreac, -tize, a., slothful, lazy, indolent.

Schairteact, -a, f., laziness, sloth-fulness, indolence.

Schairteamail, -mla, a., slothful, lazy, indolent.

Schairteamtact, -a, f., laziness, indolence.

Schalt, -e, -10e, f., a rag.

Schait, -aite, -ataca, f., a green sod, a green sward, a scraw, a layer of lea surface; pchait botzáin, a quagmire (Con.); pchait żtiozain, id. (Clare); pchait-muinz, id.; pchait bozáin and pchait bozavaiż, id. (N. Con.); pchait tuinze (also p. tuinz, id.) (Don.).

Schaiteoz, -01ze, -0za, f., a green sod.

Schaitim, -ataò, v. tr., I pare off the surface, strip off.

Schamaroe, g. id., pl. -oroe, m., an ungainly, dull person (Con.).

Schámaim, -maö, v. tr., I snatch, I snap, I grab.

Schámaine, g. id., pl.-hiōe, m., an extortioner, a snapper.

Schámaineact, -a, f., extortion, snapping, grabbing.

Schamuroe, g. id., pl. -ote, m., a tall awkward person (Mayo).

School, g. id., pl. -te, f., a clutch of young birds with a hen (Mon.) (=rcaot?).

Schata, g. id., pl. -ioe, m., a lazy person; rchata ξan bhís, a listless, inactive person (Mayo); also a ragged, worthless person.

Schatac, -aize, a., belonging to a green sward or turf; covered with a green sward.

Schatán, -áin, pl. id., m., a light green sward. See rchait. Schatánac. See rchatác.

Schatánac, -aiz, pl. id., m., a lazy person.

Schatzait, -e, f., act of stripping off the green surface of the lea.

Scheab, -eibe, -aca, scraping or crust of porridge adhering to the pot (Don.). See reprobaband repeam.

Scheabalt, -ailt, pl. id., m., a scruple (worth three or four pence); rcheabalt bacair, the fees formerly paid for baptism, a present given by a newly-married couple; ni't rcheabalt aige, he has not a cent (pron. generally rcheapalt).

Scheabánta, a., rocky, uneven, stiff; rough (of land); tatam r. chuaro, rough-skinned, stony land, hard to till (Don.); also renábánta.

Schéac, -éice, -a, f., a screech, a moan, a shriek, a yell.

Schéacac, -aiże, f., a screaming, shouting, yelling.

Schéacao, -cza, m., act of screeching.

Scheacaite, g. id., pl. -troe, m., an untidy or bumptious person.

Schéacaim, -cao and -cáil, v. intr.,
I scream, screech, shriek, whoop.

Schéacaine, g. id., pl. -nioe, m., one who shrieks or yells.

Schéacaineact, -a, f., act of screeching, crying, yelling.

Schéacán chearac, m., a vulture (Sh.); rchéacán heitze, an owl $(P.\ O'C.)$.

Schéacós, -óise, -ósa, f., a jay; a screech-owl; rchéacós heitse, a screech-owl.

Scheao, -a, -anna, m., a scream, a cry, a yell; a cry of supplication; repead na majone, the dawn of day (Mayo; r. majone opt, confound you (Con.).

Scheadac, -aiże, f., act of screaming, crying, yelling; az rcheadaiż, howling, yelling.

Scheadac, -aize, a., shrieking, screaming, screeching.

Scheadacán, -áin, pl. id., m., a little squaller, a crying infant.

Scheadao, -ota, m., the act of screeching, bawling, roaring.

Scheadaim, -Dao, rchead and (AZ) repeadais, v. intr., I cry, I shout, I bawl, shriek, screech, scream, roar, shout aloud; squeak; I cry out to, implore (with an).

Scheadaine, g. id., pl. -nioe, m., a crier, a brawler, a screecher.

Scheadal, -ail, pl. id., m., shrieking, crying, yelling.

Scheadalac, -aise, a., crying,

shrieking, bawling.

Scheadán, -áin, pl. id., m., the noise of anything being torn (as paper).

Scheadannac, -aize, f., act of

shrieking, screeching.

Scheados, -615e, -65a, f., a sharp or sour drink; a sort of screw.

Scheaz (cheaz), -eize, -a, f., a rock, a crag, a rocky cliff; pl. also reneasarbe; nom. also rcheis.

Scheazac, -aize, a., rocky, craggy,

full of rock-cliffs.

Scheasán, -áin, pl. id., m., rocky ground.

Scheazánac. See rcheazac.

Scheam, -eime, f., a thin film or veil on fluids or solids; rust; scruff, crust; an excrescence; dims. reneamán and reneamós; Tá reneam an a teanzain, his tongue is furred.

Scheamac, -aise, a., crusty, scruffy,

furry.

Scheamán, -áin, m. See rcheam. Scheamóz, - 61ze, - 6za, f., a crust, a scab. See rcheam.

Scheapall, -aill, pl. id., m., a scruple (weight), a trifle. See reneaball.

Schear, in phr. ni't bonn repear Asam, I haven't a "rap," I have

no money (N. Con.).

Scheatall, -aill, m., a fragment, a bit, a particle; with neg., nothing; repeatall na ηξμάρ, not a particle in the world, nothing; cf. repeaball, repeapall

Scheatan, coarse land (?); common in names of townlands in Kerry, etc.

Scheiz, -e, -eaca, f., a rock, a crag; rocky ground. See reneas.

Scheizeamail, -mla, a., rocky.

Scheizim, -zeao, v. tr., I fry.

See reniob. Schib.

Schibinn, -bne, pl. id. and -beanna, f., a writing, a manuscript, a document; superscription; a bill, a bond, a writ; evidence in writing; rchibinn veatuite, a bill of divorce; táim-rchíbinn, manuscript; an Schibinn Olada, the Sacred Scriptures; nom. also rchibeann.

Schibneoin, -ona, -onnibe, m., a

writer, a scribe.

Schibneoineact, -a, f., profession of a scribe, writing; penmanship; inscription; the act of writing; used in much the same way as renibinn.

Schío,-e, f., a gasp; the last breath. Schin, -e, -ce, f., a shrine; rchin na naom, the shrine of the

saints.

Schiob, -ibe, -a, f., a scrape, a scratch, a notch; track, mark, line, furrow; a contest; a limit; career, progress; a scraper; an itching of the lips, portending a kiss or feast; ceann renibe, the goal; i noeipeao na rchibe, at the close of the contest; cun ré rcμίδ, to sow (corn) with the harrow; támis reniob an a choroe, he became overwhelmed with sorrow.

Schiobac, -aize, a., scratching, scraping; prone to scratch.

Schrobac, -aiże, f., itch.

Schrobac, -ais, m., bad pasture

(Ferm., Sup.).

Schiobao, -bia, m., the act of scratching, scraping; the portion of any substance that clings to the sides or bottom of a vessel. and is removed by scraping; concain, rchiobao an scrapings of a pot of stirabout, etc.; act of engraving.

Schiobaoóin, -όμα, -όιμισε, m., a

scraper, a grater.

Schíobaoóiμ, -όμα, -όμμιοe, m., a writer, a notary, a clerk, a scrivener, a scribe.

Schiobadoineact, -a, f., the pro-

fession of writing.

Schiobaroeact, -a, f., scratching, scraping; engraving.

Schiobardeact, -a, f., writing. Schiobart, -ata, f., act of scratching, scraping, clawing; act of scraping together carefully; act of husbanding miserly.

Schiobaim, -ao, v. tr. and intr., I write, inscribe, design, draw.

Schiobaim, -bao, v. tr., I scrape, rub the surface, scratch, draw lines or strokes on the surface, engrave; lay waste.

Schiobaine, g. id., pl.-hiòe, m., a graving tool, style; an en-

graver, a grater.

Schiobáturoe, g. id., pl. -ote, m., one who scrapes things together, or is close and stingy; a miser,

Schiobán, -áin, pl. id., m., a potsherd; a currycomb, a woolcard; a rake, hoe, scraper; rchiobán (Don.), a grater (for grating potatoes and making boxty, etc.).

Schrobtún teanzaine, m., a thin,

emaciated person.

Schiobia, p. a., written.

Schnobzúih, g. -τύμα and -τύιμε, pl. -μιόε, f., Scripture.

Scrioburoe, g. id., pl. -ote, m., a scribe.

Schiocán, remiocaroe, a small potato (Con.). See cheacán, cheacaroe.

Scrior, -ta, pl. id., m., destruction, ruin, devastation, ravage, plunder; act of sweeping away, destroying, tearing.

Schiopac, -aise. a., destructive,

ruinous, wasteful.

Schioraσόιη, -όηα, -όιμισe, m., a destroyer, a spoiler.

Schiopadóineact, -a, f., a destroying, spoiling, sweeping away.

Schiopaim, vl. rehiop and rehiopao, v. tr., I destroy, ruin, rob, annihilate, raze, sweep the surface off from anything; blot out, wipe away; tear off, ravage, devastate.

Schioraine, g. id., pl. -hioe, m., a

spoiler, a destroyer.
Schior-buille, m., a destructive

stroke.

Schiorta, p. a., ruined, destroyed, swept away, devastated, plundered, laid bare.

Schiorcoin, -όμα, -όιμισε, m., a

destroyer, a spoiler.

Scniota, g. id., pl. -nna, m., a halyard. Scniotačán, -áin, pl. id., m., a noisy

Schiotacán, -áin, pl. id., m., a noisy infant.

Schiotalitac, -aiţ, m., the bare life, the last breath; ir an éiţin a bí an repiotalitac ann, he was hardly alive; atá an repiotalitac imtiţte aram, I am dead, hardly alive at all (also reiotalitac).

Schicin, a shrine (?); na paopais uite zan repicin'ran uais an tán, all the Powers laid low in the grave without a shrine (Wall). See regin.

Schob, -huib, pl. id., m., the craw

of a bird; repobán, id.

Schoba, g. id., pl. -nna, m., a screw, vice.

Schobao, bia, m., the act of scrubbing (A.)

Schobaim, -ao, v. tr., I scratch, scrape, rub briskly (A.)

Schobaine, g. id., pl. -proe, m., a scrub, a churl, a niggard.

Schobaiheact, -a. f., niggardliness, churlishness.

Schoba láime, m., a hand screw, a hand vice.

Schoz, -huize, - α f., an old cow or ewe; γchozóz, id.

Schoz, m., a small or narrow neck. See rchozatt.

Scηοζαċ, -aiże, a., small-necked, narrow-necked.

Schozatcán, -áin, pl. id., m., a long-necked, ungainly fellow.

Schozatt, -aitt, pl. id., m., the throat; the jowl of a bottle; a narrow defile.

Schozallac, -aiże, a., having a

long thin neck.

Scholo, -e, -eaca, f., a bunch, a cluster; a treat, a lunch; bίου γεμοιο αξατ μόπαπ, have lunch ready when I arrive; παμ ceiteao mná απ γεμοιο, as women used to hide the dainty viands.

Scrotta, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a roll, a swathe, a volume, a schedule,

a scroll.

Schubah, -aih, m., scrubbage, rub-

bish, lumber, trash.

Schubahnac, -aiż, m., young, worthless animals or things; refuse; refubahnac coille, underwood, brushwood; refubahnac áimnéire, young, worthless cattle.

Scηύολό, -οċλ, m., a searching, examination, act of scrutinizing; λζ γςηύολό (or γςηύουζλό) téiζinn, engaged in learned research, studying; also γςηύουζλό.

Schúdaim, -Δό, v. tr. See γεμύσ-

uığım.

Schűożaċ, -ċaiże, α., apt to search or examine.

Schúουζού, m. See γεμύσου.

Schúouizim, -użao, v. tr., I search, examine, pry into, scrutinize, investigate.

Schúouiste, p. a., scrutinized, accurate, tried, searched, ex-

amined.

Schúouizteoih, -oha, -ohlioe, m., a searcher, an examiner, an inspector.

Schuibleac, -liż, m., rubbish, refuse; a heap of rubbish.

Schuizin, g. id., pl. -ioe, m., a neck, neck of a bottle, a name for the neck; a short-necked person; a slight, weak, delicate person.

Schúite, g. id., pl. -tròe, m., an old or awkward man; mé réin im' rchúite boċt ċaiċte 'ran

cumne, while I myself lay a helpless old man in the corner (song).

Schuinze, g. id., pl. -zioe and

- Δ ca, f., an engine.

Schult, -was, -tibe, m., a thin, gaunt, or mangy person.

Schurcín, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a thin, meagre, old or mangy man.

Schupatt, -aitt, pl. id., m., a scruple; humanity, pity, feeling; gan requipatt, unfeelingly, unscrupulously; cumpread ré requipatt an do choide, it would fill your heart with pity; in mon an requipatt é, it is a great cause of pity, a great loss.

Schuplac, -Διζε, α., humane, pitying, sympathetic; scrupulous.

Schut, -uit, pl. id., m.; nom. also rehuts. See rehuit.

Schúta, g. id., pl. -rôe, m., a shroud; a stay in rigging (Mayo).

Schutac, -aiże, a., lean, meagre; mean, contemptible, niggardly; mangy, itchy; zatan reputac, the itch (z. repatac, id., Don.).

Schutaioeact, -a, f., leanness, meagreness; manginess.

Scuab, -aibe, -aba, f., a broom; besom; a brush; brushwood; rcuab beite, birch broom; dims. rcuabán and rcuaibín.

Scuabać, -aiże, a., sweeping, brushing; in sweeping masses

(of the hair).

Scuabacán, -áin, pl. id., m., act of sweeping; constant or sustained sweeping; a little besom or broom.

Scuabao, -bta, pl. id., m., the act of sweeping, brushing; a sweeping.

Scuabadóin, -óna, -óinide, m., a sweeper, a scavenger, a brusher.

Scuabaim, -ao, v. tr., I sweep, I brush; I snatch away; rcuab teat, be off with you.

Scuabaine, g. id., pl. -proe, m., a

sweeper, a scavenger.

Scuabóς, -όιζε, -όζα, f., a small sheaf; a little broom; σ'όι γέ γ., he went on the spree.

Scuabia, indec. p. a., swept, brushed; snatched away.

Scuabiact, -a, f., sweeping, dust-

ing, brushing.

Scuaibín, g. id., pl.-ioe, m., a small broom; a clothes brush; a roulette table; a game of cards; the final game played at a cardtable; the stake which the professional card-player exacts for the use of his cards; as important remaining, playing free, in consequence of owning the cards and table; the sweep of a ball into the goal, by what is termed poaching.

Scuaib-tion, m., a drag-net, a

sweep-net.

Scuaibliún, m., an oven-sweep

 $(O^{\prime}R.).$

Scuaine (cuaine), g. id., pl. -nioe, m., a litter of pups; a litter of pigs; a sept or tribe; a family; not always used in contempt, often employed poetically; revaine built peo an peitt, this mad and treacherous tribe.

Scuan, in phr. ni't reéat na reuan uaro, there is no tidings whatever of him (Con.).

Scuapoaim, -ao, v. intr., I rush through, I flee, I run away.

Scubóg, -ó1ze, -ó5a, f., a small quantity of butter; a handful; a particle, a speck (U.).

Scuo, -u10, pl. id. and -anna, m., a ship, a smack. See Scoo.

Scuoal, -ail, pl. id., m., a useless fish, resembling a mackerel, said to be the ugliest fish in existence; a canoe-shaped piece of wicker-work, pointed at both ends, used for straining potatoes (διομοός in W. Ker.; γειατός in E. Ker.)

Scuduide. See rodaide, and add: r. Sinnpige=Sinnpead a bead cop-tannot, longnada rada caola uinti, asur í dána so mait asur seabac (Don.).

Scuibín, g. id., pl. -ioe, m., a pinch

(of snuff).

Scurote, a., scarce; niggardly; skimp (of dress); mean (of conduct); scant of (food, etc.).

Sculpim, vl. rcup and rcupao, v. tr. and intr., I cease, desist, halt, stop; I leave off (followed by oe); I unloose, unbind; unyoke (as horses); rcup rearca oeo' plár, cease now from your flattery.

Scuipteoz. See γειύρτός.

Scúit, -e, f., an intense feeling of ill-will, or rather desire to attack one; tá rcúit aige cuţam, he bears intense dislike to me; he is eager to attack me.

Scurepeáil, -ála, f., scutching; az r. lín, scutching flax (A.).

Scurreoin, -ona, -oinioe, m., a scutcher (of flax); a hatcheller.

Scúitte, p. a., worn away, frittered; made into fine pulp; reap rcúite, a man of attenuated features; eager to attack, eager to make an onset on (as on delicious food, etc.); an otaitneann mit teat; ní taitneann, ip oóit! táim rcúite cúiti; do you like honey: I suppose not, indeed! why, my teeth are on edge for it.

Scunnac. See rconnac.

Scup, -uip, pl. id., m., the act of ceasing, desisting, stopping, halting; separation, unyoking.

Scupac, -ai \dot{z} , m., a youth (Con.). Scu \dot{z} , m., the bark, the rind, what

can be peeled off.

Scutaim (rcucaim), vl. rcutat, v.

intr., I pass, go, proceed.

Scútam, vl. rcút, v. tr., I peel, strip; I reduce to fine pulp (as with a grater); I grind the teeth through anger or ill-feeling; I fritter away.

Scutar, -air, m., brambles used as

a fence.

So. For words beginning with ro., see ro.

Sé, per. prn., 3 sing., m., he, it; f. rí; pl. riso (140); in acc. and with

verbs pass. and with the assertive verb the initial r is omitted, as if e fin an reap, he is the man; buaiteat é te ctoic, he was struck with a stone; to buaitear é, I struck him.

Sé, numeral, six.

Sé, straying, wandering; oume ré nó reacháin, an odd (occasional) one (Con.). See

réao.

'Sé=iré, it is he, he is, it is it, it is.
-Se, emphatic suffix, applied to prn. 1st sing., mire, myself; mo náiote-re, my words; uaimre, from myself; demonstr., an comanta báir-re, this sign of death; to prep. prns., 3rd sing. fem. and 2nd pl.: aici-re, at or with herself; asaib-re, with yourselves.

Seabac, -aic, pl. id., m., a tray or trough in which labourers carry

mortar (P, O'C).

Seabac, -aic, pl. id., m., a hawk, a falcon; poet., a champion, a soldier; p.oioce, a night-hawk; peabac is a very commonly used in modern poetry to express a soldier, a hero, etc.

Seabas, m., the spleen; reabós,

J., ia.

Seabair, -e, f., a wandering or strolling.

Seabaireac, -riże, a., strolling, excursive.

Seabcamait, -mta, a., hawk-like, falcon-like, fierce; applied to the eyes by Fer.

Seabcamlact, -a, f., likeness to a

hawk.

Seabcán, -ánn, pl. id., m., a young hawk; the caul of a hawk; a place where a hawk is kept.

Seabcóin, -óna, -óinióe, m., a fowler, a falconer.

Seabconneact, -a, f., the act of hawking, fowling.

Seabóno, -e, pl. -noe and -eaca, f., an error; nonsense, folly.

Seabói peac, -oig, -oige, m., a straying, wandering, or foolish person.

Seabóroeac, -orige, a., wandering, foolish; discursive.

Seabóideact, -a, f., a straying, wandering; tendency to go astray.

Seabóroim, -oeao, v. intr., I wander, I err; I stray, I ramble.

Seabnac, -aize, a., hearty, lively, sprightly, vigorous; tá ré 30 reabμac, he is hearty and vigorous. This word is still used in Kerry. P. O'C. gives the meanings here given, which correspond to the spoken use; P. O'C. quotes ziotla reabnac rotaim raon, Jc. O'Br. (whom O'R. follows) gives the meaning as "certain, sure, true," quoting beant ir i so reabnac, an action that was certain; but this meaning does not correspond to the living use of the word; of a hale old man we say, tá ré 50 reabnac, he is vigorous; it is opposed to rombice.

Seabhán, -áin, m., the reeling or stunning caused by a blow

(Con.).

Seac, beyond, beside, side by side with, by, apart; past (ad.), farther than, rather than, before, in preference to, in comparison aside, else, otherwise, moreover, forward, onward; rá reac, by itself, separately, individually, by turns, respectively; reac a ceite, (any one) more than another; in phr. imtiste reac zeal le rán an traozail, wandering aimless in life; in M. sp. l., read in: in mait i an roione read in beit as thoio, patience is good in comparison to being contentious.

Seac, g. id., m., a turn; the quantity taken at a time; reactobac, a smoke of a pipe, i.e., the quantity smoked at a time.

Seaca, prep. prn., 3 pl., aside, beside them.

Seacao, ad., away, aside, astray. Seacaoao, -aio, pl. id., m., tradition, a delivering; a present, an offering; p. nootas, a Xmas present; p. taime, a tip.

Seacaib, prep. pr., 2 pl., beside you

(pl.) (rare).

Seacaroe, g. id., pl. -oroe, m., any object severely affected by frost; a frost-bitten potato, etc.; a person suffering severely from cold.

Seacaioim, -caoao, v. tr., I hand to (00) a person, deliver, pre-

sent, bestow.

Seacaim, -cao, v. tr. and intr., I wither, cause to wither, fade, decay, freeze, scorch, dry, parch.

Seacaim, -int, v. tr., I avoid, shun

See reachaim.

Seacainn, prep. pr., 1 pl., beside

us (rare).

Seacant, -canta, f., act of shunning; separation; avoiding, refusal; defence.

Seacanteac, -tiże, a., dismal, ominous; to be shunned; undesirable; allegorical (O'N.).

Seacam, prep. pr., 1 s., beside me

(rare).

Seacamait,-mita, a., frosty, frozen, ice-like.

Seacamail, -amila, a., surpassing, exceeding.

Seacamtact, -a, f., act or state of surpassing or exceeding. Seacamtact, -a, f., frostiness.

Seacán, -áin, pl. id., m., hoar frost, light frost.

Seacánact, -a, f., freezing.

Seacans, the space of seven years $(0^{\circ}N_{\bullet})$.

Seacán rneactaro, m., the bird called field-fare.

Seacánta, indec. p. a., dried, parched, hard, frosty.

Seacanta, indec. a., to be shunned, avoided; unlucky, ominous.

Seacantac, -aise, a., straying, wandering, avoiding. See reacanteac.

Seacantact, -a, f., hardness, as of frost; frostiness; state of being parched.

Seacantact, -a, f., a shunning, avoiding.

Seacat, prep. prn., 2 s., beside thee (rare).

Seacata. See reacanta.

Seacatact. See reacantact.

Seacbao, -baio, -baioe, m., a heifer.

Seaċ-ċaınn τ , f., an allegory. Seaċ-ċaınn τ eaċ, - τ ı $\dot{\varsigma}$ e, a., alle-

gorical.

Seac-σάπασ, m., the folding, shutting, or closing of doors (reac-σμαιο, id.).

Seac-féan, m., hay; rye.

Seac-żaijim, f., a bye-name, a nickname; a bye-title; a calling aside or apart.

Seac-zaipimim, vl. -zaipim, v. tr.,

I call aside or apart.

Séacta, g. id., pl. -aroe, m., a shrimp; fig. a weak, emaciated child.

Seac-labaint, -banta, f., byespeech; allegory.

Seac-tabanta, a., allegorical; apt to speak aside or apart.

Seac-labhaim, -baint, v. intr., I allegorize.

Seac-tuiże, g. id., m., a lying or stretching apart.

Seac-luizim, -uize, v. intr., I lie or stretch apart.

Seacma, ad., besides.

Seacmaillim, -cmall, v. tr., I forget.

Seacmatt, -aitt, m., neglect; forgetfulness, digression, partiality, waywardness.

Seacmattac, -ais, pl. id., m., a wanderer, a strayer; reacmattac repae, a vagrant (E. R.).

Seacmattac, -aige, a., careless, neglectful, oblivious, forgetful (of, rá), partial.

Seacmatta, indec. p. a., forgotten; forgetful.

Seacmalltact, -a, f., oblivion, forgetfulness.

Seac-mant, -mainte, a., quite dead; dead and cold.

Seachab, m., the next in degree to an abbot (P. O'C.).

Seachac (reachaoac), -naize, a., avoiding, shunning, escaping; as subs. an evader, an escaper.

Seachao, -canta, m., act of avoiding, evading, passing by, shunning, fleeing from; being on

one's guard against.

Seachaim, -nao and -caint, v. tr., I avoid, shun, pass by, evade, reject, abstain from, flee, am on my guard against; peacain tu péin (the stress is not laid on the monosyllables), mind yourself, look out, be on your guard; peacain an opoc-ouine, beware of an evil person; peacain an teanb an an oteinio, keep the child from the fire.

Seachoin, pr., throughout (with

gen.).

Seachac, -μαιζε, a., dirty, filthy. Seachacán, -áin, pl. id., m., a winter-nosed person; a frostbitten potato (W. Ker.).

Seachao, -aro, m., dirt, filth. Seacharoeact, -a, f., filth, dirt.

Seachaim, -ao, v.tr., I soil, pollute,

stain.

Seachán, -áin, pl. id., m., the act of wandering, straying; error, delusion, deception; an peachán, astray, straying, wandering; ouine ré nó reacháin, an odd (occasional) person (Con.).; an entanglement, a puzzle; an r. rhianac, the chain puzzle; τά r. ομτ, you are astray, on the wrong road. See Séao.

Seachánac, -aiţe, a., straying, full of error, wrong, wandering,

erring.

Seachánact, -a, f., a tendency to

go astray, error.

Seachánaim, -chán, v. intr., I orr, wander, stray.

Seachánta, p. a., gone astray, fallen into error.

Seacμánuioe, g. id., pl. -ote, m., a wanderer, a rover.

Seaċ-μόο, m., a bye-road, a lane.

Seact, indec. num. (eclipsing), seven.

Sescram, ad. and prep., without, before, beyond.

Seactan, seven (of persons or personified objects); móin-peirean (M. and Con.).

Seact-oéaz, indec. num., seventeen.

Seact-fittee, indec. a., sevenfold (react-oubstra, id.).

Seact-zcéimneac, -nize, a., of seven steps or rungs (as a ladder).

Seaccmao, num., seventy, whence reaccmaoao, seventieth.

Seactmao, indec. num. a., seventh. Seactmao-oéaz, indec. num. a., seventeenth; an reactmao tá oéaz, the seventeenth day.

Seactmain, -e, pl. id. and -roe, f., a week, seven days; Seactmain an tuaitpeamain, Ember Week; Seactmain na hattuinge, Rogation Week; o'n treattmain so ceite, from week to week; o'r. so ceite, id. (Con.).

Seact-mí, f., September.

Seactmoża, reactmożao, num., seventy.

Seactmojavav, indec. num. a., seventieth.

Seacτρας, -aiζe, α., extreme, external, outside (γεαςτραιόε, id.).

Seact Réilteann, Seven Stars (Ursa Major).

Seact-rtiornac, -aiże, a., heptagonal.

Seacuża, -uiże, m., the act of drying, withering, parching, freezing.

Seacuiţim, -uţaō, v. tr. and intr., I wither, cause to wither, fade, decay, freeze, scorch, dry, parch.

Seacuiste, p. a., withered, dried up, parched, shrivelled, decayed.

Seav, -eroe, f,, used in Con. somet. like neav, a nest; cf. ub †eroe, a nest-egg; cf. also reavacan, which see.

Seao, a louse, a parasitical animal, a sort of worm; cf. 510tla na γεαο πό 510tla na γεαφτάπ; dim. γεασάπ, id.

Séao, y. réro, m., a jewel, a present, a favour; goods; gpl. na réao, often used in U. poetry

= precious, dear; and frequently after a place-name without much meaning, e.g., Toope na réao, 7c.

See reoro.

Séad (?) g. réide (ré?) d. réid and reoid, f., a straying, a wandering, a rambling; esp. in the expression an réid (Louth, Arm.), an reoid (Mon.), astray, rambling; i ndéid a beid an reoid (1.1, an readhán, an díbind), after (his) being arambling (i.e., astray, banished, exiled) (Mon.); ef. duine ré nó reacháin. See ré. It may be O. Ir. rét, a path.

Seao, m., attention, care, esteem, respect (for 1); san read san runm 1 raosaltact, without care or concern for worldly

things.

'Seaō = 1p eaō, it is, yes; 'peaō ano1p, well now, see that now; 'peaō ano1p, 1p oó1¸5, dear me! really! how very good! 'peaō, 'peaō, interj. of satisfaction, very good, well done, "hear, hear."

Séadac, -aije, a., abounding in jewels, goods, or chattels.

Seabacan, -ain, pl. id., m., a nestling, a preparation for a nest; said of geese when making a nest preparatory to laying.

seavanne, g. id., pl. -nive, m., a dolt; a silly, mean, insignificant fellow; a warrior (N. Con.).

Seadaineact, -a, f., silliness, meanness, insignificance.

Search, -ait, m., a short time; a loitering (realar, O'N.).

Seavan. See reav, a louse, etc.

Seaván, -áin, m., a buzz, wheeze, or hum; asthma or shortness of breath; rean-reaván, an old asthma (Vel. MS., quoted by P. O'C.).

Seavánać, -aiże, a., noisy, talkative.

Seaöζ, g. γειόζε, f., sciatica or hip gout; hence a swelling or bloating (P. O'C.).

Seaoman, -aine, a., attentive (to, ne).

Séaorian, -aine, a., rich in jewels or ornaments.

Seaopáil, -ála, f., senseless talk or prattle; f. cainnte = cainnt f an ciall (Don_i) .

Seáouroe, g. id., pl. -oce, m., a rover, a rambler; a pet (Don.).

Seaouiţim, -uţaō, v. intr., I remain; ţeaouiţ ţe 'ran áit, he remained or settled in the place (Don.).

Searaio, -e, -ioe, f., a heifer;

somet. real raio.

Searatoeac, -oi $\dot{z}e$, a., heifer-like. Searat, -ait, m., a fan (also rearnat).

Searnaim, -nao, v. tr. and intr.,

I blow, I breathe, I fan.

Searnuitim, -użao, v. tr. and intr., I blow, breathe, fan. See rearnam.

Searóno, rearónoeac. See reabóno, reabónoeac.

Seaz. See read.

Seaż, m., a hawk; whence reażóa, hawk-like, bold, dauntless; reażac, id. Hence reażónneact, 7c.

Seáza, m., a saw.

Seaţaċ,-aıţe,α., hawk-like, brave, courageous.

Séażac, -aiże, a., courteous, sensible, stately.

Seaζaŏ, -aiŏ, -aŏa, m., a cormorant; fig., a lean, lank person (Ker.).

Seáżaim, -ao, v. tr., I saw, cut with a saw.

Seagain, f., a deer-stalker (O'R.). Seagain, -e, a., beautiful, comely (O'R.); tender, slender (Mon.).

Seażair, g. reażra and -aire, f., pleasure, joy, delight; żeoba tú r. ann, you will find it pleasant, it will be pleasing to you (Mon.); azur oiżnioe an reada zan r. raoi tíoz o'an zcomain, and the heirs of the Fews without joy under (the) flag near us (Art MacC.); Comptiab na reażra, the pleasant (?)

Curlew Mountains (T.O'Carolan). It is a close synonym of rute (M.). The medial $\dot{\mathbf{5}}$ is fully pronounced (shey-ish).

Seasal, -ail, m., rye.

Seatán an caipín, m., a bird called "blackhead" (also Tonncao an caipín).

Seaján bárote, m., a kind of

long sea-weed.

Seazanta, indec. a., stately.

Seazar, -air, pl. id., m., a wood.

Seajoa, indec. a., hawk-like; resolute, dauntless, brave.

Seasoa, indec. a., stately, majestic, courteous; learned, scientific.

Seastan, -ain, pl. id., m., an old man. See raotstan.

Seatmáil, -ála, f., act of sawing.

Seasman. See readman.

Seat, -a, pl. id. and -ta, m., time, duration, moment, a while, course or space of time, interval of time; once; for a time; awhile; a portion (e.g. of one's life); at one time . . . at another; reat zeáμη, a short time; real má, used in U. and N. Con. for rul, before; real an muilinn, a turn of the mill; mo real 'ran craożat, my span of life.

Séata, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a mark, a seal, a signet; an impression, a result; beio 'na réala onc, you will have the sign or stigma of it, you will have to bear the consequence; rá r. an olaball, under the devil's seal; an an Tréala rin, on that account

(Don.).

Seala; used of persons, ni'l 10nnca act reals zan mait, they are a useless lot.

Sealao, -a10, m., a while, a space of time, a long while, time, a moment; for a time; often pron. realato.

Séalao, -lta, pl. id., m., act of

sealing or signing.

Sealao, -lta, m., the act of cutting down, hewing, felling.

Sealaoać, -aiże, a., alternate, periodical, transitory.

Sealaroeact, -a, f., vicissitude. alternate change; acting turns.

Séalaim, -laö, v. tr., I seal.

Séalán, 7c. See riotlán (réalán a strainer; réaluisim, I strain; oo réaluiz ré, he died, Con.).

Sealán, -áin, pl. id., m., a little withe; a halter, a rope used for execution, a hangman's rope.

Sealánac, -aiz, -aize, m., a hangman, an executioner; a villain; a meagre man or beast.

Seatanta, indec. a., rigid, rigor-

Sealántact, -a, f., rigour, rigidity;

strangling.

Seatb, g. reitbe, pl. reatba, f., a herd, a flock, a drove; a field; land (these things considered as

property).

Sealb, g. reilbe and realban (Ker.), pl. realba, f., possession; one's right, portion; inheritance; colour or pretence; zá ré an a realt, he is pretending (O'N.); in sp. l., nom. reitb.

Sealbac, - α , α , possessive,

possessing.

Sealbacar, -air, m., possession, enjoyment.

Sealbao, -bta, m., act of possessing or enjoying.

Sealbaoóin, -óna, -óinibe, m., owner, possessor, proprietor, occupant.

Sealbán, -áin, pl. id., m., a herd, drove, flock of small cattle; a

multitude.

Sealb-cuaino, f., a long visit (O'N.).

Sealbóz, -óize, f., sorrel; realbóz riooa, wood sorrel.

Sealbioip, -opa, -oppioe, m., an owner, a possessor, proprietor, occupant.

Sealbużao, -uiżce, m., the act of obtaining possession, owning, taking possession.

Sealburde, g. id., pl. -ote, m., an

owner.

Sealbuijim, -ujao, v. tr., I pos sess, I inherit, I own.

Sealbuiste, p. a., possessed; grounded, confirmed; realbuite ain, I am certain of it (M_{\cdot}) .

Sealbuisteoip, -opa, -oipioe, m., owner, possessor, proprietor,

occupant.

Seatz, g. reitze and reatza, pl. realsa, f., a hunt, a chase; hunting; also fowling; what is killed in hunting or fowling. See reitz.

Seals, -eilse, f., the milt or spleen in man or beast; stomach-ache. See reabaz.

Seatzać, -aiże, a., belonging to hunting; fond of hunting.

Seatzao, sta, m., kneeling, or bending the knee (O'R.).

Sealzaim, vl. realzaineact, v. tr., I hunt, I fowl.

Seatzaine, g. id., pl. -nice, m., a hunter, a huntsman, a fowler, a sportsman.

Seatsameact, -a, f., the act of hunting, fowling; business of a huntsman or fowler.

Seatz-baza, m., a hunting pole. Seatz-tur, m., the herb stone-

wort (O'C.).

Seatlao, -a1o, m., a sight, a view, a prospect; a cell (O'R.).

Seallaim, -lao, v. tr. and intr, I see, I behold, I look at.

Sealltain, -e, f., inspection (from reatlaim, I see).

Seattuin, -e, -ioe, f. (?), a sword, a knife (from reallaim, I cut).

Séaluzao, -uizte, m., act of sealing, branding, marking.

Seaturoe, g. id., pl. -roce, m., a hewer, a dissector, one who cuts

Seaturoe, g. id., pl.-ote, m., one that takes a turn about at work,

Séaluizim, -uzao, v. intr., I breathe my last, expire (?).

Séaluizim, -uzao, v. tr., I seal, stamp, sign, brand, mark.

Seam, g.-a, pl.-anna and-a, m., a small nail, a rivet (reamán. id.

Seamaro, -e, f., a straw, a blade of grass (reamao, id.).

Seamaide, g. id., pl. -vide, f., a blade of grass (Aran); somet.

reimioe.

Seamann, indec. (?), f., substance; used esp. of hay that has lost its substance; ni'l r. an bit ann, also ni't rus na reamain ann (Don.); cf. reabnac.

Seaman, g. reimne, pl. reamna, f., trefoil, clover, honeysuckle; reaman bán, white clover (trifolium repens); reaman beans, red-flowered clover; reaman capaill, purple trefoil, broad clover (trifolium pratense); reaman bó, cow clover : reaman coille, wood sorrel; reaman cné, male speedwell (veronica officinalis); reaman muine, female pimpernel, yellow wood loose-strife (anagallis fæmina).

Seamar, -air, m., good luck.

Seamarac, -aize, a., lucky, fortu-

Seamaramail, -mla, a., fortunate.

Seamlar, -air, m., the shambles; dirt, filth, nastiness (P. O'C.).

Seamluirc, -urca, m., something worthless, applied to liquids such as tea, whiskey, etc., when of an inferior quality (Don.).

Seamplos, -ó1se, -ósa, f., the shamrock; trefoil, clover; a bunch of green grass; an herb that brings luck to the bearer; reamnóisín, id.

Seampa, g. id., pl. -anna, m., a

nail, a peg, a rivet.

Seampact, -a, f, act of nailing, rivetting.

Seampaim, -ao, v. intr., I nail, peg, rivet.

Seamranac, -aiže, a., quick, immediate (O'N.).

Seampóz, -ó1ze, -óza, f., wood sorrel (oxalis acetosella); reamrán, id.

Seampóz, -ó1ze, -óza, f., a small nail, a peg, a rivet (reampán, id.).

Sean, m., an old person, an ancestor, an ancient; 101p 657 rean, both young and old (people); with neg., an rean ná óz, (neither) on young nor old.

Sean, rine, a., old, aged, ancient; it precedes the noun, as reanbean, an old woman; it frequently induces a new meaning when used as a prefix, implying good, oft-repeated, perfected, long-continued, and may be prefixed to nouns or participles; rean-aitne, knowledge of old, thorough knowledge; an bruit aitne agat ain? tá, maire, rean-aitne, do you know him? I do, indeed, know him of old, I know him quite well; reaneotar, thorough acquaintance; rean-tataije, constant practice; cá ré léizce 7 reantéigce agam, I have read it and re-read it frequently; tá ré reana-béanta anoir agat, you have done it thoroughly now, you have done and re-done it: an bruit an c-uirce beinbište? tá, azur rean-beinbište, is the water boiled? it is and over-boiled, it is boiled long since, or, in Anglo-Irish, it is and reana-bhoiled; rean is also used as prefix in a sense much resembling the use of "old" in English; cf. an reana-tant, our old friend, thirst; often expressing merely contempt; oun vo rean-béal, shut your mouth.

-Sean, emphatic affix, 3rd sing. masc.; A13e-rean, at him, with him; for -ran after slender

vowel.

Séan, g. réin, m., good luck, prosperity, fortune. happiness, success; magical source of protection in battle, a charm; vicissitude; a revaine an eréin, oh, happy maiden; 1r 10moa réan an choic mé lám teir, many's the vicissitude I had.

Seanac, -aize, a., wily, cunning, crafty.

Séanac, -aize, a., happy, pros-

Seanao, -aio, -aioe, m., a synod, a senate.

Seanao, -a10, pl. id., m., a senate; reanato, id.

Séanao, -nta, m., act of blessing, hallowing; a blessing; a charm. Seanao, m., the act of growing

old (obs.).

Séana \dot{o} , -nca, pl.~id.,~m.,~act~ofdenying, refusing, concealing; abandoning; as cabaine réan- τ_{A} , denying (Don.).

Seanao-caoi, m., parliament

house.

Séanavóip, -όμα, -όιμισe, m., a charmer, i.e., one who sets charms for cures, etc.

Seanaroe, g. id., pl. -oroe, m., an

antiquary (O'N.).

Seanaro-1917, f., a decree or law of the senate.

Séanaim, -aò, v. tr., I deny; I hide the truth; I refuse, decline, conceal; I avoid.

Séanaim, -ao, v. tr., I bless, sanctify, hallow; I set a charm.

Sean-aimpean, -pine, -peana, f., old time, old days; 'r an trean-aimpin, in the old times (often signifying the previous generation).

Seanaine, g. id., pl. -proe, m., one that fowls or catches birds with nets.

Seanaineact, -a, f., bird-catching with nets.

Séanamail, -mla, a., prosperous, happy, lucky, fortunate, propitious; 30 rona réanamail, most luckily.

Seanánac, -aiz, -aize, wasp

Sean-aoir, f., old age.

Séanar, -air, m., a hare-lip; a wide chasm between the teeth: any stain or blemish; a stigma; short-sightedness.

Séanarac, -aize, a., hare-lipped;

blinking, short-sighted.

Sean-atain, m., a grandfather; an ancestor; an elder; a senator.

Sean-baite, m., an old village; an old city; a capital; a permanent abode; often a place-name, with art., Shanbally.

Sean-balcair, -e, -ribe, f., an old

garment.

Sean-bean, f., an old woman. Sean-beanact, -a, f., anility.

Sean-blap, m., a musty taste; contempt; tá pean-blap aize ont, he has contempt for you; cf. ní't aon blap anoip aize ont, he does not care for you now at all; genly. peana-blap. See blap.

Sean-botao, m., a musty or stale

smell.

Sean-ὑμός, f., an old shoe; aς οέαπαμ rean-ὑμός oe, treating it as an old story.

Seanbμut, m., venison or game (taken in nets) boiled, or rather the hot broth thereof (P. O'C.).

Seanca, g. id., m., a historian. See

reancuice.

Seancar, -cair, pl. id. and -a, m., history, registry, genealogy; antiquity, pedigree, ancient law, knowledge of any kind; an ancient tale or story; act of story-telling, conversing, gossiping; az r. le céile, gossiping with one another; the act of inquiring (after one's state of health, condition, etc.); as reancar and, inquiring about him (Der.); r. bpéize, a lying story, a false pedigree; é13re 1r ruada an creancair, the poets and learned men who deal in matters of history or genealogy (E. R.).

Sean-cómapia, m., an old token or mark, an old sign or monu-

ment.

Sean-connpao, m., an old covenant, a long-standing agreement. Sean-corán, m., an old path.

Sean-chionna, a., prudent, wise, intelligent (esp. of the young); chionna is not used in this sense in M. though it is elsewhere; in M., chionna means old, rean-

ċμίοnna, prudent, prematurely sensible or wise, old-fashioned (of children); rean-ċμίοnτα, id. (Don.).

Sean-chionnact, f., great subtlety, cuteness, commonsense, preco-

citv.

Sean-chut, m., a withered body, a wasted form.

Seancuroe, g. id., pl. -curote, m., a historian, an antiquary.

Sean-cumne, f., an old remembrance, the memory of ancient days, a reminiscence, a tradition.

Seanoa, indec. a., old, aged,

ancient, antique.

Seanoact, -a, f., antiquity, old

age.

Seanoaideact, -a, f., state of being old or ancient.

Sean-voin, f., an ancient oak. Sean-voinan, m., an old world.

Sean-ομαοι, m., an ancient druid, a druid such as lived in the old times; used in modern folktales simply in the sense of ομαοι; I never heard ομαοι in the popular tales, but always γεαη-ομαοι(pron. γεαηη-ομαοι); fig., a wizened or precocious child.

Seanouine, g. id., pl. -vaoine, m., an old person, an old man; rean-rean is used in contempt in parts of M., while reanouine is the ordinary word for an old man, rean-bean for an old woman; in Don. rean-vuine, an old person, has pl. rean-vaoinive, while in the sense of old man reanouine is pron reannuine, with pl. reanouinive (pron. reannuinve).

Sean-éaoac, m., an old garment;

old clothes.

Seançac (pron. reanaçac), -aige, -aca (pl. also -aig), f., a three-year-old cow (also reanpoc).

Sean-reap, m., an old man (often in M. it implies contempt); an old-fashioned child. See rean-oune.

Sean-frann, f., the ancient Fenians.

saw, an old saying; rean-rocat é, it is an old saying (said when a proverb is quoted by one's self or another), tá an r. air, id.

Sean-roctac, -aige, a., proverbial. Sean-roipeann, f., an old crew, an old race or tribe; pl. pean-roipne, aborigines, old inhabitants.

Seanz, -a, a., thin, slender, lean; graceful, slender-waisted; subtile.

Seanza-copp, m., a graceful body or figure.

Seanza-chut, m., a graceful shape or body.

Seanzact, -a, f., slenderness, lean-

ness, gracefulness.

Seanzao, -zta, m., a growing thin or slender, a wasting; act of making thin or wasting; an reanzao'ran oun roin oam, mo teannao o roin níon réadao, since I grew thin in that stronghold, I have not since been able to get stout (Bard Ruadh).

Seansaim, -sao, v. tr. and intr., I diminish, I squeeze, I make slender; I waste, grow thin.

Sean-Satt, m., one of the old English settlers in Ireland.

Seanzamail, -mla, a., wise, provident, like the ant.

Seangán, -áin, pl. id., m., an ant; a pismire; fig. a worthless weak fellow; γιοgán id. (Con.); cf. το τιοςάιπ, by the ant's will.

Seanza-poc, m., a slender buck. Seanz-eac, m., a race-horse (N. Con.).

Seanguigim, -ugao, v. tr., and intr., I make slender, I become slender.

Sean-taibín, m., old leaven. Seanmaċ, -aiţe, a., melodious.

Séanmaineact, -a, f., prosperity, happiness; réanmaine, id.

Séanman, -aine, a., happy, prosperous, contented.

Séanmanac, -aize, a., happy, prosperous.

Sean-mátaip, f., a grandmother, a female ancestor.

Seanmoin, f., a sermon; peanmoin is the word in M. See reanmoin and reaumoin.

Seanmóiμ, -όμα, pl. -όιμι e and -όμα ca, f., a sermon, a preaching.

Seanmóipive, g. id., pl. -vte, m., a preacher; in M. reanmón-tuive, pl. -vte.

Seanmóinim, -neact, v. tr. and intr., I preach, proclaim (also reanmóinim, -neact).

Seanmónac, -aiże, a., preacher-

like, eloquent.

Seanmróin, -όμα, -όμμτοe, m., a a player of musical instruments, such as pipes, etc.; the chanter of the bag-pipes; pron. reamrúμ (N. Con.).

Sean-námaro, f., an old enemy. Sean-nóp, m., an old custom.

Seanóin, -óita, -óititioe, m., a senior, an old person, an old man, an elder; an old druid, a bard.

Seanóineact, -a, f., old age, seniority (also reanónoact).

Seanónoa, indec. a., senior-like, aged.

Seanηάὁ, -ηάιὁ, -ηάιὸτe, m., a proverb, an old saw, an old saying.

Séan-pann, m., a prosperous division.

Sean-procet, m., old form or fashion. Sean-préat, m., an old story, a folk-tale.

Sean-rcéalac, -aiţe, a., archæological.

Sean-reéatair, -a, f., archæology. Sean-reéaturie, g. id., pl. -ore, m., an archæologist, relater of stories of the olden time.

Sean-roiteat, m., an old vessel, an old barrel; fig., a slovenly person.

Sean-pppearaoán, -áin, pl. id., m., a very old tree (Don.).

Sean-roce (reana-roce), m., an ancient race or stock.

Séanta, indec. a., happy, prosperous; holy, sacred.

Séanta, p. a., denied, abandoned. Sean-talam, m, and f, old land; fallow land.

Sean-Tant (reana-tant), ancient thirst; an reana-tapt, the old thirst, thirst, that old friend of ours (E. R.).

Sean-ciomna, f., the Old Testament.

Sean-uzoan, m., an old author.

Seanuroe, g. id., pl. -ote, m., an antiquary, a senator, a member of parliament.

Sean-unicoro, f., an old offence;

old villainy.

Séapaim, -ao, v intr., I sneak off. Séapaine, g. id., pl. -prioe, m., a sneak, a runaway.

Seapab, -aib, m., a seraph.

Seanadoin (reapbadoin),

-óinioe, m., a towel.

Seanatán, -áin, pl. id., m., a piece of string tied round the knees to bind the trousers when one is labouring; a string tied on the sinews above the hough on cattle to prevent their wandering (Don.).

Seamb, -embe, a., bitter, sour, disagreeable; grievous, severe; tired of, sated with (with oe); ας έιμς ε γελη το e, becoming disgusted with; γελη is opposed to milip.

Seapbadar, -air, m., bitterness,

sourness, severity.

Seapbán, -áin, pl. id., m., any bitter grievance, as rack-rent, heavy, taxes, etc.

Seapbán, -áin, m., oats, oat-corn;

dandelion.

Seapbán muc, m., endive, succoury; somet. also dandelion.

Seapbar, -air, m., bitterness, severity, sourness; contempt, disgust; pron. reanur in M.

Seapb-caop, f., a sour berry.

Seapbróżancuroe, g. id., m., a servant.

Seapb-Stop, m., a shrill or harsh

Seanboz, -015e, -05a, f., a bitter drink.

Seant-inut, m., a bitter stream. Seapbuitim (reapbaim), -utao. v. tr. and intr., I embitter, I make bitter, I become bitter.

Seanc, g. reince, reinc and reanca (poet.), pl. reanca, m. and f., love, affection, fondness; wooing; raozava reanca, arrows of love (E. R.); céao-reanc, dearest or first love. Seanc is more a poetical or ornamental word than 511áo; it is also more peculiar to sexual love; 5náo is an every-day word; reanc is used in exclamations like mo reanc tu, and in poetry.

Seapcac, -aise, a., beloved, loving.

Seancaim, -ao, v. tr., I love.

Seapcamail, -mla, a., affectionate, loving, amiable.

Seanc-cumann, m., charity, universal love.

Seanc-zháo, m., intense love.

Seape-naoroean, f., a loving or tender maiden (E. R.).

Seancos, -615e, -65a, f., a sweet-

Seapc-oipbioneac, -nize, a., venerable.

Seanc-thútac, a., love-envious, exciting envious love.

Seancióin, -όμα, -όιμισε, m., a lover, a gallant.

Seanciónneact, -a, f., wooing, courting (O'N.).

Seapcuizim (reapcaim), -cao, v. tr., I love; I am in love with (better znáouizim).

Seaprán, -áin, pl. id., m., a swan (also reappán).

Seans, g. reinse, f., decay; dryness; consumption; state of being withered (nom. also reing).

Seaps, -eipse, a., withered, dry, shrivelled.

Seapsao, -zca, m., act of withering, drying up, shrivelling, blasting, scorching.

Seapsaim, -ao, v. tr. and intr., Iwither, wither away, dry up, languish; dry, shrivel, blast; become dry or withered, grow languid.

Seansán, -áin, pl. id., m., a shrivelled or dried fruit, etc.; a person that is dried up or withered (reansánac, id.).

Seanzánac, -aize, a., dried up, withered; as subs., a shrivelled person or thing, a consumptive person.

Seansta, p. a., withered, dried up,

shrivelled, blasted.

Seapziai, -aije, a., causing dryness; causing to wither or fade.

Seapstact, -a, f., dryness, want of sap or juice, state of being withered or shrivelled.

Seammoin, -ona, -onta, f., a sermon, a lecture; an exhortation.

See reanmoin.

Seannaim, -ao, v. intr., I loose, untie, unbind, scatter (obs)., whence reappraise, reappraise,

reapproa, 7c.

Seann, the timid and flighty young of all things that follow the dam, as a foal, a child at the mother's heels, etc. (P. O'C.).

Seaրր, -a, -aròe, m., a stretching of the limbs, a distending or blowing of a ball, etc.; as baint reanna ar réin, stretching his limbs, distending his muscles.

Seappac, -ais, m., a foal, a colt. Seappac, -aize, a., flighty, timid. Seannacamail, -mla, a., foal-like, like a filly; flighty, timid.

Seannao, -nica, m., act of stretching the limbs, act of extending the limbs as in yawning; act of blowing or distending a ball, etc.; reappaizpeact, id. (Mayo).

Seappais (comann reappais), m., the herb foal favourite or foal's bit; pilewort is improperly called comann or comann реаррату (P. O'C.).

Seannaim, -ao, v. tr., I mow, reap,

cut; slaughter.

Seappaim, -ao, v. tr., I distend, I stretch my limbs to ease myself, I stretch the limbs as in loud yawning; said of persons or animals, tá ré o'á reappato réin, he is stretching his limbs to ease himself (a sign of convalescence); I blow or distend, as an india rubber ball, etc. (also reannaim).

Seappioς, -όιζε, -όζα, f., a bottle: a fish of a brownish colour with little claws at both sides of the

mouth.

Seapp-ruit, f., a squinting eye; as adj. squint-eyed.

Seapp-ruiteac, -lize, a., squinteved.

Seapp-ruiteact, -a, f., state of

being squint-eyed.

Seappušao (reappao), -uište, m., the act of stretching the limbs, yawning, act of distending a bladder, etc.

Seápra, g. id., m., a race, a charge; a short run (Con., = charge?); in M., réipre, r. peata, a run, a

charge.

Sear, -a, pl. id., m., a seat, a bench; a board for stepping into or out of a boat, or for sitting on in a boat; a pile of sheaves arranged for threshing: a bench made in a hayrick by cutting away some of the hay; nom. also somet. reir.

Searacar, - a_1 r, m., a cessation, a

truce; a sitting.

Searaim. See rearuisim. Searat, -ait, pl. id., m., a fan.

Seapatac, -ais, m., a fan-maker

(O'N.).

Searam, g. -aim and -rea, m., act of treading, standing, rising up, remaining erect; tolerating; demeanour, bearing; defence, footing; endurance, stability, resistance; 1m' rearam, while I stand erect; o'éinis ré 'n-a rearam, he rose to his feet; cám mitizie ar mo rearam, I am wasted away to nothing; véan é rin ar oo rearam, do that at once, before you sit down; rearam te ourne, to support one, help one on; rearam te teanb, to act as sponsor to a child at Baptism (r. raoi 1., Don.); ní réaoram rearam, we shall be unable to

hold out; tuit ré ar a rearam, he fainted or fell dead from a standing position, "he fell out of his standing."

Searamac. See rearmac.

Searc, -eirce, a., barren, fruitless, sterile, as a cow that has neither calf nor yields milk, or as a well that runs dry; the word is applied to a cow, etc., not yet arrived at the prolific stage: ba rearca, dry cows; rearc, in the sense of barren, is applied to males as well as females, and to human beings in poet., cf. a ras-Aint nac rearc a caitir baoir T'óise (McD.); rearc is also applied to a nut without a kernel, an egg without fecundation, a net drawn empty, a hand at cards without a trick, etc.

Searcac, -ai \dot{z} e, -aca, f., a barren

cow, etc.

Searcact, -a, f., barrenness, sterility; a herd of barren cattle.

Searcao, indec. num., sixty. Searcaomao, indec.

sixtieth.

Searcative ac τ , -a, f., barrenness.

Searcain, -e, a., comfortable, easy, at ease, quiet, sheltered, cosy, calm, dry and warm, snug, pleasant.

Searcaine, g. id., pl. -proe, m., a snug comfortable man,

bachelor.

Searcaineact, -a, f., convenience, comfort, ease, warmth, quietude, cosiness, snugness; also state or condition of a bachelor.

Searcán, -áin, pl. id., m., a shock or handful of gleaned corn;

gleaned land.

Searcán, -áin, pl. id., m., a bird with a red speck on its breast (Der.).

Searcánac, -aiz, pl. id., m., a bachelor; one who is barren (rearcán, id.).

Searcuiste, p. a., barren.

Searmac, -aise, a., firm, steadfast, faithful, standing, established, durable, fixed, constant, resolute, binding, persevering, valid, staid, lasting, reliable.

Searmact, -a, f., durableness, steadfastness, fixedness, firmness, constancy, trustworthiness.

Searmaim, vl. rearmao, v. tr., I

uphold, I support.

Searuisim, vl. rear and rearam, pf. and imper. rear, also rearaim (M., also found in Kea.), v. tr. and intr., I stand, raise up, bear with, tolerate, uphold, maintain; I endure, last; I become sponsor to (le); an raio rearocaio ré, rómprio ré, while it lasts it will give relief; ní řearócamn, muna mbeao cú, were it not for you I could not hold on.

Séarún, réarúnac. See réarúp

réarunac.

Séarúη, -úιη, pl. id., m., season, esp. the spring or harvest; also the juice or sap natural to things in season; can réarún, out of season.

Séarúnac, -aize, α ., belonging to

the season, seasonable.

Seatbóz, -ó1ze, -ó5a, f., marjoram. Sé-véaz, indec. num., sixteen.

Séib, -e, -eaca, f., a hole, an orifice; béat réibe, the entrance to a hole.

Séibín, g. id., pl. -nive, m., a little mug, a quart; inferior ale, whence the word sheebeen, sheebeen-house, used to denote an ale-house; also ríbín.

Serbre, g. id., pl.-rioe, m., shift, plan, contrivance, a providing; nom. also reibt, reift; múineann Zábao reirt, necessity is the mother of invention (A.).

Seibteamail, -mla, a., skilful in planning, of many contrivances.

Seibteamlact, -a, f., foresight,

frugality, contrivance.

Seibci $\dot{\zeta}$ im, -iu $\dot{\zeta}$ s \dot{v} , v. tr. and intr., I eke out, I shift; rliže maineactála oo řeibtiužao, to eke out a livelihood (Con.).

Seic, g. id., pl. -eanna, m., a cheque, a money-order; reicín,

id. (A.).

Seice α τότη, - τότα, - τότη τόε, m., a ghost, a phantom, a skeleton-like person.

Seice λούιμ, -ύμλ, -ύιμιοe, m., an

executor.

Seiceal, -cil, pl. id., m., a hackle, a flax-comb.

Seicin, -cne, -cnive, f., the peritoneum, the membrane that covers the bowels; the membrane that wraps the brain (O'N.); the skull or brain pan (P. O'C.); majom peicne, a rupture, hernia.

Seictim, -eao, v. tr., I hackle.

Seicneac, -niże, f., a disease of the intestines.

Seichéio, -e, -eaca, f., a secret, a mystery.

Seichéroeac, -oise, a., private,

secret, mysterious.

Séroeao, -ote, pl. id., m., the act of blowing, a blast, a breathing, a puff; an réroeao, panting through running; bí ré as réroeao terr, he was proceeding at a great rate (Don.).

Séroeat, m., a fan to draw wind; a puffing, a blowing; a

hissing.

Séroeán, -ám, m., a squall, a storm; pneacta péroeám, drift snow; a quicksand; panting from over exertion.

Séroeoz, -01ze, -0za, f., a blast, a strong puff of the breath; curp rí r. raoi n-a rúit, she blew at her eye.

Séroeozac, -aiże, a., panting,

puffing, blowing.

Sérbeozacz, -a, f., panting, puffing,

blowing.

Séiσραιζίι -e, f., the act of blowing, spouting (M.); τά απ míot móμ ας γέισραιζίι, the whale is

spouting.

Séroim, eat, v. tr. and intr., I blow, breathe, sound, pant, puff; I incite, tempt (with rá): as réroeat rúm, inciting me, tempting me; with te, I move with vigour; réro teat ar rin, be off with you (Don.); réroit

ré ain az obain, he dives into his work (Don.).

Sérone, g. id., pl.-proe, m., a man

who blows, a blower.

Séioneán, -áin, m., a hurricane, tempest, lightning.

Séro-rneacta, m., drifted snow.

Séroce, p. α., blown, blown up, blasted, puffed, exhausted, out of breath, weak, worn out; esp. exhausted from hunger.

Sérotean, m., exhaustion, esp.

from hunger.

Seignoe, g. id., pl. -oroe, m., a spiritless person; also reigno (Con.).; rearance (N. Con.).

Seigitéanta, indec. a., spirited, cheerful, contented (W. M.); also roigtéanta.

Seigneán, -áin, m., hurricane, tem-

pest, lightning.

Seith, g.-be, pl. peatha, possession, inheritance. See reath; reith not reath is the usual nom. now; an bruizear reith? are you going to give me possession? (said by a landlord or bailiff in asking formal possession of a tenant).

Seitceos, -015e, -05a, f., a snail. Seitcioe, g. id., pl. -010e, f., a snail (reitceos, id.). See reitmide.

Seite, g. id., pl. -tròe, f., a spit, spittle.

Seileac, -liże, a., spitting, salivous, mucous.

Seit-éavac, m., a handkerchief, a napkin (reit-éaván, id.).

Seitéin, -éana, -nioe, m., a cellar. Seitz, g. -e and -eatza, pl. -eatza, f., act of hunting; a chase, a hunt; reitz is the more usual nom. now. See reatz.

Seitzine, g. id., pl.-zinioe, m., a

hunter, a huntsman.

Seitive pai \dot{g} eav, f., liver complaint (Mayo).

Seitiz, -e, f., the spleen. See reatz.

Seitiżim (reitm), vl. -iużaż, and reiteaż, v. tr. and intr., I spit. Seitín. See ritín. Seitiużań, -iżće, m., act of shedding saliva, spitting.

Seilmine, g. id., pl. -oroe, m., a

snail.

Seitt, -e, f., the act of shedding (tears); dropping, drivelling, salivation.

Séim, -e, a., mild, delicate, modest, tender, smooth, quiet, calm, gentle, placid.

Seimoite (also reimioe), a beetle

or mallet (P. O'C.).

Séim-oneac, m., gentle form or appearance.

Séim-opeac, a., of gentle form or countenance.

Séime, g. id., f., mildness, modesty, civility, clemency, smoothness.

Sémeact, -a, f., quietness, calmness, gentleness, kindness, smoothness, clemency.

Séim-finotat, m., mild or gentle

speech.

Séim-żημαό, m., a gentle brow or face.

Séim-żuibín, m., a gentle little mouth (Kea.).

Séimio (Don.). See péim.

Seimide, m. See reamaide.

Séimiţim, -iuţao, v. tr. and intr., I quiet, calm, soothe, smooth, become quiet or calm, become kind or gentle; in Ir. Gram., I aspirate.

Seimiléan, -éin, pl. id., m., a

chimney, a vent.

Seimin, -mne, -mneaca, f., a black-headed bog-rush.

Séimiuzao, -izte, m., act of quieting, calming, taming, civilizing; act of becoming tame, quiet, gentle; in *Ir. Gram.*, aspiration.

Séim-teaca, f., a mild or gentle cheek or face.

Seimné, g.~id.,~pl.~-éite,~m.,~a chimney.

Séim-thoit, f., a smooth, delicate foot.

Sein-, for pean- before a slender vowel, old.

Séin (gs. of réan), a., prosperous, happy.

Sein-ceint, f., an old rag.

Sein-cion, m., original sin (Kea.).

Sein-chionna, 7c. See pean-chionna.

Seineact, -a, f., old age.

Sein-ziobat, m., an old clout, a worthless rag.

seinm, g. reanma, m., the act of playing music; singing, warbling; ringing (of a bell); minstrelsy; tuct reanma, musicians; g. also reinme.

Sein-meao, m., old mead. Sein-nío, m., an old thing.

Seinnim, vl. reinm, v. tr., I play (music), I sing.

Sein-peacaö, m., an old, inveterate sin (Kea.).

Sein-peact, -a, pl. id., m., the old law, the Old Testament.

Sein-ciomna, g. id., f., the Old Testament.

Séipéal, -éil, pl. id., m., a chapel,a church; réipéat is a common word for a Catholic church or chapel in recent times, as during the era of persecution Catholic devotions had to be conducted in small chapels; a large church or cathedral is called réspéat món; ceampull is understood to mean a Protestant church, even without the epithet Kattos being added, that is, since the establishment of Protestantism in Ireland; cf. cáim as 10mpáil cum ceampuill map a labhann oub-Saranais, am veering towards the church where black Protestants hold forth; in Mea., riopót, and at Ventry, raipéal, are heard; ceac pobuit, a chapel (Don.).

Sei μ , -e, -eaca, f., a heel (also

reinio).

Seinő-őeoc, f., a bitter drink. Seinőe, g. id., f., bitterness, sourness, moroseness, asperity. Seinőeact, -a, f. See reinőe.

Seinbír, -e, -roe, f., service, bondage, a ministering; work, labour; profit, advantage, use. In the last sense it becomes rpeinbír in the Rosses and Tory, Co. Don.

Seintifeac, g. -riz, pl. -rize and -reaca, m., a servant, an assistant on all s

ant, an ally.

Seintifeac, -rije, a., serviceable, useful, profitable; diligent, industrious.

Seiptőípizim, v. tr. and intr., I serve.

Seintötean, contempt, disgust (B.). Seintin, g. id., m., a darling, a beloved.

Séiproin, g. id., pl. -roe, m., the fish called pilchard.

Thus me food a

Séine, m., food, a banquet, a meal, a supper.

Seine, g. id., f., sea-anemone; bunoun teice, id. (Con.).

Séineac, -nize, a,, having plenty of food.

Seipeac, -μiζe, α., having heels; well heeled.

Seinz, -e, f., a fading away, withering, shrivelling, decaying, consumption; nom. also peinze. Seinz-earnac, -naiże, a., lean-

ribbed.

Seinzim, -zeao, v. tr. and intr., I wither, wither away, dry up; I waste, consume. See reapzaim.

Seing-like, f., a withering or wasting away, consumption.

Seinste, p. a., withered, dried up.

Seipic, -e, f., fine silk.

Seiniceac, -cize, a., silky (reiniceamail, id.).

Seipiceán, -áin, pl. id., m., a silk-worm.

Seigring, -e, pl. -roe and -eaca, f., a belt; a girdle; a rope; f. cnárbe,

hemp rope.

Seif, -e, -ive, f., tumult, noise, bustle; if fava ó feifib vaoine azuf ó conzain an pobail é, he is far from the tumult of men and the bustle of congregations (OBr., P. O'C., etc.). See féif.

Séir, -re, pl. id., f., a strain (of music), a breath, a sigh; ba binne réir a tana-zuib ná, 7t., the melody of her slender mouth was sweeter than, etc. (E. R.); i réir cómitáió, in serious conversation (Con.).

Séir-binn, -e, a., of harmonious strains.

Séip-binneap, m., music-melody. Seipc, -e, f., a coarse grass or sedge that grows in a marsh, widely used for making grass ropes or rúsáin.

Seirc (=rearc), dry, barren; ir reamn out i zceirc 'ná out reirc, it is better to be asked in marriage than to be childless (Con. prov.).

Seirceac, -cize, a., sedgy, abound-

ing in bog reeds.

Seirceact, -a, f., dryness, barrenness, sterility (reirce, id.).

Seircealac, -ais, m., coarse sedgy

grass (also piorcatac).

Seipcinn, peipceann, g. -inn or -inne, m. or f., a marsh, a fen, a boggy place.

Seirc maona, m., burr-reed, burr-

flag, reed grass.

Seire, g. id., f., pleasure delight, solace (P. O'C.); reireact, id.

Seipe, g. id., pl. -proe, m., a comrade, a match, an associate, a companion, a darling.

Séireac, -riże, a., tuneful, musical,

harmonious.

Seireao, num. a., sixth.

Seipea o oéaz, num. a., sixteenth.

Seiréat, -éit, pl. id., m., a chisel (A.).

Seipean, himself, he himself; the form an, not anna, of the defective verb an is used with reipean; an reipean, said he.

Seirean, -rin, m., six persons; món-reirean, seven persons.

Seipeón, -óin, pl. id., m., a session, assizes; ceatpama - peipeóin, quarter sessions (Ker.); in W. Ker. ceatpama-'róine.

Séir-job, m., a small musical

mouth.

Seipiún, -úin, pl. id., m., a session, assizes. See peipeón.

Séirmean, -mine, a., musical, melodious.

Seip-mi, f., Sextilis Mensis, the month of August.

Seippieac, -piige, -pieaca, f., a plough team of six horses; p. peapann, plough-land; peippeac tacain (or acain?), a borrowed plough team (Mon.).

Seirt, f., the sixth hour of the day. Seirt, -earta, f., talk, speech, tumult, bustle, clatter. See

reir.

Seite, g. id., and -teat, pl. -tite, f., skin, hide; commonly an oxhide, the skin of a sheep being choiceann caonac.

Seiteadóip, -ópa, -óipide, m., a

skinner.

Seiteam, -tme, f., rest, quiet,

tranquility (Kea.).

Séitleac, -liz, -lize, m., a weakling; a driveller; an old or lazy person; a term applied to Cupid (E.R.); often applied in W. Ker. to the police because of their laziness.

Seitheac, -niże, -neaca, f., the act of braying, neighing, sneezing; az reithiż, neighing in a subdued manner.

Seitheat, - μ ite, a., strong, stout (reith, id.).

Seitheact, -a, f., strength, stoutness, firmness.

Seithizim, -peac, v. tr., I neigh,

bray, sneeze.

Seo (ro), this; this place, here; this time; here is; reo, here! reo ouic, here is . . . for you; reo cuzann, next, before us; an beatcaine reo cuzainn, next May; reo cuzainn Comár, Thomas is approaching; an áit reo, this place; so ori reo, up to this present time; a Leicéio reo, just this, something of this kind; as reo pheasha Comáir, the following is Thomas's reply; é reo, this one of whom we were speaking, the important person; 7 reo 100 05 50báil ap a céite, and then they began beating one another; reo 116, come along, begin, "here goes"; man reo, thus, also at the present time; man reo 'ra brόξman, just in the autumn; man r., this way! (direction).

Seó, -1\(\frac{1}{5}\), \(m.\), a show; a great number, a great quantity; \(\tau\) \(\tau\) \(\text{re}\) on \(\text{alp}\) on \(\text{log}\), he has a lot of money; bi reó vaoine ann, there was a multitude of people there, quite a show of people; \(\tau\) im \(\text{im}\) im' reó, I am in a frightful state, I am quite a show, \(\text{ip}\) mé an reó botain, \(\text{id}\), ; ream reoit, a showman, \(\text{also}\) an excellent man \((M.\)\). In \(B.\) taim \(\text{im}\) im' reó = I am excellent (at doing a thing); \(\tau\) a rain 'na reó azat, you have that in grand order \(\text{ibid.}\)). See reoit.

Seon, g. -010 and -010e, pl. id. and -00a, m. and f., a jewel, a precious stone, anything valuable; substance, property. See réad

and reoro.

Seovačán, -án, pl. id., m. a repository or box for jewels; a museum.

Seooca (réaoca), f., a storehouse, a warehouse, a treasury.

Seoo-coiméaouioe, m., a storekeeper, a treasurer.

Seon-comanta, m., a valuable token; a splendid monument; a coin; an attribute.

Seodóip, -ópa, -óipide, m., a jeweller.

Seodóineact, -a, f., the trade of a jeweller.

Seoouižim, -užao, v. tr., I adorn

or deck with jewels.

Seoio, -e, -ooa, f., a jewel, a gem, an article of value; a pretty young girl (U.); ir breáż an τρεοίο απαπ rá żriára, a soul in grace is a beautiful jewel; reoio αοπαίζ, a fairing. See réao.

Seoro. See reoroe.

Seoroe, g. id., f., a bit, a morsel, a jot, a tittle; with neg., nothing; ni't reoroe ont, you have no complaint, you are quite well; ni harb reoroe and, he had nothing on, he was per-

feetly naked $(M_{\cdot}, used only with$ neg.); nom. also reoro.

Seoroine, g. id., pl. -proe, m., a jeweller (O'N.).

Seototpeact, -a, f., polishing jewels (O'N).

Seois, a., strange, wonderful, excellent (from reó, which see); ba reois an obain i, it was a wonderful work; tá ré 50 reois, it is very good, or he is very well (M.); tá ré az reantainn 50 reois, it is raining terribly: τάιο γιαο αξ αιδιυζαό 30 reois, they are ripening wonderfully (said of crops).

Seoil-néim, f., sail-power.

Seomin, g. id., pl. -nroe, m., a shoneen; one who apes English

manners, fashions, etc.

Seot, -oit, -otta, m., a sail, a loom; a method of doing a thing; direction, guidance; r. corais, fore-sail; r. món, main-sail; r. veinio, mizen; an reol = in motion, esp. in graceful motion, as a ship sailing; an tán an creoit, in full sail, full swing; tán-creoit, id.

Seot, -oit, pl. id., m., a weaver's

loom.

Seot, g. reoit and riuit, pl. id., m., a bed; child-bed; 1 n-a teabaro prunt, lying-in (O'N.).

Seolao, -lta, m., the act of sailing, steering, directing, guiding, conducting, teaching, instructing; a sailing; the first or "leading" pair of lines of a quatrain in ván víneac, or Irish syllabic metre (the last pair are called the comao); address (of a letter) (recent); act of driving or leading (as cattle).

Seolao, -lta, m., act of lying in bed; bean reolta, a woman in labour; san neant mná reolta, without even the strength of a woman in labour (prop. after

childbirth).

Seolavoin, -ona, -oinive, m., a pilot, a steersman; a director, a conductor.

Seolavóineact, -a, f., pilotage, steering, act of directing or con-

ducting.

Seotaim, -tao, v. tr., I sail, send, steer, drive, lead, direct, conduct, guide, point out, teach, expound, instruct, declare; I sail into land; in pass., I am directed to a place, I reach a place; řeot ré zín, he landed.

Seolán, -áin, m., sorrow (Der.). Seol-bara, m., a goad; a staff, a

Seot-bhar, m., the sail of a ship or boat.

Seoit-bhéio, f., a ship's sail.

Seot-chann, m., a mast.

Seot-żuż, m., a guiding, accom-

panying voice.

Seota, p. a., steered, conveyed, conducted; despatched, directed; spruce, neat, trim; educated, gentle; taught, structed; reolta an, skilled at.

Seoluiče, $g.\ id.,\ pl.\ -$ öče, $m.,\ a$

guide, a director.

Seomps, g.~id.,~pl.~-roe,~m.,~aroom, a chamber.

Seomnac, -aite, a., of many mansions; having roomy houses.

Seomnavoin, -ona, -oinive, m., a chamberlain.

Seomnavoineact, -a, f., the office

of chamberlain.

Seonarde. m., pl., ornate, descriptive, roundabout passages in story-telling, e.g., bí an láin bán as out an reát na capóise 'ran capós as ceiceao uaite, 7c.; oo caillear na reonaide, I lost the descriptive passages (of the story); ir mait an rar r. a cun teir τú, you are well able to add descriptions to it; ambages, a long or tedious way of telling a tale; cuip uait na reonarde, come to the point (M_{\cdot}) .

Seopoán, -áin, pl.id., m., a rustling

noise, buzzing, hissing.

Sé reo (é reo), this man, this. Sé rin (é rin), that man, that.

Sé riúo (é riúo), yon man, yon; yonder, that man.

\$5-, for all words beginning with

rz, see under rc-.

Sí, per. pr., f., she, it; emph. rire, riri; rí reo, this; rí rin, that; rí riúo, yon, yonder (person or thing).

'Sí, for ip í, she is, it is she, it is,

etc

Sia, longest, farthest; farther, longer (of time or space), more remote, more distant; compar. of paoa, long.

Siabao, -bta, m., act of wiping or rubbing; the act of blowing; a

drifting; píoba \dot{o} (U.).

Siabaim, -bao, v. tr., I wipe, rub; I blow.

Siabain, -e, α., ghastly, goblin-like. Siabanoa, indec. α., fairy-like, phantom-like, fantastic.

Siabapoact, -a, f., delusion, phantasy. See piabpaioeact.

Stab-reaptain f., small rain with wind (Con.).

Siabna, g. id., pl. -aròe, m., a spirit, a fairy. See grabnao.

Siabμα, -δαμέλ, m., act of growing ghastly; necromancy, sorcery; delusion, deception.

Stabhao, bahca, m., a phantom, a spectre, a goblin; a spectre-like mortal; chéao é an prabhao neime reo an roota (O'Ra., according to some MSS.); the word is pron. ríorhao in Ker.

Siabharoeact, -a, f., state of being phantom-like, ghastliness; sor-

cery, necromancy.

Siabnaim, -ao, v. tr. and intr., I delude, deceive, as a phantom; I become ghastly or phantom-like.

Stabhán, -áin, pl. id., m., visions; a delusion, raving; a symptom, a slight attack; an indication, "notions"; τά γιαθμάη ρόγτα ομτ, you have "notions" of marriage, is said to a widower, a very young person, etc., by relatives who do not desire the marriage; cuip mé γιαθμάη τιπης σίση απ τρεαστήμαη reo cuaró τάμτ, "I put a slight

seud (skift) of siekness off me last week"; $\tau \acute{a} \tau$, $\tau \iab{1}{1}$ $\tau \ia{1}{1}$, he has a touch of fever; $\tau \acute{a} \tau$. At $\tau \ia{1}{1}$ $\tau \ia{1}{1$

Siabpánac, - aiż, - aiże, m., a raving

person (Don.).

Siabpiánac, -aiże, a., raving, mad

(Don.).

Siabhánact, -a, f., state of raving; bí ré as r. an a teitéir rin, he had a delusion about such a thing; droning: tá ré as r. ceoit, he is droning a song (Don.).

Siabún, -úin, m., soap (O'N.).

Siabúnac, -ai \dot{z} , $pl.\ id.,\ m.$, a soapboiler (O'N.).

Siao, per. pr., they, them; emph., riao-ran.

Siao (r_{1} a τ), -a, pl. id., m., a tumour, or swelling.

Siaoaö, -oża, m., act of being distended, swollen.

Siaoaim, -ao, v. tr. and intr., I puff or swell up.

Siaòán, -áin, m., confusion, hurly-burly; nac bear an riabán bo beinir bo'n teattac, what a nice mess you made of the household (Ker.); an riabán, in confusion; i riabán, id.

Siao ro, emph. prn., these. Siao roin, emph. prn., those.

Siao rúo, emph. prn., yon, yonder (persons or things).

Siaotact, -a, f., swelling, puffing. Siampa, g. id., pl. -aroe, m., sport, amusement; a friendly gathering.

Siampamail, -mla, a., merry;

sportive, amusing.

Siampán, -áin, pl. id., m., merriment, making merry; p. ceoit, a song (Mon.); bí pé as p. opta, he was "joking at them" (Don.).

Siampánac, -aiże, a., morry,

mirthful, jolly.

Sian, g. réine, pl. pianta, f., a voice, a sound, a cry.

Sian, weather, storm, etc.

Sianac, -aise, a., sounding, resounding; as subs., one that cries or bawls out.

Sianaioeact, -a, f., yelling, bawl-

Sianżail, -e, f., wailing, weeping, howling.

Sian-záip, f., a cry, a shout, a wail; rian-záin éantaite aein, the chattering of the birds of

Sianr, -a, pl. id., m., "sense" of the soul; passion, concupiscence (Kea., T. S.); cúis rianta hanma agur na cúis céaprada companda, the five "senses" of the soul and the five senses of the body; oá noeánna zac aon azainn a oíceall pé n-a prantaib oo cun rá n-a cumar réin, if each of us endeavour to subdue his own passions (Kea., T. S.). O'N. gives also riantac, wise; rianrace, wisdom; rianruizim, I make wise, etc.

Sianpa, g. id., pl. -aroe, m., harmony, melody; pleasure, wit, humour; 5tiavap ir pianga na n-éan, the noise and harmony of the birds (O'Ra.). See riampa.

Sianpać, - α iże, α , wise.

Sianrac, -aise, a., harmonious,

melodious, pleasant.

Sianpán, -áin, pl. id., m., a buzzing or humming noise; a breeze; rianpán zaoite, a gale of wind; rianrán na 3con an rtiab, the crying of hounds on the moorland.

Sianpánac, -aise, a., resounding, resonant.

Sian pléibe. See pioean pléibe. Sianuioe, g. id., pl. ote, m., a bawler, a crier out.

Sianuisim, -usao, v. intr., I cry out, shout out, weep, lament.

Siap, a. and ad., west, westward, western, to the west, westerly; back, backward; taob trap ve, behind; tairtian be, behind;

1 brao rian, far to the west; rian ba bear, south-west; rian ba τυλιό, north-west; όl γιλη é, gulp it down, drink it up; cáim as out rian annro (with emphasis on rian), I am going a little to the west, or to a house near at hand to the west (in Anglo-Irish, "I am going back here"—with emphasis on back); rian ir anian, backwards and forward; rish lear, move

Sian-tuat, f., the north-west.

Siat, m., a tumour or swelling (also riao).

Siatact, -a, f., dropsy; tumours;

swelling.

Siataim, -so, v. tr. and intr., I swell or puff up (O'N.); also

Sib, per. prn., pl., ye, you; emph. rib-re.

Síbéalta, ribéaltact. See ribiatra, ribiatrace.

Síbialta, indec. a., civil, polite, affable, gracious, obliging, courteous, complaisant.

Sibialtact, -A, f., obligingness, affability, cour-

teousness.

Síbín. See réibín.

Sibinn, -e, f., a bulrush.

Sicín, g. id., pl. -niõe, m., a chicken

Sío, g. -ite and -e, pl. id. and -ioòs, f., a fairy; a sprite; a fairy abode or mansion; a fairy hill or hillock (as containing such abodes); río-bean, a fairy woman (also bean rive).

Sío-bean, f., a fairy woman.

Sioe, g. id., a blast, a puff, a swoop, a rush, an attempt, a strong forcible endeavour, a leap, a bound; rive zaoite, a sudden blast of wind, whirlwind; rit, id.

Sioeamail, -mla, a., fairy-like, fantastic; romantic,

Síbean rléibe, m., foxglove, an herb dedicated to the fairies (P. O'C.).

Siveoz, -015e, -054, f., a fay.

Sio-rean, m., a fairy man. Sio-tior, m., a fairy fort.

Síż, -e, -ioża, f., peace; also a bound, a spring. See rioe.

Sizeamar, -air, pl. id., m., an herb which bears resemblance to the onion (Eng., cive).

Sizeoz, -015e, -05a, f., a stack of corn, usually erected in rows in the corn-fields.

Si $\dot{\xi}$ in, - $\dot{\xi}$ ne, pl. id., f., a sign, a token, a mark; nom. also rižne and risneao (Kea., Lat. signum).

Sizin, -zne, -znioe, f., a kind of silk.

Sixte pice, f., an earwig (Clare). Signearo, - \dot{z} ince, m., act of marking, signing, sealing; a sign.

Siznéao, -éio, pl. id., m., a signet (ríżneán, id.).

Siżniżim, -niużaż, v. tr., I sign, mark, streak.

Signim, -neao, v. tr., I mark, sign, seal.

Signiugao, -ige, m., act of signing, marking, sealing.

Sizpéan, -éin, pl. id., m., a silk-

S11, -e, f., a little drop or trickle, a drip.

Sítesc, -lize, a., causing to blink, eye-closing (of sleep, E.R.).

Sileao, -tre, m., act of shedding, dropping; matter oozing from a wound, pus; tá a lám an ritead teir, his hand hangs down lifelessly.

Siléao, -éio, m., weakness from

hunger.

Sitéas, -éise, f., procrastination; cá an obain as oul cum ritéise, the work is being put off (Con.).

Siléazac, -zaize, a., dilatory, pro-

crastinating.

Sileartan. See roileartan.

Silim, -leao, v. tr., I cut down, hew, fell.

Silim, -teao and rite, v. tr. and intr., I shed (tears); drip, drop away, drop, melt, fall in drops, distil.

Silim (for paoilim), -lead, v. tr. and intr., I think, fancy, deem, suppose, expect, imagine; usually followed by 50 or ná; ní man a rittean a bitean, things are not as they seem.

Silin, g. id., pl. -nice, m., a cherry, a cherry tree; an c-uball 'r an pluma 'r an ritin cubia mitir, the apple and the plum and the fragrant sweet cherry (song).

Sitteao, -tre, m., act of looking, seeing, beholding, staring.

Sillim, -lead, v. tr. and intr., I look, see, behold.

Silleac, -cise, a., apt to stare or

Silne, g. id., f., the sperm, spawn, or seed of animals (P. O'C.).

Síl-peacaó, m., seed-sin, original sin.

Silve, p. a., fashioned, formed; ritte te ruaimeint, ably or vigorously formed.

Silve, p. a., hewn, cut down, felled; ritce 'ran cuama, laid

low in the tomb.

Silvesc, - c_1 że, a., running (of streams); running, yielding, dropping, oozing, issuing (as from a sore).

Sít- τ neab, f., generation, a family,

race, tribe.

Simléin, -éine, -éinioe, m., a chim-

Simnéro, g. id., pl. -éroce, m., a chimney.

Simplifie, indec. a., simple, plain, unaffected; silly.

Simplificate, -a, f, simplicity, singleness, plainness, unaffected-

Sin (poin, pain), that, those, is used after the article and substantive, or after article, substantive and adjective: an oume bocc rin, that poor man; or after pronoun: plao pin, those; or independently, in sense of that thing, time, place, etc.; in many phrases: as an air rin, there; a Leitéro rin oe . ., such and such;

annroin, then, there, in that; an ornead roin, so much, so many; an c-am roin, an can roin, at that time, then; an an aoban roin, wherefore; com ... rin, so; cóm rava roin, so far; zonao aine rin, wherefore; 140 roin, those; teir rin, with that, thereupon; man rin, as that, in that manner, like that, so, thus, then, if so; man rin oe, therefore, however, so on; 'na onaro pain, after that; o roin amac, from thence forward; ré rin, ri rin, that (person or thing); uime rin, therefore, wherefore; rin é, rin í, rin 140, that is he, she, those are they; rin é acá uaim, that is what I want; rin é also means very good, just the thing; buail é, rin é, strike him, bravo! ó roin, since that time; in sp. l., M., an rean ran, an oume rin, 7c., caol te caol being genly. observed; there are exceptions, such as man rin; similarly, an rean ro, an oume reo; ian roin, after that; ar roin, from that, thence; rin, when used as an independent prn., is always pron. ran in M., as véantaio ran an znó, ní beas ran, 7c.

Sin, weather, etc. See rion.

Sine, g. id., pl. -nice, f., a teat, dug; nipple, pap; a wen, a wart.

Sine, g. id., f., old age (reine, id.). Sineac, -niż, -niże, m., a wen, esp. on the teats of cattle.

Sineao, -nce, pl. id., m., act of stretching, stretching out, extending, lengthening, prolong-ing; reclining at full length; motion; rineao raoa, an accent on long vowels in Irish, like that on 1 in the word rineao.

Sineao neata, a., with difficulty, with much ado (Don.).

Síneán, -eáin, -nca, m., a blast; r. 5001te, blast of wind.

Sine riadáin, f. (eften written rine Seazáin), the uvula.

Singit, -e, a., singular; single, unmixed; "private"; distressed, miserable, destitute, wretched, unheeded; pócs ringit, an empty pocket; raisoium ringit. a private soldier, full private (ringilte, id.).

Singitin, m., "one-shot" whiskey; singlings; applied to bad whis-

key generally.

Single acc, -a, f., singleness, thinness; distress (ringle, id.).

Sinicín, f., a house leek; a little round hill or monument

 $(O'R_{\cdot})_{\cdot}$

Sínim, -neao, v. tr. and intr., I reach, hand, arrive, stretch (to, cum), cast, lengthen, prolong, extend, lie at full length; I cross over from; I apply to (with te); rinim amac, I mark off, I design; οο rin mé tanm, I lay down; σο rin an crio-bean caoib Lion ruar, a fairy woman came from afar up close to me (McD.); an bean o'n mbeinn 'n-an rin Mac néill 'n-a veoiv, the woman from the mount whom the Son of Niall pursued (M. O'Longan); oo rin ré punt cuzam, he handed me a pound; a náo nán leiz ré an bánn le héinne ván rin 'n-a comain, to say that he did not allow himself to be beaten by any one of all those who came against him (M. O'Longan); rin terr i n-a thi riomain 7 man nuazaine neata, he made off in his three blasts (?) and like a runaway rambler (a common saying in U, folk-tales); rinear le buille é, I laid him prostrate with a blow; rinim amac (talam, 7c.), I mark off land for draining, building, etc.; beanta an rin nomat, the feats of all your ancestors.

Sinin, g. id., pl. -nioe, m., a little

nipple; dim. of rine.

Sinn, per. pr., we, us; emph., rinnne or rinne, ourselves, we ourselves; rinn réin, we ourselves (also inn, now rare).

Sinnim, rinm, 7c. See reinnim,

reinm, 7c.

Sinnreal, -rip, pl. id., m., an elder person, an elder, a chief or head of a family; the eldest of a family; ancestors, ancestry; te hanmann na react rinnrean o'ras tu, for the souls of the seven generations that went before you (left you); peacao an crinnrin, original sin, also the sin of the eldest or head of the family (Fer.); earcaine an Trinnrin, the malediction pronounced on Adam, and hence on the human race; le rinnreau-A16, for generations; o'n rinnrean Sur an roirean, from the eldest to the youngest.

Sinnreapar, -air, m., antiquity;

long standing in a place.

Sinnpeapoact, -a, f., seniority, eldership, antiquity, superiority; a long period, generations; te rinnpeapoact, during generations.

Sinnpipeact, -a, f. See pinn-

reapoact.

Since, indec. p. a., stretched out, lengthened, extended, razed; rince amac, marked out (as the foundations of a building).

Sínceac, -ciże, a., long, stretching, stretched, tall, growing fast

in stature.

Sínteacap, -aip, a stretching of indefinite length; an nuo a téroeap i brao téroeann pé i printeacap, what is prolonged or procrastinated is apt to be indefinitely put off (Con.).

Sínceatac, -aiz, -aize, m., a lanky, tall, lazy person; ouine paoa,

ruan, rallra (Don.).

Sínteamar, -air, pl. id., m., an offering made by hand; what one gives at a "hand-reach"; a subscription; commonly spelt ríntiúr; rínteanar (Don.); often r. táime.

Sίουός, -όιζε, -όζα, f., a puff of

the mouth, a whiff.

Síobóro, -e, -eaca, f., a chibbot, a small onion (P. O'C.).

Siobóioeac, -oize, a., drunken

(G. J., Vol. IV., p. 18).

Sioc, g. reaca, m., frost; the act of freezing; vioża zać rine an rioc, 'r ir reapp rioc ná riopbáipteac, frost is the worst of all weathers, but even frost is better than a constant downpour; rioc tiaż, hoar frost; rioc oub, black frost; vo nuz an rioc an na ppatantib, the frost has got hold of the potatoes, in Anglo-Irish, the potatoes are carried by the frost; ní tuża onm an rioc ná é, I hate him as much as I hate frost.

Siocain, -chac, -chaca, f., motive, cause, reason, occasion, opportunity; at an triocain rin, for that reason (Don.); an riocain man bi me 'mo Saeceal, because I was an Irishman (P. Walsh); cinn-triocain, the prime mover in an affair, the person who is responsible for a thing; riocain so halb ré, or riocain é beit, because it was (Don.).

Siocaine, g. id., pl. -nioe, m., a small, contemptible creature.

Siocamail, -mla, a., frosty.

Siocán, -áin, pl. id., m., hoar frost; hard, long-continued frost (Don.), as in bliadain an triocáin, the year of the great frost, about which there are traditions in S. Don.; cf. 'r zun i mbl. an tr. adubaint tura an "zabaim" te mnaoi, for in the year of the great frost you said "I will" to a wife (Tadhy O Tiománaidhe, Don. poet); the bird called fieldfare. See reacán rneactaid.

Siocuizce, p. a., frozen, dried up, obdurate.

Síoò. See ríot.

Síoda, g. id., pl. -aroe, m., silk; g. used as a., silken.

Siovamait, -mta. a., silky, silklike, silken; gentle, polite. Síora móna, m., bog cotton; cotton grass; bog silk; also canac móna.

Sío ò án, - án, pl. id., m., a fairy, a goblin; a fairy abode; dim. of río.

Siooan pléibe, m., foxglove, digi-

talis.

Sioobhao, -aro, -aroe, m., a fairy, a weakling; a very delicate person. See riabhao.

Sio ο - τας, m., a fairy covering or

garment.

Sίο ὁ τος, -ό15e, -ό5α, f., a fairy. Sίο ὁ τος, m., a fairy mansion.

Síoò-bhuinneall, f., a fairy maiden.

Síoo-cnumóz, -ó1ze, -óza, f., the silk-worm.

Síoo-chuic, f., a fairy harp.

Síooţa, indec. a., silky, silk-like, silken.

Sioożact, -a, f., silkiness.

Síoò-zaot, f., fairy wind.

Sío o uro e, g. id., pl. -o e, m., a fairy phantom, a goblin; commonly pron. río suro e.

Síoz, g. ríze, pl. ríoza, f., a streak,

a shock; a rick of corn.

Síoʒac, -aiʒe, a., streaked, striped, dirty; lazy, idle; abounding in shocks of corn or hay.

Siozamail, -mla, a., streaked,

striped.

S103án. See 103án.

S105án. See reansán.

S103antac, -aiże, a., hungry, halfstarved (W. Ker.).

Sίοζός, -όιζε, -όςα, f., a small rick of corn, a "stook" of corn;

dim. of rios.

Síot, g. rít, pl. -tza, m., seed; issue, progeny; race, tribe, clan, decendants; ríot réin, grass-seed; phátaite rít, seed-potatoes; ríot na teineat, a spark to kindle a fire with; ríot nuir, flax seed; and in tribal names as Síot thith, the Maguires; Síot ceatlait, the O'Kellys, etc.

Siotao, -tra, m., act of sowing, disseminating, descending (of

race, children), propagating, breeding.

Síolavóip, -ópa, -óipi \dot{v} e, m., a

sower, a seedsman.

Síolavóineact, -a, f., employment of sowing, business of a seedsman.

Síot-aicme, f., race, descendants. Síotaim, -aò, v. tr. and intr., I sow (as seed), I spread or lay down seed, I propagate, I descend (as offspring).

Siolán, -áin, pl. id., m., a strainer,

a colander, a filterer.

Siolán, piolánac. See pealán,

realánac.

Síotán, -áin, a seed-bag worn at the side in sowing corn (B.); somet. ríonán.

Síolbac, -aiz, m., seed, issue, off-

spring.

Síot-bruinneac, -niz, m., a nursery.

Síoleumim, vl. -eup, v. intr., I sow,

put in seed.
Siol-cup, g. -cup and -cupia, m.,

the act of sowing seed, sowing. Síot-cupta, p. a., sown, planted.

Síot-ptopcao, m., running of the reins.

Siolzaim, -ao, v. tr., I pick, choose, cull.

Siotsaine, g. id., pl. -price, m., a picker, a chooser.

Siolzaineact, -a, f., act of picking and choosing.

Siotta, g. id., pl. -aroe, m., a syllable; a whiff of wind; a glint of sunlight.

Siotlab, -aib, pl. (prop. dat.)
-abaib (-aib, pron. ú, as is usual
in E. and S. U.), a syllable;
riotlabaib spiáoa, words of love
(Om.); an older form of riotla.

Siotlao, -aio, -aioe, m., blast, puff, quick motion; smiting, striking; tá ré as r. spinn, he is very mirthful (Don.).

Siottaim, -ao, v. tr., I strike,

smite.

Siotlaine, g. id., pl. -nioe, m., a smiter, a striker; a sturdy fellow; an articulator; a dexterous harper; a good singer (P.O'C.); a carper, a dictator (O'N.); p. $mn\acute{a} = bean \acute{m}\acute{o}\mu$, ábalta, bheá $\dot{\xi}$, vói $\dot{\xi}$ ea \dot{m} ail (Don.).

Siollaineact, -a, f., striking, beating; playing the harp, etc.;

singing, chanting.

Siott-áineam, -pim, m., act of scanning verse by counting the syllables, as in oán oineac.

Stott-áinmim, -neam, v. tr., I scan a verse by counting the syllables, as in oán oíneac.

Stotlán, -áin, m., trouble (Der.).

Stotlánta, indec. a., strong, stout; tá mé 50 riollánta = tá mé 50 láivin, I am quite strong (Don.).

Stoll-noinn, f., diæresis or the

separation of syllables.

Síolmac. See píolbac.

Síotmanneact, -a, f., fruitfulness, productiveness, fertility.

Síotman, -aine, a., abounding in seed, fertile, fruitful, prolific.

S101pac, -aiże, -aca, f., a stout, thick-witted young woman; also -aiż, -aiże, m., a stout, growing lad.

Síolpac, -aiz, m., progeny, race,

tribe

Síothao, -aro, m., posterity, effspring; act of breeding; propagation; state of being descended from (6):

Siotpużao, -uiżce, m., the act of seeding; breeding, propa-

gating.

Siothurium (riotham), -użao, v. tr., I breed, generate, propagate; sow seed; I spring, am descended from.

Siothuiżceoin, -ona, -oinioe, m.,

a propagator.

Stotza, g. id., m., a teal, a sort of small duck.

Síottac, -aiçe, a., apt to sow or plant; fruitful, seed-bearing.

Siotzać, -aiże, a., given to beating or smiting.

Siottán, -áin, pl. id., m., a strainer, a colander; ríottán (Don.).

Siotcuiţim, -uţao and -coţao, v. tr., I filter, I strain.

Síoturoe, g. id., pl. -ote, m., a breeder; in Scotch Gaelic, a stallion.

Siomac, -ais, pl.id., m., an eel-like trout with a large head: a slender, tall man.

Siomaroe, g. id., pl. -orioe, f., a mallet, a rammer, a beetle.

Síomán, -áin, pl. id., m., a blast of wind (?) (U.). See rínim.

Síomán, -áin, pl. id., m., a strap used to bind a sheaf (U.).

Síománac, -aiţ, pl. id., m., a sprite, a wretch; otc an t-átar riorma te ríománac, he fares ill who contends with a miserable fellow (McD.).

Síomanaióe, pl., tricks, pranks, pretences; ir ont atá na ríomanaióe, what tricks, or pranks,

you play (Ker.).

Siomantact, -a, f., simony.

Síompa. See plampa.

Síon, g. píne, pl. -nta, f., weather, a season, any weather good or bad, esp. a blast, storm, rain; an taob na píne an otéact oo'n onoic-pín, on the unsheltered side, when foul weather comes (McD.); boża pín, a rainbow; tá na othí píon, the day of three storms, rain, wind, and snow; in Don. m., g. pín.

Siona, g. -ainne and -ann, d. -ainn,

f., the Shannon.

Siona-chit, m., a violent trembling; cf., balla-chit, tonn-

chit. See ronn-chit.

Sionat, -nta, m., motion, upheaval, storm; ni't pionat an an braininge i noin there is not a stir on the sea to-day, the day is quite calm (Aran.).

S101145615, -e, -654, f., a syna-

gogue (Kea.).

Sionamail, -mla, a., stormy, tem-

pestuous, rainy.

Síonán, -áin, pl. id., m., a breath, a breeze, a blast; r. cuarais, a whirlwind (Con.). See ríneán.

Sion-buaitte, p. a., weatherbeaten (C.). P. O'C. gives rion-bualao, weather-beating.

Sionnac, -ais, pl. id., m., a fox. Sionnacamait, -mta, a., fox-like,

cunning.

Sionnacuizim, -użao, v. intr., I play tricks, I act the fox.

Sionnya, g. id., pl. -aroe, m., a

Stonnra, g. id., m., a stay, delay, a pause; tediousness, prolixity.

Sionnrac, -aize, α ., slow, tedious, prolix; rionnránac, id.

Sionnruizim, -użao, v. intr., I linger, loiter, delay.

Sionpóin, -óna, -óinide, m., a

chanter.

Stopa, g. id., pl. -toe, m., a shop. Síopao, -pta, m., the act of sweeping, being swept (e.g. by the wind). See ríobao.

Sιορασόιη, -όηα, -όιηιτος, m., a

shop-keeper.

Sioparoe, pl.. m., pretension, bombast, conceit, overbearing manners; réac na riopaide atá raoi, see the conceited airs of the fellow.

Siopluir, -e, f., a sweet drink;

treacle (Clare).

Sion, ad., everlasting, lasting, perpetual, continual, ever, long, constant; 30 ríon, for ever, always, continually; oo ríon, always, for ever, continually, perpetually, permanently, eternally.

Sion- (rin-), used as prefix, continual, ever, perpetual, long, continuous, lasting; az ríonżuioe an oo jon, praying eter-

nally for you.

Sionaim. See ripim.

Sion-acaphac, -aize, a., ever fluc-

tuating, ever shifting.

Síon-báirceac, f., a constant downpour; ir reápp rioc 'ná r., frost is better than a constant downpour.

Síon-blorcao, -cta, m., a continual

clatter or report.

Sion-busoitleso, m., a constant rustling or rattling noise.

Sion-buaroeantoin, -ona, -oinroe, m., a continual persecutor, a persistent mischief-maker.

Síon-bualao, -ailte, m., a continual striking, constant thump-

ing.

Sione, -a, -anna, m., a jerk; a rapid toss, as of a marble (Ker.).

Sioncao. See prope and propeaim. Siopeaim, -ao, v. tr., I throw rapidly and with nice aim, as in playing marbles (Ker.).

Sion-canne, f., garrulity, constant

prating.

Síon-cainnteac, -ti5, m., a babbler, a constant tattler, a persistent meddler.

Sion-cainnceac, -cize, a., prating, extremely garrulous, constantly

talking, meddling.

Síon-caiteam, m., act of continully eating, consuming, wearing (as clothes); spending, extravagance; act of constantly throwing.

Síon-cantain, f., act of constant

chanting.

Sion-caoinear, m., act of continuously bewailing, lamenting.

Síon-cantao, m., act of completely expelling, overthrowing or casting away.

Síon-caram, -rao, v. tr., I twist continually, turn constantly.

Síop-coolao, m., a continuous sleep, very deep repose, lethargy.

Síon-commuroe, m., place of constant abode; an everlasting

dwelling place.

Síon-cun, m., the act of continually putting. See cuipim in all its meanings; as r. Laoc oa οτρεοιμ, continually destroying warriors; act of constantly raining.

Síonos, indec. a., continual, per-

petual, infinite, eternal.

Siopoact, -a, f., continuity, perpetuity, infinity, eternity.

Síop-oubao, m., utter darkness,

despair.

Síop- \dot{r} áp, m., the act of growing a long time; long-sustained growth.

Sion- \dot{z} ans, -ainse, α ., ever fierce. Síon-Stacaim, -ao, v. tr., I grip, I handle thoroughly or constantly; I touch, take, receive

continually.

Sion-tloin, f., eternal glory.

Síon- \dot{z} nátu \dot{z} a \dot{o} , -u \dot{z} \dot{c} e, m., act of constantly practising or frequenting.

Síon-znátuizim, -uzao, v. tr., I use continually, practise fre-

quently.

Sion-lappaim, -paio, v. tr., I importune, I petition constantly.

Sion-laphtar, -tair, m., importunity, constant petitioning. Síon-tám, f., a long hand.

Síon-toircim, -torcao, v. tr., I burn perpetually or eternally.

Sion-mantanac, -aite, a., everlasting, immortal.

Sion-obaim, -ao, v. tr., I flinch or

refuse constantly.

Sionoip, -e, -opa, f., a syrup (A.). Sion-ot, -oil, m., the act of continually drinking;

drinking.

Sionna, g. id., pl. -aroe, m., a sharp rock in the sea rising nearly to the water's surface, and hence dangerous to boats; proppa caininge, id.

S10717140, -a10, m., blast, breeze; τά \mathfrak{r} . móμ ζαοιτε ann (Don.).

Siopparoe, indec. a., everlasting, Salan eternal: rava abnann ríopparoe bpéaz, a long disease does not always deceive, i.e. it brings death at last; often pron. ríonitarioe; 30 r., always, ever.

Siopparoeact, -a, f., eternity, perpetuity; 'ran crionnaioeacc, in eternity, in the next life.

Sion-rcot, f., a genuine flower, a true offspring; also a fine top or edge.

Síon-rtáin $\tau e, f.$, perpetual health. Sion-rmuaineam, -nce, m., act of thinking perpetually, long medi-

Sion-ruidim, v. intr., I linger, loiter.

Sioncaim, -ao, v. tr., I smite; I execute, slay.

Siontain, -ana, f., the act of enquiring, seeking, asking.

Siontaine, g. id., pl. -nice, m., an executioner; a low fellow.

Siontóin, -óna, -óinite, m., an enquirer, an asker; a beggar.

Siopuzao, -uizte, m., the act of making permanent.

Sίομμιζιm, -μζαό, v, tr., I make permanent, I cause to endure.

Sion-unce, m., constant rain;

constant water.

Sior, ad., down (with motion), downward; below, following; as cup rior ap, treating of, descanting on; cuabar rior 30 Toome, I went down to Derry; vo rátuit ré ríor an bion, he stuck the spike down; as out rior amac, going down into the country; as cuicim ríor, falling down (from the point of observation); as cuicim anuar, falling down (from above); an chácc ro ríor, the following discourse or tract; rior teat, go down; tíor (ríor) is used of a state of rest or permanency; rior ruar, topsy-turvy, in confusion; as out rior annro (emphasis on ríor), going just a little down, Anglo-Irish, going down here (emphasis on down). See tior.

Stora, g. id., pl. -aroe, m., a hiss, a whizzing or buzzing sound.

Siopaim, -rma, v. intr., I contend. Stopathe, g. id., pl. -proe, m., a whisperer, a hisser.

Stopatheact. -a, f., a hissing, a

whispering.

Siopán, -áin, pl. id., m., a whisper (used in Clare); a murmur, buzzing or whizzing.

Stopánac, -A15e, a., hissing,

whispering, muttering.

Siopannac, -aize, f., a whispering; as piopaphais, whisper-

Siopcao, -cta, m., a dropping, a

trickling, shedding.

Storcanta, indec. a., tidy, smart;

also riorcaite (E. R.).

Siorma, g. id., pl. -aioe, m., schism, quarrel, division, whispering, private conference; the act of contending. See riora.

Stormaine, g. id., pl. -price, m., schismatic, seceder; whisperer.

Siormaineact, -a,f., schismatizing. Stormannac (riorannac), -aize, a., hissing; whispering, talking

in an undertone.

Sioróz, -óize, -óza, f., a whisper; a soft noise; a sucking kiss, with a noise made by the lips.

Siortal, -ait, pl. id., m., hackles, used in the manufacture of

Siorcán, -áin, pl. id., m., din, noise, much talk (also rearcán).

Storum, - աւր, pl. id., m., a pair of scissors, a pair of shears.

S10T, -A, m., noise.

Síot, -ta, f., peace; agreement, atonement; quietness, concord; οο rit né, at peace with (Kea.). S1078, g. id., pl. - s10e, m., a trifle,

a toy, a present, a gift.

S107A, g. id., pl. -A10e, m., a pet, an ill-bred child; An S10ta'r a mátain, The ill-bred Child and his Mother, is the title of a humorous and clever Munster poem (nom. also riot).

Síotac, -aize, a., peaceable, calm, agreeable; r. te, at peace with.

Síotavóip, -ópa, -óipive, m., a peace-maker.

Siocallac, -ais, pl. id., m., a pet, a rude or ill-bred child.

Síocamail, -mla, a., peaceable, peaceful, quiet.

Siotán, -áin, pl. id., m., a hillock. Síot-bollpaine, m., a herald that proclaims peace.

Síoċ-buaine, g. id., f., perseverance, continuance; sustained

peace. Síot-buan, -aine, a., eternal, per-

petual.

Síotcáin, -cána, f., peace, concord. Síotcáinteac, -tiže, a., peaceable, quiet, agreeable, tolerant.

Síoccánta, indec. a., peaceable. pacific, quiet, tranquil.

Síoccáncuroe, g. id., pl. -oce, m.,

a peacemaker.

Síoċ-ċoiméaouioe, g. id., pl. -oċe, m. a preserver of the peace, a constable.

S10 \dot{c} - \dot{c} uainc, f., a long circular

visit (P. O'C.).

in order to be petted; acting the spoiled or forward child.

Síoż-żonm, -żunnme, a., ever-

green.

Siotlato, -lata, m., straining, filtering. See protao.

Siotlán, -áin, pl. id., m., a

strainer, a filterer. See riolán. Siotlužao, -uižte, m., filtration,

depuration, clarification.

Siotlurde, g. id., pl.-dte, m., a colander.

Siotluitim, -użato, v. tr., I strain, filter.

Síocluicim, -ucao, v. tr., I appease, pacify.

Síotnuroe, m., a sneak.

Síotužao, -uižte, m., act of pacifying, tranquilising; act of settling down tranquilly; ní ruilnzio Saill ouinn riotużao i néininn real, the foreigners never let us settle down peacefully in Erin (O'D.).

Síocuicim, -użao, v. tr. and intr., I pacify, tranquillise; I become peaceable, am at ease, settle

down in peace.

Sin. See rion.

Sín-cleactao, m., practising continually, frequent exercise.

Sip-oeapbaim, -bao, v. intr., I constantly swear, I constantly prove or give evidence as to.

Sine, g. id., f., perpetuity, permanence.

Sineact, -a, f., perpetuity, permanence.

Sipearo, -iopita, m., the act of seeking, asking, begging, inviting, frequenting.

Sin-éizeam, f., act of long complaining, constantly crying out.

Síṇ-ṛἑaċaim, -ṛἑaċain(τ), v.tr. and intr., I look steadily at (Δη), I behold with fixed gaze.

Sípim, -peaò, v. tr., I seek, ask, demand, entreat; I search; pípim ip aitcim, I demand and entreat; as pípieaò na mbeann, searching the headlands.

Sin-impree, g. id., f., constant mi-

gration. See 1m1pce.

Sin-10mcan, -ain, m., act of carrying perpetually; constant burthen.

Sipíp, -e, -ioe, f., a cherry. See

ritin.

Sin-teoman, m., a true hero.

Sin-tionaim, -naò, v. tr., I fill up, fill continually.

Sin-neic, f. or m., a constant selling, frequent sales.

Տորրուդ, - ուտ, pl. id., m., an officer, a sheriff (also բորրուդա).

Sin-rileao. See rin-rilt.

Sin-ritz, f., eternal dropping, con-

stant shedding.

Sinteac, -tite,a., begging, craving; as subs., one that begs or craves, hence a scout, one that seeks for plunder.

Sinteon, -ona, -onnite, m., a

petitioner, a beggar.

Sínteomeact, -a, f., importunity, begging.

Sire, riri, emph. per. prn., she, herself, she herself.

Siréal, -éil, -éala, m., a chisel; rireal (Don.).

Sirt, a time, a while; dim. rirteán (P. O'C.), id.

Siptéal, m., a cistern (O'N).

Sirreat, -cit, pl. id., m., a flax hackle, a flax comb, a wool comb (also riorcat).

Sipteatact, -a, f., a hackling or

carding of flax or wool.

Sirtealóin, -óna, -óinite, m., a flax dresser, a wool-comber, a hackler.

Sirreán, -áin, m., a little time, a little while.

Sic, interj.; pic, pic, whist, hark!

Sit, -e, m., stability, permanence, perpetuity, constancy, duration; often the prefix is a compound like nion.

like rion-, rin-.

Sic, the last remnant of life, the remains of vital strength, in phr. cá an pic aram, my strength has nearly left me, I am almost famished (of hunger). Síc-beo, a., permanent, perpetual.

Sit-beood, indec. a., ever lively or

sprightly.

Sít-beodact, -a, f., perpetuity, permanency.

Sittin, g. id., pl. -nite, m., a switch, a bulrush.

Sit-binn, a., fairy-sweet (of music) (Kea.).

Síċ-ċeanʒat, m., a treaty of peace. Síċ-ċeanʒtaim, -ʒat, v. tr., I ratify a peace.

Sic-vion, m., constant or lasting

shelter.

Síteat, -tiţe, a., peaceful. See ríotat.

Siteac-paint, f., peaceful alliance. Siteamail, -mla, a., lasting, enduring.

Siteoitte, indec. p. a., peaceful, polite, affable.

polite, allabie

Sit-Záipioe, mocking laughter (Don.).

Sitheac, -hiże, f., act of neighing, etc. See reitheac.

Sichizim. See peichizim.

Sithizteoih, -oha, -oihide, m., a husbandman $(O^{\circ}R)$.

Sít-reanc, m. and f., constant or enduring love.

Sindat, -ait, m., the act of walking, traversing, travelling, moving, going on or away, departing; a march, journey, flight; peap rindat, a wandering beggar, a tramp; ap rindat, in progress, off, away (U.); cao tá ap rindat azar? what are you saying, doing, etc.; frequentation, recourse: ip ann a bionn mo rindat, I am in the habit of frequenting that place; az rindat oroce, night-walking, strolling by night; used with

ap in the sense of going amongst, frequenting, visiting, like μιὰ; a measure in music between fast and slow (O'R.); prubat οιός σαη έκολιτ, unprofitable nightwalking (Mea.).

Stublac, -a, je, a., fleet, nimble, swift; sliding; travelling, moving, walking, departing, strolling; transient; frequenting,

having recourse to.

Siublac, -aiz, -aize, m., a traveller. Siublaim, vl. piubal, v.tr. and intr., I walk, I move, I go, I travel, I go on with a thing; march, roll, traverse, pass over, depart, vanish; I frequent, have recourse to (with an); an piubal, going on, in progress, on one's way, gone off; oo piubail an noitleán ain, the wheel rolled over him.

Simbloio, -e, f., journeying, travelling, walking; a walk, a

journey.

Siublóroeac, -oiże, a., given to travelling or walking.

Simbloive α cc, $-\alpha$, f., walking,

journeying (Mayo).

Siublóin, -óna, -óinioe, m., a walker, a traveller, a wayfarer, a stroller.

Siúcaipe, g. id., pl. -piróe, m., sugar (in pl., kinds of sugar); in M. sp. l., piuicipe; in Don., piúcpa and piugpa.

Siúcanoa, p. a., saccharine, sweet,

of or belonging to sugar.

Sιúcηα, m., sugar (Don.); also

riugna. See riúcaine.

Siúo, dem. prn., that, usually connected with é, í, ré, rí, ηc.; γιúο ομτ, here's to you (in drinking to one's health); γιúο ιγ 50, granted that, although; γιúο cum γιυδαι é, he is on his journey, he started off; γιúο γιας é! lo, it goes up. See γιύο.

Siminéim, -éana, -éiminée, m., a joiner, a carpenter (A).

joinery, art of house-furnishing

(A.).

Siulpac, -ait, -aite, m., a stout, sturdy boy (Don. and N. Con.).

Siúnta, g. id., pl. -aite, m., a strait, a sound; the joining of the boards in boat-building; cf. ní hé an raon a tí cionntac, act an riúnta tí rainring (=joint?).

Siúntar, in phr. tuz mé riúntar, I noticed (Con.) (for ruaicean-

cap?).

Sιύη, g. reatan (also reatnac, rιύηα), pl. rιυιμεατα (also reatnaca, rιύματα), f., a sister, a female relative. See σειμυτίνη.

Siupoán, -áin, pl. id., m., a rattling,

a rustling noise.

Siupoánač, -aiże, a., rattling, rustling, noisy.

Siupicać, --aiże, -a, f., & harlot, a concubine.

Siuptact, -a, f., concubinage.

Single strumpet. Single strumpet. g. id., pl. -proe, f., a strumpet.

Siuμτός, -όιζε, -όιζα, f., a bound, a bounce, a sudden sally, a skipping.

Siuntózac, -aiże, a., bouncing, capering, skipping, frisky.

Siupán. See piopán.

Siupannac. See piopannac.

Siúrcát, -áit, m., wagging (?); in phr., 'nubatt riúrcáit, used of a plausible, conciliatory person (Con.).

Siucappaim, -ab, v. tr., I wander, stroll.

Siutappar, -air, m., wandering, strolling.

Stab, -a1b, m., mud, mire; a soft-fleshed person.

Stabouite, in phr. cam rtabouite teir an ochar, I am famished with hunger (Con.); cf. rtamacam.

Slaöna, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a chain, a fetter.

Stabhun'im, -nao and -użao, v. tr., I chain, I tie up, I fasten, I fetter.

Stacame, g. id., pl. -proe, a batterer, a bruiser, a beater.

Stacaineact, .a, f., a battery, a beating, a bruising.

Stacame, -apta, f., a beating, a drubbing, a battering, a bruising, a mauling.

Stact, -aict, m., good appearance, neatness, tidiness, completeness, adornment, trimness; plact oo cup ap an oois, to furnish and adorn the house.

Stactman, -anne, a., in good condition, well-favoured, deft, tidy, handy, neat, finished, adorned.

Stactuizim, użao, v. tr., I make neat or tidy, I finish, deck, adorn.

Stao, g. ptaro and ptaota, pl. id., m., robbery, theft, larceny.

Stabac, -aiże, a., given to plundering.

Stavaro, -ota, m., act of plundering, robbing, stealing.

Stadardeact, -a, f., robbery, plunder, thievery.

Stadam, -dad, v. tr., I rob, steal, plunder.

Stadaine, g. id., pl. -nide, m., a plunderer, a robber.

Stadanneact. See pladandeact. Stadan, -ánn, pl. id., m., a clamp used in gelding.

Stao-manbao, m., murder and robbery.

Slav-mapbaim, -bao, v. tr., I murder and rob.

Stao-mantiton, -óna, -óna, -ónnie, m., a highway robber, a murderer, a freebooter.

Slaomóiμ, -όμα, -όιμισe, m., a robber, a thief, a plunderer.

Slaomonneact, -a, f., robbery, thievery.

Staotać, -aiţe, a., robbing, spoiling, plundering.

Staocóιμ, -όμα, -όιμιοe, m., a robber, a thief, a highwayman.

Slaocóipeacc, -a, f., robbery, theft, plunder.

Staduide, g. id., pl. -de, m., a plunderer, a robber; raditeann saduide na schuad sun rtaduide an rtuad (U. prov.).

Stazoán, a cold. See plaován.

starb, -e, f., mud or mire left on the sea-shore or on a river's bank. See rtab.

Staro, -oe, f., theft, robbery; what is stolen or concealed. See place.

Staro, -e, f., a disrespectful term for a woman.

Starbe, g. id., f., act of smiting; killing, slaying, slaughtering.

Starżieać, litharge, i.e., the scum, froth or spume of metals (P. O'C.).

Stáimín, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a small flat roll of wool, etc.; a little handful; a dirty, untidy person.

Stáin-cheadac, -aige, a., having one's wounds perfectly healed; ptáin - cheapac, id.; ptáin-chéactac, -aige, a., id.

Stáineact, -a, f., entireness, fulness; health, soundness of body; rtáine, id.

Slám-íc, f., complete cure, salvation; a healing salve, a precious or rare medicine.

Stánte, g. id., pl. -teaca, f., health, soundness, healing, salvation; a health, a toast; ptánte mait! good health! eartánte, ill-health; iocrtánte, balm, healing-balm, balsam; (as) reo oo rtánte! here is a health to you! otanmir rtánte na mná, let us drink the woman's health; ir mitir an nuo an trlánte, health is a delectable commodity.

Stáinteac, -tiże, a., sound, healthy.

Stáinteamait, -mta, a., healthy, healthful, salutary, wholesome, salubrious.

Stáinteamtact, -a, f., healthfulness, benignity.

Startín, g. id., pl. -nròe, m., a sprig, a twig, a little stick; ptartín opaoròeacta, a magic wand.

Stám, -áme, -áma, f., a lock or handful of wool, tow, etc.; a flat, loose roll of carded wool;

rlám rneactaro, a flake of snow.

Slámac, -aize, a., teasing, pluck-

ing, combing, carding.

Stamacaim, -cao, v. intr., I bend down; I lodge, as corn or grass. Stamacán, -áin, m., lodged corn or grass.

Stamao, -mea, m., eating greedily

Slámao, -mia, m., act of carding loosely (wool, etc.); act of making wool into loose, flat rolls.

Stámaim, -aò, v. tr., I card loosely (wool, etc.); téis voib cíonao man a plámaro prao é, let them card it (wool) according as they tease it (i.e., prepare it for carding; that is to say, let them get out of the difficulties they themselves create, I will not interfere (Ker.); cf. man chioruizeann riao rlámao riao (Don.); cíopuisio 7 plámuizio earpait réin é, comb and card it between yourselves, i.e., settle the dispute between you (Don.).

Stamaince, g. id., pl. -croe, f., a wreath, a bunch of grass, etc.

Stamaine, g. id., pl. -proe, m., a voracious eater.

Stamaine, -anea, f., voracious eating.

Slamán (rlamán), -áin, curdled milk (P. O'C.).

Stámán, -áin, pl. id., m., a little lock of teased wool, etc.; a little flake (of snow).

Stámóz, -613e, -63a, f., a small lock of teased wool, etc.; a little flake (of snow); an untidy woman.

Stampa, g. id., pl. -plance, m., a layer, tuft of grass, etc.; a soft roll, as of wool, etc.

Stampac, -aize, a., in soft layers, in rolls (as wool).

Stampaim, -pao, v. tr., I eat voraciously.

Slán, g. rláin, pl. -a, m., safety, security, guarantee, surety, pro-

tection; farewell; challenge, defiance; rlán teac (sing.), rlán tiö (pl.), farewell! rlán beo agat (sing.), rlán beo asaib (pl.), id.; o'ras ré rtan AS, he bade farewell to; a rtan rá, in defiance of; a rtán rúc! I defy you to do (or say) it! oubrtán, challenge, defiance; beinim oo o., I defy you (Con. and U.); a distinction is drawn between rlán tear and rlán azar, the former being said by the people of the house to their departing visitor, and the latter by the visitors to the host of whom they are taking leave; to the person setting out is said ráz rtán aca, bid them farewell, take your leave of them; rtán beo cum Tomnaill, may Domhnall prosper, God be with Domhnall (who is in America, etc.); mo cúis céao rlán cum outait m'atan, five hundred adieus to my father's district ("An Spailpin Pánac").

Stán, -áine, a., whole, healthy, healed, secure, safe, sound, well, perfect, complete, entire, uninjured; talam rlán a béanam oe'n rcéat, to accept the tale as true; 50 rlán, well; 50 océro cú rlán, may you go (home, etc.) safely, success attend you.

Stánao, -nca, m., surety, bail,

protection.

Stánaroesco, -a, f., a guarantee, a surety, a passport; act of

saving.

Stantur, g. -tuir and -tura, pl. id., m., rib-wort, rib-grass, plantain; rlántur na muice, swine's cresses (O'C.); in sp. l. rtán-

Stánużao, -uiżce, m., act of curing, healing, saving; salvation; the secundine of a woman after childbirth; the cleaning off or getting rid of the secundine; rlánaö, id.(Con.).

Stánuizim, -użao, v. tr., I cure, I heal, I save, I complete, I

make whole; I attain the age of; oo rtanuis unite, she was safely delivered, she was safely rid of the secundine (of a woman in childbirth).

Slánuiţteoiμ, -oμα, -οιμιτοθ, m., a saviour; αμ Slánuiţteοiμ,

our Saviour.

Staoo, -a, pl. id., m., a swath, a layer, a pile; a smooth sweeping mass, a flowing mass of hair; 'n-a rtaooaib, in heaps, in layers or wreaths; in torrents.

Staoo, -a, pl. id., m., a raft, a

float, a trail.

Staoo, m., a fool, a dull-witted

fellow (Om.).

Staodać, -aiże, a., in layers, in tresses; flowing, floating, sweeping.

Staooso, -ota, m., act of dragging or trailing after one; act of

slipping, sliding.

Staooao, -ota, m., act of mowing down in layers; act of murdering, destroying.

Staodardeact, -a, f., act of idling, wasting time (Don.); also plac-

AIDEACT.

Staodam, -ao, v. tr. and intr., I drag or trail after me; I slide, slip.

Staodam, -ao, v. tr., I reap or mow down in swaths or layers;

I slay, murder, destroy.

Staován, -áin, m., a cold (the disease), a hoarseness; pron. rtażván (M.); cf. taován, pron. tavván, etc.; P. O'C. writes this word rtujżeaván, and says it=tujżeaván or tujżeaván, prop. any sickness that confines one to bed, but the etymology is far-fetched.

Staoo-ciallac, -aiże, a., dull-

witted.

Slaopać, -aiż, -aċa, m., a hinge; pl. γlaopaća, hinges, foundations.

Staoonao, -oanta, a sliding,

floating, trailing.

Staootán, -áin, m., a lazy fellow (Don.).

Staoonroe, g. id., pl. -ote, m., a lazy, idle person (Don.).

Slaoroeam, m., act of inciting

(dogs, etc.) (Clare).

Staoro-terne, f., a funeral pile (Kea., T. S.).

Stapac, -aiże, a., slovenly, awkward, untidy, dirty; lukewarm;

brackish (rtsopsc. id.).

Stapact, -a, f., slovenliness, awk-wardness, untidiness, dirt.

Stapanne, g. id., pl. -nroe, m., a sloven, a sluggard, an awkward untidy fellow, a drawler.

Stapaipeact, -a, f., untidiness, slovenliness; act of wading: aς γ. τμίο an uirce, wading or pawing water; prating (N. Con.).

Stapan, -ain, pl. id., m., a skirt, a trail, the train of a long robe.

Stapanac, -aiξe, α., having a long skirt or train (as of a robe); unwieldy; untidy, unkempt (also rtapnac).

Stapannać, -aiże, f., act of splash-

ing, as water.

Stapóz, -61ze, -6za, f., a slut, an

untidy woman.

Slapμaö, -arö, m., lavishness of of dress; τά γ. móμ aιμ, his dress is lavish or proves he is well-to-do.

Star, -a, m., a cutting or hacking;

slaughtering.

Slaparoeacc, -a, f., continual cutting or hacking; a private

grudge.

Stat, g. plante, pl. plata, f., a rod, a yard measure, a yard in length; a switch, a fishing-rod, a reed, a wand; r. bhoroe, a goad; r. opaoroeacta, a magic wand; r. 50mm, woody nightshade (solanum dulcamara); r. junna, r. 1arcais, fishing-rod; r. mana, tangle sea-rod; γ. μίοζοα, sceptre; r. phiocta, goad; r. reoit, a halyard; r. ruaiteantair, mace, flag-staff; r. tomair, wand for measuring, yard, ell; plac puinneoise, a window-sill; rlat onoicio, the parapet of a bridge.

Slátac, -sit, pl. id., m., slime in water; in some places, tátac (Don.). See stótac.

Slacao, -cta, m., a switching.

Stataioe, f. pl., the lines or curves on which a vessel is built.

Stataım, -ao, v. tr., I switch.

Stataine, g. id., pl. -proe, m., a tall, nimble, grown-up boy; also any young animal approaching maturity; cf. r. muice, r. céire.

Stat-buailim, -alaö, $v.\ tr.,\ 1$ switch, I beat with a rod.

Star-buatao, m., the act of smiting with a rod.

Stat-cút, m., a long lock of hair on the back of the head.

Stat-rott, m., hair in long locks. Stat Zonm, f., bitter-sweet, woody nightshade.

Statos, -615e, -65a, f., a twig.

Steabac, - a_{1} c, $m_{.}$, a sort of edible sea-weed, often cooked and used for food; the matter in the inside of a horn; rlabac (Don.). See rleabacán.

Steabacán, -áin, m., sloke; an edible sea-weed, often cooked and used as food; a kind of syrup made from this weed; the matter inside a horn.

Stéact, -a, m., adoration, bowing down, falling down.

Steactac, -aize (from rtioct), a., having offspring or progeny.

Steactaim, -ao, v. tr., I cut, hack, scar, gash, hew, fell.

Sléactaim, vl. - tao and - tain, v. tr. and intr., I kneel, I worship, I adore, I bow down, I fall or hang down (of a covering); rtéactaim oi, I salute her with a bow.

Stéactain, -tana, f., worship, adoration, bowing down, kneel-

Sléactanac, -aize, α ., bowing down in reverence or adoration.

Stéactanar, -air, m. act of bowing, kneeling, falling down with reverence; pléactanact, id.

Sleas, -eise, -a, f., a spear, a lance, a javelin, a pike; also a

long, thin thorn or little slice of wood, such as may enter the flesh of the fingers, etc.

Sleažač, -aiže, a., armed with a spear or dart; like a spear or

dart.

Sleazač, -aiże, a., sneaking; drawling.

Steasaim, -ao, v. intr., I drawl; I sneak off.

Sleazaim, -ao, v. tr., I cut, hack, wound, strike, smite; cf. a5 rleagao na rluaj (Feis Tighe Chonáin, apud P. O'C.).

Steazaine, g. id., pl.-proe, m., a

drawler; a sneak.

Steażán, -áin, pl. id., m., a turfspade; a kind of spade with a wing at one side, or at both sides.

Sleazán, See pliozán.

Steazoóin, -óna, -óinioe, m., a man who cuts turf.

Steamac, -aic, m., an inclined position or motion of the head; an angry or careless attitude.

Steamacán. See pteabacán. Steamacán, -áin, pl. id., m., a slap or cuff on the side of the head.

Sleamain, -leimne, a., smooth, sleek, unruffled, plain; slippery; unleavened; politic, diplomatic, plausible; treacherous, unreliable; beineann rean rteamain riaca teir, a plausible man goes off with debts (Con. prov.).

Steamán, -áin, pl. id., m., elm; chann rleamáin, horn-beam

tree (P. O'C.).

Steamnán, -áin, pl. id., m., smoothness, sliding, slipperiness; cann rteamnáin, a sledge, an oldfashioned Irish car; cappa r., id.

Sleamnánuroe, g. id., pl. -oce, m., a plausible villain, a trickster.

Steamnusao, -uisce, m., the act of sliding, gliding, slipping, going quietly, escaping (from, 6).

Steamnuitim, -uţao, v. tr. and intr., I slip, I slide, I stumble, I make slippery or smooth; glide away, go quietly, escape (from, o); oo rteamnuis ré anonn, he went over quietly, he "slipped" over, went without fuss or attracting attention; ná léiz oo'n lá rleamnužao uait, do not let the day pass from you as if unnoticed, that is, do some work while it is still day; oo rteamnuis ré uaim, he dodged me.

Steanntac, -ais, pl. id., m., a flake, a collection of flakes; a slice; rteanntac reota, a slice

of flesh.

Sléapao, -pta, m., boasting (Der.).

Steapac, -aiże, a., having borders, coasts or sides.

Stearcaim, -cao, v. intr., I crack. Sterbe, in phr. 50 plerbe, for ever (Con.).

Stéibreac, -rize. See ptéib-

ceamail.

Stéibceamait, -mta, a., mountainous, marshy.

Stéibcheac, - pis, - pise, m., a water-flag; the flower that grows on the water-flag.

Steimne, g. id., f., smoothness, slipperiness, polish, diplomacy,

treachery, deceit.

Steimneact, -a, f., slipperiness, unsteadiness; polish, diplomacy; treachery, deceit.

Steozać, -aiže, a., apt to nauseate. Sleosaim, -ao, v. tr. and intr., I nauseate.

Steosaim, I smite, cut, wound.

See pleasaim.

Stiab, g. rtéibe, pl. rtéibce, m., a mountain, a range of mountains; a mountainous district, e.g., Stiab Ruan. the Dublin mountains; Sliab Luacha, an extensive mountain district in Kerry, etc.; a moor, a marsh; a heathery upland or even plain; a wild bog; an rán cum rléibe, scattered far away. means both a high hill or mountain, and wild heathery bog or moorland, as distinct from arable land. In Anglo-Irish a piece of a "mountain"

means a piece of moorland. whether level or undulating. In W. Ker. rtiat often implies the idea of low-lying, hence the phr. az ceacc anior o'n rliab.

Stract, -a, m., a swallowing.

Stiar. See pliapao.

Stiarao, g. rtiarca and rtéirce. pl. id., f., the loins, the thigh: go nuige na ptéirce, to the thigh; also the coarse part of a thread; nom. also rtiararo and rliar.

Stiart, g. rtéirt, pl. id., m., the ledge in a loom or on a ridge.

Stiartac, -siže, a., awkward, knock-kneed

Sliarcao, m. See rliarc.

Stiartán, -áin, pl. id., m., the ledge in a loom or on a ridge.

Stibine, g.id., pl.-proe, m., a tall, gaunt man.

Stiżbin, g. id., pl.-niće, m., a slymannered fellow, a schemer, a trickster.

Stize, g. id., pl. -ziroe, m., a shell,

a grisset. See rleoza.

Stiże, -e α ö, - \dot{z} ċe, f., a way, a road, a track, a path, a passage; room, space; a manner, a method, a means, a contrivance; an a rtizio, on his way; ar an τριζιό, wrong, criminal; Δ řtiže réin, his own way, according to his own will; 50 noeánnaio Oia an crlize ir reappi oá anam, may God put his soul in the most favourable state (a prayer for one who is dead); rtiże beatao, a way of living, a means of livelihood; véan rlije oam, make room for me: pl. also rtiziescs, and in sp. lrliżce; cf. piżce.

Stizeao, m., a vessel containing melted tallow to dip rushes in for candles; a hollow piece of a large pot. See rlize and rlioza.

Sližeavoip, -opa, -oppioe, m., an artful, scheming fellow.

Stizeavoineact, -a, f., a wile; artfulness, cunning; fertility in schemes and stratagems.

Stizeán, -áin, pl. id., m., a mussel, a shell. See rtiozán.

Stizneac, -niż, m., a collection of

scales; scales.

Stippeac, -pi5, m., a collection of fragments, as of broken shells, pieces, bits of broken glass or other ware; slate debris; little thin plates; ptippeao, id.

Slignin, g. id., pl. -pinroe, m., a thin small shell, any thin plate, a fragment of a slate, a thin pebble, often applied to coins (gold or silver); in pl. also the pendants of a watch chain; fragments into which a watch, etc., may be broken.

Stiżcać, -tiże, a., artful, cunning, sly, fraudulent, wily, designing; wayward; resourceful; as subs., "a fly body," a tricky person

(Don.).

Stiţteavoin, -ona, -onnice, m., an artful, cunning, designing person.

Stiżteaoóineact, -a, f., cunning,

strategy, artifice.

Slisteoin. See plisteadoin.

Sliżteoineact. See pliżteadóin-

eact.

Stim, -e, a., smooth, unleavened, slender, well-groomed, thin, spare, miserable, wretched.

Stím, frequently used in poetry as an intensive in compounds like rtím-rtózac, rtím-buarbeanta.

Stim, a small quantity, a handful (Don.); rtiomán, id. (U.).

Stim-bánc, m., a graceful ship. Stime, g. id., f., smoothness, slimness, thinness (ptimeact, id.).

Stim-żiattao, m., lip service, as distinguished from genuine

homage (Kea.).

Stinn, -e, -teanna, pl. also rteannthaca (Con.), f., a weaver's slay or reed; a tile, a slate, a flag, a flat stone; teac (tis) rtinne, a slated house; a light, flat board for scutching flax.

Stinn, -e, a., flat.

Stinneán, -áin, pl. id., m., a shoulder, the shoulder blade; bor an

the shoulder-bone; rinneán topais, the front beam of a spinning-wheel; a border.

Stinnteac, -tiz, m., a tiling;

slates, tiles, shingles.

Stinceact, -a, f., sleet (corrupt for ctoic-rineact) (Don.).

of rasping, filing, grinding; act

of smoothing, polishing.

Stiobao, -bca, m., act of scraping away, extracting or taking away from; amail to ptiobao 5ac pocan uaro, as each gain was drawn away from him (Kea.); beio cuimne aca an ptiobao a peotear bponesebaptian, they will remember how their sails (or ships) were carried away at Port Sebastian (McD.); act of licking (W. Cork).

Stíobam (rlíomam), -ao, v. tr., I rasp, file, grind; I smoothe, I

polish.

Stiobam, -ao, v. tr., I rub or scratch off, I scrape away; I rasp, file, grind; I extract, draw, or take from; I lick (W. Cork).

Stioban, -ain, m., anything that hangs loose or untidy; somet. applied to a cow's udder;

Lioban, id.

Stiobannaiţit, -e, f., hanging from, suspended (N. Con.); a variant form of tiobannaċ, dat. (az) tiobannaiţ, the change being caused by prosthetic r and the substitution of the terminal -ţait for -aċ, often found in Con.

Stiobnao, -banta, m., act of

dragging along.

Stiobnaim, -paò, v. tr., I draw, drag, pull, trail.

Stiobts, p. a., polished, sharp-

pointed.

Stiocaim, -aö, v. intr., I slip off or out, leave quietly; †tioc ré teir amac 7 o'imit ré, he slipped out quietly and went (Don.).

Stioct, g. rteacta, pl. id., m., race, lineage, tribe, seed, clan,

offspring, posterity, descendants, family, family stock; track, vestige; extract, portion; a troop or company; a multitude; tá a †tioct ain, "sign is on it," this is a proof (Con.); tá a pian ain (M.); tá plioct ain, he is marked or has a mark (scar) on him (Mon.); so scuinto Oia an nat an oo †tioct, may God prosper your progeny; the result or produce of anything.

Stioctman, -aine, a., having many descendants; prolific, populous.

Stioza, g. id., pl. -aroe, m., a shell; a cow's udder, when large and loose, is called a ptioza or ptioba; fig. a very large, ungainly vessel; a bigheaded, clownish fellow.

Stiozać, -aiże, a., pertaining to shells, abounding in shells.

Stíozać, -aiże, a., smooth, glossy, silky, sleek, caressing, fawning.

Stiozav, -zża, m., act of smoothing or polishing; rtiocav (Don.).

Stiozam, -ao, v. tr., I rub down, caress, smooth, foment, polish, gloss, lubricate.

Stiosame, g. id., pl.-moe, m., one who smoothes or polishes.

Stiozán, -áin, pl. id., m., a shell; a scale (of a balance); a bomb; a kind of shell-fish used as manure; a shell-like spoon; ptiozán cheacainn, scollopshell; ptiozán néamainn, mother of pearl, the Irish pearl oyster; ptiozán comair, the scales of a balance; ptiozán ouő, a mussel.

Stiozánac, -aiże, a., abounding in shells; pertaining to shells.

Stiogán mapa, m., a scollop (a kind of fish) (Ker.). See rtiogán. Stiogán muineadac, m., a scallop-

shell.

Stíosta, p. a., smooth, polished, glossy.

Stiomarooip, -opa, -oppice, m., a flatterer, a deceiver, a thief.

Stiomaroóineact, -a, f., flattery; thievery, deception.

Stiomaim (also ptiomaim), ptiomato, 7c. See ptiobaim, ptiobato. Stiomaim, -mato, v. tr., I flatter,

I smoothe, I gloss over (also

liomaim).

Stiomaine, g. id., pl. -piòe, m. See rtiomavoin.

Stiomatheact, -a, f. See ptiom-

ασόιμεαċτ. Stιom-αμάn, m., unleavened bread. Stιom-ċαρ, a., fine and twisted

(of the hair).

Stiom-chann, m., a slender or graceful tree; ptiom-channa reoit, graceful ship-masts (McD.).

Stiopać, -aiż, m., numbness, faltering (Don.); τά rtiopać an mo támaib, my hands are

numbed.

Stiopac, -aiże, a., benumbed; tongue-tied, silent (Don.);

blubber-lipped (O'R.).

Stiop, g. pleapa, pl. id., m., a side, a border; margin of a country or district; a seat, a bench; a mark, a sign; as pleapaib búipo, (seated) along the sides of the table (McD.); cláp pleapa, a side-board in a dining-room.

Stiop-buailim, -alao, v. tr., I

impinge against, touch.

Stiop-buata's, -buailte, m., a touching, a coming into contact with.

Stior-builte, m., contact.

Stiop-zant, -żainte, a., having rough sides.

Stiop-mozatt, m., the double mesh which runs along the foot of a net; the border mesh.

Stipeac, -pige, a., sharp, piercing. Stip, -e, -eanna, f., a washboard for beetling clothes; a beetle, a scutching handle, a wash-staff; a chip, a thin lath.

Stip-céimnizim, -iużao, v. intr., I border or touch on anything.

Stireán, -eáin, pl. id., m., a chip, a slice, a lath.

Stireoz, -015e, -05a, f., a chip, a slice, a lath, a thin board, a shaving.

Stipne, g. id., pl. -eaca, m., a chip, a thin wedge, a lath; a scale; ptipne tin nó cnáibe, a "strike" or handful of flax or hemp; tuz pé ouatzar an tripne oó, he beat him as one pounds a handful of flax (also pteipne).

Stirneac, -niz, pl. id. and -neaca, m., a collection of scales; also a quantity of wood-shavings or chips; the horizontal sticks of

the warping tree.

Stirneáit, -áta, f., act of beetling (clothes, etc.); also rtireáit.

Stiuoacán, -cáin, pl. id., m., a horn; prop. the bone on which the horn is set; also rteat-acán.

Sliwoacánac, -aiţe, a., of or belonging to a horn, horned.

Stoc (ptoc), g. ptuic, pl. id., m., a hole, a pit, a hollow, a slough; ptoc quait, a coal pit; Stoc na mana, the channel between Rathlin Island and the mainland in Co. Antrim; also ptog.

Stocac, -aize, a., abounding in pits, hollows or caverns.

Stocán, -áin, pl. id., m., a socket, a hollow, a little pit (also rtocán).

Slóct. See pluact.

Slóczán, -áin, pl. id., m., the sowthistle.

Stoo, g. rturo, pl. id., m., puddle, a little pool of stagnant water.

Stopán, -áin, pl. id., m., a small pool of standing water (also plopán, cf. plopá).

Stóż (chiefly poetic). See ptuaż. Stoż, -tuiz, pl. id., m., a sudden swallow, the amount of liquid taken at a swallow, a gulp.

Stoz, a pit, etc. See rtoc.

Stozać, -aiże, a., full of pits or hollows, cavernous (also rtocać).

Stogao, - zta, m., act of swallowing, gulping; a drink, the amount swallowed at a time: bionn rtogao ttó-taoa aici, she takes too long a drink.

Stozam, -ao, v. tr., I swallow.

See rloisim.

Stozaine, g. id., pl. -nive, m., a swallower; a glutton; a gulf; a quagmire (B.); a cave.

Stogameact, -a, f., gluttony, extravagance; quaffing, drinking.

Stogóg (also rtogeog), -óge, -óga, f., a small draught or potion; the quantity taken at a draught.

Stoz-pott, m., a whirlpool.

Stozián, -áin, pl. id., m., a whirl-pool, quagmire; a vortex.

Stoic, -e, -eaca, f., booty, spoil, prize (*Eochair-sciath*, quoted by *P. O'C.*).

Stoizeavat, -ait, pl. id., m., a quagmire, quick-sand; a place in the mountains of East Kerry so named (corruptly rtoizeava, Aran).

Stoizim, -ozaó, v. tr., I swallow, devour, engulph; rtoizim rian,

I swallow down.

Stoizín, g. id., pl. -niòe, m., the neck of a bottle; rctuizín, id.

Stoizteat, -tiże, a., devouring, swallowing, engulphing.

Stonne, g. id., pl.-nte, m., a name, a surname; a clan, a tribe; a ann 'p a †tonne, his name and surname.

Stommeato, -nte, m., act of naming, recording, repeating, recounting.

Stommin, -neato, v. tr., I surname, I give a name to; name, mention, relate.

Stommeamant, -mta, a., genealogical, skilled in or fond of genealogy.

Stoinnteoip, -opa, -oiprioe, m., a genealogist.

Stoinnteoipeact, -a, f., the act or habit of tracing genealogies.

Store, -e, f., roguery, villainy; battery.

Storam, vl. plot, v. tr., I rob; I beat.

Stortine, g. id., pl. -price, m., a rogue, a villain.

Stortheact, -a, f., roguery, villainy.

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Stuact, -a, -aroe, m., hoarseness; τά rluact oum, I am hoarse; a hoarse person or beast; the Connemara people are called rtuactaroe by the Aran Islanders.

Stuaz, - α_1 z, pl. id., and - α_1 ze, m., a host, a legion, an army; a multitude, a crowd.

Stuażać, -aiże, a., abounding in hosts.

Stuatinap, -aspe, a., populous, multitudinous; abounding hosts.

Sluaižeact, -a, f., a military expedition; rlusižeso, id.

Sluaiż-riot, m., a numerous

progeny.

Stuarao, -uairce, pl. id., f., a shovel, a paddle; a measure; g. -A10e ($\bar{D}on$.).

Sluć, -uiće, -uićeanna, f., pulley, the "traveller" of a mast. Stucaim, -ao, v. tr., I stifle, over-

whelm.

Sturo. See plaro.

Sluiteacán. See luiteacán.

Stupaint, -e, -apta, f., a wading or wallowing (Don.).

Slupannać, -ai $\dot{\xi}e$, f., act wading or wallowing (Don.).

Sturao, -rea, m., act of dissimulating; dissimulation.

Sturaro, -e, pl. id., m., a dissembler, a wheedler.

Sluraim, -ao, v. intr., I dissemble, counterfeit.

Sturaine, $g.\ id.,\ pl.$ -proe, m., a dissembler.

Smácail. See mácail.

Smact, g. -a and rmaict, pl. -a, m., restraint, command, subjection, control, correction, chastisement, authority, sway, discipline, awe; rmact oo cun an párre, to chastise a child, to keep it under subjection rather than administer a single chastisement.

Smactaim. See pmactuizim.

Smaccamail, -mla, a., authoritative, commanding, overbearing, peremptory, corrigible (O'N).

Smact-bann, a penal law, a penalty (O'N.).

Smactlann, f., a house of correction, a bridewell (O'N.).

Smactlannac, -ais, m., a bridewell man (O'N.).

Smačtužao, -uižėe, pl.~id.,~m.,act of punishing, chastening; correction, severe reproof, awe, subjection.

Smac τ ui $\dot{\zeta}$ im, -u $\dot{\zeta}$ a \dot{o} , $v.\ tr.$, I keep in subjection, tame, chasten, afflict, correct, punish, rebuke.

Smactuite, p. a., chastened, corrected, punished, brought under subjection, rebuked.

Smactuisteoin, -ona, -oinioe, m., a corrector, a chastiser, a re-

prover, a ruler.

Smarctin, g. id., pl. -nroe, m., a short baton or club, a mallet or cudgel; rmaictín chón, a kind of tobacco formerly smuggled into Ireland, and hence the name of a popular air.

Smáil, -e, f., grief, vexation; a stain, a spot; cf. zan rmúit zan rmáit. See rmát and

rmáile.

Smaile, -ce, -ceaca, f., a blow; a chunk, a mouthful, a little bit; dim. rmailcín, id.; cait ré r. món ve'n píopa, he had a good smoke (Don.); bytaic is also so used in Don.

Smáile, -ce, f., a stain, a spot; ná aon rmáite ó'n raozat ro, or any stain from this life (The Beggarman's Petition, as current in Ker.). See rmail.

Smáilceac, -ci \dot{z} e, α ., offensive (a poet. equivalent to rmáileac).

See rmáil.

See rmatcaim. Smailcim.

Smarreoz, -015e, -05a, f., a suck-

ing kiss, a smack.

Smát, g. -áit, pl. id., m., a stain, a spot; darkness, eclipse; a blot, a blemish, a cloud, obscurity, dimness, decay; snuff of a candle; the ashes covering the fire; a small live coal of fire. See rmól.

Smalán, -áin, pl. id., m., a hillock; a log of wood; rmalán ziumaire, a little log of bogwood. O'B. derives rmalán, a hillock, thus; mala, malán, rmalán.

Smatcao, -cta, m., a greedy eating; devouring; a smiting.

Smalcaim, -caō, v. tr., I eat greedily; smite, thump. See rmailc.

Smalcaine, g. id., pl. -niòe, m., a beater, a buffeter; a stout,

strong man.

Smattóz, -ó1ze, -óza, f., a fillip.
Smaoiniżim, rmaoinim, rmaoineam, rmaointiżim, rmaoitiżim, rmaoitiżim, rmuainzc. See rmuainiżim, rmuain-

ım, rmuaineam, 7c.

Smaoip, -e, f., juice, marrow; the gristle or cartilage of the nose; of a tioca 'p a pmaoip éagramata, his (i.e. Death's) cheek and nose were awful (Mea. song). See pmupac.

Smaoireac, -riže, a., juicy, full of

marrow.

Smoot, -011, a thrush (Der.). See

rmól.

Smaotaė, -aiż, pl. id., m., a thrush (Louth, Mon., etc.); a rmaotaiż ctéit, dear little thrush (Art MacC.).

Smaorpać, -aiż, -aiże, m., carti-

lage, gristle, marrow.

Smapazaro, -aroe, -aroa, f., an emerald (nom. also pmapaz).

Smeac, -a, and -eice, pl. id., m. and f., a fillip, a kick, a fling, a blow; also the chin; a smack or kiss (O'N.); the same as rpeac.

Smeacao, -cta, pl. id., m., a beating, kicking spurning; palpitation, panting; smacking with

the lips, kissing.

Smeacaroe, g. id., a live coal. See

rmeaco10.

Smeacaine, g. id., pl. -piòe, m., a kicker, a filliper; a kisser (O'N.).

Smeacán, -áin, m., a little taste, a little quantity, as of drink, etc. (rmeacáinín, id.); an ótrá peoc? maire, ótrap rmeac-

ámín, will you have a drink? well, I will take a little drop (also pmeačán). See pmeač

Smeaczail, -e, f., a spurning, a

kicking, a smacking.

Smeacóio, -oe, -oióe, f., a spark

of fire, an ember.

Sméan, g. -éin and -éine, pl. -a and -ċa, f. and m., a blackberry, a berry, a bramble, any fruit resembling a blackberry; a daub, a blur; used in Don. with neg.=nothing, mionnuit nac ociubnao oam rméan, oá breiceao ré mé 'ráżail báir, he swore he'd give me nothing, even if he saw me dying (James Walsh).

Sméanac, -aiże, a., abounding in blackberries, mulberries or

brambleberries.

Smeanao, -nta, m., an oiling, a

greasing; a daubing.

Smeanaim, -ao and -nacc, v. tr., I daub, grease, besmear (also rmeanuigim).

Sméanaim, vl. rméantact, v. tr., I grope, I paw, I feel, I fumble,

I finger awkwardly.

Sméan oub, f., a blackberry.

Sméaμόιο, -e, pl. id., and -ioe, f., a burning coal, a hot ember, a coal.

Smeanta, p. a., oiled, greased, soiled, daubed, battered.

Smeantacán, -áin, pl. id., m., a lick-plate; a greasy fellow.

Smeantact, -a, f., greasing, greasiness; daubing, besmearing.

Sméantact, -a, f., act of groping, fumbling.

Sméroearo, -ore, pl. id., m., a wink, a nod, a private sign, an act of beckoning; act of hissing (nom. also rméroe and rméro).

Sméroeannac, -arze, f., a winking, a nodding; p. cooalta, slumber,

slumbering.

Sméroim, -oeao, v. tr. and intr., I wink, nod, beekon, make a private sign.

Smeiz, -e, pl. -zioe and -zeanna,

the chin; rmeizin, id.

Smeizeao, -zio, pl. id. and -a, m., a smile: mirth.

Sme15-éavac, m., a chin-cloth.

Smeiz-ziall, m., the juncture of the jaw and the chin.

Smersin, g. id., pl. -nroe, m., the chin: a chin-whisker. rmeis.

Smeinte, g. id., pl. -troe, m., a clownish person; a wretch.

Sm10, -e, -10e, f., a word, a syllable; a puff of breath; a breath (Mon., Con., and Don.).

Smioipín, g. id., pl. -ioe, m., a small

fragment.

Smil na horoce, twilight (N.Con.). Smíocao, -cca, m., act of slaughtering (Con.).

Smiozannac, -aize, f., muttering

to one's self.

Smiosta, p. a., extinguished (N.

Smiotzaván, -áin, pl. id., m., the juncture of the neck and shoulders (P. O'C.); the collar-bone.

Smionasan, -ain, m., dust of broken glass, etc.; burpeao an 3loine 'na r., the glass was broken into dust (Don.).

Sm10 μ , g. γ mea μ a, m., marrow, pith; strength, pluck; the best part of anything.

Smiopamail, -mla, α ., manly, active, brisk, lively; marrow-

Smionamtact, -a, f., activity, manliness, briskness, liveliness.

Smion cailleac, m., a poor, puny fellow; the spinal marrow.

Sm10t. See pmut.

Smirce, g. id., pl. -troe, m., a pestle, a mall, a club or bat; a strong person, a smiter.

Smírteac, $-\tau_1$;, pl. id., m., a

smiter, a beater.

Smirreac, -tize, a., smiting, beating.

Smírtim, -teato, v. tr., I smite, beat, cudgel.

Smírtín, g. id., pl. -nioe, m., a heavy stick (dim. of rmirce).

Smóit, -e, f., sulkiness.

Smórcesc, -tiže, a., sulky.

Smól, -óil, pl. id., m., a stain, a spot; an eclipse of the sun or moon; the snuff of a candle; a small spark of fire; a fault; rmól cemeso, a little spark of fire; zan rmót, without stain, immaculate. See rmát.

Smót, -óit, pl. id., m., a thrush.

Smólac, -aize, -a, f., a thrush. (O'R. gives this word m., but it is usually f. in sp. l.); in the form rmaotac it is m. in Louth, Mon .. etc.; rmólán (Don.).

Smótagán, -áin, m., a pair of

snuffers.

Smóladóin, -óna, -óinide, m., a

pair of snuffers.

Smól- $\dot{\varsigma}$ lancóip, g.-ópa, pl.-óipe and - \acute{o}_{1} rioe, m., a pair of snuffers.

Smót-mata, f., a black brow (Kea.). Smótzac, - τ aiz, - τ aize, m., a weaver's shuttle.

Smot, rmotán, 7c. See rmut, rmucán, Jc.

Smuaine, g. id., pl. -nce, m., a thought. See rmuaineao.

Smuaineao, -nce, pl. id., m., act of thinking; thought, mind, notion, fancy, imagination (followed by an or by gen.).

Smuaini \dot{z} im, -iu \dot{z} a \dot{o} , v. tr., and intr., I think, consider, reflect, imagine, desire; rmuaintitim is a later formation from rmuaince, gs. and pl. of rmuaineao.

Smuainim, -neao or -neam, v. tr. and intr., I think, consider. reflect, meditate, imagine, desire.

Smuainiužao, -ižėe, m., act of thinking, reflecting, considering; thought, mind, notion, fancy, imagination; rmuaintiużao, is a later form from rmuainte, g. and pl. of rmusines o.

Smuainceac, -cize, a., thoughtful, pensive, considerative, prudent,

reflecting.

Smuainceamail, -mla, a. rmuainteac.

Smuainteopact, -a, f, musing, contemplating, consideration.

Smuaintisim. See rmuainisim.

Smu ain tiščeom, -ona, -omioe, m., a thinker, a cogitator.

smu

Smuainciuża \dot{o} , -ci $\dot{z}\dot{c}e$ (in Don. rmaoiciusao). See rmuain-านรัสอ์.

Smuair, -e, f., marrow, juice. See rmurac.

Smúcáil, -ála, f., act of snoring; snoring (O'R.).

Smáos, g. id., m., soot, dust; a οτιζτε 'ης γμάνος δημίζτε απ aon-ball, their houses crushed

together into soot (O'Ra.). Smuoán, -áin, pl. id., m., the turtle-

Smúoán, -áin, m., dust, ashes, soot. Smuoan, -ain, m., mouldered straw; dust, soot, ashes; powder (Con.).

Smus, g. -u15, and -u5a, pl. -u5a and -uzaroe, m., spittle, saliva, an oozing from the nose; r. na scuac, cuckoo-spittle, woodseare; rmuz an nóin, a kind of jelly-fish (Don.). See rmuzainte.

Smuza, g. id., pl. -aroe, m., the dropping of the nose; salivation; the snuff of a candle. See rmus.

Smuzac, -aize, a., mucous; having a habit of spitting; having the nose constantly dropping; dirtyfaced; careless.

Smuzavóin, -óna, -óini $\dot{o}e$, m., a pocket-handkerchief.

Smusaim, -ao, v. intr., I spit, blow the nose.

Smuzaine, g. id., pl. -nioe, m., a person whose nostrils are given

to dropping.

Smuzainte, g. id., pl. -troe, m., spittle, saliva; a person whose nostrils are given to dropping; rmuzaintioe noin, a kind of jelly thrown up on the beach.

Smuzžail, -e, f., a snivelling; act of dropping from the nostrils.

Smuz na zcuać, m., woodseare, cuckoo's spittle.

Smuz-rileso, m., catarrh.

Smúro, -e, f., smoke, vapour, fume, mist, fog; dust, defect; sorrow (also rmúic).

Smároeac, -015e, a., smoky, vaporous; faulty; sorrowful.

Smúroeamail, -mla, a., smoky, vaporous; defective; sorrowful.

Smuioim, -oeso, v. tr. and intr. I exhale, I fume, I smoke; I grow dull, darken.

Smuizeatt, - \dot{z}_1 tt, pl. id., m., a

bream (Mayo).

Smur ς in, g.id., pl.-nroe, m., a lazy lounger (dim. of rmus); rmusin rattra, a lazy boy; rmuisin zarúm, id. (Der.).

Smuilcín, g. id., pl. -nioe, m., a

short snout or nose.

Smuilzeaván (Der., Tyrone). See rmiolzaván.

Smulpe, f., dirt, dross, refuse. Smú1z-ceo, m., a cloud of smoke.

Smúiteán, -áin, m., powder, dry soot; the ashes of half-burnt straw (also rmuiceán).

Smúic-ceine, f., smoking fire. Smutc, -uitc, pl. id., m., a nose, a snout; also rmuitc, -e, f.

Smulcać, -aiże, a., having a prominent nose; rmuilceac,

Smutcacán, -áin, pl. id., m., one with a prominent nose; a surlylooking person.

Smulcaine, g. id., pl. -nice, a person with a big nose; a doggedlooking person.

Smulzaván, -áin, pl. id. (Don.).

See pmiotzaván.

Smup, -up, m., embers, cinders; a cloud of dust, vapour, mist; a shower. See mun.

Smúpabán, -áin, m., soot, dust, cinders; vapour, mist. See múnabán.

Smupac, -ais, m., black dust, dry soot, smouldering ashes.

Smupao, -pica, m., act of burning to embers, complete destruction by fire.

Smupaim, -ao, v. tr., I burn to embers, I demolish by fire.

Smújióz, -óize, -óza, f., a black swarthy-faced girl (Sup.).

Smuptact, -a, f., sniffing or smelling as a dog along the track of game, or a cow over bad fodder (Don.).

Smúticannac, -aig, -aige, m., a half-dead-and-alive person; a dead-head (Don.).

Smúμτόιζίη, g. id., pl. -nroe, m., one that wallows in the ashes, etc., as a child; cf. γπúμόζ, etc.

Smúpac, -aiz, m., the inmost marrow; the core; fig., steam, dust; bain pé pmúpac ap, he knocked steam out of it, he beat it violently; το cozain pionn a ομοός ό'n breoit zo τοί an cnám, ό'n zcnám zo τοί an pmipac, Finn chewed his thumb from the flesh to the bone, from the bone to the marrow, and from the marrow to the inmost marrow or core (Scéal piannaiteacta).

Smúracán, -áin, pl. id., m., a sniffler; ouine caoc-rhónac.

Smut, -uit, pl. id., m., a stump; a piece or portion of anything; a large flat nose, snout, projecting nose and mouth; a peaked chin; tá pmut oe'n ceapt asat, you are partly right, I am inclined to agree with you; a surly grin; tá pmut aip, he looks displeased, he wears an angry look. See pmóit.

Smuza, g. id., pl. -a1ōe, m., a bit, a portion; rmuza ζάιμε (rm1οza ζάιμε, Béara), a slight laugh.

See pmuc.

Smutac, -aiţe, a., short, curtailed; snouty, flat - nosed; sulky; ouine rmutac, a sulky person. See rmóiteac.

Smucacán, -áin, pl. id., m., a flatnosed person, or one with

prominent lips.

Smuzán, -áin, pl. id., m., a short block or log of wood; a stump.

Smuctail, -e, f., act of giving away in fragments.

Smurużao, -uiżce, m., act of shortening or truncating.

Smucuijim, -ujao, v. tr., I contract, shorten, truncate.

'Sna, the, pl. of article, after certain preps.; also for azur na, and the.

Snab, -aib, m., an end, a fragment; rnab coinnte, a candle's end (B.).

Snácáit, -áta, f., going at a snail's pace; coming unawares, as a fox (W. M.); cf. sneak.

Snácánaroe, g. id., pl. -ote, m., a sloth; anything moving at a slow pace (W. M.).

Snaz, -a1z, pl. id., m., hiccough; a snarl, a stammer; τά γ. a1μ,

he has a hiccough.

Snaz, -a, pl. id., m., a snail or any slow creeper; a little fish found in pools and fissures when the tide is out; a very contemptible term as applied to a person.

Snazac, -aiże, a., slow, tardy, creeping, crawling snail-like.

Snazaim, -ao, v. intr., I creep, crawl, or move slowly.

Snazaim, -ao, v. intr., I hiccough.

Snazaine, g. id., pl. -price, m., a stutterer, a stammerer, a low, creeping fellow.

Snazaineact, -a, f., stammering, stuttering, trembling, shaking.

Snazán, -áin, pl. id., m., a slow, creeping motion; a short drink.

snazamnać, -aiże, f., stuttering or stammering in speech; convulsive coughing; ztome a bam r. ar, a glass that caused him to cough convulsively (Tory).

Snazamnrac, -aize, f., equivocating, making excuses or evasive explanations (P. of

Glenties, Don.).

Snaz breac, m., a magpie (O'R); the wood-pecker (O'N); O'R. gives rnaz = the wood-pecker.

Snaz vapać, m., a wood-pecker (also rnazaine vapać). See

rnaz bneac.

Snazżait, -e, f., act of hiecoughing; act of stuttering or stammering; also act of creeping or moving slowly.

Snaz-labhaim, -baiht, v. intr., I stammer or hesitate in speech.

Snazóin, -όηα, -όιμισε, m. See rnazaine.

Snaróm, -e, -meaca, f., a knot, a tie, a bond; a difficulty, a puzzle; an zsnaróm, the name of a town in Kerry (Sneem).

Snaromeac, -mige, a., voluted, bayed, knotty; knotted, interwoven, twisted (of the hair, etc.).

Snaromeao, -mroce, m., the act of binding, tying, knotting, knitting together, uniting; marrying; union, conjunction.

inaromeannac, -aiże, a., knotty,

binding.

Snarömeannact, -a, f., knottiness.
Snarömim, vl. pnarömeaö, and
pnaömaö v. tr., and intr., I
knot, unite, connect, marry, I
join with (te).

Snarömte, p. a., knit, spliced, knotted, bound, connected (also rnarömite and rnarömta).

Snai \dot{z} , -e, pl. id., f., a nit (nom. also rni \dot{v}).

Snáiżeac, -żiże, a., creeping, crawling, trailing, scenting.

Snáiżim, vl. pnáżač, v. tr. and intr., I creep, I crawl, I grovel, I trail, I track.

Snáimteoin, -ona, -oinite, m., a swimmer, a good swimmer.

Snáite, g. id., pl. -eanna, m., a single thread, a filament, a line; τοο ξεάμη άτησρη γπάιτε α γαοξαίτ, Atropos cut the thread of his life; ξαη γπάιτε τη τάτε του; αξ οταίτι η τού το τέιμι απ τηπάιτε, working according to one's strength.

Snáitim, -teato, v. tr., I use as kitchen (of a liquid); tá bainne a tráitea-muirt teir na préataith, we need milk to use as kitchen with

the potatoes (Don.).

Snáitteopatt, -a, f., kitchen condiment (of liquids only) (Don.).

Snám, g. rnám, m., the act of swimming, floating; the sea as an element to float on or swim in; a passage by sea, a voyage; a part of a river usually crossed by swimming or floating;

the track of a snail on the ground (f, O'R); bero an rnám raoa, the passage will be long (Om.); an rnam, affoat; as rnám, swimming, somet. floating; riubail an rnam, let us go for a swim (Gal.); riubluiz a' rnám, id. (M.); an a' trnám is common in Ulster poetry= on the sea (of a boat or any floating thing); cf. also ocuicreá 'ra crnám, if you fell into the sea (U. song); cf. also ire 'ra trnám, she being in the sea (M. song); tong to cun an rnám, to float or launch a ship.

Snámac, -aiţe, a., floating, swimming; prone by nature to swim. Snámaim, vl. pnám, v. tr. and intr.,

I swim, I float.

Snámaine, g, id., pl. -nrôe, m., a low, mean, cringing fellow.

Snámán, -áin, pl. id., m., a float, a slow swimming or sailing; a creeping, a crawling.

Snámánuroe, g_i id., pl., -ote, m.,

a crawler, a loiterer.

Snám-čnao1, m., slow consumption, decay.

Snámšait, -e, f., a creeping, a crawling; a floating, a sailing.

Snám-tuitim, f., act of falling down, as water into a river (Kea.); pheara as pniże ip as p. (Kea., T. S.).

Snámuroe, g. id., pl. rote, m., a swimmer, a good swimmer; a crawler; a slow person; a thin, lanky, gritless fellow (Don.).

Snaoir, -e, f., snuff, powder (pnaoir is the word in M. generally, pnaoir in Con. and U.); a slice.

Snaoipín, g. id., m., snuff, a pinch of snuff, powder. See rnaoir.

Snaománač, -aiż, m., a stout jolly fellow.

Snaománač, -aiże, a., stout, hearty, jolly.

Snap, aip, m., a snatching, a sudden assault or seizure; a bite; tus re rnap onm, he broke in

suddenly on me, he "barked" at me (in conversation) (A.).

Snapaim, -a $\dot{\mathbf{o}}$, v.tr., I snap, snatch violently; I growl (A.).

Snapall, -aill, m., the iron staple in the bμόιζίπ into which the handle of a spade fits (N. Con.).

Snar, -ra, m., gloss, ornament, polish, varnish, appearance, look; the green substance seen on the walls of old houses; a kind of light crust or scruff that accumulates on anything stale; scruff, rust, fur, dandriff, grain in wood; order, decency, elegance, neatness; tá rnar an Öéapta ain, it has the look of being in English construction (U.).

Snapac, -aize, a., glossed, varnished; neat, trim, elegant,

regular, tidy.

Snaract, f. See rnar.

Snapavóip, -ópa, -óipióe, m., a refiner, critic, trimmer, analyser.

Snapaoóineact, -a, f., the act of ornamenting, refining, analysing.

Snapaim, -ao, v. tr., I colour, gloss, varnish.

Snapán, -áin, pl. id., a louse; a small insect (P. O'C.).

Snarán, -áin, pl. id., m., a blow, a stroke, a slap; rnarán reinze, a fit of anger (P. O'C.).

Snar-burde, a., yellow, swarthy;

gilt, golden.

Snarman, -aine, a., coloured, glossed, varnished; neat, elegant, decent, accurate, trimmed, lopped, dainty, ornamented.

Snarta, p. a., varnished, glossed, coloured; neat, trimmed, lopped,

elegant.

Snaγταċτ, -a, f., gloss, polish, varnish; neatness, trimness,

elegance.

Snaruiţim, -ruţao, v. tr., I bedeck, I | ornament, I trim, lop tastefully (as a hedge or tree), dissect, analyse, criticise.

Snát, -áit, pl. id., m., thread, yarn; zat-†nát, housewife thread; pnát uama, thread of the seam (Kea.). Snatao, -aite, m., a supping or drinking by little and little; sipping.

Snátao, -taive, pl. id. and -taioive, f., a needle; chó na rnátaive, the eye of a needle; obainrnátaive, needlework; rnátav
mana, the needle-fish; rnátav
tín, a net-needle; r. τυιξεανόπα, a thatcher's needle.

Snátaván, -áin, pl. id., m., a needle-case; a sand-eel; a kind of fly or insect that flits about lighted candles at night (P. O'C.); a very thin person

(Don.).

Snátaσόιμ, -όμα, -όιμισe, m., a needle-maker.

Snataim, -ao, v. tr., I sup.

Snátaim, -ao, v. tr., I thread or string.

Snát-caot, a., of fine, delicate threads.

Sneact, -a, m., snow. See rneacta.

Sneacta, g. id. and -aro, m., snow; sleet, hail, in ctorc-r., hailstones; ruzán rneactaro, a rope of snow, an unstable bond; ctoca r., hailstone (Don.).

Sneactac, -taite, a., snowy, snow-like, pertaining to snow.

Sneactamail, -mta, a., snowy; snow-white, bright.

Sneactos, indec. a., snowy.

Sneactoact, -a, f., snowiness. Sneao, -oa, pl. id., f., a nit; in Gal. it is m., g. and pl. rnearo.

Sneadac, -aite, a., full of nits, like nits, nitty.

Snio, -e, pl. rnioe and rneada, f., a nit. See rnead.

Snig, in phr. beaman rnig ann, he is quite dead, there is not a drop (of blood) in him (Con.); cf. rniugab.

Sniże, g. id., m., act of dropping,

dripping.

Snižeac, -żiże, a., dropping; tearful, mournful; also rniżżeac.

Snižim, vl. pniž, v. tr., I drop, I drip, I shed; I wring the hands.

Sníom, g. -a and -ta, pl. id., m., act of spinning, twisting, winding, twirling (e.g., a distaff), curling, twining.

Sníom, -a, m., sorrow, anguish,

affliction, distress.

Sníomac, -aiţe, a., spinning, twisting, twining, tending to twist or twine.

Sníomacán, -áin, pl. id., m., a spinning, twisting, twining.

Sníomavón, -óna, -ónnive, m., a spinner, a twister.

Sníoma o óineact, -a, f., the business of a spinner or twister.

Sníomaim, vl. rníom and -macán, v. tr., I spin, twist, curl, twine, wind.

Sníomaint, -anta, pl. id., a spindle (obs.).

Sníomita, p. a., spun, twisted, twined, involved, united.

Sníomuroe, g.~id.,~pl.-oce, m.,~aspinner, a twister.

Snirin. See rnaoirin.

Sniuzao, -zta, m., the last and richest part of an animal's milk; the act of milking the very last drop; "stripping" follows the ordinary milking, rniusao follows the "stripping" (so in W. Ker., but rniuzao is genly. identical with "stripping").

Sniusaim, -ao, v. tr., I milk the very last drop, I drain com-

pletely.

Snóö. See rnuao.

well-Snooamail, -mla, a., featured.

white-hued, Snóö-cailce, a., marble-coloured.

Snóo-oub, a., dark-hued.

Snó $\dot{\sigma}$ - $\dot{\varsigma}$ n α o $_1$, f., complexion.

Snoize, -zce, m., act of hewing, carving, slicing, lopping off; cutting into chips; reducing, filing down.

Snoizeavóin, -όμα, -όιμισε, m., a hewer, a carver, slicer, lopper.

Snoizeavoineact, -a, f., act of hewing, carving, cutting into chips.

Snoizzan, -ain, m., act of planing, fretting, smoothing, slicing, filing down; fig. act of contesting, fighting with, constantly meddling with; ná bí as moissan teir na páircióib rin, do not contend or meddle with those children (Ker.).

Snoi \dot{z}_{1} im, \dot{z}_{e} , v. tr. and intr., I hew, I carve, I slice, lop, chip, diminish, reduce, file down; I

waste away:

ir attuinreat Séan mo rcéal, rainion,

1 Santion oo'n craosal le chéimre am' rnoize.

Alas, sad and distressful is my

For a time wasted away, unknown to all the world (E. R.).

Snoize, p. a., carved, cut into chips; delicately or finely cut; neatly carved; worn out, emaciated (as from sickness, etc.); cáim rnoisce ó obain, I am emaciated from work; neat, comely (pron. rneice in Der.).

Snuacan. See ro-nuacan.

Snuao, g. -aio and -aoa, pl. id., m., hue, aspect, colour, appearance, complexion, visage.

Snuao-oneac, m., expression of

countenance.

Snuao-oub, -ouibe, a., darkcomplexioned.

Snuao-żlan, -żlaine, a., of pure countenance.

Snuaoman, -aine, a., well-looking, personable, comely, elegant.

Snuaro-jeal, -jile, a., of bright complexion.

Snuisim. See phoisim. Snuizce. See phoisce.

So, this; somet. the s; used after subst. with article; after attrib. adj.; after prep. pron.; when the last preceding vowel is slender, becomes reo; somet. reo = this is; as reo, here, here is, see here, take it; annro, here, in this; an c-am ro, this time; an can ro, now; ar ro, hence, from this place, out of

this; an Domnac ro cuzainn, next Sunday; é reo, ré reo, this (person or thing); 140 ro, riao ro, these (persons or things); i reo, ri reo, this (person or thing, fem.); man reo, in this manner, so, at this time; reo é, this is he; reo i, this is she; reo 140, these are they; reo ouit, here is . . . for thee; an Tomnac ro cuaro tonainn (or an Tomnac ro o'imtiz tanainn), last Sunday; noime reo, before this, at a former time; reo is the word in Con. generally; used prosthetically in U.; c'ainm reo tú? what is this your name is? cf. the U. use of rin and riúo: ní't rin άιτ, σά mainread riúo m'atáin, Jc.

So-, poi-, prefix, implying, when prefixed to a noun, ease, facility, fitness, aptness, suitability, goodness; when prefixed to a participle it implies the feasibility of the action implied by the participle; poi-oéanca, easily done; ro-taorcta, that can be drained; it is opposed

to 00-, 001-.

So-aitneat, -nite, a., easily known or recognized, conspicuous.

So-amanc, m., an agreeable prospect, view or look.

So-athužao, -uižte, m., alterableness, flexibility.

So-athuiste, p. a., moveable, changeable.

Sobactac, 7c. See rócamtac, 7c. Soba спаов. See рива спаов.

Sobao, m., sorrell. See pamao. Sobat, -a1t, m., soap suds, froth. Sobatac, -aise, a., full of or like

suds; as s. m., suds.

So-balao, m., sweet smell, fragrancy (ro-batzanar, id.).

Sobatán, -áin, pl. id., a frothymouthed, untidy person.

Sobatta, indec. a., fragrant, sweetsmelling.

Sobatta, indec. a., impudent, bold, impertinent (Don.).

So-bantaineat, -nite, a., happy, fortunate, prosperous.

So-bantan, -aine, f., prosperity, happiness.

Soba talman. See ruba talman. So-béarac, -A15e, α., mannered, polite, decent.

So-blar, m., savour, good taste.

So-blarta, indec. a., palatable, well-tasting, of good taste, welltasted, savoury, delicious.

Soblom, -luim, m., a liquid food become cold and tasteless (as soup, etc.) (Don.).

So-bozia, p. a_{ij} , easily moved, pliable, portable.

So-bogiaci, -a, f., movableness, pliableness.

So-bμón, m., pleasing melancholy; pleasure, whence ro-bnónac, ro-buónaim, 7c.

Só-bnorzuiżże, easily provoked, easily moved to action.

So-buailte, p. a., easily beaten or

So-buailteact, -a, f., facility in striking.

Soc, g. ruic, pl. id., m., a ploughshare, share, coulter, sock, beak, snout, point, a facial expression of great grief, anxiety, or eagerness; cuin rí roc uinti réin, she put on a pouting face.

Socać, - α , beaked, snouted, pointed; like a coulter, beak or

snout.

Socaro, -e, -roe, f., a multitude, a company, a society (rocaroe also in nom.).

So-caronio, -e, a., courteous, friendly, kindly.

Sócain, pl. -nioe. See rócmainn. Socarn, -cha, α ., quiet, safe, easy, comfortable, secure, tranquil, smooth, calm, steady, even, plain, manageable, at rest; 50 rocain, quietly, at rest; somet. used for rochuize, p. a., settled, arranged; slow.

So-caicine, a., good for eating, drinking, consuming, etc.; potable, pleasant to drink, savoury

(of food).

Sócamait, -mta, a., easy, tolerable, mild, gentle.

Sócamal, -a1l, m., ease, rest, com-

fort, liberty.

Sócamtac, -aige, a., easy, tolerable, mild, gentle; cataoin rócamtac, an easy chair (Mea.); contracted in pron. to róctac in Mea. and U.

Sócamlact, -a, f., facility, easi-

ness, gentleness.

Socan, -ain, pl. id., m., wealth, gain, emolument, profit, advantage; relief, obliging deed, prosperity, comfort, ease, benefit; interest on money, commission; credit; pocan nambó, the produce derived from cattle.

Socanac. See rochac.

So-carta, indec. a., pliable, windable.

So-ctaorote, p. a., easily conquered, vincible, easily defeated. Soctaonato, -nta, m., aptness to

bend, flexibility, towardness. Soctaoncacc, -a, f., state of being easily bent, inclined or altered.

So-ctoirte, a., easily heard, audible; common.

Sočma, a., easy, gentle, sprightly, affable, cheerful, meek, tranquil, calm. See next word.

Socmaro, -e, a., meek, gentle, Socmaroeact, -a, f., affability, cheerfulness, ease, tranquility.

Sócmann, -e, pl. -niōe, f., a make-shift, the next best thing; a resource; something to fall back on; a substitute for a thing; assets; the farmer calls his cattle, hay, etc., as means of making money, pócmanniōe: ni't ainsead ná p. ainssid asam, I have neither money nor the means of making money; ip maic an cp. ainssid na muca pain, these pigs are a good means of making money (W. M.); = po-maoin?

So-comprisce, p. a., commensur-

able, comprehensible.

So-comprizeeact, -a. f. comprehensibility.

So-cómainteac, -tiże, a., easily advised, docile, tractable; ef. ouine rona p. (Don.).

So-compáro, a., affable.

So-connpao, m., cheapness; a good bargain, a good market.

So-compardeact, -a, f., agitation, instability.

So-coppuiste, p. a., easily agitated, passionate.

So-conta, a., easily fatigued.

So-corac, -aize, a., swift-footed.

So-corc, m., a welcome.

So-cormait, -ramta, a., conformable.

Soċμaċ, -μαιże, α., profitable, advantageous.

Socnacτ, -a, f., ease, rest; smoothness, plainness; an a r., at his ease.

Sochact, -a, f, comfortableness, ease, afflaence.

Socrato, -e, -eaca, f., a funeral cortege, a funeral; multitude; reinforcements, army, troop, host; pron. rochato (N. Con.).

Socnaro, e. a., candid, bright, beautiful; true, sincere; kind, benevolent; manifest, evident.

Socnatio, g. id., f., beauty of form; brightness, clearness; sincerity.

Sochardeact, -a, f., candour, clearness, brightness; beauty, truth, sincerity, fidelity; kindness, benevolence.

So-ċροιὸe, m., a good or kind heart. So-ċροιὸe aċ, -ὑιζe, a., goodhearted.

So-ċροιότελċ, -ċῑġe, a., freehearted, kind-hearted, goodnatured.

So-choroceact, f., good-nature, cordiality, kind-heartedness;

sobriety.

Sochużao, -uiże, pl. id., m., a foundation; an establishing; quieting, assuaging, comforting; settling, arranging; agreement, settlement; gossip, tale-bearing about one (M.). See rochuiżim.

Socpuiζim, -użao, v. tr. and intr.,
I settle, make steady; I estab-

lish, found, appoint; compose, assuage, appease; I plain, level, adjust; with te, I come to terms with one, I make a bargain with; iron., I pay off one's scores, I wreak vengeance on one (te); with an, I gossip about (somet. used without an); tell tales about one: biodan as rochusar ont, they were gossiping about you.

Sochuiste, p. a., founded, established, settled, placed on a firm

footing; determined.

Soct, -01ct, m., silence, quiet; stupefaction.

Soctac, -aiże, a., silent, quiet; stupefied.

Soctaim, -ao, v. intr., I become silent.

So-ċuṁσυιζċe, p. a., easily clad (Don.); cf. ro-ċόζċa, r., easily fed and easily clad.

So-cumes, p. a., easily formed or

shaped.

So-cupica, p. a., that may be driven, pushed, or moved.

Soo, g. puro, pl. id., m., a fishing-weir.

So- \dot{o} áil, f., good news.

Sooaine, g. id., pl. -nioe, m., a stout man; a clumsy, awkward fellow; a person with an ambling gait; a trotting horse.

Sovat, rovatac, 7c. See rotat, rotatac, 7c.

Sooán, -áin, pl. id., m., a short, thick person.

Sobantac, -aige, a., wanting in tact, simple-minded (Don. and N. Con.).

Sobantact, -a, f., simple-mindedness, want of tact (\overline{Don} .).

Sooan, -ain, m., act of trotting, a trot; "fuss."

Sopannac, -aige, a., able to trot; fussy; disposed to exaggerate (W. Ker.).

Sooaphungit, -e, f., moving about pompously; rushing about in imitation of others who may be better circumstanced; γοοαμάιι, id.

Sooantóin, -óna, -óinioe, m., a trotter; a fussy person.

Sοσός, -όιζε, -όζα, f., a bouncing

young woman (Con.).

Soo-ótza, a., luscious, pleasant to drink.

Sovom, Sodom; peacao Sovom, sodomy.

Sociomac, -ai \dot{z} , pl. id., m., a Sodomite.

Sovomos, indec. a., Sodomitic. Sovomosco, -a, f., sodomy.

Sορμας, -aiże, α., trotting; fussy. Sορμαιm, vl. rodan, v. tr. and intr., I trot, I pretend to be very busy, I grope.

So-onurote, indec. p. a., easily closed (as a door), easily moved.

So-opuroceace, -a, f., facility of shutting or closing (of a door, etc.).

Soopun, -uin, m., fatness, lusciousness.

Sοδρυμας, -aiţe, a., fat, luscious. So-eaμμάισεας, -σiţe, a., easily led astray, fallible.

So-razáltar, -air, m., a good acquisition.

Só-raicrin, -riona, f., visibility, conspicuousness.

So-raicriona, indec. a., visible, conspicuous.

So-raicrionar, -air, m., visibility, conspicuousness.

So-ráir (gs. of ro-rár used as adj.).
a., vegetative, apt to grow.

So-rotac, -aize, a., easily hidden, concealable.

So-rutaing, -e, a., patient, enduring.

So-rulaing, m., good patience or endurance.

So-rulaingeac, -ziże, a., easily endured, tolerable.

Sốż, g. róiż, m., joy, gladness, pleasure, comfort, ease, happiness, riot, luxury, luxurious ease, sumptuousness, prosperity; a dainty; good cheer; an róż, with joy (Caż Céime an riaio); anróż, misery; cf. ní bíonn róż zan anróż, there is no pleasure unconnected with pain; zá zú

rá róż αιμ, you are comfortable (at ease) in it (Don.); αμ a ráimín róż (Mayo), an a ráimín róż (Don.), at their ease.

So-zabáta, indec. a., easily taken,

capable, capacious.

Sóżać, -aiże, a., pleasant, happy, tranguil; at ease, having good

Sóżacar, -air, m., pleasure, de-

light.

Sózamail, -mla, a., luxurious, sumptuous, fond of dainties or delicacies; pleasant, cheerful; prosperous; áit f. téazanac, a comfortable, warm place (Don.).

Sóżamtact, -a, f., luxuriousness,

sumptuousness.

Sóżar, -air, m., pleasure, delight, happiness; dainties, good cheer.

So-tlacta, p. a., easily grasped, caught or taken; easily handled; acceptable.

So-ztaczacz, -a, f., acceptable-

ness.

So-ztuairce, a., swiftly passing, transient; easily moved, easily affected; wavering; movable; docile, tractable, easily led, esp. in the paths of virtue; réil ró-żluairce, a movable feast.

So-ztuairceacc, -a, f., state of being transitory; movableness;

docility, tractableness.

Sóżman, -aine, a., prosperous,

luxurious, sumptuous.

Sógmtar, -air, -aircide (cf. roz, supra.), m., choice or dainty food; mónán oo różmtaircioe maite, a great amount of excellent dainties (song); pron. róntar (M.).

So-znaro, -e, a., fortunate, lucky, handsome, comely (also ro-

5na010.

So-znaroeac, -orze, a., wellfeatured, lucky.

So-znúir, f., a good countenance. So-znúreac, -piże, featured.

So-zoince, a., easily wounded, vulnerable.

So-żpáż. m., commendable love.

So-zpádac, - 15e, a., acceptable; tenderly beloved, affectionate.

So-znádujšim, -užad, v. tr., I love commendably.

So1- (ro-), prefix implying ease, fitness, aptness, suitability, goodness, etc. See ro-.

Soi-béar, m., good custom, man-

Soi-béarac, -aise, a., well-mannered. mannerly, well-bred, courtly.

Soi-buirte, a., easily broken,

brittle, frail.

Soi-britteness, -a, f., brittleness, fragility.

Soibrcéaluide, an Evangelist. See roircéaluide.

Soiceaccáil, -ála, f., act of reaching; also phoiceactáil, used somet. as verbal root (Don.)

Soicéao, -éio, pl. id. m., a socket

Soi-céaorao, m., strong, sensuous

organism; good sense.

Soiceall, -cill, m., joy, gladness, cheerfulness, welcome to strangers; opposed to voiceall, which see.

Soicim, v. tr., I reach, I attain to, I reach out; I bestow; roic oo lám oo'n bocc, extend your hand to the poor; roic oo maoin, bestow your means (Kea., T. S.); vl. poičeačtáil (Don.).

Son-chnéal, m., a good kind or sort. Soi-cinéalta, indec. a., of good kind or sort, high-born; aor roi-cinéalta, the nobility.

Soi-cinéaltar, -air, m., nobility, nobleness (poi-cinéatract, id.).

Soi-cheiream, m., good or sound faith.

Soi-cheireamail, -mla, a., credu-

So1-čneromeač, -m15, -m15e, m., a good believer, a credulous per-

Soi-cheippin, -piona, f., credi-

Soi-cherote, p. a., easily believed. credible.

Soi-oealbac, -aize, a., well-formed, handsome, comely, of good appearance.

Son-véanta, a., easy of accomplishment, easily done, possible, practicable.

Son-öéantact, -a, f., possibility of making or doing.

Son-veantia, a., easily proved, evincible, easily demonstrable.

Soi-ofoeanta, a., easily defended, defensible.

Soi-reicrionac, -aige, a., visible, easy to be seen; also, esp. in the lit., ro-raicriona.

Soi-rille, a., pliable, flexible,

easily folded.

Soi-rittreact, -a, f., flexibility, pliability, state of being easily folded.

Soizoiuin. See paizoiuin.

Sοιζοιύητα, p. a., trained, disciplined, brave; also γαιζοιύητα.

Soizeavo. See paizeav. Soizeavoin. See paizvium.

Soi-żníom, m., a good deed, a commendable action.

Soi-żníomać, -aiże, a., of good deeds; as subs., a benefactor.

Soisteac. See poiteac.

Soitb, -e, α ., pleasant, agreeable. Soitbeact, -a, f., cheerfulness,

good humour; poilbear, id.

Soitbéim, f., a sunbeam, lightning, thunderbolt (Plunket) (=oitbéim?)

Soilbeireact, -a, f., joy, comfort,

pleasure (C.).

Soilbín, in phr. beit an a r. ruilτ pron. ruilc), to have all he desires (Tory).

Soilbin, -bhe, a., cheerful, merry,

nappy

Soitbne, g. id., f., cheerfulness, good humour.

Soitbreact, -a, f., cheerfulness, merriment, good humour.

Soilbuigim, -iugao, v. tr. and intr., I rejoice, I gladden.

Soiteac, m., a willow, sallow. See paiteac.

Soi-teaţta, a., fusible, easily melted, easily digested.

Soi-leagtact, -a, f., fusibleness, facility in melting, digestibleness.

Soi-lear, m., comfort, blessing, benefit, interest, advantage; a good time; pinne ré r. món oam, he did me a very good turn.

Son-teapac, -anje, a., useful, serviceable.

Soiteaptap, -aip, pl. id., m., a marsh flag; piotaptaip, -tpac (Don.).

Soi-léite, a., easily read, legible. Soiléir, -e, a., bright, clear, quite clear, lucid, plain, evident, manifest, clear, transparent, intelligible, conspicuous, apparent, explicit, incontestable; pron. poilleair in Don.

Soiléineact, -a, f., clearness, brightness, effulgence, perspicu-

ity.

Soiléineao, -nice, m., a manifest-

ing or showing clearly.

Soiléipim, -peao, v. tr., I manifest, evince, develop, show, make clear.

Soiteoz, -oize, -oza, f., a willow (also raiteoz).

Soilten a, a, easily wounded. Soilte, g, id, f, ease, agreeable-

ness, facility.

Soiltear, m., ease, pleasure, contentment, comfort; opposed to ooiltear.

Soiliż, -lże, f., easy, agreeable;

opposed to voilis.

Soill. See partl. (The pron. is

roitt, in M. at least.).
Soittéaμ, -éiμ, pl. id., m., a cellar.
Soittre, g. id., f., light, brightness clearness effulgance: a

ness, clearness, effulgence; a light, lamp, luminary; roittre na rút, *Euphrasia*, eyebright herb.

herb.
Soittpeac, -pige, a., bright, shining, clear, transparent,

shining, clear, transparent, causing light, luminous, light-some, effulgent, radiant; as a noun, a bright or beautiful person; somet, a fair female.

Soiltreact, -a, f. See roiltre.

Soillreán, -áin, pl. id., m., a torch, a taper, a ray of light.

Soittrižim, -iużać, v. tr. and intr., I show, I enlighten; I shine, brighten, gleam, shew forth.

Soillpiużao, -iżce, m., act of shining, brightening, enlightening

ing, gleaming.

Soi-meanma, f., magnanimity.
Soi-mearta, a., estimable, valu-

able.

Son-mian, f., a laudable desire, a

noble passion.

Soi-mianac, m., a good ore or mine of metal; good stuff; good character (of a person).

Son-manuite, a., desirable.

Soin, this, that; o poin, since then, ever since, from that time out; ago, since; o p. amac, o poin i teit, from that time out, thenceforward; pao o poin, i brao o poin, long ago, long since, a long time ago; tá pao o poin, id. (S. U. and Mea.). See pin.

Someac. See omeac.

Someacar, air, m, bounty, liberality, generosity (=omeacar).

Someamait, -mta, a., special; exquisite; biao réim roineamait, pleasant, delightful food (Kea. T. S.).

Someann, -ninne, f., good weather, fair weather, sunshine, cheerfulness, gaiety, serenity of mind.

Soineannoa, indec. a., quiet, pleasant, peaceable, meek, gentle, calm, even-tempered; the form is roineannoa in U., where it very often means "innocent" both in the sense of simple-minded, guileless, and innocent as opposed to guilty, e.g., "bíoo ré roineannoa nó doineannoa, chocran é," app' an bheiteam, "whether he be innocent or guilty, he'll be hanged," said the judge (Mon.).

Someonnoact, -a, f., calmness, fairness serenity, gentleness, innocence; poineannoact (U);

roineannoar, id.

Soinmeac, -miże, a., happy, charming, delightful; successful, prosperous.

Soinniużać, -iżće, m., act of pressing, urging, forcing (G, J).

V., p. 110).

Sónreáit, -áta, f., change, change (of money), any change (of weather, etc.); a small quantity of cash, as for change, etc. (A.).

Sóinreálaim, -áil, v. tr. and intr., I change, I vary, I exchange (as silver for gold, etc.); vo róinreálar púnz, I changed a pound

(A.).

Soin, a. and ad., east, eastern, eastward, easterly; forward, over (motion from the speaker); taim as out roin, I am going eastwards; roin so oti an chor-botan, to the cross-road in the east; teat-ir-toin, tartoin, in the east (but not necessarily in the far east; it may be only a few hundred yards); roin o oear, south-east; sab roin (pron. rein) cuis an teimo, go over to the fire (Mon.).

Soint, -e, a., easy; prosperous; cheerful, pleasant, agreeable,

affable, calm, quiet.

Sointe, g. id., f., gentleness, affability, ease, calmness, quietness; prosperity.

Sombeact, f. See pointe.

Sointeant (roint-teant), f., a noble deed.

Soinbear, m. See roinbe.

Sointeapac, -aiże, a., prosperous, successful, thriving.

Soint-rean, m., an affable man.

Sointisim, -iušao, v. tr., I prosper, succeed, thrive; so rointisio Oia ouit, may God prosper (all your care) for you, make it pleasant for you, God speed you (give you a safe journey); 'na ápup oó pointis péan, speed prosperity to him in his dwelling (Carswell).

Sontonizato, -izte, m., act of succeeding, prospering; act of becoming cheerful.

Sorpice, g. id., f., brightness, clear-

ness.

Son-μέιο, -e, α., agreeable, condescending.

Soi-péroeact, -a, f., agreeableness.

Son-pérotifie, a., reconcilable; extricable; easily solved; soluble.

Soi-piapita, a., easily served or attended, easily managed.

Soi-prapriace, -a, f., the being easy to serve or wait on.

Soinn, -e, -eaca, f., a pile or heap of fire; a furnace; an oven; a kiln. See roun.

Soiph-tiac, m., a baker's peel.

Soircéal, m., good news, the Gospel.

Soircéatac, -aize, a., evangelical, belonging to the Gospel.

Soircéalaióeact, -a, act of evangilizing or preaching the Gospel. Soircéalução, -uiçe, m., preach-

ing; good news.

Sonrcéalunie, g. id., pl. -vie, m., an evangelist: also one given to gossip.

Soircéaluiżim, -użao, v. tr. and intr., I preach, I publish, preach

the Gospel.

Sóirean, -rin, pl. id., m., a younger person, a junior; opposed to rinnrean; cf. peacaö an τρίπητη, ctaoine an τρόιτιη, the sin of the elder, the perversity of the younger (Fer.).

Son-řínze, a., ductile, pliable.
Son-řínzeacz, -a, f., ductility, pliability.

Solt, interj., an exclamation of

disgust (Con.).

Soiteac, -tiţ, -tiţe, m., a vessel; a vessel of any size, even a large ship; a barrel, a cask; a pot, pitcher, bushel; roiteac ime, a cask of butter containing two firkins, a ewt. of butter (M.); roiteac oá thann, a brig with two masts; fig., a fat, bloated animal, thus fat pigs are called

roitize; the "vessel" or womb in which young animals are generated, as roiteat an zamna, the womb of a cow, the calf's "vessel"; roitize, small vessels, as china ware; pron. ratat in M., rot in Om.; also roizteat.

Soiteat, -tite, a., fragile, easily

broken.

Son-teagange, a., easily taught, tractable.

Soitim, -time, a., quiet, calm.

So-tabaint, f., affability, eloquencee.

So-tabaμτα, p. a., affable, eloquent, pleasant. cheery.

So-labanitact, -a, f., affability,

eloquence.

Solažiai, -taiže, a., slight, trivial; an uncomplimentary epithet for an old man (E. R.). See po-ložiai.

Sotar, -air, -oittre, m., light, knowledge, enlightenment; r. na brtaicear, the happiness of

Heaven.

Sótár, -áir, pl. id., m., comfort, satisfaction, pleasure, joy, consolation, happiness, gratification.

Solapaė, -paiže, a., bright, luminous, shining.

Sótápac, -aiże, a., joyous, comfortable, happy.

Solar-briatrat, -aite, a., of luminous speech.

Solar-broż, m., a lightsome mansion.

Solarman, -aine, a., luminous, bright; clear; solving a difficult point: ba r. an rheasha as páohais é, it was a luminous answer on Patrick's part.

Solarta, indec. a., bright, radiant,

brilliant.

So-larta, a., inflammable.

So-tartact, -a, f., ease in lighting, inflammableness; brilliancy.

Sótápuizim, -użaż, v. tr., I comfort, I console, I gratify.

Soláżan, -ann, m., what is provided, provision, earning, gathering.

Solátpat, -aiţe, a., industrious, provident.

Soláthaim. See roláthuitim.

Sotátpuntim, vl. -átan and somet. -átant, v. tr., I provide, procure, get together, prepare, furnish.

Sotlamain, g. -mna, pl. id., and -mnaoa, f., feast, solemnity, rejoicing, hearty welcome; r. na Cárca, the feast of Easter; tá rotlamna, feast day, festival.

Sollamanta, indec. a., solemn. Sollamantact, -a, f., a solemnity, a festival.

Sollamnuizim, -użao, v. tr., I

solemnise, I celebrate.

Sotman, -aip, m., kitchen or condiment with potatoes, esp. many kinds of vegetables; a kind of soup; ni't mopan potmain aige, he hasn't much of anything good (Don.).

So-tożża, indec. a., easily pardonable, venial; peacao ro-tożża,

a venial sin.

So-lożtact, -a, f., easiness of pardon, slightness; ro-lożtact an żnim, the slightness of the fact.

Soloirce, p. a., easily burned,

combustible.

So-túbia, a., flexible, pliable, easily folded; exorable.

So-túbċaċċ, -a, f., flexibility, etc. Somaċ, -aiʻs, pl. id., m., a youth, a

stripling.

Somaċán, -ánn, pl. id., m., a soft, innocent child or person; a lusty, well-developed fellow.

So-maire, f., beauty.

So-maireac, -riże, a., beautiful, commendable.

So-maoin, f., much wealth, riches. So-maoineac, -niţe, a., rich, wealthy, opulent.

So-mantita, a, mortal; easily

killed.

So-mantiac. See po-mantia. So-mantiac, -a, f., mortality.

Sómar, indec. m., rest, ease: τά γέ aξ ταβαιμτ γόmar τό γέτη, he is taking things easy (Don.).

Sómapac, -ai \dot{z} e, α ., easy-going: outne γ ., \dot{z} l. outne nac mbéa \dot{z} dan pao \dot{z} al az cup bua \dot{z} aap (Don.).

Somóz, -ó1ze, -óza, f., a clout, a

rag, a tatter.

So-motaim, -ao, v. tr. and intr., I praise, extol.

So-molta, a., praiseworthy

Sompta, g. id., pl. -roe, m., example, form, pattern; a portent; a wretched creature (Con. and Don.), e.g., rompta bocc, rompta ratac: an rompta bocc, the poor thing (esp. of females).

So-múince, a., docile, manageable,

easily taught, apt.

So-munao, -unce, m., good educa-

tion; also ro-múmeao.

Son, m., sake, account, cause, behalf; ability, power; an pon, for the sake of, on account of, for; although, because, on the head of, on the score of, instead of; an pon a öéanta, able to do it (Mon.), an pon a öut ann, able to go there (Om.); takes gen. or pos. prn.: an mo (oo, etc.) pon, for my, thy sake; an a pon poin péin, even though it be so.

Sona, indec. a., fortunate, happy, prosperous, lucky, contented; 50 rona, comfortable, contented; opposed to oona; ronaroe, id.

Sona-cú, f., a prosperous hound;

a chieftain.

Sonaroeact, -a, f., good luck, happiness, prosperity.

Sonapac, -ais, m., ringing (of

bells) (Der.).

Sonar, -a1r, m., fortune, luck, good fortune or luck, prosperity, happiness, blessedness.

Sonarta, indec. a., happy.

Sonn, used as an intensive prefix, as: ponn-lárom, very strong, etc.

Sonn, ad., here.

Sonnao, -aio, m., rampart, pali sade.

Sonnao, -ncs, m., act of contend-

ing; a conflict.

Sonn-chit (ronna-chit), m., vibration, violent trembling; mo táma an ronn-chit (ronna-chit), otan mé raon-laz, my hands are violently trembling, I am a feeble powerless invalid (O'Ra.) (text has piona-chit).

Sonnoa, ronnoac, 7c. See ronnta,

ronntact, 7c.

Sonn-zaot, f., a violent wind; a blasting or blighting wind; ronn-Saot na rainnee, the strong wind of avarice (Kea., T.S.).

Sonn-láron, a., very violent,

powerful.

Sonnnac, -aiże, a. See ronnnadac. Sonnnao, m., speciality, particularity, detail; whence reonaroe (=ronnnaioe).

Sonntadać, - a_i , special, particular, specific, exact, accurate; 50 ronnhadac, precisely, exactly.

Sonnpadact, -a, f., speciality,

particularity.

Sonnpuizim, -użać, v. tr., I notice, I perceive; I particularise, specify; pron. rómnuitim, in Don.; ná cultio mé 'un rómnuzao, do not perceive me (Don. song); ná cuin ronnhužao ohm, id.; cuip ré r. ionnta, he noticed them (Om.).

Sonnnuizte, p. a., particularised,

specified.

Sonnta, indec. a., bold, impudent, saucy, confident; rash, indiscreet, simple, credulous.

Sonntac, -aiże, a., merry, joyful; indiscreet, improvident; foolish, innocent, bold, courageous.

Sonntact, -a, f., mirth, jollity; indiscretion, improvidence; bold-

ness, courage.

So-nuacan, -ain, pl. id., m., a good partner in marriage, a bride, a spouse; ir olc an ro-nuacan inžean na máčan éarcaide, the daughter of an active mother makes a bad wife (Con.), pron. rnuacan; ro-nuacan cuzac,

also po-nuacan mait cutat, a good spouse to you (M.); réan 7 ronuacan teat, I wish you happiness and a happy spouse (C_{\cdot}) ; r_{\cdot} mait cutat, is an ordinary expression in M.

Sonusao, -uiste, m., act of thriv-

ing or prospering.

Sonuitim, -utao, v. tr., I bless with good fortune or good luck.

Sop, g. ruip, pl. id., m., a wisp or handful of hay, straw, heather, etc.; a torch made from bogdeal splinters; bed straw, bedding; rop pice, a wisp of heather, etc., used in scouring dairy vessels; 'ré an rop 1 n-10nao rcuaibe é, it is merely a wisp instead of a broom, it is but a poor substitute; rop réin, roipin réin, a handful or armful of hay, used genly. for any quantity of hay; in English, a "sop" of hay; cf. a "drop" of milk; rop cince, the crest of a hen; dim. rospin; mac rospín, a miserable person (Con.).

Sopac, -aize, a., full of wisps.

Sopačán, -áin, m., the moss of which little birds' or bees' nests are made; moss or fine litter collected for a lair of any kind; an unkempt person.

Sopán, -áin, pl. id., m., a little

wisp.

Soplac, -ais, m., a wisp of hay or

straw.

Sopóz, -όιζε, -όζα, f., a wisp, a handful of hay, straw, etc.; a bundle of straw in thatching; a torch made of bog-deal splinters; in W. Ker. ropóz is the word for torch, in E. Ker. rop; liam na Sopóize, Will o' the Wisp (Mon.). See pop.

Son, g. run, pl. id., m., a louse, particularly applied to lice of pigs, as ron muice, a pig louse;

ropan, id.

Sónaro, -e, f., blessing; farewell; rópaio roin so halbain uaim, a farewell eastwards from me to

Scotland (Oidhe C. U.); róparo teat, farewell, good-bye; mo róparo rtán so rionn Aipiro, my farewell to Fiunary (Sc. song).

Sónaro, -e, a., agreeable, civil,

courteous.

Sónaroeac, -oite, a., good, remarkable, distinctly good; obain rónaroeac, distinctly useful work (Don., C. S.).; prop. ronnpaoac.

Sóparoeact, -a, f., agreeableness,

civility, courtesy.

Sonaine, g. id., pl. -niõe, a stam-

merer.

Sónamán, -áin, pl. id., m.: ouine a béad oeanmadac neam-aineac i n-a snaite, one who is forgetful and negligent in his business (Don.).

Sopán, -ánn, pl. id., a pig's louse. Sopća, a., bright, clear, conspicuous; opposed to τορτά.

Sonca, f., Sarah or Clare, a

woman's name.

Soncámeao, -nce, m., a satire, a lampoon.

Soncán, -áin, pl. id., m., a small stool; an eminence (O'R.).

Sopicuizim, -uzao, v. tr., I make clear or manifest, I declare.

Sonn, g. runn, pl. id., m., a kiln, a furnace, an oven; chimney or flue of a furnace; rann, id.

Sonn, runne, -a, f., a lump; a snout; an ugly, forbidding coun-

tenance.

Sonnac, -aiże, a., snouty, of disagreeable visage; ill-humoured, surly.

Sopnaine, g. id., pl. -price, m., one that attends a furnace or pile of

fire.

Sopnameact, -a, f., attending or building furnaces or piles of fire.

Sopnán, -áin, pl. id., m., a lump or hillock; a skate-fish (Ker.).

Sonn-páca, m., an oven rake.

Soμόζ, -όιζε, -όζα, f., a pig louse. So-μοζα, m., the choice or best of anything. So-nonnee, a., divisible, separable. So-nonneeact, -a, f., divisibility, separability.

So-nonnac, -aize, a., agreeable, civil, easily dealt with; also

ro-pannac.

So-nonnact, -a, f., agreeableness,

civility, condescension.

Sόητ, g. γόιητ, pl. id., m., a sort, a kind; species; manner (A.); ξαċ uite γόητ (an uite γόητ), every kind of thing, everything; in W. Cork it becomes γόητο.

Sor, -a, m., cessation, relief; an easing of pain in sickness; τά γογ beaz γαζάιτα αιζε, he has got a little relief from his pain; πίομ γογ σό, he got no rest; πίομ γογ σό έ, id.; το bualtea το τοπάγ, ηγ τομ πτοίξ πίομ γογ το Seaζάπ έ, Thomas was struck, and, indeed, John was not spared, i.e., he got a beating also; cf. πί ταιγε σό; γογ compaic, a truce.

Sorav, g. rorta, m., a resting, a cessation, an easing; act of ceasing; an abode, a dwelling,

a resting-place.

So-rárote, a., easily stuck or planted.

Soráilte, indec. a., comfortable (Der.).

Sopaim, -ao, v. intr., I cease, desist, leave off.

Sóran. See róirean.

Sortán, -áin, m., a noise, a shout. Sortánac, -aije, a., clamorous,

noisy.

Socat, -ait, m., pride, arrogance, flattery; cajolery; ní haib (níon tuiż) mé raoi rocat an bic oó = níon żéitt mé oó 'con an bic I did not give way to him in the least (Don.); pron. racat (Don.).

Socalac, -aije, a., proud, arrogant;

fawning, flattering.

Sοταιμίζιπ, -υζαό, v. tr. and intr., I grow proud, saucy, independent; I boast, brag; I flatter. So-τοζτα, a., eligible, easily

chosen.

So-tózta, a., easily raised or lifted; easily reared.

So-thuailliste, a., corruptible. So- $\dot{\tau}$ uizre, -riona, f., comprehen-

sion, intelligence.

So-tuispeac, -rise, a., easily understood, comprehensible, intelligible.

So-tuistions, indec.a., intelligible,

simple.

So-tuitimeat, -mite, a., liable to fall or stumble; fallible.

So-unreac, -cize, a., moist, watery, irriguous (ro-unree--ciże, a., moist, amal id.).

Spáo, -á10, m., a spade (A.).

Spao, - 10, pl. id., m., a clod, a wet heavy lump of earth. TPAID.

Sparrac, -aite, a., cloddy; as subs.

wet, heavy turf sods.

Spacaine, g. id., pl. -pice, m., a dullard.

Sparat, -att, pl. id., m., a paddle-

staff; a plough-staff.

Spavalac, -aiz, m., any soft and unshapely object, such as soft turf, etc.; a heavy, dull, awk-

ward person.

Spapán, -áin, m., lea-land on which potatoes are sown by spreading them on the unprepared surface and covering them over with soil taken from the furrows (Con.); poor, fallow ground; a dull, lazy, sluggish person.

Spapánta, indec. a., dull, sluggish, lazy, niggardly; stiff, gruff,

dogged.

Spapantact, -a, f., dulness, sluggishness, laziness; niggardliness; gruffness, doggedness.

Spavántar. See rpavántact.

Sparry, -aip, m., wet, heavy turf, as last year's turf left on the bog exposed to the weather (Don.).

Spao-cluarac, -aize, a., largeeared, flat-eared, dull of hearing. Spao-corac, -aize, a., flat-footed.

Spao-roclac, -aize, a., ostentatious.

Spadóz, -61ze, -6za, f., a fillip.

Spao-jijiónac, -aize, a., flat-nosed. Spáz, -á1ze, -áza, f., a paw; a club-foot; a long, flat foot; a clumsy leg; rpáizín, a slender, mis-shapen leg.

Spasa, g. id., pl. -aroe, m., a purse; rpaizin, id.; nom. also

rpas.

Spázac, -aiże, a., having paws; club - footed, broad - footed; zeannámnín rpázac, a broadfooted nag.

Spázanne, g. id., pl. -mióe, m., a club-footed fellow, a fellow with

an awkward gait.

Spázameact, -a, f., sprawling; a shambling; an awkward gait.

Spázaine zuinn, m., the little grebe (bird), dab-chick (podiceps minor).

Spazlainn, -e, f., ostentation $(O^{i}R.).$

Spazlainneac, -niže, a., ostentatious.

Sparc, -ce, -croe, f., a stick bent

like a hurley.

Sparo, g. -e, pl. -aoa and -eanna, f., a clod; also a sluggard; a dull, lazy fellow; an eunuch; a chasm (as in yawning).

Spáro, -e, -áoa, f., a spade (U. and Con.); nom. also rpáo.

Sparoeamail, -mla, a., sluggish, lazy, dull, inactive; cold, dull (of weather).

Sparoeamtact, -a, f., sluggishness, laziness, dullness, stupidity.

Sparo- \dot{r} 1a \dot{o} a \dot{c} , -a \dot{r} , m., intermittently hunting; as r. an na tuċa1b (O'D.).

Sparo- \dot{r} ion, m., vapid or flat wine. Sparo-fluc, -flice, a., intermittently raining.

Sparoim, -oeao, v. tr. and intr., I benumb, become dull or vapid.

Sparoin, g. id., pl. -nroe, m., a heavy lifeless person or thing.

Sparo-tinnear, -nip, m., lethargy, apoplexy.

Sparo-uarm, f., the side lop of a foot, etc. (B.); also lock-jaw in sheep, etc.

Spáizintíneact, -a, f., an awk-ward or clumsy style of walking

or dancing (Don.).

Spart, -e, -eaca, f., the little hole at the stern of a boat, through which water may escape or be admitted (*Tory*.).

Spáil, -e, f., relief, the crisis in

fever (Kilk.).

Spailleao, -lio, m., check, abuse, reproof, shame; surprise; bain γέ γ. món aγ, it surprised him much (Don.).

Spaillim, -leao, v. tr., I check,

reprove, rebuke.

Spaitp, -e f., pride, self-esteem; a kiss, a smack; a notable or palpable oath or assertion (P. O'C.), a turn, a spell: as p. cáinoe, a bout of credit (Clare).

See rpalpaim.

Spailpin, g. id., pl. -nroe, m., a labourer, a common workman; a labourer that goes to distant places to work for the sake of higher wages; a mean worthless fellow; "An Spailpin pánac," "The Itinerant Labourer," the name of a well-known and most pathetic song.

Spáin, -e, f., Spain (used with the

article).

Spaniard. -niţ, -niţe, m., a

Spáineac, -niże, a., Spanish.

Spains, -e, f., spirit, energy, courage.

Spáinir, -e, f., the Spanish tongue. Spainnéan, -éin, pl. id., m., a

spaniel.

Spainn, g. rpanna, pl. id., f., act of contending, wrestling, labouring; contest, struggle, rivalry, distress.

Spanneac, -niże, a., sharp, vio-

lent, bitter, contentious.

Spainim, vl. rpainin, v. tr., I wrestle, strive, struggle, contend.

Spaint, -e, -eaca, f., wet, heavy clod; turf, particularly the turf of last year left exposed to the rain on the bog; a splash of water.

Spainteac, -tiż, m., wet heavy turf, etc. See ppaint.

Spairteoin, -ona, -oinite, m., one who walks backwards and forwards for amusement.

Spairteoireact, -a, f., act of walking, promenading, parading, strolling, sauntering; áit prairteoireacta, a gallery (10000 p. id.).

Spairtim, -eao, v. intr., I walk or pass backwards or forwards for recreation (cf. Eng. pace, space).

Spatta, g. id., pl. -aròe, m., a wedge, a pinning in a building, a fragment of a stone or wall; ef. orreann rpattaròe o'rattaròe com marc te cloca mona (B.).

Spattac, -a15, m., fallow ground

=bpanap.

spattao, -tra, m., act of fallowing, that is, of burning the dried surface of the lea, and spreading the ashes over the land for manure.

Spattaroeact, -a, f., act of playing with (S. Con.); a slight or chance acquaintance with a person; ni't act ppattaroeact agam aim, I know him but slightly (N. Con.); a "snatch" of a song, a smattering of a thing: ex. ppattaroeact beag.

Spalluižim, -lužao, v. tr., I wedge, put in fragments of stone

in a wall or building.

Spalóz, f., -óize, -óza, f., a pod, a cod or husk of any leguminous

vegetable.

Spatpaö, -pċa, m., a beating or striking; a bursting forth; a sudden coming out (as of the sun); a positive assertion; a reckless swearing or cursing; an alternating.

Spatpaim, -aö, v. tr. and intr., I beat, strike; I burst forth, dry up, parch; oo rpaitp an żeatać amać, the moon came suddenly out; zá ré az rpatpaó ruar, the weather is clearing up (after rain);

I give out recklessly, as oaths; I assert positively; as rpatpao teaban, recklessly swearing; as rpatpao mionn, recklessly cursing or swearing; taim rpatpuiste (rpatpta) as an otant, I am parched with thirst; ta rpatpuiste, a dry day; ta an tatam rpatpuiste o'n spein, the land is parched by the sun.

strong, well-formed, active man; a spruce fellow, a beau, a fop;

an intruder.

Spalpánta, indec. a., conceited,

spruce, snug.

Spalpuitim, -putao, v. tr. and intr., I strike, beat, obtrude, burst, etc. See Spalpaim.

Spanz, -ainze, -a, f., a fit, a whim,

a freak.

Spanzać, -aiże, a., fitful, whimsical, freakish.

Spánáit, -áta, f., act of sparing,

economy (A.).

Spápátaim, -áit, v. tr., I spare, save up, economize (with acc. and ap); ná γράμάι t ríon Spáineac ap mo ποίγτη Όυτ, do not spare Spanish wine but give it in plenty to my Roisin Dubh (A.).

Spápáltačt, -a, f., act of sparing,

economy.

Spanán, -ánn, pl. id., m., a purse, a bag for money, a pouch; the scrotum.

Spannac, -aiże, a., quarrelsome.

See ppainneac.

Spannaroeact, -a, f., wrestling, contention.

Spannaim, -ao, v. intr., I struggle, quarrel, contend.

Spann-annm, f., a wrestling place (γραιηπ-άιτ, id.).

Spannamait, -mta, a., quarrel-some, wranglesome.

Spannsait, -e, f., wrestling, con-

tention, quarrelling.

Spanntann, f., a wrestling house. Spannpupa, g. id., pl. -aroe, m., a prize-fighter; a champion.

Spannuroe, g. id., pl. -ote, m., a wrestler, a combatant, an athlete (rpannuroeac, id.).

Spanna, g. id., pl. -aroe, m., a spar, nail, wedge; the bar or bolt of a door; the gate of a town or city; rpanna ranann an iron bar (also rpann).

Spannao, nita, m., a fastening,

nailing, bolting, barring.

Spannaim, -μαό, v. tr., I fasten, drive or push forward, nail, rivet; enforce, inculcate.

Spannán, -áin, pl id., m., a peg, a nail; γραμμάη σομαίτ, a door-

bolt, a door-nail.

Spanrán, -áin, pl. id., m., the dewlap of a beast; the craw of a fowl; a purse (also rpunrán).

Spantac, -ais, -a, m., heavy, wet

sods or clods.

Spant-cluarac, -aiţe, a., hard of hearing.

Spant-plucac, -aige, a., large-cheeked.

Spár, -áir, m., an interval of space or time; reprieve; an extension of time as in paying a debt; ξan γράγ, suddenly, without delay, instantly; γυαιρ απ cáιρισεαγ γράγ α σόσαιη, friendship has had a long enough turn (Fer.).

Sparpar, -air, m., confusion, abashment; fear, dread (also barpar).
Sparparac, -aize, a., abashed,

confused (also barparac). Spat, -ait, m., a flap, as in rpat-

cluarac, flap-eared, etc.

Speathaoidide (so pron. M.), ravings, phantoms rising up before the imagination (for rpeatthaoidide?). See priniodaide.

speac, -eic, pl. id., m., a bar, a spoke; as cup rpeic oum, accosting me, nodding to me,

noticing me.

Speac, -eice, -eaca, f., a backward kick; ppeac geappian, a snapping of the fingers, esp. of the thumb and forefinger; lit. a nag's kick (M.).

Speacao, -cta, m., act of kicking,

spurning.

Speacaim, -ao, v. tr. and intr., I kick, I spurn.

Speaczail, -e, f., kicking, spurn-

ing.

Spéacla, g. id., pl. -aròe, m., a glass, an eyeglass, in pl. spectacles (sic in M., but somet. rpréacla, -aròe), cf. Lat. speculum.

Spéaclóin, -ne, -nioe, f., an eyeglass, a spy-glass, a glass; pl. glasses, spectacles; usually used in the plural (also πρέαclάιη).

Speat, a space, a while. See reat. Speat, g. -eite, pl. -a and -ta, f., a scythe, a mowing-hook.

Speatao, -taroce, m., act of shedding, flinging to waste, scattering abroad.

Speatavóip, -ópa, -óipive, m., a mower.

Spealavoineact, -a, f., the act of

mowing.

Speataim, -ao, v. tr. and intr., I spread or scatter out; I shed, let fall, as ears of corn shedding grain: τά απ τ-αηθαμ αξ γρεαιαό, the corn is shedding; I grow thin or poor.

Speataim, -ao, v. tr., I mow down with a scythe; I shell or peel.

Speatán, -áin, pl. id., m., a shaving, a chip.

Spealanta, indec. a., acute.

Speatantact, -a, f., acuteness.

Speatz, a splinter. See speatz.

Speatsaim, -ao, v. tr., I split, shave, cleave (rpeatsaim, id.).

Speatóz, -ó1ze, -óza, f., a shell, a peel, a husk. See rpatóz.

Speán, -áin, m., in phr. ní't tapa an ppeáin ann, he has no energy.

Speánac, -aiçe, a., thin, sparse, scattered; τά πα ρμάται το τρεάπαι το του, said of a sparse crop of potatoes as they appear on the ridge after digging (B.).

Spéan. See rpéin.

Spéan-tann, f., a bright sword-

Spéanóz, -ó1ze, -óza, f., a sparrow-hawk (O'R).

Speantac, -ait, m., a fetter for cattle.

Spearmaċ, -aiġ, -aiġe, m., a muzzle, a snaffle; rpearmaċ, id. (P. O'C.).

Speic. See ppeac. Spéice. See ppice.

Spéiceac, -ciże, a., having corners or points.

Speicim, -ceao, I prop, support;
I strike.

Spero, -e, f., employment, business.

Speroeamart, -mla, a., busy, industrious.

Speit, -e, -eaca, f., a flock, a herd of cattle; a drove of swine.

Speils, -e, -eaca, f., a pointed rock (Louth); nom. also rpeats. Speilseac, -size, a., full of

pointed rocks (Louth).

Speitp, -e, -eaca, f., a belt.
Speip, -e, -eaca, f., a hough, a ham; τά γιαο ας baint na γρειμεακά σά céite, they are in close rivalry; dim. γρειμίη, id.

Spéiμ, -μe, -éaμτa, f., sky, firmament, heaven; sphere; liveliness; ní't γρέιμ ιm' 対παοι, my countenance has become dull; amui τά'n γρέιμ, under the canopy of heaven; an ταιαμίτ δμεάζτα γά'n γρέιμ, the finest land in the world.

Spéin, g. rpéine, f., a beautiful girl, a fair lady; cia τάηταιο ολώ αὐτ γρέιμ δεας, whom did I meet but a little fair one (S. U. song); πάμ δεας μαμ γρέιμ, who was no trifling beauty (Don. version of old U. song); cia τάμταιο in a κόο ομω αὐτ γρέιμ πο ἀμοιόε β (Don. song); it is an abbreviation of γρέιμ-δεαη; cf. γτάιο = γτάιο-δεαη.

Spéin-bean, f., a beautiful woman, a goddess, a fair lady, a uni-

versal song-word.

Spéin-bhuinnealt, f., a fair lady. Spéin - coinnealt, f., a bright candle-light. (680)

Spéin-béio-zeal, f., a whitetoothed one, a fair lady.

Spéineamail, -mta, a., sprightly, interesting, brilliant, pretty, beautiful; cailín ppéipeamail, a bright, pretty girl; buacaitt rpéineamail, a gay, handsome

Spéinear, spade (at cards); also

rpeantaro.

Spéin-raoa, g. id., f., a spheroid. Spéin-Sealac, -aise, f., a bright moon; oroce ppérp-zealarze, a bright, moonlight night; oroce néib-seataise, id. (Don.); cf. οιό ce mo σαιη- ζεαίαιζε, a hazy or murky moonlight night (Ker.), oroce rmuro-żealarże (Don.); cf. also oroce modanceois, a foggy night; oroce muiriunta, a vapoury night (Ker.).

Speinim, -earo, v. tr., I hough.

Spéinling, -e, -zioe, f., storm, violence; a combat.

Spein-reabac, m., a sparrow-hawk, (P. O'C.); also rpin-reabac.

Speinrin, a rope or cord fastened round a cow's hough to impede

her movements.

Spéir, -e, f., regard, liking, fondness, affection, love, attachment, endearment; esteem, respect, confidence, heed, importance; used like ruim: ir mains cuineann rpéir i reodaib, wee to the man who sets his heart on treasures; ní't ppéip ap bit azam ann, I have no liking for it; in M. it often becomes rpeoir, esp. in poetry.

Spéireamail, -mla, a., esteemed, fond, seemly, cleanly, tidy.

Spéireamlact, -a, f., fondness, attachment, tidiness, cleanliness. Sperriates, indec. a., special, par-

ticular (A_{\cdot}) .

Sperrial τ act, -a, f., specialty. Spialac, -aize,, a., snatching,

plucking, tugging.

Spialadóip, -ópa, -óipide, m., one who plucks or tugs; also a pair of pincers or nippers.

Spiala o óine a ct. - a, f., a continued plucking or tugging.

Spialaim, -ao, v. tr., I pluck, pinch, tear away, snatch, tug.

Spice, g. id., pl. -eaca, f., a glance, a glimpse, a ray of light, a transient view: ná reiceann aon rpice, who do not see a glimpse, who are blind (E. R.), see P. O'C. who regards this word as distinct from ppice or ppeice, a spike, but cf. the English use of the word spike in Tennyson:

"The Northern morning o'er thee shoot

High up in silver spikes."

Spice, g. id., pl.-croe, f., a spike, a long nail; a prop, a support; a tall awkward fellow (A.).

Spío, -e, f., spite, grudge, ill-nature (nom. also rpice); a fault; ni't tocc ná rpío azam am, I have no fault whatever to find with it; as rásail rpíve ain=as rázail tocz ain, but from the standpoint of a fault-finder (Don.).

Spro, -e, f., motion, life.

Sproéal, -éil, pl. id., m., an hospital, whence the place name Spiddal in Co. Galway.

Spioeamail, .mla, a., spiteful, scornful; censorious, fault-find-

ing (Don.).

Spioeamlact, -a, f. spitefulness, contempt, contumely, oppres-

Spiacán, -áin, pl. id., m., an icicle; a sharp stone (Con.).

Spineoz, -01ze, -03a, f., a robin; a little bird; a tiny, delicate person.

Sproeoz mure, the robin redbreast.

Spídedin, -ona, -oinide, m., a spy, a scout, an informer.

Spioeoineact, -a, f., act of spying, scouting; secret information.

Spice chacain, the corncrake (Mea.).

Spíoim, -eao, v. tr., I spite (ppio-151m, id.).

Spile, g. id., pl. -AcA, f., a wedge put into a split made in the end

of a plug.

Spiléan, -éin, -ta, m., a kind of fishing-gear, a "spiller" (ppiléio in Mayo); ir minic a cuin ouine amac rpiléro (rpiléan) maint colamóin, one often sets a "spiller" net that kills a hake; rpileáo (Don.).

Spinne, a Don. form of rplinne,

which see.

Spiočán, -áin, m., a wheezing in the throat, hoarseness; somet. piocán.

Spiocnápo, -námo, m., spikenard. Spiozóo, -óide, -ódaide, f., a thin, slender leg (Don.); cf. English spigot.

Spiolaim, -lao. See rpialaim.

Spion, -ine, -ca, f., a thorn, a spiny or thorny shrub, as a buck thorn, a gooseberry or barberry bush; chann ppine, a thorny shrub or tree; conóin rpine, a crown of thorns (as in the Passion of Christ); nom. also rpin.

Spionao, -nca, m., the act of searching, examining, pulling, plucking, stirring up, ransacking; teasing a bed (Don.); it becomes ppiúnao in East M.

Spionaim, -ao, v. tr., I examine, search; pluck, comb, tease; I toss (as hay); somet. ppiúnaim.

Spíonán, -áin, pl. id., m., a gooseberry bush, a gooseberry; bainread oeals rpionáin ruit aram, a thorn of a gooseberry bush would draw blood from me (said by one who is fat and fullblooded); beipropinis beas na rpionán, little Virginia of the gooseberries, i.e., Virginia, Co. Cavan, where a gooseberry fair was formerly held; rpionós (Don.).

Spíonán, -áin, pl. id., m., a purse; $\mathsf{c}\mathsf{a}\mathsf{r}$. $\mathsf{m}\mathsf{a}\mathsf{i}\mathsf{\dot{c}}\mathsf{a}\mathsf{i}\mathsf{n}\mathsf{s}\mathsf{i}\mathsf{o}\mathsf{a}\mathsf{i}\mathsf{s}\mathsf{e}(\mathit{Don.}).$

Spionnao, -aio, m., strength, force, prowess, vigour, might; ir mó 'rpionnao cuipreao ré an tán mo chorce 'ná, 7c., it would give me more vigour in my heart's core than, etc.

Spionnavac, -aize, a., strong,

vigorous, active.

Spionnamail, -mla, a., strong, vigorous, mighty.

Spionnrar, -air, m., wealth; rpionnrar buéise, unreal wealth (D. R.).

Spionoz. See rpiúnoz.

Spiones, indec. p. a., exhausted, spent; combed, woven; tá an olann rpionta, the wool is combed.

-615e, -65a, f., Spioncós, splinter, a spale; rpioncóza oe Slumair, chips of bog-fir; minn riao rpiontoga beaga be, they made small splinters of it (Don.).

Spiopao, -paio, -paoa, m., spirit, life; a ghost. See ppioparo.

Spionaválta, indec. a., spiritual, ghostly, incorporeal.

Spiopaoamail, -mla, a., strong, stout, vigorous; high-spirited, magnanimous.

Spioparo, -ve, -vive, f, a spirit,

a ghost.

Sproparoeamart, -mla, a., spirited, magnanmius, chivalrous.

Spionaro neanntóz, a caterpillar, a nettle-worm (also ppionaro neannca).

Spiopán, -áin, pl. id., m., a little rod, a little dry stick (P. O'C.); a little piece of a wreck.

Sp10ηζόο. See γρ10ζόο. Spior, a spice, as cloves, etc.

Spíorna, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a spice. Spíotaine, g. id., pl. -proe, m., a

Spiotaineact, -a, f., spying.

Sp10265, -615e, -65a, f., a little stone, a small particle of anything; a small snow-flake.

Spinin. See rpionán.

Spipiovaive, ravings; phantoms rising up before the imagina-

Spipir, -e, -ioe, f., a couch, a hammock, a hen-roost.

Spippeoz, -015e, -054, f., a sparrow-hawk.

Spiunaim. See rpionaim.

Spiúnóz, -όιζε, -όζα, f., a spoon (also rpionóz).

Spiuntar, -air, m., earliness (?); racaioe rpiúncair, early potatoes, such as "flounders" (Aran).

Splanzaván, -áin, pl. id., m., a thin, cold-looking, long-legged

person (Don.).

Splanne, g. -annee, pl. -anneaëa and -annepaca, f., a flash of fire, a sparkle, a blaze; a spark; a flash of lightning; a ray (of reason); ni't rptannc aize, he has not a ray (of reason), he is stark mad.

Splanncaim, -cao, v. intr., I emit

sparks, I flash forth.

Spleáð, -a, pl. id., m., flattery, vain-glory, fiction, romance, boasting, a tale told with a view to flatter; dependence; ni't rpleáo azam le haoinne, I am independent of everyone, I have no reason to flatter or be servile to anyone.

Spleábac, -aiże, a., dependent; flattering, vainglorious, boasting; fictitious. See neim-rpleádac.

Spleáoacar, -air, m., dependence; flattery; boasting; romance, exploits; zan rpteáoacar, independent, regardless of consequence.

flatterer, a boaster (ppteáoaine,

id.).

Spleáðurigm, -ugað, v. tr., I flatter, boast, tell falsehood with a view to flattering.

Spleanzaro, -e, f., mucus, phlegm. Spleanzaiveac, -viże, a., phleg-

Spleanncaván, -áin, m., mucus.

Spleátán, -áin, pl. id., m., a small division or portion of land; rpleocán, id.

Spleodan, -ain, m., glee, joy,

cheerfulness.

Spleoopac, -aize, a., gleeful, joyful, cheerful.

Splin-ciab, f., poor, thin hair.

Splinne, g. -e, pl. -ioe and -eaca, f., a high, projecting, pointing rock, (usually over a precipice); a sharp, rough rock.

Sptionac, -aize, a., hippish, splenetic; as subs. a hippish person, a poor meagre person or beast.

Splionact, -a, f., carrion; poor

Splioncaioeact, -a, f., exhaustion, great hardship, overwork (Con.).

Splionuite, p. a., carrion-like, dead, helpless; na cora 'n-a rpaintib rplionuitte, the feet being lifeless clods (of the dead).

Spliúcán, -áin, pl. id., m., a pouch, a bag, a leathern purse; a buoy, a bladder-buoy; a blister (U.); ná leiz rpuaic ná rpliúcán a oóisce ain, do not let it get blistered in the cooking.

Splinchac, -ais, m., bad beer,

swipes, offal.

Splóvan, -ain, m. See rpleovan. Splóonac. See rpleoonac.

Spocaim, -ao, v. tr., I rob, I plunder, spoil, provoke, affront; I emasculate.

Spocts, p. a., robbed, plundered, despoiled; emasculated.

Spóöla, g. id., pl. -aoa, m., a piece of flesh, a piece of meat. See rpóla.

Spóilín g. id., pl. -nroe, m., a small joint of meat; rpóilín Aonais, a small joint of meat used at a fair.

Spóinreac, -rize, -reaca, f., a blazing fire (ppóippeac ceinead, id.).

Spóinteamail, -mla, a., sportful, sportive, funny, deriding, jeering.

Spóinteamtact, -a, f., sportfulness, conceitedness, habit of jeering or deriding.

Spót, -óit, pl. id., m., a weaver's shuttle, rather the spool or quill enclosed in the shuttle (pron. rmót in parts of Con.).

Spóta, g. id., pl. -aroe, m., a piece of meat, a shoulder (of mutton,

etc.).

Spóta taois, a loin of veal.

Spóláil, -ála, f., the cutting up of meat.

Spólaim, -ao and -áil, v. tr., I cut, hack, mince; fig., I cut up one's character.

Spólaine, g. id., pl. -nioe, m., a butcher, one that cuts up meat.

Spotanneact, -a, f. See ppotant. Sponne, g. ppunne, m., the herb called colt's foot.

Sponne, g. rpuinne, pl. id., m., a sponge; a tinder, touchwood; com cinim te rponne, as dry as touchwood.

Sponncac, -aiże, touchwood-like;

spirited, spunky.

Sponncán, -áin, pl. id., m., touchwood, etc.; dim. of rponnc (also dim. of rponnc, colt's foot).

Sponncánta, indec. a., dry like touchwood, combustible.

Sponncántačt, -a, f., dryness, combustibility.

Spon, g., rpuin, m., a spur.

Sponaim, -ao, v. tr., I spur (a

horse); I provoke.

Spóητ, -όιητ, m., act of sporting; sport, pleasure, diversion, fun, pastime, mockery; with the article, unlawful sexual pleasure: te zéitt σο'n γρόητ, yielding to unlawful pleasure (E.R.); in Con. and Don. often γρόητ; in U. more usually γρόητ, which is also the Scottish form.

Spónzamail, -mla, a., sporting,

full of sport.

Spota, g. id., pl.-aroe, m., a spot, a patch; an an rpota, on the spot (A.).

Spotato, -ortice, m., the act of castrating; splaying; a gelding.

Spotaσόιη, -όηα, -όιμιτος, m., a gelder, a letter of blood.

Spotatoóipeact, -a, f., the business of a gelder, emasculation, letting of blood.

Spotaim, -tao, v. tr., I geld, castrate; splay; let blood; rob, despoil. See rpotaim.

Spotuite, p. a., spotted, dotted, speckled; mana mbead an bottat, 'r an riabhar rpotuite, were it not for the small-pox and scarlet or spotted fever.

Sphaic, -e, -eaca, f., a frown, a reprimand; rámo pphaic, under my control.

Sphaic, -e, f., strength, vigour, effort; sprightliness.

Sphaiceamail, -mla, a., strong, active, persevering, energetic, virile.

Spharceamlact, -a, f., activity, exertion, perseverance.

Spharo, -e, -eaca, f., a blast, a puff, a report of a gun, etc.

Sphéacao, -cτa, m., a scattering, dispersing, sprinkling; a5 γ. mo σeon (P. F.).

Spheacao, -cta, m., life, strength, vigour, exertion, effort, boldness, courage.

Spheacaim, -ao, v. tr., I enliven, invigorate. See pphiocaim.

Sphéacaim, -cao, v. tr., I scatter, disperse, sprinkle; cá an bó as rphéacao, the cow while taking her food (mashed, semi-liquid food) is every now and then lifting her head in the air and thereby scattering her food far and wide; also I lift the head or kick in an aggressive manner.

Spheagao, -5ca, m., provocation, admonition; act of stirring up, incitement; blame, reproof; encouragement; exciting the string of a musical instrument, playing music; of a language, talking fluently.

Spheagaim, -gaö, v. tr., I stir up, provoke; incite, urge; I play music, play on a musical instrument; I reprove, rebuke; I speak fluently (of a language).

Spheagaine, g. id., pl. -nioe, m., a provoker, a reviler.

Spheagaineact, -a, f., urging, pressing (as of a musical instrument in playing); reproving, rebuking.

Spneasamail, -mla, a., spirited,

active, bold.

Spheamar, -air, m., a contortion of the face; cuin ré rpheamar ain réin, he frowned, he made a face (Don.); cf. cuin ré pur ain réin, he frowned, he looked sulky.

spheans, -ansa, in phr. tá rpheans asam naró, I am related to him (by blood) (Clure).

Spheanzaro, -e, pl. id., f., in pl. thin legs, spindle-shanks (Con.).

Sphear, -hip, m., a twig or wicker; a useless heap; a useless, unprofitable, or barren person; rince 'n-a rphear, stretched helplessly or unprofitably; cf. so mbero ri 'n-a rphear san tuise te ream (O'Ra.); im rphear 'r im' rpiontac (McCur.).

Sphearán, -áin, pl. id. m., a small twig; a wretched, good-fornothing person; also rpphorán.

Sphérò, -e, -òeanna, f., a dowry, a fortune, a wife's portion; cattle; zan rphérò míotac, without a dowry of cattle.

Sphéro, -e, -eanna, f., a spark of

fire, a flash of fire.

Sppieroim, -éro, v. tr., I scatter, spread; spread a table-cloth; separate, dismiss, disband, burst suddenly.

Spnérote, p. a., scattered, separated, dismissed, disbanded, dis-

persed.

Spreitt, -e, -eatta, f., a contemptible set; if danaid do repreitt an feitt, alas for the contemptible, treacherous tribe, etc. (T. G.).

Spheoit, -ota, -ota, f., a bobbin.

See rpól.

Sphiata, g. id., pl. -aiöe, m., a withered, gnarled log, a stump; often a tree or deal scorched or burned at one end; γ. σe'n ρόμς, a lump of pork; a wretch, a lazy person: chion-pphiata, a miserable wretch (T. G.); also γρμεστά.

Sphioca'o, -cta, m., an incitation; an urging.

Sphiocaim, -ao, v. tr., I urge on, excite.

Spրւocap, -aip, m., a sting.

Sphiozah, -aiμ, m., a trifling, fiddling, fingering (P. O'C.).

Sppionn-laz, -laize, a., weak and miserly.

Spηιonntός, -όιζε, -όζα, f., a miser, a stingy person; dim. -όιζίn.

Sphionnlóin, -όμα, όιμισε, m., a miser, a skinflint, a stingy person.

Sphionntuižėe, indec. a., mean, miserly.

Sppionnluiżceoip, -opa, -oipioe, m., a miser, a stingy person.

Sprior, a small fire beside a fence (B.).

Sphior, m., a twig or wicker. See ppnear.

Sphiopán, g. -áin, pl. id., m., a small twig; a bramble; also a good-for-nothing person; a fopling.

Spnípeac, -piz, -pize, m., an upstart.

Sphiúcaim, -ao, v. tr., I pitch, toss, etc.; scatter; cf. rphiocaim. See rphéacaim.

Sphińτάιt, -άια, f., rooting up the ground with claws or hoofs; ας γ. te n-α copaib, tearing up the ground with his feet.

Sphocaine, g. id., pl. -proe, m., a robber, a dun.

Spnoct, -oict, m., sadness, sorrow, dejection.

Spnoctamail, -mla, a., sad, sorrowful, dejected.

Sphozaitteac, -tiże, a., having a large dewlap; double-chinned.

Sphozatt, -aitte, f., the craw of a bird, the gills of a cock, the pendant over the nose of a turkey cock; the dewlap of a cow, a double chin (nom. also pphozaitte.) See pheiceatt.

Sphot, -huit, pl. id., m., sprat; a

rabble.

Sphuan, -ain, pl. id., m., brushwood, firewood.

Sphuadan, -ain, m., dust, mould; also rphuoan.

Sphuadan, -ain, m., bits, scraps, crumbs, remnants; rphuaona (pl.), id. See pphuadan.

Sphuille, g. id., pl.-leada, m. or f., a fragment, a small scrap, a crumb, a mite; it is a variant form of builte, builpe, bluipe (with r prefixed).

Sphuilleoz, -013e, -034, f., small

scrap, crumb, fragment.

Sphuillesc, -liz, m., crumbs, leavings of a meal.

Sphuillim, -lead, v. tr. and intr., \mathbf{I} crumble.

Sphuireamail, -mla., a., spruce, neat, tidy, trim.

Sphúireamlact, -a, f., spruceness, tidiness, neatness.

See bhor.

Sphur-Zaineam, f., gravelor coarse sand.

Spuaic, -e, -eanna, f. a welt, a callous tumour, a blister on the hand or foot; the pinnacle of a tower; a huff, a fit of ill-temper; cá rpuaic ain, he is in a

Spuaiceac, -cize, a., pettish; also callous (as a tumour); pinnacled.

Spucao, -cta, m., act of inciting or exciting; ná bí az rpucao ar, don't excite him.

Spucatoe. See pucatoe.

Spúineavóin, -óna, -óini $\dot{o}e$, m., a robber, a plunderer.

Spunnim, -nead, v. tr., I rob, I spoil, I plunder.

Spuippe, g. id., f., spurge, milkwood (euphorbia).

Spút, -úit, pl. id., m., a particle; ni'l rpút aize, he has not an ounce of sense (Der.); a spout (A.).

Spur, -uir, m., a bob-tail, etc.; rean rpuit, a eunuch.

rmuc.

Splacao, -cta and -cuite, m., the act of tearing, snatching, rending, pulling; spoiling; a rent, fissure, thrust, jerk; extortion;

a young twig, a sprout, a scion torn from the parent stock for re-planting; time, turn: an r. reo, this time (Don.); renacao, sp. l. (M.).

Spacaim, -cao, v. tr., I tear, pull,

rob, spoil, extort.

Spacaine, g. id., pl. -proe, m., a puller, a dragger; a strong, vigorous man; an extortioner.

Spacarpeace, -a, f., a habit of tearing, taking by force, snatching; act of ravening; extortion.

Spac-ruit, f., a wry eye, a distorted eye.

Snac-rúileac, -lize, a., wry-eyed, squint-eyed.

Sμάσυιόε, g. id., pl. -ότε, m., an idler, a street-walker.

Spaic-réacaint, f., a hasty, wry look.

Spáro, g., -e, pl. -e, -esca, and -eanna, f., a street; an leat-TAOID PHÁIDE, ON the side-walks of a street; a village, esp. one with a single street; cf. Sharo an muilinn, Millstreet; Spáro na Cathac, Miltown - Malbay, 7C.

Sμάισεος, -01ζε, -0ζα, f., a mat, a coverlet; a bed on the floor, a shake down; a cake of bread spread out thinly.

Sparoin, g. id., pl., m., the herb

shepherd's purse.

Spároín, g.~id.,~pl.~ -nrõe, m.,~a little street, a lane.

Spait, -e, -eanna, f., a fen, moor, or morass bordering on a river or lake; a holm.

Spait, -e, -eanna, f., a layer, a swath of hay or corn cut down by the scythe; réan an rhait, grass in the swath.

Spait, gen. -e, pl. -troe, -eanna, f., a fine, tax, amercement; a quartering of soldiers; rhait is stronger than cior.

Spam, rhamac, 7c. See rheam,

rneamac, 7c.

Snamaroe, g. id., pl. -oroe, m., a useless person; a tippler (Don.). Snán, -áin, m., a dash, a clutch, an attempt to grasp; tus ré rnán anonn uinti, he reached across to clutch her; a frairoroe san éireact tus phán an mo rnéao (= tnéao) boct (Arm. song); also rhann.

Snanao, -nca, m., the act of

spreading out (Don.).

See Smans, rhanzaine, 7C. rheans, rheansaine, 7c.

Snanzaine, g. id., pl. -piroe, m., a crane or pulley; an untidy

person.

Spann, -ainne, -anna, f., a snore, a snort; 5an ruan 5an rhann, without sleep or snore; a humming noise made by wind; the strain of a bag-pipe, the snorting of cattle; r. oo tappains, to take a nap.

Snann. See rhan.

Snannao, -nca, pl. id., m., act of snoring, snorting, neighing; continued hum or whizzing.
Spannaim, -ao, v. intr., I snore,

snort, hum, rustle (as wind).

Spannán, -áin, pl. id., m., great hoarseness, whizzing rattling in the throat; an indistinct speaker; r. an báir, the death-rattle.

Spannpac, -aize, f., the act of snoring; as rhannpais, snoring

(Arm. and Don.).

Spannrao, -aio, m., a snoring or snorting.

Spannradac, -aiže, a., snoring, snorting.

Spannpaosail, -e, act of snoring, snorting.

Spannfaint. See phannfao.

Spannpaptac, -aize, f., the act of snoring; as phannpaptais, snoring.

Spannzannac, -aize, f., the act of snoring, snorting (this is a M. form). See rnannpa'o, which is heard in Der. and Om.

Spaco, -a, pl. id., m., lining.

Spaoille, g. id., pl. -troe, m., an awkward, clownish person, a dolt.

Spaoilleac, -like, a., slovenly: muddy, slushy (of roads, etc.) (Wat.).

Spaoilleact, -a, f., slovenliness, untidiness.

Spaoitteao, -tre, m., the act of trailing, dragging after one, tearing to pieces

Spaoitteán, áin, pl. id., m., an un-

tidy person or thing.

Spaoilleánac, -ais, -aise, m., a scullion.

Spaoitteoz, -013e, -03a, f., a slut, a slovenly woman.

Spaomeac, -niže, a., defeating, victorious; angry, displeased.

Snaon, -a, m., a bending aside, as of a twig in basket-making; error, deflection. See phaonao.

Spaonao, -nta, m., bending aside, as of a twig in basket-making; wandering, straying; an rusonαό τη αη γεαζηάη γεαζηότη γάγαιζ αη τραοζαί γεο, wandering and straying throughout the desert of this world (Kea., T. S., as quoted in P. O'C.); subduing, vanquishing, putting to flight; tát na bléite rhaon mo tuadait, distilled spirits that have subdued my vigour (Condon); the impetus of one walking fast (O'R.).

Spaonaim, -ao, v. tr., I bend aside, turn; oo rhaonao an cat roppa, the battle went against them, lit. was turned against them (O'Br.); I repel, put to flight, subdue, vanquish; oo rnaonao onca, they were de-

feated.

Spaonman, -aine, a., enraged, excited.

Snaot, -a, pl. id., sneezing.

Spaotaptac, -ai $\dot{z}e$, f., act of sneezing (also $rhao \dot{r} ah ta \dot{c}, f.$); rnórantac (Don).

Spatac, -aiże, a., abounding in fens or low, marshy places.

Spataroeact, -a, f., strolling; man oo bead zaouide γματαιδεαέτ οιδέε, strolling by night like a robber.

Spatam, -a \dot{o} , v. tr., I tax, amerce. Spatame, g. id., pl. -mode, m., a stroller a lounger

stroller, a lounger.

Spatameatt, -a, f., act of strolling. Spatam, -that, -that, f., a straddle, a pack-saddle.

Spatnuitim, -użat, v. tr., I spread, extend; scatter, sprinkle, sow (corn, etc.).

Spatpuržim, -užač, v. tr., I straddle.

Spatuitim, -użat, v. tr., I tax, cess, amerce.

Spacinizim, -użać, v. tr., I spread, extend, arrange in rows, draw out, plant in rows or ranks.

See ppatnuitim.

Speab, -eibe, -a, f, a stream; a brook, a brooklet; the stream of milk drawn from a cow's teats at each tug; d. ppeib (M.R., 104).

Speabao, -ota, m., a streaming, flowing.

Speabaim, -ao, v. tr. and intr., I stream or flow, I pour out.

Speablac, -ais, -aise, m., a shrimp; a little trout found in pools along the shore (Mayo).

Speab-Luat, -aite, a., swiftly

streaming (Kea. T. S.).

Speabnaroe, indec. a., glittering, shining, sparkling, glossy; téine preabnaroe propa te n-a geat-cneap, a sparkling silk chemise next to her fair skin.

Spéan, -éin, -éana, m., a flock; r. caopac, a flock of sheep (U., common in E. U.; rare in Don.).

See under ruán.

Spéaouroe, -e, -eanna(16), m., a shepherd (U.).

Speam, rpeamac, 7c. See ppeab,

rneabac, 7c.

Speam, g.-eime and -ma, pl. id., f., matter running from the eyes; ó fiorcao na ppeama tém beacain out renibinn bláit, from the running of matter from your eyes on account of which you found it hard to write a fair hand (O'Keeffe).

Speamac, -aite, a., dropping (as the eyes), blear-eyed, ruit

preamac, a dropping or running eye, a blear-eye.

Speamao, -Διο, m., matter running from the eyes; ό'r rhuimeatta rmeahair teo' rheamao mo rchibinn btáit, since you have disfigured and besmeared my fair writing by the dropping of your eyes (McD.). See rheam.

Speans, -einse, -ansa, f., string (of a bow), strap, rope, cord, a wheel-band (for a wool or flax wheel); mite con preinse one, a thousand placings of a rope round your neck (a Don. curse).

Speanzac, -aiże, a., stringed. Speanzaim, -aō, v. tr., I draw or

extend; pull, tear.

Speangán, -áin, pl. id., m., a string, a chord, a wire, a wire rope, a strong binding; p. cnáibe, the cord by which an individual net is fastened to the rope which connects the whole chain (Mayo); preangán bairtiée, a tongue grip, a natural impediment in speech.

Speansaine, g. id., pl. -proe, m., a pulley, a crane; a tall, weak, ungainly-looking man; a dragger, a puller, an extortioner.

Speanglomán, -áin, pl. id., m., a person who is constantly ailing but not seriously ill (Don.); peanglomán and panglomán are also heard in Don., but they often signify a long, thin, awkward-looking person.

Speanstománact, -a, f., keeping half-ill; feigning illness (Don.).

Speanz-púit, f., a distorted eye. Speanz-púiteac, -tiże, a., wryeyed, squint-eyed.

Speanz-tappainz, f., a pulling or dragging with a cord.

Speanstapt, -aipt, m., a magnet, a loadstone.

Speanziantai, -aiż, -aiże, m., a raw-boned fellow; (also peanziantai or peanzantai). Speat. See phait in its various

meanings.

Speatuizim. See phatuizim.

Speinz-tion, m., a casting-net.

Sinan, g. -piain, -piein, pl. -ta and ppein, m., a bridle, a bit, a curb; restraint; in pl., the bridles of a seine; a kind of fishing-net (Ker.); now genly. f., g. ppeine, nom. an typian.

Spianac, -aise, a., bound with

ribbons, fillets.

Simana, -nca, m., the act of bridling, restraining, keeping back, curbing.

Spianaim, -ao, v. tr., I bridle,

curb, restrain.

Spianza, p. a., curbed, bridled, checked.

Spit, -e, -eaca, f., a slattern; rpitin, id.

Spinite, g. id., pl.-tite, m., an awkward person.

Spitio, -e, f., the passage of milk

from the breast (O'R.).

Spoisall, -aill, m., a whip, a rod. Spoisim, v. tr., I reach, attain; vl. -cint and prois (prop); bi réproisite azam, I had reached it (the place) (also proipite); rul an prois teip, before he was able to, etc. (μοιείπ is the more common form); na plaitip σο γρογ (σο γροιείπτ), to reach or gain heaven.

Spóinoin, g. id., pl., -roe, the bridge of the nose (O'R.).

Spóinín, g. id., pl., -ioe, m., a snout-ring; r. muice, a pig's snout-ring.

Snón, -óine, and -ac, pl. -a, f., the nose, the nostrils; a promontory; common as a place-name, as an τSnón, Shrone, in E. Ker.

Spinac, -aise, a., nasal, largenosed, sharp-nosed, sharp-scented, harsh, snarling, inhospitable.

Spónamait, -mta, α. See γρόnac. Spón-bpat, m., a pocket-handkerchief.

Spóntann, -anne, -a, f., a covering for the nose.

Spón-múčaö, -cta, m., a difficulty in breathing through the nose.

Sμόη-pott, m., a nostril. Sμοτ, a stream. See γμυτ. Shotac, -aite, a., streamy.

Spočán, -áin, m., a stream, a streamlet, a rivulet.

Spotánac, -aiţe, a., full of streamlets; like a rill; purling, gurgling.

Spočužao, -uišče, m., a stream-

ing, a flowing.

Spotuitim, -użao, v. intr., I flow, I rush in streams.

Spuarc, -e, -eaca, f., a pimple, a pustule.

Spuamać, -aiże, a., abounding in streams; as subs., a confluence of rivers.

Snuan, -ame, -a, f., a triangular frame against which bread is set to bake before the fire.

Spub, -uibe, -uibeanna, f., a snout;

also a stream.

Stub, liquor, drink, whiskey; ruain orthinioe ruub ann man tuittib tá báirtige, hostlers got liquor there like floods on a rainy day (Pádraig Dall O Mearáin, Mon. poet); cf. syrup, sherbet, from the same Arabic word.

Spubaim, -aò, v. tr., I inhale, suck in.

Spubán, -ánn, pl. id., m., a cake; a cockle.

Sημθά**n na muc, great** hawkweed (γημc na muc, id.).

Sημισός, -ό1ζε, -όζα, f., a mouthful of liquid.

Sηύιδ-ξέλη, -ξέιηε, α., sharpnosed, pointed.

Spúill, -le, -lioe, f., a stream.

Spuimeatta, a., daubed, smeared. Spuimite, g. id., pl. -tioe, m., an awkward, untidy person.

Spurctin, g. id., pl. -nroe, a woman awkward both in walk and dress.

Sput, g. prota, pl. prota, protanna, g. pl. protann, m., a stream, a river, a fountain, a current, a rivulet, a flood, a brook.

Spuć, -uić, pl. -uiće, m., a elerk, a man of letters, a poet, a sage, a senior, an elder.

Snutac. See photac.

Sputaine, g. id., pl., -proe, m., a vagrant, a stroller; an unbidden guest.

Snutameatt, -a, vagrancy, strol-

ling; living on others.

Snut-buinne, m., stream-water, a torrent.

Shut-clair, -e, pl. -ara and -re, f., a channel; the deeper part of a stream or river.

Sputlat, - Δ_1 $\dot{\xi}e$, f., act of rinsing;

also rhuttao.

Sputlóz, -615e, -651, f., a rivulet, a rill; water conducted through a pipe; a small spout of water falling from a pipe.

Sματιμιζιm, -υζατό, v. tr., I rinse, I cleanse, wash, scour; ί ἡμυτlużao chio an abainn, to rinse it in the river (Don.).

Sput-raobao, m., a gulf, a whirlpool, an eddying stream (P).

O'C.).

Shut-rlaoo, m., the channel left by a stream.

Stab, -a, pl. id., m., a drinking cup, an iron vessel chained to the side of a well.

Stabac (or ptabe), m., a stick, a lifeless trunk; oo oein ré reatac ofom, he paralyzed me (M.).

Stabac, -ai $\dot{\varsigma}$ e, α ., bow-legged, knock-kneed, halting, hobbling,

limping.

Stabisait, -e, f., hobbling, halting, limping; reabsait cusae asur reabjail waie, .i. oo jluine curat agur oo rata uait (P. O'C.).

Stábla, g. id., pl. -aröe, m., a

stable, a manger, a stall.

Scabuižim, -užao, v. tr., Istraddle. Stáca, g. id., pl. -aróe, m., a stack (of hay, corn, etc.); a shock; also a stake or post; also a pawn or pledge; a stake.

Stacac, -aize, a., stiff, rigid, horned; zalap reacae, priapis-

mus; also rtocać.

Stácac, -aize, a., full of shocks or stacks; pillared; full of heaps.

Stacaille, f., a strumpet, whence rtacailleac and rtacailleact.

Stácaim, -aò, v. tr., I pile up. heap, make into shocks or stacks.

Stacán, -áin, pl. id., m., a thorn, a stump, usually the sharp stumps of mown-down plants that are met with in meadows; a knot in wood; one of the "thorns" on a blackthorn stick (dim. of rcaic).

Stácujao, -uijte, m., a piling, heaping, forming into stacks or

shocks.

Scácuizim, -użao, v. tr., I pile in-

to stacks or shocks.

Stao, -a10, pl. id. and -anna, m., a stay; an allaying (of thirst), a delay, a stop, a pause, a period, an interruption, a hindrance, the stay of a ship, an impediment (in speech), e.g., tá rtao 10nnac; rcao oo oéanam, to stay, to make a delay; read oo cun leir, to put a stop to it; zan r., instantly.

Stadać, - a_1 że, a_2 stuttering;

given to pausing.

Stadaim, vl. rtad, v. tr. and intr., I stop, pause, stand, stay, wait for, cease to go forward; cease, hinder.

Stabaine, g. id., pl. -price, m., a stammerer.

Stadaine. See Stażaine.

Staos, -aios, pl. id., m., a staff,or stick to walk with.

Staozail, -e, f., act of staying, stopping, delaying.

Staotac, -aije, a., apt to stop or pause.

Stav-uppao, m., a daring, presuming confident fellow.

m., confidence, Stav-uppavar, presumption.

Stav-uppavarac, -aije, a., presumptuous, impudent, confident.

Stap, -aip, pl.id., m., a staff (E.R.); a stiff, staff-like person (Ker.).

Sταρός, -ό15e, -ό5α, f., a staff, stick, club, crutch.

STAJA, g. id., pl. - 10e, m., a "stag;" a potato softened and spoiled by frost, or otherwise rotten and worthless; dim. praisin, applied to a horse or person in a disparaging sense; the ré'n-a rasa, he fell into a faint or swoon.

Scázac, -aiże, a., useless, lumbersome.

Stagún, -úin, m., a potato cake; a frost-bitten potato; a horse that fails at the moment of danger, as in the Ker. prov. rtao rtagún i mbéat beánnan, the stop of a stagún in front of a gap; a stubborn horse, tá an beatadac rin 'na rtagún, that horse is a stubborn one (Don.).

Staic, -e, -eanna, f., a stake, a post, a short stick; a stake driven into the ground to which an animal is tied; a strong, thick-set person; stiffness, obstinacy (Louth, Mon.); ex. cumpread ptaic i n-a muneát o'á pinead, who would become stiff-necked when giving it (alms) (old song).

Staro, pl., the stays of a ship. Staro, -ve, pl. id., f., a furlong.

Státo, -e, pl. id. and -áoa, f., state, rank; an rtáto na nghár, in the state of grace

(M. pcaid).

Sτάιο, -e, f., a handsome, queenlike, stately woman, often used loosely=fair lady, fair one; 'ré
τεας muiż ο α m α η τάιο, I met the fair one (Peter O'Dornin); b' τεαμη τιοπ αμίτ έ 'nά πα τάιπτε ο ά mbéιπη 7 απ ττάιο mná 1 n-1πιτ θο ζαιπ, I would rather have it again than herds (everything) if only I and the beautiful woman were in Innishowen (Don. version of old song); ττάιο is an abbreviation of ττάιο-δεαπ.

Stáro-bean, f., a steady or stately

woman.

Staro-cammteac, -tiże, a., faltering, stammering.

Stáro-esc, m., a stately steed.

Stáideamail, -mla, a., stately, portly, pompous, lordly, magnificent.

Stároeamtact, -a, f., stateliness, self-importance.

Staroéin (Leath-Chuinn). See

Statos, -e, -eaca. See rtéios.

Stáromean, -mine, a., stately, serious, solemn.

Stalfin, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a nag, an enfeebled old horse; fig., a worthless or mean character.

Staithe, g. id., pl. -nioe, m., stairs,

staircase, a terrace.

Stait, g. -e and -alac, pl. -altaca, f., a stallion; fig., a gay spark, a paramour (nom. also reat; reatán, id.).

Staitc, -e, -eanna, f., an impediment, a stop; a sulk, sulkiness, stubbornness; tainiz reaitc ann, he became stubborn.

Stailceamail, -mla, a., stubborn,

self-willed, sulky.

Stattcroeact, -a, offence, act of being offended; o'éinteacan cum praitcroeacta, they grew sulky.

Stanne, -e, f., incivility, discourteousness, vexation; a grudge.

Stainnceamail, -mila, α ., uncivil, discourteous.

Stannein, g. id., m., incivility; sourness of temper; a grudge; dim. of reanne.

Stain, -ne, -anta, f., a story, a history, a passage from an author; a poem; teiz rtain ounn, read a passage for us; in poet used loosely of any composition.

Sτάιη, -e, f., a bout, a run; a running before a leap; γειππτελη γτάιη αμ ċtάιηγιξ ċeoit, let a bout be played on a musical harp (McD.).

Staineamail, -mla, a., historical;

versed in history.

Stain-réacain, f., a wry look.

Stain-riacail, f., tusk, gag-tooth. Stain-riaclac, -aize, a., having

tusks or prominent teeth.

Stainioesct, -a, f., story-telling; a harangue; records, chronicles, history.

States, g. id., pl. -roe, m., any-

thing stiff or solid.

Stalcac, -aiże, a., stiff, stubborn, rude.

Stalcardeact. See rtailcroeact. Statcam, -ao, v. intr., I grow stiff.

Stalcaine, g. id., pl. -nice, m., a fowler, a deerstalker; a starer, a gazer; also a stiff, stubborn, rude, fellow (nom. also realcan; cf., Eng. stalker of deer, etc.).

Statcaineact, -a, f., the occupation of a fowler, deer-stalking; habit of staring or gazing; stubbornness, stiffness, rudeness.

Statetail, -e, f = rtaileroeact, e.g., o'éingeadan cum realc-Saile.

Statta, g. id., pl. -10e, m., a stall

(A.).

Stallao, -aio, m., a warming drink.

Stálužao, -uižte, m., act of making stale or old; act of seasoning timber, etc. (A.).

Stáluizim, -użao, v. tr., I make stale or old (A.); I season timber, etc.

Státuite, indec. a., stale, old, withered: seasoned (A.).

Stamlao, -aio, pl. id., m., drought; cá r. món zaoite ann, there is a very dry wind; tá rzamtaro, a day of drought (Rosses, Don.).

Stampa, g. id., pl. -10e, m., a stamp, an impression (A.).

Stampáil, -ála, pl. id., f., a stamp-

ing, prancing (A.).

Scán, -áin, m., tin, pewter; a vat, a barrel; impertinence, impudence; pinn ré rcán opm, he was impudent to me (U_{\cdot}) .

Scán, poet. for reaon.

Stánao, -nta, m., a beating, a hammering; tuz ré an-rtánao oó, he beat him severely; also poet. for reaonao, which see.

Stánao, - arote, m., staring, gazing earnestly; bí ré az rcánao onm, he was staring at me.

Sτάπασόιη, -όηα, -όιηι όe, m., a tinker.

Scánaim, vl., -ao, v. tr., I stare (at, an); rcán ré onm, he stared at me, he stared me out (Don.).

Scánaine, g. id., pl. -nice, m., a tin merchant.

Stant, -ainte, pl. -anta, f., a ditch; a pin, a peg; the square perch; rtanz reapainn, a square perch of land; a portion of time or space; pron. rcö in Mon.

Stanzaine, g. id., pl. -piroe, m.,

a plank bridge.

Stanzaine, g. id., pl. -nibe, m., a loiterer, a lazy, suspicious person (Don.); one hard to deal with; one slow in paying his debts (Con.); reanzaine mná, an obstinate woman; ninneao r. oe, he was transfixed (Don.).

Stanna, g. id., pl. aroe, m., a vat,

a barrel; also rcán.

Stannac, -aiże, a., pettish, selfwilled.

Scanncán, -áin, m., vexation; difficulty, intricacy; delay; a tedious waiting inflicted on a person left without by one who has called at a house; pinn tú r. onm, "you delayed too long;" in Glenties district the word is reanneán, in Townawilly (Don.) and in Om. reannsán, but in Glengesh, Don., repannsán, all in the last sense; cf. rcansattle.

Stánuiðe, g.~id.,~pl.~-öte, m.,~a bold person; hussy; oá öreicreá an r. 'na rearam táim tiom. (E. U. song); some understand it as "tinker."

Staon, a., oblique, awry, askew. Staon, -a, m., firmness, compactness; reaon baro, the caulking material used in a boat.

Staonao, -nta, m., act of yielding, flinching, bending; cessation;

bias, inclination.

Staon - abant (also claonαολιμτ), f., a crick or cramp in the neck got during sleep (P. O'C.); somet. reaon-apo.

Staonaim, -ao, v. tr. and intr., I vield, refrain from; decline, curb.

Staon-áno, m., a slant, a declivity; a crick in the neck. See reaon-

ADAINT.

Staonman, -aine, a., staunch, firm, Stapat, -art, pl. id., m., a link-

torch, a flambeau.

Stápat, -ait, pl. id., m., a staple; reapat stair, the staple of a lock (A.).

Stanaroeact, -a, f., humbugging (?); reas oo oo p., cease your humbugging (?) (Tiom. an

Aighe, Don. poet.)

Stanos, -615e, -65a, f., a female who stares at things intently, craning her neck in so doing; 1r móμ an γταμόζ i (Don.) (A.?).

Stapiózact, -a, f., staring and craning one's neck in looking at things; tá rí rin az r. (Don.).

Stantón, -óna, -ónnioe, m., a historian, a chronicler, a storyteller.

Stanuice, g. id., pl. -ote, m., a historian, a story-teller; a writer; reapulõe rip 7 r. mná are used in Om. as an uncomplimentary epithet.

Stát, -áit, m., a state; an estate

(A.).

Stataim. See protaim.

Stéan, -éin, pl. id., m., a steed (A.).

Stéadac, -ai $\dot{\zeta}$ e, α ., of or belonging

to steeds or horses.

Stéro-eac, m., a steed, a fine horse. Steatt, g. -a and -eitte, pl. -a, f., a dash or splash of water, etc.; as sabáil realta, dashing, splashing, vehemently operating. Steatlac, -size, a., squirting,

splashing.

Steatlao, -lta, m., act of splashing, pouring out, squirting out, etc.; lá rceallca, a day in which there are short sudden showers, See preallaim.

Steallaim, -lao., v. tr. and intr., I spurt, I squirt, I splash, I pour

violently.

Steatlaine, g. id., pl. -nice, m., a squirt, a syringe, a spout, a pipe, a tap; a tattler.

Sceatlanneact, -a, f., the squirting, dashing, splashing of water, etc. Scealla-mazao, m., act of mock-

ing very derisively.

Steatlizail, -e, f., act of squirting, splashing, pouring out violently (as water).

Steanncán, -áin, m., a sting, a sort of bad drink (P. O'C.). See

remeanncán.

Steanns. See rtans.

Steamnat, -ait, m., a bittern; a butter lump; r. ciże órca, m., an innkeeper's sign (O'R).

Stéros, -se, -seaca, f., a beefsteak, a slice of meat; a portion (as of land, etc.); a small gut; a gullet or windpipe; rcéros bházao, the gullet or throat steak; in pl. entrails; rcéros beaz, the small intestine; rcéros món, the colon; rcéros buaille, the great omentum and transverse colon.

Steille-beata, f., genuine life or reality; a living or real image of another: 'ré Seatán 'n-a rceille-beataro é, he is the exact image of John, he is John again alive (M_{\cdot}) ; state of being thoroughly alive: tá ré 'na rceille-beataio = tá ré lán-beo; somet. rneille-beata

Strall, -téill, -aca, m., a streak, a strip, a stripe; a board, a plank; a piece of anything; a belt, a girdle; a stroke, a slap; cf. ir umat relatt be leatan oume ente, one gives freely a piece of another's leather; also f., as in Don.

Stiallac, -aiże, a., streaked, striped, brindled; tearing in shreds or stripes; zalan roialtac. a certain human disease

(Don.).

Stiatlac, -aiz, m., a kind of seaweed used for making kelp and for manure (Con.).

Stiallato, -lta, m., the act of rending, tearing in pieces; as rpotato it as r. an comaginam, backbiting the neighbours (Don.).

Stiatlaim, -tao, v. tr., I rend, I cut into stripes; I burst.

Stiatlaine, g. id., pl. -niòe, m., a tearer, a beater, a buffer.

Stiattóz, -óize, -óza, f., a small

bit or stripe of anything.

Sciöin, m., a little dibbling stick (large ones have a "rest" for the foot).

'Sτιζ, for 17τιζ, in, within, inside; τροιόε 'γτιζ, inner heart; an expression of endearment.

Still, -e, f., a still; tear na rtitle, fermentation (C. S., vol. ii., p. 721); cam rtitle, the "worm" of a still.

Stilléanuroe, g. pl. -ote, m., a dis-

tiller (of poteen).

Stinte, g. id., pl. -eaca, f., a scab. Stinteoz, -o1ze, -oza, f., a hinge of a box; a hasp.

Sciobaro, -airo, pl. id., m., a

steward.

Sciotapoact, -a, f., stewardship. Sciocaine, g. id., pl. -price, m., a miser, a niggardly fellow.

Stiocaineact, -a, f., miserliness,

avarice.

Stiocajio, -aijio, m., a niggard, a narrow-hearted fellow, a miser. Stiocajioać, -aiže, a., niggardly,

miserly.

Stíoz, -a, pl. id., m., a fit, a dash (E. U.).

Sτιοζαό: Δζ γτιοζαό, dying (Don.).

Sτιομόιρ, -e, -ιόe, f., a stirrup (A.). Sτιμέλη, -έιη, pl. id., m., a sturgeon.

Schean, em, pt. ac., m., a sungeon.

Schean, em, pt. ac., m., a sungeon.

-heanna and -heaca, f., a rudder,
a guide, a rule, a helm, the
stern; appearance, aspect, esp.
rakish appearance; as teact
cuise asur rount neime unti,
coming towards him with a very
vicious appearance; o'r an oo
lam ata an rount, since you
are my guide (Oss. poem).

Stiuineac, -juże, a., steering, guiding.

Stiúpao, -pita, m., the act of steer-

ing, guiding.

Sτιήματο e act, -a, f., direction, obedience; bío ο γτιήματο e act o ητ, be obedient, respectful (Der.).

Sciúμαim, -úμαο, v. tr., I steer, I guide, direct, manage, rule,

reign over.

Sτιύη-δάρς, m., a steering-ship, a rudder-ship (the epithet is

poetical).

Sτιήμτόιμ, -όμα, -όιμιοe, m., a steersman, a pilot, a guide, a director, a manager: ττιήμαοόιμ and ττιήμτας, id.

Sτιύμυζαό, -uiζτe, m., act of steering, guiding, directing.

Stiúnuitim, -użat, v. tr., I direct, guide, steer; 50 ptiúnuiti Olatú, may God direct you.

Stobać, -aiż, m., a stew, a mess (rtobaim, I stew); tá ré 'na rtobać azat, you have quite confused him.

Stobac, -aic, pl. id., m., a kind of fish.

Stobaim, -ao, v. tr., I stew.

Stoc, g. rtuic, pl. id. and rtoca, m., a trumpet; a stock, a root, a bulb; a trunk of a tree; a pillar; rtoc teapta, a bedstead; rtoc tuinge, a gunwale: bi ré an na rtuic rtantaca an mine an meirce, he was uproariously blind drunk (Don.).

Stoc, g. rtuic, pl. id., m., stock, store, means; cattle; the ordinary number of cows that a farmer has on his land is called a rtoc or a curo rtuic; eattle, rtuic, cattle, live stock; as ceannac rtuic, buying live stock (A.).

Stoca, g. id., pl. - aroe, m., a stocking, a sock; a bag, a wallet.

STOCAC. See PTACAC.

stócać, -aiţ, pl. id., m., a stake, a pole; a ship's mast; fig., a tall young fellow; an idler; one who lives on others; the person that accompanies a man looking for a wife at Shrovetide (Ker.); rtócac rin, a thin, tall man; a rtócais chóin noc téire tan tean, O thou black mast that goeth beyond the sea (Fer.); in N. Con. an ordinary word for a young man.

Stócáilte, a., ready, prepared

(Con.); "stoked" (A.).

Stocame, g. id., pl. -mioe, m., a trumpeter; a lazy idler, interloper; a "sponger" (Don.); a person purposely left without a partner in a certain dance current in Donegal, hence a name for the dance itself.

Stocameact, -a, f., business of a trumpeter, act of trumpeting; self-praise, blowing one's own trumpet; lounging, laziness;

sponging (Don.).

Stocatac, -aiz, -aize, m., an upright, a pillar, a standard; p. oe oume, a person standing like a pillar in the road (Don.); p. ctoice, a standard of a stone (Don.); cf. compatac (M.), from comp.

Scocuisim, -usao, v. intr., I grow

stiff or numb.

Stoo, g. rturo, pl. id. and -aroe, m., a tooth; dim. rturoin, id.

Stooac, -aiże, a., forward, sulky, surly.

STODATOR, m., pl., large long teeth; one having long teeth. See

Stodaine, g. id., pl. -nioe, m., a person with big teeth; a bold, peevish person.

Stooamail, -mla, a., restive, testy. Storo, -ooa, f., forwardness, sulk,

displeasure.

Sτόιπριζιm, -ιυζαό, v. tr., I make sound or strong; πίομ γτόιπριζεαό πιαṁ ι ζεεαμτ é, he never became strong in health (Cork) (A.).

Stómpite, indec. a., sound, strong, healthy (of persons and animals); also staunch, sound (of such things as timber, etc.) (A.).

Stóin-cipte, g. id., pl. -tiòe, m., a hoarded treasure.

Stóipin, g. id., pl. -niòe, m., "little treasure," a term of endearment.

Stoipm, -e, -eaca, f., a storm, tempest.

Stoipmeac, -miże, a., stormy, tempestuous.

Stornmeamail, -mla, a., tempes-

tuous, stormy.

Stót, -óit, pl. id., and -ótta, m., a stool; rtót coire, a footstool.

Scottao, -tca, m., act of tearing, rending, lacerating; a tear, a rent; blowing (Con.).

Scottaim, -tao, v. tr., I tear, rend,

lacerate.

Scottaine, g. id., pl. -nice, m., a

strong, robust churl.

Sτόρα, g. id., pl. -ròe and -nna, m., a can, a pail (U., prob. = English stoup, as a stoup of wine).

Stopaim (vl. rtop and -pao), v. tr., I stop, close, cause to cease, prevent; intr., I cease, desist (A.).

Sτορός, -όιζε, -όζα, f., a careless or slovenly woman; cf. 1r otc an booός nac bruiţea o rτορός a chúora o i (Con.); a stopper or cork.

Sτόμ, -όιμ, pl. id., m., treasure, store, wealth, ammunition, hoard, quantity of goods; a storehouse; a term of endearment.

Sτόμας, -Διζ, m., a beloved one; a term of endearment.

Stópar, -air, pl. id., m., store,

a repository.

Stone, g. reune, pl. id., m., a large animal, a bullock, a thick-set person, a sturk; the corpse of one who dies in an upright posture (Con.).

Stonzánaroe, g. id., pl. -ote, m.,

a trumpeter, a minstrel.

Stopin, -uinn, pl. id., a pin or peg; rtonn rhathat, the pin or peg of a straddle for suspending a pair of hampers, baskets, etc., from.

Stoppamail, -mla, a., sturdy, bold, daring, resolute.

Sτομμάπ, -άιπ, m., an angry fit, a tempest of passion (P. O'C).

Stot, -a, -anna, m., the unkempt hair of the head, fur, bristles; rootall, m., id.; rootanna snualse, unkempt tufts or bushes of hair.

Stotao, -oitte, m., a plucking,

pulling, tearing.

Stotaitlín, g. id., pl. -nioe, m., a ragged head of hair; one having his hair unkempt.

Stotam, -ao, v. tr., I tear, pull, drag, rend; tear from the roots,

I eradicate.

Stotaine, g. id., pl. -proe, m.,

a wild, careless person.

Stotannín, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a little, wretched horse, etc., with long hair; a ptaizín; somet. applied to a person.

Stocatt, -aitt, pl. id., a torn or

unkempt head of hair.

Stotallac, -ai\(\frac{1}{2}\), -ai\(\frac{1}{2}\)e, \(m.\), a strong, rough, careless fellow; a "tear away."

Scot-†pónac, -aiże, a., having a

turned-up nose.

Strabar, -air, pl. id., m., a very

big mouth (Mayo).

Sτηαδόιο, -e, -eaca, f., a prostitute (also γτηιαδάιο).

Schaca, m., a stratum, a layer; a row, a series (Sup.).

Stracao, -cta and -cuite, m., the act of rending, dragging forward, tearing, bursting; a piece torn or rent from anything; bain ré repacao aram, he pulled me violently. See rhacao,

Sτηασαιm, -αό, v. tr. (somet. intr.), I tear, pull, drag; rob, spoil, extort; τά γιαο ας γτηασαό, they are rowing with vigour (of boatmen); γτηόσαιm

(Don.). See phacaim.

Strácáit, -áta, f., drudging, the being engaged in heavy work; as rtrácáit tiom, struggling on in life.

Sthacatte, g. id., pl. -troe, m., a lazy, ragged, unkempt person.

Schacaine, g. id., pl. -proe, m., a snatcher, tearer, griper, extortioner; a strong, vigorous person; one who runs or frisks about.

Sthacaineact, -a, f., pulling, dragging, drawing; extortion; act of playing, sporting.

Schactaim -ao, v. tr., I pull,

drag, extort.

Sτηαόλιη, -e, f., a fit of temper, a nervous fit, nervousness; this word is often used in English: he has some wild γτηαόλιη, i.e., is of a wild, fitful temper; τά γέ αη teaċ-γ., he is half mad (Eng. strain).

Sthae, m., wandering (A.); an rthae, astray, wandering.

Schaehe, g. id., pl. -hioe, a wanderer, a rambler; populer páin, id. (E. R.).

Sthaeheact, -a, f., act of wander-

ing.

Sτηλίς, -e, -eaca and -aroe, f., a tape or riband, a streak, a garter, the list or a stripe of cloth cut off; a portion of anything involving length, as of a cake of bread; γτηλίς αμάιη, a piece of bread; γτηλίς τουας, a good length of tobacco; γτηλίς coiμce, γc., a portion of a field in which corn is sown, etc.; γτηλίς γιη, a tall man; dim. γτηλίς η, id. (nom. also γτηλίς and γτηλίς, m.; cf. streak).

Scháic, -e, f., pride, haughtiness, conceit; τά γτράις πόρ teir, he is very haughty or conceited (Don.); it is a synonym of reterp in this phrase.

Scháice, a tape, etc. See repáic. Scháiceac, -cize, a., proud,

haughty, conceited.

Stháiceamail, -inla, a., proud, haughty, conceited, gay.

Schaille, g. id., pl. - troe, f., a mat, a carpet. See renaille.

Sthailte, g. id., pl. -tibe, m. or f., a tall, lazy, inactive person (male or female); remaitte rin, a tall, lazy, worthless man; repailte mná, a tall, lazy woman; somet. renaille involves the idea of vagrancy, delay, neglect.

SCR

Sthaiméad,, -éro, -éroide, m., a strip, a stripe, a tape, a garter, a strip of cloth, etc. (P. O'C. gives the meanings, a stripe, a stroke, a clap, and renamáro, f. has this meaning in Don.

Scháinín, g. id., pl. -nice, m., a cullander or strainer (A.).

Schainne, -e, -eaca, f., a wry face, a grimace. See zpainnc.

Sthampein, g. id., pl. -éinide, m., a stranger (M. rchóinréin).

Sthaipteac, -tis, -tise, m., anything unkempt; rough straw; lazy, able-bodied fellow; rchaipleac connce, coarse oaten straw of irregular length.

Sthait, -e, -eaca, f., a sloe bush, the name of the letter "z" (also

renair). Sthanzaine, g. id., pl. -hioe, m.,

a lazy, contentious fellow. Sthanzaineact, -a, f., laziness,

indolence; strife, contention. Sthaoitte, g. id., pl.-troe, m. and f., a girth, a belt or garter; an untidy person.

Sthaoilteán, -áin, pl. id., m., a loiterer, a slovenly person.

Sthaoilleoz, -013e, -03a, f. See

repaosite.

Schaoillim, -leao, v. tr., I pull, pluck, draw after, trail; tear in pieces.

Schoollin, g. id., pl. -nide, m., a garter, a tape, a swathe or band; dim. of renaoitte.

Sthaopán, -áin, m., the after-birth of a cow (Sup.). See renopán.

Sthapa, g. id., pl. -10e, m., a strap, a latchet (A.).

Sthat, -a, -aioe, m., the stay between the topmast and the fore-

Schachuizim, -użao, v. tr., I spread.

Streactac, -ais, m., a drag, a

Stneactaim, -ao, v. tr., I drag, pull, tear; popeactuisim, id.

Stpeaclán, -áin, pl. id., m., a gaiter, swaddling a clothes; anything untidy, an untidy person (Don.).

Scheacluzao, -uizte, m., tearing, pulling; dragging,

reneactab, id.

Scheallaim (reallaim), -ao, v. tr. and intr., I pour out, scatter, cast away; intr., I jump

Scheans, repeansaine, 7c. See

rheans, rheansaine, 7c.

Scheanncán, -áin, m., a tune, a lilt; also a rush, a flow, a quantity of fluid (milk, etc.) in a vessel; repeanncán bainne, a considerable quantity of milk vessel (Ker.; rceanncán in this sense; it is the original form).

Stree, -10, -000, m., a difficulty, an obstacle; ni'l reneo an bit ain é öéanaö = he finds it feasible; a delay, an agreeable diversion; reneo oo consbáil an ourne, to delay one agreeably; reneo oo cun an oume, to accost one who would prefer to be walking on, owing to his being in a hurry, etc.

Styrapac, -ar $\dot{\xi}e$, -a, f., a harlot; as

m. a fornicator.

Styrapacap, -arp, m., fornication, harlotry.

Sthileomán, -áin, pl. id., m., a long, lank, nerveless person (Don.).

Schillin, g. id., pl. -nice, a garter; anything that dangles.

Sτηιοbάιο, -e, -ιόe, f., a harlot (also reproparo).

Strioc, -ice, -ioca, f., a streak, stripe, strickle.

Striocać, -aiże, α ., streaked, stroked, in lines.

Striocao, -cta, m., act of falling, yielding, submitting, capitulating.

Striocaim, -ao, v. intr., I fall; I desist from, yield, submit to (00).

Strioclán, -áin, pl. id., m., a rag, a tatter, any worthless remnant;

a windfall.

Sτη105, -a, -a1 oe, m., a small drop (Don.).

Striozán, -áin, m. See pthioz (Don.).

Sthiopac, rthiopacar, 7c. See

remapac, remapacar.

Schiopáil, -ála, f., act of taking off one's coat; act of undressing (A.).

Sthiopálta, indec. a., stripped (e.g., of one's clothes); having one's coat off (A.).

Striopar, -air, m., a stripe.

Schó, indec. m., prodigality, extravagance, affluence, conceit; ná σέαη γτηό αγ, be not conceited about it (Aran); 17 món an renó a paib riao ann, they were in great affluence (Don.); zan mópán popó, without much ado (Con.); mo mésoυζαό ι γτηό, to make me richer (P. O'Dornin); rchó v'á rópt vo šlacar man meon, an extravagance of this kind did I take up as a notion (John O'Connell); an beasan ponó, wretchedly poor, esp. in dress or appearance.

STRÓC, -A, pl. id., m., an iron keel

band (Tory).

Sthóc, -óic, m., a stroke; az riubal an a boz-renóc, walking slowly or listlessly.

Sτρόσλητε, g. id., pl. -μιόε, m., a prodigal, a spendthrift, a conceited or arrogant fellow.

Schóoamail, -mla, a., prodigal, extravagant, conceited, arrogant.

Sthooamlact, -a, f., prodigality, extravagance, conceit, haughtiness.

Schóicim, -ócaó, v. tr., I tear. rend; I strike, smite.

Sthoicte, p. a., torn, struck, smitten.

Studinge, g. id., pl. -rice, m., lubber, a good-for-nothing person; r. cailliže, an untidy, useless hag (renúmre in S. Con.).

Stropán, -áin, m., anything that hangs down; the afterbirth of

a cow.

Schuinge. See. rchoinge.

Strumpuiste, p. a., rigid, stiff from cold, or from remaining too long in the same position (Aran).

Sthur, - u_1 r, m., capital, means, substance; ni't son renur ομέα, they are not well off; maire, san oinead mo botainín oe repur tá oo báir one! ah, may you not have means to the amount of my little cabin on your dying day (said by a poor man whom a landlord evicted from his cabin).

Schut, m., an ostrich (reput-

camall, id.).

Stuacać, -aite, a., gruff, lightheaded, boorish, stumpish, frivolous, conceited, excessively sensitive.

Schacaine, g. id., pl. -nioe, m., a fool, a dolt, a prying person.

Stuacaineact, -a, f., act of playing the fool, going about aimlessly; act of prying.

Stuacán, -áin, pl. id., a fig. word for a half-blind fool (Clare).

Stuacanac, -aije, a., prone to take offence (Don.).

Stuat, - 10, - 10 dca, m., an arch, a rainbow, a volume, a text, a scroll, a sheet, a gable, a wall, a pinnacle, a ridge; a pen; a hero; a fig. expression for a tall, handsome person, esp. a female, whence pruadathe or pruathe, and reuaro-bean.

Stuadać, -daiže, a., vaulted,

arched.

Stuadaine. See ptuaine.

Stuadán, -áin, pl. id., m., a loop, a clasp, a hinge.

Stuad-bházaroeac, -orze, a., stiffnecked.

Stuad-bruz, m., an arched castle.

Stuaic, -e, -eanna, f., a little hill; a wall, a pinnacle, a small, projecting promontory; an inclining to one side; a huff; the crown of the head (Om.); the head (Don.); tá prusic opt, your head is inclined to the side, also you have taken offence (Om.); cáim im' rcuaic (=rcobac) A15e, fig., he has struck me dumb, he has me in a corner; renaic is applied to the slanting position often necessary in Irish dancing, esp. the reel.

> Cíor i mbáis Uactain tá an ruancar rá'n am reo,

Kan riú Donncaio Ruaio nac bruil revaie aim as damrao.—(Don. song).

Studiceanuioe, g. id., m., one prone to take offence (Don.).

Studicín, g. id., pl. -ide, m., a little stake, a stump, a stumpy fragment of anything; the top or summit of a thing (renaicle, id.).

Stuaro, -e, f., a fair lady; abbr.

of rouaro-bean.

Scuaro-bean, f., a fair lady; fre-

quent in poetry.

Scuaim, -ama, f., modesty, prudence; artifice, device, air, mien; ingenuity, wiles; bain ré ar a reuaim réin é, he invented or composed it himself (Om.); as cuti reuama ati an ngannean, planning to counteract the famine (Colm Wallace); tá ré ar a reusim, he is out of his senses, he is mad (Don.).

Schaine (pruadaine), g. id., pl.-nice, f., a tall, handsome person, esp. applied to a female; a common poet, term for a beautiful and stately maiden.

Stuatáit, -áta, f., piling turf in big heaps (Mayo; C.S., Vol. I., p. 310.)

Stuataine, g. id., pl. -nioe, m., a peak (Don.); also rotan; hence a visitor who does not show any sign of leaving his

host's house at a late hour (Don.).

Stuatán, -áin, pl. id., m., a simple-

Scuamać, -aiże, a., handy, accomplished; steady, firm, constant; ingenious; mí-p**cua**mač, clumsy;

Cá'n hápmónium 50 huaisneac; ní reinneann ré aon uain ouinn;

ní't oume an bit com revamac To mbainread ar ceol. -(Don. caoinearo).

Scuamoa, indec. a., modest, discreet, demure, temperate; ingenious.

Stuamoact, -a, f., modesty, moderation, prudence, sobriety, temperance, discretion; ingenuity, cleverness.

Scúca, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a stook

(of corn).

Stucac, -aize, a., horned, stiff, rigid, hilly, rugged, stubborn, rude.

Stúcán, -áin pl. id., m., a stook (of corn, etc.), a pile of turf-sods in the form of a stook.

Sτύcός, -όιςe, -όςa, f., a stook (of

corn, turf, etc.).

Sτυιοέλη, -έιη, pl. id., m., meditation, a study; steadiness, sobriety; ας σέαπαπ γσυισέιμ Ap, studying (as tr. v.); in N.Con., U. and Louth it becomes realoeth (g. -ethe?).

Scuroéapac, -arje, a., studious. Scuroéanacc, -a, f., study, steadi-

Sturp, g. id., pl. -eanna, m., matter, stuff, cloth; vigour, substance, grit of character; stuff of any kind; 1 n-azaro an rour, against the grain: pl., roureanna, often applied to medical concoctions, as drugs, etc.; the word is old, and occurs in medical treatises in the sense of vigour, force (written roop or rcut); ní't don rcuir ionnam, I have little vital power, I am unable to withstand hardship.

Scurfin, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a young pollock, the fry of the pollock; a small tuft or thicket (Aran); a bush (rcoicín), pl. rcuirínroe, trashy food (Con.).

Scuipéao, -éio, -éaoa, m., a mortar used for milling tobacco to

snuff.

Scuinc, -e, -eaca, f., pride, sulkiness, moroseness.

Scuinceamail, -mla, a., proud. stately, sulky, morose.

Scuipceamlact, -a, f.

pride. sulkiness, stateliness, morose-

Stulpac, - Aise, a., cold, dry (of

the weather), (Don.).

Sculpannac, -aije, a., boisterous, windy; tá r., a stormy but dry day (Don.); tá r. 500ite, id.; also reutparõe.

Scumpa, g. id., pl. -aroe, m., a stump, a stock, a post; reumpa amaoáin, a dolt, "a stump of a

fool."

Sτύμμιοe, g. id., pl. -οτe, m., a bold, impudent person (Don.).

Suacán, -áin, pl. id., m., a pot; ruacán chiaoa, an earthen pot.

Suao, g. ruaio, pl. -oa, m., a seer, a poet, a learned man (prop. g. of pao1).

Suadamail, -mla, a., refined,

polished, gentlemanly.

Suao-éizre, f., the bardic tribe. Suao-rtaic, m., a wise, learned prince.

Suao-oitte, p. a., learned in bardic lore.

Suaz, -a1z, pl. id., m., a rope, a cord; cf. rúsán.

Suaicnio, -e, a., well-known, illustrious; remarkable, wonderful.

Suarote, p. a., weary, weak, pale, exhausted; shaken; miry; mixed together; kneaded, tired, exhausted after hard labour, etc.; puaroce mano, deadly pale.

Suaroteact, -a, f., a tempering,

mixing together.

Suaro-tionol, m., a meeting of sages or poets (O'Tuomy).

Suartceac, -ci $\dot{\varsigma}$ e, α ., cheery, mirthful, pleasant (U.). rubailceac.

Suaitt, f., a little.

Suaill-mearaim, v. tr., I make light of, I esteem but little.

Suaill-mearca, indec. a., little esteemed; homely, ordinary.

Suaim. See uaim.

Suaimneac, -niże, a., quiet, peaceful, at rest, calm, tranquil, easy, gentle, peaceable, secure; míoruaimneac, uneasy.

Suaimnear, g. -nir, and -neara, m., rest, happiness, comfort, peace, ease, repose, tranquility,

quietness.

Suaimnearac, -raize, α ., peaceful,

quiet, calm.

Suaimnižim, -iužao., v. tr. and intr., I rest, repose, am at rest, take my ease; put to rest, please, charm.

Suameantac, -aise, a., torpid,

lethargic.

Suain-lior, -leara, -ioranna, m.,

a dormitory.

Suampeán, -eám, m., tittle-tattle, palaver; bhéasa tucc ruainream agur commearc, the lies of gossips and lovers of discord (M. O'Longan).

Suain-rtioct, m., a quiet, peaceful

Suainc, -e, a., pleasant; civil, kind, affable, gracious; meek, gentle, agreeable, complacent, contented.

Suampcear, -cir, m., wit, drollery, mirth, jollity; also ruancar.

Suainc-rean, m., a pleasant man. Suarne-friotal, -art, m., a pleasant saying.

Suaiteanta, p. a., emblazoned, decorated; réao-comanicaroe ro-aiteanta (ruaiteanta), decorated memorials (above a grave) ($Ke\alpha$.).

Suarteantac, -arge, a, painted, parti-coloured, emblazoned, diversified, mixed, variegated;

armorial.

Suarteantar, -air, m., a prodigy;

a show, a portent; an uncommon event; an enormous amount; bí ruaiteantar vaoine ann, there was a great crowd of people there; bein ré rusiteantar oum, he destroyed me, gave me a great scolding, made a show of me; blazonry, a badge, livery, heraldry, coat of arms, scutcheon, a streamer, a standard, a flag, a banner, a sign-post; often pron. ruaiteantair.

Sua

Suaitim, -atao, v. tr., I knead, mix, shake, shuffle violently; I trouble, disturb, upset; shuffle (cards before a deal).

Suaitneam, -nme, f., a river con-

Suaitnio, -e, -ioe, f., a string, a loop.

Suaitnio. See ruaicnio.

Suaitnitim, -iutao, v. tr., I variegate, embellish, blazon.

Suaitniugao, -igte, m., act of painting, colouring, variegating, embellishing.

Suaitteatt, -a, f., a mixing together, a tempering.

Suall, m., wonder.

Suallac, -aiże, a., wondrous, famous, renowned.

Suan, ruain, m., rest, sleep, slumber, deep sleep; 1 ruan, at rest; thom-ruan, heavy sleep, lethargy; níon τροm-ruan σό, he slept only lightly (Cork).

Suanac, -aize, a., sleepy, quiet, drowsy.

Suanaim, -ao, v. intr., I sleep,

Suan-ainm, f., a dormitory; a place for repose or sleep.

Suanán, -áin, m., slumber, a nap. Suan-zalan, m., lethargy.

Suanmaine, g. id., f., sleepiness, drowsiness, lethargy.

Suanman, -aine, a., sleepy, drowsy, peaceful, contented.

Suanmanacc, -a, f., drowsiness, sleepiness, rest.

Suanthatioe, g. id., f., sleep, drowsiness; a sort of music which produced sleep.

Suanthaioeact, -a, f., sleep, drowsiness, repose.

Suanac, -aije, a., trivial, insignificant, light; contemptible, mean, trifling, abject, vile, poorspirited, frivolous, servile; low in health, sick, weak; tá ré 50 γυαμας, he is very ill; ir r. an nuo a joillread ain, very little would upset him or affect him.

Suapacar, -air, m., insignificance; meanness, contempt, servility.

Suaparoeact, -a, f., insignificance, triviality; badness, meanness, littleness.

Suar, ad., up, upwards, above (with movement); cuar, ruar, up, above (without movement); in life, ráz ruar é, leave him alive, do not kill him; táinis ré ruar tiom, he overtook me; buail ré ruar tiom, id. (Mon.), but in M = he struck up an acquaintance with me; nuo oo carceam ruar, to vomit something; ruar an oo taim, hold, restrain your hand, do not strike; ruar te rice punc, up to twenty pounds, nearly twenty pounds; ná bí as out ruar ir anuar teir, do not contend with him, do not put yourself on terms of equality with him; tá na páirtioe as éinse ruar asac, your children are advancing in size and age, are coming to maturity; as bheit ruar ain, gripping him; cóz ruar víom, let go thy hold of me, let me go; τά rė as stanao (nó as rpatpao) ruar, the weather (or the day) is clearing; ip beacain beit ruar lear, it is difficult to match you, to be clever enough for you; as cup ruar ap, preventing; oume oo cun ruar cum a béanca, to incite a person to do it; cup ruar, to promote; also to incite; cabaince ruar, education: cá c. ruar món ain, he is highly educated.

Suar-motaim, -ao, v. tr., I praise, applaud, magnify, extol. (Bar.). Suar-rineao, -nce, m., lying or

stretching supinely. (Bar.).

Suar-rínim, -neao, v. intr., I lie or stretch supinely. (Rar.)

Suatao, -arote, m., the act of kneading, working (e.g., clay), mixing together; a severe shaking; a shuffling of cards before a deal.

Suataim. See puaitim.

Suażar, -air, m., mirthful intoxication, tipsiness; bí r. maiż meirce ain, he was pretty drunk, but in a mirthful state (Don.).

Suathán, -áin, m., intoxication, giddiness, confusion of intel-

lect.

Súb. See rúż.

Suba, g. id., m., pleasure, mirth, gladness.

Subac, -aiże, a., pleasant, cheer-

ful, merry.
Subacar, -air, m., gladness, happiness, mirthfulness, mirth, cheer-

fulness, joy, pleasure.
Subaroeacc, -a, f., mirth, merri-

ment, gladness.

Subattee, g. id., pl. -croe, f., virtue, mighty work, praise, moral excellence; joy, contentment; nonneann Ola na pubatteroe, God distributes good qualities, i.e., gives some to one and some to another; also puattee.

Subailceac, -ciże, a., virtuous; joyful, glad, pleasant, contented,

pleasing, satisfying.

Subailcear, -cir, m., happiness, pleasantness, contentment.

Subat, -ait, m., suds of soap and water (also robat).

Subán, -áin, m., sap, juice; rubán rléibe, ambrosia (O'C.).

Subţail, -e, f., merriment, good humour.

Sublac, -ait, m., suds; as adj., suds-like. See rubat.

Subreamer, -e, f., substance, solidity, strength, endurance; means, goods (A.).

Subrtainnteat, -tiţ, -tiţe, m., a substantial person.

Subreamnreae, -ciże, a., substantial.

Subuiţim, -uţaō, v. tr., I exhilarate, cheer up.

Suc, m., a word used in calling a

young calf; a calf.

Súo (riúo in sp. l., except when following a broad syllable), that, yon, yonder; lo! used after prons., é piúo, that, as opposed to é reo, this; 140 rúo, they; used also after nouns, when the nouns are preceded by a poss. pron. in the 3rd person: a brocat ruo, their word; a ctann rúo, his children; it is somet. used without pron. expressed: TAZAIO PIÚO im' Leabaro cuzam, that (vision) came to me as I lay in bed (M. O'Longan); annrúo, there, yonder; riúo é an rean, behold the man! riúo 140, those are they; riúo ruar é, lo! up he goes; riúo onc, here is to your health; riúo ir 30, 7c., granted that, etc.; used prothetically or anticipating a noun, subject, or object: vá mbeit púv azam-pa Ainseao 'r ón, if I had (that) silver and gold (Poets and Poetry of Munster, p. 211, l. 21), in this usage it imparts an emphasis that cannot be translated into English.

Súbaine, g. id., pl. -proe, m., a

flatterer; a tanner.

Súσamán, -áin, pl. id., m., a soft, sleepy-looking fellow (Clare). Suσόζ, -όιζε, -όζα, f., a cake;

a lazy woman.

Súż, -a, pl. id., m., juice or sap; a grape or berry, esp. a strawberry or raspberry; rúża chann, the berries of trees; rúża chaob, raspberries; rúża lámand rúża talman, strawberries (in Don. rúż ralman); rúż na heomnan, whiskey (Arm., etc.); also rúö.

Súža, g. id. and rúžaro, m., soot; rúža riotáin, falling soot; tán

oe ruza, full of soot; nuroin rúzaro, a filthy or mean person (gs. rúžaró, pron. rúžarz, M.; somet. nom. rút); cáibín rút-A10, a shabby hat (S. W. Cork).

Súzac, -aize, a., juicy, sappy, fertile.

Súzac, -aiże, a., merry, cheerful, glad, joyous, jocose, frolicsome, playful, mirthful; half-drunk; 50 γ., merrily.

Súzac, -15, -15e, m., a bream.

Súzacán, -áin, m., a sucking or imbibing.

Súzacar, -air, m., cheerfulness, mirth, glee, frolic, sport, game; semi-inebriation.

Súzao. See rúzacar.

Súža \dot{o} , g. \dot{g} . \dot{g} : $\dot{g$ ing, imbibing, drawing in, extracting.

Súzaroeact, -a, f., sootiness.

Súzaroeact, -a, f., joyousness, sport, play, pastime.

Súzaim, -aò, v. tr., I suck, I imbibe, swallow up; I attract.

Súzaine, g. id., pl. -proe, m., a swallow, a gulph, a whirlpool, a quagmire; anything that draws or sucks in, a leech (rużaince, id.).

Súzaine, g. id., pl. -proe, m., a droll fellow, merry andrew.

Súzán, -áin, pl. id., m., a hay or straw rope; a straw collar for draught horses.

Súzán, m., small beer or ale (Kea.);

sap, juice, moisture.

Súzán, -áin, pl. id., m., a sucker, a soaker; a young pig.

Súžánac, -aiže, a., fatty.

Súz caonac, m., wild sorrel.

Súż vapac, m., the mistletoe. Súzżait, -e, f., joyousness, sport.

Súzlac, - α_1 , m, juice, sap, the liquid essence of a thing; rużlac burbe na scaolán, the yellow juice of the intestines, what is thrown up in sea-sickness, after the stomach has been emptied.

Súzmaim, -ao, v. tr., I sup (sip),

suck, draw, take in.

Súzmaine, g. id., pl. -nice, m., a horse leech, a blood-sucker; a serpent, a crawler; fig. a slow, dilatory person; anything that draws or sucks in; a swallow or gulph (also rúmaine).

Sú \pm man, -anne, α ., juicy, sappy,

Súż mana, m., a gulf, a whirlpool. Súsmanact, -a, f., juiciness, sap-

piness, succulence.

Súz na mban mín, ladies' berries, a kind of red berries produced by a bramble called the stone bramble.

Súżnac, m., act of sucking.

Súżnacaim, -żnac, v. tr., I suck. Súznact, -a, f., merrymaking;

rusparoeact, id. (Con.).

Súznao, - santa, m., act of playing, sporting; sport, diversion. mirth, play.

Súznuižim, -pao, v. intr., I sport,

1 play.

Súż talman, m., a strawberry. Suzcán, -áin, pl. id., m., substance

(Don.).

Súschamán, -áin, m., applied to worthless liquids, such as overdrawn tea (Don.); rúżcham, id.Suib, -e, -eaca, f., a strawberry

plant.

Suibrcéal, ruibrcéaluide. See

rospcéal, pospcéalusée.

Suroe, g. id. and -oce, m., act of sitting; a sitting, a session, an assize; a seat, a couch; a sitting posture, as opposed to lying down: as tá ré 'n-a ruide, he is up, out of bed; ruioe anian 'ra leabaio, a sitting up in bed; tá an né 'n-a ruioe, the moon is up; out cum ruroce terr, to wrangle or argue with him.

Suroeacao, m., a settle, lid; in Script. the lid of the Ark of the Covenant, the mercy seat; act

of planting, setting.

Suroeacán, -áin, pl. id., m., a seat; an abode; puroeacán plóršte, the headquarters of troops (MacD.).

Suroeam, -oim, m., fixing, settling; position, construction; formed ranks (of an army).

iaires (or air army).

Surveamail, -mla, a., calm, settled, quiet, sedate; of good deportment.

Surveoz, -015e, -05a, f., the

thwart of a boat (Tory).

Suroizim, -iużać, v. tr., I set, plant, arrange, dispose; I prove, certify.

Suroim, -oe, v. tr. and intr., I sit; I fix, settle; sow; prove; seat,

encamp.

Suronree, g. id., pl. -croe, f., seat; matted boss to sit on. See

ruidircín.

Suroipcín, g. id., pl. -ioe, m., a round seat made of matted

straw; puioipteos, id.

Surorużao, -iżce, pl. id., m., act of seating, placing, arranging, planting, setting, setting down, proving; position, situation; supposition, proof.

Surorce, g. id., pl. -croe, m., a long, broken, curling wave

(Don., etc.).

Surore, p. a., well fixed, placed,

settled; staid, neat.

Súiţmín, g. id., pl. -niōe, m., a sip or little sup drawn or sucked in.

Súite, p.a., soaked up, swallowed

up.

Súiżceać, -τiże, a., soaked in, mixed through (of a liquid); τά na phéaταιόε γ. an bainne, the potatoes are soaked through with milk (said of bhúiżcín, or champ) (Don.)

Suit, -e, pl. id., f., the willow-tree; the name of the letter r. See

Tail.

Súit, -e, pl. id., gpl. rút, f., an eye; an teat-rúit, having but one eye; cuinrinn an a rúitib vóib 50, 7c., I would make it clear to them that, etc.; cím tem' rúitib cinn, I see for myself; rúit rnátaive, the eye of a needle; a small eye-like bubble, as appears in broth, etc.;

bain ré tán a bá rúit aram (Don., Mayo), in Muns. bain (tóz) ré lán a oá rúil oíom, he gave me a good staring; ót anbhuit maint an faio a cifin ruit ann, drink beef broth while you can see a globule on its surface; ruit thom, a grudging or bewitching look; téis rí rúit thom an an leant, she cast a bewitching glance on the child, she bewitched him; ruit opoicio, an arch of a bridge: used idiom, to mean one, like ceann, esp. in speaking of fish; ní'l rúil o'éir na hoioce azam, I have not a single fish after the night; ní teigrean rúit ar ro anoct, you will not be allowed to take one (fish) from here to-night (W.M.); cnapruit, a large protruding eye; g. and pl. also somet. rúta.

Súil, -e, f., hope, confidence, expectation (te); tá rúil agam 50 breiceao, 7c., I hope I will see, etc.; cá rúil le (ne) Oia ASAM 50, 7c., I hope, with God's help, that, etc.; 17 reánn ruit le star 'ná ruit le huais, there is more hope for one who is in prison than for one who is buried; man (an, te) ruit 50, hoping that; cáim as out ann te ruit so brazao é, I am going there in the hope that I will get it; man ruit 30 brazainn airigead uair, in the hope that I might get money from you; an ruit zo bruizinn, 7c., hoping I might get, etc. (Mayo); cáim as baint ruit víot, I have given up expecting you (Don.); mo ruite cup viot 30 bhát, to give up any expectation of you; bíoo oo júit ruar, keep up your expectation, you may still expect it from me (S. W. Cork).

Súit-abaio, a., of sprightly eyes, keen-sighted.

Súit-béim, f., an eye-sore; bewitching with the eye.

Suilbin. See roilbin.

Súil-bjieac, -bjice, a., having spotted eyes.

SÚL

Súiteac, -tize, a., ocular, like an eye; sharp sighted; having many eyes; of or belonging to the eye; Tleann TSúilize, Glenswilly.

Súileacán, -áin, pl. id., m., a thing full of eyes, spots, holes, etc.; a

trout.

Súiteoz, -013e, -03a, f., a little eye, orifice; a bubble in the water; a globule (as on broth, etc.).

Suiteos, -015e, -05a, f., the

willow.

Súil-réacaint, f., a glance.

Súilioeact, -a, f., expectation; act of expecting.

Súilim, vl. rúilióeact, v. tr., I

expect.

Súilín, g. id., pl. -niõe, m., a little eye, a little orifice; a globule (as on broth, etc.).

Súilíneac, -niz, m., the essence,

the juice. See rużlac.

Súil-reinbír, f., eye-service, as contrasted with genuine obedi-

Súil-rilteac, -tije, a., having dropping or watery eyes.

Súil- \dot{r} ilceacc, -a, f., a running or

dropping of the eyes.

Sum, -e, f., sum, quantity, amount; a consideration, price, value; care, attention, heed; regard, respect; an abridgment, a summary; the pith; ruim oo cun 1 . . ., to heed, pay attention to; ir mains a cuineann Aon truim 'ran traojat, woe to the man who sets store on the world; tá ré as out cum ruime oam, it is turning out to my advantage, I am improving by means of it; ruim mon A111510, a large sum of money; cuipear i ruim méio a reince oó, she made known the greatness of her love for him (Kea.); cómpulm, total (Con.).

Suime, g. id., f., greatness, vast-

ness, richness, abundance.

Suimeamail, -mla, a., regardful, respectful, considerate, attentive.

Sumeamlact, -a., f. importance, consideration, attentiveness.

Summoin, g. id., -roe, m., a small

stack (corn or hay).

Suimliužao, -ište, m., an indifferent or careless method of doing work; tus pi p. nise an na roitis, she washed the vessels in a sort of a way (Don.).

Summeac, -niz, -nize, m., a gross,

ungainly man.

Summe, g. id., m., a worthy, a gentleman; a ruinze ram, kind sir (A. Mc.C.).

Sumneán, -ám, m., a blast, wind;

also roinneán.

Suipéan, -éin, pl. id., m., supper

Suipin, g. id., pl. -nice, a small wisp of hay, etc., a little torch; dim. of rop. See rop.

Sunte, g. id., f., courting, wooing; courtship, a suit; páirce ruinze,

an illegitimate child.

Suipijeac, -515, -515e, m., a sweetheart, suitor, lover.

Sunizeac, -515e, a., courting, loving, wooing.

Suipisim, -se v. tr., I woo, court, sue.

Suipio, -e, pl. id., m., a fool, a mad-

Suinio, -e, a., hasty, ready, expeditious.

Sumpring, -e, -eaca, f., a surcingle, belt or girdle.

Súirín, g. id., pl. -nioe, m., a little rug or coverlet; a bed; a settlebed.

Súirce, g. id., pl. -ciòe, -ceanna, m., a flail, a threshing instrument (nom. also rúirt).

Súirceacc, -a, f., threshing.

Suirceoz, -015e, -05a, f., a hassock, a little chair or seat of plaited straw (Don.).

Súirteoip, -opa, -oipioe, m., a

thresher with a flail.

Súrram, -úrcao, v. tr., I flail, I beat violently.

Súrpopisim, -iużaó, v. tr. and intr., I thresh with a flail.

Súrtaö, -úirte, m., the act of beating with a flail.

Surcatac, -taije, a., prudish.

Sut, conj., ere, before, before that; rut tainiz (rut [ran] an tainiz, M.), before he came; rut to mattuit Chiort an chann, before Christ cursed the tree; rut is not heard in the sp. l. genly; (in M. ran and rana are used instead); rut ma,

rut ra, rut a, rut ra oci 50, before (of time)

rut a oci 30,

żeoba τύ σίοι ann rut a στί maioin, you will be paid for it before morning (Meath); roma (rot má) (Om.).

Sulcam, -e, a., affable, pleasant,

agreeable, hospitable.

Sulcame, g. id., f., affability, agreeableness, kindness; pulcameact, id.

Súl-naoanc, m., foresight. Súl-nuibe, m., a snare.

Sutt, g. ruitt, m., pleasure, mirth, joy, delight; voluptuousness; fatness; ruain ré ruit ann, he was pleased with it; ruit oo baint ar an raogat, to enjoy life; satisfaction (of a meal); rin thát 7 tá ré gan ruit, that's a meal, and there is no satisfaction in it (Don.).

Sultinaine, g. id., f. mirth, face-

tiousness, jocoseness.

Sultmanneact, -a., f., fatness; joyness, pleasantness; (also rultmanact).

Suttman, -aine a., jolly, pleasant, jocose; succulent, fat

Súmáro, 7c. See rúmóro, 7c.,

Súmaine. See rúżmaine. Sumóz, -óize, -óza, f., a rag, a clout, a patch; a soft, lazy

person.
Súmóro, -e, -eaca, f., a wave, a billow, a ridge; trouble, vexation.

Súmóroeac, -orże, a., billowy, stormy, vexatious.

Sunair, f., the herb lovage; ligusticum levisticum.

Sungca, g. id., m., a push, a thrust, a shove, a butt; nom. also rungc.

Sunzcáit, -áta, f., act of pushing or shoving, act of butting.

Sunzcaim, -cao, v. tr., I push, shove, thrust, beat, smite.

Sunzcap, -aip, m., a push, a shove. Sunn-żaoż, f., a blast; a boast, gasconade (also ponn-żaoż).

Suppains. See puippins.

Súra, g. id., pl. -10e, m., a rug, a coverlet, a blanket; a bed, a settle-bed; cailleac an trúra, the hag of the settle-bed.

Sút, soot. See rúża.

Sużam, -e, a., perpetual, everlasting; prosperous; commażo rużam, an everlasting covenant; beaża rużam, life everlasting.

Sutain, -e, \(\) f., eternity, per-Sutaineact, -a, \(\) petuity; ó túr na rutaineacta, from all eternity.

greedy person (Clare, Sup.).

Sucat, pucatac, 7c. See pocat, pocatac, 7c.

Sucán, -áin, m., sap (Mayo); rucánac, sappy (ibid.). See rubán.

Sútóz, -óize, -óza (rúżóz), f., anything dry or shrivelled up; rútóz rifi zan ruit zan reoit, a man, shrivelled up, without flesh or blood (Aran).

C (teitne, furze, genista spinosa), the name of the sixteenth letter of the Modern Irish Alphabet.

τ-, after the article, is prefixed to masculine nouns beginning with a vowel, when they are in the nom.-acc. case. The article also prefixes τ- to nouns beginning with γ followed by a vowel or by 1, n, η, in the nom. sing. fem. and in the gen. sing. masc.

τ', τ'=το, thy, before a vowel:
cá δρυιί τ'αταιμ? where is your
father?

Tá. See atáim.

Cabac, -aic, m., an eruption; act of foreing, exacting, compelling, pressing.

Tábact, -a, f., substance, validity,

substantiality, value.

τάθαἀταἀ, -aiξe, a., weighty, serviceable, substantial, essential, valid, important.

Τάβαἐτπαρ, -αιριε, α., substantial.
 Ταβαιτ, -βια, α., stiff, independent; naċ ταβαιτ α ταβμαρη τώ, how independently you speak.

Tabain, 2 s. imper. of vo-beinim. See vo-beinim and tabaint.

τάθαιμπε, g. id., pl. -nioe, m., a tavern, an ale-house (in M. pron. τάιμπε); f. in U.

Tábainneoin, -ona, -oinide, m., an

innkeeper.

Cabaint, -anta (vl. of oo-beinim), f., act of giving, granting, bestowing, conferring; act of giving freely; it is strengthened by prep. prn. uaim, uait, 7c., when the recipient is not mentioned; it is used with various prepositions, as an, ar, 00, 0e, rá (raoi, ré), i, le, ó, cum: cat oo tabaint, to wage war, to fight; as cabaine an rárais, growing grass, dead and buried; as cabaine ra noeana, observing; as tabaint rota, yielding blood, bleeding; ruarclao oo tabaint an ouine, to release one; burread oo tabaint an, to overthrow, defeat; μέτ σο ταβαιμτ αμ μυσ, to set about a thing earnestly; ann oo tabant an oume, to give one a name; Oia oo tabaint, to swear by God; aine oo tabaint oo nuo, to mind or guard a thing; congnam oo ταδαιμτ σό, to help him; é tabaint cum na cuince, to bring him before the court; roża oo tabaint rá, to attack; Spád do tabaine do, to love;

puo a żabaipie i zeuimne, to recall a thing to mind; reitting to żabaipie ap teabap, to pay a shilling for a book; aėmupan to żabaipie to o ouine, to revile one; ταβαίριε τυαρ, education; also surrender (mil. term); τυς αιμιπές απα τι παξεαπ τά παξεαπ τέπ το υτάβαιμε, he induced him to put away O'Reilly's daughter and marry his own daughter (F. M., A.D. 1365).

Tabat, -ait, m., a sling; a plank of a boat; a roof, a loft; chann tabait, a sling; the shaft of a sling.

Tabantac, -aite, a., giving, liberal,

generous.

Tabantar, -air, pl. id. and -airtive, m., a gift, an offering, a sacrifice.

Cabantóin, - όπα, - ότηι ό e, m., a

giver, a donor.

Cabμaim, v. tr. and intr. (propencl. form), I give; ταδαιμ σοπ, give me (somet. shortened, in speaking, to τριμ in M.). See the various meanings of po-

beinim and cabainc.

Taca, g. id., m., a peg, pin, or nail; a fastening; a prop, support; security, bail; a person who can be relied on to do a thing; ταca cum τέις το canao, one well able to compose verses (E. R.); cuiμ ταca teiμ an chuaic, prop up the rick (Don.); an obstacle; an impediment in speech: tabaiμτ ζαπ ταca, to speak freely or without an impediment; fore-part of a sail (Aran); to taca te, as to, as for (Don.); to taca teiμ γιπ σe, as to that,

as for that (Don.); tug pé c. oam, he gave me assistance (Don.).

TACA, indec., but somet. dat. TACA10 (Ker.)., m., a period of time, a point of time; an caca ro 1 mbánac (also um ocaca ro 1 mbánac), this time to-morrow; Timéeall an taca ro anunaio, about this time last year; rá'n TACA reo o'oroce, at this time of the night (Don. song); ir an vít ná an veamar a breaca vi To taca out na horoce, and I saw nothing whatever of her until the dark time of night (Berehaven song); bliadain an TACA ro, this time twelve W. Ker. months (past), in bliadain i ocacaio reo, lit. a year (past) at this time; in Kerry it sometimes assumes the form caice (caici), in bliaoain an taice reo; um an otaca rain, at or by that time, e.g., beio ré ann um an otaca rain, he will be there by that time or by then.

Cacao, -cta, m., act of going bail or surety for another (O'Br).

See TACA.

Cacatoeact, -a, f., a surety; bailing, propping, upholding; 1 oc., as a security.

Tacann, a., artificial. See tacan. Tacamait, -mta, a., firm, solid, staunch; also timely, season-

able, opportune.

Cacamtacτ, -a, f., firmness, solidity; also timeliness, opportuneness; an utmost effort or endeavour.

Cacaμ, -aιμ, m., fight, contest, en-

gagement.

Tacaη, -aiη, pl. id., m., a collection; a provision; gleaning; a heap; a contrivance, an art, pretence; τίζε αρπα ταcaiη, a middleman, an under landlord (Sup.).

thing twisted; a rope, a cable, a pulley; a curl or plait of hair; pl. táclaide (tuinge), a ship's

rigging; trappings for horses (pl.); gear; cf. tackle.

Cáctac, -aige, a., curled, twisted; having ringleted hair (an epithet of a woman, but more generally of hair).

Tactużao, -uiżce, m., a craving

desire, longing for.

Tačluižim, -užač, v. tr., I desire, long for, crave, demand (začlaim, id.).

Tacóro, -e, -eaca, f., a tack, a nail,

a peg.

Cacnac, -aiζe, α., plentiful; artificial.

 Cάċμán, -áin, pl. id., m., an orphan, infant; sprite, ghost; a feeble child, a weakling (a usual word in Don.).

Tactao, g. -tuiţte and -tta, m., act of strangling, stifling, chok-

ing.

Tactaim, -ao, v. tr., I choke, strangle; p. p., tacta and tactuite; 50 otactuitean, tú, may you be strangled (as from tactuitim).

Tactán, -áin, m., hoarseness; the

quinsy (also τοċτán).

Tactużao, -uiżte, m., quinsy.

Caoa, a jot; with neg., nothing. See papa.

Taoatt, -aitt, pl. id., m., a flesh hook. See aoatt.

ταόαιι, -aill, pl. id., m., act of touching; sense of touch, hurt, smart, pain; an beata ταόαιιι, the life on earth, sensitive life (Kea.); i mbeaμμαό an ταόαιιι, close behind in pursuit, almost touching.

αότ, τάβαότας.

Taöbac táirc, a noisy melee or wordy scuffle. See tamac táirc.

Caobar, -air, airioe, m., a phantom, ghost.

Taobarac, -aiże, a., ghastly, horrible.

Taölaċ, -aiţe, a., a touching, feeling, handling, pawing; pleasant or painful to the touch or feeling.

taotac, -aiz, m., a pain or swelling in the wrist from hard labour.

Cartacar, -air, m., the sensation of feeling or touching, pleasant or painful.

Caötaim, -aö, v intr., I visit or call at a place.

TAe. See Té.

Capann (ταδταπη, ταταπη), m., act of pressing, urging, barking at; act of banishing, driving, routing; ας ταραπη (ταταπτ) αρι όυιπε bια ό πό σεο ċ το ξίας αό, urging one to take food or drink; τη υαιτατά απ ταραπη (ταταπτ), how you require to be pressed; in Gal., τό βαιπτ; ας καιτε απα αρι is used in the same sense in Don.

Carnaim, vl. carann, v. tr. and intr., I press, I urge; I bark, yelp at; I urge to take food, etc.; I solicit eagerly (with an); I banish, expel, rout, chase.

thwart or cross-beam of a boat; the seat of a boat (Tory). See

TOCT.

ταζα, g. id., pl. -ioe, m., a teasel.
ταζαιm, I come; (ταζαιm, ταζαιn
ré, etc., are often used, esp. in

M.). See 7151m.

Cazaint, -anta, a pleading, debating, speaking, telling, referring or alluding to (το); az τ. το ο'n refat ataım, I am only alluding to the matter.

Caζaμτάς, -aıζe, a., giving uncivil answers, argumentative, contentious; fond of making allusions.

Casantóin, -όηα, -όιηιόe, m., a pleader, a debater, an arguer.

τας μαό, -ς αμέα, m., act of pleading (with, te), disputation, argument, alluding to (το).

Caspaim, -saint, -naö, v. tr. and intr., I plead, reason, argue, dispute, debate, pursue, refer to, describe, sue, prosecute; as ταςαιμτ το 'n reat, just referring to the matter, drawing a similitude from the narrative; ταςαη όαm sun, I think that;

also I challenge, bring to an account.

Taibeint, -eanta, f., disparage-

ment, disgrace.

τάιδιε, g. id., pl. -tròe and -eaca
f., a reckoning, score, amount of
bill; table (in counting); acc
carreaò γί an τ. rázait zan
pléròe nam (D. R.).

Cáibléao, -éio, m., a tablet.

Cáibteir, -e, f., backgammon table, game of backgammon; τάιbteir beaz, game of draughts. Cáibteonact, -a, f., a playing, a

gaming.

Caröbμεaö, -μιό, m., a vision, a dream; act of dreaming, of seeing visions; the Apocalypse; also caröbμεam; μιππε γέ τ., he dreamt.

Caιὑδριζιm, -μεαό or -μεαή, also -μιυζαό, v. tr. and intr., I see in a dream; I dream, used in pass.: it appears to me in a dream; ταιὑδριζεαό τος, τα., it was shown to me in a vision, I dreamt.

Caròbre, g. id., pl. -reaca, -rròe, and -reanna, f., a phantom, a spectre, a ghost; a show; a large amount; a good appearance.

Tarobreac, -rize, a., bulky, showy, vain; considerable; ip ταιοδρεας ατά ρε αξατ (iron.), how much you have of it, what a show you can make with it; ip móρταιοδρεας ιαο ασαρια na mbó ταρ teap, the horns of cows beyond the sea are large and showy.

Tarobreamail, -mla, a., ghostly,

spectral.

Carobrizim, -iużao, v. intr. and

tr., I appear or show.

Caiōʒín, g. id., pl. -niōe, m., a small vessel, a small sub-division, a small vesselful; bainne σο ταδαιμε uaim i σταιὸζίπιὸιβ, to give milk in small quantities, small vesselfuls at a time (Ker.); τυιζεαπη Caōζ Caiōζín, one rogue understands another (prov.).

Cároim. See cáicim.

Caroteac, -115e, a., bright, resplendent; also strong, stout, stiff.

Catoteact, -a, f., brightness, splendour; also strength, stoutness, stiffness.

Caroleoin, -ona, -oinioe, m., a messenger, an ambassador; a spy or scout.

Carolim, -leao, v. tr., I feel, touch,

handle.

Caipniţim, -niuţao, v. tr. and intr., I belch, I banish, etc. See capann.

Táizeamait, -mta, a., resourceful;

реан с. (М.).

Taile, -e, a., strong, stout, stiff; na mbéimeann taile, of strong blows, an epithet of a person (O'D.).

power; tailceact and talc-

ACT, id.

 $Cail\dot{z}eann, -\dot{z}inn, m., adze-head(?),$

used of St. Patrick.

Cáitte, g. id., pl. -tioe, f., fee, wages; a fee paid with an apprentice. See τάibte, of which the present form is prob. a bad spelling.

Cáilleoz, -013e, -03a, f., a loft

(L.).

τάιτιιμη, - ύμα, - ύμμι το e, m., a tailor (in U. τάιτιιμη, g. - ύμη).

Cáilliuineact, -a, f., tailoring.

Caitm, -e, -eaca, f., a sling, a hurling staff; an attempt at striking; a blow; tug ré c. ré, he made an attempt at (Berehaven).

Tailp, -e, -eaca, f., a bunch, a

bundle.

Cátm, -e, -eaca, f., plague, pestilence; death, mortality. See cám.

Táim, dead, still, quiet. See

cám.

cám. See atám. For a full treatment of the idiomatic uses of atám and of 17, the student is referred to grammars and special treatises.

Taimice, g. id., pl. -ciòe, f., a shred, a particle; zan taimice amáin vá zcéill, without a single atom of their senses.

Cáimteact, -a, m., a gravestone;

a cairn over a grave.

Támtearc, -eirce, a., lazy, sloth-

ful, torpid.

Cáim-néall, m., (death-cloud), fainting fit, swoon, death trance, slumber, faint, trance; ecstacy; slumber betokening death.

Táim-néallac, -aiże, a., slumber-

ous, trance-like.

Cáim-néallaim, -ao, v. intr., I slumber, am in a trance or

ecstasy, I faint away.

τάιη, -άπα, -τε, f., cattle, flock, herd; cattle-spoil, spoil, raid; the story of a cattle spoil or raid; a company (of heroes), a tribe (in contempt); ταηδ τάπα, a bull common to a herd, a ring-leader; a large number: τάιπτε cáμτ, a large number of quarts; πα τάιπτε, like shoals, troops, crowds; and in Eng., is used in mentioning vaguely large numbers, often followed by g. pl.

Cáin-iarcac, -aite, a., having

shoals of fish.

Cáinpeam, -pim, m., reflection, censure, reproach: a satirical abuse; ná haipijeann τά an τάιπρεαm? do you not hear the reproachful speech?

Cámceac, -cize, α ., abounding

in herds.

Caipéir, -e, -eaca, f., a carpet.

τάιρτις, f., tables; draughts,
 backgammon; ctáμ τάιρτις,
 draught-board, backgammontable; also τάιδτεις.

Cáin, for τán, a., mean, base, vile; somet. used as intensive prefix.

See Tán.

τάιμ, -e, f., contempt, disgrace, evil, wickedness. See τάιμε.

Cantibe, g. id., pl. -broe, m. and f., profit, benefit, advantage, fruit, gain; interest, commission; c. oo bant ap to profit

by it; out 1 oc. oo, to become profitable to.

Caipteac, -tiże, a., profitable, advantageous.

Cáin-bealac, m., a defile, a pass, a gorge, a ferry.

Cáin-béim, f., a degradation, an insult.

Cáiji-béimim, -meao, v. tr., I insult, degrade.

Cáin-béimeac, -miţe, a., insulting, degrading.

Caiμβṛéiτ, -e, pl. id. and -τeaca, f., the thigh.

ζάιτι-διαό, m., common, plain food.
 ζαιτιδιάτη, -διυζαό, v. tr. and intr., I profit, gain, benefit.

Táin-bheac, -bhice, a., speckled in the belly; speckled all over.

Cáin-céim, m., a degradation, a disgrace.

Cáin-céimnitim, -iutao, v. tr., I degrade; I slight, pass over.

Cáιμ-òeoċ, f., common, plain drink.
 Cáιμοίοt, -oít, m., journey, travel;
 a circuit; the act of visiting.

Táipe, g. id., f., meanness, baseness, vileness, degradation.

Táine (comp. of táin), in phr. like ni táine oam-ra é; cf. tá tinnear cinn ain, act ní táine oam-ra é, he has a headache, but I have one no less (I am not behindhand in the matter). See ror and taire for similar idioms.

Cáipeaċ, -μιζe, a., base, vile. Cáipeaċτ, -a, f., baseness, vileness.

Cáineamail, -mta, a., vile, contemptuous.

Caméim, -e, f., dispraise, disrepute. Campseat, -51t, m., an offering, an oblation (O'Br.).

Caiηιςim, -ςγιης, v. tr., I offer, proffer, bid; seek, try, endeavour; το ταιμςεαρ ρύης το αίη, I offered him a pound for it.

Taimspin(τ), -piona, pl. id., f., the act of offering; an offer, a proposal; proposition, motion.

Cainizée, p. a., offered, proposed. Cainir, prep. prn., 3 s. m., beyond him, it; over, across, past, round him, it; emph. -rean; as ad., past, by; (going, flying) past, over; as conj. moreover, besides, in addition to; nevertheless, notwithstanding; taipir rin, beyond that, nevertheless, in spite of that, notwithstanding that; genly. pron. taipir.

Caipir, -e, a., trusty. Caipirce, g. id., m., a file.

Cainipcim, -eao, v. tr., I shave off, file.

Taipire. See taipireact.

Caiμιτελέτ, -a, f., assurance, security, protection; loyalty, fidelity; ταιμιτε, id.: αξ τάξαι τοίττε αξυτ ταιμιτε, receiving promise of fealty and friendship.

Caipipim, -pin, I love, ally my-self to.

Caițiițin, -e, f., a tie, a bond; ออัลทลาอ ซิลท อบลาทุกาท, form your alliance.

Caipm, -e, -eaca, f., a track, a footstep; pursuit.

Caipm, -e, m., uproar, disorder, frolic.

Táin-mian, -méine, pl. -miana or -mianca, f., low desire.

Táinneac. See tóinneac. Tainnze, g. id., pl. -nzióe, f., a

nail, a spike.

Cainngeoin, -ona, -oinioe, m., one that draws or pulls; a corkscrew.

Taipingim, -50, and tappac (M.), v. tr. and intr., I draw, drag, pull, draw near; cause; bring on, an); ná cainns (cains) one é, do not set his face against you, do not turn his ire on you; oo tainnzeavan cúca é, they began to talk about him, to discuss him or it; níon ceant ουιτ έ ταμμας (ταιμιηςτ) απυαρ, you should not have introduced it into the conversation; oo tainnzear onm mo rtocaite, I put on my stockings; γίοτα άιπ oo tannaing earnaib, to make peace between you (Toji. O. 7.5. concl.). See Tappainsim.

Caiμηζιμε, g. id., f., a promise, a prophecy; fate, foretelling; ι οταιμηζιμε, promised; Ciμ Caiμηζιμε, Land of Promise.

Cainnzte, p. a., drawn, pulled; graceful, slender, well-shaped.

Caiμπις, ταμπαις (ταιμπις), he, she, it was finished, ended, etc..; it came to pass; an ταπ ταιμπις σόιδ ιη σιπηρεαπόαρ μιη σο σέαπατη, when they had composed that Dinnsenchas (Caiτμέιπ Conται Cláιμπς-πις).

Caipp, -e, -eaca, f., a lump, a

clod.

Caippeac, -piζe, α., cloddy, lumpy, bulky.

strong,

Tainpteat, -tite, α .,

proud, overbearing.

Campteannes, indec. a., strong,

powerful, lusty.

Caippe, prep. pr., 3 s., f., beyond her, it; over, across, past, round her, it. See ταμ, prep.

Táinreac, -rije, -reaca, f., a

threshold.

Caippi, caippee. See caippe.

Caint-reoit, f., lean, fatless meat.

Caiμτ-reotac, -aize, α., lean, of dry flesh.

τωις, -e, α., damp, "soft"; mild, tender, gentle; compassionate; weak, soft, cowardly.

Tair, -e, f., the outward appearance of an object (Don.). See Taire.

Cairbeánao, -nca, pl id., m., the act of showing, revelation; appearance, a show, an exhibition, a presentiment; demonstrative evidence; Epiphany.

Cairbeánaim, -áinτ, -ánατ, v. tr., I show, exhibit; I prove, demonstrate; ταιγbeánann μινο έιζιη ταπ ζο, ης., I have some pre-

sentiment that, etc.

Tairc-ainm, f., a storehouse.

Carree, g. id., dat. often -ció, f., a treasure a store; a stake, a pledge; a term of endearment; a keeping; i otairce, and 1 οτλιγειό, stored; τριμαίτι ταιγες, a safe-keeping scabbard. Ταιγεραάλη, -άιη, pl. id., m., a

store-keeper.

Cairceaván, -áin, pl. id., m., a depository.

Tairceattac, -aiţe, a., espying, reviewing, watching.

Cairceatlaim, -ao, v. tr., I view, observe, reconnoitre.

Caipcisim. See Caipcim.

Carreim, -ceao, v. tr., I guard, defend, protect; keep, save, hoard up.

Tairc-incinn, f., equivocation, mental reservation.

Carpe-tonao, m., a storehouse, a reservoir.

Taircte, p. a., treasured, hoarded up, protected, secured; also caircte: 50 taircte, comfortably, snugly.

ταιγοτεοιμ, m., a hoarder.

Taire, g. id., pl. -rive and -reada, f., moistness, dampness; mildness, gentleness; weakness, a swoon, a fit, a paroxysm; faintheartedness; exception; ní carre öó é=he gets no rest in this matter, he is no exception in this case; ní carre vo'n mé, ní téroeann raoi neott (P. F.); ní carre vo'n žliozaine rileav oo maororeao, 7c., the prattling bard who would vaunt, etc., will no less (be the object of my wrath), he will be no exception (E. R.); 'r ni carre teir na mnáib, and the women are no exception (Don. song), explained by reciter as = 50 hab riao com mait teir na rin, the rhymer (Domnatt o Sattcobain) having already mentioned some men by name in drinking their health. See rop and taine for similar idioms.

Taire, g. id., pl. -eaca and -rioe, f., a relic, remains, a ghost or shadow; a point, a track, a mark, a sign. See taiobre.

Carpeac, -rize, f., wetness, damp-

ness, rain.

Tair-éadac, -ais, -aise, m., a winding sheet, a shroud; also

Air-éadac.

Carreamail, -inta, a., soft, moist. Cair-fliucaim, -ao, v. tr., I moisten or sprinkle with water.

Carrisim, -iusao, v. tr., I wet, moisten, damp, soften.

Carrleac, -tize, f., moisture.

Cairleacan, -ain, m., moisture.

Tair-téine. See air-téine. Tairtizim, -iuzao, v. tr., I

moisten, I wet.

Cairme, g. id., pl. -mioe, m., an accident; tainic tairme ain, an accident happened to him (Don.); also v'éinit cairme vó; a calamity; also cuirme.

Tair-néall, m., a fainting, swooning. See air-néall.

Tairmužao, -ižte, m., beginning to sweat, becoming moist from sweat.

Carre, g. id., pl. -troe, f., a tack, a clasp, a grasp; a tassel.

Tairce, g. id., -tibe, f., description, knowledge, information.

Carreat, -cit, pl. id., a journey, a march, a voyage; act of journeying, marching, voyaging; ir ann a bíonn mo t., it is the place I frequent.

Carreal, -cit, pl. id., m., a hackle for combing flax; rean na ocarreat, the flax-hackler.

Tairtealac, -ai \dot{z} , pl. id., m., a wayfarer, a wanderer, a voyager.

Tairtealac, -aige, a., itinerant,

wandering, voyaging.

Caircealaim, -ceal, v.tr. and intr., I travel, I traverse, I journey; I frequent (a place); I spring; I am descended from (with, te).

Tairteos, -oise, -osa, f., a tack, a clasp; a button.

Táit-, prefix, close, closely.

Táit-ceangailte, p. a., closely

Táit-ceansat, m., a close, staunch union.

Tait-ceannac, m., exchange, traffic. Taire, g. id., m., a moment, aninstant.

Taire, a., excellent; in phr. tá an cé rin c., that tea is excellent $(= \tau o_1 \dot{\tau} \tau e) (Don.).$

Cáiteac, -tiz, -tize, m., a for-

nicator.

Carteam, -tim, m., sleep, rest; the sleep of death (also tatam); dim. Taitimin.

Carceamail, -mla, a., momentary.

Taitearc. See aitearc.

Táireoin, -ona, -oinioe, m., one engaged in picking potatoes after a digger (N. Con.); tae's-(Don.), corrupt for Ceoin coisceoin, one who selects.

Cait-réitleann, -linn, m., heavy honey-suckle or woodbine; cóm pijin leir an ocait-réitleann. as tough as the woodbine.

auαιτιauις ενάταις ενάς, -ciauε, α., substantial (M.). See tatac.

 $\nabla \Delta_1 \dot{c}_1 \dot{c}_2 e$, g. id., f., act of frequenting, haunting; acquaintance, practice, habit, experience (an, 45 véanam caicize, making familiar; also tataite.

Taitižeać, - Žiže, a., familiar, conversant with.

Taitizeact, -a, f., familiarity, use, frequentation, practice.

Táitim, -teato, v. tr. and intr., I join (with, te), I bind firmly,

I unite, solder, glue.

Cáitín, g. id., pl., -niòe, <math>m., a little tuft, a small sheaf or roll; cáitín tín, a little sheaf of flax, the quantity combed at the time.

Táit-leabaiji, -e, a., long and close-set (of the hair).

Taitleat, -lit, m., an excuse, exculpation, apology. See Taitleacar.

Taitleat, -lis, m. peace, quietness; as α , quiet, peaceable.

Taitleacar, -air, m., acknowledgment of a fault, apology for wrong; meekness, mildness,

Taitleact, -a., f., peace, quiet-

Cait-leitear, m., surgery. Tait-liait, m. a surgeon.

Caitlitim, -145ao, v. tr., I ap-

pease, mitigate.

Carcneam, -nim, m., act of shining on (an), act of pleasing, giving satisfaction to (te); splendour, brightness; affection, love, pleasure, satisfaction; ζηάο ζυγ taitneam, love and affection; mo taitneam tú, a term of endearment; caicneam ζμέιηe, sunshine; τυς carcneam on, he fell in love with her (M.); in M. pron. caitneam.

Taitneamac, -aite, a., bright, resplendent, pleasing, agreeable, satisfying, interesting, pleasant.

Tairneamact, -a, f., pleasantness, brightness, agreeableness, amia-

bility.

Corcneamant, -mta, a., bright, shining; pleasant, agreeable, delightful; acceptable, amiable.

Caicneamar, -air, m., pleasant-

ness, amiability.

Caicnim, -neam (Caicnisim), v. intr., I shine; I please (with, te), I give satisfaction to; ní taitneann ré tiom, I do not like it, I do not like how it has been done (a book, etc.), it does not please me, but ní pérocizeann ré tiom (the food) does not go well with me.

Táite, p. a., joined, cemented, united, glued, soldered, firmly bound, closely connected; interwoven, intermixed; beit t. te marcalais, to be joined in wed-

lock to a woman.

 $\mathsf{Cát}$, - $\mathsf{áit}$, $pl.\ id.$, m., a cooper's adze or axe; tát beir and tát cté, adzes used by coopers and carpenters for the right and left sides resp.; tát cúit, a back or one-edged adze; tál ruinn, a hoe.

Tát, -áit, m., act of yielding (milk, juice, sap, etc.); act of pouring forth; flowing, issuing, springing; the yield of milk, by an animal; as tát so ruiveac ó m' ballaib, yielding breastmilk freely (E. R.); as tát na noeon, pouring forth tears; as tát an, yielding milk suckling; tát na btéite, spirits distilled from corn.

Caláro, -e, -róe, f., a beam

(Om.).

Tálaim, vl., tál, v. tr. and intr., I pour forth, shed, yield freely, as a cow yields milk (an, to); I flow or spring forth; oo táladan a zcíoca bainne, they yielded freely their breast-milk. Talaım-cpit, m., an earthquake.

Talam, -aim, -ailim and -liman, pl. -timaince, cartee and catea, m. and f. (in Ker. reinim tailim, a farm of land, but cijeanna catman, a landlord; the m and f form are used in south somewhat indiscriminately); earth, soil, ground, land, country; the earth; an onum na calman nó an onum cailim, on the face of the earth; cá a bá ceann cum calaim, he is bent to the ground (of a person); talam rlán vo véanam oe nuo, to accept a statement as a fact; ó talam, fundamentally, entirely, completely, 6 bonn, id.).

Talam bán, grass-land; calam oeans, ploughed or tilled land.

Talam cuip, m. and f., land producing crops; c. cupica and c. burre, id.

Calam-cumrcujao, -uijte, m., an earthquake (Kea., T. S.).

 ∇ atamós, -ó1se, -ósa, f., a nest or burrow in the earth, especially a nest of honey-bees.

Talam oipeactair, conacre (B_{\bullet}) . Talam rcóin, m. and f., "score"

ground, conacre.

Talca, g. id., m., force, vigour, courage; taitce, id.; also tatc. Talcair, -e, f., contempt, dis-

approval.

Talcanta, indec. a., strong, stiff,

 ∇ alcan ∇ aċ ∇ , -a, f., strength, force, stoutness.

Calcan, -ain, m., strength, force, stiffness.

Calcara, talcaract. See Talcanta, talcantact.

Talcman, -aine, a., stout, sturdy; talcain, id.

Talcuiste, p. a., compressed, hardened; reoil talcuiste, compressed meat; cf. catcaim,

Talzaim, -ao, v. tr., I quiet or

appease.

Tall, adv., on the other side (opp. to 1 brur), beyond, over yonder, yonder, over there; hereafter, in the next world; an rean tall, the stranger, anyone outside the family; as out rá táim an řin tatt, to go out to service; an caob tall, the other side; 'ra' oeineao tian tatt, at long last; talt 'r i brur, here and there; tall 1 Sarana, in England which lies over on the other side, "over" in England; similarly, that 1 5Cill Ainne, in Killarney to the west; toin 1 5 Concais, in Cork in the east; there is no corresponding phrase in English; ó Carreat 50 cuinn Clioona ir Cuamain tall, from Cashel to the waves of Cliodhna and across to Thomond (O'Ra.); tall azaib-re, over at your place; tall seems to be used chiefly when some geographical barrier as the sea or mountains or even a river separates the place alluded to from the speaker, but is often used when the distance is only a few yards; an an ocaob tall o'abainn, on the other side of the river.

Tallaim, -ao, v. tr., I steal, rob, deprive, bereave; I cut, lop,

spoil.

Callann, -ainne, -anna, f., a fit, turn, or spell of anything; often a fit of work: pinn ré c. oibpe; tiz ré 'na tallannait ain, it (the work) comes in fits on him, he works fitfully; a "turn" in one's disposition or character: tá t. mait ann 'na béib rin, "there's a good turn in him after all"; bi c. jninn aize, he had a spell of fun; c. záinioe, a fit of laughing; bí c. món acú, they had great fun or mirth; tainic ré as veineavo na cattainne, he came when the merriment was just over (Don.).

Talltóin, -óna, -óinibe, m., a

thief, a robber.

Calmaroe, a., earthy; stout; rean c., a thick-set man, a stout wrestler, one who keeps his feet firmly on the ground; cuin ré cuise so c., he attacked him stoutly; pus ré so t. aip, he grappled with him boldly.

Calmaroeacc, -a, f., the tilling of land; also earthliness; steadi-

ness, stoutness.

Calmanca, a., earthly, terrestrial,

Calmuroe, g.~id.,~pl.~- $\dot{o}\dot{\tau}e,~m.,~a$ husbandman, a landowner.

Calóz, - \acute{o} 1ze, - \acute{o} 5a, f., a roach. Cátóro, -e, -eaca, f., a loft, a scaffold, a gallery.

Talpa, g. id., pl. -aroe, m., a mole. (See O'B., under talpa.)

 $\mathsf{C}\check{\mathsf{a}}\check{\mathsf{m}}, g.$, $\mathsf{C}\check{\mathsf{a}}\check{\mathsf{l}}\check{\mathsf{m}}\mathsf{e}, pl.$, $-\check{\mathsf{a}}\check{\mathsf{l}}\check{\mathsf{m}}\mathsf{e}\check{\mathsf{a}}\check{\mathsf{c}}\check{\mathsf{a}}, f.$ a plague; rest, death, repose; a weakness, a trance; tá ré 'na táim, he is at rest (Con.).

Cám, cáime, a., still, quiet, dead; in a trance or swoon, often in

compds., as tám-laz.

Támac, -aiże, a., plaguy, pestilential, mortal, dull, sluggish, drowsy, silent, still, motionless; thom támac, the nightmare.

Tamac táirc (also tamac tárc: and come cárro, Teelin), the sound of voices raised in fun or revelry, when people are gathered together; bí c. c. món αcú, ηc. (Don.).

Cámaoán, -áin, pl. id., m., a stupid, inert, dull, sluggish fellow.

Cámaize, g. id., f., dullness, inertness, sluggishness; also pestilence, plague.

támáitt, -e, f., sloth; disgrace, reproach, shame; thoughtless-

ness, indifference.

Cámáilte, τιὸe, α., slothful, weak; shy, curious; undesirable; unworthy, thoughtless; ba τάmáilte an beant agat é, it was an unworthy action on your part; tough, sticky (of dough, etc.).

Támáitteact, -a, f., slothfulness, sluggishness; faintness, weak-

ness.

Cámaim, -aō, v. intr., I remain mute; am slow, dull, sluggish; also I die, perish.

Cámaine, g. id., pl. -pròe, m., a sluggard, a slothful person.

Tamatt, -aitt, m., a space of time, a while, a time; a distance; i 5cionn tamaitt, after a short time; paoi cionn tamaitt, id. (pron. paoi'nn tamaitt, U.); an peao tamaitt, for a time; tamatt uait, a distance from you, some time from you; tamatt o poin, some time ago; te tamatt, for some time past; dim. -aittin, -aittin, -attaitin (W. Ker.).

Taman, -ain, -nta, m., a block, stump, stock; the trunk or body of anything; a dolt, a block-

head.

Cáman, -ain, m., the spleen in animals; the milt in fish.

Támán, -áin, pl. id., m., a nap, a snooze; bí t. cootata ain, he was having a nap (Cruach Ghorm, Don.).

Cámánac, -aiż, -aiże, m., a block-

head, a dolt.

Taman muice, m., sweet hogshead (O'C.).

Támánta, a., sluggish, slow, stupid.

Cámántact, -a, f., stupidity, slow-

ness; támántar, id.

τάπαη, -Δηη, m., death, destruction; explained "γηη Δ' ċΔητι" (death, loss, hardship); τάπης τάπαη Δηη, .ι. "ζημη παριβαό έ," he was killed; Δη Δης Δ

ocámic an cámaμ ομς, where death snatched you away (Eoin og Mac Niallghuis, Don. poet). There is another word used in Glenties district, ámaμ, e.g., nuaiμ a ruaiμ ré amaμ aiμ, buait ré buitte aiμ; ámaμ = raitt, opportunity (also ámáμ, ámóiμ, probably from Eng. aim).

Támarc, -airc, pl. id., m., a fool;

a dwarf.

Cambac, $g.\ id.$, m., tobacco (Der.). Cám-cootao, m., a deep sleep, a trance.

Támţaıt, -e, f., idleness, laziness, slothfulness.

Cám-laz, -laize, a., weak, faint, feeble.

Camnac, -ais, -aise, m., a cultivated or arable spot in a waste; a green field; common in placenames in the North and West; cf. Tamney in Co. Donegal.

Camnaim, -nao, v. tr., I behead,

lop off.

Campae, g. id., m., tansy.

Cám-ruan, -ain, m., a trance, a deep sleep.

Cám-τuιμγe, f., excessive weariness, great exhaustion.

Vam-tuippeat, -ρiξe, α., very weary, very exhausted.

Camuża, -uiżte, m., act of causing; ní cóiμ συιτ a teitéro σε δυαιόμεαο τ. σό, you shouldn't cause him such trouble (Don.) (orthog. uncertain).

Tamuiţim, -uţao, v. tr., I cause, bring about; lay out; ip tú an ainniți a tamuiţ vam an cháo, you are the maiden that has caused me the anguish (song, Don.); ip tứ tamuiţ an piubat vam, it is you who have caused me the journey (or trouble); ip tứ tamacao an piubat vuit péin, you yourself would be the cause of your trouble (Don.) (orthog. uncertain).

Tan, m., time, occasion; an tan, when; an tan rin, at that time, then; an tan ro, at present,

now.

ταπα, α., thin, spare, slender, slight; diluted, inferior; shallow.
 τάπας, τάπας, I came. See

C151m.

 ∇ ana- $\dot{\nabla}$ ob, m., a fine, slender, well-shaped mouth.

Canaroe, indec. a., thin, slender, spare, lean; diluted; shallow.

Canaroeact, -a, f., thinness, leanness, rarefaction; shallowness.

Tánaire. See tanairte.

Tánairte, a., second, middle; an aoir tánairte, the second age of the world, the second stage of human life, and reckoned from seven to sixteen years; an méan tánairte, the middle finger

(O'R.); near, next.

Cánairte, g. id., pl. -tibe, m., a tanist, a lieutenant, second in command; heir presumptive to prince, lord, or dynast; nearness, proximity to, state of being next to; an bruit oo muc-ra cóm món le muic Domnaill? ní'l, act tá rí 1 otánairte oi, is your pig as large as Domhnall's? no, but very near it; an cuipir an cloc i manc Comáir? man an cuinear, to cuinear i oc. oó í, did you cast the stone as far as Thomas's mark? if I did not, it was very near it; 1 ocánairce an anama, for the bare life (W M.).

ruling like a prince or tanist.

Tánairteact, -a, f., tanistry; or the law of succession formerly observed in Ireland, according to which the oldest and most experienced of the family was entitled to the sovereignty or princedom after the king's or prince's death; during the prince's lifetime the tánairte was commander of the forces; territory, dominion.

Canalac, -ais, m., shallow water

(Tory).

Canar, -air, m., lordship, dominion. Canraine, -anea, f., making merry (Der.).

Cannálao, -laa, m., the frequent bellowing of a cow through pain; 1 oc. an báir, in the throes of death (O'B).

ing thin, of making thin, of

diluting; rarifying.

Tanuizim, -użao, v. tr. and intr., I make thin, I become lean,

attenuate, rarify, dilute.

Caob, $g_{\cdot,\cdot}$ -aoib and -aoibe, $pl_{\cdot,\cdot}$ -a, m. and f., a side, a flank; direction, quarter, region; support, favour, trust, confidence; oo taoib, in reference to, on the score of; zaob amuis, outside; oe'n caob amuis, at most, at the utmost; rice púnc oén zaob amuis, twenty pounds at the most; caob ircis, inside; caob irciz oe céao púnc, under a hundred pounds; 1 ocaoib or 1 ocaob, in reference to; o'á taob or o'á taoib, about, concerning him, it; taob tian ve, behind; te n-a taob, beside it or him, with, along with, it or him; cao 'n-a taob? why? for what cause? 1 ocontaoib te puo, relying or trusting solely to a thing; oo tos ré mo capall uaim ir mé i ocopicaoib teir, he took my horse from me, though I was entirely depending on it, though I had nothing else (the compound contaob in this idiomatic use is very common in $M_{\cdot,\cdot}$ see contaoib), some think as TABAINT TAOIB the correct ex. pression; somet. without tab-AINT, TAOB OF TAOIB Le (Ne), relying solely on; caob le carop beas, depending solely on a little cap (C. M.); add. bí ré ap buile from 'ocaob out a-baile. he was quite angry because I went home; annroin taob teat, there beside you; rá υτλού το, concerning (Don.); rá otaoib oe, concerning it; ir veimin ná taban-ra taob ne mnaoi cap c'éir, certainly I

will trust no woman after thee (McD.); rás taob tiom é, leave him alone with me, or in my care; i otaoib te, relying on (E. M., Aran); an taob amuis oe, at most, at furthest; an taob iptis oe, at least (of time); taob muice, flitch of bacon.

τωοδα, g. id., m., trust, reliance, a commission. See τωοδ.

Taobać, -aiţe, a., lateral, having sides, partial, friendly.

Taobact, -a, f., presumption.

Caobactain, -ana, f., act of trusting, assenting.

Taobaim, -ao; taobao le tollaine (Don. prov.). See taob-

ນາຽ່າກ.

Taobán, -áin, pl. id., m., one of the small cross-beams on the roof of a house; in pl. the ribs; ribs of a vessel; caobán muttais, the plank along the ridge of the roof of a house; zaobán is evidently dim. of thos, side, etc., yet it is pron. in M. caobán, this "twist" in the pronounciation of words in ao is not uncommon, and should be borne in mind in all questions relating to the spelling and etymology of such words: zaoibín, a side-patch on a shoe, is another dim. of those, a side.

Caob-batta, m., a side-wall; caob-batta (Don.).

Taoöòa, indec. a., trusting, confiding in, relying on.

Caob-zabáil, f., partiality, kindness.

Caob-loc, m., act of wounding in the side, staving in.

TAOB-noct, a., stark-naked.

ζαοδτόιη. -όμα, -όμητος, m., a creditor, one who confides in another.

Caob-tρom, -tρuime, α., pregnant. Caob-uaine, α., green-bordered.

Caobuiğim, -uġaö, v. tr. and intr., I incline, join, take part with, favour, side with, approach, am partial to, trust, confide in, depend on; I utter, give forth; a béilín náp taobuit móio, her small mouth that uttered no imprecations (E.R., passim.); ní haon ve'n aicme mé v'ap taobair pór, I am none of the tribe whose names you have yet spoken (Id.); I approve, recommend (O'Gall.); I command, order, enjoin; I attack.

CAOO, -010e, -00A, f., a sudden start; stubbornness, impulsiveness; A ziotta na υταου, O, headstrong youth (Om. song); τά ταου mait ann, there is a good turn in him=he has good and bad turns of temper (Don.); somet. an inordinate desire, such as covetousness, gluttony (Don.).

CAODAĆ, -AIŽe, a., subject to starts (spasmodic), stubborn, fierce, violent, urgent, pressing.

Caodaim, -a \dot{o} , v. tr., I urge, press, force.

Taoom, Jc. See Taom, Jc.

Taoi. See atáim.

Taoibín, g. id., pl. -niòe, a little patch on the side of a shoe, etc., dim. of taob. See taobán.

Caoib-μiζin, -żne, a., remiss, slothful, procrastinating (Kea.).
 Caoib-μiζne, f., remissness, sloth-

fulness, procrastination.

Caoroe, $g.\ id.$, $pl.\ -veaca$, f., the tide, the sea; in $Om.\ \tau$ aoroea \dot{v} . Caoromean, - \dot{m} nne, a., tidal, fluc-

tuating.

Taoitte (taoive), g. id., pl. -troe, f., the tide (Don.); tiz re 'na taoittíb ain, he works at it by fits (Teelin, Don.); also thaoitte.

Taoinne, g. id., m., the thread passing between the fingers while in the act of spinning or twisting it; taoinne tín nó otna, a linen or woollen thread in the act of being spun (P. O'C.). See taoinnte.

Caoinneán, -áin, pl. id., m., a small twisted thread.

Laoinnim, -neao or -neam, v. tr., I twine, spin, twist, curl.

Taoinnte, g. id., pl., -eaca, m.,a stitch, a thread; zaoinne a raozait, the thread of his life.

Taoireac, -riz, -rize, m., a chief, chieftain, leader, general, commander.

 $\nabla AO1$ Γ 1 \circ \bullet 2 \circ 4 \circ 5., leadership. Caoirteao, m., a heap, a lump (of

dough, etc.).

Caoirteann, -linn, m., a mass of dough, a loaf.

Caoirnizim, -niuzao, I (TAOIPnim, id.).

Taoi-teanstat, -size, a., silent, mute, tongue-tied.

Caoi-teanstact, -a, f., silence, muteness.

Taolao, -laa, m., act of abating; tá an teaptainn az taolaó, the rain is abating (\tilde{N} . Con.).

Taolómac, - $a_1\dot{z}$, pl. id., m., one who slays a near relative, as father, mother, brother, etc. (read saot-onnac, P. O'C.).

Taom, -a, m., a bit, a scrap, a least particle; with neg., nothing; níon sab taom easta é, he was not the least thing afraid.

Taom, -a, pl. id. and -anna, m., a fit, a weakness, a disease, an attack, a sudden attack of illness; a freak, a whim, a caprice, a fancy; a rumour, a flying report.

Caom, -a, -anna, m., a leak, an

overflow, a torrent.

Taomac, -aiże, a., fitful, subject to fits; capricious, whimsical, freakish, skittish; also empty-

ing, apt to overflow.

Caomao, -mta, m., act of pouring out, pumping, overflowing; tá ré az caomao reapcanna, it is "teeming" rain (Don.); as caomao na bracaí, "teeming the potatoes (Con.); tá ré az zaomao, it is pouring rain (Don.); similarly popta and rceallao are used.

Caomaim, -ao, v. tr., I pour or

teem forth; I drain.

Taomaine, g. id., pl. -niõe, m., a pumper, a drawer; a pump.

Taomán, -áin, pl. id., m., a bailing vessel; a pump, a ladle.

 Caom - $\mathsf{Soinioeac}$, $\mathsf{-oiSe}$, a., causing pain with disease (McD.).

Caomnac, -aize, a., subject to fits, ill, diseased; o'ras taomnac breoroce las rinn, which made me diseased, sick, and weak (song).

Taopać, -ai \dot{z} e, a., dough-like, paste-like; doughy.

Taoracán, -áin, pl. id., m., a

kneader, a baker.

Taorc, -a, pl. id., m., a stream; a flowing, an outpouring of fluid.

Taorcac, -aize, a., flowing, full to the brim.

Taorcact, -a, f., pouring out, vomiting.

Taorcao, -cta, m., act of bailing out liquid; act of draining, emptying, pouring out, vomiting; act of shovelling clay on ridges from the furrows. See TAOTCAIM.

Taorcaim, -ao, v. tr., I empty, I bail, I pour out; I pour into small vessels from casks, etc., as at a drinking-table; I vomit; I shovel clay from the furrows on the beds of potatoes, etc.

Caorcán, -áin, pl. id., m., act of flowing; state of being pretty full or more than half-full (as a vessel with liquid, or even with solids); tá an zatún az taorcán, the gallon is fairly full (of milk, etc.), the milk is mounting up well above half the vessel; caorcán an falúin oe bainne, a gallon fairly filled of milk; the word is also applied to the solids a vessel may contain, as zaorcán ime, a vessel of butter pretty well filled; also to a cartload of hay, etc.: zaorcán réin, a fairly large cart-load of hay, a "thasscán" of hay; hence a load, not quite full, of anything; a considerable quantity of any substance, solid or liquid, usually measured in vessels; zaorcán

banne, a fair quantity of milk; Caorcán is the name of a cliff in Valentia Island, at which the sea mounts up to a considerable height, a moaning sound made by the waves is a sign of an approaching storm; the word is pron. caorcán in M. See remarks on pronunciation of caobán (the usages given here are Ker. or M. usages).

Caorc-rilim, -leao, v. tr., I pour out profusely (as tears) (E. R.). Caorc-riut, m., a full or flowing

tide.

Caorctóιη, -όηα, -όιηιόε, m., a pumper, a drawer, a bailer.

Caorcua, a flesh pie, a mutton pie

(O'R.).

Caotnarc, m., disrespect, mockery, ridicule, insult (M.); cf. atnarc in phr. as atnarc onm, mimicking me, ridiculing me.

Tap, chance, hap, accident. See

TANA See TAN

Capa. See capaio.

Capaio, -e, f., swiftness, activity, vigour; nom. also capa and capao (Don.).

Capaio, -e, α., quick, active, dexterous; pron. ταραίζ (M.); ξο ταραίο, quickly.

Capatoeact, -a, f., haste, activity,

cleverness, manliness.

capamait, -mta, a., active, impetuous; prompt.

Capamlacc, -a, f., agility, quickness.

Capán, -áin, pl. id., m,, a tuft of wool, a tuft of flax or tow on a distaff.

Capánca, indec. a., apt to slip, blunder, drop, let fall.

Captac, -aige, f., a wallet; a place in which small things are stored.

ζαρός, -όιζε, -a, f., an accident,
a slip, a blunder; chance; luck.
ζαρυιζίπ, -uζαό, v. intr., I hasten

or hurry.

Tap, prep. [in pronom. combin., τ apm, τ apt, τ appr, (m.), τ appre, and τ appre (f.), τ apann,

canaib, canra, the c is now genly. pron. as if aspirated, and the forms tone, etc., are somet. used; before the article somet. it becomes zanr], beyond, over, across, above, past, by, round, through, over and above; in spite of, in preference to, rather than, notwithstanding, over the head of; tan air, tan n-air, back, backwards; can m' air, back, backwards (on my part); can ceann, instead of, in preference to, beyond, besides, for the sake of, moreover; out can a ceann, to take his place; tan ceann notwithstanding, though, though, despite; can éir, 'néir, after (in time), past, afterwards; can éir man, after that; out TAN, to transgress, exceed; TAN a céile, crosswise (e.g., of thehands); tan zac nío, above all; Tan a corc, in spite of his forbidding; σο τοζαγ τυγα ταμ πα mancaib eite, I chose thee over the heads of the other monks (Kea., T.S.); Teact Tan, to come upon, speak of, refer to; TEACT TAIRIT ASAT, keep it secret, do not speak of it; can man ba jábao oam, beyond what I had need of; reaoit tant é, let him pass, do not take any notice of his action; can véitib na chuinne, léan ont-ra, a Cúipio, ruin seize thee, O Cupid, beyond the gods of the world; pacao anonn can raite, I will cross the sea; tan abainn, across the river (with verb of motion); ní aitneocainn tan a céile 140, I could not distinguish one from another; żabar tainir, I passed him (on the road); tabanrainn an bíobla, a bruil ré azur tainir, I would swear by the Bible, and by all that is beneath and beyond it (song); cuinear mo lám anonn tainir,

stretched my hand across him; ní pačann taipip map biao, I think it good enough as food; tapit (tapit) is used impersonally or absolutely in *U*. and in parts of *U*., and topit in *Clare*; tá pé pin tapit, that is past; tá an ciot topit, the shower is over (*Clare*); in *M*. one says, an treactmain peo \$ab tapiann, last week; tópita, tópita is often used for tapia, esp. in poet.

τάμ, -άιμε, f., contempt, insult,

reproach. See Táin.

τάη, -άιμε, a., mean, low, contemptible, disgraceful.

τάη, g. τάιη, pl. id., m., a spoke

(1 Kings, vii., 33 c.).

τάη, τάηη, lower part, bottom, foot (e.g. of tree); belly; αη α τάηι η -αιηιοε, lying on his back;

τάη-noct, stark naked.

Can or τις, v., imper. of τιςιm; ταη μαιτ (or ταη leaτ), come on, come along, come away; ταη απυαρ, get off (a horse, etc.), dismount; ταη γιάπ, come safe, welcome, bravo.

tap, for rap=rut, lest, that not, before; tap a n-imteocat éinnío aip, lest anything may

happen to him (M.).

Capáčaiņ, -ċṇa, pl. id., f., an auger; pott or τοιι ταμάζηα, an augerhole; nom. also ταμάζαη, m.

Tapaib, prep. prn., 2 pl., over or beyond ye. See tap, prep.

Tapann, prep. prn., 1 pl., over or beyond or across us. See tap prep.

ταμβ, g. -αιμβ, pl. id. and -αμβαιός, m., a bull; ταμβ τάπα, a parish bull, a bull common to a whole district, fig. a leader; ταμβ υιγςς, a sea-bull.

Tanba. See Tainbe.

Tanbán, -áin, pl. id., m., a young bull.

ταμβάητα, indec. a., fierce, stern, grim; bull-faced; cf. ιπηεαρτάιι έμιαιό ταμβάητα, of the folktales.

Caμbánτacτ, -a, f., grimness, sternness, fierceness.

Caμ-comain, m., a passage over a ravine; a ferry.

Շորշարտ, - cup, v. tr., I send over or across.

Capicuipne, g. id., f., contempt, scorn, abuse, disparagement, insult; a line of action that begets contempt; folly, silliness, náμ móμ an τ. oam a teitéio a oéanam, how silly it was for me to do such a thing (W. Ker.).

Capculpheac, -niże, a., abusive, contemptuous, offensive, insult-

ing.

Tapeult offend

insult, offend.

ταηταιγηιζότεοιη, -οηλ, -οιηιότ,m., reviler, abuser, detractor;ταηταιγητεοιη, id.

Capoál, -áil, m., a giving, yield-

ing (?).

Cap éip, after, seeing that, with gen. ταμ éip na hoioce, after night; ταμ α éip, after or behind him, etc.; τά γέ ταμ éip báip, he is just dead, he has died.

vision.

Tampar,; old past pass., it was revealed to me, cf.:

"1 brir tappar an thát not léizear

Somnur rmúit ap rúilib

-eożan an meinin.

Tan-funneoz, f., casement.

Cap-Ṣaβátaċ, -aıġe, a., transitory. Cáp-Ṣao, -Ṣaro, m., a belly-band (in a horse's harness).

Caμżaσόιμ, -όμα, -όιμισe, m., a redeemer, a rescuer.

Caμζάιο, -e, -ιο˙e, f., a target, a shield.

Caμζάισεας, -σι $\dot{\xi}$ e, a., like a target, armed with a shield.

Cantalt, -e, f., deliverance, protection, aid, assistance; act of delivering, protecting. See τάμμτάιτ.

Tapla, τάρια, defect. v., 3 sing., past tense, pl. ταριασαμ, it befell, came to pass, fell out, chanced, happened (to a person); he came; when used with ap, also te, το, followed by subject, it means met; ταρια με, met with; ό τάρια, since, whereas; το ταριασαμ αρ meirce, they happened to be drunk.

Taplaic, -e, f., act of casting a

line (in fishing).

taplaicim, vl., taplaic, v. tr., I hurl, fling; I cast a line (in fishing; also taplacaim).

Captaioim, captóo, v. tr., I draw, gather together; lay hold on.

Capteapaċ, -aiże, α., foreign, transmarine.

Captóo, -tuiţe, m., a draught; a drawing in to the haggard of corn or hay.

Cantuis. See canta.

tanm, prep. pr. 1 sing, over or beyond me; emph. -ra, also tonm. See tan, prep.

Capmanac, -ais, m., the bird ter-

magant.

Canna (= σana), numeral a., second; an canna ceann, the second (canna is the word usually heard in M.).

Tannsain, -e, f., a prophecy,

act of prophesying.

Tannsameact, -a, f., prophecy. Tannsamm, vl., -sam, v. tr., I

prophesy.

τάη-noċτ, a., quite naked, stark naked; as subs., the private parts of the body; τάμποċτὰ, id.

Tánnoctact, f., nakedness.

Capp, -aipp, -aippeanna, m., a clod, a lump.

Cappac, -aiże, a., bulky, clodlike, heavy.

Cappact, -a, f., bulkiness, heaviness.

Tampán, -áin, pl. id., m., a crabfish. See pantán.

Tampán, -áin, pl. id., m., a cluster; a sod of bog turf (Der.); also compán (Arm.).

Tápp. See cáp.

Tajijiac, -aicte and -aic, m., act of drawing, pulling, bearing, carrying; great demand; A5 cannac na móna a baile, carting home the turf; as cappac an anma aram, squeezing the very life out of me; tappac anuar, introduction of a subject in conversation; b'reapp ouit Jan é tannac ont, you had better let him pass, not turn his ire on you; tá tanhac an coince inoiu, there is great sale or demand for oats to day, it is being snatched up; tá tannac an ainsear aise, he has plenty of money to draw on; tá cappac cuise aise, he has abundant resources; simly., tá Tappac cusam asam, 7c.; Tá cainnt an tappac aise, he has plenty of talk; tus ré Tappac na té ap an luib, he cooked the herb as one draws tea; a ground-swell or waves dashing against rocks; ba oois Jun reaom a beao lear reuioce cap éir cappaic, you would imagine that it was a seaweed stump shorn of its leaves by a ground swell (Ker.); a draught, as of a chimney; cappac is used in W. M. for cappains.

Σαμμας, -αιζε, α., big-bellied, stout-paunched, pregnant; cf. ní ίσργασ α τυιτιεαό, τάιμ ταμμας μαιό, I will eat no more, I am full of it (food); the more modern word for pregnant is

chom.

Tappacán, -án, pl. id., m., a stunted, big-bellied fellow.

Tappaċτ, -a, f., roundness, plumpness.

Caμμαċταιπ, -ana, f., revenge, vengeance; rescue.

Cappactain, it happened.

Tappaic, -e, f., draft chains.

Caμμαιζεαό (ταμμαιηζεαό), -ζιζε, α., frugal, economic.

Caμμαιης, -e and -te, f., a drawing, draught, pull; attraction,

enticement; derivation, extraction, distillation. See tappac. Cappainzeac, -515e, a., attractive,

alluring.

Tappainzeail, -ála, f., a drawing,

a tracery.

Tappainsim, vl. τappains, τappains, τc. (E. M., Con. and U. τappains, M. genly. τappains, indic. pres. τappainsim or τappains, fut. stem, τappeons- v. tr. and intr., I draw, lift, pull, pluck; draw near; drag, bring on; anát oo τappains, to draw breath; as τappains a-baile, ap an mbaile, coming home. See τappac.

Tannate, p.a., drawn, stretched; graceful, well-shaped; drawn, traced (as on canvas, etc.). See

TAININGTE.

ταμματταμ, it happened; with thom, I met or meet; ταμματταμ then react brunneall rolling ruange, I met a company of charming playful maidens (O'Ra.).

τάημτας, -αιξε, α., protective.
 τάημτασόιμ, -όμα, -όμηισε, m., a saviour, defender; a helper.

τάρητά τι, - άια, f., deliverance, salvation; preservation; help;
τας τέ τ. ορπ, he delivered me (Don.).

τάμμταιζιπ, vl. τάμμτάιι, v. tr. and intr., I help, I save, I deliver, defend; ιάπ πα τάμμτάια, de-

liverance (Mayo).

Canr. See can.

tanpa, τάηρτα, prep. pr., 3 pl., beyond them; over, across, round, through, past by, etc., them; also ταηρτα, ταηρα,

Tónra. See tan, prep.

ταμγανη, -αινη, pl. id., m., kitchen, condiment, sauce; ní't éaσάιt ταμγαινη αξαινη, we haven't much kitchen (Mon.); béiö rí 'na τ. σο'n ἐοbάιγτε, it will be kitchen for the cabbage (Mon.).; béiö τ. αξαινη teiγ να ρμέαταί, we shall have kitchen with the potatoes (Don.),

Cappna, prep., across; ταμηπα na genoc, across or over the hills; αμ ταμηπα, obliquely, cross-wise; also τμαρπα and τμαρπα.

τριαγπάη, -άιη, pl. id., m., a erossbeam; a cross lath or rope; ταηγπάη μοτά, a spoke of a wheel.

Caproillreac, -riże, α., transparent; ταμγοίδεαc, id. (O'R.).
Caproillriżim, -iużao, v. intr.,

I shine through.

Cáμ-γρηστ, -γρημιτ, m., a mean, contemptible tribe.

thirst, drought; eager desire.

ταμτ (ταμτ), prep. pr., 2s., beyondthee; over, across, round, through, past, by, etc. thee, often used adverbially after verbs of motion=along, past, over, round, away; out tant, going past; cun tant. to turn (a thing) round; tant timeeall, round about, in view; an creactmain reo jab tant, or an treactmain reo tant, last week; reaoit beant tant, let some things pass unnoticed, do not flare out at everything; cuaro ré canc, he went on; (the adverbial or absolute use of tant is little used in M., they say tanaınn, or use a different phrase); tá an teileán as out tant, the wasp is flying about (Mon.); Tiocraio ré tant. he will recover (Don.).

Captáluroe. See ταμμτασόιμ. Captamail, -mla, α., thirstprovoking; greedy; eager.

ταρτάη, -áin, pl. id., m., a child; τ. 5ιηηγιζε ηό τ. 5αγύιη, a female or male child of about seven years (U.); it is the Don. form τα τάμάη metathesised; cf. γεαρτάη (Mon.)=γεα τάη.

Cant bruitleacáin, m., a disease

in cattle.

Capcinap, -aipe, a., thirsty, dry; parched.

Canτή αραότ, -a, f., thirstiness. Capτροφυίζιπ, -uζάο, v. tr., I lead or guide over or across. Caraim, -ao, v. intr., I rest, pause,

cease, stay, dwell.

Tarc, -airc, pl. -anna, m., a task, work set by the job; réan a buaint an tarcannaib, to cut hay by task-work (E. R.); also written τ earc (A.).

Tárc, -a, m., fame, character, report, rumour, knowledge (esp. of the dead as opposed to cuainire, an account of the

living).

Tarcaine, g. id., pl. -proe, m., a

slave or servant.

Tárcamail, -mla, a., renowned, famous.

Cárcamlacc, -a, f., fame, renown,

reputation,

Tarcan, -ain, m., a fleet, a navy; a cavalcade; a military expedition; a family on migration; a sept, a tribe; a dinner party; (also carcat).

Ταγοόιη, -όηα, -όιμι oe, m., tasker, a worker by task;

tarcaine, id.

Cárcáil, -ála, -álta, f., a trial, an examination, a testing (A.); c. oo baine ar, to test, try (W. Ker.).

Tártálaim, vl. tártáil, v. tr., try, make trial of (Ker.), (A.).

Tát, -áit, m., a lock of hair; a tuft of flax, hemp, etc., such as is combed at a time. See cáitín.

Tát, -a, pl. id., and tátanna, m., a weld; a soldering; fornication.

Tátaba bán, m., the plant, water dropwort or hemlock dropwort (P. O'C.).

Tátaba oub, m., great bastard black stinking hellebore, impro-

perly so called (P. O'C.).

Tatac, -aic, m., strength, substance; ni't don tatac ann, he has no strength, he is very weak.

Tátac, ait, pl. id., m., a fornicator. Tátaroeact, -a., f., act of soldering, cementing, joining together; weaving, union, coalescence.

Cataije. See Taitije.

Cátaim, -tao, v. tr., I weld, solder, cement, join, etc. (te, to, with). See cáitim.

Cataimin, g. id., pl. -nice, m., a

short doze.

τάταιμε, g. id., pl. -μιόε, m., welder, solderer; a miserable, lazy. trifling fellow; a mean, miserly fellow.

Tázatt, -aitt, m., an inference; an omen; bain ré opoc-t. ar, he derived a bad omen from it.

Tatam. See taiteam.

Catamaim, vl. taiteam or tatam, I sleep; I sleep the sleep of death, die; also carteamaim.

Catant. See tapann.

Tataoin, gen. -e, and -eac, f., reproach, insult, contempt; grief, heaviness.

Tażaoipim, -pea \dot{o} , v. tr., I contemn, despise, insult, reproach. Tatannat, -aite, f., a nodding or

falling asleep.

Tattužao, -uižte, m., a settling (one's self) to rest (of man or beast); act of subduing, pacifying.

Tacluizim, -użao, v. tr., I tame, subdue, pacify, set to rest.

Tat-maol, -aoile, a., having bushy

τατός, -όιςe, -όςα, f., a clash, s

 $\nabla \dot{\alpha} \dot{c} u_1 \dot{c}_1 m$, - $u \dot{c} \dot{\alpha} \dot{o}$, v. tr., I join solder, weld, unite; ım' cuipéin az véanam zac ápitaiz, 'á ocácusao le céile so binn, 7c., as a cooper, making all kinds of vessels, joining (the component parts of) them together deftly (song). See tátaim.

Catuitim, -taite, v. tr., I habituate myself to; I dwell in; I

practice; also taitiţim.

Té, an té, he who, the individual who, the person who, he that, whosoever (with art.): Tonncao ua hicioe an cé, Donogh O'Hickey is he (O'Ra.).

Te, gsf. and compar. teo or teo5a. a., hot, warm; passionate, apt to

lose one's temper.

Té, g. id., pl. Téiteanna, m. or f., tea (also $\tau \acute{e}_1$); it is f. in M.

Teac, g. τ_1 ; $\dot{\tau}_2$, d. τ_1 ; $\dot{\tau}_3$, pl. τ_1 ; $\dot{\tau}_2$ and τ_1 $\dot{\varsigma}$ e, m. (in M. τ_1 $\dot{\varsigma}$, pron. τ_1 $\dot{\varsigma}$ genly, is the usual nom. form; reac in poetry in nom. and dat.; in Con. and Don. reac is nom. and dat.), a house, a mansion; reac re reolation, a warm, comfortable house; 17 teac, in (after verbs of motion); 17215, inside (of rest); Teac oibnibe, a labourer's cottage.

Téacla, g. id., m., tackle, gear, harness. See tácla.

Teac órta, m., an inn.

Teact, -a, pl. id., m. and f., act of coming; arrival, approach; agreeing; increasing (in all the meanings of tisim, which see); a description, an account; text αμ αξαιό, getting on; το cuiμeao teact ain, he was sent for; ceacc anian, stay, stamina; react ré, oozing of water under a floor; teact te céite, concord, agreement; as teact anuar an, finding fault with.

Teacta, g, and pl, id, m, a messenger, a courier, an ambassador,

a delegate.

τέαςταό, g. -ττα and -τυιχτέ, m.,

a curdling, a congealing.

Téactaim, -taò, v. intr., I curdle, 1 congeal.

Teactaim, -ao, v. tr., I possess,

hold, enjoy.

Teactaine, g. id., pl. -price, m., a messenger; an ambassador, a courier; nuain ip puan é an Teactaine, ip ruap é an pheazna, when the messenger is inconsiderable or negligible, so is the reply.

Teactaineact, -a, f., an errand, a

message.

Teactar, -air, m., legality, legitimacy.

Teact ipteat, income.

Teactman, -aine, a., legal, legiti-

Teact rior, a shake-down, a straw bed; lodging (S. Ch. M.).

Téacta, p. a., thick, congealed. frozen; cf. mun téacta.

Téactuzao. See téactao.

Teacturoe, g. id., pl. -ote, m. a common haunter, a visitor.

Téaccuisim, -usao, v. intr., I congeal, thicken, curdle.

Téan, g. téine, pl. téans, f., a rope, a string, a cord; a chord; the string of a musical instrument; a harp; ceot téao, the music of a stringed instrument.

Téadac, -Aize, a., stringed.

Téadaideact, -a, f., harp-playing; téadaineact, id.

τέλολιμε, g. id., pl. μιόε, m., a rope maker; a string maker; a harper.

Téadán, -áin, pl. id., m., a little rope; a little string or chord.

Téλο Βμάζλο, f., a collar, a necklace.

Téao-cloc, f., a stone for holding fishing nets.

Téaduide, g. id., pl. -dte, m., one who plays on a stringed musical

instrument, a harper.

Teazap, -aip, pl. id., m., compilation; rean teasain an Leabainri, the compiler of this book (D. MacFirbis); ná bíoo a t. one, don't go to the trouble of doing it (Don.); cf. easan.

τέαζαμ, - α ιμ, m., shelter, substance, strength, bulk, stoutness; provision; purchase; warmth, love; a dear object, a term of endearment, as mo téasan tú; san téasan, without substance; cao é an céasan é? what does it signify? (Kilk., Sup.); ní'l téasan an bit ionnat, you have no affection (Mayo.).

Téazanaim, -ao, v. tr., I cover,

thatch, protect.

Téasanta, indec. a., strong, bulky, substantial; sheltered, warm.

Téasantac, -aite, a., strong, bulky, substantial; sheltered, warm.

-a, f., strength, Téasantact. stoutness, substance; shelter, warmth.

Ceasar, -air, -airioe, m., a tabernacle, a mansion, a habitation.

Ceasarc, -airc, m., act of teaching, instructing, directing; instruction; doctrine; direction; an Teasarc Chiorcarde, the Christian Doctrine, the Catechism.

Teasarcaim, vl. teasarc, v. tr.,

I teach, I instruct.

extstyle exa teacher, an instructor; a spiritual instructor, a preacher.

Teasoar, -air, m., a closet or small room; also a case or drawer for keeping things safe in (P. 0'C.).

Teaţlac, -aiţ, -aiţe, m., a household; a hearth, a fireplace; the fireplace in a forge; a fireside;

a family.

Teaglacán, -áin, pl. id., m., a domestic.

Teastacar, -air, m., what belongs to the household.

Tea \dot{z} laċa γ , -a γ , m., flattery, soothing; acting the parasite.

Ceastam, m., a collection; recapitulation. See ceastamao. Teatlamao, -mta, m., the act of

collecting, assembling. Teatlamaim, -mao, v. tr., I collect,

gather, assemble.

Ceasmáil, -mála, f., act of meeting (with, te), coming into contact with, clashing against; with 1, falling into the hands of; act of befalling, happening (to, vo), occurring (spelled also tasbáit, and pron. teanzamáit).

Teasmáileac, -lise, a., contentious, striving; knocking up

against.

Ceasmaim. See ceasmátaim. Teazmaireac, -rize, a., accidental,

at random; also reazmarac. Teazmátac, -aize, a., contending, striving, knocking up against.

Teasmálaim, -máil, v. intr., meet with, happen, chance; strive with, contend against (le); réacaio an oceasmócao tib, 7c., see whether ye can do it (O'D.).

Teasmáluide, g. id., pl.-dte, m.a meddler; one who meets another; onoċ-ċ., one whom it is a sign of ill-luck to meet when starting on a journey (as a woman with red hair); a bad associate; c. maic, one whom it is a sign of good-luck to meet.

Teasmar, -air, pl. id., m., an accident, a chance, a venture, a

meeting, a contingency.

Teazmarac, -aize, a., accidental, at random.

Teazmuizim, -máil, v. intr., I meet, I happen, I chance; I happen

Téaznac, - α_1 ż, - α_1 że, m., a pur-

τέαζηας, -αιζε, a., warm, sheltered.

Céagnaim, - Saint and - Shao, v. tr., I store, I provide shelter.

Teatlac, $-a_1\dot{z}$, $-a_1\dot{z}e$, m., a hearth. See teatlac.

Teallacán, -áin, pl. id., m., anything cooked in the ashes of a fire; c. phéacaioe, potatoes so cooked (Rosses, Don.).

Teatlaim, -ao, v. tr., I rob, plun-

der; also zattaim.

Teatlaine, g. id., pl. -niõe, m.a robber. Teálta, g. id., pl. -rõe, m., an im-

provised hut or tent (nautical). unawares, a stealing in or out.

See éaluizim.

Téaltuiţteat, -tiţe, a., silent, quiet, unnoticed; 300001 30 z. rlámze, 7c., health, etc., is silently stolen (Kea., T. S.).

Téaluzao, .1., éalóo. See éal-

uiţim.

Téaluitim, -utato, v. intr., I escape, I go unperceived, I elope. See

éaluizim.

Téamao, -aio, m., reliance; as ιαμμαίο τέαπαιό, "looking for promotion over"; tá mónán céamaio ann, you could depend on him (Der.).

Teamain, -mpac, f., an elevated place, from which a good view

is obtained; Tara, the name of a few places in Ireland, esp. the ancient seat of the Irish kings in Co. Meath, and Teamhair Luachra in North Kerry.

Téampaio, -e, f., sport, amusement, jocoseness; mockery; ní't ann act téampaio, it is only sport (Der.); az iappaio téampaioe, "making fun" (Om., Arm.); o'áppacainn zo teoptéampaioe, I would tell a great many yarns (?) (Mon., in song); cf. téamao.

Teampán, -áin, m., trouble. Teampánac, -aiçe, a., troubled.

Teampánta, indec. a., troubled (?).

It occurs in eactha 7 imteacta
booais an Cóta Lactna.

Teampult, -uilt, pl. id., m., a temple, a church; a churchyard, a burying-place; Teampult Saltoa, a Protestant church. For the last couple of centuries Teampult, without Saltoa, came, in many places, to mean a Protestant church, just as, with English speakers, church came to signify a Protestant place of worship, and was opposed to chapel, a Catholic place of worship; Teampult enters largely into place-names, as an Teampult Món, Templemore, etc.

Teanant and teananturioe, g. id., pl. -nturote (M., teanonturoe), m., a tenant, an occupier.

Ceanantaict, τeanantaiceact, -a, f., tenancy, holding, possessing. Teanapicanap, -aip, m., the counter tenor in music (P. O'C.).

Teancain, -canac, -canca, f., a smith's tongs, a pair of pincers. Teancait, -áta, pl. id., f., a fire-

brand; a fire, a torch.

Teansa, g. -n, d. -1n, pl. -5τα, τeansταά, and τeansτηαάς; also g. -o, d. -α1ο, pl. -5τα (the second form of declension is that of Kea., and is still used in Con. and U.; the -n declension is used in M. sp. l., and more genly. in

modern books), f., a tongue, a language; speech; reanza beaz, the uvula.

Ceanzaċ, -aiże, α., tongued, speaking many languages; loquacious.
 Ceanza ċaiz, f., a sole, a species

of fish (Achill).

Teansa con, f., the herb hound's tongue.

τολης από της - όμας - όιμι το e, m., an

interpreter. Ceanza éanáin, f., little bird's tongue, an herb.

Teanza piada, f., hart's tongue, vulgo. cheam mucriada.

Teanzaine, g. id., pl. -mioe, m., a linguist, an orator, a loquacious person.

Teansaineact, -a, f., oratory, talkativeness.

Ceansa mion, f., dead nettle.

Ceann, -einne, a., tight, firm, stiff, strong, bold, stout, powerful. severe, hardy, well-contested.

Teann, g. tenne, pl. -ta, m., oppression, violence, strain, distress, effort; strength; teann nan satt, the violence or oppression of the foreigners (Fer.); te teann reinse, by dint of anger.

Teannato, -nta, m., act of tightening, embracing, pressing, staunching; as teannato terp, closing up to him, closing in upon him, approaching him; also embracing him; force, power.

Teannaim, -nao, v. tr., I press, urge, tighten, strain, strengthen; staunch, approach; τοο τeann μις έ ιτιμα α τά τάπ, he embraced him between both his arms; τeann mé an τιξεαό τεις, I pressed on the legal proceedings against him (Don.); muμ' τεαπη τύ 'natt το mo το ταιμ, if you won't come over near me (Don. song).

Teannaine, g. id., pl. -niòe, m., a press, tightener; an oppressor; a stout, stiff, impudent fellow.

Teannaineact, -a, f., stiffness, tightness.

Ceannamail, -mla, a., stiff, tight; bold, daring, impudent.

Teannamlact, -a, f., stiffness;

boldness, impudence.

Ceannar, -air, m., independence, austerity, firmness, strength (teanntar, id.).

Teann-arnac, -aite, a., strongribbed. See tinnearnac.

Teann-oluit, -uite, a., firm and close (of cloth).

Teann-rarcaim, -cao, v. tr., I

press, or squeeze firmly.

Ceann-Saine, m., the roaring of the sea in a cave (perhaps better, conn-záine, P. O'C.).

Ceann-obain, f., as great a work as can be performed (P. O'C.).

Teann-rait, f., an abundance,

sufficiency, surfeit.

Teannes, g. id., pl. -side, a support, a prop, a surety, bond, engagement; a fix, a difficulty; 1 oceannes, along or together with; 1 n-a teannta roin, in addition to that; im' teanntara, in my company, with me; 1 oceannes agat, puzzled by you, put into a fix, cornered; 1 oceannos a céile ip reapp 140, it is best to have them together, to have them all; cuin ceannea leir, prop it up; cuiff ceanned leip rin, put a prop to that; 100 30 léin 1 oceannea a ceite, the sum total of them; tá an uain in oo teannta, the time is near you (Don. song); bí an ceac pin in mo teannta as out tape vam, that house was near me as I was passing there (Don.).

Ceanneam, -ao, v. tr., I straigthen, stiffen, prop up, grasp, seize, hold, put into difficulties, urge, force.

Teanntán, -áin, pl. id., m., a press, a squeezer; a belly-band.

Teanntap, - Air, m., audacity, forcefulness, push.

Ceannτárac, - Διζe, α., audacious, forceful, pushing.

Γεαπητιίζιπ, -υζαό, v. tr., Istraighten, prop up, hold, grasp, seize; put into straits or difficulties, urge, force.

Teap, a wooden shed (Leitrim,

Sup.).

Teams, gsf., tempes, a., scarce, few, rare; ir teaks ouine, 7c., there is scarcely a person, etc.; ir ceanc vá theire ná ruain léan, there are few men, be they never so brave, who do not meet mishaps; zá jarc ana-teanc 1 mbliaona, fish is very scarce this year (S. Cork).

Ceancao, -aio, m., want, scarcity. Teanc-muince, p.a., poorly taught,

ill-educated.

Teapc-ot, m., scarcity of drink.

Téapma, g. id., pl.-ròe, m., a term; law term, period, a fixed period of time; a word, an expression; céanmaroe béanta, grandiloquent English phrases or words.

Teapmann, -ainn, pl. id. (Kea. makes this noun masc.; P. O'C. makes it fem., nom. ceanmainn, g. -mann), m., protection; guarantee; refuge; glebe-land; Lat. terminus,

Τεαμπαπητόιμ, -όμα, -όιμιόε, m., a protector, a patron; ceanmannac, id.

Teapmannuide, g. id., pl. -ote, m., a patron, a protector.

ceanmanncóin.

Céannaim, -nao and -nam, v. intr., I pass away, descend, evade, escape, recover from; I approach, come close to; I become convalescent; escape sickness or death; ir í az téannam im' oáit, while she glided up towards me (E. R.). See téannuiżim.

Téannuizim, vl. -użao, -éannao or-éannam, v. intr., I die, depart, vanish, steal, pass or glide away; I recover or escape from sickness or death; oá océannuiginn, were I to recover from my sick-

ness (Scannell).

Teann, -a, m., pitch, tar.

Teappaim, -ao, v. tr, I tar, smear, bedaub.

Tear, -a, m., heat, warmth; sultriness; shelter; artificial heat (as from a fire); cf. vá mbeavo an Smian as reoltao na schann ba mait Leip an bruaintéid an cear.

Cear, a. and ad., south, southward; tear 1 5 Concais, in Cork in the south; ni't ré ann coin, tear ná tuait, it is not there east, south or north, it is not there at all. See bear.

Tearac, -aiz, m., fever; great heat. Teapacán, -áin, pl. id., m., a heatproducing drink; anything ten-

ding to produce heat.

Teararoe, indec. a., warm, hot; uirce boz, luke-warm water; u. ce, hot water; u. c., moderately hot water; the milk just drawn from the cow is said to be cearaide.

Cearaioeact, -a, f., warmth, heat,

sultriness.

Cearanzaim, ao, v. tr., I save,

rescue, deliver.

Tearbac (τ earbac), -ai $\dot{\tau}$ e, f., heat, warmth, sultriness; exuberance of spirits, unrestrained flow of animal spirits, wantonness; tá tearbac (tearbac) ain, he has more animal spirits than he knows what to do with, his blood is too hot; a condition of the body resulting from high feeding and idleness, applied to animals and human beings; there is no corresponding English word (in M. the b is pronounced unaspirated, and is rather p than b); ni't son c. sin, he is not very well off.

Teapburbe, g. id., m., a grass-

hopper.

Tearc. See tarc.

Téarc, the sudden palpitation of an artery (Kilk., Sup.); nervous affection called life-blood, applied anciently to a kind of fever

Tearcao, -cta, m., a lopping off, a slaying; cutting down; an incision; destruction.

Tearcaim, -cao, v. tr., I lop off, cut down, destroy.

Tearcuroe, g. id., pl. -ote, m., a cutter, a lopper-off.

Cear- \dot{z} ao \dot{z} , f., a scorching wind. Cear-ζηάο, m., fervent love,

ardent affection.

Tear-znábac, -aize, a., zealous, ardently affectionate.

Cearmac. See tearbac.

Cear-motao, m., ardent praise.

 $\mathsf{Cear}\mathsf{c}\mathsf{áil}$, $\mathsf{-}\mathsf{ála}$, f., $\mathsf{deficiency}$, want . Tearcamain, -mna, f., want, loss,

absence.

Tearcar, -air, m., a proof, testimony, certificate, attestation,

character, fame.

Teartbáil, -ála, f., state of wanting, needing, being without; tá ainzeau az ceapcbáit uaim, I want money (M_{\cdot}) ; also rearrant.

Tearcusao, -uiste, m., act of proving, trying; a proof, a trial.

Tearcusao, -uiste, m., condition of being lacking, wanting, need,

want, deprivation.

Tearcuisim, -cail, -cbail, and -użao, v. intr., I am wanting, am missed; am needful to; I die; má teaptuiteann ré uait, if you need it; tá púnt as cearcáil (cearcabáil) uaim, I am in need of a pound; teartuis an reap rin rá deipead, in the end that man died (Om.); this is also heard in Ker., it means a person was wanted (by the fairies perhaps) and swept away.

extstyle ex

prove, tempt, try.

Teartún, -úin, pl. id., a fourpenny piece, fourpence (It. testone, Eng. tester); pron. $\tau_1 r \tau_1 u n (M.)$, correiún (stress on first syllable) (U.); Sc. G., tasdan=a shilling.

Téatain, -thac, -thaca, f. (m., O'R.)., a rope, a binding, a tether.

Téib, -e, f., somet. used for réib (for réib in this sense see additions and corrections at end of volume), a chase, hunt.

Téibe, g. id., pl. -bibe, f., the paunch, the stomach; Sun Lion ré ruar a téibe = till he filled up his paunch; prop. réibe = réib. See réib.

Ceibeao, -bio, -bce, m., a drawing

or taking away.

Teibeappain, -ana, f., the act of flowing, dropping (also τibeap-

rain).

Teibim, -beao, v., intr., to fail, to disappoint, frustrate, shun; always followed by an; το τείδ αιμ, it failed him; το τείδ ομπ, it failed me (pron. in M. and often written τείριm; in Mon., τιοδαίm, -ατό); γείριm (Glengar., etc.); vl. also τείδ (τείρ).

Ceičeao, -čte, m., flight, escape; act of escaping, fleeing, running away; an a teičeao, "on the

run," as an outlaw.

Teicim, -ceao, v. intr., I flee, shun, avoid (with 6); Teicim is the technical word for avoiding rent fallen due, by quitting the farm privately and settling elsewhere; Teic teat pein, be off, make your escape.

Teichesc, -mis, pl. id., m., c

fugitive, a runaway.

Céicr, m., a text, a sentence; the word is used loosely by the poets to mean poetry, history, etc.

Téicreac, -rize, a., fond of aphor-

isms, learned.

Téicp-roinm, f., a sentence (poet.). Téicp-roint oce, indec. a., with polished sentences (E. R.).

Téro-binnear, m., string-melody, or the melody of the harp or other stringed instrument.

Céro-clearuroe, m., a., a rope-dancer.

Ceroeat, -oit, pl. id., m., a title. Ceroeattar, -air, m., salamander.

Téròim, vl. out, v. irreg. intr. (see Paradigms), I go, proceed; used with various prepositions as Δη, Δη, Φε, Φο, ζο, η, ό, γελό, ζαη, ζηέ; λζ ουί λη γελόμλη, going astray; λζ ουί λη απλοπλό, going to the fair; ζά λη δό λζ ουί

ar, the cow is getting reduced in condition; ni't son caor out ar agat, you have no chance of escape; τέιο Chiort a hamanc cáic, Christ disappears from view (Kea.); as out oo'n cacain, going to the city; as out o'rior, to visit; céro a blát oe, his bloom departs: cuaro ré 50 Concars, he went to Cork; cuaro ré 1 luing, he embarked; cuato ré irceac i ocis, he entered a house; cuaro an uairteact uata i mbátato, their nobility became submerged (Kea.); as out 1 n-olcar, getting worse; as out 1 othere, growing stronger; cuaro ré amuja, he went astray, or it was lost; cuaio an bliabain 1 noít oó, the year was to his disadvantage; cuaro ann, it shrank; ir beacain but wait, it is difficult to escape you, or to resist you; cuaro ré ó nár 50 Cill Oana, he went from Naas to Kildare; cuma a oéanam 1 noiaio an cí ceio uaio, to lament for a friend who dies (Kea.); as out can rainise, going across the sea; as out Tan Teonainn, going over the border; ubla maite ir ead 140, ní pačamn čaprza, they are good apples, I would wish for none better, "I would not go past them"; pacao oo curo bío cum rume ouic, oá, 7c., your food would be beneficial to you if, etc.; tá ré az out le n-a ataın, he resembles his father; cia leir 30 bruil ré a3 out, whom does he resemble (said of a child, etc.); cuaro ré anonn 30 Sapana, he went over to England; 50 ovéroro ré 1 n-úin lear, may it go to the grave with you, may you die with it in your possession; cuaro an lá onta, they were beaten (as in battle); pacao an Zaot rin thé clán vanaite, that wind would pierce an oak

plank; cuaro agam ann, I overcame him or it (usual in the lit., and still used in Con, and U.); cóinis an leabaid dam nó nacao-ra innte man tá rí, make the bed for me or I will go into it as it is; ni'l don out aize an é rin oo béanam, he cannot do that at all, he has no chance; ni't aize act punt azur ir zeánn te out ain é, he has only a pound, and it will not go far for his purposes; the 3rd sing., pres. indic., in U., is still commonly téro, téro, elsewhere the later form céroeann is used; b'réioin 50 nacao rí leat, perhaps she would take a fancy to you (Om.); tá an obain as out 50 mait oó, the work "agrees" well with him; as out ofom, surpassing my powers, I failing to, etc.; beioeao-ra 1 5 Concais 1 mbápac nó pažaro víom, I'll be in Cork to-morrow, or my best effort will fail; out oo (a), to begin at, set to (U_{\cdot}) ; as oul tanm, passing me.

Téroim, -oeao, v. tr. and intr., I warm, I heat, I grow warm; with te, I grow pleased with or fond of a person or thing; somet. the word choice is used as the subject, as téroeann mo choice teir, I grow fond of him in my heart; an otrá tionn? o'otar bhaoinín ceana de 'r níon téro ré tiom, would you drink ale? I have already drunk a little of

it and I did not relish it.

Téro-riubat, m., walking on a

rope.

Teite, g. id., pl. -tive, f., a lime tree; a sail, a deck, deck of a ship; τeite τογαίζ, the foresheet; the poop of a ship; also τίτεαν.

Ceitzeac, -ziże, a., sparing, stingy. Ceitzean, -zin, m., act of throwing, flinging, easting; matter thrown up, such as earth in furrows, clay used in "moulding" erops; as cup certsin, the first moulding of potato-stalks; as raothusao, the final moulding (W. Ker.); in E. Ker. as cup the, first moulding of potatoes, etc., while as raothusao only means cultivating or tilling in general.

throw, cast, cover, upset, condemn (Con.), but pron., thisim, chisim, such being the U. form also; as thising rota, bleeding

(Om.).

Ceitzinc. See ceitzean.

Teilz-lion, -lin, -lionta, m., a casting-net.

Ceitze, p. a., flung, cast, thrown, upset, destroyed.

Teilzteoin, -ona, -oinite, m., a founder, moulder, caster; a thrower; a farm-labourer.

Teime, g. id., f., dusk, gloom, darkness, obscurity; teimeact, id.

Teimeal, -mil, m., dulness, gloom, shade; a shadow; a stain or flaw; rust, scruff, tarnish; sign; reimeal báir, shadow of death; san reimeal, faultless; ní reicim aon reimeal oe, I don't see any sign of him (of a person's coming) (E. M.), the word in this sense being pron. reiol (eio like eye in Eng.), whilst it is ríol in W. M.

Teimteac, -liże, a., dark, obscure, shadowy; rusty, scruffy, tar-

nished.

Ceimteacc, -a, f., a darkening, eclipsing, shading.

Ceimtiżim, -iużao, v. tr., I darken, shade, obscure; I sully, tarnish.

Ceimtiugao, ige, m., act of becoming overclouded, dull; sullying, tarnishing; darkness, obscurity.

Ceimne. See ceime.

Teine, g.id. and reine so, d. reinio, pl. reinte, f., fire; obain reine so, firework; i oreinio an lae, in the heat of the day; caon-teine, lightning sparks, sparks such as are struck

from flint or stone; tá an capall as oul 'rna caonteint', the horse is striking sparks from the road, i.e., going very fast (Con.).

Teine soit, f. a lime-kiln.

Ceine chám (pl. ceince chám), a bonfire.

Teine chior, f., a fire produced by flint and a cross struck together; fire produced casually on the stones of a road by a horse's hoofs, etc. (in M. teine chiar and teine chears).

Teine-phiao or ceine-olao, f.,

wild-fire, a kind of scab.

from putrid fish or rotten wood, luminous track of ship or boat in summer through the sea; phosphorescent light.

Teine zeatpacáin, a kind of phosphorescent light, like the

Jack o' Lantern (Don.).

Teine madaro puaro, a kind of phosphorescent light; a contemptuous word for a small fire (M.).

light on the teats and udder of a cow in wet weather (Don.).

Ceinn. See Tinn.

Ceinn-béatac, -aige, a., perverse, obstinate, strong-willed, head-strong.

Teinne (from teann), g. id., f., stiffness, tightness, stoutness.

Ceinne, ceinneact (from cinn). See ceinnear.

Teinnear, -nir, m., pain, ache, sickness, soreness, disease; ceinnear riscal, a toothache; reinnear cinn, a headache; ceinnear cloinne, the pains of child-birth; tá an bó 1 oteinnear, the cow is in the throes of parturition; tennear ante, the gout; reinnear choice, heart-ache; ceinnear onoma, back-ache; ceinnear zoile, indigestion, stomach ache; teinnear raipize, sea-sickness; ceinnear mon, the falling sickness; teinnear na zeataiże, lunacy; teinnear niożan, scrofula, king's evil; teinnear roamoize, lung disease; teinnear rút, disease in the eyes.

Teinceac, -cise, a., fiery.

Teinteán, -áin, pl. id., m., a hearth, a fire-place; αιηξεαο τειπτεάιη, hearth-money; the kitchen floor.

Teintioeact, -a, f., fieriness, vast

heat, torridness.

Templese, - η_1 ; e, - α , f., fire, lightning; a blaze, a flash; as α ., fiery.

Tempered, indec. a., hot-tempered

(Don.).

Teinthisim, -iusao, v. intr., I flash forth, I cast lightning; I brighten, I glisten.

Teinthiużao, -iżce, m.. the flashing or casting of lightning.

Ceipim, v. intr., I fail, etc., with ap. See ceibim.

Teipliuin, -e, a., tepid, tasteless, insipid.

Teipliuineact, -a, f., tepidness; tastelessness, insipidity.

Tennice, g. id., f., scarcity, want;

Teipc-peoil, f., thin, scarce, scant flesh; the lean meat.

Cenncim, v. tr. and intr., I fail, wear, spend, discontinue.

Ceiμcte, τείμce, a., famished, perished, as with cold or hunger

(otherwise ceilste).

Teipt, g. τeipte and τeapta, pl. τeapta, f. testimony, character, recommendation, fame; τά τeipt mon ain, he has great fame (Ker.).

Teirtiméineact, -a, f., evidence, testimony, character (used in

M.).

Teit. See Te, hot, etc. Teitim, 7c. See Teitim.

Teitne, g. id., f., furze; the name of the letter τ .

Teo, τeoζa, τeoζa, compar. and pl. of τe, hot, warm.

Ceoἀάτ, -a, f., heat, warmth; out ι στ., getting hot (of weather) (Ker.).

Teotaroe, indec. a., plentiful; comfortable; teac te ceolaroe, a warm, comfortable house (Aran); the word is also common in Kerry and Mayo.

Teolaroeact, -a, f., abundance;

snugness, comfort.

Teolman, -aine, a., warm, com-

fortable (Mayo).

Teona, three, thrice; teona tá agur oroce, three days and nights.

Teops, g. -nn, pl. -ncs and -nns, f., a boundary, a limit, a border; ni't son teons teir, he cannot be beaten.

Teonanta, a., definite, limited,

bounded.

Teoplantact, -a, f., boundary, bounding, boundaries.

Ceotacán, -áin, m., a warming

pan, a chafing dish.

Ci, in phr. at Ci, with g. of vl. or g. of object of vl. on the point of, about to, an ci beic, on the point of being, about to be; All cí oo manoca, about to kill thee; 50 oci, up to the point of, until, as far as (of time or place); ό ποέ το οτί ποια, from yesterday till to-day; 3 mma' raoa 30 ocí rin, may it be a long time till then; ní chesc 50 στί é, there is no robbery worth mentioning except it, it surpasses all other robberies; 50 oci 50 bpórrain, until you get married; out 50 oci an coban, to go to the well; except: an c-aingear go ori rcitting, the money all but a shilling; so ori reo, until this time, till now; an salan bior an a tí, the disease that is attacking him (Kea.); (An $\dot{\tau}i$ in M. sp. l.); rul a ocí, rul má ocí, before (Con., U. and Mea.), e.g., rul a ozí maioin, before morning.

Cí, g. an cí, person, individual; an ci, he who, the person who.

See Té.

Cí, used for 'zcí in parts of Ulster, it is from the literary form Atci (cf. gen. pron. of costceann). At'i being used in the rel. construction. See cim.

Clác, g. Téice, d. Téic, pl. -a, f., a bag, a wallet, a budget, a

satchel.

Clacaln, -cha, α., angry, peevish. froward.

Ciacán, -áin, pl. id., m., a satchel,wallet, budget, a little bag, scrip or purse; the scrotum; a testicle (also ciacán).

C1αcός, -ό1ςe, -όςa, f., a bag, asatchel; a pouch; a bag made of sheepskin; a bag for hens to

lay in. See tracan.

τιλόμλ, g. id., m., anger; peevishness, frowardness, soreness.

CIACT. See TEACT.

Clas, clasán. See clac, clacán. Chap (\dot{r}_{1}), α ., west, western, westward, behind; bero ré τιαη οητ, you will not succeed in doing it, you will suffer by it, you will be at a disadvantage by it; 30 paib ré trap an mac an níoż, that the king's son could not perform it; an nuo oo bi tian ain, the thing that was beyond his power; tian 1 50111 Ainne, in Killarney in the west; tran 'ran parnc, in the field to the west (said of a field only a little distance away); razant p'againne tian againne, our priest over here, a Don. shibboleth, the pronunciation in S. W. Don. being razant r'ażainne tian ażainne; o'ráz ré tran é, he swallowed it (Don.); tá an viabal tian one, you are an unfortunate or wicked fellow (M.).

 $C_{1\Delta_{1}1\Delta_{1}C_{1}}$, $-\Delta_{1}\dot{S}_{1}$, $-\Delta_{1}\dot{S}_{2}$ e, m., a crupper, buttock, tripe, tail-band, the back

or hinder part.

Champa, g. id., pl. -aroe, m., a hump, back load, a postern or backside.

Tranpac, -arze, a., relating to the hinder parts.

Tiappán, -áin, pl. id., m., a round hump, back burden, postern, backside; a hind testicle (as of a bear).

 $\nabla_{1}\Delta_{1}$ -toct, m., the breach hough-joint; the buttock

ham-piece.

Cibriacail, *f.*, the fore-teeth (O'R.).

Τιθηιm, -μελό, v. intr., I spring

(as a well), flow.

C15, -e, -te, m., a house, See Teac. Tiż buin, a cow-house (Sligo); for ciż oo buin, a house for a cow (?).

 C_1 $\dot{S}e$, g. id., f., thickness, density

 C_1 $\dot{\zeta}$ eacar, -a1 γ , m., house-work; ${f domesticity.}$

Cizeacc. See ceacc.

Ciżeal, -żil, m., the part of a spade out from the body that turns the sod; the sod or layer in digging.

Cizeamail, -mla, a., domestic.

Cizeanna, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a lord, a landlord, a master, a chief, a proprietor, a chief ruler; άμο-τιζεληπα, supreme lord, sovereign lord; bain-cizeanna, f., lady; tiżeanna talman, landlord.

Tizeannamail, -mla, a., imperious, lordly, haughty, domineering.

Tizeannamlact, -a, f., lordliness, lordship.

Cizeannar, -air, m., lordship, dominion, chieftaincy.

Cizeannuizim, -nuzao and -naioeact, v. intr., I reign, I preside.

Cizear, -żir, m., household, housekeeping, husbandry.

Tižearač, -aiže, a., domestic.

Tižeapačt, -a, f., housekeeping,

husbandry.

TISIM, vl. Teact, v. irreg. intr. (see Paradigms), I come; used with various prepositions; with an, chiefly to denote strong feelings coming over one, also calamity; táinis uaban onm, I got a fit of wounded pride; táinis bneoioteact an navaoine, sick-

ness fell upon the people; 710craio iomano ain, a calamity will come upon him; Tiocrato a choice onta, his tenderness will come upon them (Kea.); with oe, I result from; Tiocraio ομοċ-οbain oe, mischief will result from it; with oo, a5 teact to m' réacaint, coming to see me; with 50, it is used to denote the point to which a person or thing comes; as teact 50 baile Ata Cliat, coming to Dublin; with 1, az teact 17 teac, coming into the house; ó tis anam ann 30 rázail báir vó, from the time a soul is given him till his death; with ó, to denote the point of departure, also to denote the source, cause, or origin; támis ré ó Sarana, he came from England; ir o'n bpeacao táinis an bár, death came as the result of sin; with le, ní tiz liom é béanam, it does not suit me to do it, I cannot do it; oo néin man a tiocraio tiom, as I shall find convenient; nuzar an an océro ir cáiniz ré tiom, I took hold of the rope, and it yielded freely to me, it required no effort to pull it away; without prep. and chiefly future, I grow up, prosper, succeed (grow as grass, plants, etc.), as opposed to fail, decline, τιοςταιό ομού-αιμηιμ, severe weather will come; mot an óize ir tiocraió rí, commend the young and they will thrive; Tiocraio an coince, the oats will grow and not fail; as teact τομ, treating of, discoursing about. In Don. usually tisim. $T_1 \leq n, g. id., pl.$ -niõe, m., a little

house (dim. of τ_1 , pron. τ_1). Tilleao, m., act of returning (usual in Om. and Arm.); cum onm compaise 'un cilleato rlán, wish me a safe return (Arm. song); somet. in Don., but pillear is the common form. See rillead.

Cittim, -teao, v. intr., I return (still colloquial in Om. and Arm.; in Don. in songs). See rittim.

Cim, g. id., m., thyme; also cime. Cim- (ciom-). a prefix in composition implying tender, soft, as ciom-cποιόe, a tender heart.

Tim, -e, f., fear, honour, pride,

estimation. See time.

Tim, -e, a., spiritless, fearful, timid.
Timeall, prep. and ad., around, about, concerning; with reference to (with gen.); im' timeall, around me; tall timeall, round about, in view; pron. timpeall; often with le.

Timeeall, -cill, pl.id., m., a circuit, a round, a compass, an ambit, the long way round as distinct from the near way; 5ab an τimeeall, go the round long way, not the short or direct way; τimeeall ι στιμέεαll, round about; ir μόμ απ τ. το σίμη γέ αιμ γέιπ, he took a very roundabout road.

Timéeallac, -ai \dot{z} e, α ., circuitous, circular.

Timiceallaim, -aio, v. tr., I compass, or surround.

Timceallán, -áin, pl. id., m., a

circle, a globe, etc.

Timceallużać, g. -uiżće, and -ta, m., the act of surrounding. Timcill-żeappać, m., circum-

cision.

Cimcill-Zeappaim, v. tr., I circumcise.

Timcitt-cearcao, m., circumcision (Kea.); this is a better word than timcitt-ceappao.

Tim-chit, m., trembling from

terror.

Time, g. id., f., fear, terror, dread; also tepidity; gan time gan taipe, without fear or scruple (E. R.); ba támat tag théit te time mipe, I was weak, faint, and spiritless through fear (E. R.).

Tim riozac, laced thyme (O'C.).
Tim-cearcaim, -cao, v. tr., I eir-

cumcise.

Timitipe, g. id., pl. -piòe, m., a minister, a servant, an agent.

Cimcineact, -a, f., act of serving, ministering; a band of attendants, ministers, etc.

Cimtiple teattait, m., a name for a pair of tongs.

Cimcinioeact, -a, f., ministration,

service, agency,

Tinn, -e, α., sick, sickly, sore, unwell, ill (in M. τειπη, where it generally means sore, as distinct from sick, though somet. also sick, we say τά mo tám τιπη, my hand is sore, but τάιπ δητεοιότε, I am sick), but τά mbειότεά τιπη πο δητεοιότε, if you were sick or sore.

Tinnear, Tinnearac, 7c. See

teinnear, teinnearac.

Tinnearnac, -aiże, a., stout, strong, stout-ribbed; urgent; precipitate.

Cınnearnuiğim, -użaö, v. intr., I hurry, hasten, strain, exert.

Tinneoncuroe, g. id., pl. -oce, a tenant.

Tinnteoz, -oize, -oza, f., a sala-mander.

C10bao, -αιό, m., veto, prohibition, obstacle, prevention, stopping; cuin τιοδαό αιμ, stop him, veto him; zan τιοδαό, freely, easily

(Louth, Arm., Mon.).

Tiobaim, vl. -ao, v. tr., I stop, veto, prohibit, prevent, surpass; itob γέ mέ ζαη α ουί, he stopped me from going (Om.); γ αη σοςτώιμίδ, ειμεαπη ζυμ itob αη cáp, and indeed the doctors of Ireland have failed to grapple with the case (Mon. song); itob γέ ομπ bειμιπτ αιμ, I failed to catch him (Mon.). See τειδιπ.

Tiobaint, -anta, f., an obstacle, prevention; τάιπις τιοbaint ομm, I was prevented (U.); prop. τειδιπτ. See τειδιπ.

Ciobparo, -e, -ioe, f., a fountain,

a well, a spring.

Cιοδητίπ, -αό, v. intr., I spring, gush forth; also τίδηιπ.

Cíoc, pl. -ηια, m., a bag, a purse; a pore in the skin, a drop of sweat that rests on the skin; dim. τίο cίος (pron. τιο τός, Don.).

Cloost. See celoest.

Crootsaco, -tarcte, pl. id., m., a gift, donation; a yielding, delivering, presenting, conducting, conveying.

Trootacaim, -tacao, v. tr., I give, grant, bestow, present, offer.

Ciootaicteac, -tize, α ., plentiful, bountiful.

Cioòlaicteoip, -opa, -oipiòe, m., a giver, a bestower.

Tioonacaim. See tioolaicim.

Τίο ζουτ, τίο ζουτας. See τι ζε αρ, τι ζε αρας.

Ciolap, -aip, pl. id., m., a second chin (Der.).

Ciolpaσόιμ, -όμα, -όιμισe, m., a cut-purse, a robber.

Ciolpaim, -ao, v. tr., I snatch,

grasp, cut away.

Ciotpaine, g. id., pl. -nioe, m., a snatcher, cut-purse, thief; censor, caviller.

Comain, -anta, f., offering, bestowing, giving, yielding; bequeathing, consigning; cursing.
Comallaim. See tomtaim.

Ciomattar, -air, m., victuals.

Ciomatcóip, -ópa, -óipiróe, m., a glutton.

Ciománaim, -áinc, v. tr., I drive, urge, dispatch; send in haste (as a messenger). See iománaim.

Ciomanta, p. a., dedicated, bequeathed, consigned.

Ciomanτόιμ, -όμα, -όιμιτο, m., one who bequeaths, a testator.

Ciománuite, g. id., pl. -tite, m., a driver, a hurler. See iománuite.

Ciomapsaö, -sta, m., the act of gathering; ip peappa öúinn ciomapsaö pepupa 'ná a öiúsaö an bóρo, it is better for us to amass wealth than to drink it all at the table (Seasán na Ráitíneac); as ciomapsaö ppácaióe 7 as bailiusaö oíop-

cán, gathering potatoes and gleaning ears of corn (S. Cork); tiomatisain, id.

Ciomangaim, -ao, v. tr., I collect,

gather,

Ciomatinaim, -aò, v. tr., I command.

Ciomicainne. f., circumlocution. Ciomicain, -maile, v. tr., I eat.

Tiomna, g. id., and -manta, pl.
-mnaide, m., a will, a testament,
a gift, a bequest; an imprecation, a curse; an Tiomna nuad,
the New Testament; in Don.
often 10mna, but Tiomna
(Tiomna) in Glenties district.

Ciomnaim, -naö, v. tr., I leave, bequeath, grant, bestow, consign; I curse; tiomnaim an teabar ro ráo' comaince, I dedicate this book to thee (McCurtin).

Tiomnuiţim, v. tr., I commit, resign, dedicate. See Tiomnaim.

Ciomnuiticoip, -opa, -oipioe, m., a testator.

Ciompán, -áin, pl. id., m. a timbrel, tabor, drum, cymbal; drum of ear; a roasting jack.

Ciompánact, -a. f., playing on a timbrel.

Tiompánuioe, g, id., pl., -ote, m., a timbrel player, a harper, a minstrel; tiompánac, id.

Ciompuiţim. See iompuiţim.
Ciompuţaò, -ruiţce, m., the act
of assembling, gathering together; a collection, congregation; a heap; aţ c. na broo,
tearing up the sods (Don. song);
Tiompuţaò (Arm.).

Tiompuiţim, -puţao, v. tr., I press together, gather, collect, congregate, bring together; tiom-rcuiţim (Arm.).

Ciompuitte, p. a., pressed together, gathered, collected.

Cionnabnao, m., rest, sleep; slumbering, dozing.

Tionnabjiaim, -ao, v. intr., I sleep, slumber, doze.

Cionntacaim, -cao and cain, v. tr., I accompany, conduct, accompany in procession or funeral (a

tio

form equivalent to Tiootacaim. See Tiootacao.

Tionnlacain, g. -ana, f., accompanying, conducting, attending in procession, funeral, burial; tionnlacain an Tomnait, a Sunday burial (M.); also tionnlac: tionnlac na n-óinpeat, friends escorting and re-escorting one another through reluctance to part.

Cionnecaval, -ail, m., a beginning or projecting; plotting; instruction; design; purpose; project; industry; management; céanna creabluro cionnecaval, the irksomeness of labour vanished

(Fer.).

Cionnycain, -ana, m., purpose, design, plot, arrangement.

Tionnpeat, -ait, pl. id., m., instruction, design, etc.; caitteae ξan τιοπηρεαt, a careless or ignorant hag (C. M.); pron. τιά γεαt (W. M.). See τιοπηρεασαt.

Tionnpcantaė, -taiže, a., industrious, ingenious, diligent, ad-

venturous.

Tionnpcantóin, -óna, -óinite, m., a beginner, deviser, contriver.

Tionneclao. See tionnecaval.

Tionnrcnaim, -am (or -ao), v. tr., I begin.

Cionnpenam, -aim, m., the act of beginning, beginning, inception; a device, a project, a plot; a preface; an arrangement.

Tionnponuisteoip. See Tionnp-

cancóin.

Tionητςμα, g. id., pl. -ioe, m., a portion, a dower, a reward, wages.

Tionnauiżim, -cóò, v. tr. and intr., I turn. See ionnauiżim.

Cionót, g. -óit, -ótta, pl. id., m., assembly, assemblage, meeting, gathering.

Tionótaim, vl. Tionót, v. tr., I gather, collect, assemble, con-

Cionúp, -úip, pl. id., m., a tanyard (A., tan-house?).

Ciopal, -ail, pl. id., m., a waterspider with six feet that runs on the top of the water without sinking; σαθάη πό ciapióς uirce (P. O'C.); cf. tipula, a crane-fly. Cionacar, -air, m., colonization,

planting.

C10μαΰ, -μὰλ, m., drying, simmering, scorching corn for the mills; seasoning, toasting, smoking.

Tiopamait, -mta, a., sheltered, warm, snug; convenient;

national.

Cionamilact, -a, f., homeliness; convenience, commodiousness.

Cíopánac, -aiż, -aiże, m., a tyrant, an oppressor.

Tíopánact, -a, f., tyranny, oppression (also tíopántact).

Cioμánτa, indec. a., tyrannical, oppressive; 50 τ., sharply (of scolding) (Don.).

Cίοη-ζηάο, m., love of country,

patriotism.

Cιομπάς, -a, f., drought, dryness. Cιομπάη, -áin, m., oatmeal mixed

with water; crowdy.

Cioμmużao, -uiże, m., aet of drying, of getting dry; drying power; τά τιομπυżao móμ 'ran tá inoiu, this day has great drying power; τά άμο-τιομπυζαο ann, there is great drying power in the day (in M., Con. and U. pron. τμιοπυżao).

Tiomungim, -ugao, v. tr. and intr., I dry, I go dry; oo tiomung an ta ruar, the day became dry, the rain ceased (in M., Con. and

U. pron. τ piomui $\dot{\tau}$ im).

Ciopica, p. a., parched, dried; kiln-dried.

Tíoptac, -ais, -aise, m., a patriot;

a countryman.

Cioruisim, -usao, v, tr., I colonize. Cior, ad., below, beneath; τίος κά'η οταιαπ, below, underneath the ground; τίος απηςο, just a little way off, with the falling of ground between; τά γέ τίος απηςο, he or it is just a little way off, in the hollow (a small incline justifies the

phrase); ní mire beio číor teir, I shall not be at a loss by it, it will not be laid to my charge, I shall not be blamed for it; tior as an noonar, below at the door (the fireplace being the point from which the door is regarded as being below); bruit ré číor azac, have you written it down? also have you it below? also have you it on the fire? tíor im' pócao, in my pocket.

Típ, -e, -íopta $(g. \tauipeac is somet.$ heard in M., and I have even heard in poet. an boctaib na Tipeann), land, country, nation, region, district; cín món, the mainland; ceann cine, headland, promontory; mac time (pron. maccine), a wolf; ouine Tine, a peasant; an otin, ashore (also 1 ocin); ceot cine or ceot luce tine, traditional vocal music, also ceot rtéibe (Don.); tá an t-ear as cup i otiopta, the waterfall is in great volume and is roaring (Don); thou time, a "country side," a place of vast extent.

Cíneac, -ηιζ, -ηιζe, See Clapac.

Tipim, gsf. Tiopma, a., dry, sere, sapless; tipim is opposed to rliuc; bneac-timim, half-dry; réan cinim, m., hay.

Tin-teat, m., a mansion, a country

Tiuc, an exclam. oft repeated in calling hens.

Tiuć, 7c. See 710¢, 7c.

Tiucaim, vl. tiucáil, v. tr., I tuck, I mill, I fill out; I clasp tidily. Trucáluroe, q. id. -ote, m., a

tucker.

Tiuż, gsf. -A, -iże, and tiuiże, M., a., thick, thick-set, close, solid, plentiful; quick, fast (M. and Don.): prubait 30 c., pepiob 50 τ., 7c.; 50 τιυς, in plenty; Le Daptaib tiuja, with numerous or frequent darts; abundant (as hair, etc.); pron. viub in sing.

Ciuzavar, -air, m., thickness. closeness, denseness, grossness. See ciuzar.

Tiusaim, v. tr. and intr., I thicken

condense, grow thick.

Tiużar, -air, m., thickness, grossness; state of being thick. set; frequency, abundance, plenteousness.

Tiuţtaċ, -aiţ, m., the thick or gross part of liquids, the dregs.

 $C_1u\dot{\varsigma}$ - $L_{\dot{\alpha}\dot{\varsigma}}c_{\dot{\varsigma}}$, $m_{.,\dot{\varsigma}}$ thick milk.

Tiutlair, -e, -ioe, a phlegmatic, thick-headed person (Clare).

 $C_{1}u_{1}n, f_{.}$, a tune; 1 ociuin, in tune, in order, well-regulated.

Thace, -aice and -a, m., a fair, market, a meeting; also the earth, the ground; both meanings enter largely into compounds.

Thact, -aict and -a, m., a garvesture; veil, screen, ment, garb of sorrow; a dye or colour; varnish, gloss, finery; also pleasure, delight, will, inclination.

Tlact-ainm, f., a fair or market-

place.

Tlact-bot, f, a tent or booth at a fair.

Claċτ-ζηάδαċτ, -a, f., geography; also tlact-eotar.

Clacc-ζηάθυιοe, m., a geographer.

Clacemac, -ais, m., firmness, courage.

Clacoman, -aine, a., handsome, comely, goodly, delightful, pleas-

Tlactmanact, -a, f., comeliness, pleasantness.

Clacc-rus, m., a strawberry.

Clact-comar, m., geometry. Claccuizim, -użao, v. tr., I bury

or inter; also I dye, colour, give gloss to.

Cláim, -e, -eaca, f., a handful of flax, wool, etc. See rlam.

Ttáit, -e, a., weak, languid.

Tláite, g. id., f., weakness; tláiteact, id.

Cláit-neim, f., weakening venom, benumbing poison.

Clámaim, -aò. I tease, comb. See

Cláp, -á1p, m., weakness, timorousness, weak-spiritedness, defeat.

τιάταρ, -αιρ, m., softness, weakness. See τιάρ.

Tlátuiţim, -uţato, v. tr. and intr., I reduce, I weaken.

Ttoct, -orct and -a, m., hoarseness, catarrh.

Clocτán, -án, m., a slight hoarseness or catarrh.

Tloctánac, -aiże, a., somewhat hoarse, having a slight cold.

This, g. -uis and -uise, d. -uis, m. and f., a pair of tongs (in M. the f. dat. this, pron. this, is used as terr an othis, with the tongs); this lin, or this, flax-tongs; in Glengar. this, flax-tongs, unrul, fire-tongs.

τίμητα, -ριό, m., fright; τμαιη γέ τ.= τάιπις γταπημαό αιη, he got frightened (Teelin, Don.); perhaps for ctipeao.

Tháite, p. a., exhausted, jaded,

worn-out, weary.

Thátaim, -taò, v. tr., I exhaust, tire out; as thátaò a céile, tiring one another out.

ζηάτ, -Δ, m., envy, jealousy, desire, longing, expectation; quarrel, contention; followed by te.

Tnútac, -aiçe, a., envious, jealous; contentious, quarrelsome; as s., an envious person, a rival, a bigot.

Tnútaim, vl., tnút, v. intr., I long for; I envy; at tnút an tae, looking eagerly for the day.

Cnútán, -ám, pl. id., m., hope, desire, expectancy (te, of, for); a zealot; often pron. τμάράn in Con.

Τπάτόιη, -όηα, -όιμιτο, m., an envious or covetous man; a jealous lover.

Tnútuiţim, -uţao, v. tr. and intr., I envy, covet, grow jealous.

Thúcuisceoin, -ona, -oinioe, m., one who is jealous or envious.

Toba, g. id., m., a burdock, a clotbur (P. O'C.).

Tobac, g. id., m., tobacco.

Tobac, -aif, m., act of levying, demanding, importuning, forcing, wresting.

Cóbacz, substance, sterling good-

ness. See tábact.

Cobaim, -bac, v. tr. and intr., I wrest, compel, induce, importune.

Tobainne, g. id., f., suddenness; 1 oc., quickly, soon (U.).

Tobán, -áin, pl. id., m., a tub, a vessel.

Tobann, a., sudden; 30 tobann, suddenly (U.). See obann.

Tobánτa, indec. a., important (U.).
Toban, -ain, pl. id. and τοιδηεαία,
m., a well, a spring; τοδαη
réite, a well of hospitality

(applied to a person).

τός, m., act of digging, delving, rooting up the ground, etc.; as τός na τυιζε, rooting up or ransacking the straw (E. R.); an ruand sampande in onon onta as τός, with bent backs in the potatoes. See τός am.

Tocast, -atta, f., act of delving, mining, rooting, etc.; a hollow.

See tóc and toctaim.

Tócaim, somet. for toctaim, vl. tóc and tocait, v. tr., I dig, delve, root up or scoop out the earth, etc.; I dig into the earth, make a hole and throw up clay, as distinct from regular digging; I root, as swine do.

Tocaltán, -áin, pl. id., m., an

excavation.

Tócan, -ain, pl. id., m., a causeway; a pavement; a road or passage.

Tocaparam. See τοcpairm. Τοcapoao, -ota, m., a winding or

reeling of thread.

Tocar, -air, m., itch, the itch; prurience; act of scratching, itching.

Tocapaim -cap, v. tr., I scratch,

scrape, itch.

Tóċarτataċ, -aiże, α., stately, majestic; ας τριατί το τόċartataċ, marching in triumphal procession (Kea., T. S.).

Toctao, -aro, m., a pit, a grave, a dyke; also act of digging up,

rooting. See Tocaste.

Toctaim, -clao and -caite, v. tr., I dig deeply and irregularly, I throw up earth, I root, make holes as swine do. See Tócaim and zóc.

Tocmaine, g. id., pl. -price, f.,

marriage-treaty.

Tocmanc, m., a marriage treaty;

a wooing, courting.

Cocμάο, m., grief, sorrow, vexation.

Tochaim, -caint, v. tr., I wind up, wind thread.

Tocpairim, -par, v. tr., I wind yarn, I roll up anything.

Tochar, -air, m., winding yarn;

rolling up anything.

Toct, -a, -aroe, m., a cross-board in a boat, used as a seat; also TOĊTA.

Toèt, g. -a, pl. -arôe and -anna, a bed tick; an oppression (of the heart) on account of sorrow; emotion; a fit of grief; a swoon or trance; silence, stillness; a fit of any passion as τοċτ buile azur éada, a fit of frenzy and jealousy (E. R.); rocr! silence! (Neilson).

Τοċτωċ, -Διζe, α., still, silent.

Toctaim, -ao, v. tr., and intr., I silence; I keep silence, am still. Toctamail, -mla, a. See toctac. Cocc ruail, m., urinary difficulties.

τοζ α (τοζ α ο), g. id. and τοζ \dot{c} α, f., a choice, the act of choosing; an election; δί τοξα na cópac A15e, he had perfect justice on his side; toża na brean, the best of men.

Tożać, -15e, a., chosen, select, choice; choosing, selecting. See

τοξτάς.

Tózáit, -áta, f., act of taking; act of raising, erecting, building, taking up, lifting up; tózáit cinn, appearance (of a thing formerly invisible) (U., but found in Mid. Ir.). See tossint and tosaim.

Tosail, -sla, -slaca, f., act of destroying, destruction, demolition; the story of the destruction or demolition (of a castle, etc.). See rojail.

Tożail, -e, a., forward, presump-

tuous (Ker.).

Tożaileać, -liże, a., destructive. Tózaim (tózbaim), vl. tózáit(τός δάιλ), τός aint (the latter form is the one now used in M.), v. tr., I raise, lift, erect, elevate, take up, build, rear, bring up, take, found, maintain. bring away; collect (rents, etc.); I impute something (acc.) to one's fault (an with dat.), ná τός opm é, do not blame me for it; I lift up, as above poverty, etc.; cózraió an c-ainzeao rin τά, that money will make you; τάιπ τόζτα le σ' ταθαμταρ, your present has enriched me. (This idiom is often used ironically); I arrest, seize, lay hold on; τός uaim é, take it away from me (of something proffered, but refused; zamain vo tózamt, to rear a calf; amzeao vo tózame 'ran banne, to raise a loan in the bank; ní tózraro ré a ceann 30 bhát, he will never be clear of social obloquy (one who has committed a crime); I arrest, seize, imprison; cózcan oam, it appears to me

(E. U.).Tożaim, -ao, v. tr. and intr., I

choose, select.

Tózamz, -e, f., the act of taking, arresting, etc.; oo cuip ré c. aip, he got him arrested; tózamt činn, an uprise, social advancement. See Tózaim.

Tożaipim, -żaipm, v. tr., I summon up, invite, I pray, beseech.

Tożaipm, -apma, f., the act of summoning; an invitation; a prayer or petition, a request.

Tózálac, -aize, a., erecting, building, raising, taking; sensitive, touchy, fault-finding, carping; contagious.

Tozanitac, -taije, a., desirous, wishful, having a bias or propensity, eager.

Cózbáit. See cózáit and cózaim.

Τός baim. See τός aim.

Τός βάλας, α. See τός άλας.

Tożlao, -żalta, m., the act of destroying, demolishing.

Tostaim, vl. tostao and tosail, v. tr. I destroy, I demolish.

Tożluareact, -a, f., a moving or motion: a miscarriage or abortion.

Tożluairim, -react, v. tr., 1 set in motion; I reanimate.

Tozna, g. id., m., a purpose, desire, will, inclination.

Tospaim, vl., tosaint, v. tr. and intr., I desire, seek, resolve;

attempt.

τόζτα, p. a., raised, lifted, built. bettered, improved; nac cú acá τόζτα leir, have you not been benefited by it? τά τέ τόζτα 50 oeo, he is set on his legs for ever; arrested, seized, captured.

τοξτα, p. a., selected; as subs., a choice or select person; as τος ταιδ και ραμμάιρτε, by the choice men of each parish.

Tózta, p. nec., with an = to be blamed; ní tózta onm é, I am not to be blamed for it (M_{\cdot}) .

Cożtać, -aiże, a., electing, choos-

Tożtacz, -a, f., choice, choosing, selection; zan cożcacc = without hesitation, without question.

Toibéim, -e, pl. id. and -eanna, f., a blemish, reproach, stain, scandal.

Coibéimeac, -mize, a., blemished, stained, scandalous.

Coibnizim, Jc. See carobnizim. Toice, g. id., pl. -ciòe, f., a girl, a wench; rcoil na ocoicióe, the girls' school (Cork); somet. applied to a pert, forward girl, a hussy. Toice, like wench, ranges in meaning from tenderness to contempt.

Coice, g. id., f., wealth, riches; ζαη τάθαοτ τοιce mé puinn,

while I am without much wealth or means (Fer.), abbreviated to Toic in Don., Rosses.

Toiceac, -cize, a., wealthy, pros-

perous.

Toice ao, m., licence, liberty, toler-

τοι \dot{c} ε α ο α \dot{c} , - α \dot{c} ε, \dot{c} ε, \dot{c} ε, \dot{c} ε ι $\dot{$ at liberty.

Coiceaouizim, -uzao. v. tr., I tolerate; I grant, permit.

Toiceall, -cill, m., a going or departing; also victory, conquest.

Toiceamail, -mla, rich. a.,

wealthy.

Tóiceartal, -ail, pl. id. m., a muster, an assemblage; an army. Cóiceartatac, -aize, α ., in mili-

tary array; proud, stately.

Coicióe, g. id., pl. -ote, m., a person of means.

Coicim, -cme, f., a walking or stepping; gait; proceeding; going; a guise, plight, weary plight; incident, adventure; rá'n c. rin, under that guise.

Coicín, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a wench, a hussy, etc. See toice.

Corplinine, g. id., f., luke-warmness, tepidity, insipidity; toughness; toipliumeact, id.; also ceipliuine.

Coirtiún, -uine, a., luke-warm, tepid, tough; also ceiptiún.

Coigoeao, m., act of searching for, esp. by deep digging, as for a treasure (M_{\cdot}) .

 $Coi\dot{\xi}eao, -\dot{\xi}io, m.$, the act of searching for (S. Ch. M.); also $\tau_{01}\dot{\varsigma}$ oeao (ré, for). See τοιζοεαο.

Toil, g. -e and rola, pl. rola, f., the will; a wish; willingness, consent, inclination; an-coit, excessive desire; if coil teif, he is willing, he wills, he wishes; teo' toit, by your leave, with your permission; má'r é vo toil é, if you please; ir coil le Osa, it is God's will; Seasán an a toil réin, self-willed John.

Toileac, -like, a., willing, vol-

untary; toilteac.

Toileacap, -aip, m., will, consent, acquiescence; t. intinne, contentment.

conteact, -a, f., willingness, consent, acquiescence.

Conteamant, -mta, a., willing, wilful, deliberate.

Toiteamlact, -a, f., willingness, wilfulness, obstinacy.

Controeact, -a, f., willingness,

consent, acquiescence.

Toiliţim, -iuţaō, v. intr., I agree, I assent, I like, I admit, I am satisfied, I am pleased.

Cost-ireat, -irte, a., obedient,

humble.

Coitte (τ uitte), g. id., f., hollowness, voidness.

Coilleact (cuilleact), -a,f., hollowness, voidness.

Toiltín g. id., pl. -nioe, m., a little hole, a small cave; dim. of tott.

Voluntary, deserving; 50 c. willingly.

Colleanar, -air, m., willingness;

desert, merit.

Toimpeac, m., a measure (of land); coimpeac theabaid and toimpeac theabta, a fee-farm (P. O'C.).

Compeacán, -áin, m., a measure. a balancing, riddle, conjecture; also a niggard, one who weighs or measures things minutely.

Coimpeamail, -mta, a., judicious, sagacious, calculating, sensible.

Cóin, -e, f., a tone or accent; a note.

Tóin. See cón.

Toméatt, m., a swoon, a trance, an ecstacy.

Comeam, -nim, pl. id., m., a salmon.

Conn-ċιoċ, m., a violent shower. Conn-teapuǯaö, -uıǯċe, m., skindressing, hide-dressing, or hidetanning.

Toınn-teapuiţim, -uţaö, v. tr., I dress or tan hides or skins.

Comn-leapuizteoin, m., a currier or tanner.

τόιμ, -όμα, -εαὰα, f., pursuit, rout in battle, chase, search, persecution; noise, uproar, commotion; το ἀμη τέα απ τόιμ αιμ, he pursued him; τά απ-τόιμ αιξε αιμ, he pursues or prosecutes it greatly; τά απ τόιμ αμ πο muttac το minic ὁ τίξεαμπα απ στάιτ, oft the Landlord persecutes me (MεD.).

Toip, τοip, ad., east, eastward, in the east, to the east; an Tooman τοip, the Eastern world. As is the case with similar words, a place or thing is said to be τοip, even when only a short distance away: τά αn τό τοip 'γαη ράιρις, the cow is in the field to the east, just a little way off; τοip i τροηςαίτς, in Cork, in the east.

Coiμιθελήτ, -διήτε, pl. -a, f., the act of giving, bestowing, offering; oblation, a tradition, delivering up; pregnancy.

Confibeantac, -aise, a., generous,

liberal, munificent.

τοιμιθελήτας, -Δίς, m., goodness, bounty, liberality, a gift, munificence.

Toiptinim, -tipt and -teapt, v. tr. and intr., I deliver, offer, yield, transfer.

τοιμέσας, -ἐις, m., fruit, conception, pregnancy;
 τ. bμέιζε, moon-calf, false pregnancy;
 fœtus; offspring, progeny.

Conticearac, -aige, a., pregnant. Conticeimnigim, -niugao, v. intr., I strut, walk in a stately manner.

Toipcisim, -ciusao, v. tr. and intr., I cause to conceive, impregnate.

Coipicim. See coipicizim.

Toipcim, -e, f., numbness, stupor, deadness, heaviness, drowsiness; toipcim ruain, a dead sleep.

Toipćimeać, -miże, a., drowsy, sleepy, numb, trance-like.

Conficience cc, -a, f., stupidity, drowsiness.

Conficientism, -iużao, v. intr., I sleep soundly, I lie in a trance.

Coincingao, -cigte, m., a conception; act of conceiving.

Confic-pread, -ende, -a, f, the caul of the heart, a heart-string; the midriff (P, O'C.).

Tómeact, -a, f., pursuit.

Toinearc, -nirc, pl. id., m., a saw; te toinearcaib, with saws (I. Kings, vii., 9); pron. thiopc, in E. U.; "an tuat nó an thiopc, so riú na cíne" (U. song).

Toipearcuive, g. id., pl. -ote, m., a sawyer; pron. thearcaive in

Lismore district.

Cóipioe, g. id., pl. -ote, m., a pursuer.

Toimitim, v. tr., I pursue; follow closely.

Contilien, -e, f., the act of leaping down, descending.

Cont-léimim, -léim, v. intr., I alight, descend.

Toinm, -e, f., noise, din.

Toimmearc, g. -mirc, pl. id., m., act of hindering, hindrance, impediment, obstacle, opposition, mischief, destruction; obstructing; a row; oo cuin ré c. 'na mearc, he raised a row amongst them (W. Ker.).

Confirme apción, -óna, -óninióe, m., an obstructor, a destroyer, a busybody, a mischief-maker.

Tolpmircim, vl. Tolpmearc, v. tr. and intr., I disappoint, shun, forbid; I am in the way.

Toipin-cteap, m., an explosion, a loud noise such as thunder, applause, etc.; τομμαιπη-cteap, id.

Tóinneac, -niże, -a, f., thunder.

Tommeam, -nim, m., the act of pressing down; act of lowering,

humbling.

Cóιμπέις, -e, f., a commotion, excitement, great noise of people gathered in a town, etc.; ní't a teitéiro oe τ. 1γ bí ann, such a commotion was never seen (Don.).

τόιμηιζιπ, v. intr., I thunder, make a loud noise (also τόιμη-

1m).

Continum, -neam, v. tr., I pull down, lower, humble, destroy. See Eugmaim.

Toimpin, g.id., pl.-nice, m., house-

leek

Tonn-pléarcam, -ao, v. intr., I make a tumult, racket, noise, uproar.

Toipi-piéimnisim, -iusao, v. intr.,

I move or go in state.

Toippe, g. id., pl. -reach and -rive, f., a torch; also poet. for tuippe. See tuippe.

Cómpresc, -rije, a., lamp-like,

torch-like.

Toipic,-e,-eanna, f., size, quantity; value, respect; a cake; an an στοίμε, on the spot, instantly; ní't aon τοίμε ann, it is very small; ní't act τοίμε m' όμοόίζε ann, it is only the size of my thumb; τοίμε ζαη ταιμές, a big man who cannot be depended on to do much work (Don.).

Toint, -e, -eanna, f., a bush, a

tuft.

Contreac. See Tontac.

Tointeamail, -mila, a., bulky, stout, of large size.

Cónnicén, -re, f., pride; great joy

(followed by ar).

Cόιμτέιγεας, -γιζε, α., proud, pompous; excessively pleased; very glad; τάιπ απα-τόιμτέιγεας αγ, I am very proud of him (W. Ker.).

Toint-reoit, f., proud flesh.

Cointin, g. id., pl. -nroe, m., a small cake; a little quantity (genly used with neg.); a dwarf.

Comcir, f., a tortoise.

Toirc, -e, -orca, f., a journey, an expedition; work, business; a circumstance; the amount of a thing done at a time; torca na cuire, the circumstances of the case; it that a toirc of e, it puts me in a sad plight; it boot mo toirc aige, he has put me in a sad plight; ve toirc, on account of, owing to, on the score of; vaon-toirc, with

special aim, exclusively, deliberately:

A hablac tá vá pthaca vá ap

Az maonaíb Sacran zo cealzac o'aon toirc;

Her carcass is being torn asunder

By Saxon curs treacherously, with deliberate intent.

-(O'Ra.);

Toirc San beit ann, because of not being there; tabain toirc uirce cutam, bring me a vessel of water (as much as you can bring at a time) (Don.).

Corrc, -e, f., will, pleasure, desire.

See torre supra.

Corre-beo, a., quick, ready, expeditious.

Corpc-beodact, -a, f., quickness, activity, expeditiousness.

Correamant, -mta, α ., left, sinister (O'R.).

Torpeac, -priz, pl. id., m., a leader, a chief; z. turnze, a sea-captain; z. ptuarz, a fieldmarshal.

Toit, -e, f., smoke, vapour, fume, agitated dust; at véanam toite, smoking, act of smoking; tá an toit at véanam toite, smoke is rising from the housetop (Rathlin I., G. J.); cait toit, take a draw, whiff; at toit tambac, smoking a pipe (U.); tan to n-ólaio mé toit ar an píopa, wait till I take a draw out of the pipe (Don.); a bit, a scrap, a fragment.

τοιτελό, -τιζε, α., smoky, smutty,

vaporous.

Toiteacán, -áin, pl. id., m., a chimney.

Toiteamail. See toiteac.

Toiteán, -áin, pl. id., m., a burning, a conflagration; a steak or piece of meat broiled (or to be broiled) on the embers. See toitín.

Toitim, -teao, and toit, v. tr., I roast, broil, smoke, perfume.

Coitín, g. id, pl. -nroe, m., a small toast, a small bit of meat broiled on embers, a small quantity of snuff made of singed or half-burned tobacco; a cigarette (recent).

Coitín, g. id., pl. -nroe, m., a por-

poise.

Toit-leannán, m., a concubine.

Coιτρελό, -μιζε, -μελόλ, f., smoke, fume, incense, perfume; a conflagration (nom. also τοιτρε.)

Coιτριελό, -ριό, α. smoky, fumy,

perfuming.

Corchisim, - mużaż, v. tr., I burn,

scorch, broil.

Tolante, g. id. f., barrenness, nakedness, exposure, want of clothing, cover, or shelter. (P. O'C.).

Tótam; 1 orótam, always (Con. and W. U.); the form in Co. Mayo is 1 orótám, which is probably the best existing.

Totca, g. id., pl. -aroe, a hill or mountain; a surge, a high wave; nom. also totc. See tutca.

Cots, g. tuits, m., strength, force, effort, attempt; pride, haughtiness.

Totz, g. τ uitz, pl. id., m., a bed, a couch.

Colζaċ, -aiţe, a., proud, haughty. Colζaċ, -gċa, m., act of tearing, breaking, smashing; a rupture, a breach; act of taking (a disease) (Con.).

Totzaim, -ao, v. tr., I tear, rack, smash; I take (a disease).

Totgán, -ám, m., straining, distressing, exerting strength (P. O'C.).

Tolzánac, -aiże, a., straining,

distressing.

to a bed, couch, etc.; also proud, haughty, strong, stiff. See tots in its various meanings).

Tott, gsf. tuitte, a., hollow.

Tott, g. tuitt, pl. id., m., a hole, a hollow, cavity, pit, pond; the hind quarters; also the head, cf. tottama, the temples (of the

head); nuo a cun i ocott a ceite, to arrange a thing, to make it up; cf. 1 ocóm a céile. See polt.

Tottać, -aiże, α ., having holes,

perforated.

Tottact, -a, f., state of being perforated.

Tollavoin, -ona, -onnive, m., a

piercer, a borer.

Tollaim, -lao, v. tr., I pierce, I bore, I penetrate; vo vottav mé thé m' aeoib-re, I am pierced through the heart.

Tollaine, g. id., pl. -price, m., a piercer, a borer; a strong, brave man; also a skulker in holes.

Toll-bonb, -buinbe, a., strong, stout, daring, positive.

Coltón, -óna, -ónnoe, piercer, a borer.

Toltas, p. a., pierced, perforated.

Tolltac, $g_{\cdot,\cdot}$ -aite, $a_{\cdot,\cdot}$ piercing, boring, penetrating.

Com, g. τ u₁m, pl. id., m., a bush, atuft; a thicket, a grove; a knoll, an eminence, a small bank; com reanzáin, an ant hill; paoi bruse na ocom, at the edge of the thickets (Rev. Paul O'Brien).

Comac, -aise, a., bushy, tufty; full of bushes, tufts or thickets.

Tomao, -mta, m., a dipping or immersing.

Comadóin, -óna, -óinide, m., a diver, a dipper.

Tomatom, -aoma, m. and f., a bursting forth of water.

Comaiomim, vl. comaiom, v. intr., I burst forth.

Tomaite, -e. f., the act of eating. Tomaim, -ao. v. tr., I dip, immerse.

Tomaineact, -a, f., dipping, diving, plunging into water, etc.

Tomairim, -mar, v. tr., I measure, weigh, estimate; I guess, unriddle.

Tomaiteam, -tim, m., swaggering,

threatening (P. O'C.).

Comattac, '-aije, greedy, voracious, gluttonous; also hospitable; as subs. a glutton, a great eater.

Tomatcóin, -óna, -ónnioe, m., a great eater, a glutton.

Tomatear, -air, m, vietuals, eatables.

Tomán, -áin, pl. id., m., a small bush.

Tómar, -air, m., in phr. 1 ocómar, rao! tómar, in store for; oo coimeádar é rin 10' cómar réinio, I kept that for you specially; biao oo beit ottam 1 ocómar Seazáin, to have food ready for John; an im' comarra, is it for me? oo jtuair raoi tómar baintheabac, he went to the aid of widows (Condon).

Tomar, -air, pl. id. and -aireanna, m., act of measuring; a measure, a weight = 21lbs.; a fathom; weighing scales, a balance; a comar ladam, a riddle; measurement by the hand, an approximation to a measurement; a mode or mood in

music.

Tomar- \dot{r} tat, f., a measure yard. Tomba, g.id., pl. -aroe, m., a tomb. Comtaim, -ao, v. tr., I eat, devour, consume.

Tomtac, -aise, a., apt to plunge in water, given to diving.

Tomtac, -aite, a., threatening,

swaggering.

Tón, -óna, -óna, f., a bottom, a foundation; the end; the lower or hinder part; the fundament; zan cóin, bottomless; v'ótar rian 50 cóin é, I drank it to the bottom; 1 ocóin an ciże, in the lower part of the house, the part most distant from the fire-place; teat-con, the flank; cuaro an long go com puill, the ship went to the bottom, $\operatorname{sank}(M., \operatorname{Con.})$; cuaro an tonz 50 τόιη ea5áιη, id. (Om.); cuaro an long 30 cóin, id. (Don); 1 oróin na clarac, in the bottom of the pit (Con.); con an poza, the bottom of the pot; τόη tuinge, a ship's keel; τόη tine, lowlands. See tonn.

Tonn, g. tunne, pl. tonna, tonnta, and tonnthaca, f., a wave, a billow; tonn tuite, the waters

(McD.).

Tonn, g. τunne, f., low-lying land, fallow land, pasture land; a level marsh; τonn an boξαό, a quagmire; τonn cpeata or τonn cpitin, id.; nom., also τunn; in parts of M. τόn an boξαό, ης., is used for τonn an boξαό, ης.

Conn, gsf. cuinne, a., quick, nimble, active; used somet. as an in-

tensive prefix.

Conna, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a ton; a tun, a tub.

a tun, a tub.

Connac, -aiçe, a., glittering, waving, billowy, tempestuous.

Connac, -aiz, -aize, m., a bulwark.
Connacao, -cca, m., act of cleansing, washing; act of preparing a corpse for waking; also somet.
preparation of a person for death, such as closing the mouth, etc.

Connacam, -cao, v. tr., I wash, bathe; I lay out a corpse for waking; also somet., I close the mouth of a dying person, and prepare him for death.

in waves; vomiting, belching,

convulsing.

Connaim, -ao, v. intr., I vomit, belch forth, rise in waves.

Connaim, -ao, v. tr., I skin, flay, curry, tan.

Connán, -áin, pl. id., m., a little

Tonn-aoir, f., in phr. τάτοπη-aoir mait aige, he is of a good age (Con.); cf. rcot-aoir; also τοπη aoire; cf. πίομ βόγ γέ σο παίδ τοπη mait aoire aige (Aran folk-tale).

Conn-burgaro, m., a great smash-

ing (McD.).

Tonn-cheac, f., great robbery

(McD.).

Tonn-ċţιiċim, -ċţιiċ, v. intr., I tremble violently; το ċţιοm-ċţιiċ m'inċinn, τ'imċiġ mo ἡτιίοṁ-τόċar, my brain re-

ceived a violent shock, my chief hope has departed (O'Ra.); also ronn-cṛuċim.

Tonnos, indec. a., aged, hoary. Tonn-rols, gen. used as adj., of

bloody waves ($Ke\alpha$.).

Conn-Ġaoċ, f. a strong fierce wind. Conn-tuarcaċ, m.. act of wavestirring, raging, tossing, foaming.

Tonn-marom, m., the bursting or

breaking forth of water.

Tonnóz, -ó1ze, -óza, f., a duck.
Tonnórc, -ó1rce, -ó1rceaca, f. an
accident, a misfortune, a calamity; also Tionó1rc and Teanzó1rc.

Conneace, -a, f., inundation,

wave-likeness.

Conn-zaorcao, m., a puking or vomiting.

Tonn-taopcaim, -aò, v. tr., I puke, vomit.

Conn-cheab, f., a strong race (McD_{\bullet}) .

Cop, g. τuip, m., a spongy, mossy body or substance; τop τeineaö, a volume or blaze of fire; cf., ξαċ τορ τeineaö ξο coiτċeann méaouiţċean.

Copáir, -e, -roe, f., a topaz.

Top-naircim, -arcao, İ bind or tie a bundle.

Top, g. τυιρ, pl. id. and -τα, m., a bush; the root of a tree; τορ cabáirτe, a head of cabbage; τορ αιτιπη, a furze-bush; τορ tuacpa, a bunch of rushes.

Topacar biadain, m., celery-leaved crow-foot, ranunculus

sceleratus.

τομαό, -αιό, -μέα, m., fruit, profit, produce, increase, result, reward, advantage; τά τομαό το όμιο οιδμε αξατ, you have the fruit of your labour (iron.); fig., virtue; το τομαό πο μεατα, by virtue of my agility; το τομαό μεατα also=by dint of running, and in Don. in the form α τοιμε μεατα it is the common expression = hardly, scarcely, e.g., α τοιμε μεατα

tuis mé é, I hardly understood it (toine altered from topao through influence of a (=0e) tainte?); in Teelin, Don., a nisin a' peata (=either ve pisin an peata or an éisin an peata) = hardly, scarcely; vo leiseadan iau péin i deonaú peata, they ran with all their might (in Don. leis piau iau

reard, heed, care; ní τυς regard, heed, care; ní τυς reconsideration, m., respect, regard, heed, care; ní τυς reconsideration (i.e., heed, reply); ní't aon τομαό αιζε ομπ, he heeds me not; τομαό αι πασμαιό, the heed paid to a dog, disregard, disrespect; cao é an ionζηαό συιπε ας cainπτ αὸτ συιπε πά τυιζεαό αου τομαό,

should speak except one whom nobody minds.

Toplatoeac, -oize, a., fertile, fruit-

it is not strange that any one

ful, prolific.

τόμαιθελέτ, -a, f., pursuit, or search after; az τ. an maoao ηυαο, hunting a fox (Louth song).

Topaim, -ama, f., a heavy load or amount; τάιπις τομαιμ πόμ copatra aiμ, he fell into a deep

slumber.

Topamail, -mla, α . See topaio-eac.

Topamlact, -a, f., fruitfulness.

Conán, -ánn, pl. id., m., a species of white, red-headed maggot, destructive to corn, to the stomachs of horses, and to potatoes.

Topann, -ainn, m., sound, report,

noise.

Conannać, -aiże, α., heavy rolling (of waves).

Conar. See cupar.

Topatap, -aip, pl. id., m., a monster, a misshapen creature.

Copc, g. τιιτις, pl. id., m., a wild boar; a hog, a boar; a shaggy rough head of hair (=motall); τά τοπο ζημαίζε αιμ (Mon.).

Concamin (τομέμαιμ), vl. τομcaiμτ, v. tr. and intr., I slay, I fall; I am killed,

Concaμ, -Διμ, m., fall, departure,

aeath.

τομέλη, -λιη, m., wealth, riches, abundance.

Topicpaim, -cap, v. tr. and intr., I fall or perish; I slay.

Topicuizim, -użao v. tr. and intr.,

I engender, I fructify.

Cóμmac, -aiż. m., increase, expansion; state of being pregnant, springing (of animals); increase, added strength; g. τόμ-maiż, used as adj., as bó τόμ-maiż, a springer.

Tópmarpeac, -prize, a., watchful,

on guard.

Topmán, -áin, pl. id., m., a roaring sound, a rumbling noise; a whirlwind; topmán saoite, a whirlwind; ní't ann act toit asur topmán, he is of no account, I do not fear anything he can do to me (Don.).

Tommánac, -aiże, a., noisy, rumb-

ling, turbulent.

Topmar, -air, m., act of grumbling, murmuring, esp. grumbling at one's food; cuio an τopmair i mbéat an οσμαίζ, the grumbler's portion in the mouth of the hungry.

Topmaruróe, g. id., pl. -óte, m., a grumbler; one who is dissatisfied with his food; a calf, etc., that refuses to drink its

milk.

Vópmuiţim, vl. -pmac and -uţao, v. intr., I grow, increase, augment.

Conn, an oven; a kiln. See ronn. Cónna, g. id., pl. -aròe, m., a lord, a prince, a sovereign; a proper name.

τόρπάιτ, -áta, f., a turning, a
 striking one thing against another.

Tojinán, -áin, pl. id., m., a heap (Mon., Sup.).

Topnap, -sip, pl. id., and -apaioe, m., a turnip (M., A.).

τοηπός, -όιζε, -όςα, f., a limekiln; dim. of τοηπ; prop. γοηπός.

Connóin, -óna, -óinioe, m., a turner

with a lathe.

Topp, g. tupp, pl. id., m., a round paunch, a big belly.

Toppać, -aiże, a., having a round paunch, big-bellied.

Toppacán, -áin, pl. id., m., a round-

paunched fellow.

Coppán, -áin, pl. id., m., a crabfish; a frog; also a kind of edible sea-weed (somet. pron. τροράη); a lump of earth, a clod.

Toppóς, -όιζε, -όζα, f., a stout, strong girl; ní²t rεαμ ζο mbíonn bobóς αιζε πά ζο braζαnn τομρός α ἐμάταnn ί (Ker. prov.).

Tonnac. See Tannac.

Toppactaim, -ao, v. tr., I make round.

Cομμαό, -μόα, m., heaping or piling; amassing.

Toppaim, -aò, v. tr., I heap up, pile, amass.

Cóppam, -aim, m., a "wake," a visit to a sick or dead person, a watch, a guard; a funeral (U.).
Cóppamaim, vl. -pam, I visit, call

to see, wake, watch, guard.
Connán, -áin, pl. id., m., a heap, a

pile, a hillock.

τόργα (for ταργα), over them, beyond them; τόργα is used in M.; also τόργτα, τάργτα.

Tont, tont. See tant.

Contac, -Δiże, α., fruitful, productive.

Contactac, -Διζε, α., fruitful (Don.).

Contamail, -mla, α., fruitful, prolific.

Contamtact, -a, f., fruitfulness.
Contaob, -aoibe, f., confidence; sole dependence on; beit i στοηταοίδ te rcitting, having nothing but a shilling; i στοηταοίδ te haon mac amáin, depending solely on one son; P. O'C. says τοηταοδ = contaoδ; some think beit i στοηταοίδ =

beit as ταδαιμε ταοιδ, certainly the verb σοδειμιπ is used with ταοδ in the sense of confiding in, depending solely on; the common pron. is 1 στάμταοιδ in M.; f. 1 σταοιδ te.

τομταοβάς, -αίζε, α., faithful, reliable, to be depended on.

Contaobaim, -aò, v. intr., I trust, confide in, depend upon.

Concaobċaċ, -aiţe, α., confiding in, relying on, trusting; as s., one that trusts or confides in another.

Coμταοΰτάτ, -a, f., confidence,

reliance, dependence.

Concuisim, -usao, v. tr., I compel, force.

Cóμαιόe, g. id., pl. -öte, m., a pursued person, a tory, a robber, a highwayman; a persecuted person.

Cóμιιζιm, -uζαό, v. tr., I pursue, search for, seek, enquire for; I

persecute.

Cόμ**u**1ζτεοιμ, -ομ**a**, -οιμιόε, *m*., a pursuer.

Copurcaμ, -aiμ, m., massacre, slaughter, destruction.

Top, beginning. See ταρ.

Topaċ, -aiẋ, m., commencement, beginning, front, face; origin, foundation; an τοpaċ, in front, in the foremost place; gs. as a.: an ċop τοpaiẋ, the fore-leg; τοpaċ na táime, the thumb side of the hand; 'un τοpaiẋ, first, at first (Con.)=an τάρ; τeaċτ 'un τοpaiẋ, coming on, proceeding, getting on (Don.).

Toraroeact, -a, f., chieftaincy,

leadership.

Torcaine, g. id., pl. -proe, m., an ambassador.

Corcan, -ain, pl. id., an army, a host, a military expedition; a sept, a tribe, a family on migration.

Topnuiţim, -uţaö, v. tr. and intr.,

I begin (with an), oo topnuiţ ré an é oéanam, he began to do it; oo topnuiţ ré an, he began to attack or scold him;

topnuiţmír na humnaiţte reo

7c., let us begin these prayers, etc. (a formula at the opening of family prayers).

Tort, m., silence; τάιm ιm' τορτ, I am silent; bí ιτο' τορτ, be silent, hold your tongue!

Tortac, -aize, α ., silent, mute; tacitum.

Tortaim, -ao, v. intr., I cease, am silent or mute.

τόρται, -ail, m., arrogance, pride, το τράστρα απ τ. comόρταις le reapacoin, who would presume to compare themselves with champions (E. R.). See τόιταις ται.

Tórtalac, -aiże, a., presumptious,

arrogant.

Toptuižim, -użaż. v. intr., I stop,

Corução (cornução), -uiçõe, m., beginning, introduction, onset;

origination.

Topuiţim, -uţaō, v. tr. and intr, I begin, commence (with aμ). In Con. it is often followed by az, in U. by a (00) with vl. See τορπιιζιm.

Tot, feminine, female, often as a prefix; tot, tot-ball, mem-

brum fæmineum.

Tota, g. id., pl. -aroe, m., the rower's seat in a boat (O'Br.). See toot.

Totalac, -aiże, a., precipitous.

Totamact, -a, f., a stuttering, a tottering.

Coċθυαμας, -Διζ, m., rushes pounded and prepared for the making of a buanac, or spancel (Don.).

Tożtuiżim, -użażo, v. tr., I desire, wish for, have an appetite for;

coclaim, id.

τηα, indeed, in truth, however; indeed, then, just, also, to wit, videlicet, likewise; τηα . . . 14ηαṁ, used like Lat. quidem . . . vero; Gr. μέν . . . δὲ; c1ὁ (ζιὸ) τηα αἰτ, however, howbeit, albeit; τηα, used by Connacht writers for τηάτ = Δη τηάτ, when; in Con. and U.

poetry τμάτ = when, is usual: τμάτ ξεοδαιμ mo rcéata, when you get the word.

Cractarr, -e, f., things in an ununtidy condition; trash; τά an τeac na τρατίταις, the house

is in disorder (N. Con.).

τράς, -a, m., act of treating of, speaking, talking of, recounting; discussion, treatise; bargaining, trading; demand, custom, trade: τά τ. πόρ Διζε, he has great custom, does a great trade (Cork); act of journeying, travelling; recourse; catao τράςτ, a trading port (C. Wal.).

τράċτ, -a. m., a bank or shore of a river; the foot-sole; τράċτ ρτος the vamp of a stocking, ό ὅaταρ 50 bonn-τράċτ, from

head to foot.

Τμάἐταὸ, -aιὸ, m., a tradition, a discourse, a treatise, a description; a contract, the act of bargaining.

Cμάcτάιt, - \acute{a} ta, f., a negotiation,

a trade.

Τμάσταιm, vl. τμάστ, v. intr., I discuss, treat (of, αμ), discourse about, I describe, announce.

τρά ταιητ, .ι. τρά τ, act of journeying through, passing over.

Τμάστλημε, g. id., pl. -μισε, m., one that treats of or discourses on a subject, a recorder, an historian.

Τηάςτάι μιόε, $g.\ id., pl.$ -ότε, m., a

negotiator.

Cηατάη, -áin, pl. id., m., a back load, a back burthen; τηατuatac, id.

Thaona. See thaona.

τηάς. See τηάις.

Τμάζαὸ, g. τμάιζτε, pl. id., m., act of draining, emptying, ebbing, subsiding, act of drawing liquid; ας τμάζαὸ, ebbing (of the tide), ας τίσηαὸ, flowing (of the tide).

Thazaroe, indec. a., mournful,

tragic.

Thażaróeact, -a, f., tragedy in general; a tragedy.

Cházaim, -żao, v. tr. and intr., I

drain, dry up, I ebb.

Τμάζ-δαιτε, m., a town on the strand or shore; a name for Dundalk, orig. Τμάιζ Θαιτε (Baile's Strand), surviving as δαιτε na Τμάζα=Seatown, portion of Dundalk.

Tráżlać, -aiż, m., a want, a lack-

ing; dryness, drought.

Cηάξ-ηόν, m., a road or way by or through a strand or shore; a strand-road.

τραζυιόε, g. id., pl. -ότε, m., a

tragedian.

Thái \dot{z} , -á \dot{z} a pl.~id., f., the shore, the strand, the beach.

Cμάιζ-διοίαμ, -αιμ, m., seurvy-grass.

Cpiáiţeánac, -naiţ, -naiţe, m., a lazy person.

τηάιζτε, p. a., dried up, drained out, ebbed.

That $\dot{\xi}$ $\dot{\xi}$ $\dot{\xi}$, $\dot{\xi}$, $\dot{\eta}$, a foot; somet. collect., the feet.

Τράιτελό, -tiɨ, m., a stiffness in the wrist caused by manual labour, etc. (Clare); in Aran, τηάταὸ. See ταὑταὸ.

Thairnín. g. id., pl. -niòe, m., the horizontal rope which retains the other ropes used in binding a thatched house, a hay-stack, etc., in their places; also a lath

in roofing.

Tháirnín, g. id., pl. -nioe, m., a withered stalk of meadow grass, usually one of the strong blades in a tuft of grass; a "thranneen" or grass blade, somet used to free the stem of a smoking pipe; the herb bennet; a dart, an arrow, anything that pierces or bores (τράιτρίη, id.).

that drags the very bottom of

the bay (A.).

Changlam, -aim, m., bustle, confusion, disorder, hurrying to

and fro; conflict.

Τηλοċλό, -ċτλ, m., abating, exhaustion; ζλη τηλοċλό, without ceasing.

Τηλοζαίπ, vl. τρλοζαό, v. tr., I lessen, abate, drain, subdue, exhaust; I weary, worry, wear out; τά απ teanb σά τρλοζαό, the child is becoming exhausted, is on the verge of expiring.

Thaocta, p. a., worn out, ex-

hausted, worried.

τριαουάη, -áin, pl. id., m., a small louse. See τροίξεαυάη.

Epacitle, g. id., pl.-troe, f., the

tide (Don.).

Tμασηα, g. id., and -aiţ, pl. -roe, m., a cornerake; cootao an τμασηα ċuţατ, may you sleep as the cornerake, that is an all-night watching.

Τραοπυιόε, g. id., pl. -öċe, m., an idle, lazy fellow; τραοπαίρε, id.

τηλογιυιζίπ, -υζαό, I congratulate (with vo): νο ρόγαό νο τηλογιυζαό όμις, to congratulate you on your marriage (Béarra).

Cηαράη (ταμράη), -άιη, m., a bunch, a cluster, an edible seaweed.

Thaptair, -e, f., a mixture of food; bad food. See thactair.

τησης σιητ, - σητα, f., act of overthrowing; prostrating; overthrow, destruction.

Τραγελραίm, vl. τραγελίμε, v. tr., I overthrow, I knock down, lay low, defeat.

Tηαγκαμτας, - Διζε, α., causing to fall, prostrating, defeating.

Tharcaptóin, -óna, -óinióe, m., one that overthrows or lays

prostrate.

Tharna, prep. and ad., athwart, across, from side to side, as prep. with gen.; τηαγπα πα γιέιδτε, across the mountains; ας ζαβάιι τηαγπα, crossing over, stretching across; also τημαγπα.

Τηαρηλό, -Διζε, α., cross, forward. Τηαρηλότ (ταμρηλότ), -λ, f., cross-

ness, forwardness.

Cμαρηλιόθας, - α , f., interruption in conversation (Mayo).

τριαγηλή, -λίη, pl. id., m., a ledge, cross-beam, a joist, a bearer.

τραγημιζίπ, -υζαό, v. tr., I contradict, forbid, oppose, gainsay. τράγτα = τράτ-γο, this time or season; το τράγτα, hitherto.

τράτ, -a, pl. id., and -anna, m., time, occasion, season, the time of day, canonical hour, prayer time; a natural day, 24 hours; an τράτ, τράτ (commonly τράτ, τρά in C. and U.), when, as soon as; τράτ έιζιη, at some time or other; an τράτ γιη, then, at that time; anτράτ, untimely; as σέαπαὶ τριάτα, keeping the canonical hours; ι n-am 'γ ι στράτ, in good time; uain agur τράτ, just then; ξατ ρε τράτ, every other day; τράτ biτ (also τράτ), a meal (Don.).

Τηάταπαιτ, -mta, α., timely, seasonable; τηάταċ id.

Trátamlact, -a, f., timeliness, seasonableness.

Τμάτηόπα, g. id., pl. - πτα and - αιόe, m., evening; um τ., at eventide; τ. 1 ποιυ, this evening; τ. 1ποέ, last evening; τ.1 πbάμας, to-morrow evening; άμο-τμάτπόπα, afternoon; - όιπίπ, dim., evening late.

τράτρας, -Διζ, m., stalks, stems of grass; darts, arrows, piercers,

or borers.

Τρατιιόε, g. id., m., an idle, helpless person (Kilk., Sup.).

τράτυιόe, g. id., pl. - ότe, m., a cock who crows regularly at the same

hour every morning.

τηέ, prep. [in pronom. combinations, thiom or thim, thit or τηίοτ, τηίο (m.), τηίτe(f.), chinn, thib, thiota, with art. often thér an, thér na, also thío an (prefixes n to rel. or poss. adj. pron.)], through, by means of; τηέ η-α céile (τηίο α c., U.), mixed up, in confusion; τμέ n-a choroe, through his heart; τρίο an scoppac, through the swamp; chio an abainn, through the river; the chearτλότ, by means of gentleness; it denotes a state of permeation,

as, tá an coill thé teinio, the wood is on fire; cá brior nac thiom-ra atá rin, who knows but this is through me; the n-a ξcompáo σόιδ, while they were speaking; oo'n mbanntnact beannuizear thío béanta, I greeted the women in English (Mon. song); somet. governs a clause: thé na vaoine reo beit ann, on account of these people being there; the Jan beit an merrce, on account of not being drunk. In such clauses, thé = 1 000016, man jeall an, 7c.; with man, inasmuch as; thé map cuit ré, inasmuch as he fell; thé is now pron. thí, and the latter form is found in O. Ir.

Theab, -eibe, -a, f., a tribe, a family, a race; a house, a home, as in phr., ni't τις πά τριεαδ Δίζε, he has neither house nor home (Ker.). See also Sup.

The abac, $-a_1\dot{z}e$, a., pertaining to a tribe or family, as subs., a house-

holder.

Τριεαθάς, -Διζ, -Διζε, m., a ploughman.

Theabac, -ais, m., winter cresses, winter rocket.

Cheabacar, -air, m., great feats; also a tribe, a family (M.).

Theada chuic, m., a plough (E.R.). Theadao, -bta, m., the act of ploughing.

ζηε αδασόιμ, -όμα, -όιμι όε, m.,a husbandman, a ploughman;

Theabtoin, id.

Theabaim, -bao, I plough, make furrows in; as theabao na oconn, ploughing the waves (McD.).

The abance, g. id., pl. -price, m., a husbandman, a ploughman; also

a householder.

Cηεαδαιμεαότ, -a, f., ploughing tilling.

Theabán, -áin, pl. id., m., a tribune (Plunket, O'R., etc.).

Cheabancap, -aip, m_•, a syllabub, sour milk (*Plunket*, P. O'C.).

Theaban, -anne, a., strong, firm, robust; also discreet; mitneaban, indiscreet.

Theabloro. See throbloro.

Theab-tucz, m., a tribe, a family, a household.

Τηεαθίμιζη, -uζαό, v. tr., I trouble, disturb; τηεαθίαιπ, -αό, id.

Cheabrah, -aiμ, m., a pair of trousers (A.).

Treabtać, - $a_1\dot{z}$, - $a_1\dot{z}e$, m., a ploughman, a husbandman.

The stude, g. id. pl. -ote, m., a

ploughman.

The actairc, -e, -ioe, f., a disordered rabble, as a crowd of men returning drunk from the fair escorted by others not drunk; τά τ. ṁόμ ας τεαὶτ απιαμ ứσαιὸ (Don.).

Cμέλο, -λ, pl. id., m., a herd, a

flock, a drove.

Cpéaoac, -aiże, α., rich in flocks, abounding in troops.

Τρέλολι ο e a c τ, - λ, f, the herding of cattle, τρέλολ c τ, id.

Chéadan, -ain, m., a fast for three days; the ember days.

τρέα ὁ απα ἀ, - από ξε, από lasting for three days; τρογκα ὁ τω, three days' fast.

Chéadanap, -air, m., a fast, esp.

a fast of three days.

Théad-cine, m. and f., a tribe, race (poet.).

Chéaduide, g. id., pl. -dte, m., a

shepherd.

Τρέα-rożan, 7c. See τρίο-rożan, τρεαż, -a, -anna, f., a spear, trident; a spear used in fishing; anything that pierces or bores.

Cηeaζaό, -ζτα, m., a piercing or

boring.

Cηeaζaım, -ζαό, v. tr., I pierce with a spear, I bore, perforate.

Cηθαζαιμε, g. id., pl. -μιόε, m., a drill-borer, a piercer.

Cηeaζάιμοεαċ, -οιζe, α., triumphant, exulting.

τριαξάιμοεας, -οις, pl. id., m., a triumph, royal triumph.

Cpeażánητοιżim, -iużań, v. intr., I exult, I triumph.

Cμελ \dot{S} ολ \dot{O} , - $O\dot{C}$ λ, m., the act of

piercing.

Theatt, -a, pl. id. and -anna, f., a short space, an interval, a pause; a fit; a "turn" in one's character; τις γέ 'na τρεατιannaib ain, it (the work) comes on him in fits, he works fitfully (P. of Glenties, Don.); τά οροιςτρεατι in γ an τεαμ, "there is something in the man that cannot be relied on" (Don.).

The All, in phr. tuit an thiolt an an thealt ain, he failed utterly (N. Con.); tuit an opposit an an opposit an anotheatt ain, id. (Galway); opposit pron. opposit. The latter form shows that thiolt, opposit are merely repetitions of the principal word

cheall.

Theall, -a, m., battle.

one who works by fits and starts; an eye-servant.

Theattam, -aim and -amna, m., apparel; military weapons.

Theatlamac, -aise, a., armoured, accounted for battle.

of time. See thealt.

Cpeamuitim, -użao, v. tr., I bind, tie, fasten.

Τμέλη, g. τμέιη, m., strength; it occurs in Oss. Poems, and is in spoken use in Don.; τά τμέλη ζαεὐιζε αιζε, he has plenty of Irish; the common answer to τά mé ας υμέιπ ξο υμίι πελητ ζαεὐιζε αζατ in Don. is τά τμέλη.

Cnéan, -éine, a., strong, mighty, brave, valiant, impetuous, powerful, vigorous, virile; 50 nó-

théan, very bravely.

τρέαπα (τριαπ, a third), thirds, a triduum, τρέαπα πα Cιηςτιζρε, the three days before or after Whit Sunday, esp. three days of prayer or fasting; the Rogation Days. Sce τρεαφαπ.

Tréanac, -aige, a., in thirds, tri-

partite.

Τμέληλό, -λίζε, a., skilled, expert; τμέληλό λμ ζαό λοη τρεομτ, skilled in everything (U).

Tréanao, -nta, m., a lamentation,

wailing.

Théan-aiöbreac, -riże, a., terrible in might.

Théanaim, -ao, v. intr., I lament, wail, ery.

Théanar, -air, m., strength, power, bravery, valour, chivah.

Τηέαπαγας, -αιξε, α., la: onting, wailing; το τηέαπαγας, ... Jurnfully.

Théan-coolao, m., a profound

steep.

Cμέαη-ċομ, m., a mighty twist or turn.

Tpéan-copac, -aize, a., firmfooted, active-footed.

Τμέαπ-ἐυμας, m., great power.
 Τμέαπ-ἐοξαιτ, f., violent seizure,
 robbery with violence.

Tréan-tắmac, -aiţe, a., strong-handed.

Tpéan-taoc, m., a strong warrior, a champion, a brave hero.

Théan-Laphac, -aiże, a., fiercely flaming (Kea., T.S.).

Τμέαπ \dot{m} αμ, -αιμε, α ., strong, valiant. Τμέαπ- \dot{m} μιμ, f., a strong sea.

Cμέλη-ἡτικό, m., a brave host.

ζηέαη-τημιπε, f., heavy weight.
 ζηέαη-τυαηζαιη, -ana, f., act of beating or smiting bravely.

Tréan-tuile, f., an inundation, a strong flood.

Cηέλητα, g. id., m., art, science; knowledge; deeds; qualifications, accomplishments, gifts.

τρέαγ, -a, m., treason, treachery; ábrotom a σ'imτίζ ι στρέαγ, Absolom who became a traitor (M. MacArdle); αη τύργαιὸς τρέαγ ἐ ι n-aζαιὸ na στρέιnṭeaŋ? was it a traitorous business against the brave men? (A. MacC.).

Thear, -a, pl. id., f., a stroke, a battle, a fray, a skirmish; a battle-rank.

Cpear, num. α., third: an τρεαγ tá, the third day.

(obs. except in comp. and super).

τμέας, through, etc., form of τμέ (which see), used before the article an, na.

Cρεαγας, -Διζε, α., of or belonging to a fight, fray, or battle; warlike.

Thearamait, -mta, a., delighting in battle or fray; warlike.

Thear-bean, a middle-aged woman. Thearc, m., a saw; треагс

σεαμτά τρεαμα, a circular saw (Om.); τριογε (Arm.); prop. τοιμεαμε, which see.

Chearcanaim, τρεαταίητ, Το. See τραγοαμαίπ, τραγοαίητ, Το. Τρεαγ-σέας, num. a., thirteenth.

The Ar-toba'o, m., soreness between the toes caused by perspiration, etc. (Aran).

Thearna, ad. and prep., crosswise, across, over. See tharna.

Thearnán. See tharnán.

Chearuizim, -użao, v. tr., I fight, contest; rin é an cúir zun chearuizear ομτ é, that is the reason why I contested it against you (?).

τρέατα, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a plaster noultice

ter, poultice.

Cheacan, -aine, a., vast, huge, enormous.

Cpeacan, -ain, pl. id., m., a foot; a track, a trace; as a., strongfooted.

Theatan, -ain, pl. id., m., a billow, wave, high water.

Tρεαταη-πόρ, -πόιρε, α., enormous (of a fire).

Τηέ ατύιη, - ύηα, - 1 το e, m., a traitor;nom. also τη έ ατύη.

Τμέατύιμεας, -a, f., treason.

Thé-deanar. See théadanar.

Theib. See theab.

Théiro-bean, \hat{f} , a tribe-commanding woman.

Τμέτοελη, -ότη, m., a space of three days; τμογκλό τμέτοτη, a three days' fast (Aran). See τμέλολη.

Τμέιο-μί, m., a king of companies.
Τμειρισελέτ, -λ, f., inspiration
(from τμειριτ, a blast, a puff,
Lat. crepitus).

Théisean, -sine, f., act of for-

saking, abandoning.

Cμέιζεαπηαρ, -αιρ, m., desertion, abandonment.

Theiżio, -żoe, -eanna, f., a click, a stitch, gripe, a shooting pang; fg., trouble, tribulation: możneiżio, oh woe, alas!

Cπέιζιm, vl. -ζελη, -ζιη, -ζηιη and -ζιης, v. tr., I forsake, abandon, desert, leave, fail; I fade; in U. the vl. τμέιζισελ is used.

Théizrin, f. See théizean and

théisim.

Théizte, p.a., forsaken, abandoned; faded.

Cηέιζτεοιμ, -ομα, -οιμιόε, m., a deserter, a forsaker.

τηειτιρ, -e, f., waste, refuse; σειπ ρέ τμειτιρ δηειτιρ σε, he converted it into refuse; ιρ πόρι τιοπ απ τμειτιρ ατά ιπ' σιαισ ceana, I think it too much I have wasted or destroyed already.

Cμέιṁṛe, g. id., f., a space of time, season, period; ι ποειμελό πλ τμέιṁṛe, at the "heel of the hunt," at last; pron. τμειὸṛe (M., except in poet.).

Cηέιμρελότ, - Δ., f., change, vicis-

situde.

Théin-bite, m., a strong scion or

_ champion.

Théme, g. id., f., strength; might, power.

ζήτειη-ἡελη, m., a strong man, a champion, a brave man, a mighty man.

Cμέιη-μιτιπ, -μιτ, v. intr., I run vigorously.

Cheinriún, -úin, pl. id., m., a wooden plate, a trencher (A.).

Chéin-†liocτ, m., a powerful progeny.

Τρειγ, -e, f., victory, triumph (Aran); strength (Don.): σο ἀναιό α τρειγ ογ cionn αn πάσύιη, its strength was supernatural. Theircin, -e, f., a compound used by weavers to prepare warp; also operfin and repurfin.

Theire, g. id., f., might, power, force, strength; also comp. and super. of thear, strong (obs.).

Τρειγελότ, -λ, f., strength; ολ τρειγελότ é, how strong soever he may be.

Theireat, in phr. an veireat nó an theireat, on right or left side (Con.). See veireat.

Theireamail, -mta, a., strong,

powerful, vigorous.

Cheipiżim, -iużao, v. intr., I overcome, prevail against (with an)

Theirteán, -áin, pl. id., m., a tress of hair; in pl., tresses.

Cμέιτ, -e, a., weak, disabled, faint, feeble.

Τηέιτε, g. id., f., weakness, ignorance; τηέιτελος, id.

Cμέιτe, pl. f., good qualities, accomplishments; also qualities, whether good or bad (the word is not used in sing.).

Théiteac, -tiţe, a., accomplished,

virtuous.

Théiteamail, -mla, a., accomplished, gifted.

Τριέιτ-Laς, -Laιςe, α ., weak, exhausted.

τη έιτ-τυιμγελό, -ριζε, α., weary to exhaustion.

Thém', through my (τμέ mo). Theo, g. id., m., status, position, accommodation, direction, way, vicinity, dwelling-place, residence, address (i.e., postal address); 1 n-20n theo, in any place about; 1 orneo 30, so that; 1 otheo an oonair, towards the door; ré treo, under the patronage of; theo teapta, sleeping accommodation; theo te mite, about a mile; zan tatam zan theo, without land or dwelling, destitute; as sabail an theo, passing by; żab ré an theo, he passed by, he visited (a place); támis ré im' theo, he came my way or in my direction; cun 1

orneo, to put in order, set to rights; ni't theo ain, he can't be found; caroé an theo? where? 1 otheo na haite reo, about this place or neighbourhood; 1 ocheo onic, to prove to you; oo buail ré im' tileo, I met him; cf. cé buailread 1 n-a theo = cé carraide ain. whom should he meet, Sc. Ch. M.; zuji buaitip-pe im' theo, until I met you (Béarra song); a place: τά ré 'ra τμεο rin, he is in that place; a theo, his address (so used in Mayo, as well as in M.), for which it is a handier word than áit comnuiote. See theoin.

Theoc. See Thinc.

Theoroeact, -a, f., direction, nearness, approach; 1 ot. a ctaroim, in the direction of his sword.

Theom-stic, -e, a., skilfully

strong.

Theoih, g. -e and -ohac, f., guidance, conduct, direction; strength, force, help; progress of events; το capar im τρεοιη, there crossed my path, I met; τρίο απ τρεοιη τό ταπ mo ciall azam, I retained my senses throughout the course of events; τεαμ το δαιπτ τά τρεοιμ, to disable or slay a man, to make him powerless; το zac αση μυτι το αzamn, we had everything ready (B.). Τρεο is often used like τρεοιμ in the sense of way, direction, etc.

Theoir, -e, and -ónac, f., a mould such as nailers use for making the heads of nails (Con.).

Τρεομαζ, -αιζε, α., active, vigorous.
 Τρεομυζαό, -uιζέε, m., the act of guiding, directing.

Τμεομαιόε, g, id., pl. -ότε, m., a

guide, a leader.

Tρεομιιζιπ, -ιυζαό, v. tr., I guide, direct, lead.

Tμεομιιζτεοιμ, -ομα, -οιμιόε, m., a guide, leader, conductor.

Cμεομιιζέε, p.a., guided, directed; divided evenly.

τηές, through, etc., form of prep. τηέ used before the article an, na. See τηέ.

τηί, num., three; τηί huaipe, three times; τά τηί, thrice; τηί τιόιο, three-score; τηί τιόιοελό, sixtieth.

τηί for τηέ, through, etc. See τηέ, prep.

Thia, older form of the, prep.

Thiait, -e, and thiata, f., a design, a purpose, a device, a project, a trial; thiait of baint ap huo, to make a trial of a thing (A.).

I plot, project; I try, experiment

on (A_{\cdot}) .

Triall, -a, and triallta, m., the act of journeying; a march; proceeding, having recourse to; act of preparing, designing, plotting, projecting; as out as chiall one, going to you; rá Deana Jam Thiall hiam ont. a bailingin bhún, was the reason why I had ever recourse to thee, O Valentine Brown (O'Ra.); rean chialled an nóio, a wayfarer (M. poem); bi a thiall an Saillim, he was going to Galway; man a mbioo mo thiall, where I used to resort (pron. ciall in E. Ker.: as tiall an= as thiall an); oo cuinear as chiall ain é, I sent it to him (W. Cork); a oeioi, ná bíoo cár ont rá'n nío reo tá mé 'cniall, daddy, do not be troubled about this thing I am projecting (Séamus MacC., acc. to Don. tradition).

Thiall. See thealt.

τηιατιας, -αιζε, α., going, proceeding; designing, plotting, pro-

jecting.

Chiatlaim, vl., τhiatl, v. intr., I journey, proceed, walk, march, travel, voyage, go, fare, set out, depart (from, ó); I have recourse to, I go to (Δη); prepare, plan, plot, project; τηιαίι γί tón vó, she prepared a viaticum for him (Mayo folk-tale).

a traveller, wayfarer.

Triallimarac, -aiże, a., hardwork-

ing, industrious (Con.).

Tηιαίττα, α., prepared (N. Con.).

Τηιαη, -α, m., the third part, one-third; οά οτριαη, two-thirds.

Thianac, -aise, a., three by three,

of the third part, third.

Cṛianτán, -áin, pl. id., m., a triangle, a three-cornered object of any kind, etc.

Thian. See thiún.

Cηιαμας, -αιζε, α., of or belonging to three persons or things.

Cηιατ, g. τηιαιτ, pl. τηιατα, m., a chief, chieftain, lord, noble, leader.

Cηιατας, - Διζε, α., princely; as subs., a trophy.

τρίδ, prep. pr., 2 pl., through you.

See thé.

τηις, -e, α., frequent, quick; nimble; 50 τηις, often; the sense "often, frequent," is usual in Sc. G.: 17 τηις α σύιτς σού γεατιασ αη πο τέη, often it has awakened for me a vision of my love and my country (song).

Trice, g. id. f., activity, agility;

frequency; thiceAct, id.

Tpi-ceannac, -aiże, a., three-headed.

Τρί-ceapn, m., a triangle, dim.

Cniceannac, -aize, α., triangular,

three-cornered.

Thi-copac, -aite, a., three-legged.

Thio, prep., somet. used for the, through, by means of; thio pin, through that, on that account;

Thio amac, wholly, utterly,

right through it.
Thio, prep. prn., 3 s., through him,

it. See τηέ. Τηί-σέας, num., thirteen.

Tritip, -e, f., a three-branched torch or taper; brilliance, radiance; cf. 10ntap, which see.

Chitip, -tre, f., a long head of hair, long tresses.

Cηιllreapταċτ, -a, f., a severe cough.

Cpullin, g. id., pl. -röe, m., an incumbrance; naċ mé an τρultin? am I not burdensome?

Cηιτρελό, -ριζε, α., splendid, brilliant.

Cpilpeac, -pige, a., in long tresses (of the hair).

Tηιιγεάη, -άιη, pl. id., m., a tress or lock of hair hanging down.

Chitreán, -áin, pl. id., m., a torch, a lantern, a lamp, a plaited rushcandle.

Thinn, prep. prn., 1 pl., through us, emph. -ne. See τhé, prep.

Tringe, g. id., pl.-rioe and -reaca, m. and f., a trench.

Trinpeac, -riże, α., trench-like, in trenches.

Trinpeac, -rige (=τριτρεας), α., in long tresses (of the hair); the word is common in poet., but it is a corruption of τριτρεας.

Cpinpiżim, -iużao, v.tr., I entrench

or ditch.

Cμιοbtόιο, -e, -ιοe, f., trouble, annoyance, tribulation.

Thiobtóroeac, -oite, a., troublesome, distressing, vexatious, painful.

Thioca, thiocact. See thice.

Chioca, num., thirty.

Τρίοὰ (τριμὰλ) céλο, a hundred or cantred; a district, so-called because it is the thirtieth part of the fifth (cúιξελὸ) of Ireland (P. O'C.).

Τρίοcaoao, num. a., thirtieth.

Tηίο-τοζαη, -aip, pl. id., m., a triphthong.

Τρίο- \dot{r} ο \dot

Τηιοτιαόλη, -λη, m., an intrusion, making one's self at home in a place, rustic forwardness; merriment (pron. τηιοτιάγ); in Don. τηιοτιάγ: τά τ. móμ ann, there's great life or sport in him.

Cηιοtlaτάρας, -Διζε, α., intrusive, obtrusive where not welcome; forward, bold, impudent; merry, funny (Don.) (pron. τηιοtlάρας).

Triollán, -áin, pl. id., m., a spell, a fit; esp. τριοllán οιδμε, a fit of work; τις γέ 'na τριοlláin aiμ, the work comes on him in fits, he works fitfully (Townawilly, Don.).

Thiom, prep. pr., 1 s., through me;

emph. -ra. See thé, prep.

τρίομας, ord. num., third (τρεαγ is also used, but τρίομας is the ordinary word in M. sp. l.); τρεαγ is used in E. U., τρίομας in the other parts of the country.

Thiompallán. See phiompal-

lán.

Thionoro, -e, f., the Trinity.

Thionoroeac, -orge, a., of or belonging to the Trinity; as subs. a Trinitarian.

Thiopair, -e, -ioe, f., a tripe.

Thiopatt, -paitt, m., a cluster, festoon; a bundle of rushes; a cluster of hair; fig. rushes.

Triopattac, -aiże, a., clustering, hanging in festoons or curls,

tidy.

Thiopatt-ctutman, -aine, a., in sheltering bunches or clusters

(of the hair).

Tπιορίός, -όιςe, -όςa, f., a fairy spell (the same as ξεαγμός); cuiμ πα σαοιπε beaga τ. ποιπε, the fairies laid a spell for him (Don.).

Tηιορίος, -όιζε -όζα, f., a tuft or small sod of grass (Don.); dim.

of thiopall.

Thion. See thian and thiún.

Τμίομας, -Διζε, α., three-fold, triple.

Thiorc, a local (U.) form of tuinearc, a saw. See tuinearc.

Thiorc, -a and -hearca, m., brewers' grains, hog-wash; na muca cluine 'read iteann an thiorc, it is the silent pigs eat the hog-wash.

Cṛioṛcán, -áin, m., furniture; lumber, used contemptuously, and also applied to a crowd of people: τ΄ τ. móμ αςα αnn. See τροτςάη. ζηιογελή, -λίη, m., sea-weed;
ζηιογελή πλ ζείοζ, blistered sea-weed.

Tpropolac, -ais, m., brewers'

grains, hog-wash.

Τριοτίος, -όιζε, -όςλ, f., a long pace, long jump; also τυιρίεος.

Τρίος προσφαίτε το προσφ

Thíot, prep. pr., 2 s., through thee; emph. -ra. See τηέ, prep.

Thiota, prep. pr., 3 pl., through them; emph. -pan. See the, prep.

Cμί-ṛtιoṛnaċ, -aiţe, a., trilateral.
 Cμίτe, prep. pr., 3 s.f., through her; emph. -re. See τμέ, prep.

Chiceam, -cim, pl. -cioe, m., a fit of coughing, convulsion, violent agitation; τ. ζάιμιοε, a fit of laughter.

τηιυδας, -αις, pl. -αις and τριυδγα, m., breeches, trousers, pantaloons; dim. τριυδράη, id.; τριυδρα is somet. used as sing. in Don.

Thiuċ, pl. -anna (τηιμραπηα, Con.), m., whooping cough; also τρεοċ.

Τριμό, the club (at cards); σειό 'τριμό, ten of clubs; ní ριά σειό 'τριμό é, it is not worth the ten of clubs, it is useless (pron. τριμό); γριμό (Don.).

Τηιμέαδ. See τρίοζαδ.

Cηιμέζαι, -e., f., a fit of coughing; a fit of the chin cough.

Cμιάζ, -úιζ, pl. id., m., a cause, a reason: prop. Cμάιζ.

a reason; prop. thúis.

ζηιάζ, -úιζ, m., a wretched, miserable person.
 ζηιάζ-coμρ, m., a wretched body

(poet.).

Chiuin, -e, a., poor, needy.

Thunneact, -a, f., poverty, indigence.

Cμιμπρα, g. id., pl. -αιόe, m., a trumpet.

ζηιάη, g. τρίη and τριμιη, m., three (of persons or personified objects).

Τριύμας, -Διζε, α., three by three;

in threes.

ζηιάρ. See ζηιαβάρ,
 ζηοὸ, -οιὸe, a., wretched, miserable; as subs., a wretch.

broken down, worn out, exhausted, wasted, wretched.

Cηοζαιm, -αό, v. intr., I pine, de-

cay, die.

τηός Διηε, g. id., f., mercy, pity, compassion; σέ Δη τηός Διηε, have mercy.

τριός αιη ιξε, α., merciful, compassionate; neam-τριός αιη-

eac, unmerciful.

Τρός Αρόλ, indec. a., merciful, kind.
 Τρος Luiżim, - cailt, v. tr. and intr., I profane, I taint, I rot, I tire.

ζηοολό, -λιζε, α., quarrelsome,

riotous.

Thoraspe, g. id., pl.-price, m., a quarrelsome fellow.

- quarrensome renow.

fighting.

Thooán, -áin, m., a skirmish or wrangle, dim. of thoro.

Cηοσάη, -áin, pl. id., m., a file for papers.

Cηοσάπας, -αιζε, α., given to bickering or quarreling.

Cṛιοοuiōe, g. id., pl. -oċe, m., a fighter, a quarrelsome person, a disturber.

Choro, -ooa, pl. id., f., a fight, a struggle, a contest; the act of fighting; a wrangle, a quarrel, a conflict.

Τροισελό, -σιζε, α., quarrelsome. Τροισιm, vl. τροισ, v. intr., I fight, quarrel, I contend with (te); λζ τροισ te ċéite, fighting with one another; σο ċροισελη teip, I fought or contended with him; é σο ἐροισ (tr.), to fight him, meet him in single combat.

Cμοιοή eap, - ή τρε, α., contentious,

quarrelsome.

τροις, g. -e and -ce, pl. -ce, f., a foot; a foot in length, a foot in measure; ni μαċαιο τροις σίοπ ann, I won't plant a foot there, won't go there at all; rior 50 méaμαιδ α τροιςe, down to her toes (pron. τροις in M.).

Thorson, the pith or resin of bog-

deal (W. M.). See urc.

Cηισίξελοδη, -διη, pl. id., m., a small louse (τηισίξ, a foot, Lat. pediculus?).

Cροιζελη, -ζηε, f., the redness of the rising sun; τροιζελη ζηέιπε,

the rising of the sun.

τροιζ-éarcarö, α., swift-footed.

Cηοιζ-leatan, -leitne, α., broadfooted.

Troitin, g. id., pl. -ioe, m., a little foot or sole; a soleless stocking worn without shoes.

Choim-bean, f., a pregnant woman;

also a patroness.

Cpoim-ceannac, -naiţe, a., heavy-headed, dizzy; sedate.

Choim-citt, f., a church asylum, a sanctuary.

Cηοιm-ὁίοζαιταρ, -αιρ, m., great revenge.

Choime act, -a, f., heaviness, weight, steadiness; irksomeness; judgment; τμοιme, id.

Cηοιméir, -e, f., pride, importance,

consequence.

Cṛioiméireac, -ṛiʒe, a., walking with heavy steps; proud, consequential, important.

Choim-itlingao, -żce, m., the act

of strongly abating.

Thorm-tear, m., great benefit.

Enoim-cionót, m., the act of assembling in great numbers.

Thorptearc, -eirce, f., tumult, stir, great noise, battle (?). See thuplarc.

Thoursin, g. id., pl. -nroe, m., the "dressing" used by weavers to stiffen the cloth; cod-ling, dim. of thors; also theirsin.

Chom, g. τhuim and τhuime, m. and f., a charge, burden, blame, rebuke; bíoò an τhom τhom oht, be the heavy heavy weight on you (said in a fireside game).

Thom, -μuime, a., heavy, weighty; pregnant; sad, oppressive; severe, grave, serious, sorrowful, melancholy; close, sultry (of weather), τροm-néatt, a heavy fit of sleep; a heavy cloud, τροm-cootao, nightmare; bean τροm, a pregnant woman; an

bean thom i? is she pregnant? not, an bruil ri thom? (which =is she heavy); thuimioe, is a second compar, with oe, all the heavier, ir Thuimioe an peacao oo junne a uract σό απ τόζηια της Όια σό σο coméso, the sin he committed was all the greater for the ease with which he could have kept the commandment which God gave him (Kea., T. S.).

Thom, -a, m., the elder tree; dim.

Thomán, id.

Tromacán, g. id., m., act of aggravating, oppressing, burthening.

Thom-arobreac, -rize, a., terribly

heavy.

Thomaroeact, -a, f., act of making heavy or burthensome; a speaking ill of or slandering one; oppressing, aggravating; az c. Ain, slandering him.

Chomaim, -ao, v. tr., I make heavy, load, burthen, weigh down.

Thom-ainmeac, -mize, a., greatly

blemishing.

Thomán, -áin, m., a great weight; a weight, as in a clock; a woman's pregnancy; backband of plough-traces (=onomán); the part of the spindle in which the wheel-string works.

Tromán, -áin, m., dwarf elder, or bore tree; zpomán na habna, honeysuckle. See chann tho-

onuim.

Thom-coolso, m., the mare.

Thom-comainte, f, sedate council; grave admonition, discouragement.

Thom-conác, m., great prosperity. Thom-chordeac, -dize. a., heavyhearted, disconsolate.

an important Thom-cuip, J., matter.

Trom-cúireac, -rize, a., important.

Thomos, indec. a., heavy, weighty, serious.

Chomoact, -a, f., gravity, heaviness, seriousness.

Thomogin, $f_{\cdot,\cdot}$ a meeting assembly of bards, etc.

Thom-oaoihre, f., severe bondage

or slavery.

Chom-oéanca, heavily built in body, heavy in flesh (thom 1 breoit) (Don.).

Trom-róideac, -dite, a., heavysodded; heavy, weighty, pon-

derous, massy.

Τροm- $\dot{\varsigma}$ άιρ, f., a loud shout.

Thom- $\dot{5}$ oin, f., act of severely wounding; a severe wound.

τροm-ζοητλ,α., severely wounded. Thomtac, $-a_1\dot{\varsigma}$, m., a weight, a burthen; the greater part of anything; weight, oppression.

Chom-líoς, f., a heavy stone.

Trom-tóo, m., a heavy load ($Ke\alpha$. T.S.).

Thom-luize, g. id., pl. -żte, a nightmare; act of overlaying. Trom-mearac, -aize, a., abound-

ing in fruits.

Cμοm-ό \mathcal{S} taċ,m., a client, a servant. Thomps, $g.\ id.,\ pl.\ -ar\'{o}e,\ m.,\ a$ trumpet; a jew's harp; dim. τροπρόιο, id.; ní τιυθηλιηη chomba (or c. 2an ceansa) Ain, I would not give a straw for it.

Thompoigh, -ona, -ontroe, m., a trumpeter; chompaoóin, id.

Τροπρόιμελcτ, -a, f., a playing on a trumpet.

Chom-tluas, m., a great multi-

Thom-rocan, m., great prosperity. Chom-juan, m., a heavy sleep, lethargy; níon t. oó, he had not slept much or heavily (until, etc.).

Cρom-ċám, f., the night-mare; a heavy or sound sleep.

Thom-conficear, m., heavy preg-

Cμοm-ċομαό, m., heavy fruit. Thomužao, -uiże, m., the act of making heavy, intensifying, speaking ill of, slandering (with

an).

Tpomuizim, -użao, v. tr. and intr., I make heavy, burdensome; I speak ill of, slander (with an).

Thorao, -rea, m., a trussing or girding (A.).

Thoráit, -áta, f., a trussing or girding (A.).

Thoraim, -ao and -áil, v. tr., I truss or gird up (A.).

Thore, g. thuire, pl. id., m., a codfish; thorrein, dim., a codling.

Thore, g. Thure, pl. Thores, a recess; thore an tize, a room of the house (Om.).

Τρογικό, - α ιζε, α ., fasting, abstinent; τ norcamail, id.

Thorcao, g. Thorrete and -aro, m., the act of fasting; fast, abstinence; a prohibitive law on food or drink; tá thorcati an reoit inoin, flesh-meat is forbidden to-day; an bruil thorcao an an lá moin? is there a fast to-day? cáim im' thorcao, I am fasting, have not breakfasted; but cáim as véanam chorcaro, I am fasting, that is, observing the fast.

Thorcaim, -ao, v. intr., I fast, abstain; oo thoirc ré, he fasted; this verb which is found in Kea. is scarcely used now, we say cáim im' thortao ó maioin, I am fasting since morning, oo oein ré thorcao, he fasted, in-

stead of oo thoire ré.

Cρογcán, -áin, m., goods, furniture, chattels; a suit of clothes, bodyclothes.

Τρογεαμ, -aiμ, m., the sea-shore; sea-wrack; a kind of shell-fish.

Thort, -oirt, -oirteanna, m., a stick, a staff, a rod; also noise, sound, report.

Thortamail, -mila, a., noisy, sounding, rustling, rattling.

Cportamlact, -a, f., noise, rustling, rattling.

Cρογτάη, -áin, pl. id., m., a crutch, a prop, a support, a pilgrim's

Thorz-bualao, m., act of beating with a rod.

Cμοταίτας, -a, f., dissolution, corruption, decay.

τρόταμ, - αιμ, m., rubbish.

Thotlužao, -uište, m., act of rotting, decaying.

Chocluisim, -usao, v. tr. and intr., I perforate; introduce; decay, corrupt, waste.

Cμοτινίζτε, p. a., rotten, decayed, tainted.

Τρύ, m., a wretch; a τρύ, thou wretch.

Thuas, g. thuaise, pl. id., f., pity,woe, wretchedness; lament; an object of pity; as interj., woe! alas! 17 chua;! what pity! alas! woe! mo thuat, id.; a mume, if thuat, O Mary, 'tis pity, "wirrasthrue"; znuaż oo, pity for; thus; muine, an object of pity, one to be much pitied.

Τημαζάη, -áin, pl. id., m., a miser-

able man, a wretch.

Truazánta, indec. a., wretched, miserable.

Τηυαζάηταζτ, -a, f., misery, wretchedness.

- $\Delta 1 \gamma$, m., leanness; Chuażar, misery; pity, compassion (also Thuar).

τηυλ $\dot{\varsigma}$ - \dot{m} λιμ $\dot{\varsigma}$, f., melancholy, woe,

grief, sorrow.

Cηυαζηαιμτ, m., a wretched person, one deserving of pity; tus oualne mé im' thuatnaine, which made me sad and wretched (Seazán na Ráitíneat).

τρυαξυιζιμvl. τρυαζαό, v. tr. and intr., I grow lean, I make

Thuaiblizim. See thuaillizim.

Cηυλιζ, -e, α., wretched, miserable, sad, pitiable, pitiful, dismal, sorrowful.

Thuaiże, g. id., f., wretchedness, misery (Thuaizeact, id.).

Thuaizineact, -a, f., craving pitifully; also Thuaizinteact (Béarra).

Thuaisteánac, -ais, -aise, m., a miser.

Τηυλιζιεάπλcτ, -a, f., niggardliness, misery.

Thuaiżméil, -e, f., wretchedness, calamity, pity, woe, compassion (nom. also chuaisméile).

Thuaisméileac, -lise, a., miserable, clement, compassionate.

Thuaitt, -e, pl. id., and -eaca, f., a carcass, a body; corruption, rottenness.

Thuaitt, -e, pl. id. and -eaca, f., seabbard, sheath; t. tairce, id. Thuaitleac, -tize, a., corporal,

bodily.

Thuailleac, -lize, a., sheath-like; scabbard-like; full of sheaths and scabbards.

Thuailleact, -a, f., corruption,

depravation.

Thuailteao, -lizze, and -lee, m., corruption; a stain, slur, pollution, defilement.

Thuaitteanta, indec. a., wretched,

miserable.

Thuaittice, indec. a., corrupt, polluted, soiled.

Thuaillioeact, -a, f, corruption, wretchedness, niggardliness.

Thuaillisim, -iusao, v. tr., I corrupt, defile, pollute, profane, adulterate.

Thuaitliste, v. a., defiled, cor-

rupted, tainted.

Thuailliugao, m. See thuail-Lead.

Thuailneao, m. See Thuailleao. Thuailnizim, v. See Thuaillizim.

Thusiplir, -e, f., faux pas, a mistake, an error, a false move in a game; also cuaiptir.

Thucaim. See Chuc, 7110¢,

Thocaim.

Thucail, -leac, -live, f., a cart. Thursine, g. id., pl. -proe, m., a stammerer, a stutterer.

Thubaineact, -a, f., stammering,

stuttering.

Chuioeact, -a, f., a mob, a rabble. Cημισεος, -οιςε, -οςα, f., a stare, a starling (U.).

Thuitteán, -áin, pl. id., m., a blow

of a stick (Don.).

Thuime, g. id., f., weight, heavi-

Thumnoe. See thom.

Cμιιπι \dot{o} e \dot{a} c \dot{c} c, - \dot{a} , f., weight.

Thuim-pléarc, f., an explosion, a fulmination.

Thúipeac, -pize, a., abounding in troops; gregarious.

Chuir, -e, f., trews, trousers. dress (sic, Kea., now pron. Thiúr. See thiubar, thiúr).

Churrheac, -nis, -nise, m., a spoli-

ation, a mess (Don.).

Τμύρ, - ύιρ, pl. id., m., a troop, an army; a company, often in pl. τημιρ, in poet., cf. bero zeannao clordim ir realpead thuip ir chéan-chearcailt námao Jc. (E.R.); possibly thus is a separate f. form (A.).

Cyup, -uip, m., noise, clatter; in particular, the noise made by knocking kitchen utensils together in cooking, etc.; tá thup mon aize; vá mbuailreá purante ap a céile béanrá thup as obain to bo tamaib (Don.); cf. thouplearc.

Cηυράιτ, -e, f., noise, clatter; esp. noise made in cooking; bí thupáir món aca, they had great noise or rattle (Don.).

Chupáireac, -rize, α., noisy, clamorous, esp. in work, cooking, etc.; oume c., oume a mbéao πομάη τημιρ ιγ τομπάιη αιζε ας cócaipeaco nó ας béanam υδυδιό (Don.).

Thuplarc, -airc, m., clatter, noise (Teelin, Don.). See thup and

Thoiplearc.

τηυρταμ, -αιμ, m., filth; dust; a boor; noise such as the stamping of feet, knocking chairs about. etc. (Clare).

Tú, per. pron., 2 s., thou; acc. and nom., with pass. τά; emph. cura; cú réin, thou thyself.

Tuabal, -ail, m., burdock or clot-bur.

 $\nabla u \Delta \dot{\xi}$, $-\Delta i \dot{\xi} e$, $-\Delta i \dot{\xi} c e$ and $-\dot{\xi} \Delta$, f. an axe, a hatchet; cuaj curteann, a lancet.

Cuaż-μόο, m., a bye-road, a "boreen."

Cuaro, -e, m., the north, northern, baile an Tuaide (i.e., the town of the north), Ballintoy, a town in the far north of County Antrim; ó tuaio, to the north; a otuaio, from the north; an taob tuaio, the northern side, the northern part; an saot a otuaio, the north wind, fig. misfortune, calamity; an botaio tuaio, the road leading northwards.

Cuaim, -ama, pl. id. f., a dyke, a fence, a hedge, a fort, a village; a fortified town; a townland or farm.

the Northern form of puaim, as the Northern form of puaim, as the Northern form of puaim, as the intervent is of pill, tobann of obann, etc.; whilst till, however, belongs chiefly to E. U., and tobannis found throughout both U. and Con., tuaim appears to be confined to W. U. or Don.

Cuaiplip. See thusiplip.

Tuainsim, -ansain, v. tr., I strike, beat.

τυαιηζίη, g. id., pl. -niöe, m., a washing beetle; a mallet, as for pounding flax, for mashing potatoes, etc.; fig. a low-sized, stout, chubby fellow; also τυαιηζηίη.

τυλιητηθάς, -ni

ς, pl. id., m., a commander, a general; a victorious hero or champion.

Tuaingneáit, -áta, f., a mauling,

a beating, a pounding.

Tuainim, -nme, f., a guess, a hint, a conjecture, an aim, an intent; an idea, an opinion; about, nearly, almost; rá tuainim, with the intent or drift, in the direction of, towards; about, concerning, in expectation of; at random; rá τυλιμιμ το řlámce, here's to your health, a toast; buille rá cuainim, an attempt, a sally; a guess (in Don. buille rá ocuainim, also meaning a blundering or random blow in a fight, e.g., tus mé b. rá oc. oó; with rá ocuainim cf. rá ocaob, common

in Don.); z. te rice púnz, about

twenty pounds.

Tuainin, g. id., pl. -nioe, m., "lay" land, a sheep-walk, a green, a bleach-yard; dim. of τυαη, often used in topography; τυαιμίη πα motτ, the pasture land of the wethers (a townland

in Kerry).

τιαιμιγς, -e, f., a description, information, news, tidings, account, detail, notification, report; a trace; ας cup τιαιμιγςe, inquiring for, in search of; ας cup το τιαιμιγςe, enquiring about you; τρ αττιμιγε τρίοπ' τροιόε ξαπ α στιαιμιγς ann, it is grief through my heart that no trace (or tidings) of them remains (O'Ra.); ξαπ τιαιμιγς, without a trace or tidings; πίσμ ταπ α τιαιμιγς ann, he was wasted to nothing in appearance (also τιαμαιγς, esp. in U.).

cuaint, -e, -eaca, and -eanna, f., a heavy fall, a violent blow.

Cuainteáit, -áta, f., act of violently throwing or striking.

Cuairceaμτ, -ciμτ, m., the north, north part; the left-hand side; awkwardness, rudeness.

Tuairceantac, -aige, a., north, northern; sinister, awkward;

rude, uncivilized.

Tuait, -e, -ata., f., territory, rural district; country as opposed to town; rá'n ocuait, in or through the country.

Tuait, -e, a., rustic; crooked, sinister, left, wrong, perverse.

τυλιτ-ceáριο, f., a rustic art, craft, or trade (also magic or druidical art).

Tuait-cleap, m., a sinister or perverse prank or trick.

Cuait-ctiap, f., perverse company or band.

Cuaiteat, -tit, m., the left hand
 Cuaiteat, -bit, ∫ side, the north, the north side; the wrong side of clothes, etc.; an error, a mistake; rudeness, incivility; com τυαιτοιί, the whirling of an

eddy or maelstrom; cion tuaitbit, topsy-turvy, all wrong, e.g.,

vá ré 'na cion tuaitbil.

Tuaitealac, -aije, a., sinister, awkward, wrong, incorrect, rude, uncivilized; left-handed; north, northern; cf. tuaircean-

Tuaitealán, -áin, pl. id., m., an awkward or rude follow.

Tuaiteamail, -mla, a., rude, rustic, boorish.

Tuaiteamlact, -a, f., rusticity, boorishness.

Tuaitil, a. (gs. of tuaiteal), retrograde, backward, awkward; pott cuaitit, a whirlwind. See cuaiteal, cuaitbeal.

Tuaitín, g. id. m., a churl (Don.);

cúicín, id.

Tuaitleact, -a, f., magic, druidism.

Tuaittear, m., slander, calumny; onoc-bolao na onoic-inéine az bhúctao a bhaisoib lucta an cuaitleara. (Kea., T.S.)

Tuaitlearac, -aite, a., slanderous,

calumnious.

Cuaitlearóz, -ó150, -ó5a, f., a female slanderer. (P. O'C.)
Tuaitlearóin, -óna, -óinite, m.,

a detractor, one who sets people at variance. (P. O'C.)

Tuait-lior, m., a country seat, a

country court, a "tiop.

Tualaing, -e, a., able, capable; effective; rualaing cara, able to take part in a battle; ním rualaing ruan, sleep is not possible to me.

Tualang, -aing, m., patience, suffering, power of endurance; strength, power (nom.

culains).

Cualanzaim, -anz, v. tr., I suffer, endure.

Cualanziaic, -a, f., possibility, easiness of bearing or suffering.

Tualar, -air, pl. id., m., a rumour, a report, tidings, news; Braca cú nó 'zcuala cú cualar ó thát mo chorte, have you seen or heard tidings from my heart's love (song, E. U.); Sc. G. has cualtear in the same use: and in Don. the form is cuatarc (cf. reancarc=reancar, taorc = caop); ní't c. an bic asam rá ocaob oe, I have no tidings of him; cf. tuaitlear.

Tuam, a burdock, a clot-bur.

cuabal.

Cuama, g. id., pl. -aroe, m., a tomb, a sepulchre, a grave.

Tuamánac, -aize, a., rude, rash, surly, violent (P. O'C. quotes Aodh MacCuirtin).

Tuamánta, a., fierce, ferocious,

violent.

Tuamántact, -a, f., rudeness, rashness, surliness, sulkiness.

Tuan, -aine, α ., whole, entire; bí ré cuan 'ran aoir, he was advanced in years (Cork); bí cuan-Aoir Aise, id. (Con.). See conn and conn-aoir.

Cuanáirte, g. id., m., a mauling

(Con.).

τυλη, -Διη, pl. id., m., an omen, a presage, foreboding, foretaste, precursor, prophecy; act of getting, acquiring, gaining; way of getting, act of producing; as cuan na noeon, producing or shedding tears (McD.); as tuan an flathair, nursing, fostering, or showing signs of fever (said of the patient in the inital stages of the malady); zuan ceata, a rainbow (pron. somet. zuaż ceata, Don.); tá ré az tuan reaptanna, it is threatening rain; ir rada mé d'á tuan ouit, I am long foreboding it for you (in your case); tá mé as cuan, 7., I forebode, expect, etc. (Don.).

Cuap, -aip, pl. id., m., a nightfield for cattle; a field, land, pasture, sheep-walk; a bleachyard, a bleach-green; act of bleaching; an cuan, spread out to bleach, e.g. tá an tín-éaoac An cuan, the linen's a-bleaching.

Cuap, -aip, m., dung, ordure;

cuan na mbó, cowdung.

Tuanacán, -áin, m., a bleacher.

Cuapaim, vl. cuap, v. tr., I bleach or blanch.

Tuapaim, vl. τυαp, v. tr., I forebode, presage, prophesy, show signs of something to come (as fever, etc.); I get, acquire, produce (as tears, etc.). See τυαp.

Cuanamaė, -aije, α., guessing,

supposing.

τυαμαγεβάιt, -áta, pl. id., f., description, a rumour, a history, a character; account, report, repute; the b is silent.

Tuapartal, -ail, pl. id., m., wages, hire, stipend; reap τυαραταίλ το τuitleam, a daily labourer.

Cuaparturoe, g. id., pl. -oce, m., a hireling; also a man who hires. Cuapam, I knock, I smite, I

beat. See cuainsim.

Cuaμζαιη, -ana, f., the act of beating, smiting; slaughter (τυαμζαό is also used); pron. τυαμαζαιη in Don.

Tuanzan, -ain, m., noise, tumult,

discontent.

Tuanznao, -zanta, m., sedition,

discontent.

Cuar, ruar, ad., above, on high; in the south; tuap an neam, in heaven above; ní't ré ann tion na tuar, it is not there above or below, it is not there at all; tuar an na cnocaib, on the hills; tuar 'ran treomna, in the room above, that is in the room next the fire-place, but in the same flat, as contrasted with the room leading from the end of the house farthest from the fire-place with regard to which we say tior 'ran treompa or 'ran treomna tior; ni tura bero tuar terr, it is not you will profit by it. See ruar.

Tuaparo, -e, f., tumult, quarrel.
Tuaparoeac, -orge, a., noisy, tumultuous, quarrelsome.

Cuaptuiţim, -uţaö, v. tr., I release, deliver.

Tuat, -aite, pl. -a, f., a territory, a tract of land, country, district,

lordship, country (as opposed to town); race, people, laity; tribe, clan.

Tuat, -ลาte, a., left - handed, crooked, perverse, sinister; usually precedes noun. See tuatt.

Tuata, indec. a., rustic, rude,

awkward, sinister.

Cuata, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a rustic, a layman, a plebeian.

Cuatac, -aiż, -aiże, m., a lord.

Cuacać, -aiże, a., unlearned, boorish, ungainly, awkward.

Tuatal, tuatalat, 7c. See tuaiteal, tuaiteal, 7c.

Tuaċ-maoile, g. id., f., the having hair on the left side of the head; also side-baldness of the head; τυαċ-maoileaċτ, id. (P. O'C.); cf. ταċ-maoil.

bald on the left side of the head

(P. O'C.); cf. tat-maol.

Tuaτός, -όιζε, -όζα, f., a rustic, an awkward person.

Tuat-poll, -puill, pl. id., m., a

whirlpool.

CubΔιγτε, g. id., f., mischief, misfortune, mischance, accident; builte cubΔιγτε, an evil stroke, misfortune.

Tubairteac, -tiţe, a., unlucky, unfortunate, injurious, destructive.

Cubán, -áin, pl. id., m., a tub.

Tur, g. τurre (τοιre), f., a stench, a foist; Apτ Suitte na τurre byiene (Mon., in a satiric τυιγιεαό).

Turzait, -e, f. foisting, fizzling,

emission of stench.

Turtair, -e, f., trash, corrupt matter, waste, slush; a slovenly person.

Curός, -όιςe, -όςa, f., a puff, a gust, a foist, stench, convulsion.

Curόζαċ, -Διζe, α., foisting, fizzling, stench-emitting.

Tuz, Tuz-. See vo-beinim.

Tugaim, vl., cabainc, v. tr. (a modern formation in present tense from root cug, the perf.

of vo-bernim, but now in common use), I give, etc. See vo-bernim.

Cugta, p. a., given, granted, brought, taken, devoted, willing, obedient, zealous, prone.

Tuiže, g. id., f., straw, thatch, covering, roof; fodder; as cup tuiže puap, thatching.

Tuizeavóip, -ópa, -óipive, m., a thatcher.

a unavener.

Tuizes of inesct, -a, f., the art of thatching.

Tuiże rearc, f., sedge (M.). Tuizim, vl., cuize, v. tr., I thatch. Tuizim, -zrin, -zrinc [vl. pron. cuircin, cuircine (cuizbeal, U.; cuiseit, Rathlin I.)], v. tr., I understand, perceive, discern, I think, I know, I realise; I understand (a person speaking); a' ocuiseann cú? do you understand, do you see? a common expletive; cuizim ir ni téizim, I understand, but do not read; an ocuiseann cú Saeoeals? do you understand Irish? rin é tuizear uaio, that is what I understood him to say; cuizim,

Cuigre. See cuigrin.

Cuigresc, -riże, a., intelligent,

I see (in conversational answers).

etc. See cuizreanac.

Tuiςγin, -γiona, f., intellect, understanding, act of understanding, sense, reason; if theire τοιι 'ná τuiςγinτ, the will is stronger than the understanding; τuiςγτιπ (Don.); also τuiςγinτ, pron. τuiγcinτ.

Tuispionaė, -aiże, a., prudent, sagacious, intelligent, rational,

skilful. See zuizpin.

Tuizèe, p. a., known, understood; as p. nec., to be understood: ir τυίζὲε όμιτ αγ γαίη, you may understand from that (still usual in M.).

Tuite, g. id., pl., -tτe. f., a flood, deluge, torrent, tide; τ. μικό, the deluge; béat τυίτε, bow oar (Béarra); τυίτε ζαη τιάρ, a constant flood.

Cuite calman, f., a buttercup, bulbous crowfoot.

Cuiliżim, -iużao, v. intr., I overflow, increase.

Cuilizte, p.a., overflowed, abounding, inundated.

Cuilim, -teaö, v. intr., I sleep, I doze, fall asleep; an stair-tíos rá ocuiteann mo taoc, the grey stone underneath which my hero sleeps.

Tuille. See cuilleao.

Cuilleao, -lio, pl. id., m., an increase, an addition, something more than full measure, often used with a helping a; a cuitteao, with neg., nothing more, never more; cuilleao 'en cubairce cuzac, an increase of misfortune to you; ní bruizin a cuilleso, you will get nothing more; ní tiocrao annro a cuilleao, I will come here no more; vá míle bliavan ir cuilleao, two thousand years and more; cuillea o eite, moreover, besides; cuillead agur bliadain, more than a year; cuillead ceangail, an additional bond; in pts. of M. a tuitleao is pron. a heilleao; pron. τ 1llea $\dot{\sigma}$ (W. Don. and Con.).

Tuilleam, g. -lim and -leamna, m., the act of earning; wages,

earning, merit, desert.

Cuilleamain, -mna, f., act of earning, deserving, meriting. See cuilleam.

Cuillim, vl. -leam, v. tr., I earn,

deserve, merit.

Cuille, p. a., earned, merited, increased, enlarged.

Tuilteepact, -a, f., merit, desert. Tuilte, p. a., overflowing (with); Tuilte be neapt, overflowing with strength (McD.).

Tuitresc, -tije, a., overflowing,

flooding.

Cunn, -e, f., dat. of conn, a marsh, etc.; the surface of anything; a skin, a hide.

Cummide, g. id., pl., -de, m., a den.

Tunnin, g. id., pl.-roe, m., tunny (a kind of fish).

Tuinne, Jc. See taoinne, Jc. Túin-pont, m., a musical tune.

Cumpeamant, -mta, a., strong, powerful.

Cun, -e, f., a tower; also τύη, τοη; dim., τύιμίη.

Τυιη-υμεού, -οιύτε, m., act of

bruising, crushing.

Tuiμc, -e, f., Turkey (Don.); an Tuiμc 'r an Shéis 'r sac μέας μα σ'ά σμιι το μάζαι, Turkey, and Greece, and every region that exists (P. Walsh).

Turkey (Bourke's

Easy Lessons).

Tune, g. id., f., dryness, want of sap; want of sauce, kitchen, or condiment; sourness, surliness.

Cuipeam, -μim, m., a counting, a repeating, a reciting; cf. Διμεαm.

Cuipeam, -pim, m., a dirge, an elegy.

eregy.

Cuinteann, -ninn, m., a spark of fire, a flash of lightning; a fit of sickness.

Cuineann, a troop, etc. See point-

CAIIII.

Tuipteacán, -áin, pl. id., m., a roller.

Tuipting, -e, f., the act of descending; descent; a gathering, an assembling; bíonn tuipting tuöt piubait ann, travellers

congregate there.

Tuinting, -e, -iòe, f., a spot on the shore not touched by the sea; a high, stony shore, where the stones roll against each other by the operation of the tide; còm hiomadamail le clocaib na cuintinge, as numerous as the stones on the beach thrown up by the tide; also ouinting.

Tuiplingim, vl. τuipling, v. intr., I descend, dismount, get off, come down; I rest, stop from a journey; in M. the u is long, and the forms are often τúipligim, vl. τύριας, τύριαςαη; cf. γαιρτίος = γαιρτίος = γαιρτίος = ταιρτίος
pains.

Cúiμ-píob, f., a long throat.

Cuntre, g. id., f., sadness, weariness, depression, sorrow, affliction, anguish.

Tunpreac, -pige, a., sad, mournful, woeful, depressed, sorrowful;

tired, weary.

Tuippeamail, -amla, a., mournful, woful, sorrowful; tired, weary.

Cuippisim, vl. -piusao, v. tr., and intr., I weary (with be, I grow tired of).

Tuipteamail. See toipteamail. Tuiptin, $g.\ id.$, pl. -roe, f., a cake; a little bulk. See toipt.

Cú1γ, -e, f., incense.

Túir. See cúr.

Tuir, a bird or beast of some kind; a méaval as tuir as réacaint

a blair (O'D.).

Tuip, -e, f., size, bulk; cf. nace beas an tuip réacann tons i brao uait; ba beas an tuip an uaip úo τú, you were but of little size then; τά τυιρ mait anoip ionnat, you are of good size now; ní't aon tuip 'ran uan póp, ní piú é manbao, the lamb is of scant size yet, it is not worth killing (M.); cf. tuipe and tomar.

τάιτς, compar. and super., sooner, before, rather, soonest, as soon as; ní τάιτς, no sooner; ιτ τάιτς τουος 'nά τς έαλ, a drink before a story, i.e., a traveller should be treated to a drink before asked to narrate his adventures; níοτ τάιτς 'ná, rather than: níοτ τάιτς 'ná, rather than that the like should happen again (I'll, etc.); also τάτς.

Tuipe, g. id., pl. -proe, f., a measure, such as a tailor takes of one for clothes, or a shoemaker for shoes (connected with tomap); tuipe ni't teat teip, you are not stinted in it (B.).

Cuireat, -rit, m., a stumble, a fall, a downfall; a case (in

grammar).

Tuireatac, -aiże, a., apt to fall or stumble.

Túireoip, -opa, -oipioe, m., a censor.

Tuiți \dot{z} im, -iu \dot{z} a \dot{o} , v. tr., I measure. Tuiție, g. id., pl., -ti \dot{o} e, m., a hinge.

Turpleac, -tiże, a., stumbling,

helpless.

τυιτικό, -tiò, m., a stumble, a failing, a slip; fortune, chance, emergency; an offence; somet. corrupted to τριμητικό.

Tuirteánac, -aiże, a., stumbling. Tuirtiżim, -iużao, v. intr., I slip,

I fail, I stumble.

Turpme (= turptest), g. id., pl., -mròe, m., an accident (Don.); táinic t. opm, an accident befel me. See tairme.

Turmeao, -mio, m., the act of bringing forth; generation; birth; descent; tá turmio, a birthday; bean turmio, a midwife.

Turringim, -meao, v. intr., I bear, travail, bring forth; I spring, I am descended from.

Tuirmiţteat, -tiţe, a., bearing, breeding, begetting.

Cuirmizteoin, -ona, oinioe, m., a generator, a parent.

Cuirciún. See cearcún.

Tuitim, -tme, f., act of falling, stumbling, dropping down; a fall, a stumble, a reduction in price; See verb tuitim in its various meanings.

Tuitim, vl. id., v. intr., I fall, I stumble; drop down; vo tuitear im' coolao, I fell asleep; vo tuit mo coolao oim, sleep came upon me; vo tuit ré uaim, it fell from me; vo tuit an min, meal fell (in price).

Tuitim, vl. id., v. intr., I nurse, tend, mind, care (with te); mo mάταιη α τυιτ tiom, my mother who nursed me.

tending, caring; nursing, fosterage; ruant curtim caob leac, who was your companion in fosterage (O'Ra.).

Cuitimeac, -miξe, a., apt to fall or stumble; fallible; accidental, casual; ζαίαη τ., falling sickness, epilepsy.

Cuicimear, -mir, m., the falling

sickness; chance.

Cúicín, g. id., pl. -nice, m., a petulant, sullen person.

Tulaė, g. -lėa, d. -laiž, pl. -lėa and -lėaiėe, f., a hill, a hilloek, a little hill, a knoll, a mound.

Cutacán, -áin, pl. id., m., a little knoll, a mound, a green eminence, the top of gently rising ground.

Tulbatres, g. id., pl. -side, m., a spot or freekle on the face.

Cutca, g. id., pl. -nna, m., a flood, a sudden wave; a sudden charge with the horns.

Tulcaiteac, -tiţe, a., in big waves. Tulcán, -áin, pl. id., m., a hillock or mound.

Tulcánac, -aize, a., hilly, full of mounds or hillocks.

Cuttός, -61ςe, -6ςa, f., a pollock (Ker.); máςaċ, id. (Don.); puttóς, id. (Glengar.).

Cultaητάn, -áin, pl. id., m., a big, awkward person (Don.).

Tumaim, tumao, Jc. See tomaim, tomao, Jc.

Tunge, 7c. See runge.

Tup, -uipe, pl. -a, a., dry, hard, sapless, sauceless, without condiment (of food), morose, cold, inhospitable; short in speech; biao cup, food without condiment; ní't azam le n-ite act anán cun, I have only bread without sauce or condiment to eat; o'éimir mire 50 cun, you refused me morosely; rean cun neam-maiteat ir eat é, he is a surly, unkind man; cf. also phr. an t-anam te tun; thin, meagre, sapless, poor (of a growing crop), as opposed to bonb; nac cun atá an cabáirte rin as rár, how meagre, how lean that cabbage is growing.

Cupaine, g. id., pl. -proe, m., one who eats his food without sauce

Cur

or condiment (sauce, etc., including meats); Japparoe te reoit ir oá sapparoe te hiarc, ir o'ioppao an cuplaine an raosat, a single field (a garden) of potatoes suffices when one uses meat, two fields are required when one uses fish, while one who eats his potatoes without any condiment would devour a world of them.

Tunar, g. -air, pl.id., m., a journey, an expedition, a voyage, travel, a pilgrimage, a visit, a "round" in performing the Stations of the Cross or similar devotions; in-aon tunar, purposely.

Tunarac, -aise, a., of or pertaining to a voyage or expedition.

Cuμαγάη, -áιη, pl. id., m., a traveller, a pilgrim.

Tuparcap, -aip, m., shell-fish.

Tuparcan mana, -cam mana, m., sea-snail.

Tupartap, v. intr., 3 s., journeys, travels; τυμαγταρ bé ταο tom, a woman comes up close to me (McD.).

Tup-aταιμ, m., a stale bachelor. Tupbaim, -a τ, v. tr., I confuse, dis-

tract (P. O'C.).

Tupbait, -e, pl. id., f., the fish called turbot.

Cupcaė, -aiż, -aiże, m., a Turk, a tyrant.

Tuncacar, g. -air, m., "Turkishness," cruelty.

Tuncait, -eac, -ioe, f., a cart. See thucait.

Tuncánta, indec. a., Turkish, cruel.

τυμ-ζαβάιτ, -άτα, f., rising, ascent, τυμζαβάιτ ζμέιπε, the ascending of the sun in the heavens, sunrise.

Tuntac. See Tuntacan.

Tuntacan, -ain, m., act of descending, alighting. See τυιητιης.

Cun-toc, m., a winter lake, dry in summer.

Tunn, g. τυμαιπη, m., a spinning wheel. See τύηπα.

τύμπα, g. id., pl., -aioe, m., a spinning wheel, a wheel; in East Ker. and M. generally nom. τυμπ (and τύμπ), g. τυμαιπη (and τύμαιπη); cf. υμιζιυ an τύμαιπη, Bridget of the spinning wheel; for declen. cf. caμπ, g. caμαιπη; τύμπα (Don.).

Cúpnac, -aiζe, α., over-throwing, upsetting, humbling, torturing.

Tunnáit, -áta, f., spinning with a wheel.

Tunnaim, vl. Tunnaim, v. tr. and intr., I lower, depress, humble, defeat, abate, restrain, check; descend; desist, leave off.

τυμπαή, -αιή, m., act of descending; lowering, abating, humbling; checking; desisting; a descent or fall; rest, ease; act of oppressing, crushing; τά γέ τά τυμπαή γά παλας; he is being oppressed under the load; pron. τύμπαή (M.).

Τυμπός, -όιζε, -όζα, f., a lime

kiln.

Tuppacaim, vl. Tuppac, v. tr., I push over, thrust, cast away.

τυρμαις, -αις, -ας $_{a}$, a push, thrust, a rush; το τέιμ ταρ τεομαίη το τυμμαις, who leaped over the border in a rush (McD.).

Cυμμαιης, -e, -ζιόe, f., a fall, a

blow, an onset.

Tunrean. See Thorean.

τuft of herbage; a rod, a little

holm, a small hillock.

τυητός, -όιζε, -ός Α, f a hillock, lump of earth, a holm; a lump of solid earth covered with heather, etc., in a moor or morass.

Τυμτυιζιm, 7c. See τομτυιζιm,

Tunur, m. See cunar.

τής, -ίης, m., beginning; η στής α τασζαιτ, in the beginning of his life; αμ στής (αμ στής, M.), in the beginning, at first; ό τής σειμεαό, from start to finish (more genly, written τής). Tura, per. pr., thou, thyself, thou thyself; acc. and voc. tura, thee, etc.

Turca, comp. and super., sooner, first, foremost (from zorac).

See Tuirce.

Turtóz, a hop, skip, leap, jump; τύριος (Don.); often τηυριός. Turtózac, -ai \dot{z} e, α ., skipping, leaping, desultory, pacing.

Turtózaim, -zaö, v. intr., I skip,

I leap, I jump.

 $\nabla \hat{\mathbf{u}} \boldsymbol{\varepsilon}$, $-\hat{\mathbf{u}}_1 \boldsymbol{\varepsilon}$, m_1 , dirt, filth, stench.

Cúτλċ, -Διże, α., uncouth; petulant; stinking, filthy; ungainly. Cúτaċar, -air, m., petulance, huffiness (Don.).

Tútaint (Con.). See tarann.

Τύτλιμε, g. id., pl. -μιόε, m., a clumsy fellow; a dirty fellow.

Cúτζαιί, -e, f., clumsiness, awkwardness; also dirtiness, filthiness; reannnacán ná cúctaile, a mean fellow.

 $C\acute{u}$ c m α , - α m, dirty, filthy,

fætid.

11 (up, heath), the name of the seventeenth letter of the Modern Irish Alphabet.

ua=6, prep., from, out of. See 6. ua or $\bar{0}$, g. ui, i; d. $\acute{0}$, ua; voc. a, ui; pl. ui; gpl. ua; d. pl. uib, ib; voc. pl. a, ui, m., grandson, male descendant; used in surnames, as Comár Ua briain, Thomas O'Brien.

uaban, -ain, m., pride, pomp, vainglory; wounded pride, keen sense of an indignity offered: táinis uaban onm, I felt keenly the offence offered me; Ainsil an uabain, the Fallen Angels.

uaban, -ain, m., act of making merry; az uaban, frisking (U.).

uaċair, -e, -i \dot{o} e, f., a cover, a lair, as of a fox, etc.; a hole worked into the ground from the surface; oo dein an muc u. pa Żapparöe, the pig scooped out a hole in the potato garden; ruacair, id.

uaconstáil, -ála, f., a repository of men, a dormitory (P. O'C.). the name of several churches. graveyards, etc.; often written with an initial n, as nuaconsbáit (Nohavil), a village near Knocknagree, Co. Cork.

υλόταμ, -Διμ, pl. id., m., upper part, top, summit; surface: cream; bosom; the south; an usccan, on the surface; usccan na héineann (also cionn na héineann, Don.), the south of

Ireland.

Usctapán, -áin, pl. id., m., a superior, one in authority, a president, a leader (also uacchán).

uactapánact, -a, f., rule, dominion, principality; chairmanship, leadership, presidency, superiority, sovereignty.

Uactanánaim, v. tr., I master,

rule, govern (O'N).

Uacthac, -aiξe, α., upper, higher, superior; southern.

uaċtpaċt, -a, f., act of mastering, becoming superior.

uao. See uaio.

 $u_{a\dot{o}a\dot{c}c}$, -a, f_{a} , a will or testament (also uòaċz): rázaim le huaò-Act, I bequeath by will, solemnly declare or protest.

ua \dot{o} a \dot{c} \dot

willing or bequeathing.

บลอัลดัธนารู้เพ, -นรู้ลอ๋, v. tr., I bequeath by will; uabaccuisim is often used instead of rázam le huadacc.

uaib, prep. pr., 2 pl., from you, emph. -re: cá rolar uaib, ye want or lack or demand light. See 6, prep.

นลาซิทeac, -ทาร้e, a., proud; pleasant, gay; as subs., a proud

uaibpeact, -a, f., pride, arrogance,

haughtiness.

uaibnear, -pir, m., pride, haughtiness; uaibnear náme, pride.

uaibnioeact, -a, f., pride, vainglory, haughtiness.

นลาธิทาร์าm, -านรัสอ่, v. tr., and intr., I grow proud, I make proud.

uaro, prep. prn., 3 s., from him; cá ainzead uaro, he wants, needs, lacks, or demands money; bí ré as cainne ir san aoinne as cun cuise ná uaio, he was talking, though no one addressed a word to him for or against him; as leisean uaio, leaking. See 6, prep.

tιαιζ, g. μαιζε, d. μαιζ, pl. μαζα and -eanna, a grave, a tomb, a

vault, a den, a cave.

uais, -e, -eaca, f., a sea-cave; a cave-like indentation in cliffs on the coast, having the appearance of a small bight or inlet; ttai5eaca an macaine, Maghery Caves, near Ardara, of which one is called that na noaoine, because, being dry, it can be visited at any time, and another tlais an Uirce, because the floor of it is always covered with water; in the second sense an uais is the name of an inlet beside Malinbeg, there is also a cave in connection with this uais (Don.); cf. M. pron. of usiż.

uaizneac, -niże, a., lonely, lone-

some.

uaizneac, -niż, -niże, m., a solitary person.

Uaigneacán, -áin, pl. id., m., a solitary person, a hermit.

taignear, -nir, m., solitude, Ioneliness, grief; secrecy, privacy.

uaisnearac, -aise, a., lonely, solitary.

uaill, -e, f., pride, vanity.

uaill, -e, a., proud, renowned, illustrious; vain, trivial.

uaitt, -e, -eaca, f., a lamentation, wailing, howling, crying.

uailleac, -like, a., howling, yelling, roaring.

uaillreapt, -a, f., act of howling,

uaillreaucac, -aite, a., howling, yelling; also illustrious renowned.

Uaill feaptact, -a, f., f. tion, mourning, howling, yelling.

uaill-fníom, m., a foolhardy action.

นลาโป-รู่ทíomac, -aise, a., given to foolhardy feats.

uailližim. See uaillim.

uaillim, -leao, v. intr., I roar, howl, scream, cry, weep aloud.

Uaillmian, -méine, f., highmindedness, arrogance, ambition.

uaillmianac, -aize, a., ambitious, vainglorious, arrogant; as subs. an ambitious person.

Uaim, prep. prn., 1 sing., from me,

emph. -re. See o, prep.

 u_{alm} , g. u_{ama} , f., a seam, or union, sewing, stitching, tacking, joining together; embroidery, ploughing, chains or traces; a weaver's harness (O'N.); fishing tackle; also użaim.

tiaim, g. uama, f., union, concord, or alliteration in verse; often used loosely, in the more recent period, of verse in general.

Uaim, -e, pl. -ama, f., a cave, cavern, den, grave, grotto, a

furnace or kiln.

tlaım ceanzal, m., an union, a joining or fastening together.

uaimneac, -nize, a., dreadful, horrid, terrible.

uaimneacc, -a, f., dreadfulness, horror.

uaimnizim, -niużao and -neao, v. tr. and intr., I terrify, fear, become afraid.

uaim talman, f., a cellar.

uain, -e, pl. id., f., time, moment, opportunity; leisure; uain agur τμάτ, ad. phr., just then, at that very time; an uainib, now and again; ni't uain azam ain (also cuize), I have not time for it; time, leisure, or respite for the return of a loan; weather, season, tá an uain 50 rliuc, the weather is wet; an uain, at leisure, free from business; uain muitinn, the turn of grinding in the mill; ní't ré o'uain agam out ann, I have not leisure to go there; a loan, anything lent or borrowed.

tain, uanac, uanaca, f., a cave; zón na huanac, the bottom of the cave; uain talman, a land cave, an excavation; u. an cinn, the back of the head.

uaine, g. id., pl., -nròe, f., a hinge, a pillar, pedestal, post, a peg or pin; ξαη απη αὐτ τα ἀειτμε uaine, he being barely alive, reduced to a skeleton; uainiòe peattèa, warping pins (O'N.).

tiaine, g. id., f., union, juncture, joining together; concordance

in verse.

thaine (uaithe), indec. a., green, verdant; bjiat uaine, a green veil.

tlaineac, -niże, a., giving time, leisure, opportunity, respite.

Uaineact, -a, f, greenness, verdure.

tameaċτ, -a,f., vacation, adjournment; seasonableness, leisure; vamioeaċτ, id.

uainearoóin, -óna, -óinire, m., a watch, a timepiece. See uain-

εσσόιμ.

uannām, -nuādo, v. tr., I prop, support, bear up; also I join, unite.

uainiżim, -iużaż, v. tr., I colour green, make verdant.

uainín, g. id., pl. -rôe, m., a lambkin; dim. of uan.

tlaımıngaö, -igte, m., a uniting or joining together.

uainn, prep. pr., 1 pl., from us; emph. -ne. See ó, prep.

Uainneapac, -aiże, a., secret, retired.

thainneapap, -aip, m., retirement.

thain, -e, pl. id., f., hour, time;
time = French, fois; occasion;
uaip an ctuiz, an hour by the
clock; uaip, an uaip, 'nuaip,
when; teat-uaip, half an hour;
ceatpama uaipe, quarter of an
hour; cá huaip? what time?
when? aon uaip, once, at once,
at the one time; σά uaip, twice
(now genly. σά uaip); τρί
huaipe, thrice, three times;
ap uaipib, sometimes, at times;

uain an bit, any time at all, whenever; aon uain amáin, once, once upon a time; an uain rin, at that time, then; adverbial pl. uaineanta.

uaip, for όιp, prep. See όιp.
uaipiear, -cip, pl. id. and -a, m.,
a cock-boat.

Uaineac. See nameaniail.

uaineacán, -áin, pl. id., m., a timepiece.

uaimeaoóim, -óma, -óminoe, m., a watch, clock; u. Jamme, a sand-glass; u. Jméme, a sundial.

Usipesoóipioe, g. id., pl.-ote, m., a watch-maker, a clock-maker.

uaineamait, -mta, a., hourly, at certain stated times, horary.

uaipeanta, pl. of uaip, used adverbially, occasionally, sometimes.

บลเทโะล์ท, -ล์เท, pl. id., m., a sundial. บลเททะละ๋ะ, -a, f., vacation, adjournment.

uaimpeac, -riże, -a, f., a cow that is running dry or losing her milk (also uaimpneac).

uair. See uar and uaral.

uaire, g. id., f., nobleness, highness; uaireact, id.

uaireac, -ri \dot{z} , pl.~id.,~m., a noble, a hero.

tlair-ingean, f., a noble lady, a high-born woman.

uarte, g. id., f., nobility, generosity, rank, gentility; the nobles, the gentry.

uairleact, -a, f., nobility, gen-

tility, generosity.

นลเทนร์เพ. -เนริลซ์, v.tr., I ennoble, exalt, dignify.

uairneac, -ni $\dot{\xi}$ e, a., skittish, easily startled by a sudden noise (Tory).

uairte, uairti, prep. pr., 3 s., f., above her, over her, it. See uar, prep.

that, prep. pr., 2 s., from thee, etc.;

emph. -pe. See ó, prep. Uait-béalta, indec. a., openmouthed; awful.

tlait-béaltar, -air, m., awfulness, frightfulness.

tlait, uaite, prep. pr., 3 s., f., from her; τά... uaiti, she wants, demands, needs, lacks. See ό, prep.

uaitib, prep. pr., 2 pl., from you; also old form of prep. pr., 3 pl.

See uaib.

taitne, indec. a., green, greenish. See uaine, green.

uaitne, a prop, etc. See uaine.

Uaitnitim. See uainitim.

uatać, -aiţ, -aiţe, m., burden, load; heavy charge, obligation.

tall, f., a wail, a lament. See

uaill.

tallac, -laiże, a., arrogant, haughty, vain, proud, boastful.

uallacan, -an, pl. id., m., a coxcomb, a fop, a gallant; a term of endearment.

uattacar, -air, m., silliness, conceit, airiness, ostentation, coquetry, vanity; uattacar aiznio, vanity (E. R.).

uallaroeact, -a, f., conceitedness,

ostentation, coquetry.

uallyant, -anta, f., a yell, a scream, a growl. See ulpant. uallyantac, -ante, f., act of roar-

ing, yelling.

tall-gol, -guil, m., a roaring, loud wailing.

uall-maoroeam, m., boasting, bragging.

uall-maoroim, -maoroeam, v. tr. and intr., I boast or brag ostentatiously.

ualló5, -ό15e, -ό5α, f., a coquette. ualuiżim, -użaċ. v. tr., I load, burthen, encumber.

uam. See uaim and uzaim.

uam. See uama.

uama, -ao, -aoa, f., a cave, den, or grot; a grave, a tomb, a sepulchre; an oven, a kiln, a furnace.

uamao, -mta, m., a uniting, joining, sewing, stitching, tacking

together.

uamaım, -aö, v. tr., I unite, join, sew, stitch, close, or tack together.

tlaman, -ain, m., fear, terror, dread, amazement.

tiamanόιμ, -όμα, -όιμιτος, m., a handstitcher or embroiderer.

uamėaraim, -rao, v. tr., I encompass, surround.

uamnac, -naiże, a., fearful, dreadful.

tlamnaiże, g. id., f., dread, terror, dismay, awe.

uamnuiţim, -uţao, v. tr. and intr., I dismay, terrify, shock.

uan, g. uan, pl. id. and -a, m., a lamb; uan Cárca, a paschal lamb.

uan, -ain, m., froth, foam; uan na bócna, the foam of the sea; uan cuinne, the froth of a wave.

thanaroeact, -a, f., rest, leisure; the act of taking work by turns:
oo oein na paigoinipioe u. ap a ceite, the soldiers took the watch by turns; also namioeact.

uanamail, -mla, a., lamb-like.

uanán, -áin, m., froth, as of milk, beer, etc., but esp. milk-froth; ir ria (τέιτεαπη) an τ-uanán 'ná an τ-anthuit, froth lasts longer (or goes further) than broth, i.e., a cow living and milk-producing is more serviceable than if slaughtered and broth-producing (M. saying).

uan, -aine, cold. See ruan.

tlapac, -aize, a., temporary, of short duration.

tlapac multans, m., the herb devil's bit.

υαμάη, -άιη, -άπτα, m., fresh water; a well, a fountain (also μαμάη); υαμάη μόη, Oranmore, Co. Galway.

Uapar, uapar na mainte, new milk

(Der.).

uaμόλ, τυλμόλ, g. id., m., cold, a cold place; the northern regions, as Iceland, Norway, etc.

uapoact, -a, f., coldness (also

ruapoact).

tar, ór, prep. (in pronom. combinations: uaram, uarat, uara, uairte or uairti, uarainn, uairib, uarta, above me, thee, etc.), over, above; the pronom. combinations are now becoming obsolete.

uas

tar, ad., above, on high; anuar, down from above.

 $u_{\alpha r}$, g. $u_{\alpha r}$, α ., noble, high, superior; also uair. See uarat. tarac, -aize, a., noble, superior.

taract, -a, f., superiority, nobility.

ttarat, g. -ait, pl. uairte, m., a nobleman, noble, gentleman; uairle rive, fairy nobles.

uarat, gsf. uairte, a., noble, gentle, well-descended, high-born, precious (as jewels, etc.); bean uarat, a lady; ouine uarat, a gentleman; áic uarat, a fairy region; ireat ir uarat, lowly and noble, "gentle and simple."

uarcán, -áin, m., a hogget, yearold ewe.

 $u_{\text{Arpaineacc}}, -a, f., \text{ practice};$ uarpaineact a znior maizir-Theact = practice makes perfect.

ust, fear, dread, terror; in composition, fearful, dreadful, terrible.

 $u_{a\dot{c}}$, -a, pl. -ca, m., the white-thorn, the name of the aspirate "h"

in the Irish alphabet.

usts, indes. a., singular (as distinct from plural); an uimin uata, the singular number; also ust or uao. See uatao.

usts, prep. pr., 3 pl., from them.

See 6, prep.

uatatt, -a, f., singularity, oneness (O'N.).

นละังอ่, -งาอ่, m., a few, a small number or quantity; singularity of number; ní paib ann acc uatao beas, there was only a small quantity (or number) there; an uimin uacaio, the singular number.

uatamait, -mta, a., single, soli-

tary.

uatbar, -air, m., fear, terror, horror, dread, dismay, astonish. ment, surprise.

uatbárac, -raize, a., terrible, horrible.

uatbáram, v. tr., I intimidate, I terrify.

นละ-commáo, m., soliloquy; และ-Labrao, id.

uatmaine, g. id., f., dread, terror, horror.

ustinan, -aine, a., dreadful, terrible, fearful, horrible.

ub, g. uib and uibe, pl. uibe (pron uroe) and urbeaca, m and f. (m)generally in M.), an egg; ub cince, a hen's egg; com vaon te oá ub an an bpinzinn, dear as two eggs a penny; the ovarium; also the point of anything; ub claroim, the point of a sword; pron. ob in M. where the pl. is unbe (pron. unbe); the Con. phr., tá na huibeaca bhuice, the eggs are boiled, would scarce be understood in M., where tá na huibe (huibe) beinote, is said (nom. uib, q. uibe, Don.).

นธิงc, -งเรe, a., pointed; relating

to eggs.

ubaill, -e, -i \dot{o} e, f., an apple-tree; ubaill fiadain, a crab-tree; an orchard (abaill in Don.; abaill is wrongly set down as indec.; see abaitt); nom. also ubatt.

ubailtín, g. id., pl. -roe, m., small

apple; dim. of uball.

uball, -aill, pl. ubla, m., an apple; ubatt riabain, a crab, uball známneac, pomegranate; uball-jone, orchard.

ubatt-żoμτ, m., an orchard (pron.

abtóπο in M.).

uball na leire, the hip-bone, the round of the leg; uball oanac, a nut-gall; ubatt na rút, the apple of the eye.

Uball τ óin, -ónac, -óineaca, f., an

apple-tree or its wood.

uban. See suban.

ublac, -aize, a., full of apples,

apple-bearing.

tic, interj., och, alas, oh! uc ip uc ir oit na cléine, oh, woe, alas, the ruin of the bards! (O'Ra.).

Ucaim, ucanaim, v. intr., I sigh (O'N.).

úcaim, -aò, v. tr., I full or tuck. uċaine, g. id., pl. -μιόε, m., spawn of fish; ucaspe vestsneac, perch. See eocain.

ücaine, g. id., pl. -nioe, m., a fuller, tucker (of cloth).

 $\tilde{\mathbf{u}}_{\text{caineact}}$, -a, f., the business of a tucker.

 $\hat{\mathbf{u}}$ camáit, -áta, f., the fulling, cottoning, or napping of frieze. Úcameact, id.

ucar riadain, m., common mal-

ucar thanneac, m., dwarf mal-

ucbao, -aio, m., sorrow, grief, wailing, weeping.

 $u\dot{c}\dot{b}a\dot{o}a\dot{c}$, $-\dot{o}a\dot{c}$ e, a., sighing, groaning.

uctán, -áin, pl. id., m., a sigh or

uclánac, -aize, a., depressed, low-spirited, lonesome, mournful, sorrowful.

ucón, interj., alas! See ocón.

uct, -a, pl. id., m., bosom, breast, lap; cabain ucc, set yourself to, set to work seriously on (an), pe huce (or te huce), against, with a view to, for the purpose of; ne huce ionnruiste na beannan rin, with a view to making an attack on that gap (Kea., T. S.)., on the point of, at the time of; ne huce an bair, at the time of death; 1 n-ucc na huaine rin, in the nick of that time; 1 n-ucc an crléibe, in the heart or middle of the mountain; a noteacuroe tura i n-uct an baozait, thou wert their warrior in the face of (or against) danger (O'Ra.); ar uct Oé, for God's sake; cuinim ont at uct Oé, I adjure thee by God, or for God's sake; a huce ruata, out of hatred; O'R. wrote or huce muine, or huce chiore, and in Don. the form is an rocc, with the peculiar sound of r that follows n in that county: an-roce an craosail lear, for all sakes.

uctac, -ais, -aise, m., a breastplate, a stomacher, an apron.

tictac, -ais, m., a lapful; a load which a person carries between his hands and breast.

 $u\dot{c}$ \dot{c} , - \dot{a} , \dot{c} , \dot{c} , extension of voice, good delivery of speech; a clef in music; courage, hope (U. and

uccamait, -mta, a., full-chested, carrying one's head high, erect.

ticcán, -áin, pl. id., m., a sob, a

groan (from uc).

uccan, -ain, pl. id., m., the frontletof a hillock; uċτός, id.; uċτልċ id. (O'N.); učtán 1r rána \dot{o} , height and hollow (O'N.).

uct-éaoac, -ais, m., a breastplate. uctinac, -mic, pl. id., m., an

adopted son.

uccinacac, -carze, a., adoptive.

uctinacact, -a, f., uctinacac, -cta, m., adoption.

ucc-macanoacc, -a, f., the adoption of a son.

ucc-macaim, -cao, v. tr., I adopt (as a son).

ucτός, -όιςe, -ός Δ, f., a load carried between the hands and breast.

ucc-placa, g. id., pl. -10e, m., a breastplate.

tio, udder of a cow (spelled also umao). See út.

uo, demonst. particle, that, yon, yonder; an rean wo tall, that man yonder (úoaiż tall or úoaí tall, in parts of Con., and shortened to upai, eapai, in U.); an reap no a bí az zot moé, the man who was weeping yesterday; with adj., an rean bneat uo, that fine man; an oume uo, that person; com oéroeanac úο 'ran oroce, so late at night; an puo uo aoubaine an rile, that saying of the poet; as ceace aniah hoais, coming from the west (or over) yonder (Don.).

uo, in phr. ό uo zo rinit, from beginning to end $(O'N_{\cdot})$; also

úΰ.

uόἀς, -a, -anna, f., a will, a bequest. See uaόἀς.

Ψόαςτόιη, -όηα, -όιηισε, m., a testator. (See μασάςτόιη.)

thoaig = wo, that, yonder, yon (Con. and U.); oo'n baite woaig, to that townland (the vowel w is long in Con., short in U.); also woan (pts. of Con.).

uòmaille (aòmaille), g. id., f., quickness, swiftness, fleetness,

activity.

tromatt, -aitte (aomatt), a.,

quick, active, strong.

tiomattóno, -e, f., a ferrying or conveying across a stream; nomtanoeact, id.

tromattóroeac, -orge, pl. id., m.,

a ferryman (O'N.).

uomattoroim, -óro, v. tr., I waft,

I ferry (O'N.).

us, g. uise, pl. id. and uisess, f., an egg(Mon., Tyrone, etc.). See us.

uzact. See uadact.

uǯaςán, -áın, pl. id., m., a custard. úǯaım, -ama, -ǯmaċa, f., harness, hames, panniers; plough traces, weaver's traces. See μαιm.

użamaim, -mao, I accoutre, I har-

ness, I yoke.

użamuiżće (and użamża), p. a., caparisoned, harnessed, yoked.

usán, -áin, pl. id., m., craw of a

fowl. See 105án.

usoan, -an, pl. id., m., an author; an authority; the source or origin of a story, etc.; a voucher; bun-usoan, source, origin (Con.); rin usoan an ceoil, that is what brought about the composition of the song (U.).

υξοαμάς, -μαιζε, α., authoritative. υξοαμάς, -άις, m., authority, authenticity; boldness, assurance, presumption, self-confidence (also written υξοαμάς).

úξολητάγας, -Διζε, α., authoritative, authentic; superior, power-

ful.

ujoanicápamaıt, -mta, α., authoritative, authentic; bold, self-assertive.

UŚmań, -aró, m., a band, one end of which is fastened to a hurdle of rods, with a wooden bar through the other end for securing cattle in their enclosure; plough gear, horse trappings.
UŚmaim. See uśmuiśim.

użmuiżim, -użażo, v. tr., I harness, caparison, yoke; użmuiżże, p.a.,

harnessed, caparisoned.

uí, g. and voc. s., and n. and voc. pl. of o or us, m., grandson, descendant.

uíb, dpl. of ó or us, m., grandson,

descendant. See ib.

Uιὅιρ, g. -ὅρε, and ὅρεας, pl. -ὅρεαςα, f., a number, multitude. See uimip.

uibpeacán, -áin, pl. id., m., a numerator, an arithmetician, the numerator (in arithmetic).

Uiöpeacánacc, -a, f., numbering. Uiò, -e, f., care, heed, attention, thought; a step; uiò ap n-uiò, gradually, by degrees, step by step; ταβαιρ ο' uiò, consider, think, estimate; m' uiò teat ip mo puit so món teat, I looked forward to thee, and I greatly hoped in thee (Fer.).

uroe, g. id., pl. -aca, f., a journey-

ing, a march.

Uróeact, -a, f., a going, a journey.

Uroim. See uzaim.

urone, gsf. of οολη, dun-coloured; Leaban na hurone, Book of the Dun Cow.

uιόμε, g. id., f., paleness, wanness;

uropeact, id.

uize, g. id., pl. -eaca, f., a web in the loom, or fit for the loom; P. O'C. adds "but not a web or pearl in the eye, nor pearl, a jewel or precious stone, neither does it signify carded wool or the stuff to be spun for clothes, but it as well as incleace metaphorically signifies a poem or other ingenious composition"; the bottom (of a river, etc.).

uıςım, -ςeaö, v. tr., I warp; also I sound (the depths of a river,

etc.).

unging, -e, -eaca, f., a fleet (O'N.).
ungingeac, m., an admiral (O'N.).
untc, g. of otc, m., evil, mischief,
harm; and of otc, a., bad, evil.

uite, a., when preceding the noun, every (aspirates); when following the noun, all, whole, entire; uile am, every time; uile ouine, everyone, everybody; 5ac uite, every; 5ac uite nío, everything, all things; 50 huite, wholly, entirely, completely, altogether, all; uite 50 téin, altogether, together; an uite ronc, everything = every kind of thing; an unte nuo, everything, all; an uite, every; na huite, all men; 'na oiaio rin ir uite, after all that, nevertheless; 'na éagmuir rin ir uite, besides all that; các uite, everyone (Kea.); 30 huite, entirely (Don.), in which the

word is pron. as spelled. uite, g. id., f., oil, ointment,

unction. See ite.

uíteac, -tiże, a., oily, greasy, fatty, unctious (also íteac).

uíteact, -a, f., oiliness, unctuousness (also íteact).

 u_1 leact, -a, f., universality.

uiteata, indec. a., entire, in full. uite-cumact, -a, f., omnipotence. uite-cumactac, -aise, a., al-

mighty, omnipotent.
Uile-cumactac, -tais, m., the

Almighty (with art.).

Unterice, g.id., m., all-heal, mistletoe.

uite-torcao, -cta, m., act of burn-

ing up wholly.

uite maitear, -a, m., great wealth or resources (Mayo), but see

oll-maitear.

uitio, full, entire, all (pron. uitis), this is the form used in Mayo, and from Mayo northward, somet. pron. 'tis (for uitio or uite so téin); pron. eitic (N. Con.). See uite.

uitioesc, a., whole, entire; 30

hu., wholly, entirely.

universality.

uiliţim, -iuţao, v. tr., I anoint, grease, besmear; also iliţim.

uille, -ann, -anna, f., the elbow, an ankle; a corner, a nook; a haunch (nom. also uillinn); píoba uilleann, union pipes.

uitteac, -tiţe, a., angular, cornered; tpi-uitteac, triangular. uitteact, -a, f., hugeness, vast-

ness, greatness. See ott.

utteann, -tinne, f., honeysuckle. utteannac, -naiże, a., cornered, angular; ceażan - uitteannac, quadrangular.

uilleannact, -a, f. elbowing, jerking, nudging, putting aside. uilleannam, -ao, v. tr., I jerk,

nudge, elbow (O'N.).

till-plape, f., a monster, a reptile.
time, prep. pr. 3 s., about him, around him, it; about, around, concerning, why, therefore; unme pm, therefore, wherefore, for that reason, on that account; unmip, prep. pr. 3 s. (M.). See um.

tim-filleao, -loe, m., a folding around.

timin, g. -mine and -mineac, pl. -mineaca, f., a number; u. meaoonac, average number (also untin); pron. Δοιμ (iμ) in M. and untin in part of Don. (P. of Glenties), where also one hears come Δυ = come Δυ, γcimeat = γcimeat, etc., ex., bi untin mon value ann, there was a great number of people there.

Ulmir. See ulme.

uimpi, uimpe, prep. pr. 3 s. f., about her, around her, it. See um, prep.

uimpeac, -pise, a., numerous,

plenteous.

Unimpeacán, -ánn, pl. id., m., an arithmetician, or calculator.

 u_{im} μ α , α , α , α .

unge, g. id., pl.-eaca, f., an ingot, an ounce.

Unniún, g. -úin, pl. id., m., an onion.

Umreac. See omreac.

Unreann, -rinn, m., the ash tree. Unreannac, -naize, a., ashen.

uiμ- (uμ-) intensive prefix, very, exceeding; it is often long in M., as in úμιαθμα, úιμ-íreat, 7c.

Uıp-beápnaım, -aö, v. tr., I break, make a gap in.

Unitation, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a pig, a young pig. See onc.

ὑιμο, g. of όμο, m., order (in every sense), arrangement; g. and pl. of όμο, m., hammer, sledgehammer.

Uin-diuzad. See un-dubad.

úine, g. id., f., moistness, dampness; freshness, greenness, newness; liberality, generosity; úineaċτ, id.

üη-éaστροm, -τριιme, α., very or exceedingly light, brisk, nimble.

terror, great fear, dread,

un-eastac, -aise, a., terribly afraid.

un-earbac, -anże, a., defective, deficient, needy.

uiμ-earbaio, -e, f., want, need, deficiency; poverty; Δμ uiμ-earbaio bμός, wanting shoes; Δμ uiμ-earbaio céitte, wanting in sense (the word is somet. pron. uiμeara, that is, the b is aspirated and slurred over); σέαπαμ σ'ά u., to do without it (Gal.).

unp-riscait, f., the fore tooth.

τίτη ξέας, g. -ξέιςe, d. -ξέις, pl.
-ξέιςeaca, f., high branch or bough.

un-żneannać, -anże, a., beardy, hairy.

un-speannact, -a, f., puberty, ripeness of age; the having a beard.

tinnin, g. id., pl. -roe, m., a little house built by children; a little model of a house which children make to amuse themselves, called in some places, a "cubby" or "cuddy" or "cabby" (Ker.).

tim-freat, -irte, a., hamble, mean, low; vile.

uiμ-íple, g. id., f., lowliness (of estate).

uiη-ipteact, -a, f., lowliness (of estate), humility.

uin-ípližim, -liužao, v. tr., I abase, humble, disparage.

นาห-ípใานรังงั่, -ารั่ง , m., a debasement, disparagement.

un-learc, -eirce, a., lazy, slothful, sluggish.

untition, m. or f., an enclosure; a mansion, a court, a hall; also a yard.

untip, -e, -roe, f., a tool, an instrument. See untair.

Untimerpheac, $-ni\dot{z}$, m., (somet. f.), great courage.

un-menneamant, -mta, α., very courageous.

Uipnir. See uiplir.

unpean, -pin, -peana, m., a pool of water left at ebb-tide.

tin-rcéat, m., a fable, legend, famous story.

un-reéatoac, -oanse, a., fabulous, legendary.

un-reéaturée, m., a fabulist, repeater of legend.

йір-рілост, т., a noble race.

unp-tentgean, m., a vomiting or emitting.

tiη-τeitzim, -zean, v. tr., I vomit, emit; I eject, cast out.

Այրեւ, սորեе, prep. prn. 3 s., f., on her, upon her, it; emph. սորեւրе. See որ prep.

u₁r, -e, a., humble, obedient, ready, willing, condescending.

uirce, g. id., pl., -ciòe (pl. also -ciòeaca), m., water; píonuirce, spring water; uirce beaca, whisky; as oéanam uirce rá catam, promoting discord; uirce na scor, water for washing the feet or in which they have been washed (much spoken of in folk-tales); ní riú uirce na scor (or uirce na n-uō) é, he is a worthless fellow; tiac-uirce, a sort of dropsy in sheep; uirce tiac, water

coloured grey with milk, used by poor people with their food; uirce bos, luke-warm water, uirce eata-bos, id.

urceatac, -ais, m., mixed with much water, anything much

diluted.

Uirceamail, -mla, a., miry, aquatic, moist, swampy.

Uirceamlact, -a, f., wateriness; a liquid.

ພາກຸເາຮູ້າຫ, -ານຮູ້ລ $\dot{\mathbf{o}}$, tr., I water,

irrigate, moisten. U_1 react, -a, f_1 , obedience, sub-

mission.

dutiful, u_{1} reamail, - \dot{m} la, $a_{.}$, obedient, submissive.

Uireoz, -015e, -05a, f., a lark. See ruireos.

นาך-เลกุหลาm, -arò, v. tr., I humbly beseech or entreat.

U17-14μητας,-A15e, α., importunate. $u_1rpin, g. id., pl.$ -nice, m., a sausage, a dressed pudding, a fat pudding, omasum (Plunket, P. O'C.).

ularo, -e, -eaca, f., a stone tomb, penitential station, charnelhouse, a pile of bones in a church-

yard.

utaro, -e, -eaca, f., a straddle, a

pack-saddle (O'N.).

ulca, g. id., pl. -nna, f., a beard; metathesised and shortened in Mon. to luc (pron. lúc, with ú a little shortened by a following strong t); bí a tuc tiat ip a Šuč ó Šaillim anian, his beard was grey, and his voice from Galway in the west, i.e., he spoke with a Galway accent (in old anecdote).

ulcabcán, -áin, m., owl or owlet. ulcac, -aize, a., bearded, hairy.

ulċ-raoa, α., having a long beard. ulċόζ, -όιζε, -όζα, f.. a swelling under the jaws in the throat (P,O'C.).

ulpaint, -anta, f., a cry, a yell; a cry of a wolf or dog; a growl.

ull-, oll-, prefix, great.

ullam, -aime, a., ready, prepared, finished, willing (of persons);

ullam cum uncóroe, prone to mischief.

ullmace, -a, f., forwardness, pr. paration, readiness, completeness.

ullmaroeacc, -a, f., preparation, preparedness, readiness.

ullimóro, -e, -eaca, f., something prepared or got ready, usually dressed victuals.

ullmużao, -uiżce, m., act of preparing, making ready.

นใให้นารู้เพ, -พนรู้ลอ่, v. tr., I pre-

pare, get ready.

ullmuiţte, p. a., prepared, ready. ülόζ, -όιζε, -όζα, f., a pulley.

utρός, -ό15e, -ό5α, f., a sickness, a severe kind of infectious cold amongst children (Don.)

ultaė, aiš, pl. id., m., an Ultonian; in Don. one of the O'Donlevy family; an cutcac=Mr. O'Donlevy. The O'Donlevys came from the ancient ularo, i.e., Dalaradia, in Co. Down and S. Antrim. In parts of M. and S. Con. this word is pron. Oul-TAC, as if the first syllable were Ott-, and indeed the spelling Olltac is often found in MSS. and in some printed books.

Um (um, 10m, 1m) [in pronom. combin., umam, umac, ume, uimir (m., M.), uimpi or uimpe (f.), umainn, umaib, umpa or 10mpa], prep., about, around, concerning, for, round about, including, along with, with regard to; of clothes put on, etc.: 3an son puo size le cup uime $(u_1m_1r, M.)$, while he has nothing to put on; ip mon an thuas an cúisean, san rnáit te cun 10mps, how greatly are the five persons to be pitied, not having a shred of clothes to put on them (song); of time, um thátnóna, in the evening; um noo-Lais, at Christmas; uime rin, therefore, of course; concerning, um an Špéaz pin v'éibil, concerning that Greek who died $(\mathcal{O}'D.).$

uma, g. id., m., copper, brass; come uma, a copper caldron.

umać, -aiże, a., copper, brazen. umaib, prep. pr. 2 pl., about you,

around you. See um, prep.

umaroe, indec. a., brazen, belonging to brass or copper.

umait, f., consideration, heed, attention; used in phr. like cuin ré i n-umait oam é, he reminded me of it, he drew my attention to it, made it known to me; cuin ré i n-umait oam sun, 7c., he gave me to understand that, etc.; cui i n-umait oo = to make one believe, to pretend to one (Mon.

umainn, prep. pr., 1 pl., about us, around us. See um, prep.

umaine. See iomaine.

and Don.).

umal, gsf., umante, or unimte, a., humble, obedient, submissive, subordinate, willing, condescending.

timat, -ait, pl. id., m., an humble

or obedient person.

umatóro, -e, f., obeisance. See umtóro.

Umatóro, -e, -eaca, agony, pang; umatóro an bárr, the pangs of death (O'Br.)

umat-uppaim, f., obedience.

umam, prep. pr. 1 s., about me, around me. See um, prep.

umaμ, -aiμ, pl. id., m., a trough, a font; a press, a cup-board (ON.); umaμ an riona, a wine vat; τυιτιm i n-umaμ na haimiteipe, to get into a fix or difficulty; in part. a stone vat; a holy-water font; u. baiγτιόe, a baptismal font.

umar, prep pr. 2 s., about thee, around thee. See um prep.

umopurorm (10mopurorm), vl. id.; v. tr., I circumscribe, enclose.

Umojuroće, p. a., circumscribed, enclosed.

umpáipcim, -ápcaó, v. tr. and intr., I embrace, squeeze closely; also umpápcaim.

umṛáṛcaċt, -a, f., act of pressing or squeezing.

umżaoż, f., a whirlwind.

umštacaim, -ao, v. tr., I grip or grasp.

umta, g. id., f., submission, obedi-

umtabpa, m., circumlocution.

umlacc, -a, f., humility, obedience.

umtarcaim, -tarc, v. tr., I roll myself, wallow (with reflex. pr.), oá n-umtarc réin, wallowing; (also iomtarc).

umtacać, -aiże, a., ill-bred, re-

bellious.

timtóro, -e, f., humility, obedience; in the Rosses, Co. Don., applied to the pliability of osiers: ní μαιδ u. nr an ctiaδ, the osiers hadn't bent properly; in P. of Glenties it is pron. úmtáro (see under uimin) = respect, honour: τά u. món γά n-a coinne, there is great respect for him; ας σέαπαm umtóroe, showing respect.

umtóroeac, -orge, a., humble, obedient; transitory (Donl.,

apud O'R.).

Umlužao, -uišče, m., act of sub-

mitting, obedience.

Umtuiţim, -uţaō, v. tr. and intr., I kneel, stoop; bow in reverence (to, oo); make lowly, humble; umtuiţ tú rein, humble thyself.

umóroeac, -orże, a., cross, ill-

tempered.

timps, prep. pr., 3 pl., about them, around them (also 10mps). See um, prep.

Umruioim, -ruioe, v. tr., I besiege. Umruileac, -lize, a., circumspect,

wary, provident.

unac out, f., black briony; unac jeal, white briony (O'C.). unar (phonetic spell.), conztato

unar an an mbáo, keep the boat still; cf. uncar, unlar.

unopać, -aiże, a., proud, saucy,

impertinent, insolent.

unpaint (10npaint), -e, f., act of wallowing, rolling. See 10npaint.

unrainteac, -tize, a., rolling, wallowing, disposed to wallow.

Unraptać, - a_1 ż, - a_1 że, m., one who wallows.

Unraptaim, vl. -paint, v. tr. and intr., I tumble, toss; I roll or wallow; also ionpantaim.

unza. See 1015a.

unzao, -zta, m., an unction, an anointing, ointment.

unzaim, -ao, v. tr., I anoint, besmear, daub.

unsame, g. id., pl.-price, m., an anointer.

unsta, p. a., anointed.

Unztac, -aiż, -aiże, m., an anointed person.

unstact, -a, f., ointment, unctuosity.

untar, -air, m., a windlass, a pulley (P. O'C.).

Unra, g. id., pl. -roe, m., an ounce. uncap, -aip, -aipiòe, m., a windlass. See untar and unar.

uncail (10ncail), -ala, f., the act of turning. See 10mpáil.

upta, g. id., sorcery, magic enchantment,

uptact, -a, f., magic, sorcery, incantation, enchantment.

uptaine, g. id., pl. -nide, m., a sorcerer, an enchanter.

uptaineact, -a, f., sorcery, witchcraft.

 $up\dot{c}$ όζ, -όιζε, -όζa, f., a gipsy, witch, fortune-teller; a hag. up, m., heath, the name of the

letter u.

úη, mould, earth. See úη.

 $\tilde{\mathbf{u}}_{\mathsf{H}}$, gsf. $\hat{\mathbf{u}}_{\mathsf{H}}$ e, α ., fresh, moist, new; raw, tender, recent; generous, noble, liberal, free; an coiteán ŭη, America.

un- (unn-), intensive prefix, very,

exceedingly.

 $\mathfrak{u}_{\mathfrak{p}}, g., \mathfrak{u}_{\mathfrak{p}}, m., \text{moisture}; \mathfrak{u}_{\mathfrak{p}}$ δίος ι n-éavac olna, the scouring of greasy woollen cloth after the loom (P. O'C.).

ũριαċ, -aiże, α., mouldy, earthy,

clayey.

Upac, -aize, f., the freshness or newness of things; unac na

coitte, the freshness of the wood (P. O'C.).

place (P. O'C.).

Upac ballac, f., orchis, or the herb called devil's bit (P. O'C.).

verdure.

Up-aζαιό, m., the face, front, or forehead.

upazatt, speech, language.

 u_{plance} \dot{c}_{c} , -a, f_{c} , a primer or accidence; rudiments of education.

Ипансеарт. See ипансеаст.

υμαιό, 1 n-υμαιό (α n-υμαιό), last year).

uparo, a., first, foremost, in the first place,

uμάιμο, -e, f., high ground.

υμάιμοελότ, -A, f., loftiness, stateliness; un-ámoe, id.

Upamail, -mla, fresh, flourishing, juicy.

upánacz, -a, f., cold bathing.

Uη-Δοιδιηη, -bne, α., charming, delightful.

un-áno, α., very high.

Upar, -air, m., a base, ground, foundation, support; sprout, a graft.

unara. See unur and unura. υμοιόδις, -οδιζε, α., hurtful, in-

jurious, baneful.

นทุธลาง, -e, f., hurt, injury; also a ward, a custody, guard, protection.

űη-bláit, -e, a., fruitful, blossomy. up-blar, m., a fresh taste or savour, new flavour or relish.

បីរា-ចិប្លង់ m and f fresh blossom, new flower.

uη-boċ, f., a hut or cottage.

upoponn, -bournne, f., limit, boundary.

 $u_{\text{piall}} (= u_{\text{piall}}), -a_{\text{il}}, m.,$ spancel, fetter, shackle; υμέλιι cuibniż, a binding shackle (the uncall is a short spancel tying the fore or hind legs together; it is now somet. corrupted to nocatt, which see).

upčatlač (up-čotleač), -aiže, f., a year-and-a-half old heifer.

uncallaim, -lao, v. tr., I fetter, spancel, tether.

uncalltact, -a, f., fettering, shackling, tethering.

uncán, -áin, pl. id. m., a pig.

uncan, -ain, m., a volley, a charge, the casting or hurling of a stone; a shot.

unc- $\dot{\varsigma}$ eince, p. a., still-born (Aran). un-clearac, -aise, active, a.,

nimble, dexterous.

йн-cnoc, a green hill; applied to almost any hill in U. poetry. **υ**μικός, -όιςe, -όςα, f., spawn, fry.

unicóro, -e, -eaca, f., damage, harm; iniquity.

υμόόι σελό, -σιζε, α., wicked, hurtful, perverse; exceedingly angry. $u_1i\dot{c}\acute{o}_1oe_A\dot{c}$, $-o_1\dot{c}$, $-o_1\dot{c}e$, m.,

wicked or perverse person.

υμόόι το eact, -a, f., maliciousness, injury, mischief-making.

υμικόιοιζιm, -ιυζαό, v. tr., I hurt, damaze, injure.

upcóroim, v. tr., I hurt, damage, injure. See uncoroizim.

йн-coill, f., a green wood. un-comatt. See uncatt.

นุก-corc, m., a preservative against evil; a charm, a spell; medicine, remedy, specific.

uητήα, -αο, f., want, defect, scarcity; grief; loss; also onena.

uη-ċnáo, m., grief, sorrow, afflic-

uηċηλολέ, -ολιζε, a., decaying, defective, wanting, scarce.

uncháoλc, -λιζe, α., grievous, sorrowful, afflicted.

 \mathbf{u}_{η} -choióeac, - $\dot{\sigma}$ ize, a., tenderhearted.

 $u_{\text{H-cuil}}, f$, a fire-insect, a cricket, a salamander.

Uncup. See uncan.

un-oáit, -áta, f., a large share, a collection.

un-oainznim, -iuzao, v. tr., 1 confirm, establish.

นท-อนอ, -อนาอe, a., dark, dusky, obscure.

un-oubao, -ouibce, m., act of darkening or obscuring, or growing dark, decline, waning, eclipse;

cf. cá un-oubao an an ngealais, the moon is undergoing eclipse; as a grammat. term, eclipsis.

Unouiveact, -a, f., darkness, obscurity, eclipse.

นท-อนาธาท, -อนธิงอั, v. tr., I obscure, darken, eclipse.

Un-rożnam, m., slavery, service.

υη-ζάιησελό, -σιζε, α., joyful, merry.

Un-zámoeacar,-am, m., arejoicing, congratulation.

 u_{μ} - \dot{z} ejoicing, rejoicing much.

up-zar, m., a noble or flourishing stem or staff; a noble scion.

 $u_{n-\dot{z}}$ tar, $-\dot{z}$ tare, α , fresh and green.

Արշոգտ, -ուտ, m., a feast, an entertainment; food; act of dressing, cooking.

a female guest.

uη-ζηάιη, f., ugliness, loathsomeness; aversion, disgust, abhorrence, deep loathing.

up-zpáinim, v. tr., I terrify (Kea., T.S.).

Un-jhánna, un-jhánda, very ugly; loathsome; compar. id.

un-żnánnacz, -a, f., ugliness, deformity.

unta, -an, -aroe, f., a lock of hair; the long hair of the head; part. the hair coming over the forehead; any long hair; oo repacao upta, who was Scéin an dragged far from home by the hair of the head (E, R); the pl. untaroe is used in the sense of locks, ringlets, masses of hair; u. an cize, the eave of the house.

uplabapżać, -żaiże, a., eloquent, oratorical.

uplatha, m., speech, faculty of speech, utterance; rhetoric, eloquence, oratory; a speech.

untac, -aiże, a., having long hair. u_{l} v_{l} v_{l uplaicis, v. tr., I vomit.

uplacan, -am, m., a vomiting. unlacanac, -ais, m., a vomiter. υμιας απαίτ, -α, f., vomiting.

υμιας εά, -ciţe, f., act of vomiting; τά τουν υμιαις ξε ομω, I feel inclined to vomit.

untarioe, g. id., f., act of smiting, beating, sledging; a blow, a skirmish; conflict, slaughter.

tiplaioeacτ, f., sledging, smiting. tiplaioeacτ, f., readiness, quickness, nimbleness.

tiplainn-leatan, -leitne, a., with broad handle (Kea., T. S.). See

unlann.

untar, -e, -roe, f., a tool, an implement, an instrument. See untir.

uptairte, an hour-glass (Kea.,

T. S.).

untam, -aime, a., ready, quick, prepared.

untamam, -ao, v. tr., I possess. untamar, -air. m., power; posses-

Unlamuroe, g. id., pl. -ote, m.,

a possessor.

thtán, -áine, a., full, complete.

untann, -anne, -anna, f., a yard, or lawn; untann teapa, a court-vard.

uptann, -anne, -anna, f., the staff or handle of a missive pike, spear or javelin; nom. also uptainn.

นทุไล์ทุ, -ลำทุ, pl. id., m., floor; แทุไล์ทุ ลท ซินลาโฮe, threshing-floor.

un-torceac, -ciże, a., fervent, zealous.

úη-luacaiη, f., green or fresh rushes.

unturio, g. id., pl. -oce, m., a smith, a sledge-hammerer.

սրաուրւա, -րeao, v. tr., I attain, reach; I propose, design; o'այրmair, he resolved.

unman, -aine, a., fresh, cooling,

flourishing, new.

ŭμṁaμaċτ, -a, f., freshness, coolness

tημήση, very many (with gen. following); also τομιήση; α n-υμιήση, the most of them.

บุทกงเรื่e, g. id., pl. - รู้ร่e, f., a prayer, a collect; act of praying or entreating (the pl. form บุทกงเรื่อย is that generally used).

Ujinaišteat, -tiše, a., praying,

entreating.

tip-noct, a., bare, naked. un-covered.

սրոսյելտ, v. intr., I pray.

υμμαό, - Διό, m., apparel, dress,

etc. See 10ppao.

uppaö, -αιό, pl. -αιόε and -αιότε, m., a bail or surety; a sponsor, voucher; a responsible person, a leading man; ceann uppaιό (pron. ceann uppaιό, with acc. on last syllable, M.), a leader, a chief; uppaιόe, pl., sureties, leading men; gentlemen; uppaid a gur banna, a surety and a written agreement; strength: ní't u. páirte ann (Don.).

υμμασαρ, -αιρ, m., surety, security,
guarantee, responsibility; courage, assurance, manliness; out
1 n-u. αιρ, to go bail for him.

υμμασαγας, -ai

fident, daring, forward, undaunted.

υημαόαγαότ, -a, f., act of guaranteeing or securing.

thμμαιο, m., a principal person, a chief (O'R.). See μημαό.

upparoeact, -a, f., security, bond, bail; out in u. an ouine, to go bail for one, to go security for one

บุคุณm, -e, f., respect, homage, veneration; ซลซิลเท บุคุณm oo'n ลงาท, give honour to age.

uppain, g. -an, pl. -aineaca, f., a stay, prop, support. See uppao.

uրրոmact, -a, f., homage, submission, reverence; acknowledgement of superiority in any-

thing.

Unnamanta, indec. a., respected, honoured.

uppamuisim, -usao, v. tr., I respect, honour, revere.

unnán, m., strife, contention.

Uppian na teire, m., the hip-

uppánts, indec. a., bold, daring, dauntless, self-confident.

Uppántact, -a, f., boldness, intrepidity, self-confidence.

uppuiste, p. a., bailed, secured.

uppa, g. uppan, pl. uppana, f., jamb, doorpost, prop, stay; 1 n-uppain an bair, in the very gateway of death.

uppán, -áin, pl. id., m., a defender, one who throws stones before fish in seine-fishing. See uppa.

unrán, -áin, pl. id., m., a young he-bear.

un-reotbaim, -ao, v. intr., I fight with a sword.

йн-гсот, m., a blooming flower.

 $\tilde{\mathbf{u}}_{1}$ -rcotac, -aize, α ., flowery, blooming.

un-rtosao, ouste, m., the act of engulphing; the quantity swallowed at a time.

un-rtoisim, -rtosao, v. tr., I

swallow, engulph.

Un-rnarom, f., a pin or jack to fasten the chords of a harp; a tie, bond, knot.

uր-rnám, m., an attempt at swimming.

υμρός, -όιζε, -όζα, f., a young bear, she-bear.

un-rpainn, f., a wrestling, struggling, contention, strife.

 u_{1} -rpannac, -aize, a., given to wrestling or struggling; contention.

uppul, -uil, m., tongs.

untalman, m., spleen-wort.

un-corac, m., the very front, the vanguard; un-túr, id.

นีทุนรังอั, -นารั่ce, m., act of moistening, making fresh, of becoming moist or fresh, act of mouldering into earth; act of taking out the yolk; act of scouring (cloth, etc.).

Unuisim, -usao, v. tr. and intr., I refresh, renew, become fresh; I moisten; also I moulder into earth; make damp; I take the yolk from, I scour (as cloth).

Unur, runur, easy, facile, feasible, practicable; compar. ura, rura; second compar. uraive.

unura, easy. See unur.

ura, rura, compar. of unur, runur,

easy.

uract, -a, f., facility, ease; a uract vó, (considering) how easy it was for him; ir uract oaoib-re, ye may, it lies in your power (O'Br.).

ūγάιο, -e, f., use, usage, utility; baın ré ú. ar, he made use of it.

Uraive, second compar. of unur, runur, easy; ir uraive ouic an nío rin a oéanam, that thou may'st all the more easily do that.

úrároeac, -orze, a., useful; also wasteful.

üráιοιζe, g. id., f., usefulness; 7 a

ú., and so (how) useful.

 $\operatorname{urc}, g. \operatorname{urc}, m., \operatorname{grease}, \operatorname{fat}, \operatorname{sap},$ juice, pith, gum, incense; the pith or juice of wood, such as appears as a black fluid when bog-deal splinters are lighted; animal oil, as in geapp uirc, the stormy petrel (Tory).

urcac, -aise, a., juicy, greasy, fatty, sappy, oily; belonging to incense, gums, frankincense; full of wood-sap, such as appears as a black fluid when bogdeal splinters are lighted.

urcanoao, -ota, m., act of ejecting, casting out (Kea., T.S.).

urcanoam, -ao, v.tr., I eject, east out (Kea., T. S.).

urpán, -áin, m., a sausage, a shapeless mass, lump, or heap; a clumsy fellow. See uippin.

urpánta, indec. a., clumsy, pud-

ding-like.

urρόζ, -όιζε, -όζα, f., a pang, sudden pain, gasp, throe. ūγτλ, m., a contused wound.

urúιμο e a c τ, - a, f., usury.

<mark>Արմոր**e**, g. id., pl. -րո</mark>ծe, m., an

uρώιριόe, g. and pl. id., m., an

usurer (Kea., T. S.).

tit, g. úτα, pl. úταnna, m., an udder; úτ bó, a cow's udder; cann-úτ, a hard, solid udder, an udder having a solid, hard corner.

üτας, -Διζε, α., having an udder. üταιητ, -e, -eαςα, f., a large udder, a cow's milk-bag.

นี่รัสเทธ, -e, f., the act of handling, fumbling (Don.).

utantán, -áin, pl. id., m., a small udder or cow's milk scrip.

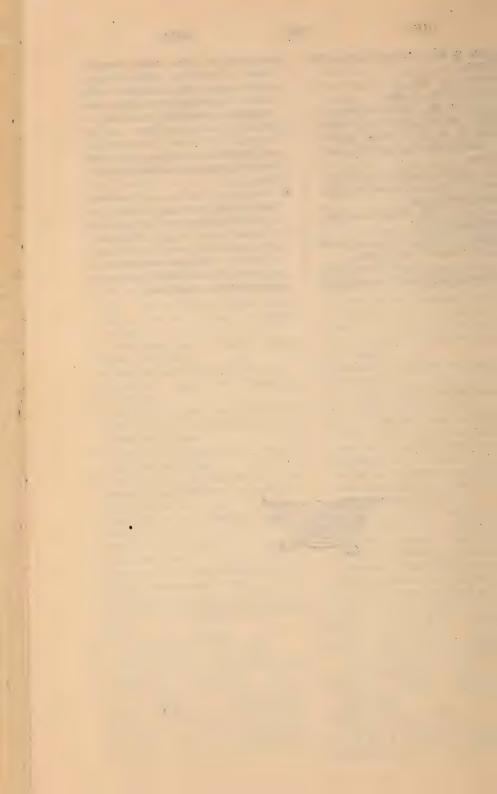
utamáil, -ála, f., act of roaming or wandering about; searching;

act of doing light work about a house; fumbling, act of doing anything in an unskilled, awkward or slovenly manner; an awkward attempt at doing a thing; bíonn an pat ap an útamáit (M. prov.); ransacking and upsetting things, esp. in the dark in hopeless quest of something.

utamátac, -taiże, a., restless, wandering, roaming about; as s., a restless person, a fumbler.

útamáturóe, g. id., pl. - vie, m., a roamer about, a restless person; a fumbler, one who does work in a slovenly, awkward manner; a ransacker, a searcher.





PARADIGMS OF THE IRREGULAR VERBS

•

GENERAL REMARKS.

THE dependent form of the verb is that used in the imperative mood and after ní, not; an, interrog. part.; nac, interrog. neg. part.; 50, that; cá, where; muna, unless; oá, if, and the relative governed by a preposition. In these verbs in some tenses the independent or absolute form is distinct from the dependent form. Thus, avernim, I say, but ni abnaım, I do not say; béanao, I will give, but ní τιμθηλο, I will not give; tá ainzeau azam, I have money, but an bruit ainzeau azat? have you money? The tendency of the modern development of the language is to break down the distinction between the two sets of forms and use one form in all cases. Indeed the perfection with which this distinction is observed may furnish a rough test of the purity and strength of the vernacular idiom in any district. The generation which has just passed away observed this distinction more scrupulously than the present. Thus, I remember old people say béanao or béanaio mé reilling oute, I will give you a shilling, now one hears generally tabanrao reilling ouic. In West Kerry good speakers now say nion cuaro, while in East Kerry the proper form ní oeazaro (oeacaro) is retained. The verb avernim has a strong tendency to part with its dependent forms, especially in the future and conditional. One hears ní abnam (present), but also commonly ní véampav (future). Vo-beimm still holds its own in the present (oo not being pronounced), especially in more solemn statements as (vo)-beinim mo banna ouit, I solemnly assure you; but zugaim and zabhaim are also used. A perfect form vo-bein (old preterite, vo-beint, 3rd singular) is heard in Kerry.

I have ventured to supply a 1st sing, imperat, which is peculiar in its use. In using this form the speaker commands not himself but another—he commands or entreats that a certain act be performed (the verb for which is not expressed), which will result in a certain consequence to himself, this consequence being expressed by this 1st singular

form. It is used positively or negatively, and is distinct from the subj. or optat., thus: a báin-cheip ṛéiṁ, raṣaim rát an éaċt', ⁊c. (E. R.). raṣaim here is equivalent to innip dam (or tabain dam). Tá raṣaim annyo a tuitteao tú, which is equivalent to saying imtiṣ ap yo i de ná raṣad ann a tuitteao tú, hence the speaker does not command or entreat himself, but indirectly he commands or entreats another. Tá raṣaim rocat eite apat is equivalent to éipt or ciuiniṣ. Cf. similar uses of ctuinim, reicim, ⁊c. This form is used idiomatically in conditional sentences, thus: ap uaiptib connact ip bím im' ceannpopt, let me be commander over the nobles of Connaught, that is, if I were commander, etc. This 1st sing. imper. is identical in form with the 1st sing. indic. (dependent), and this use of it is not found in Old or Middle Irish.

The subjunctive (optative) is still widely used in the spoken language:
ταθαιμ σαμ σο τάμ πό το μαθμαιο (=mbeιμίο) ας τμιατι, give me your hand so that we may go on (start on our journey) (U.); "τάμμ
βμεσιότε"; "μαιτε το μαθαιμ"; "I am sick"; "indeed, may you be so";
"το βρεισιό σο έταπη σεατό τώ," "may your children see you poor";
"ξεοθαιμ τμαέτ," "μαιτε το βραζασ," "you will catch cold," "indeed I wish I may" (a strong expression of improbability); ταθαιμ σαμ άτμας
το βραζασ σεος, give me a vessel that I may get a drink (subj. use).
The past subj. is identical in form with the imperf. indic.

Only a few verbs such as acaim, cluinim, have preserved the synthetic form of the 2nd pl. pres. indicative in the sp. l.

The participle of necessity is still extensively used in M. and not quite extinct elsewhere: ní maoiòte pin opt, you are not to be envied on that account; ní't pin maoiòte opt in Don. = you have fully earned it, you deserved well of it. Connup taoi? Maipe, ní Seapánta òam. How are you? Well I have no reason to complain; ip oéanta Suiòe, orandum est, we must pray, cf. abapta (lit. to be said=witty, of a reply) (Con.). Páiste, in phr. má'p páiste vam, if it is the case that I am to to be left (U.).

There appear to be very few survivals of the form in U; in Don, the 10n-p. a. is now very commonly employed instead, and, as in the case of the Don. use of madiote, noted above, it is constructed with $\tau \acute{a}$ and not with 1 τ , e.g., $\tau \acute{a}$ $\uparrow \acute{e}$ indefined agat=1 τ indefined duit \acute{e} , ni't $\tau \acute{e}$ indicated out \acute{e} , ni't $\tau \acute{e}$ indicated out \acute{e} , having the same sense as the phrase with madiote; "act and $\tau \acute{e}$ \acute{e} \acute{e}

P. of nec. is sometimes distd. from past part. by being slender, cuiμτe, part. of nec.; cuiμτα, past p.; ráiζτe, p. nec.; ráζτα, p. p. But in M. τόζτα = p. nec. and p. p., etc.

I.—1S, ASSERTIVE VERB.

INDEPENDENT FORMS:

In present tense ip, rel. ip (old Ir. ap).

neg.

ní, naċ (verb omitted).

interrog. an (eclipsing); and, used interrog. in Mayo; nac.

Dependent forms: Συμαδ, Συμ.

οάμαδ, οάμ.

'n-αδ, 'n-αμ.

munab.

50 (naċ).

56, 51ὸ, 7c.

PAST TENSE:

Independent forms: oob, buo (aspirating), γά (obs.).

rel. γά, prefixing h to vowels (rare).

neg. nίομ ö, nίομ (aspirating).

interrog. aμ ö, aμ (aspirating).

nacan, náμ ö., náμ (aspirating).

Dependent forms:
σήν το, σήν (aspirating).
σήν το, σήν (aspirating).
και το, και (aspirating).
παι το, παι (aspirating).
πάν το, πάν (aspirating).
σήν το, σήν (aspirating).
σήν το, σήν (aspirating).
σήν τος πολού.

Future: buo, rel. bur (obs. in sp. l.).

Conditional: buò, vo buò.

neg. ní buò.

interrog. an mbuò (obs.), nac buò (obs.).

depend. Sé mbaò, so mbaò.

SUBJUNCTIVE (OPTATIVE).

Present: Jupab. Past: Jupb.

II.—THE SUBSTANTIVE VERB ATÁIM (TÁIM).

Present independent form.

Δτάιπ, τάιπ Δτάπαοιο, Δτάιπίο, τάιπίο Δταοι, ταοι, τάιμ, ταοιμ Δτάταοι, τάταοι Δτά, τά Δτάιο, τάιο

Present dependent form.

ruilim, ruilimio
ruilip ruilei
ruil ruilio

Permanent Present.

bim bimio bimio bion pib bi, bionn bio

relative form: bior.

Imperfect.

 bínn
 bímír

 bíteá
 bítí

 bíoð
 bíoír

Future.

bear (beròear)
bein (beròin)
beir (beròin)
beirò pib (beròin)
relative form: bear, biar (beròear).

Conditional.

 Β΄ ειπη (τ΄
 Β΄ ειπής

 Β΄ ειτός (τ΄
 Θ΄ ειτός τ΄

 Β΄ ειτός (τ΄
 Θ΄ ειτός τ΄

 Β΄ ειτός (τ΄
 Θ΄ ειτός τ΄

SUBJUNCTIVE (OPTATIVE).

Present.

 Rabad
 Rabaman

 Rabah
 Rababan

 Rata
 Rabadan

Past.

Same as Imper. Indic.

Perfect.

 Το δίογ (διὸεαγ)
 Το δίοπαμ (διὸεαπαμ)

 Το δίγ (διὸιγ)
 Το δίοδαμ (διὸεαδαμ)

 Το δίοναμ (διὸεαδαμ)
 Το δίοναμ (διὸεαδαμ)

Imperative.

 bím
 bímír

 bí
 biðið

 bíoð
 bíoír

VERBAL NOUN.

beit.

Part. nec., beitte.

The verbal noun is generally, but not always, found with b aspirate, beit: a beit 3an át 3an oil (speaking of the hand, lám, a fem. noun), it being without hurt or injury (Pierce Ferriter).

The earlier form $3rd\ sing.$, conditional, was biao; it is often now written beao, and somet. pron. beac, but the spelling beioeao seems most in accordance with the accepted pronunciation. It is also spelled béao. For quasi-passive forms see Addendum, p. 800.

III.-beinim, I BEAR, CARRY, BRING FORTH, BEGET.

ປ້ອງການ ປ້ອງການເຂົ້າ ປ້ອງການ ປ້ອງການ ປ້ອງການ ປ້ອງການ

Imperfect.

 Β΄ ει μιπι η
 Β΄ ει μιπι η

 Β΄ ει μιπι η
 Β΄ ει μιπι η

 Β΄ ει μιπι η
 Β΄ ει μιπι η

Future.

υέαμταυ (υέαμαυ)
υέαμταιμ (υέαμαιμ)
υέαμταιψ (υέαμαιψ)
υέαμταιψ (υέαμαιψ)
υέαμταιψ (υέαμαιψ)
υέαμταιψ (υέαμαιψ)

Perfect.

Ruzar Ruzaman Ruzair Ruzaban Ruz Ruzadan

Imperative Mood.

 ของหุงหา
 ของหุงหา

 ของหุงหา
 ของหา

 ของหา
 #### Conditional.

δέαμταιπη (δέαμαιπη) δέαμταιπής (δέαμαιπής) δέαμτα δέαμται (δέαμαι) γιδ δέαμται (δέαμαι) δέαμται οίς (δέαμαι οίς)

SUBJUNCTIVE (OPTATIVE).

Present.

 Φειμεασ
 Φειμιπίσ

 Φειμιτί
 Φειμιτί, δειμιτό τιδ

 Φειμιτό
 Φειμιτο

Past.

Same as Imperf. Indic.

VERBAL NOUN.

To bheic.

PASSIVE.

Present: Deintean mé, tú, é, Jc.
Imperfect: Deinti mé, tú, é, Jc.
Véappan mé, tú, é, Jc.
Imperative: Deintean mé, tú, é, Jc.
Conditional: Déapparte mé, tú, é, Jc.

Verbal: Oo beit beinte.
Past part: beinte or beants.

Part. nec .: beince.

IV.—vo-beirim, I GIVE.

Present.

Ծօ-Եеւրւլու. Ծօ-Եеւրւլու. Ծօ-Եеւրւ. ზი-**ხ**eւրւ**ա**ί<mark>ত.</mark> ზი-ხeւրċί. ზი-ხeւրւ**ი.**

Imperfeet.

Oo-beipinn. Oo-beipica. Oo-beipeao. **Ό**ο-δειμιπ**ί**ρ. Όο-δειμόί. Όο-δειμισί**ς.**

Future.

Όο δέαμφαν (νο-δέαμαν). Όο-δέαμφαιμ (νο-δέαμαιμ). Όο-δέαμφαιν (νο-δεαμαιν). Το-δέαμταιπίτο (το-δέαμαιπίτο). Το-δέαμταιτό (το-δέαμαιτό) γιδ. Το-δέαμταιτο (το-δέαμαιτο).

Perfect.

Ċυζαρ. Ċυζαι**ρ.** Ċυζ. Ċυζαπαη. Ċυζαδαη. Ċυζασαη.

Conditional Mood.

Το-δέαμταιηη (το-δέαμαιηη). Το-δέαμτά (το-δέαμτά). Το-δέαμτατό (το-δέαματό). Το-δέαμταιπίτ (το-δέαμαιπίτ). Το-δέαμτατ (το-δέαματ) τιδ. Το-δέαμταιτίτ (το-δέαμαιτίτ).

DEPENDENT FORMS.

Imperative Mood.

Ταθμαιπ, τυζαιπ. Ταδαιμ, τυζ. Ταθμαό, τυζαό. Ταθμαιπίρ, τυζαιπίρ. Ταθμαιό, τιυθμαιό, τυζαιό. Ταθμαιοίρ, τυζαιοίρ.

In present tense cuzaim, regularly conjugated, is now often used absolutely. Cabpaim is also used.

Future.

Cιυδηλο. Cιυδηλιη. Cιυδηλιό. Tiubpaimí**o.** Ciubpaió **pib.** Ciubpaio.

Conditional Mood.

C1 u b p a 1 n n . **C**1 u b a p è á . **C**1 u b p a ò .

Τιυδραι<mark>πίτ.</mark> Τιυδραό τιδ. Τιυδραιοίτ.

SUBJUNCTIVE (OPTATIVE).

Present.

Cuzao. Cuzain. **Cuzai**o. Tuzam (-aimío). Tuzzaoi (cuzaió pib). Tuzaio.

Past.

Same as Imperfect Indicative.

PASSIVE.

INDEPENDENT FORMS. DEPENDENT FORMS.

Present.

To-beintean mé, 7c. Cabantan, tugtan mé, 7c.

Imperfect.

To-beintí mé, 7c.Tabantaon mé, 7c.

Perfect.

Τυζαό mé, 7c.
Τυζαό mé, 7c.

Future.

Το-δέαρταρ mé, 7c. Τιυδαρταρ mé, 7c.

Conditional.

Το-δέαμταοι. Σιυδαμταοι.

VERBAL NOUN.

Cabaine.

Past Part.; Tabanita. Part. Nec.; Tabanita.

The initial co is generally omitted, both in writing and conversation.

Tabain is often used as a new regular formation in future and conditional.

V.-aoeinim, I SAY.

Present.

 Δοειμιπ
 Δοειμιπίο

 Δοειμιη
 Δοειμιτί

 Δοειμι
 Δοειμιο

Imperfect.

Δυειμιπη Δυειμι**πής** Δυειμτεά Δυειμεαύ γιδ Δυειμεαύ Δυειμινής

Future.

Perfect.

Αυμβιατς, αυμβιατ Αυμβιατατ Αυμβιατρ Αυμβιαδατ Αυμβιατο
Conditional.

SUBJUNCTIVE (OPTATIVE).

Present.

Αθματο Αθματή, αθματή Αθαιμέί, αθματό γιο Αθματό Αθαιμοί

Past.

Same as Imperf. Indicat.

DEPENDENT FORMS.

Imperative.

Δυμαίτι Δυμαίτις, αυταίτις Αυ

Present.

Abpiaim Abpiaimío
Abpiain Abapicaoi
Abaipi, abpiain Abpiaio

Imperfect.

Αθμαίπη Αθμαίπής Αθαγιζά Αθμαό γιδ Αθμαό Αθμαίοής

Future.

Αθμό ἐ Αθμό ἐ α Ιπί το Αθμό ὲ α Ιπί το Αθμό ὰ Αθμό ὲ α Ιπί το Αθμο ὰ Ιπί το Αθμό ὲ α Ιπί το Αθμό ὲ α Ιπί το Α

Conditional.

PASSIVE.

INDEPENDENT.

DEPENDENT.

Present: Present:Aveincean, 7c. Abantan, 7c. Imperfect: Abeintí Imperfect: Abantaon Future:Future: Abéantan, -nran abhóctan Perfect: Perfect: Soubharo Oubhao Conditional: ADÉANTAOI Conditional: Abnóctaon

VERBAL NOUN.

Ráö.

Past. part., párote. Part. nec., párote.

The initial Δ is given in these Paradigms, though it is very often omitted in the independent forms, both in writing and speaking, it is still, however, often used in the living speech, e.g., pan, averpum teac, I tell you, desist.

VI.—5abaim, I TAKE, Etc.

This verb is regular except in future and conditional.

Future.

 Seobaro
 Seobamíro

 Seobari
 Seobari

 Seobari
 Seobari

Conditional.

 ξeobainn
 ξeobaimír

 Seobai γιδ
 ξeobai γιδ

 Seobai ξeobai γιδ
 ξeobai γιδ

VERBAL NOUN.

Sabáil [somet. colloq. sabáilt]. Past part. sabta. Part. nec. sabta.

VII.—oo-żeibim, I GET, FIND.

Present.

 Too-żeitim
 Too-żeitim

 Too-żeitin
 Too-żeitin

 Too-żeitin
 Too-żeitin

 Too-żeitin
 Too-żeitin

Imperfect.

 Oo-żeibinn
 Oo-żeibimír

 Oo-żeibżeá
 Oo-żeibżií

 Oo-żeibeaó
 Oo-żeibioír

Future.

 To-żeobat
 To-żeobatnie

 To-żeobatnie
 To-żeobatnie

 To-żeobatnie
 To-żeobatnie

Perfect.

ruapar ruapabap ruapa ruapabap ruapa ruapaoap

Conditional.

 To-żeobainn
 To-żeobaimír

 To-żeobai
 To-żeobainír

 To-żeobai
 To-żeobainír

SUBJUNCTIVE (OPTATIVE).

Present.

 rażan
 rażanio

 rażanio
 rażanio

 rażanio
 rażanio

Past.

Same as Imperf. Indir.

DEPENDENT FORMS.

Imperative.

 rażaim
 rażaimir

 raż
 rażaio

 rażaioir
 rażaioir

Present.

rażaim rażaimio

razain razao pib

ražaio ražaio

Imperfect.

rażdinn rażdimio rażda rażda pib rażdo rażdioir

Future.

 puizea
 puizmío

 puizmío
 puizmío

 puizmío
 puizmío

 puizmío
 puizmío

Perfect.

Fuatiar, 7c.

Conditional.

 ţuiţinn
 ţuiţimîr

 ţuiţeao pib
 ţuiţeao pib

 ţuiţeao pib
 ţuiţinir

PASSIVE.

INDEPENDENT.

DEPENDENT.

Present: To-jeibtean Present: FASTAN Imperfect: Imperfect: Oo-żeibżí FASTAOI Future: To-seobian Future:ruistean Perfect: Perfect: ruanao, priot, ruanao, phiot, ruantar, ruanar ruantar, ruanar

Conditional: To-Seobtaon Conditional: puistí

VERBAL NOUN.

rajáil (rajbáil) or rájail.

Instead of the forms ruapar, 7c., general in MS. and books, the more common spoken form is ruappear, 7c.

The prefix to is generally omitted in the sp. 1. and in the MSS.

VIII.-oo-Knim, I MAKE, DO.

Present.

 To-żním
 To-żním

 To-żním
 To-żním

 To-żní
 To-żním

Imperfect.

 Το-ξηίηη
 Το-ξηίμη

 Το-ξηίτελ
 Το-ξηίος μιδ

 Το-ξηίος
 Το-ξηίος

Future.

 The state of
Perfect.

Oo-μιππεατOo-μιππεαπαμOo-μιππιτOo-μιππεαδαμOo-μιππεασαμOo-μιππεασαμ

or (Munster).

Conditional.

To-ġéanainn, véanpainnTo-ġéanaimíp, véanpaimípTo-ġéanċá, véanpáTo-géanav píb, véanpav pibTo-ġéanav, véanpavTo-ġéanaivíp, véanpaivíp

DEPENDENT FORMS.

Imperative.

DéanaimDéanam, -aimír, -aimírDéanDéanairDéanairDéanair

Present.

DéanaimDéanaimíoDéanaipDéanann pibDéanannDéanaio

Imperfect.

 Déanainn
 Déanaimír

 Déana
 Déana

 Déana
 Déana

 Déana
 Déanainír

Perfect.

 Όεαμπα, -αρ
 Όεαμπαπαμ

 Όεαμπαίρ
 Όεαμπαδαμ

 Όεαμπα
 Όεαμπασαμ

Όθαμπα occurs as 1st stny. in sonys in M., e.g., για α ποθαμπα σθ γτόμ γόγ μια m.

Future.

Now véanpav, etc.

Conditional.

Déangainn, etc.

SUBJUNCTIVE (OPTATIVE).

Present.

Déanao Déanam, -aimío

Θέαπαοι, σέαπαιο γιο

Déanaio Déanaio

Past.

Same us the Imperfect Indicative.

PASSIVE.

INDEPENDENT. DEPENDENT.

Present. Present.

Το-σέαπταμ, το.

σέαπταμ, το.

Imperfect. Imperfect.

Oo-znítí Déantaoi

Future. Future.
Oo-zéantan, déantan Déantan

Perfect. Perfect.
To pinneao, vo veineao Veapinao

Conditional. Conditional.

Oo-Śéantaróe, po-öéantaróe Oéantaróe

VERBAL NOUN.

Oéanam.

Past Participle. Part Nec.

Oéanta. Oéanta.

'Ènim, 'Ènitean still common in U., in which also the older future survives, as 'Èeana me (ea pron. as e). A new regular formation vennum is used in most of the tenses in M., the principal exceptions being future and conditional.

The Dependent, Perfect, and Future and Conditional begin with a tin U., viz., 3 sing. teamna or teamn, 3 sing. teamparo, teamparo. So also vl. in Louth, Monaghan, &c., is teamam; in Meath and Cavan tronam, and Imperative 2 sing. teama, trona, respectively.

IX.—vo-cim, I SEE.

Present.

 To-cim (ciroim), arcim
 To-cimio, arcimio

 To-cip, arcip
 To-citi, arcipio

 To-ci, cionn, arci
 To-cio, arcipio

Imperfect.

 To-cinn, choinn, accinn
 To-cimir, accimir

 To-citeá, acciteá
 To-cioo pib. accioo pib

 To-cioo, accioo
 To-cioir, accioo pib

Future.

Oo-cipeao, accipeao Oo-cipp, accipp Oo-cippo, accippo Όο-ċίριmίο, ατċίριmίο Όο-ċίριο ριδ, ατċίριο ριδ Όο-ċίριο, ατċίριο

Perfect.

Oo-connac, oo-connacar, aoconnac, 7c.

To-connacaman, avconnacaman, Jc. Oo-connacaban

To-connacair

Oo-connacadan

Also vo-connapc, vo-connapcap, -aip, &c. (only in the lit.).

Conditional.

To-cipinn To-cipeá To-cipeat Oo-cipeao pio Oo-cipeao pio

DEPENDENT FORMS.

Imperative.

reicim reiceao reicimír, reiceam reició

rescroir

Present.

reicim reiciti percimio.

reiceann pib, reictí.

Imperfect.

reicteá reiceao

reic, reiceann

reicimír reiceað rib reicioír

Future.

reicreao reicrin reicrio

reicrimio reicrio rib reicrio

Conditional.

reicrinn reicreá reicreað

rescrimir rescread rib rescribir

PASSIVE.

Present.

νο- είτελη, Ατείτελη, 70. γειστελη, 70.

Imperfect.

Όο- τίτί, Δταίτί

reictí

Future.

To-cipean, accipean

reicrean

Conditional.

Do-círioe, accírioe

reicriõe

VERBAL NOUN.

reicrinz, also reiceáit (Con. and U.).

Atćí, &., U. usage (pron. a-tí, cf. coitéeann, pron. coiteann) occurs now only in the rel. cons., e.g., nuaim atćím an pánap a meallpað an paożal (Mon. song). In orthot. position tćí is used, cf. tá for atá, peim for apeim, &c.

SUBJUNCTIVE (OPTATIVE).

Present.

reiceao reicimío

reicin reició più

Past.

Same as Imperf. Indic.

X.-céróim, I GO.

Present.

téro, 3 sing., common in U., but téroeann also used.

Imperfect.

Future.

Racaimío, μαζαιπίο
 Racain, μαζαιπίο
 Racaio, μαζαιο μιδ
 Racaio, μαζαιο
 Racaio, μαζαιο

Perfect.

Cuaτόαρ
 Cuaτόπαρ
 Cuaτόδαρ
 Cuaτόαρ
 Cuaτοαρ

Conditional.

Račann, pažann Račamíp, pažamíp Račiá, pažiá Račao, pažao pib Račao, pažao Račanoip, pažanoip

SUBJUNCTIVE (OPTATIVE).

Present.

 Téròean
 Téròeam, Téròmío

 Téròip
 Téròio, Térò pib

 Térò or Téròio
 Téròio, Téro

Past.

Same as Imperfect Indicative.

DEPENDENT FORMS.

Imperative.

Céròim Cérò Téroeso Céromir, cérmir Téroro Cérooir.

Perfect.

Deaca, veacar, veacar Veacaman, veacaman Deacair, Deagair

Оелсаван, оелзаван. Deacadan, Deagadan

Oeacato, Deagato 1st sing. veaca occurs in the poetry of M. Teacar, Teacar, τελέλιό, 7c., are the U. forms. For Passive forms see Addendum p. 800.

VERBAL NOUN.

Out.

XI.—CISIM, I COME.

Present.

C151m C15111 C15

CISIMÍO CISCÍ C1510

Tazaim is now generally used; somet. Teazaim.

Imperfect.

tizinn, tazainn, regular.

Perfect.

Cángar, tánag, tánac Cánsair Cámis

Cánzaman Cánsaban Cansadan

Future.

Ciocrao, ciucrao, regular.

Imperative.

CISIM, CASAIM CA11, C15 **C15040,** ταξαύ, ταμαύ Cizimír, cizeam, cazam, cazaimír

C1510, CA5A10 Cisioir, casaidir

VERBAL NOUN.

Teact (tibeact, Con. and poet.). Past part., casta (casuiste).

SUBJUNCTIVE (OPTATIVE).

Present.

TAZAO TAZA111 TAZA10 ταζαπ, -αιπίο ταζέδοι, ταζαιό ριδ

C02010

Past.

Same as Imperfect Indicative.

XII.—vo-ctumm, ctumm, I HEAR.

Perfect.

Oo-cualar, oo-cuala Oo-cualar Oo-cualaro, oo-cuala To-cualaman To-cualaban To-cualaban

VERBAL NOUN.

Ctor, ctorptint, ctorptin, ctumpin. [Ctumptin (Don.), ctorpint (Ker.), ctorpteáit (Con.)].

PASSIVE.

Perfect.

To cualar, vo cualatar, vo clor, vo cualav, vo clumeav mé, 7c.

ADDENDUM.

SOME ADDITIONS AND CORRECTIONS.

Words marked with an asterisk (*) have been omitted from the Dictionary by an oversight.

Page 2, col. 1, alphabetical order disturbed.

Page 8, col. 1., agap should come before azano.

Aimrean, add: Aimrean caitte curo, meal time (B_{\cdot}) .

Ameam, for m. read f.

Ainc-Luacha, read ainc-Luacha. Ano-ceann, read ano-ceann.

Ano-ceannar, read ano-ceannar. Amseao, add.: amseao láme, "earnest" money, a "honorarium."

Airite: add. a fixed maintenance. Air, add .: Air na céille o' éaluis uaim, the use of my senses forsook me (Condon).

Aitnescar, add.: with an, bi re 1 ח-מולוף במלמף מוף ו דול מ למס-5a1t, he regretted it all his life.

Am, add.: ní pait mear aize i n-am onta, in time he came to loose esteem for them.

Amac, add.: nion cumeaman aon pinginn amac onta, they did not lose a penny by us (B_{\cdot}) .

Amar, add.: a kind of concordance in poetry; amar panna, poetical rhythm, a poem.

*Amnán, -áin, pl. id. and -áincioe, m., a song: a poem in vowel assonance as distinguished from a oán; act of singing, chanting; abain a. ouinn, sing us a song.

**Amnánaroeact, -a, f., singing,

chanting.

*Amplántačt, -a, f. act of singing or chanting.

*Ampánuróe, g.~id.,~pl.~-óċe, m.

a songster.

*Aoapcaim, -ao, v. tr., I attack with the horns.

Aible, add.: thunderbolt, the power which splits trees, etc., in a thunderstorm.

Ampar, add.: cáim i n-ampar terr, I suspect him (B.).

Aoileac; for aoleac eallais, read aoiteac eattais.

*Aoine: bí aoine chocta tabanta aize ain réin, he had incurred the penalty of hanging (M.)(orthog. uncertain; = foe?).

Aonta, add.: tiż zo haonta, special or particular house (B_{\cdot}) .

An, defect. v., add: an ri rein, an ré réin, 7c., are common in the Decies and elsewhere.

*Ánoac, -ais, m., increase in price (B.).

Antrac, not confined to large ships, in Wat.

Ar, add: ar a ploce, by design, purposely; ar meon, extraordinarily.

bacatt is generally and naturally f., g. -caille.

bacán; read treadle for threadle. *báromean, -mine, a., friendly, affectionate.

baile, in phr. a ciocrao ré cum baile, perhaps baile is q. of bail.

bainim, add.: bainim ve, I shorten; bainim cum peaca, I start off in a race; bainear na huain ve veot, the lambs were weaned; as baint rein, 7c., cutting hay, etc.

*ballán, -áin, pl., id., m., a little

mound.

bápac, add: g. -μαιζ, cf. τά γαιο an tae 1 mbápaiς ann, he is very tall; ατρυζαό 1 mbápac, the day after tomorrow (B.).

bappaille, for f. read m.

bapptúb, -úıbe, -úba, f., a kind of pincers used to fasten rings on pigs' noses (Ker.).

bar, for "hurling match" read "a hurley with a wide boss."

bíorba, read g. -ban, -bar, 7c. bláite, for blaiteaet, read bláiteaet.

bleakaim, also used in M.

*bléit, -e, f., corn; bléitin, m., a single grain (B.).

bópo, read an b. (lúmge).

*Opátain món, a useless kind of fish, called "friary" fish.

Open: ní μαιδ δριειτ αζαπ αιμ, also=I had no chance or opportunity of getting it or doing it.

Dμυιτηκά. add.: hot-blooded, of sanguine temperament.

υμοτ (also υμυτ), add.: the nap of cloth.

Duroeacar, add.: ni't aon b. aca an a céile, they are at emnity.

*ὑήτούη, -úιη, pl. id., m., a poem; Cúιμτ πα mὑήτούη, a bardic festival held twice a year at Fanisk in B.

Cairinin, prob. = cattainnin, from cattainn, a helmet.

Cainnéanaire, add.: cainnéan and cainnéiniún are also used (E. M.).

Caiteam, add.: desire, regret; ni't aon caiteam asam 'na onaro, I have no great desire for it; ná bí as c. cainnte ain, why! do not speak of it!

Caitim, add.: cait an b6 5amain, the cow gave birth to a still-born calf, cf. oo cait ri teanb.

Calcao, add.: act of hardening, becoming obstinate, &c.

Cam-pertize, this word is not confined to the North.

*Canamam, add.: a witty saying.
*Canamnuroe, a sayer of witty things (B.).

*Caot-eac, m., a graceful steed.
Cant, a common cart, add.; nom.

more genly. carr. aud. , 7

Céso, add: pl. césosnns.

Ceann, add.: tá cinn, a great festival; cf. oroce cinn bliaona.

*Ceap-áipite, a., particular.

Cineát, add.: A5 c. cuise, becoming friendly to him.
Clair, add.: regular and common

pl. is ctara.

*Clocánac, -aize, a., stony.

Cloc, add.: cloc cuinne, a corner stone.

Cluimapioar, -air, m., warmth, comfort.

Cóo, add.: a code, a codex, a book; pl. also cóoa.

Cozan, add.: a term of endearment.

Conáro, for see read also. Corc, add.: a brake.

Chorane, used also in M.—the more common form being chorana.

Cμύσαιm, I milk; add.: cμύσαιm

mo porc, I weep (poet.).

Chuit, add.: portion of a potato left after cutting the "sets" for seed (B.).

Cuipicte, add.: having protuberances; uneven, as a field or road.

Cuipim, add.: cuipeao bainne ain, he was forced to take milk (of moral persuasion), also milk was put down his throat; ip otc a cuip ré a raogat, he has ill spent his life; an orôce a cup i ngeaphact, to shorten the night; níop mait tiom aon tám do cup ran Domnac, I should not like to profane the Sunday in any way; opoc-

tám vo cuin i nuo, to meddle with a thing perniciously.

Cúincéineacc, the phr. tá ré as

c., 7c., is used in Con.

*Cun teip, in phr. éinge i n-áinge gan cun teip, high notions without corresponding means.

*Ostanos, indec. a., breezy.

Oamsean, add.: a contract of

any kind.

Oearcao, add.: the phr. oe σearcao is generally used of bad results, σe σάμη generally of good results.

*Oleażać, -aiże, a., legal, lawful,

regular.

Onot, add.: pl. also -anna.

Oponnac, add.: irregular or uneven as a field, a plain, &c.
Ouaronéir, read ouaronéir.

Ounaim, add.: also as v. intr., I refuse to pay creditors, I become bankrupt.

éasam, add. v. tr., I put to death (poet.).

earchaim, add.: I leap, come

quickly or suddenly.

Éileam, add.: ní't aon éileam aca an é tabaint ouit, they have no thought of giving it to you.

Éintim, add.: o'éinit earonta, a dispute arose between them.

rácao, for see peaceao read see paeceam

*réanánac, -ais, pl. id., m., a grazier.

*pilltin, g. id., pl. -nroe, m., a plait, a fold.

reoit, add.: a5 ite na reota ruaine an, backbiting, slandering.

*pużalać, -aiże, a., vigorous.

Sabta, add.: tá ré sabta 'na cnáma, he is foundered.

ξάιτ, add.; τόζανατ ζάιτι απ

τριιππιξτε αιτ, they took the

votes of the meeting on it.

Saimbéavoin, read Saimbeav-

0171.

Seánnta, add.: 5. amac, cut off, expelled.

Studipedic, add.: rate of travelling.

Soin, add.: 30in zpéine, sunstroke; 30in pé, lunacy.

téar, a ray of light, etc., add.: téar mana, a lightship, a light-house.

leat-pmginn, for leat-pigne read leat-pinge.

Unntheac, for choice read choice.

mí, add.: a common pl. is mío-eanna.

paon, add.: a laughing stock; as beanain paon to ridicule.

*purca, g. id., pl. -aroe, m., a

bulge.

Ropaim, for tam read tam.

Sailin, add.: the part of a cartshaft that juts out behind.

Sálmaineact, read ralmaineact. Séib, -e, f., in a peculiar phr.:

1 mbéal na réibe, unawares, unexpectedly; carao onm é

1 mbéal na réibe, I met him unawares; toruit rí ain 1 mbéal na réibe, she began at him (to scold him) unexpectedly (Don.).

Sócmain is more genly, pronounced rócmainn, and is

probably = ro-acruinn.

tirce, for eata-bos read mattabos.



DICTIONARY FUND.

The Council of the Irish Texts Society, in recording the names of those friends of the Society who have come forward to aid the work of publication by donations or by contributing to the Guarantee Fund, wish to take this opportunity of acknowledging the cordial help and encouragement they have received from many friends, throughout the whole course of the undertaking. The interest shewn by Irish Students and by Irish men and women in all parts of the world, in the production of this Dictionary, has been a source of constant encouragement to all in any way engaged in pushing forward the work.

In raising the necessary funds the Council have also met with much sympathy. They wish to record their gratitude, in a special manner, to three friends who came forward at a critical moment and voluntarily offered loans of a considerable amount. These are, the Hon. Albinia Brodrick, who gave a loan of £200; Mr. John P. Boland, M.P., and Mr. John Hill Twigg, who each contributed a loan of £100. They are also specially indebted to the Most Rev. Dr. Walsh, Archbishop of Dublin, for constant proofs of interest and for the offer of £20, as a personal contribution to the work, if a sum of £400 could be raised in similar amounts. This offer, though it has not realized the total amount contemplated by His Grace, has produced the considerable sum of over £177 paid up, and £20 promised. The fact that several dioceses made efforts to contribute the required amount is interesting, and proves an extending concern for the advancement of Irish studies.

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